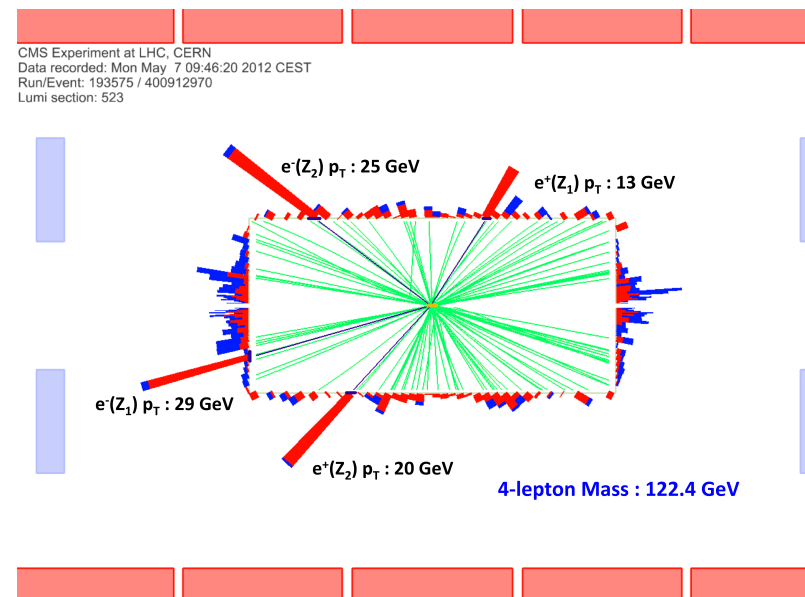
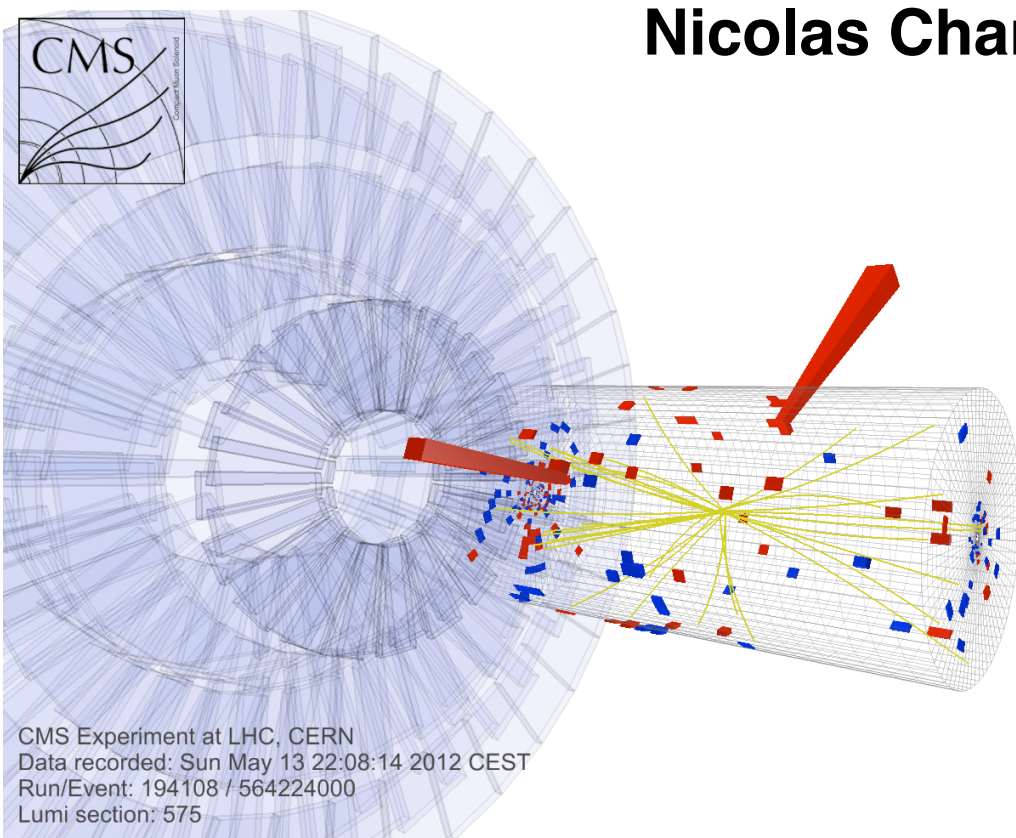
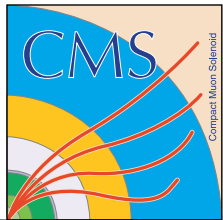


Higgs boson searches at CMS

20/01/2014 - CPPM, Marseille

Nicolas Chanon - ETH Zürich





Outline

The Higgs boson
Presentation of LHC and CMS

Main Higgs analyses

New particle properties

Conclusions

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$
 $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 2l2\nu$
 $H \rightarrow bb$
 $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

**Run I legacy
analyses**

**Mass
Couplings
Spin**



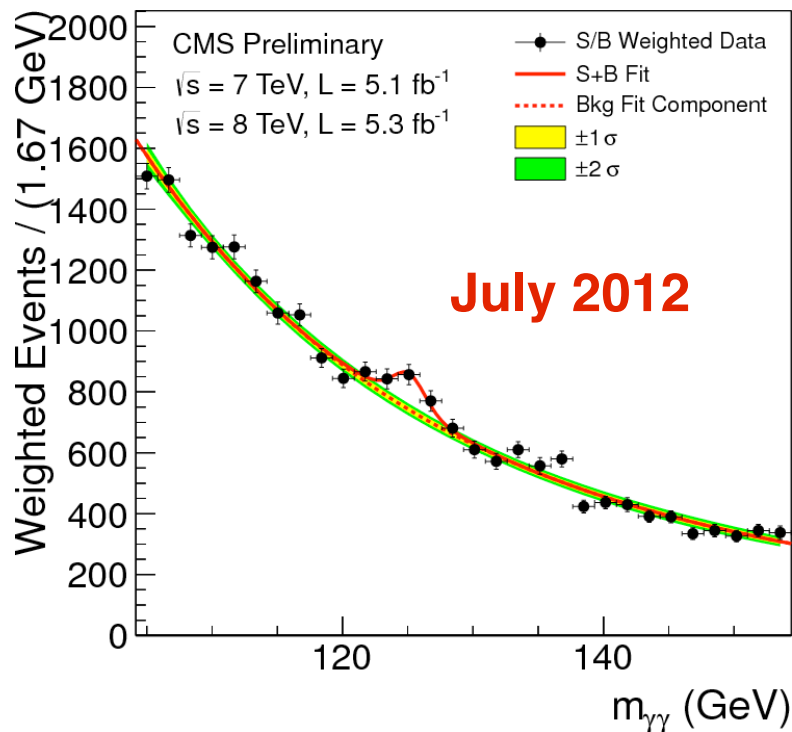
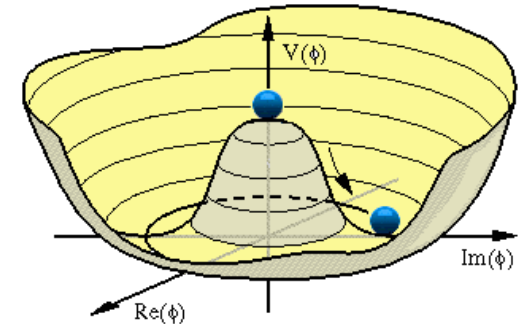
Higgs boson in the standard model

Higgs boson is predicted in the standard model of electro-weak interaction since 1967 [Glashow, Weinberg, Salam].

Higgs mechanism:

- **Scalar field** breaking spontaneously the electro-weak symmetry
- **Longitudinal degrees of freedom** absorbed in $W^\pm$ and Z^0 gauge bosons
- Higgs boson gives masses to leptons and quarks through

Yukawa couplings



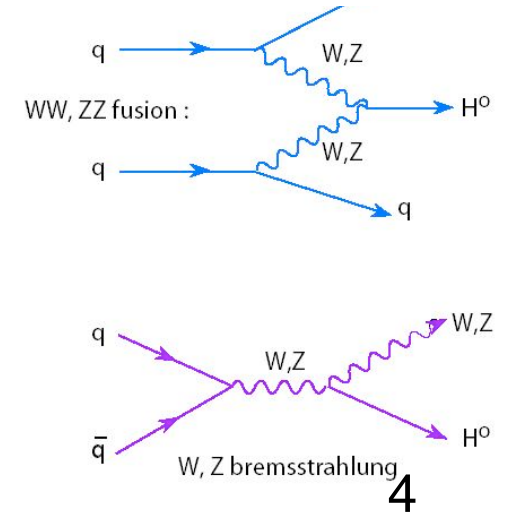
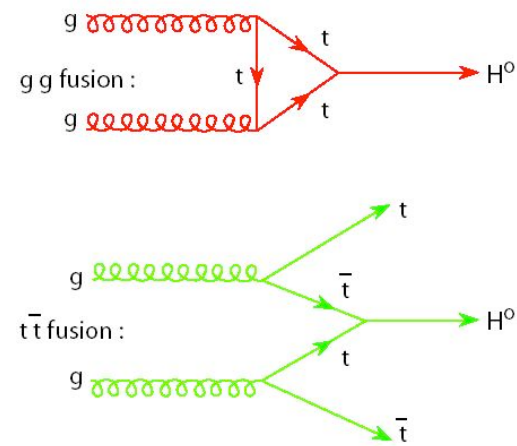
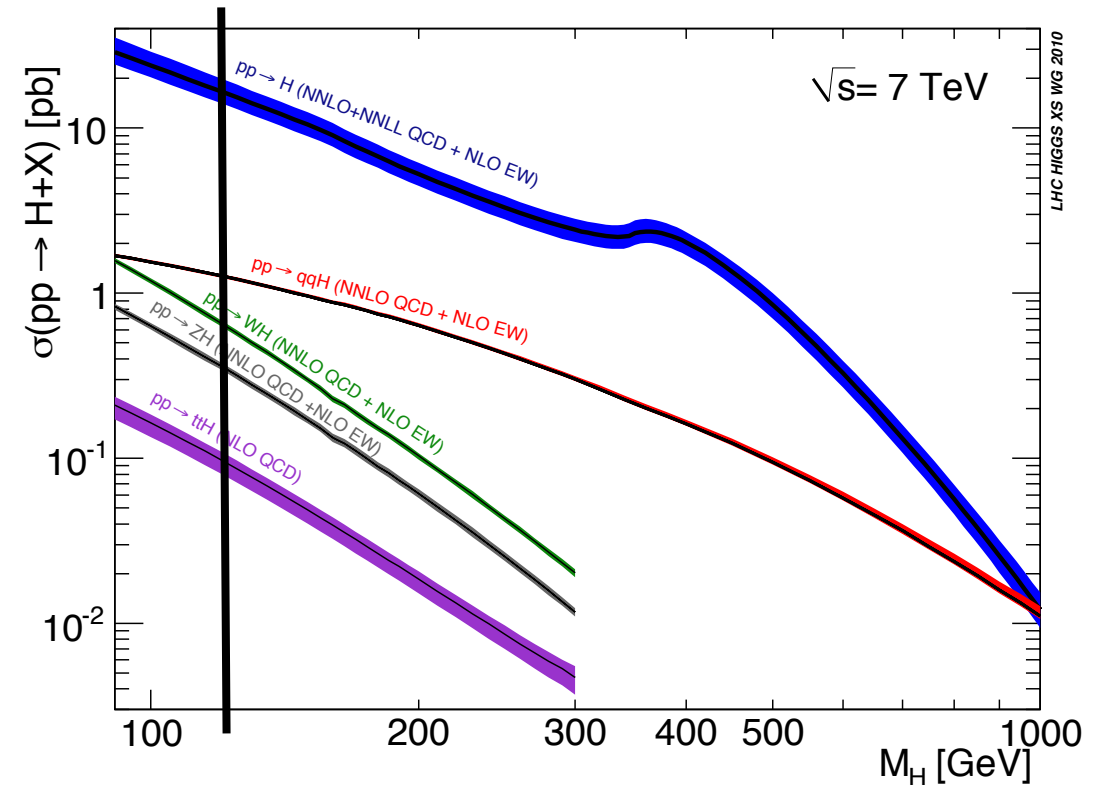
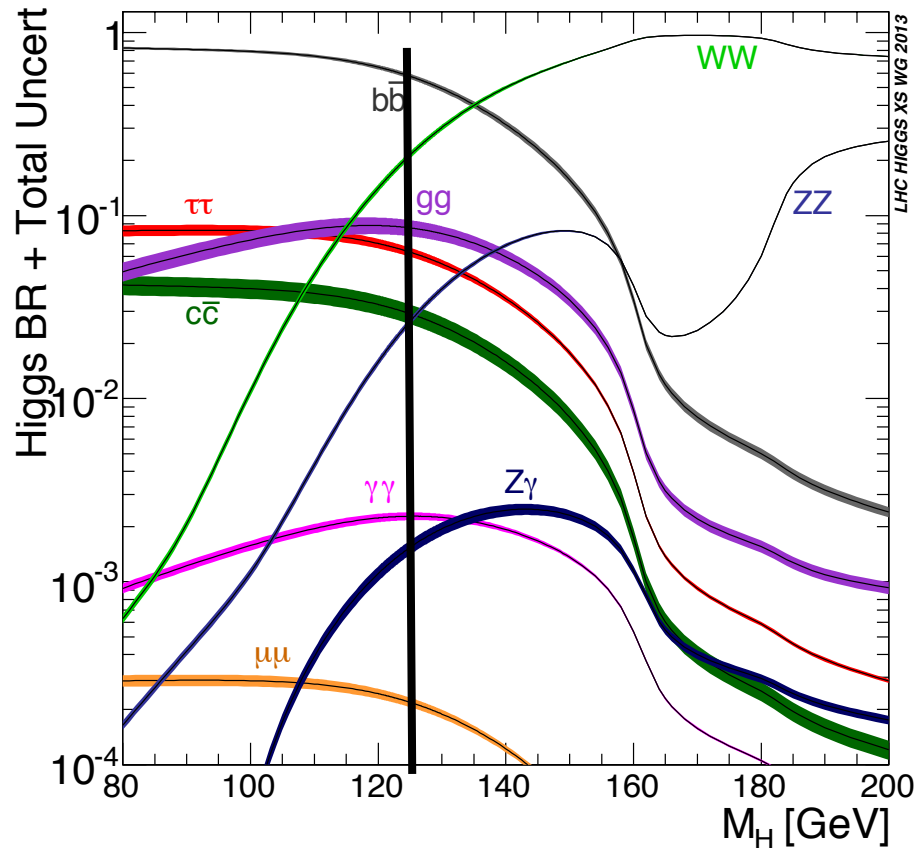
New boson discovered by ATLAS and CMS collaborations in July 2012 in the Higgs boson searches, with a mass around 125 GeV

Is it the standard model Higgs boson?



Higgs boson channels at LHC

- At the LHC, the main **Higgs production** mechanism in the SM is **gluon fusion** followed by **VBF** and associated production with W,Z or tt
- **Essential to probe both boson and fermion decay**

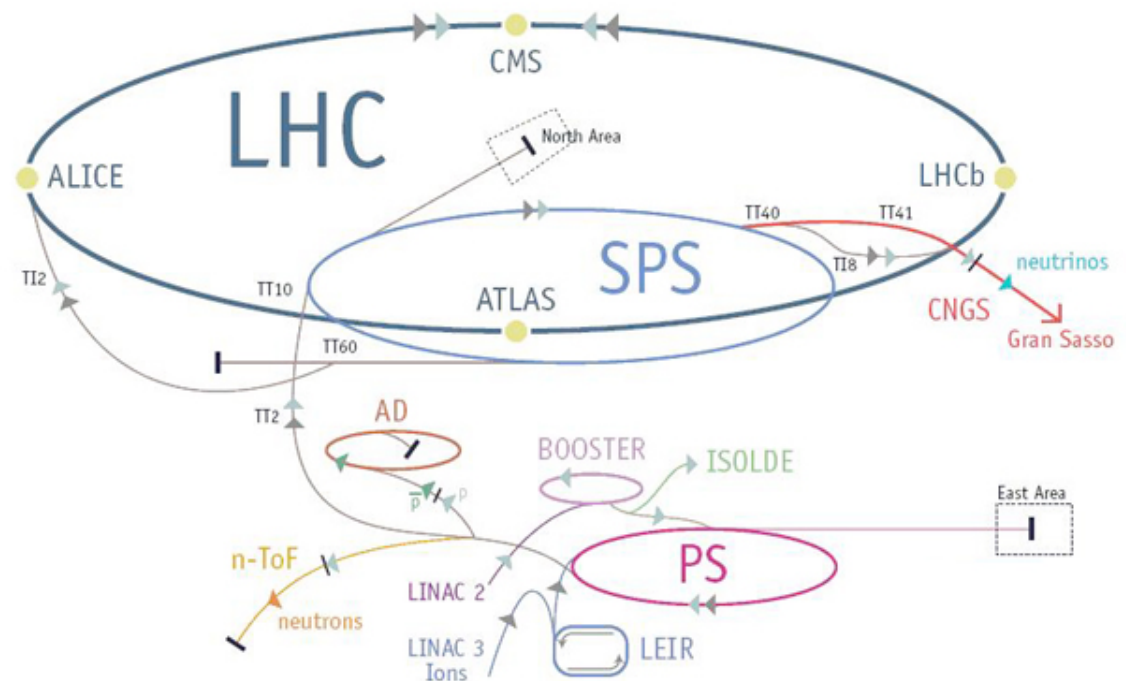
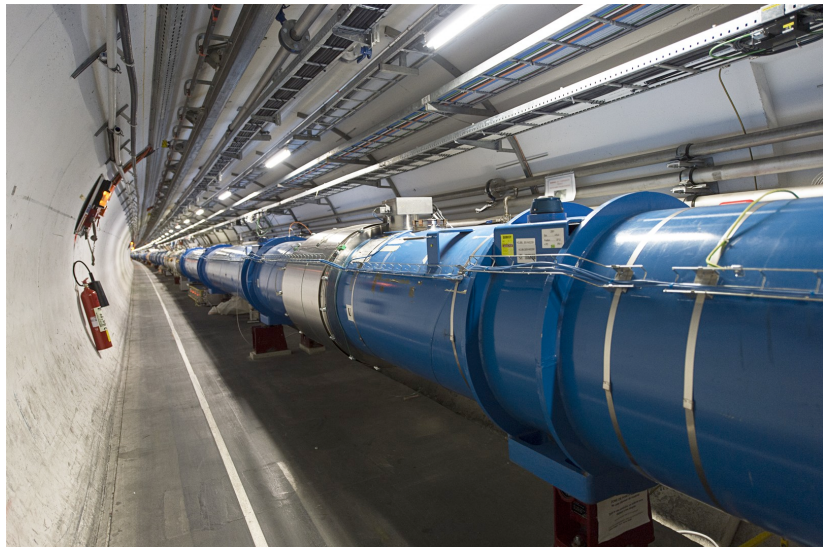


