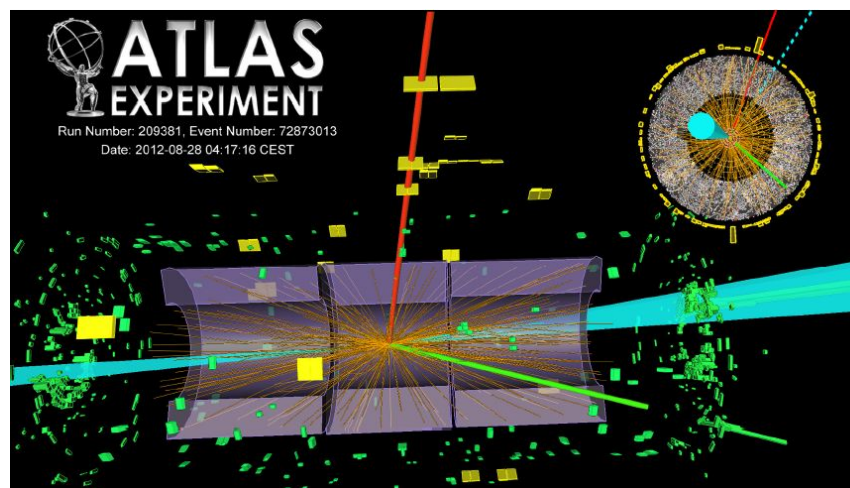
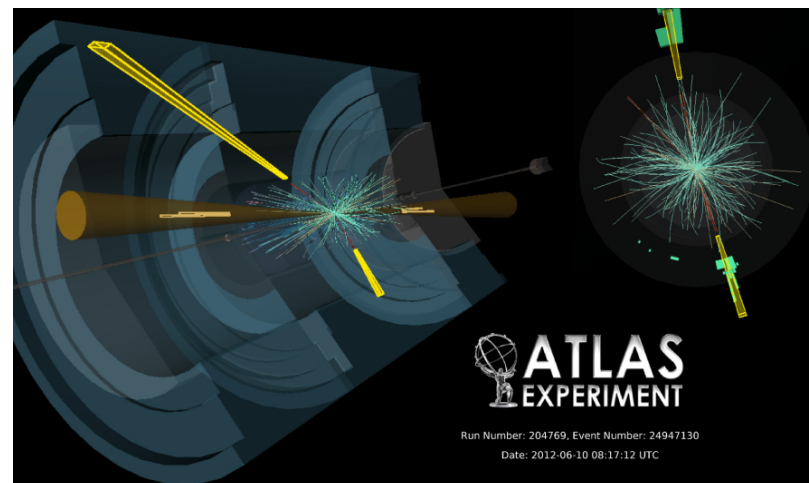
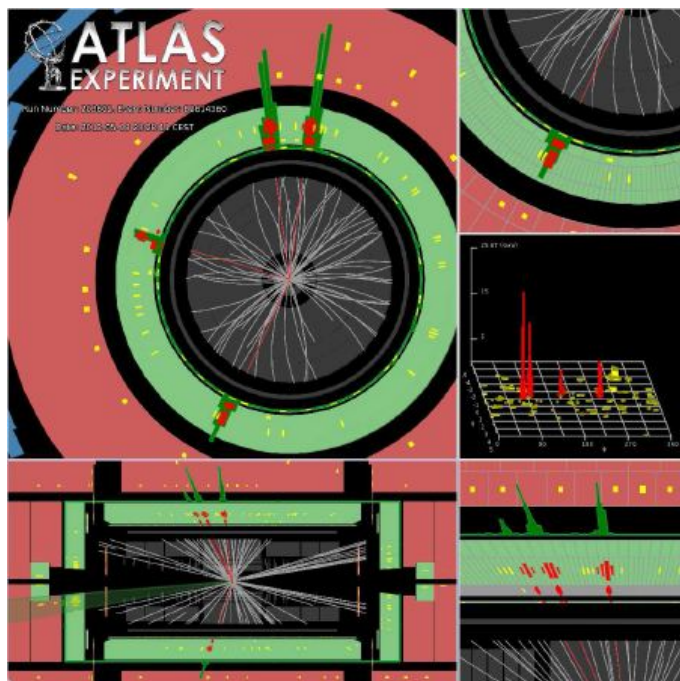


Combination of results on the Higgs in ATLAS

Bruno Mansoulié (CEA-IRFU-Saclay)

On behalf of the ATLAS collaboration



Contents

- m_H from $m(\gamma\gamma)$ and $m(4 \text{ leptons})$
- Signal strength with respect to SM : global (μ), per channel (μ_i)
- Production modes: Vector Boson Fusion (+ VH) / gluon fusion (+ tt)
- Higgs couplings

ATLAS-CONF-2013-014

Statistical method

- All results from profiled likelihood method

$$\Lambda(\mu) = \frac{L(\mu, \hat{\theta}(\mu))}{L(\hat{\mu}, \hat{\theta})}$$

μ : parameter(s) of interest
 θ : nuisance parameters

$L(\hat{\mu}, \hat{\theta})$ global likelihood maximum: μ and θ adjusted for max L

$L(\mu, \hat{\theta}(\mu))$ tested μ point : θ adjusted for max L *at this μ point*

- $-2 \ln \Lambda(\mu)$ follows χ^2 distribution with n d.o.f. ($\mu_{1...n}$) $\Rightarrow P(\chi^2 > x) \dots$
- Nuisance parameters θ prob.dist.functions. : Gauss, LogNormal, Poisson ...
 - Also explored: cases with a « rectangular » pdf for some systematic uncertainties

Mass systematic uncertainties: 4 leptons and $\gamma\gamma$

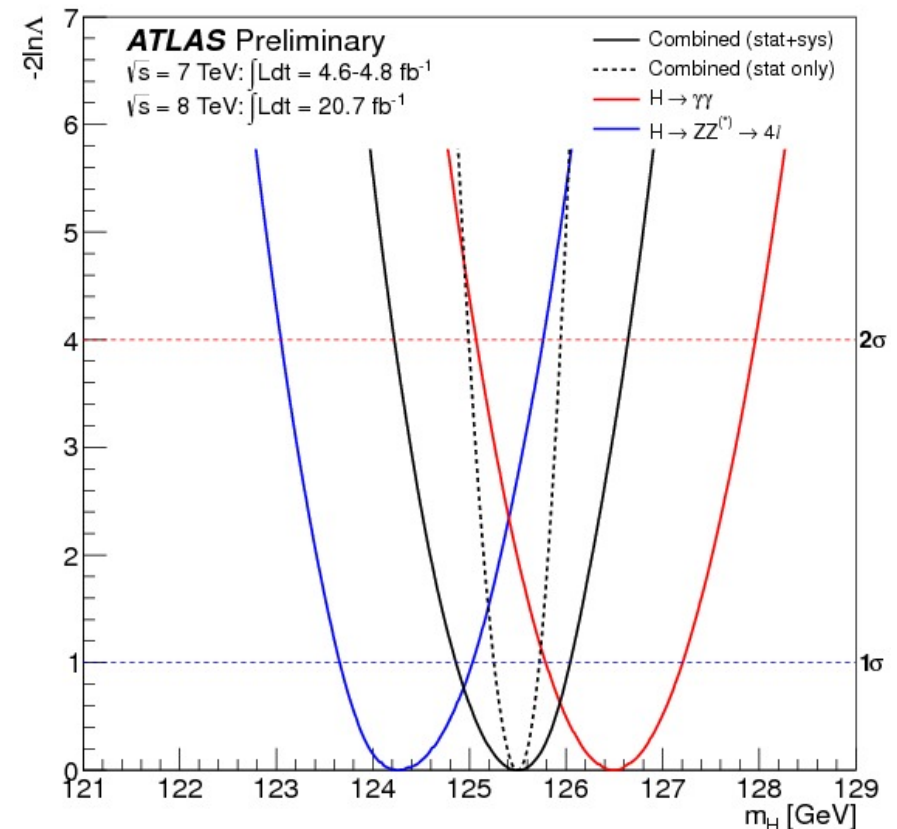
- 4 leptons
 - Dominated by 4 muons (best resolution, less background)
 - Muon momentum-scale uncertainty : 0.2% (from $Z, J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu$)
 - electron E-scale => see below
- $\gamma\gamma$
 - Per category systematic uncertainties:
 - method $\sim 0.3\%$: (mainly from $Z \rightarrow ee$ MC/data)
 - material in front of calorimeter: $\sim 0.3\%$, up to 0.7%
 - relative calibration presampler/calorimeter : $\sim 0.1\%$

In each of the above: extrapolation in $E \oplus$ transfer from e to γ
 - Additional (global) syst uncertainties:
 - E1/E2, linearity, lateral leakage, conversion fraction ... 0.32%
 - Global mass systematic uncertainty: **0.55% = 0.7 GeV**

Mass measurement from $\gamma\gamma$ and 4 leptons

- $\mu_{\gamma\gamma}$ and μ_{4l} treated as independent nuisance parameters
- m_H : parameter of interest
- Full data sample :
2011 (4.8 fb⁻¹) + 2012 (20.7 fb⁻¹)
- Result: $m_H = 125.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ (stat)}^{+0.5}_{-0.6} \text{ (sys)} \text{ GeV}$

Council Dec 2012 : $m_H = 125.2 \pm 0.3 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.6 \text{ (sys)} \text{ GeV}$ (4.7 fb⁻¹ + 13 fb⁻¹)



Mass difference: $m_{\gamma\gamma} / m_{4l}$

- Parameters of interest: $m_{\gamma\gamma}$, m_{4l} (independent)
- Small correlation due to the common EM-scale in $\gamma\gamma$ and ee in 4 leptons
 - in 4 leptons: $m_{4e} = 126.2 \pm 1.5$, $m_{4\mu} = 123.8 \pm 0.8$
pulls EM-scale down by 0.3 %
 $\Rightarrow m_{\gamma\gamma}$ here 0.4 GeV lower than single channel value

Quantify consistency:

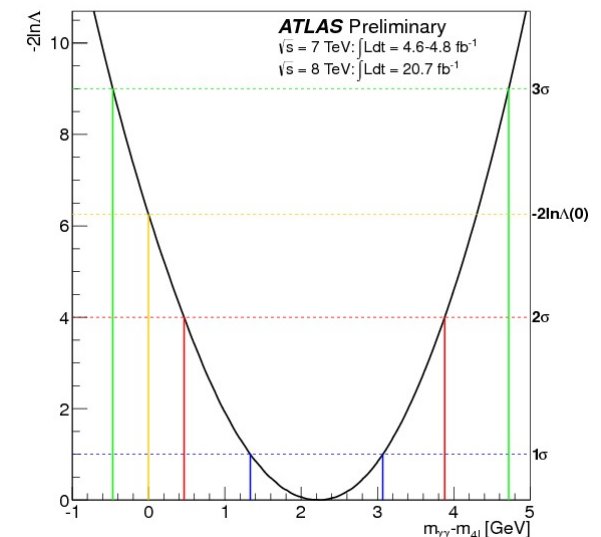
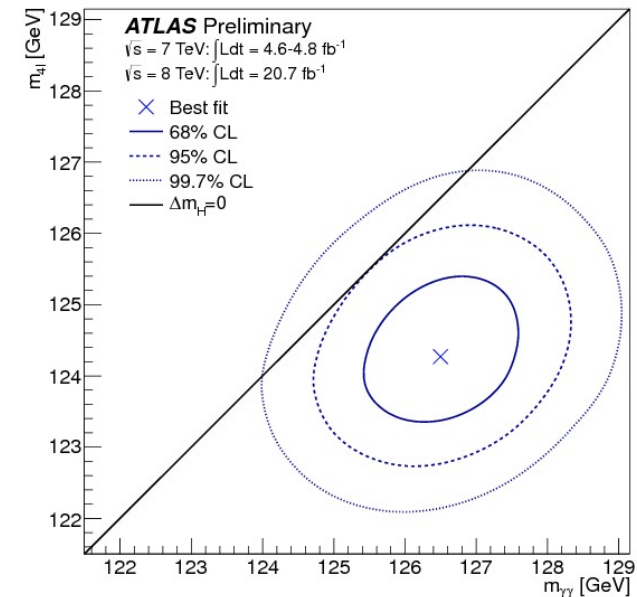
- parameter of interest: $\Delta m_H = m_{gg} - m_{4l}$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta m_H = 2.3^{+0.6}_{-0.7} \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.6 \text{ (sys) GeV}$$

2.4 σ from $\Delta m_H = 0$ ($p = 1.5\%$)

Also: set E-scale, e/γ pdf's to rectangular $[\pm 1 \sigma]$
(material models, calo samplings calibration...)