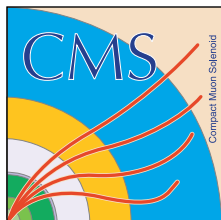


Large Hadron Collider (LHC)

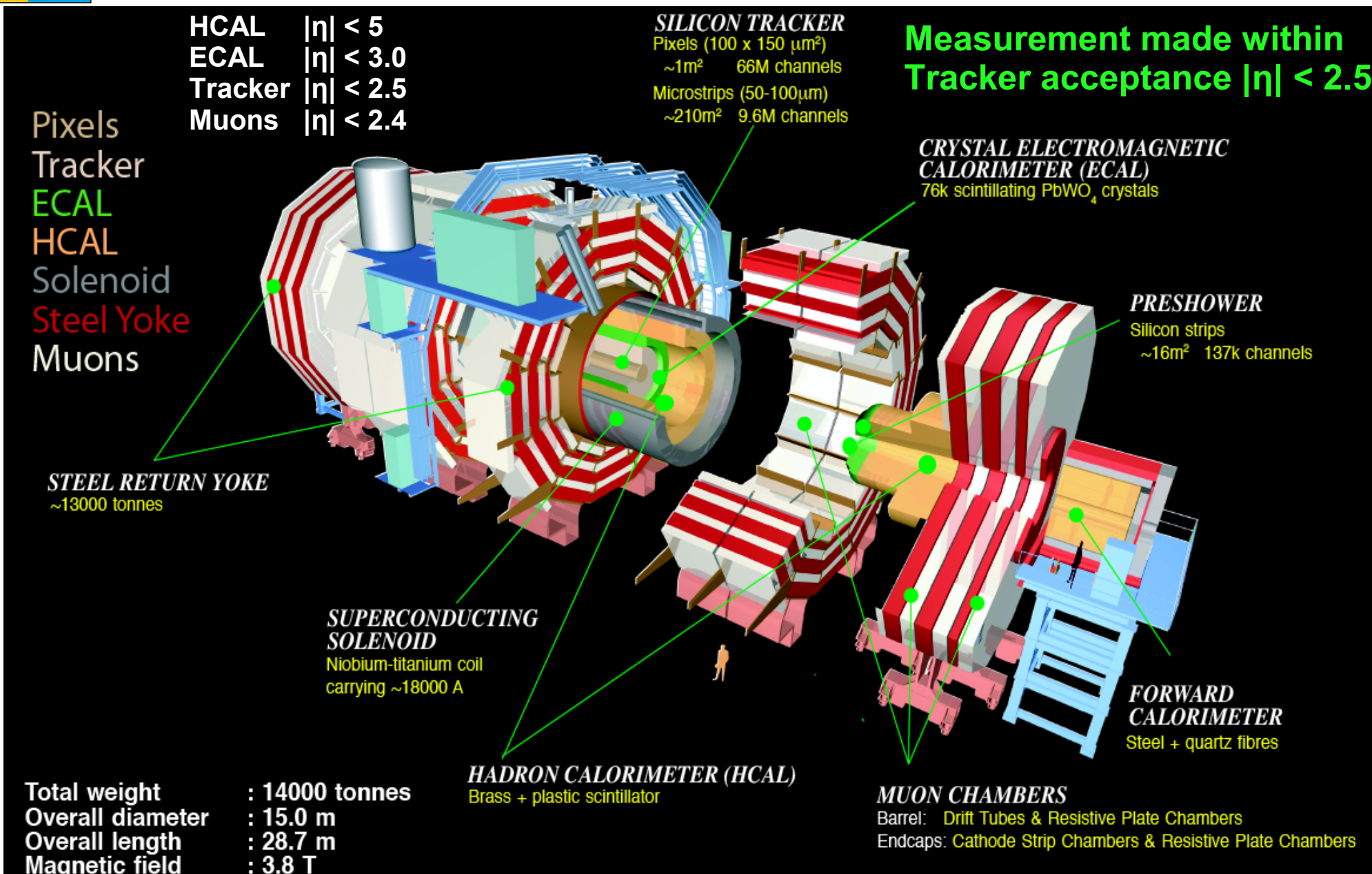


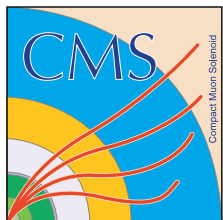
- **Proton-proton** collider at **CERN**, Geneva
- 27 km circumference, fully supra-conducting magnets at 100m depth
- 7 TeV center of mass energy in 2010 and 2011, 8 TeV in 2012
- Instantaneous luminosity: reached peak $7.7 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$





Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS) detector



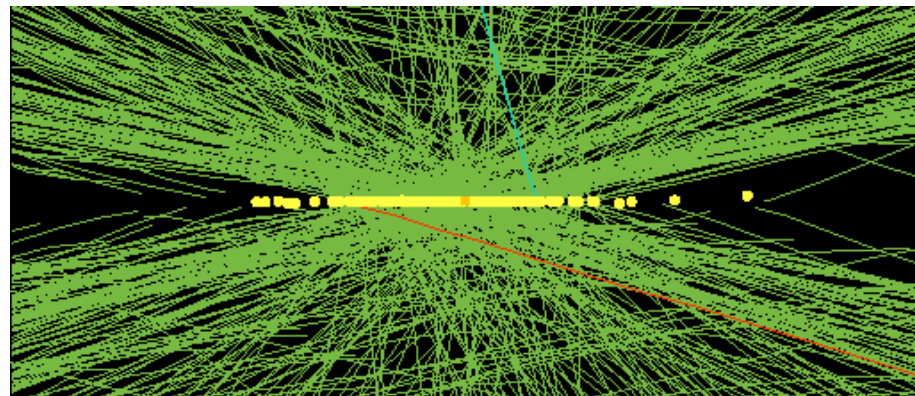


Luminosity conditions

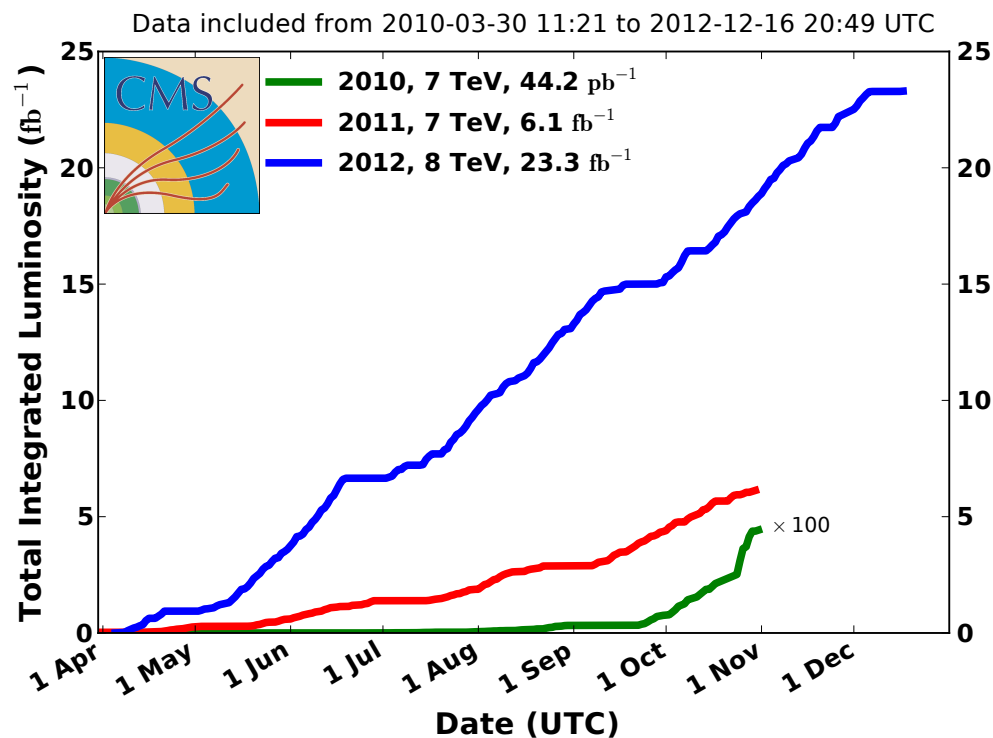
Analyses presented in this talk are using:

- 5.1 fb⁻¹ of 7 TeV data in 2011
 - Up to 19.6 fb⁻¹ of 8 TeV data in 2012
- Pileup mean interaction ~21 in 2012 (~10 in 2011)

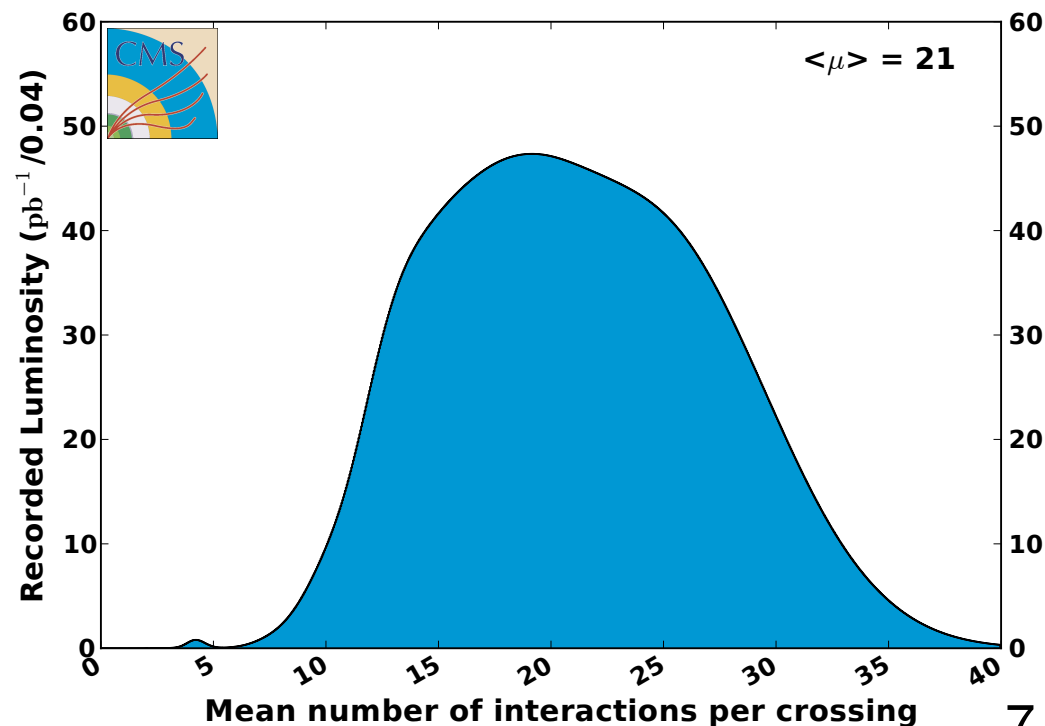
Event with 70 reconstructed vertices (special run)

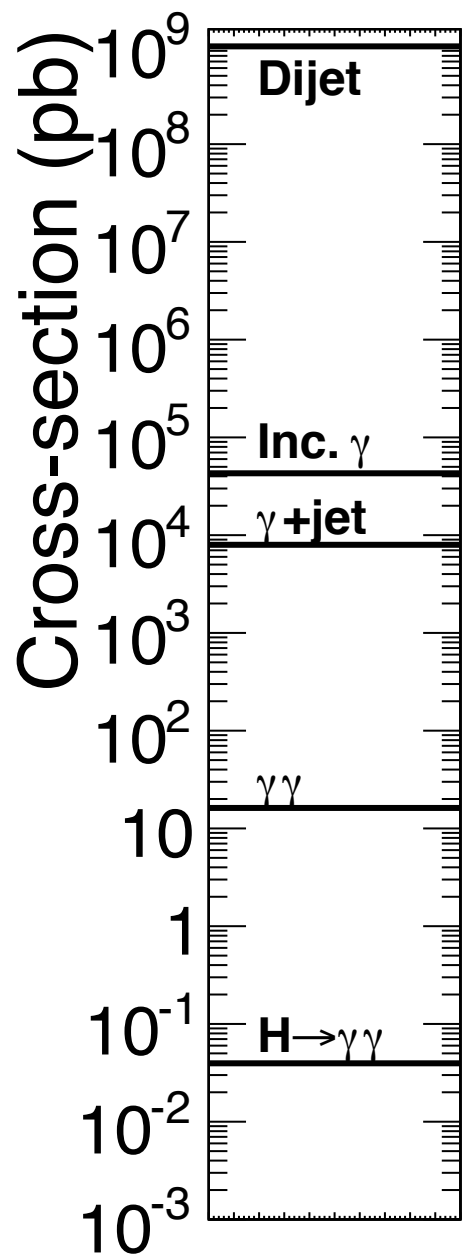
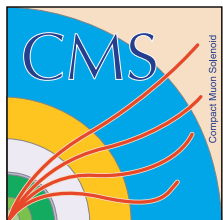


CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp

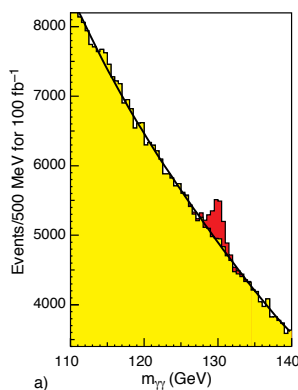
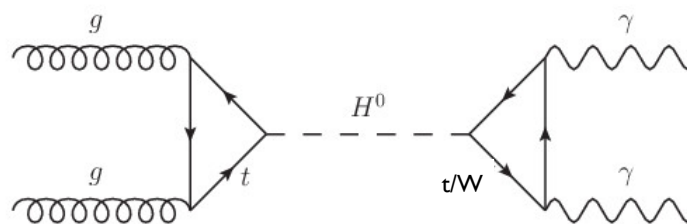


CMS Average Pileup, pp, 2012, $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV

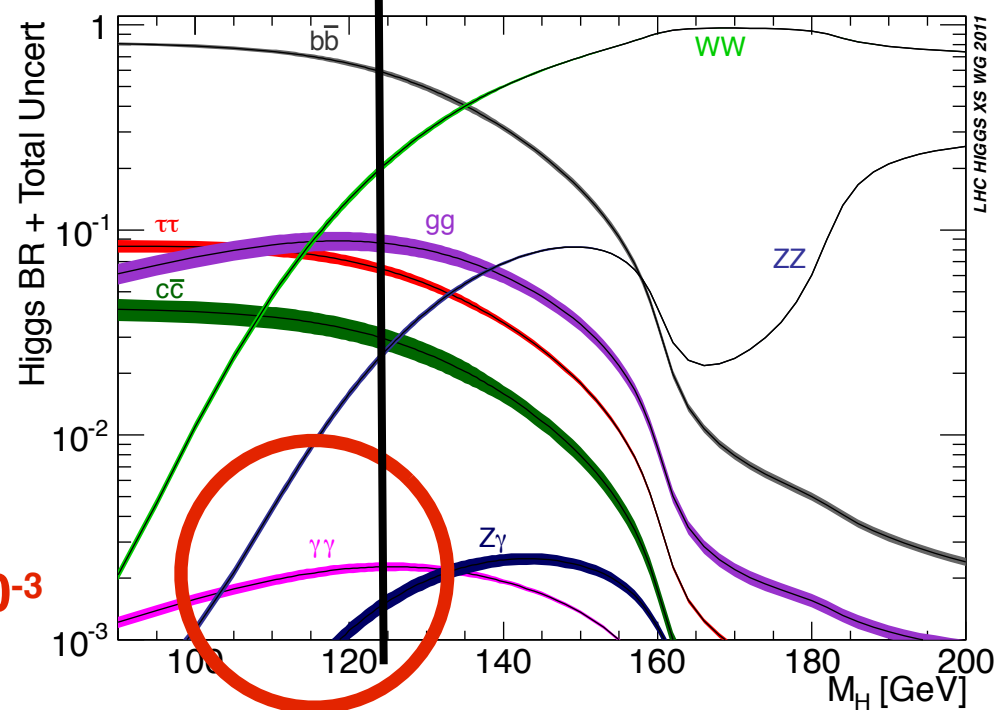


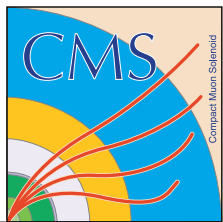


$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

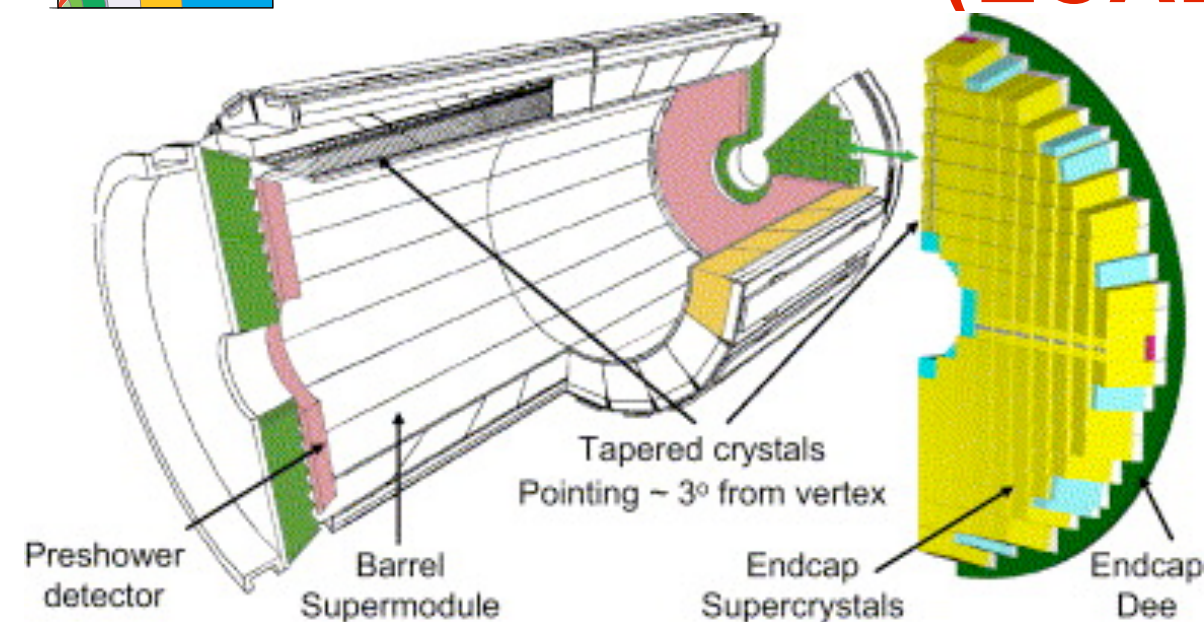


$BR(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim 2 \cdot 10^{-3}$





CMS electromagnetic calorimeter (ECAL)