$$\Rightarrow p = 8\%$$



Signal strength

- Parameter of interest : μ (global)

$$\Rightarrow \mu = 1.43 \pm 0.16 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.14 \text{ (sys)}$$

$$\text{Council Dec 2012 } \mu = 1.35 \pm 0.19 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.15 \text{ (sys)}$$

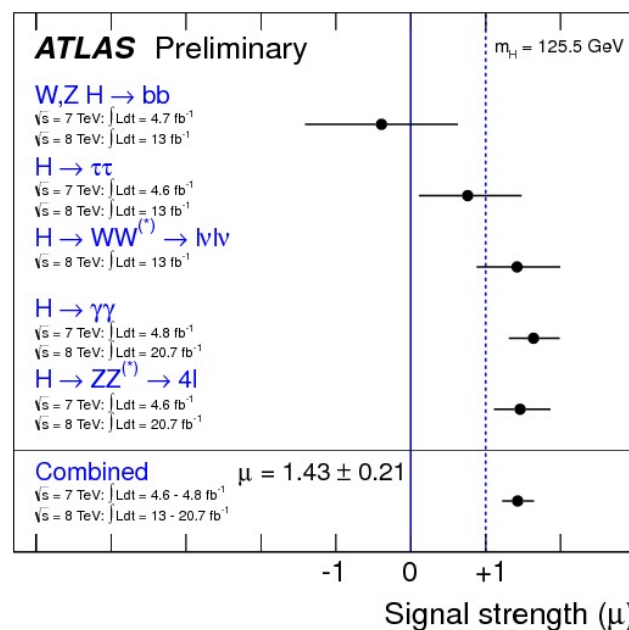
- Consistency tests

- global μ with SM: 3%
 - 11% with rectangular QCD scale and parton dist functions

- 5 μ_i with SM: 8%
- 5 μ_i with 1.43: 32%

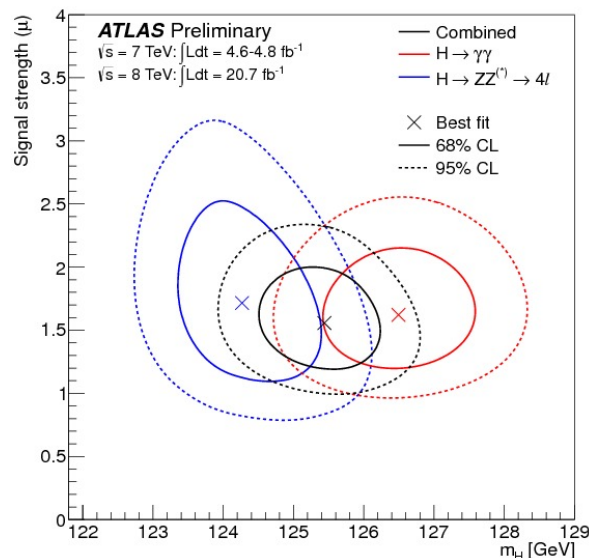
- μ , m_H contours

- $\gamma\gamma$
- 4l
- combined



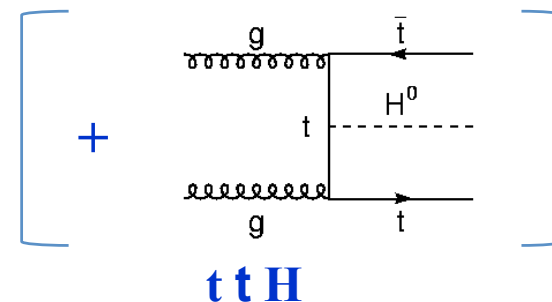
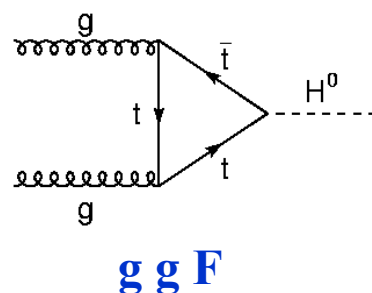
at $m_H = 125.5$

[124.5-126.5]:
 $\mu \pm 4\%$

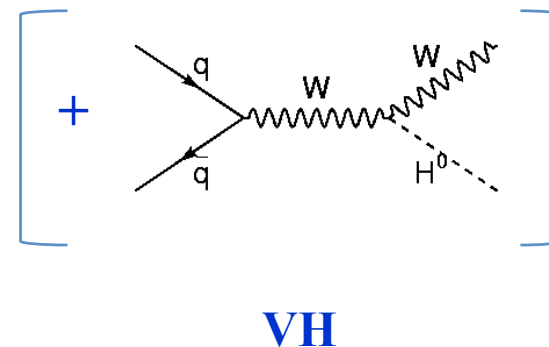
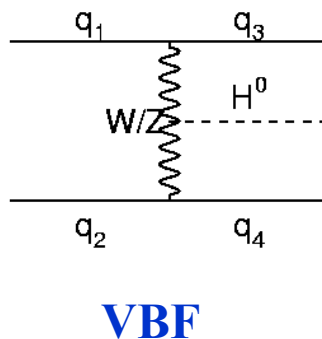


Higgs production modes

- **Through t coupling**
 - fermion masses...



- **Through W/Z coupling**
 - W/Z masses...
 - unitarity of SM

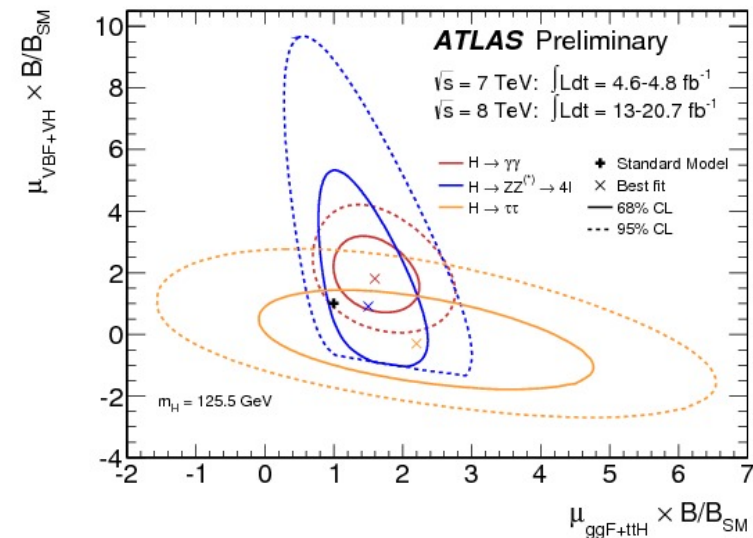


Can be tested for all modes with VBF sensitivity

Here : $\gamma\gamma$, ZZ ($4.8 + 21 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) , $\tau\tau$ ($4.6 + 13 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