CMS Electromagnetic calorimeter (ECAL) :

- 75848 PbWO₄ crystals
- **Excellent** energy resolution (design: 1% for H→γγ barrel photons)

The **ECAL** is made of scintillating crystals of PbWO₄ :

- **Barrel** : 36 “supermodules” with 1700 crystals each (coverage $|\eta| < 1.48$)
- **Endcaps** : 268 “supercrystals” with 25 crystals each (coverage $1.48 < |\eta| < 3.0$)

A **preshower** made of silicon strip sensors is located in front of the endcaps ($1.65 < |\eta| < 2.6$)

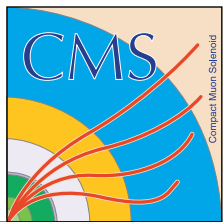
Energy resolution (measured in electron test beam) :

$$\frac{\sigma(E)}{E} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}} \oplus \frac{b}{E(\text{GeV})} \oplus c$$

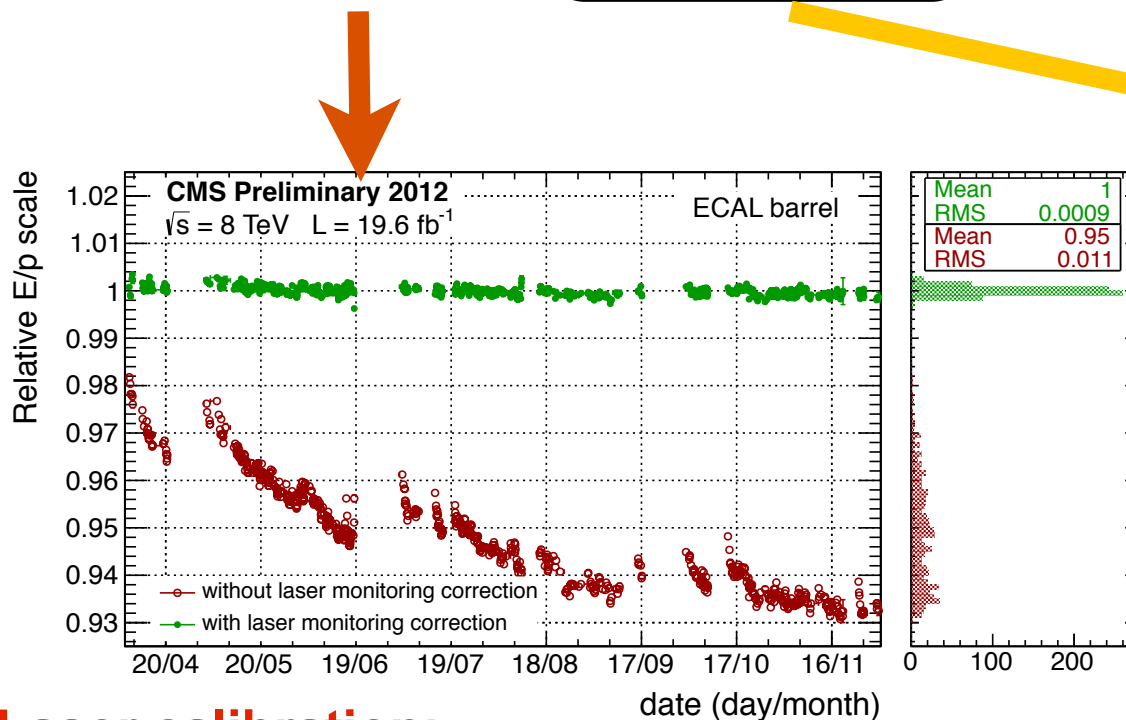
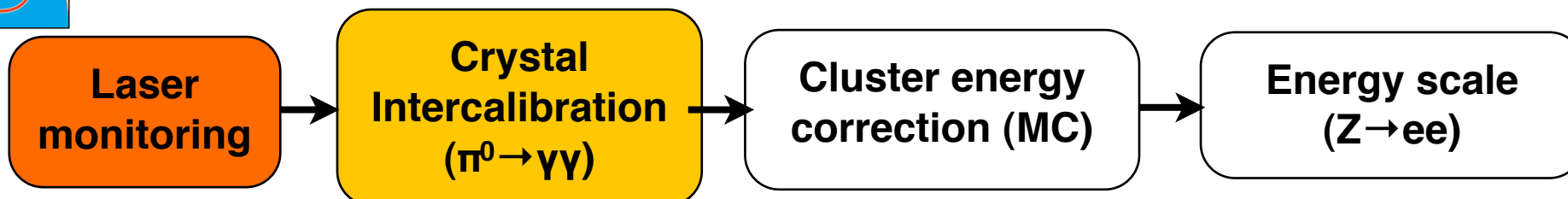
$a = 2.8\%$ stochastic term

$b = 12\%$ noise term

$c = 0.3\%$ constant term

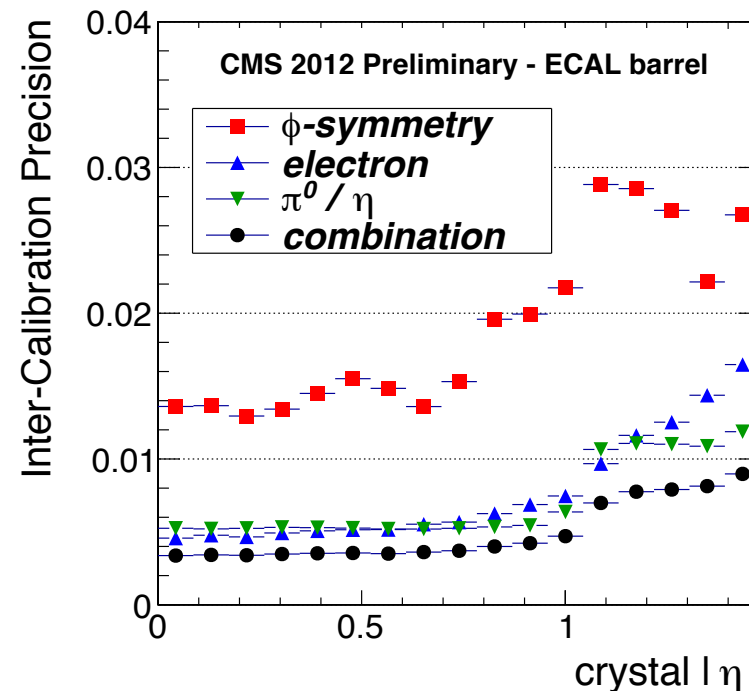


ECAL Calibration



Laser calibration:

- Correct for ECAL crystals **transparency loss due to electromagnetic damage**
- RMS stability after corrections 0.09% (barrel), 0.28% (Endcap)



Inter-calibrations

- Correct for response non-uniformity
- Use π^0 and η (mass), ϕ -symmetry (minimum bias), $W \rightarrow e\nu$ (E/p)
- **Precision:** better than **0.5% in central barrel**

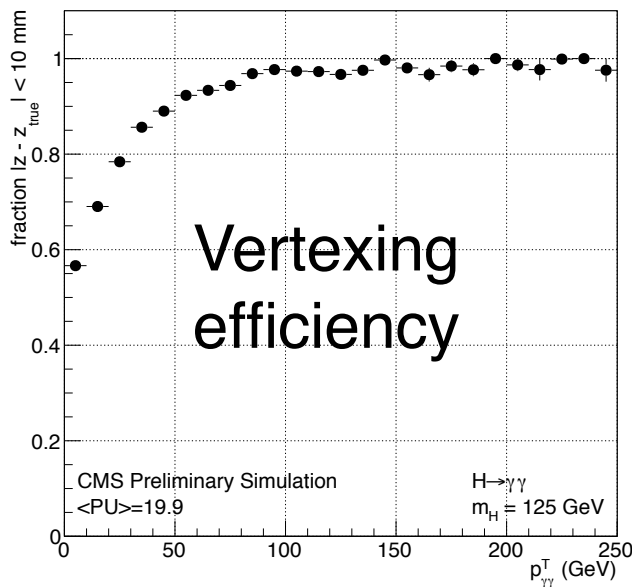


H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ analysis

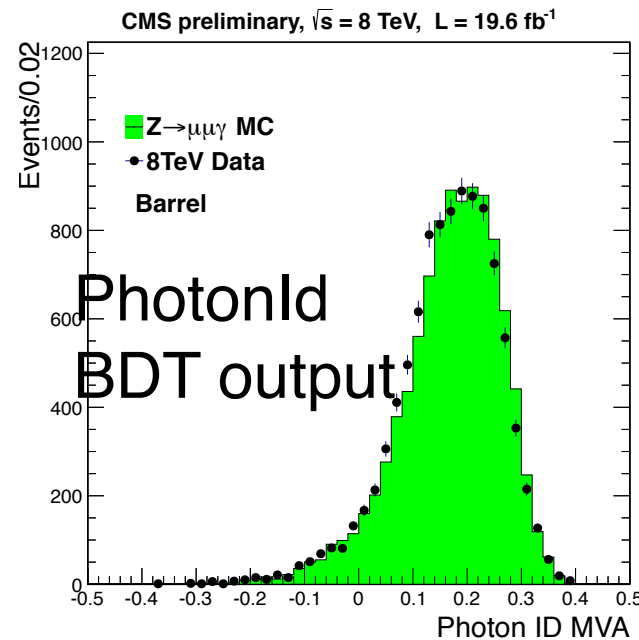
HIG-13-001

- Look for small signal peak (small BR) over large background
- Main analysis is MVA - cut-based analysis and 2nd MVA analyses as cross-checks
- Select two high pt isolated photons from the same vertex

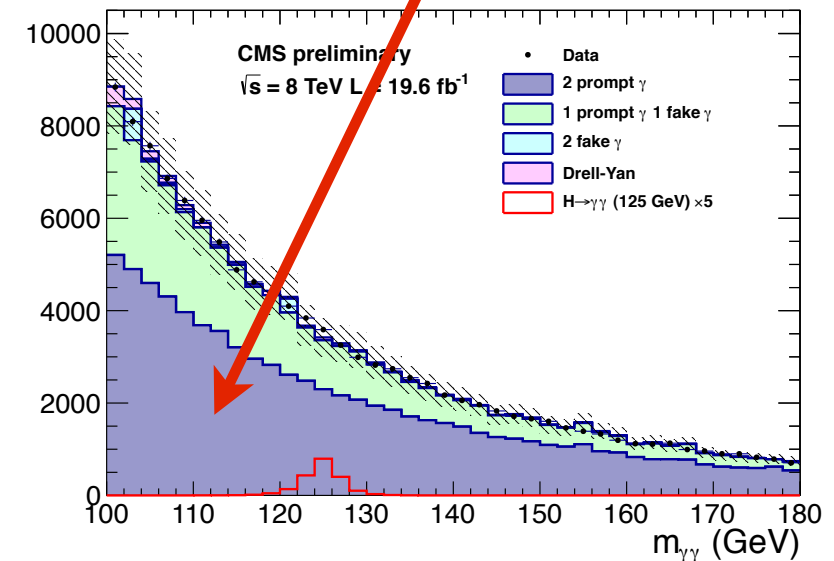
- **Vertexing BDT:**
tracks, diphoton kinematics, conversions

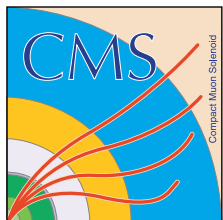


- **Photon identification BDT**
to reject jets faking photons: shower shape and isolation



Large background from diphoton continuum (~70%) (after photon Id)





$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: categories

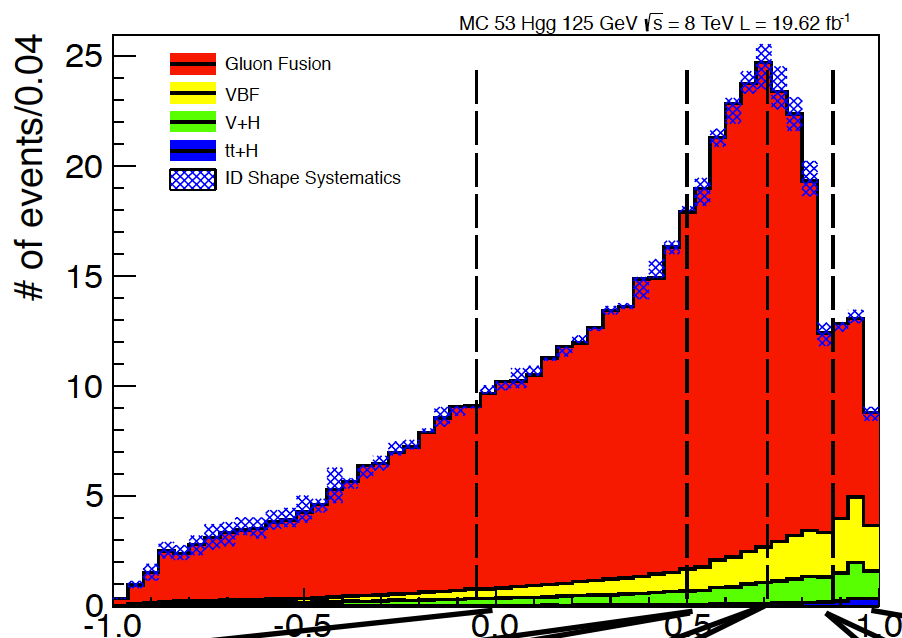
HIG-13-001

Categories:

- Defined with s/b and resolution level
- 4 untagged, 2 VBF categories, 3 VH cat

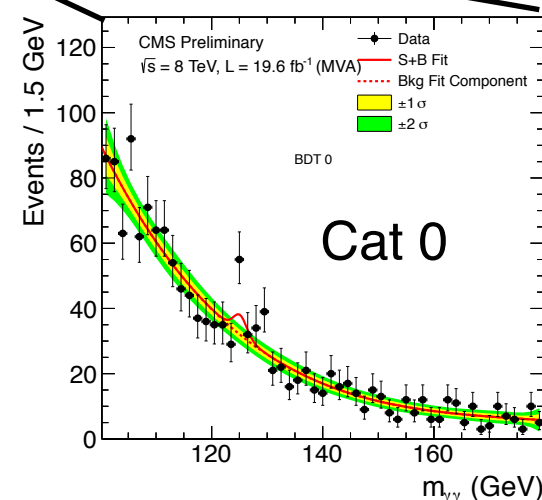
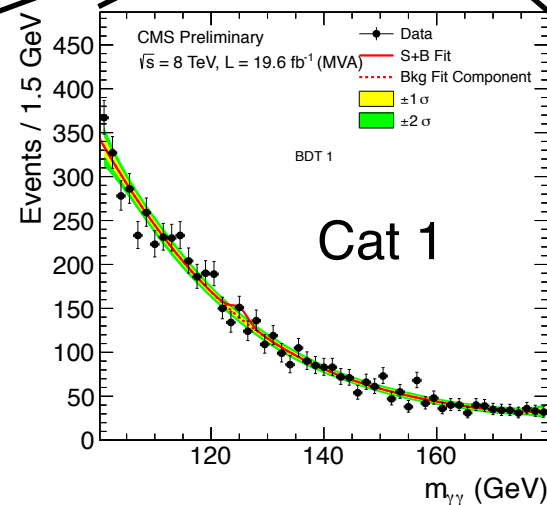
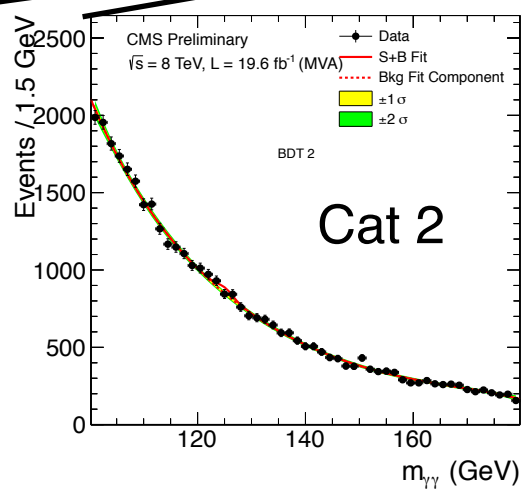
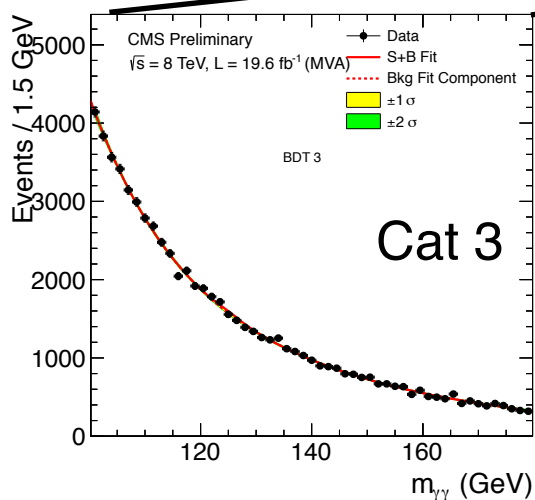
Diphoton BDT

- Mass independent
- Kinematics, vertexing, PhotonID output, energy resolution variables



Sensitivity from

mass fit. Bkgd: Bernstein polynomial (bias <20% stat uncertainty)

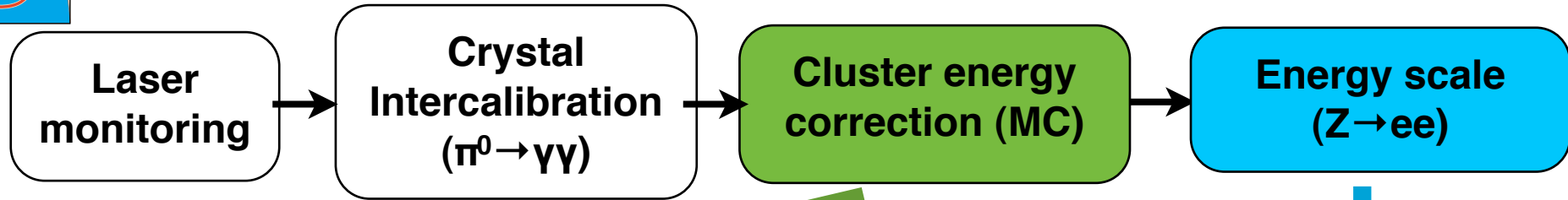


di-photon BDT



$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ mass resolution

HIG-13-001

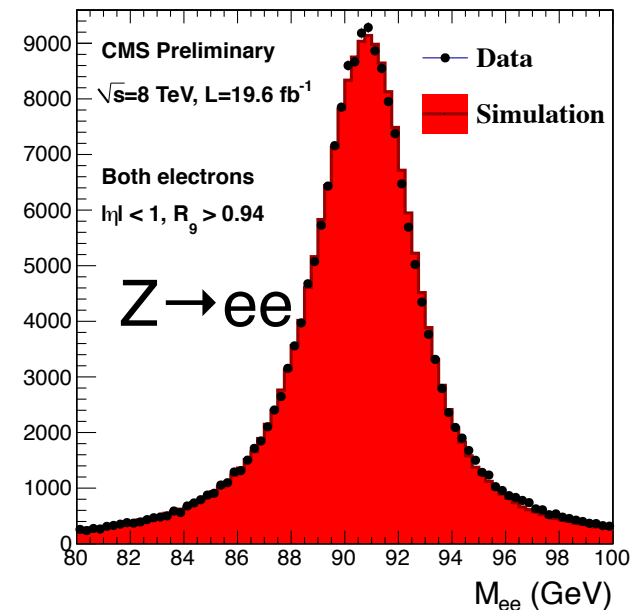
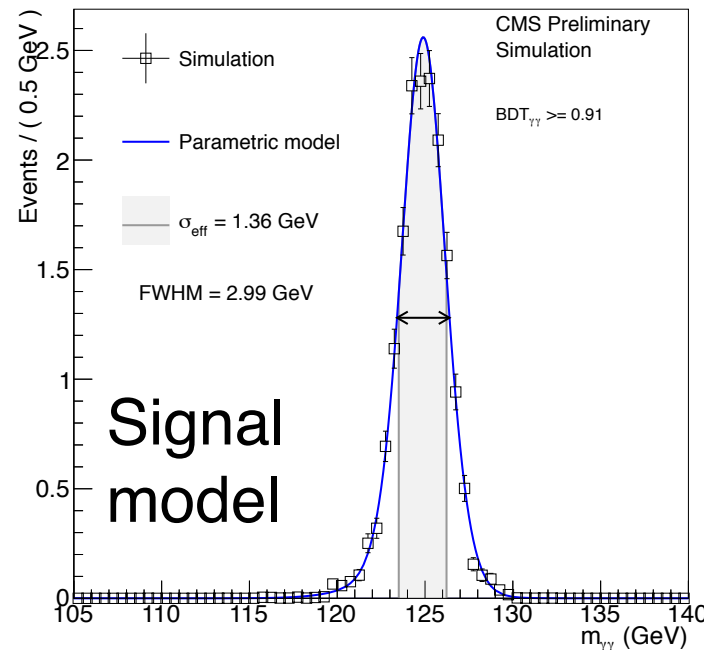


Cluster energy corrections

- Correct for **energy loss** in the **material** upstream ECAL and in ECAL cracks
- Use **geometry**, **shower profile**, energy in **preshower**
- **Energy regression: 1-2% mass resolution**
- **Best untagged category: 1.36 GeV effective sigma** (narrow shower shape in barrel or high diphoton p_T events)

Energy scale:

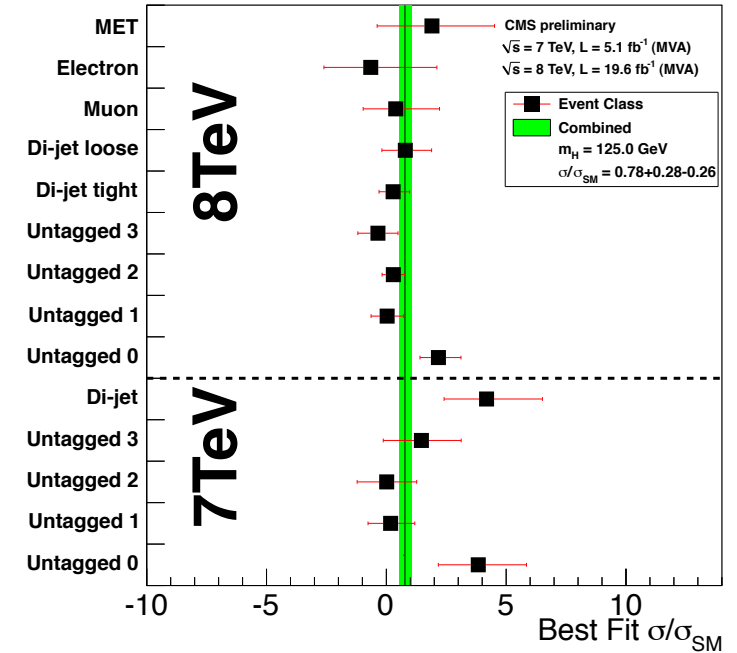
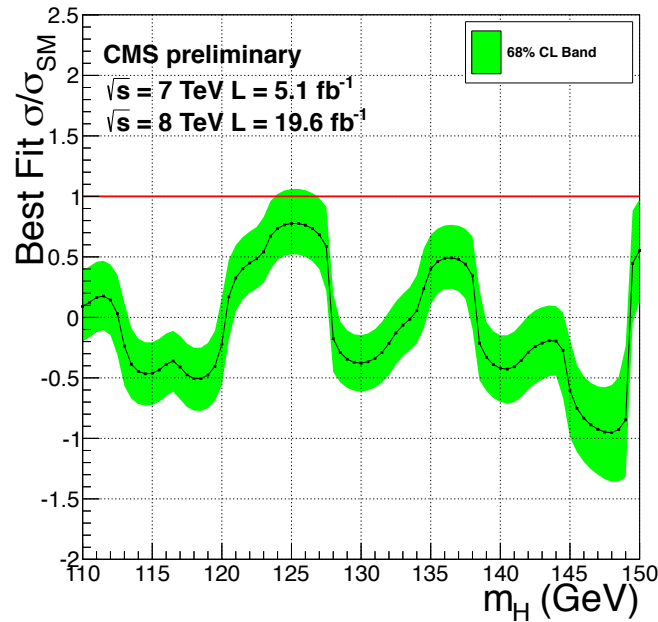
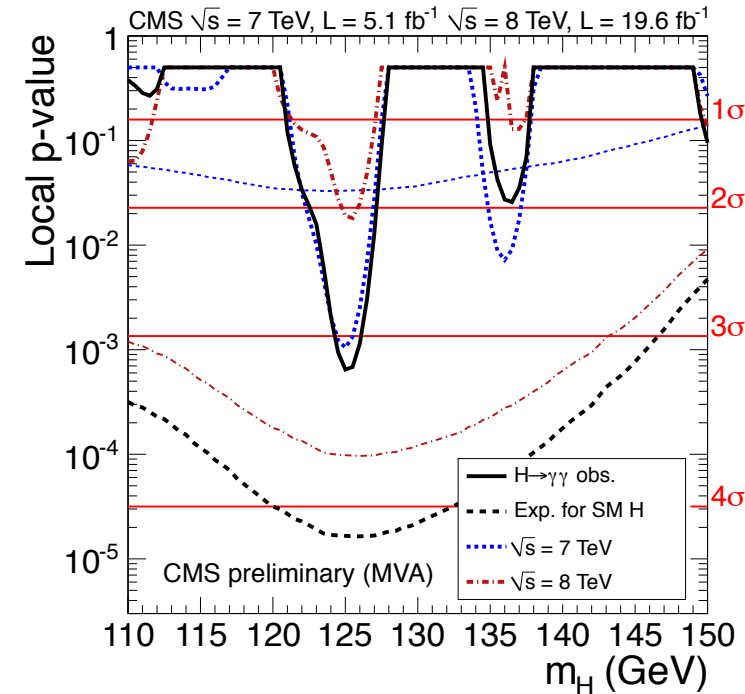
- Correct for data/MC residual differences in scale and resolution using Z mass shape
- Stable along data-taking period





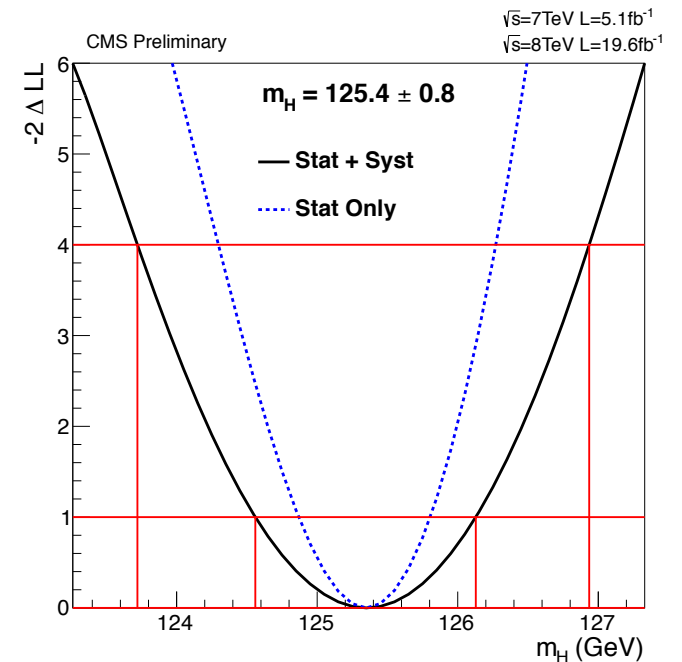
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ MVA results

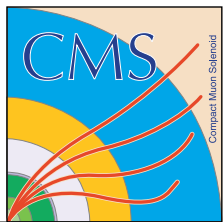
HIG-13-001



MVA

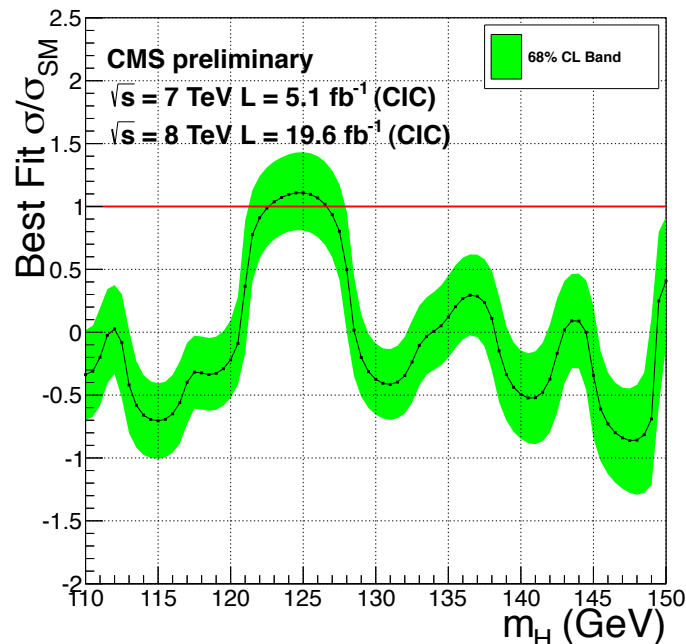
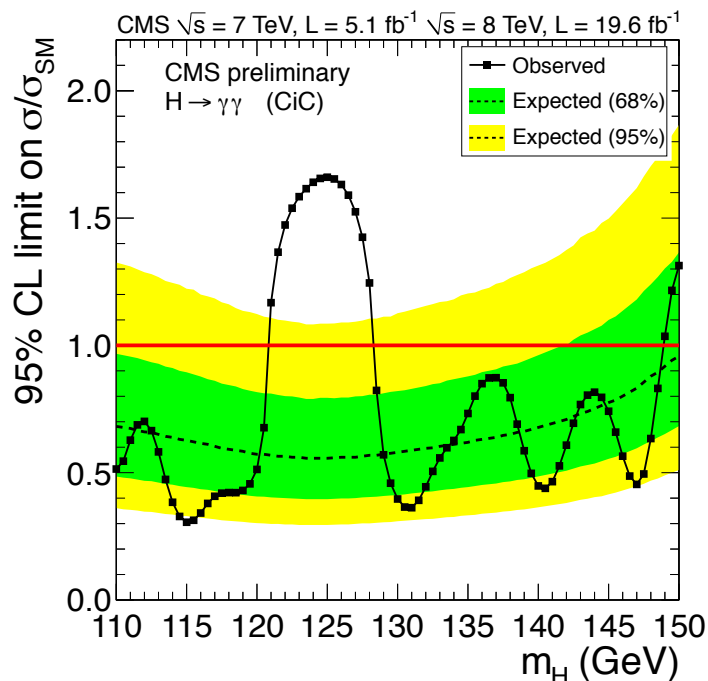
- Observed local significance above 3.2σ (expected 4.2σ)
- Measure best fit $\mu = 0.78 \pm 0.27$ at 125 GeV
- Mass measurement $125.4 \pm 0.5(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.6(\text{syst.})$ (Main systematics: energy scale ($Z \rightarrow ee$), electron to photon extrapolation, linearity 45 GeV electrons $\Rightarrow$ 60 GeV photons)





H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ cross-check: cut-based analysis

HIG-13-001

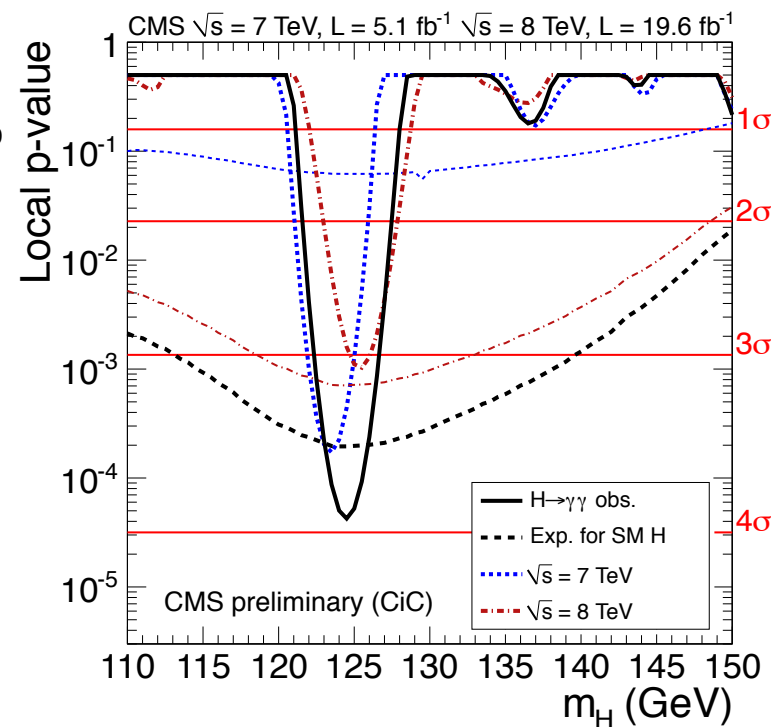


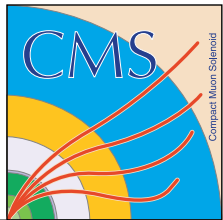
Cut-based:

- Observed local significance above 3.9σ (3.5σ expected)
- Measure best fit $\mu = 1.11 \pm 0.31$ at 125 GeV

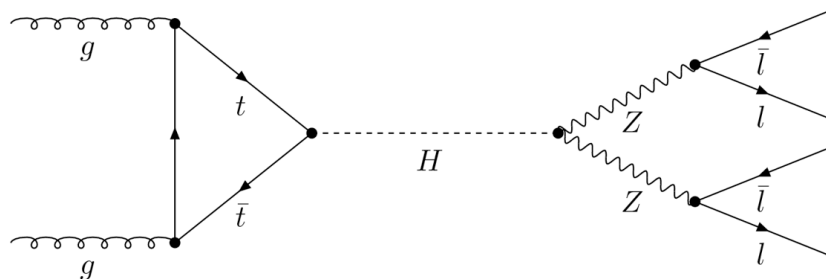
	MVA analysis (at $m_H=125$ GeV)	cut-based analysis (at $m_H=124.5$ GeV)
7 TeV	$1.69^{+0.65}_{-0.59}$	$2.27^{+0.80}_{-0.74}$
8 TeV	$0.55^{+0.29}_{-0.27}$	$0.93^{+0.34}_{-0.32}$
7 + 8 TeV	$0.78^{+0.28}_{-0.26}$	$1.11^{+0.32}_{-0.30}$