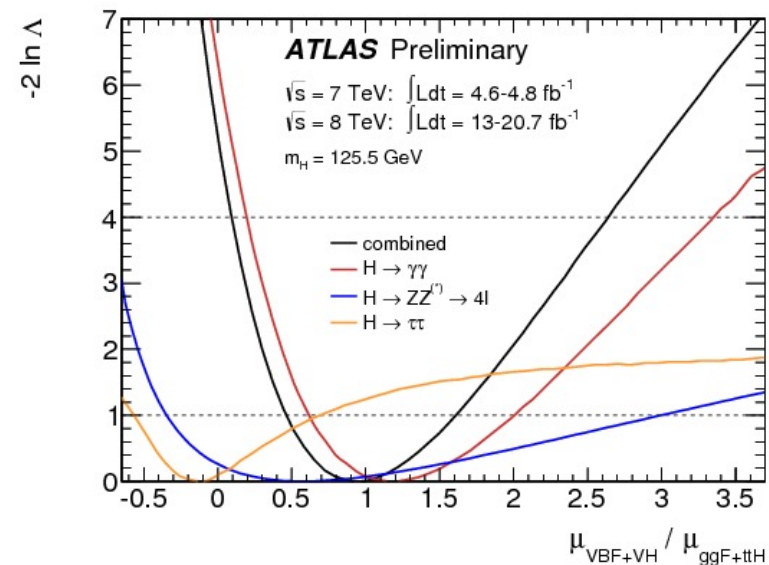
Production modes: VBF+VH / ggF +ttH

- $\mu_{\text{VBF+VH}}$ versus $\mu_{\text{ggF+ttH}}$
includes Branching Ratio
(which might be different in each case)



- Ratio independent of B.R.:
can be combined

$$\Rightarrow \mu_{\text{VBF+VH}} / \mu_{\text{ggF+ttH}} = 0.9^{+0.7}_{-0.4}$$

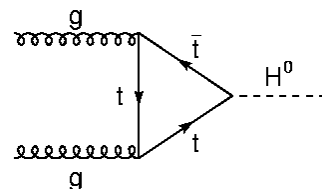


Higgs couplings

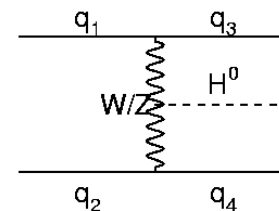
- For each observed final state, production and decay involve several couplings

- Best example: $\gamma\gamma$

– Production

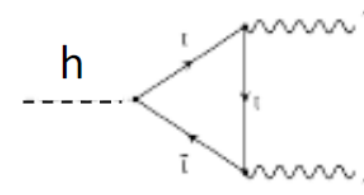
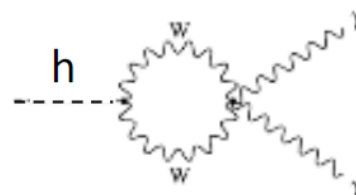
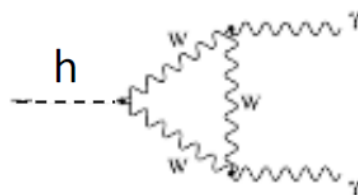


$$\sim \kappa_g^2 (\kappa_t, \kappa_b, m_H)$$



$$\sim \kappa_W^2$$

– Decay



$$\text{Decay width : } \sim (\kappa_W - 0.2 \kappa_t)^2 \quad [\text{note: interference}]$$

- Need consistent parametrization $\Rightarrow$ LHC-XS-WG
 - Ideally: use all production and decay modes to measure all κ 's
 - Reality: some modes are statistically limited, or even invisible ($\kappa_e, \kappa_\mu \dots$)
- $\Rightarrow$ Group some κ 's in order to test salient/important features

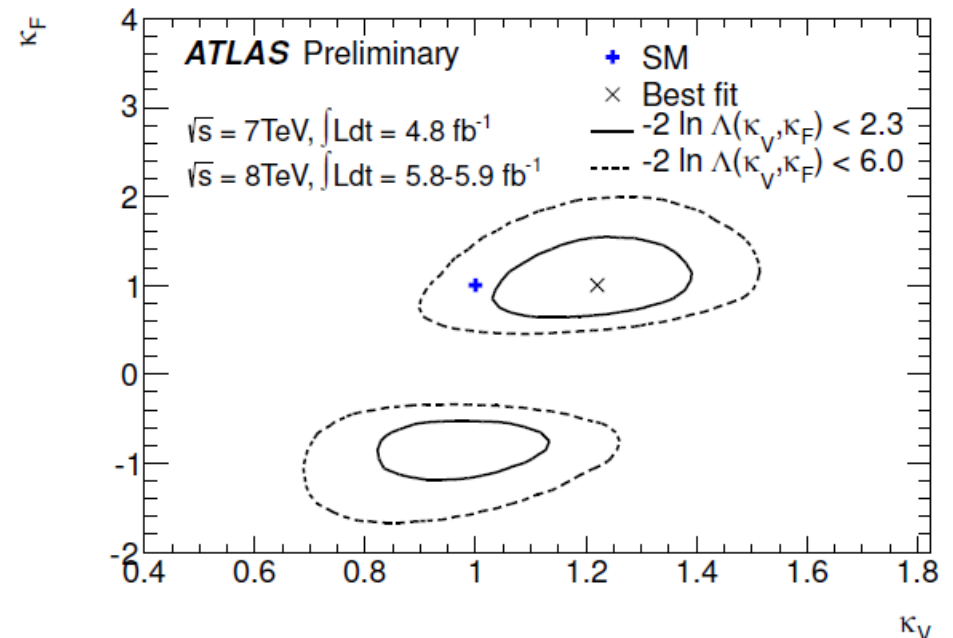
Fermion versus Vector couplings

- Group couplings : $\kappa_V = \kappa_W = \kappa_Z$; $\kappa_F = \kappa_t = \kappa_b = \kappa_\tau$
- Assume:
 - $gg \rightarrow H$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ only through SM particles
 - only SM particles contribute to decay (*relaxing this assumption => backup*)

sensitivity to relative sign:
only from
interference term in $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- compatibility with SM: 21%

- With these data, sensitivity to κ_F is mostly through top in loops. Will be better with $\tau\tau$, $b\bar{b}$...



W and Z couplings ('custodial symmetry')

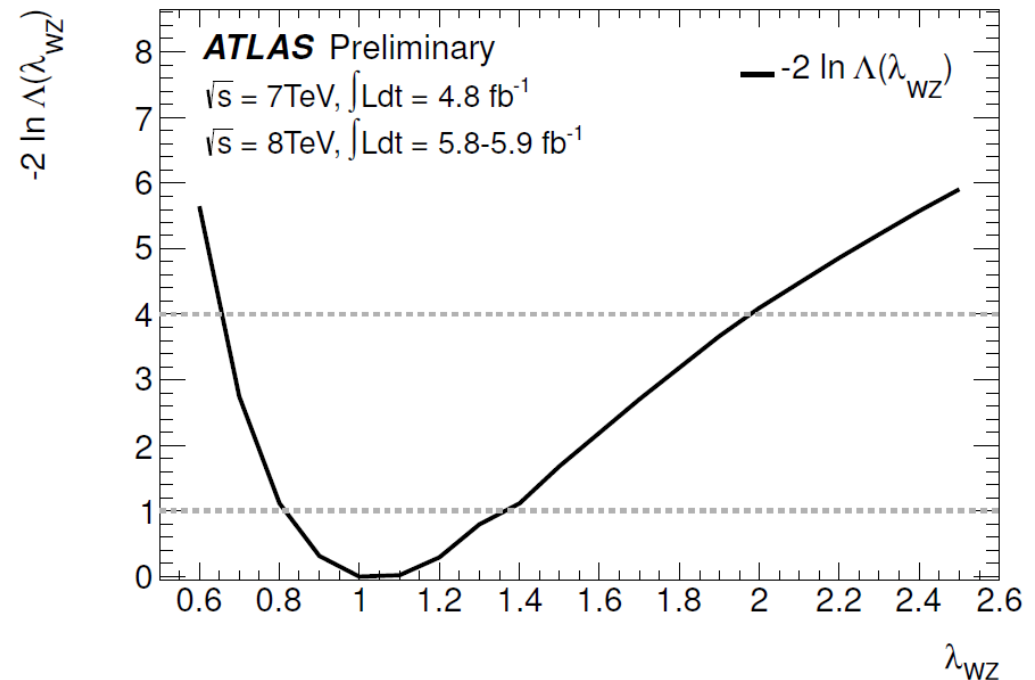
- group $\kappa_F = \kappa_t = \kappa_b = \kappa_\tau$
un-group κ_W, κ_Z

- test $\lambda_{WZ} = \kappa_W / \kappa_Z$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda_{WZ} = 1.07^{+0.35}_{-0.27}$$

Direct contribution: WW and ZZ

Indirect: $\gamma\gamma$ (through W loop)

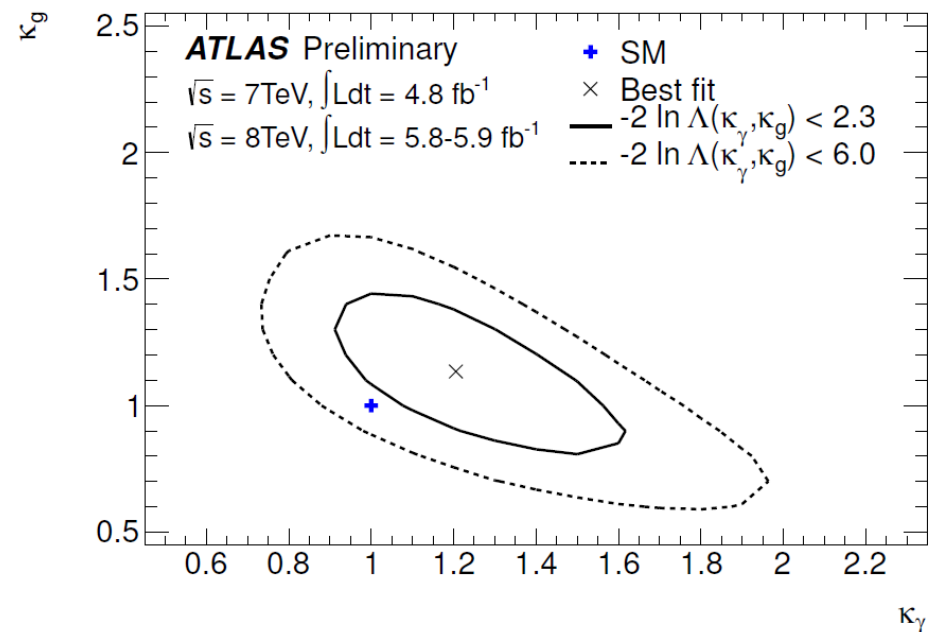


Contributions from non-SM particles

- Assume all couplings to SM particles $\kappa_i = 1$
- Introduce effective κ_g, κ_γ , *independent* (allow additional contributions to loops)
- Assume no contributions to the total width in undetected modes
(relaxing this assumption $\Rightarrow$ backup)

$$\kappa_g = 1.1^{+0.2}_{-0.3} ; \kappa_\gamma = 1.2^{+0.3}_{-0.2}$$

SM hypothesis : 18%



Conclusion: ATLAS-Higgs status today

- New high resolution channels $\gamma\gamma$ and 4 leptons (full 2011 + 2012 data)

$$m_H = 125.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ (stat)} {}^{+0.5}_{-0.6} \text{ (sys) GeV}$$