**Compatibility of cut-based and MVA:
within 1.5σ**

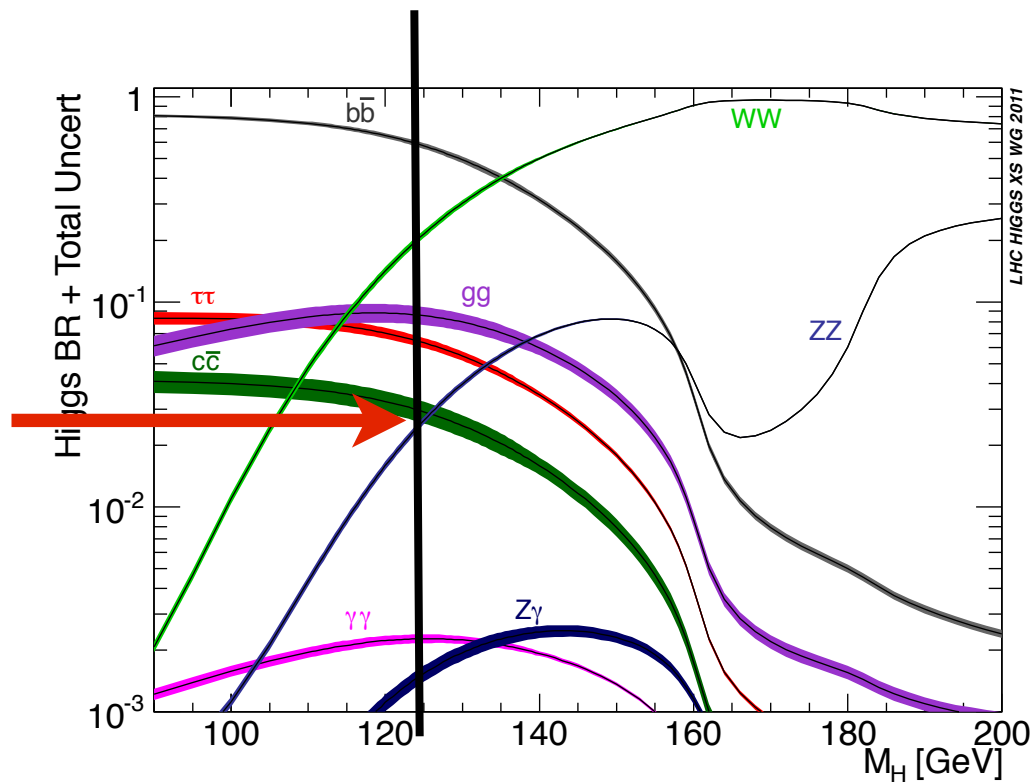
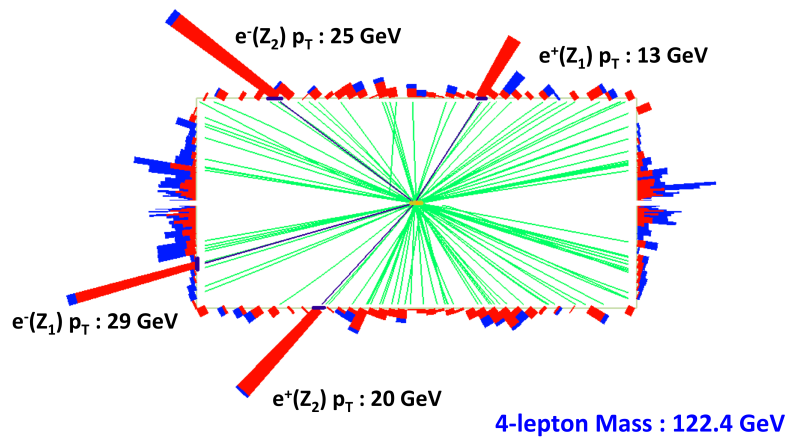


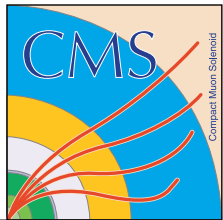


$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$



CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Mon May 7 09:46:20 2012 CEST
Run/Event: 193575 / 400912970
Lumi section: 523





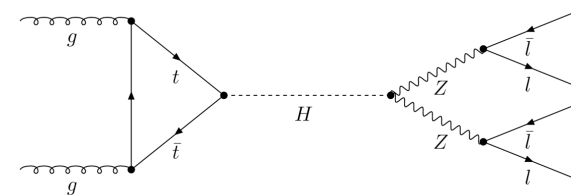
$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ analysis

arxiv:1312.5353

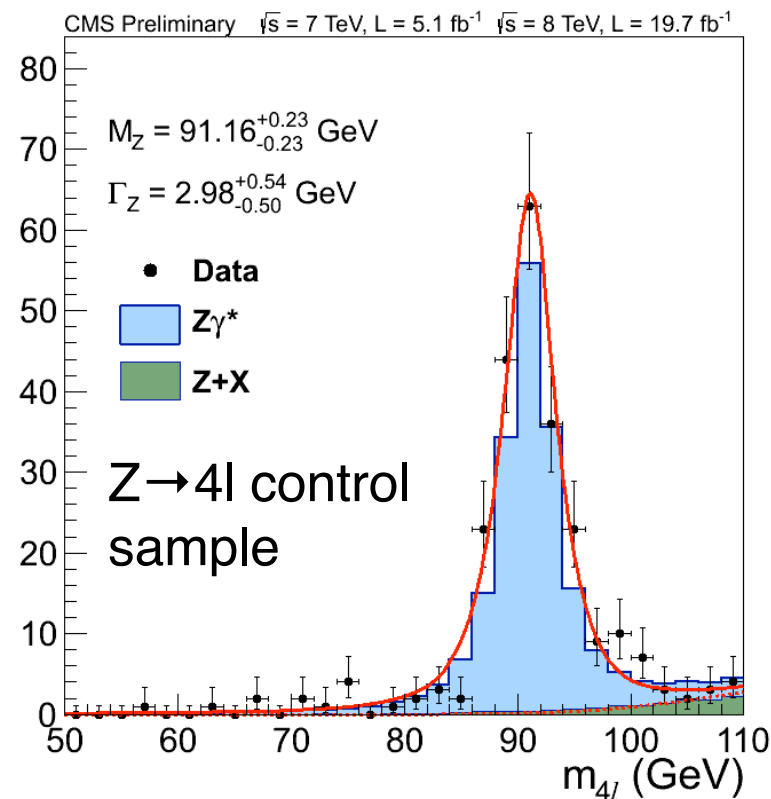
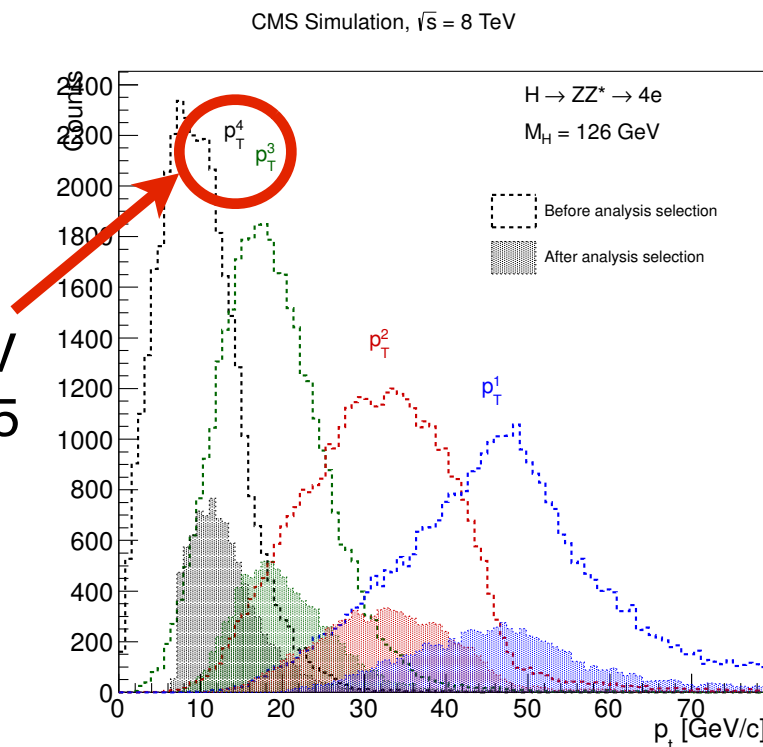
Run I legacy
analysis

$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ analysis:

- Very good $s/b \sim 2$ (at 125 GeV).
- Main **backgrounds**: ZZ , Z +jets, $t\bar{t}$
- Select four isolated leptons from the same vertex
- **Excellent mass resolution: 1-2%**
- $2l2\tau$ channel included for higher mass



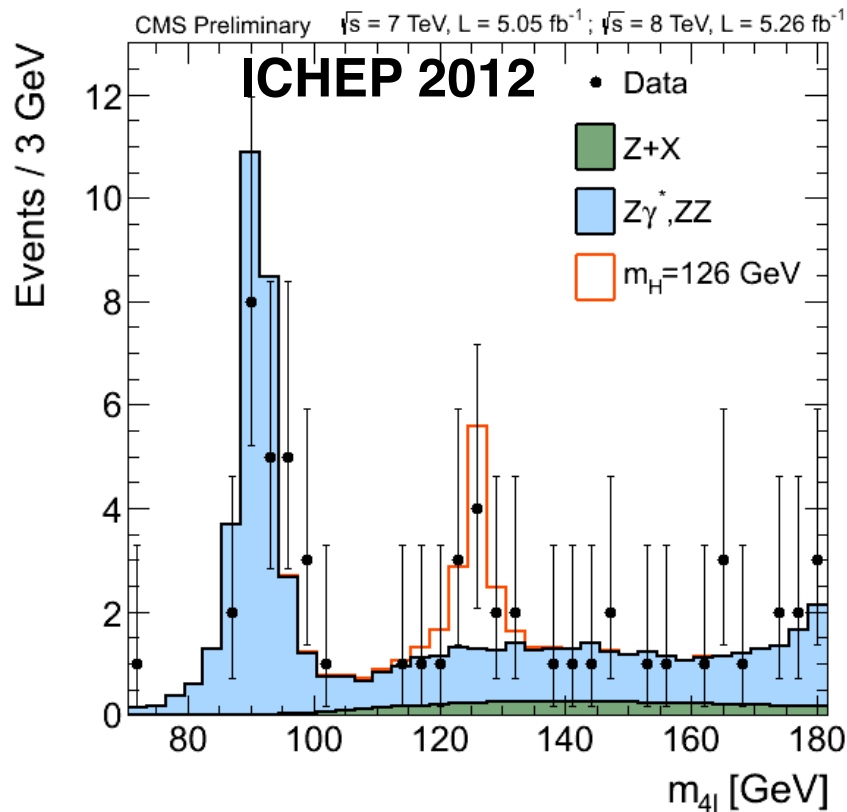
- Need **momentum** as **low** as $p_T > 7$ GeV (electrons) and $p_T > 5$ GeV (muons) to not lose too much **efficiency** missing the 4th lepton





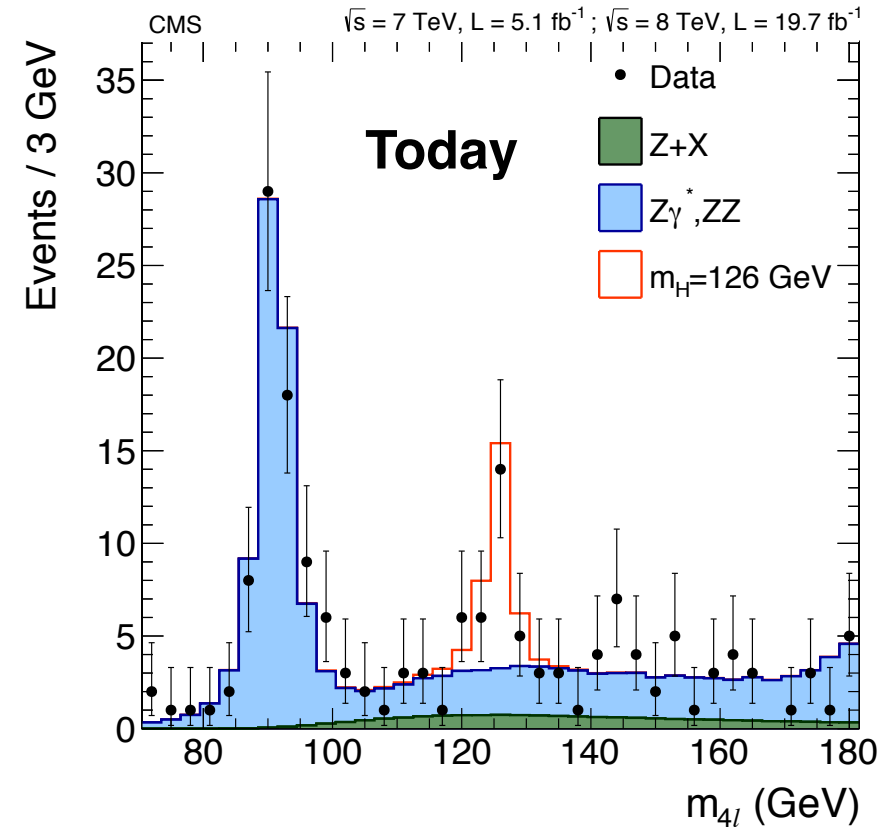
$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ analysis

arxiv:1312.5353



➔

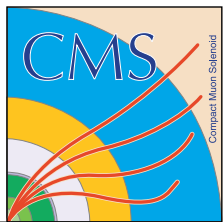
Note the scale!



- **Small background (s/b~2), almost flat around 125 GeV**
- **Clear excess observed**

Mass range 121.5 - 130.5 GeV:

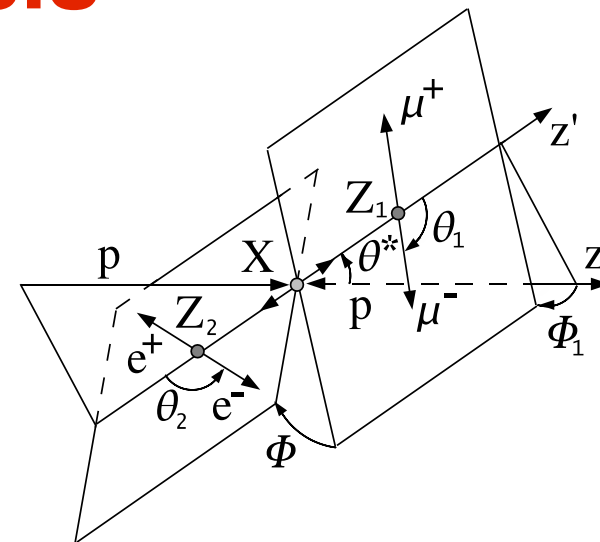
Channel	4e	2e2 μ	4 μ	4 ℓ
ZZ background	1.1 ± 0.1	3.2 ± 0.2	2.5 ± 0.2	6.8 ± 0.3
Z + X background	0.8 ± 0.2	1.3 ± 0.3	0.4 ± 0.2	2.6 ± 0.4
All backgrounds	1.9 ± 0.2	4.6 ± 0.4	2.9 ± 0.2	9.4 ± 0.5
$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$	3.0 ± 0.4	7.9 ± 1.0	6.4 ± 0.7	17.3 ± 1.3
$m_H = 126 \text{ GeV}$	3.4 ± 0.5	9.0 ± 1.1	7.2 ± 0.8	19.6 ± 1.5
Observed	4	13	8	25