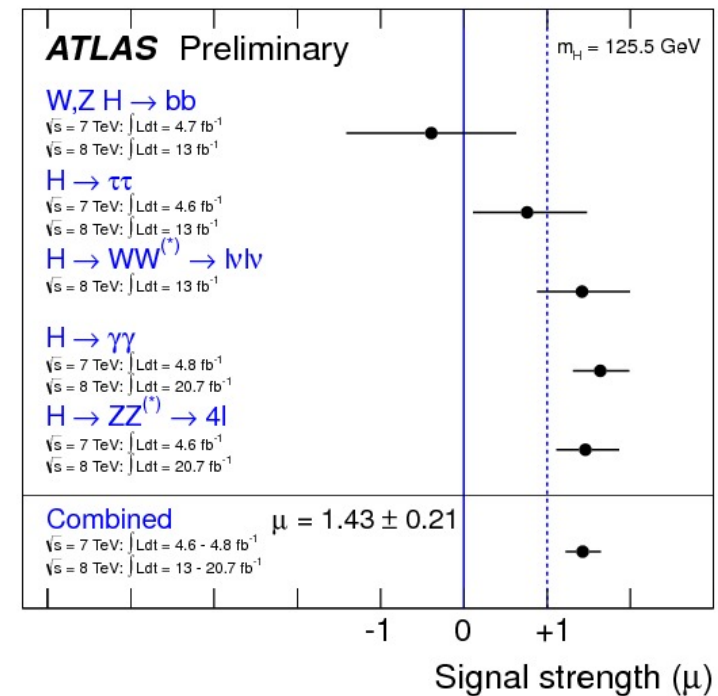
$$\mu = 1.43 \pm 0.16 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.14 \text{ (sys)}$$

- Signal strengths $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$
- Production mode (from $\gamma\gamma$, ZZ , $\tau\tau$):

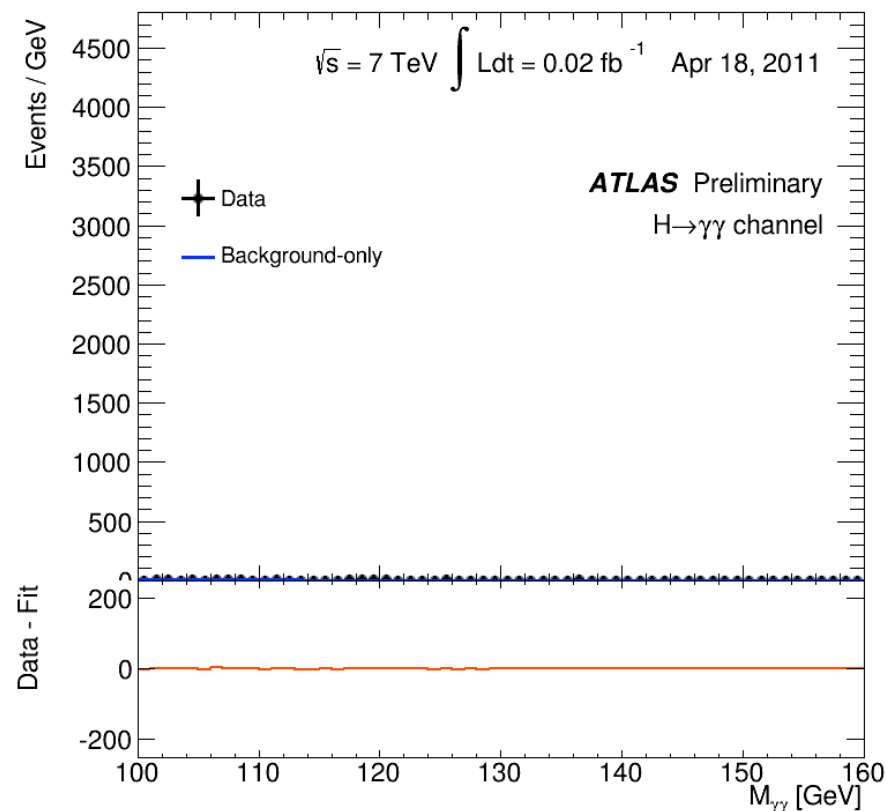
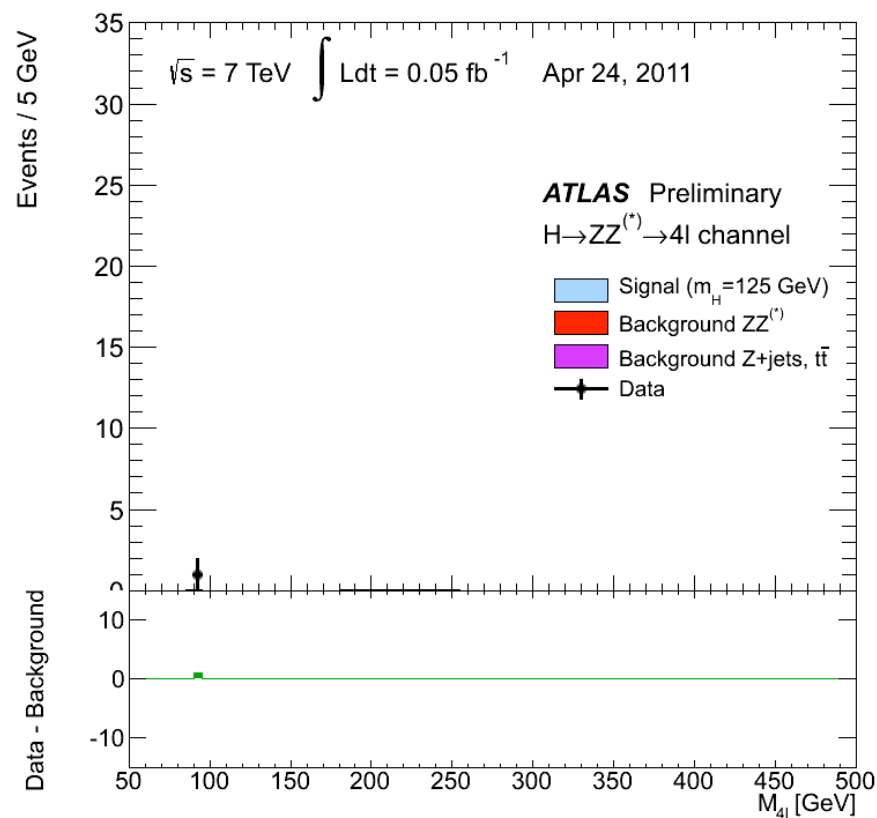
$$\mu_{\text{VBF+VH}} / \mu_{\text{ggF+ttH}} = 0.9 {}^{+0.7}_{-0.4}$$

- Higgs couplings (partial dataset)
Compatible with SM hypothesis.