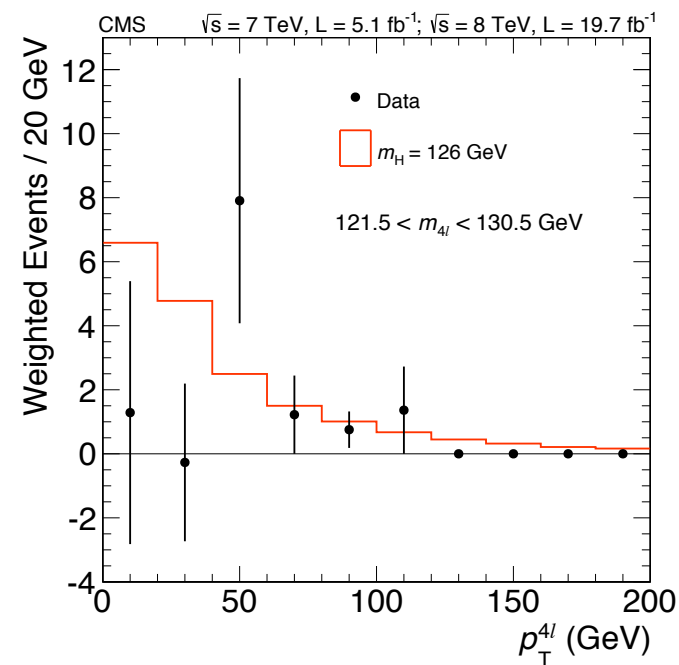
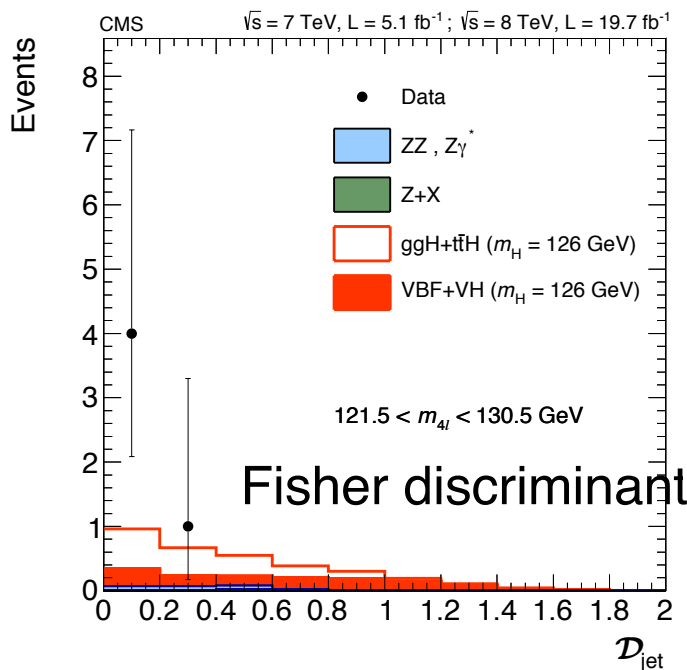
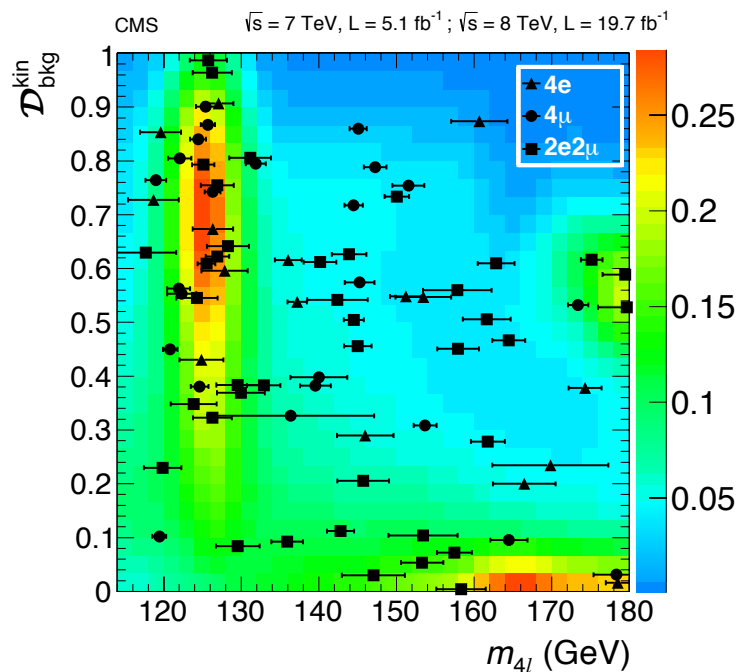
$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ analysis

arxiv:1312.5353

- **0,1jet Kinematic discriminant:** Matrix element method using invariant mass of Z_1 and Z_2 and 5 angular variables.
- **2-jets:** Fischer discriminant with jet information
- **3D analysis** in Mass, KD, and $p_T(H)$ (**untagged**), and Mass, KD, Fischer discriminant (**dijet tag**)
- Start to **measure Higgs differential distributions: Higgs p_T** using s-plot method



KD in Signal MC

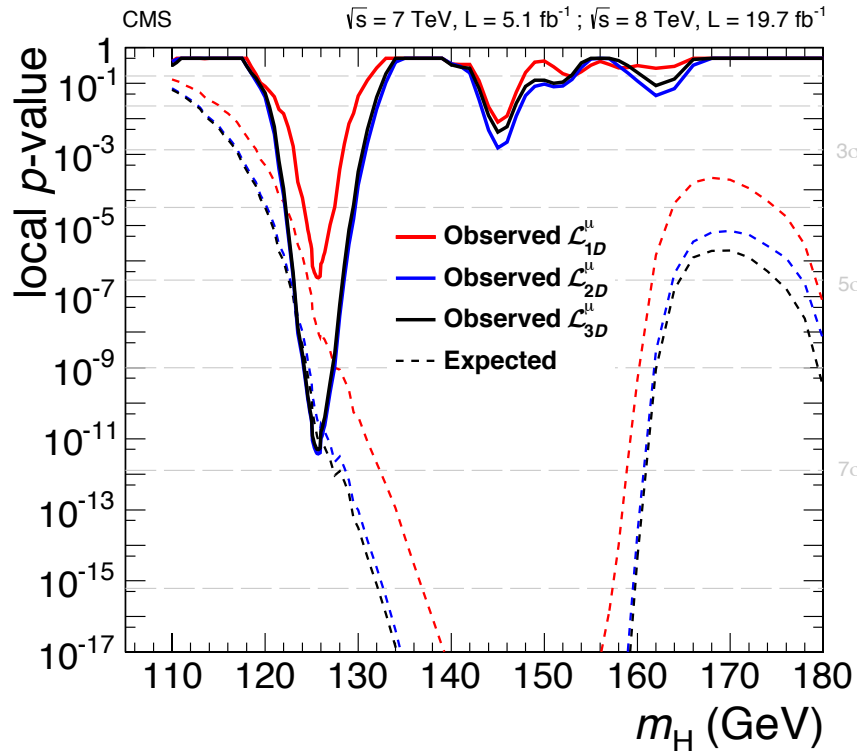


Higgs p_T with
s-plot method

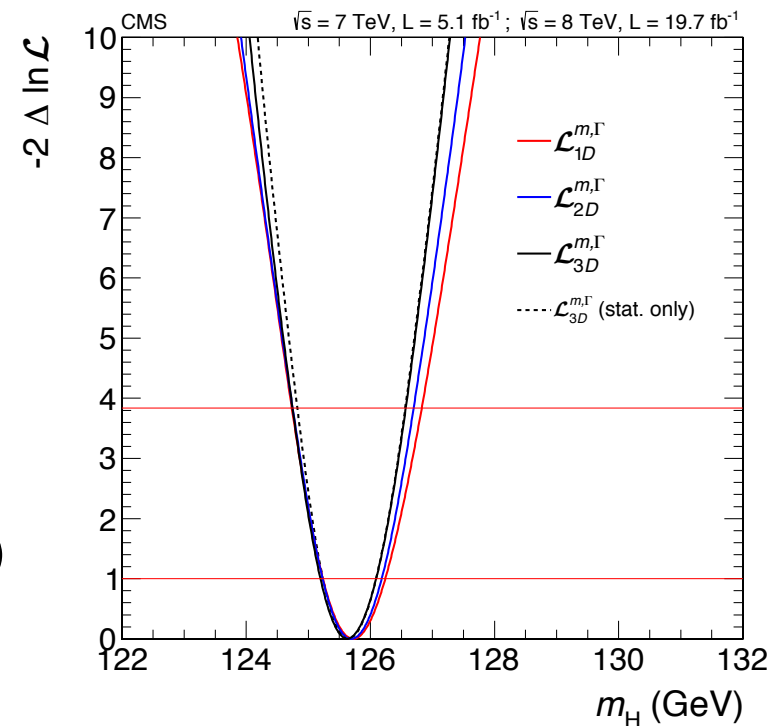
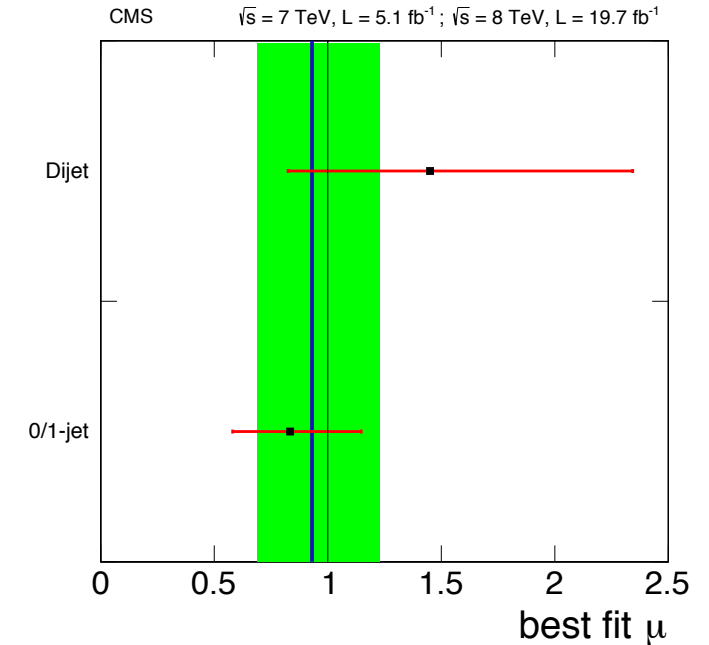


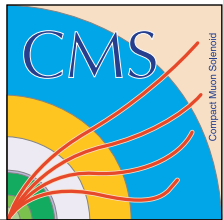
H → ZZ → 4l results

arxiv:1312.5353

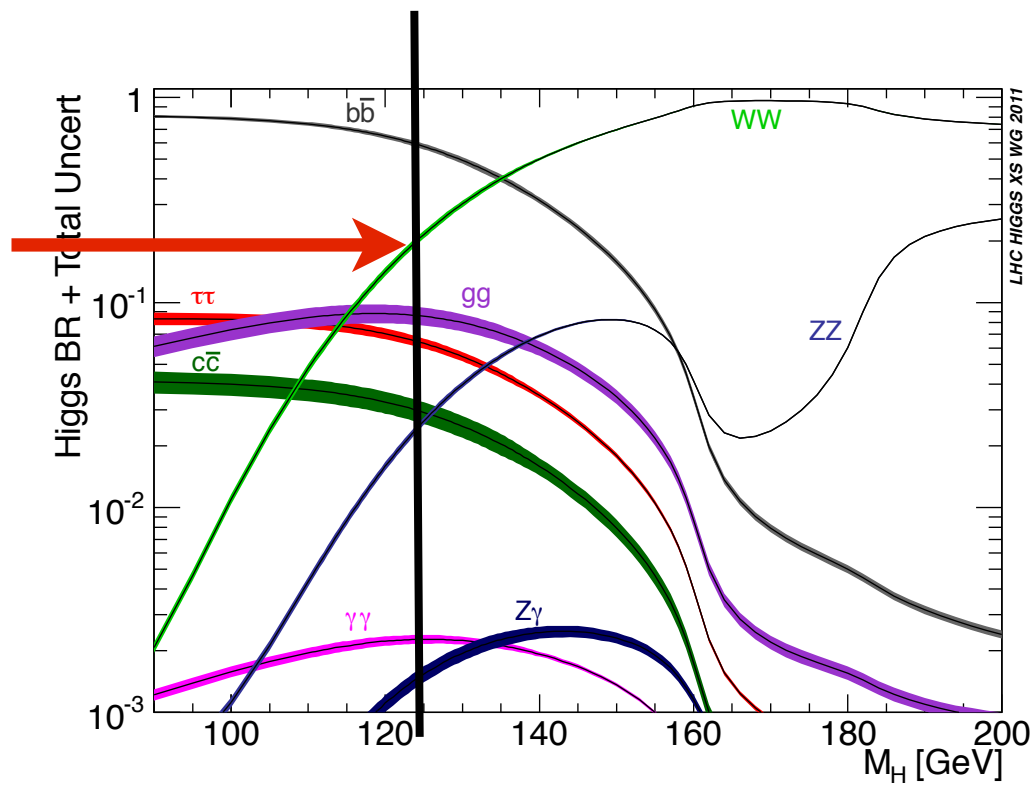
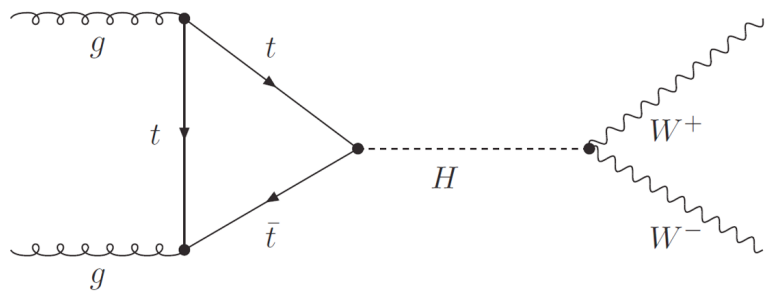


- **Observed significance 6.8σ**
- Measure best fit at 125.7 GeV
 $\mu = 0.93^{+0.26}_{-0.23} \text{ (stat.)} \pm^{+0.13}_{-0.09} \text{ (syst.)}$
- **Mass measurement with 3D fit (m_{4l} , $\delta m_{4l, \text{KD}}$)**
- **$m = 125.6 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.2 \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}$**





$H \rightarrow WW$





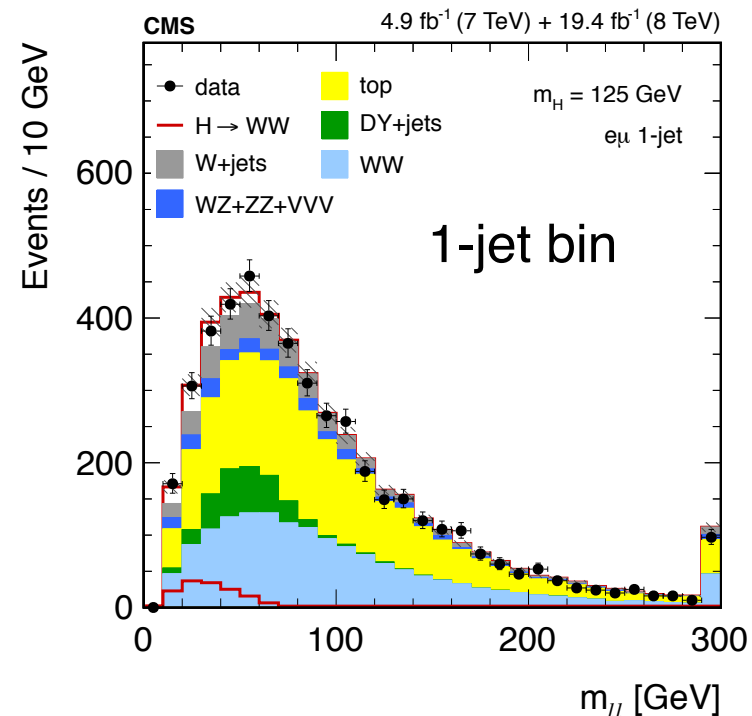
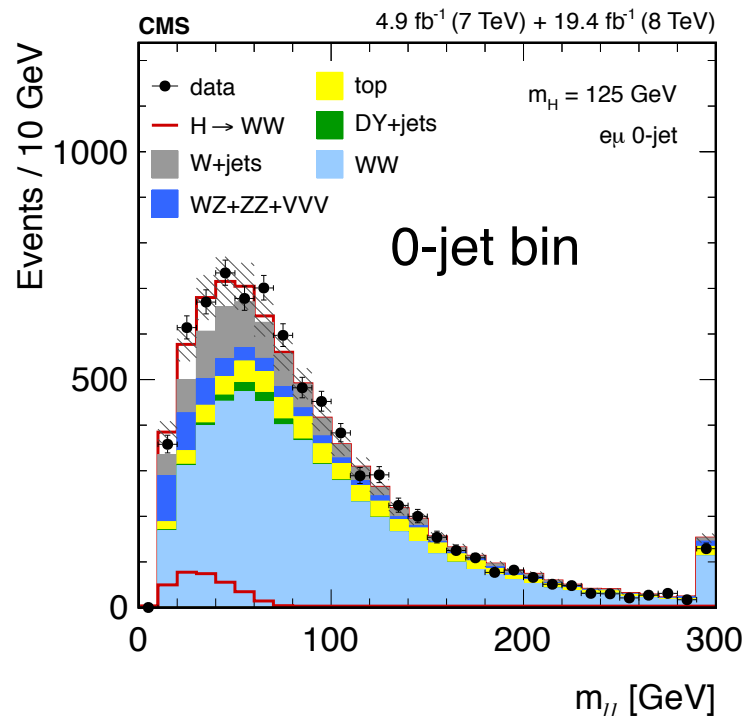
$H \rightarrow W^+W^-$ analysis

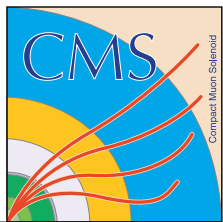
arxiv:1312.1129

Run I legacy
analysis

$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 2l2\nu$ analysis:

- High BR, but no mass peak (resolution is $\sim 20\%$)
- Select two isolated leptons with $p_T > 20, 10$ GeV and $m_{ET} > 20$ GeV
- Categorize in **0-jet, 1-jet, 2-jet bins**, then $ee, \mu\mu, e\mu$ with opposite charge
- Main backgrounds: WW, top (1,2jet bins), W+jets (estimated from control regions in data)