- $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{inv.}) < 65\% \text{ (95\% C.L.)}$



The birth of a particle



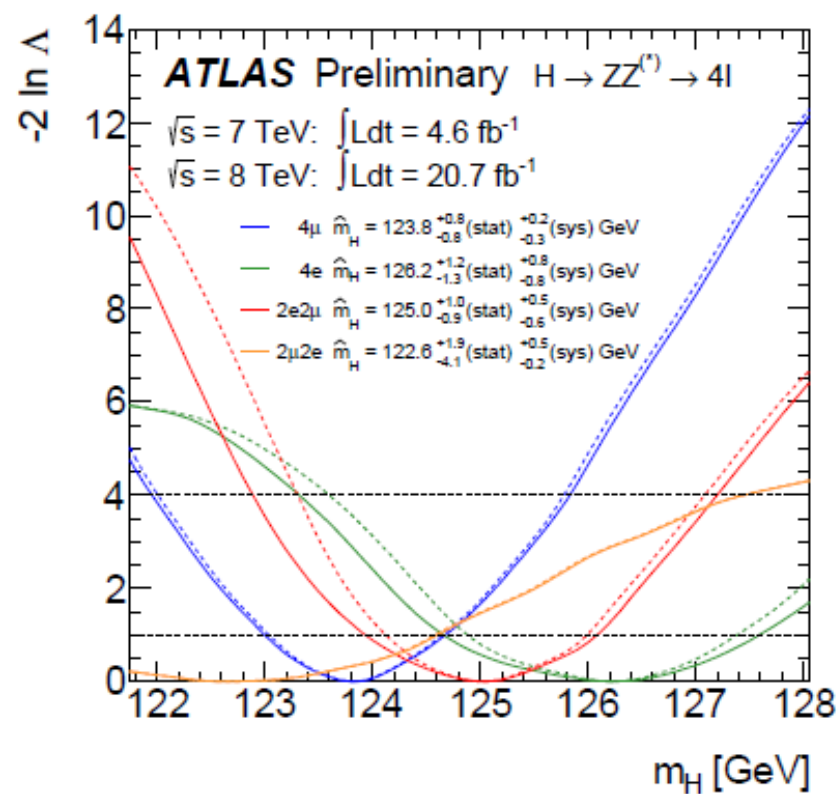
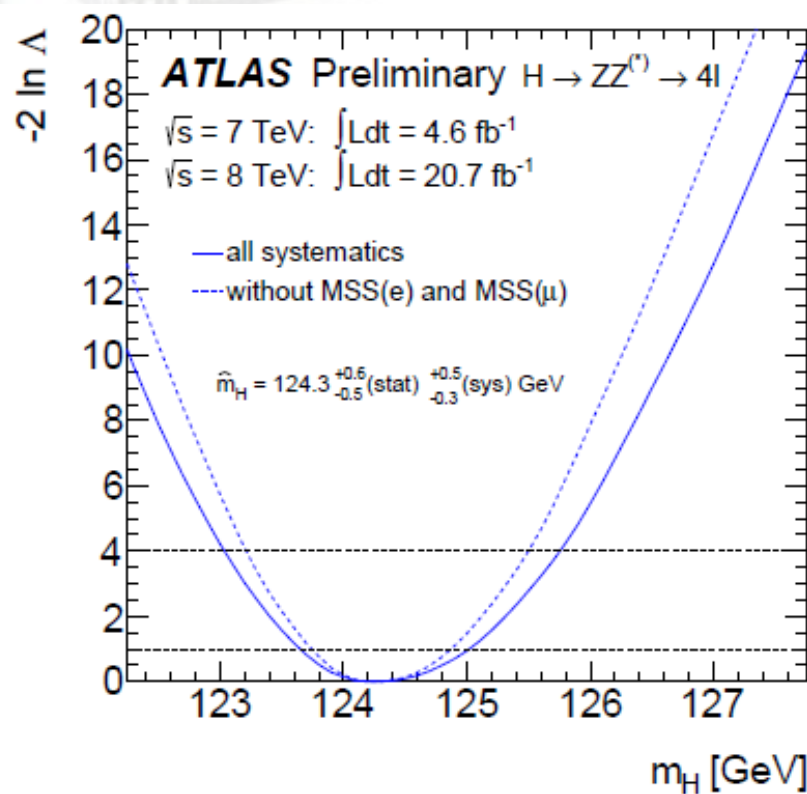
- A big thank you to all my ATLAS colleagues since the beginning...*



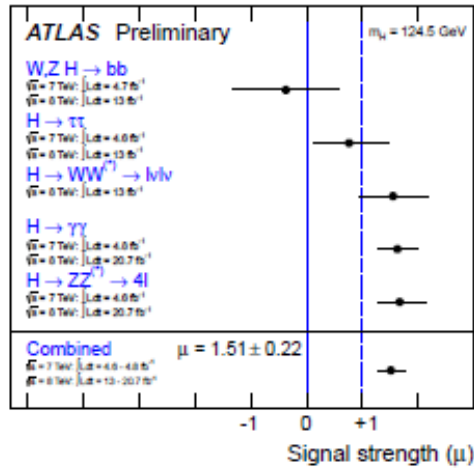
Back-up

- **Most recent documentation**
 - $\gamma\gamma$: *ATLAS-CONF-2013-012*
 - ZZ : *ATLAS-CONF-2013-013*
 - $WW, \tau\tau, bb$: *ATLAS-CONF-2012-162*
 - *Previous combination: ATLAS-CONF-2012-170*
 - *Couplings: ATLAS-CONF-2012-127*