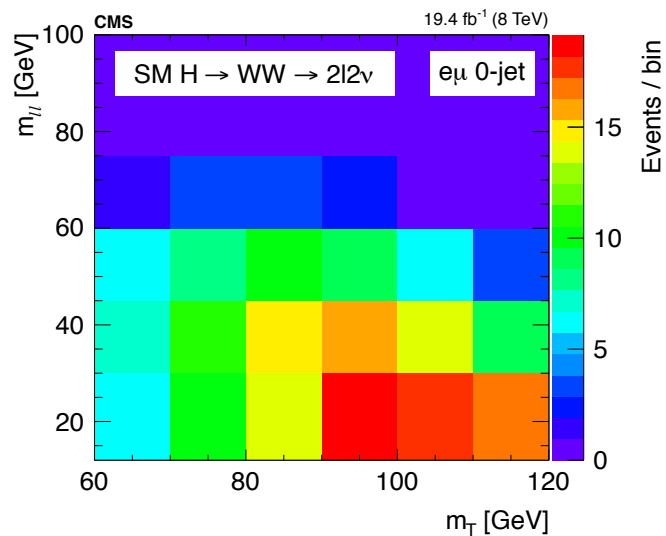
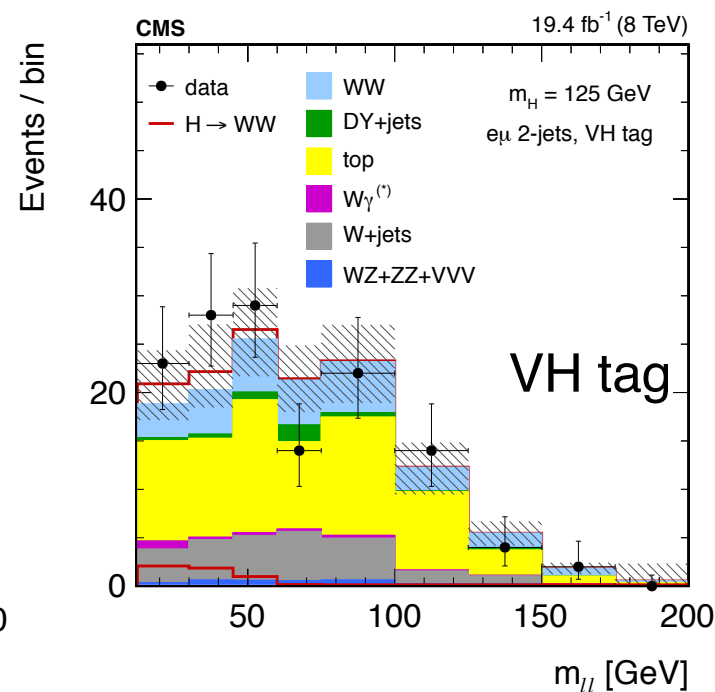
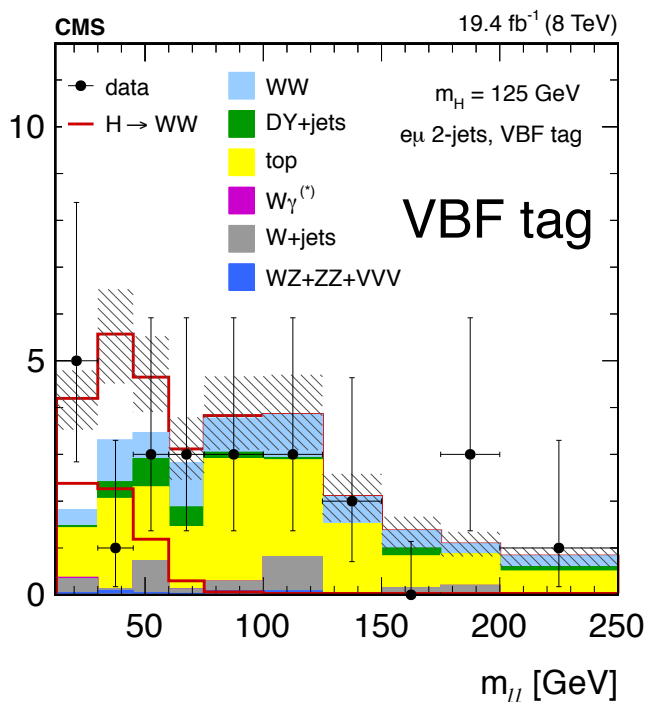
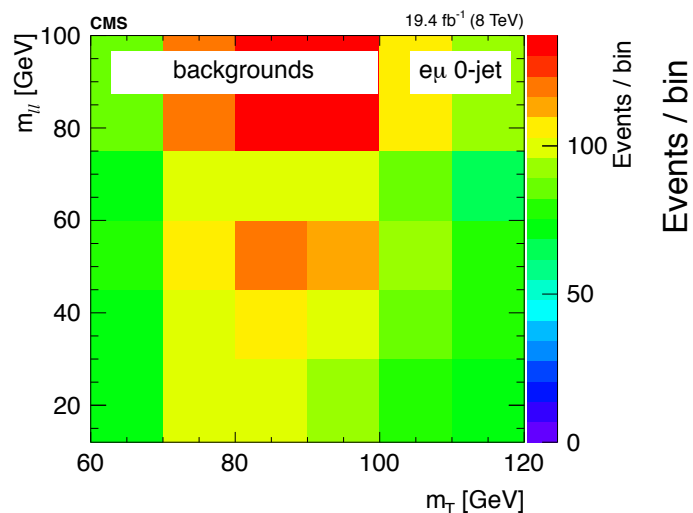


$H \rightarrow W^+W^-$ analysis

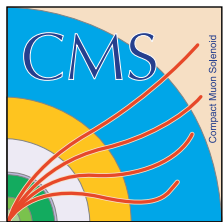
arxiv:1312.1129

2D analysis in (m_T, m_{ll}) for the opposite flavor 0-jet and 1-jet bins (cross-check with a 2nd 2D analysis)

2jets: VBF-tag and VH tag use a fit to m_{ll} distribution



Trilepton final state also used:
 $WH \rightarrow 3l3\nu$, $ZH \rightarrow 3l\nu+2\text{jets}$

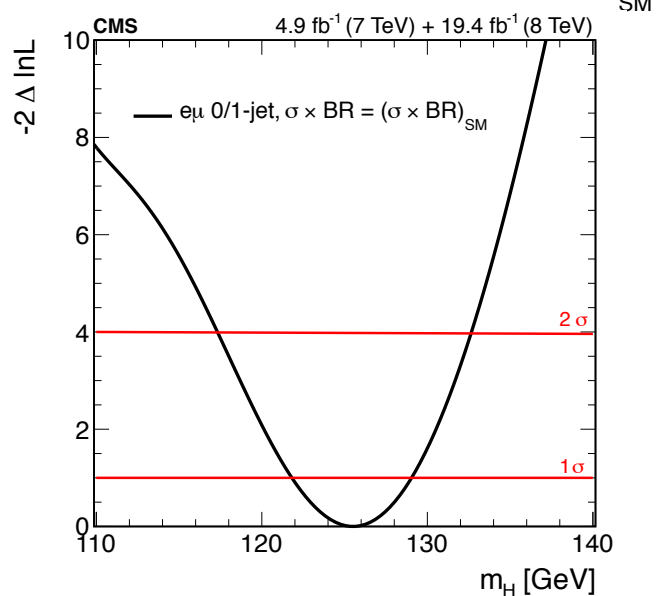
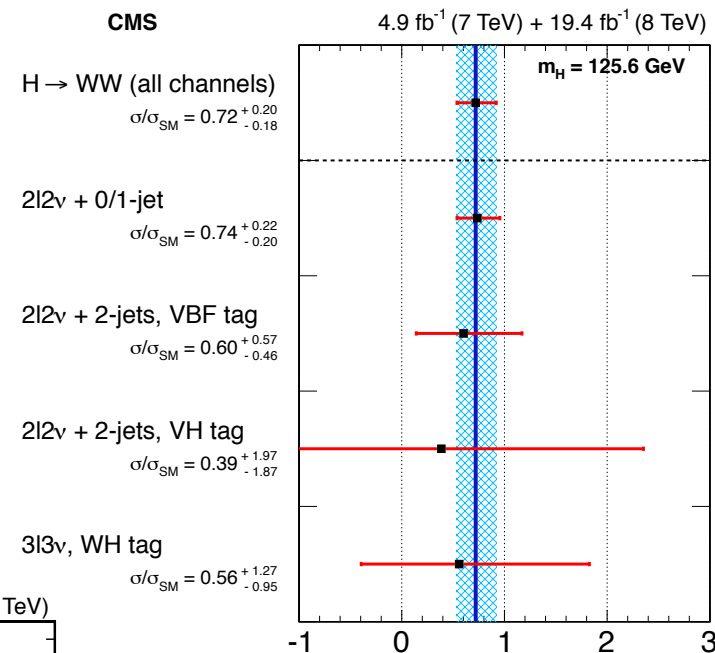
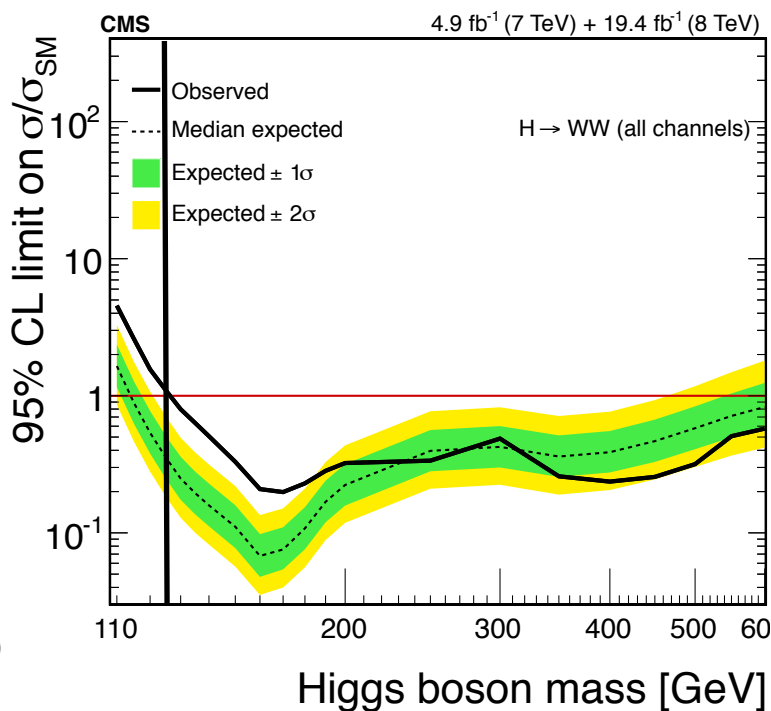
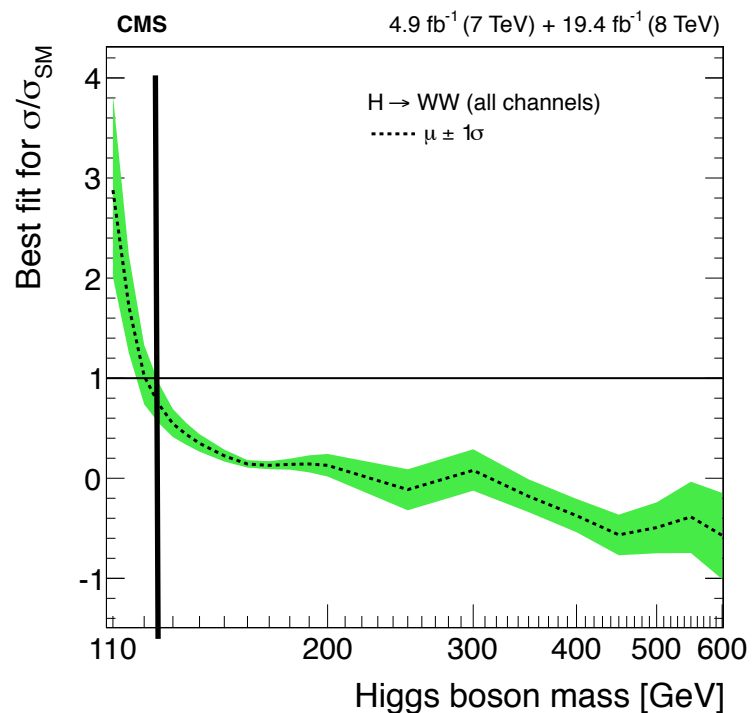


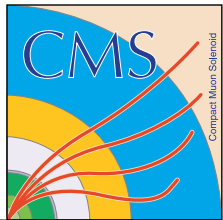
$H \rightarrow W^+W^-$ analysis

arxiv:1312.1129

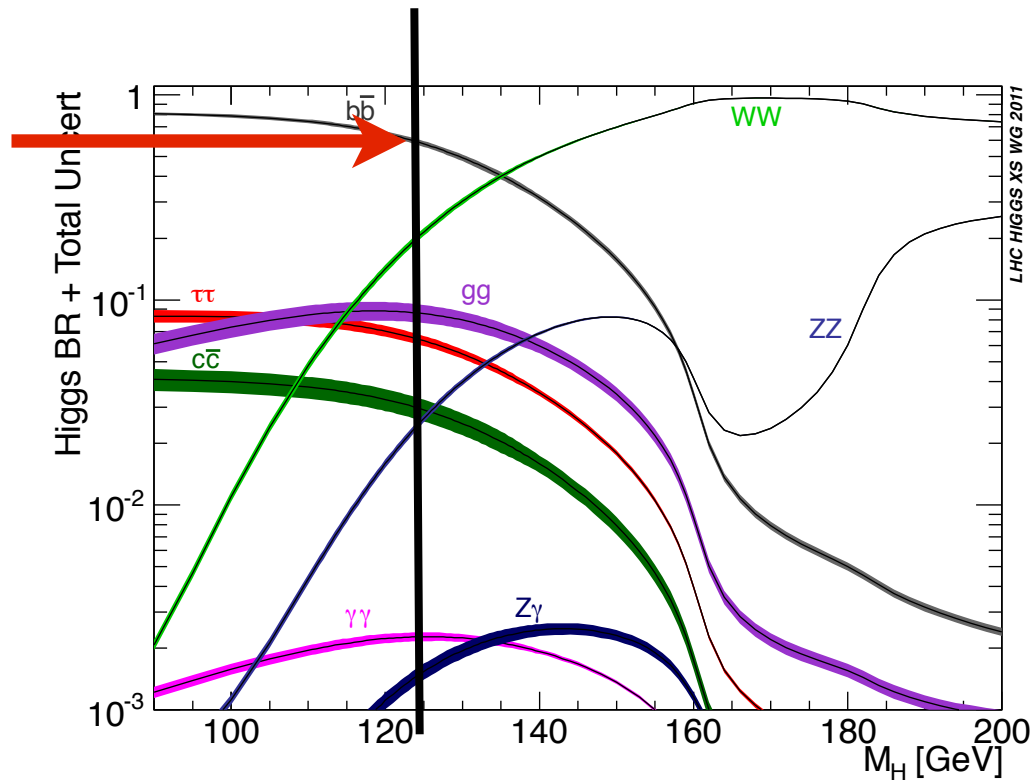
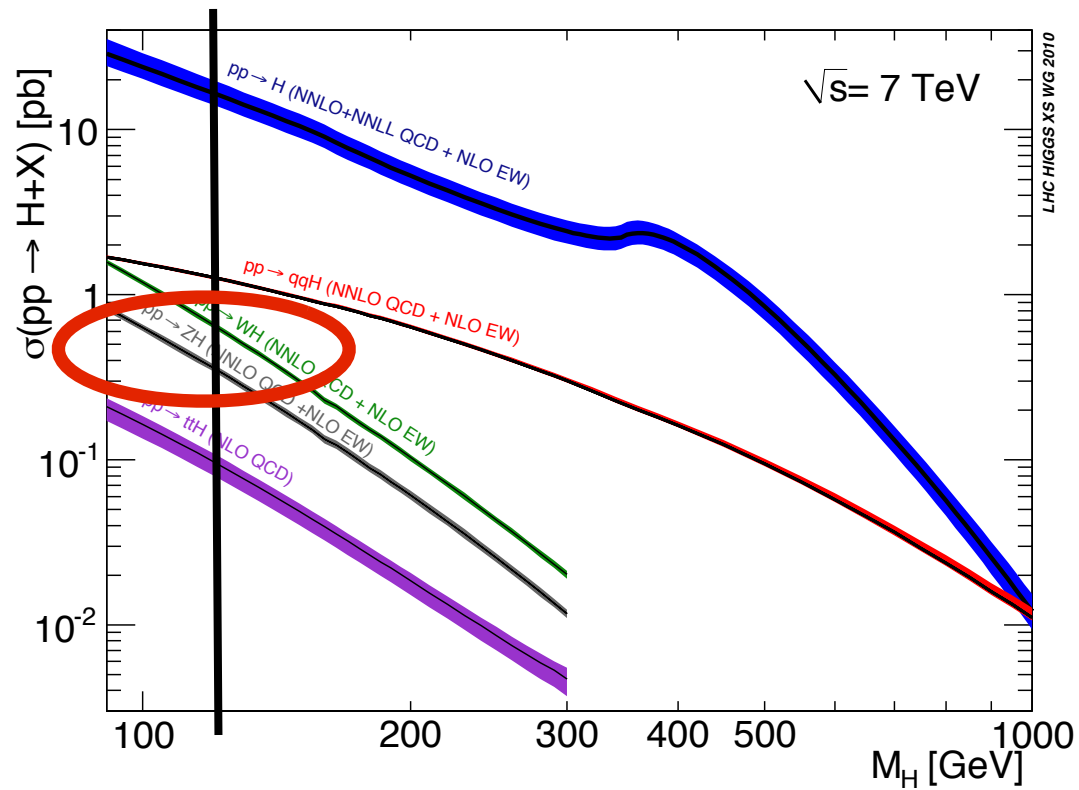
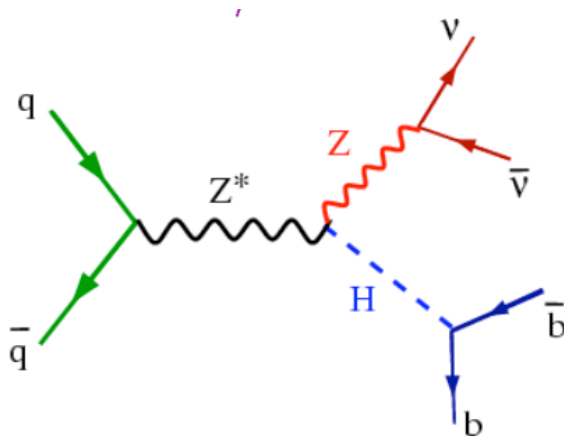
Broad excess observed in exclusion limits compatible with presence of signal

- **Best fit signal strength $\mu=0.72^{+0.20}_{-0.18}$ at 125.6 GeV**
- **Local significance: expected 5.8σ , observed 4.3σ**
- **Mass measurement: $128.2^{+6.6}_{-5.3}$ GeV**