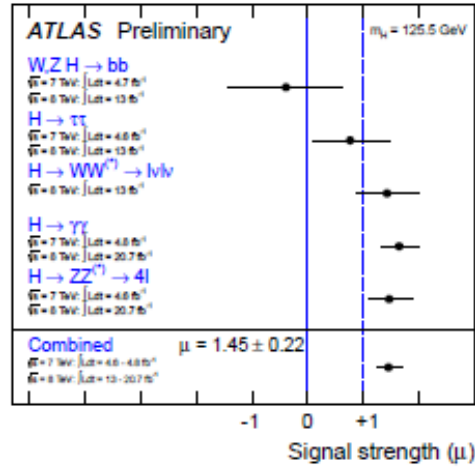
Per-channel masses in H to $4l$



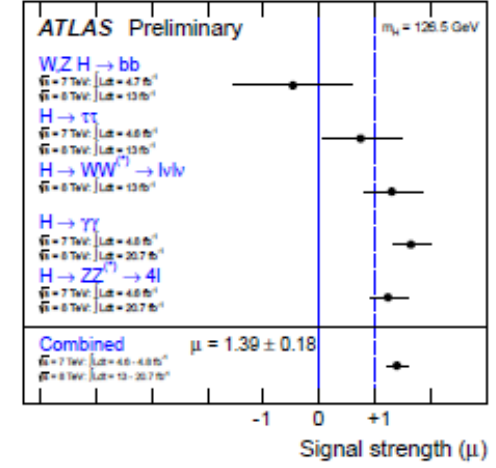
μ : dependence on assumed m_H



$m_H = 124.5$



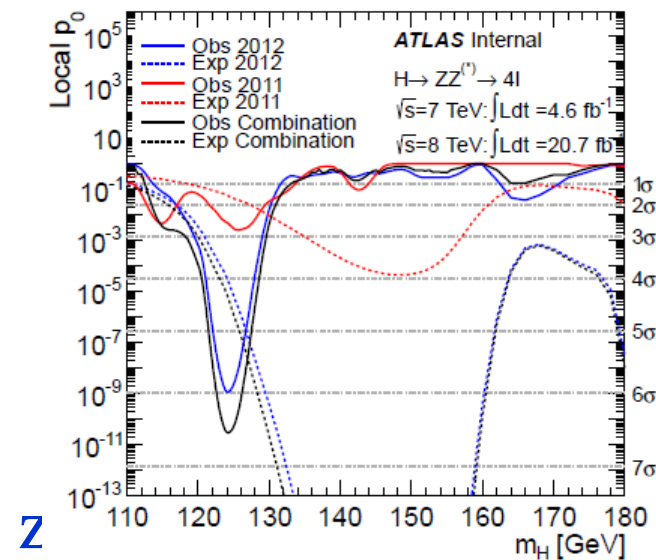
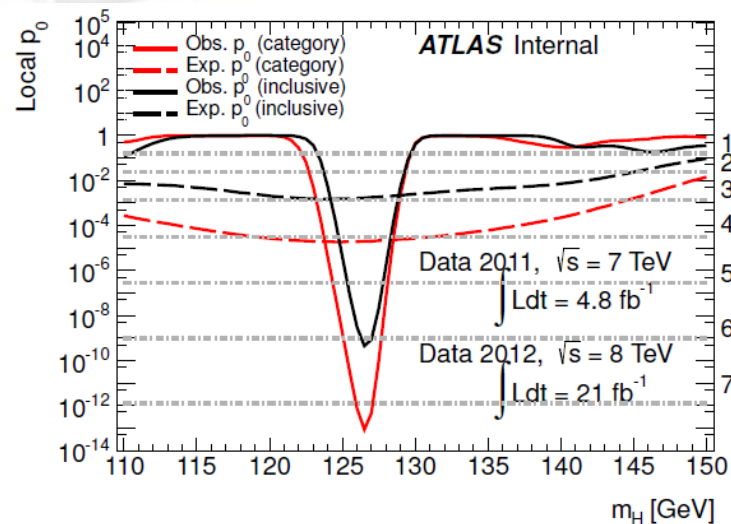
$m_H = 125.5$



$m_H = 126.5$

p_0 plots

- Full 2011 and 2012 statistics:



- Previous combination

$$\gamma\gamma : 6.1 \sigma \oplus ZZ : 4.1 \sigma \Rightarrow \text{global} : 7.0 \sigma$$

Present combination

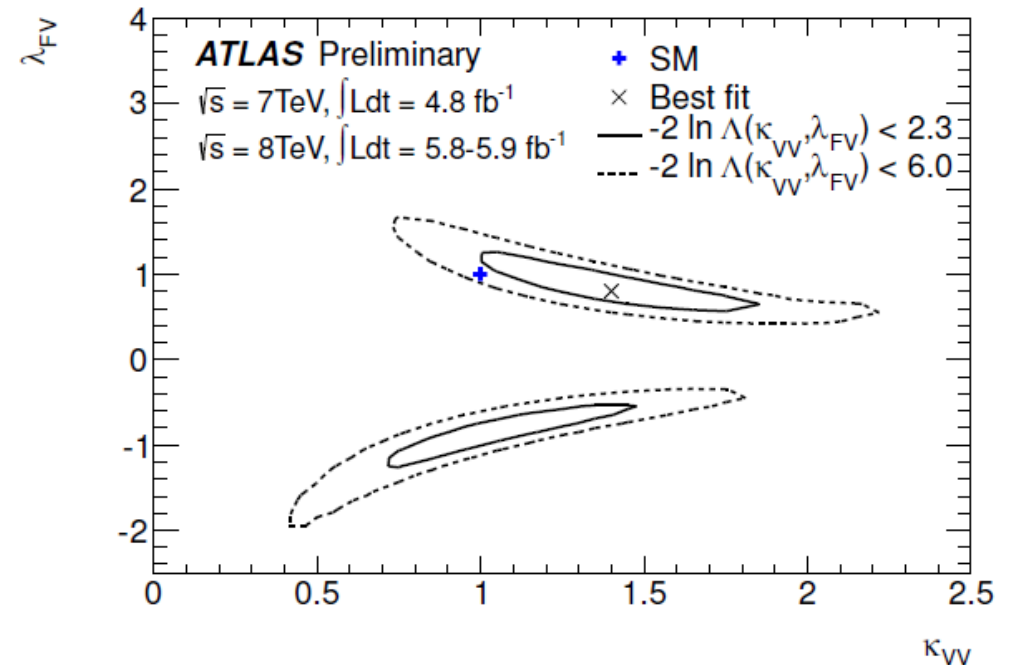
$$\gamma\gamma : 7.4 \sigma \oplus ZZ : 6.6 \sigma \Rightarrow \text{global} : ? (> 9 \sigma)$$

Fermion versus Vector couplings (2)

- **Group couplings :** $\kappa_V = \kappa_W = \kappa_Z$; $\kappa_F = \kappa_t = \kappa_b = \kappa_\tau$
 - Assume: $gg \rightarrow H$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ only through SM particles

- **No assumption on total width:**

$$\lambda_{FV} = \kappa_F / \kappa_V ; \quad \kappa_{VV} = \kappa_V \kappa_V / \kappa_H$$



Contributions from non-SM particles (2)

- Assume all couplings to SM particles $\kappa_i = 1$
- Introduce effective κ_g, κ_γ , *independent* (allow additional contributions to loops)
- Allowing possible $BR_{inv, undet}$ to undetected modes

$$BR_{inv, undet} < 0.68 \text{ (68\% CL)}$$
$$< 0.84 \text{ (95\% CL)}$$

SM hypothesis : 35%