$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$



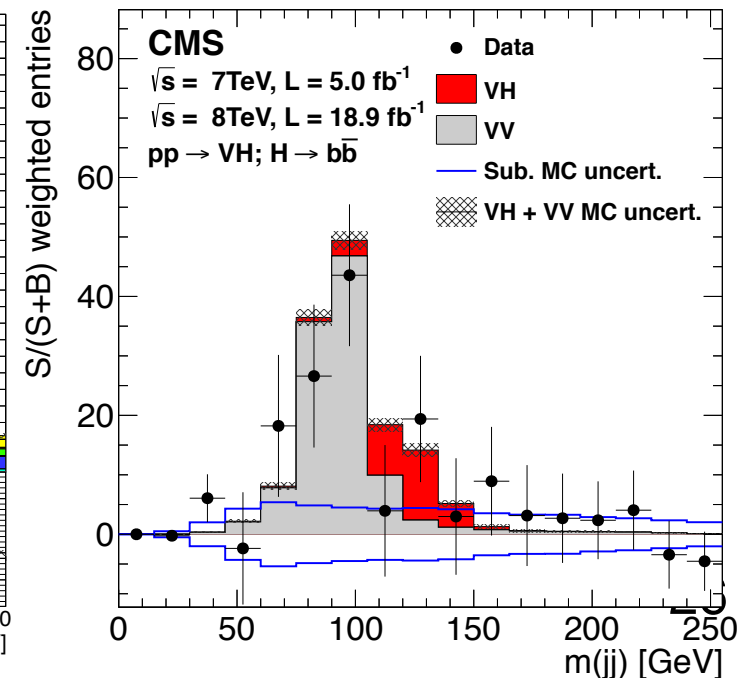
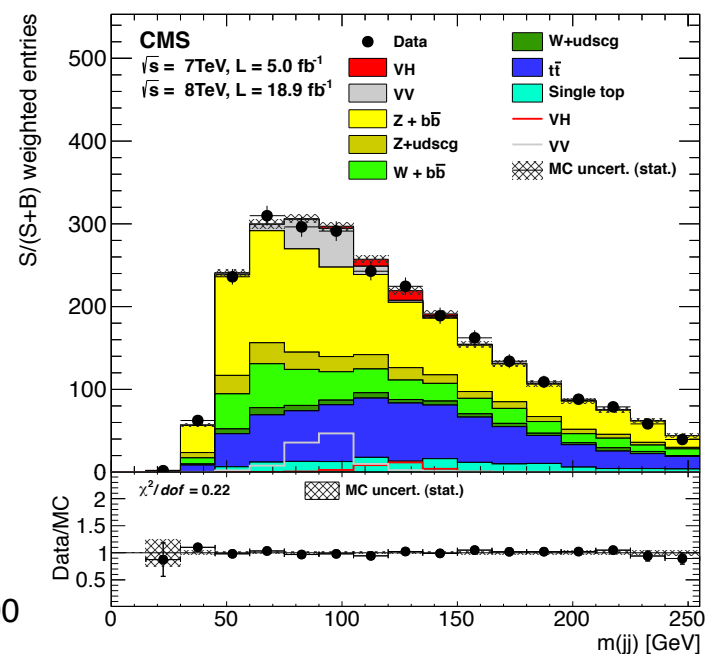
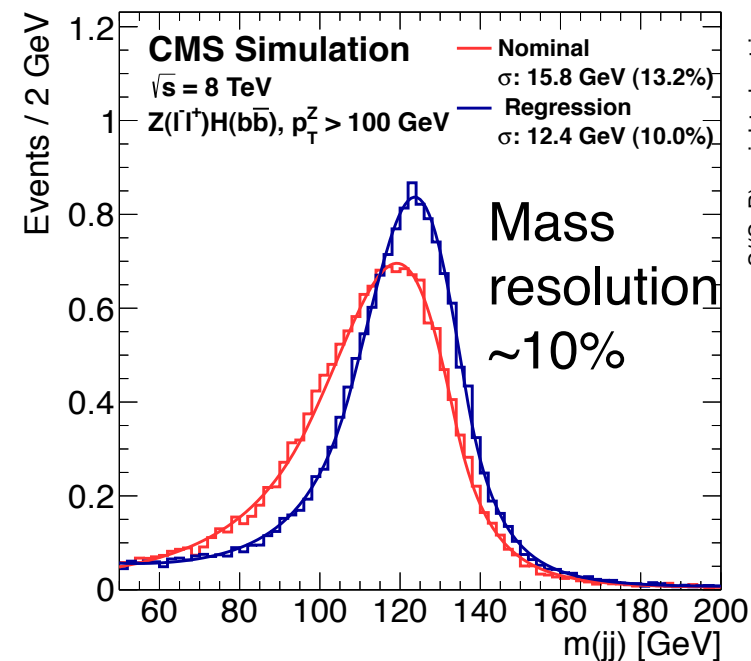


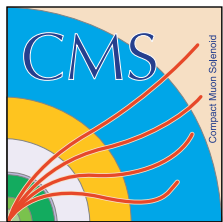
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ analysis

arxiv:1310.3687

Run I legacy
analysis

- Large branching ratio, but large QCD background.
- Improve s/b by requiring two central **b**-tagged jets
- **Require associated production: $VH(bb)$ with V being $W(e\nu)$, $W(\mu\nu)$, $Z(ee)$, $Z(\mu\mu)$, $Z(\nu\nu)$**
- Trigger on the associated vector boson: single/double lepton, $mET(+jets)$
- **Categorize** according to **vector boson p_T** (170 GeV but for $Z(l\bar{l})$, 100 GeV)
- **b-jet energy regression** using 2nd vertex and jet properties, mET direction and soft lepton info inside the jet $\Rightarrow$ improves analysis sensitivity by 15-20%





$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$: BDT shape analysis

arxiv:1310.3687

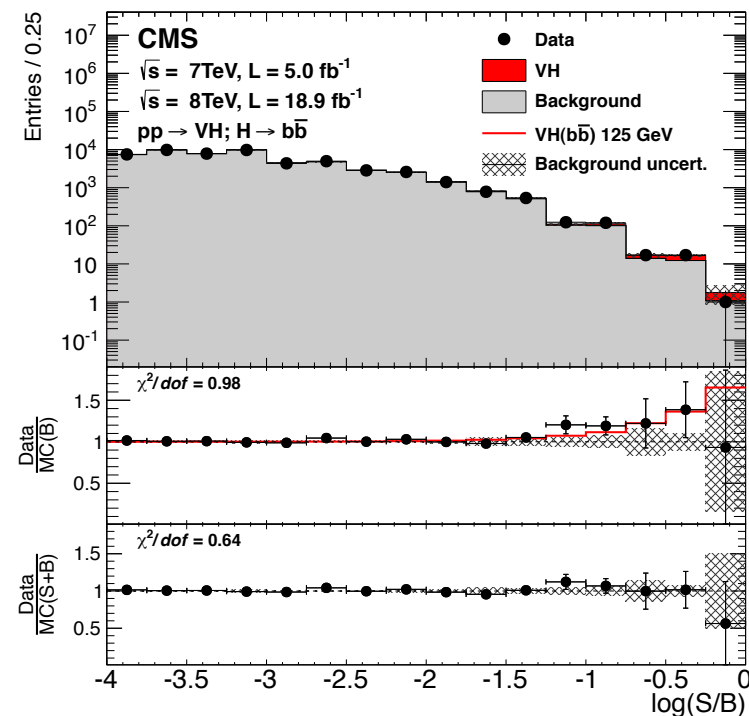
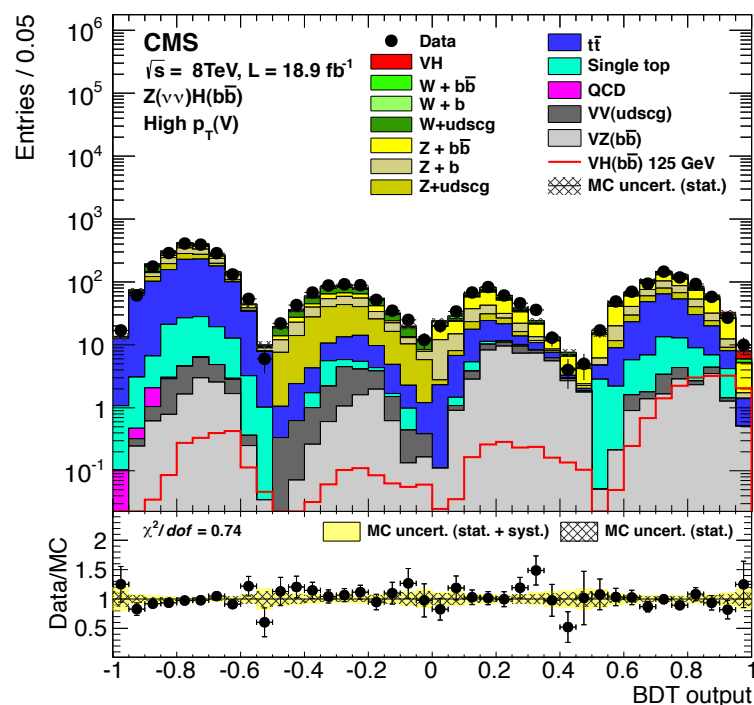
- Main background after preselection: V+2jets, VV, top

BDT shape analysis:

- BDT **variables**: mainly jets and vector boson kinematics, b-tagging discriminant
- Fit to the **BDT shapes** in each channel (10% improvement wrt cut and count)

- 4 “staggered” BDT, trained against diboson, $t\bar{t}$, W/Z +jets, and all background

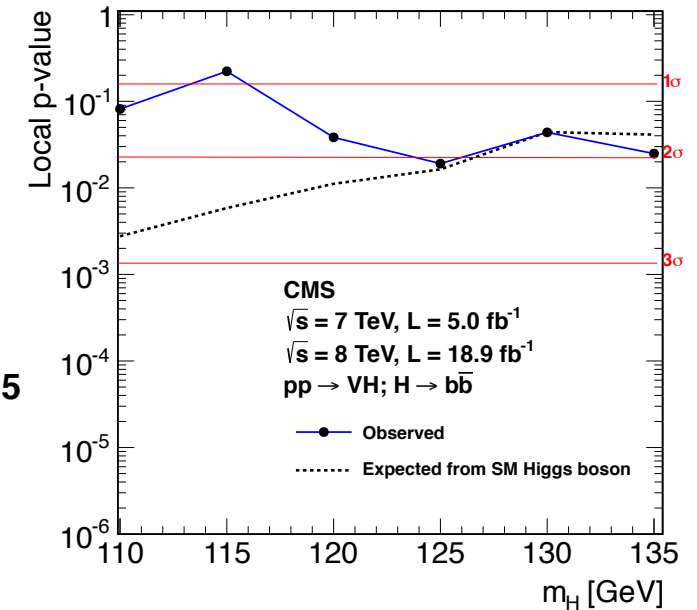
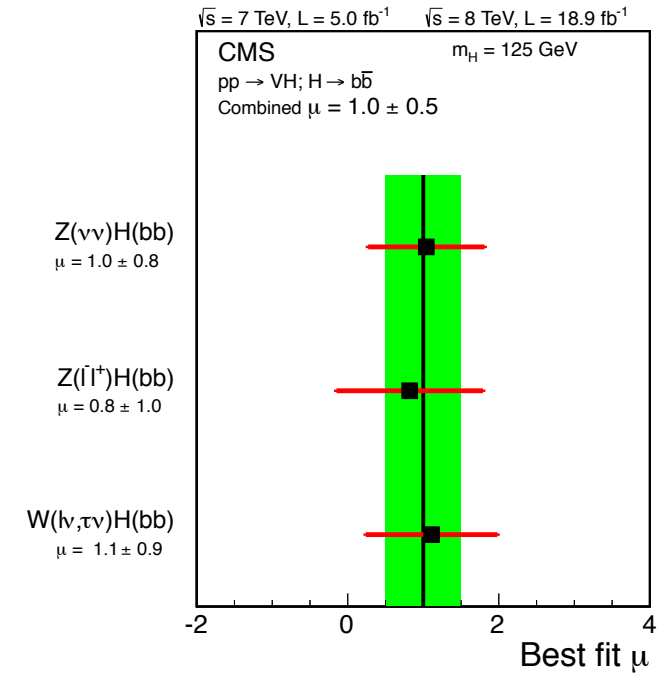
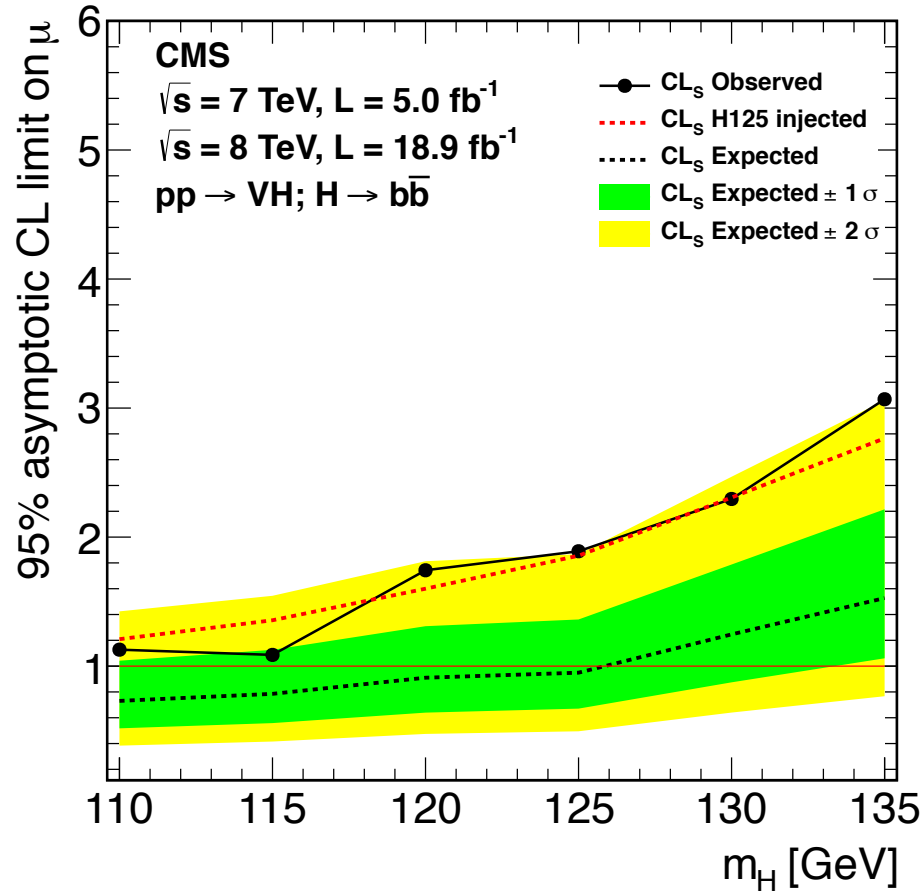
- Check that such a BDT approach is able to **measure $VZ(bb)$: 6.9σ**





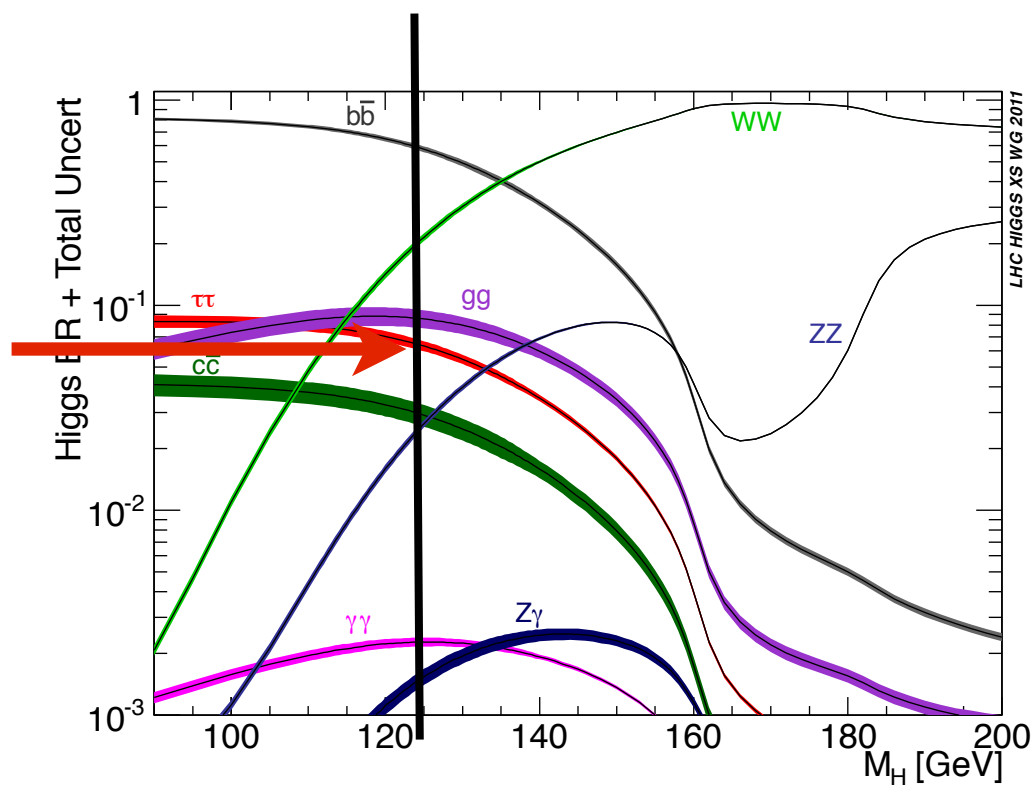
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ results

arxiv:1310.3687



- Broad excess compatible with SM Higgs injection
- At 125 GeV, observed p-value 2.1σ Best fit $\mu = 1.0^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$

$$H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$$





<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/Hig13004TWikiUpdate>

New!
(December)

5 final states: $\mu\tau_h$, $e\tau_h$, $e\mu$, $\tau_h\tau_h$, $\mu\mu$, also associated production $VH(\tau\tau)$

- Main background: QCD, $Z(\tau\tau)$ +jets

- **Tau reconstruction with the particle-flow (PF) algorithm**

- MVA for τ_h isolation in rings and for PF mET

- Mass reconstruction with matrix element method (SVFit)

- **Categories: 2-jet (VBF tag, most sensitive), 1-jet, 0-jet**

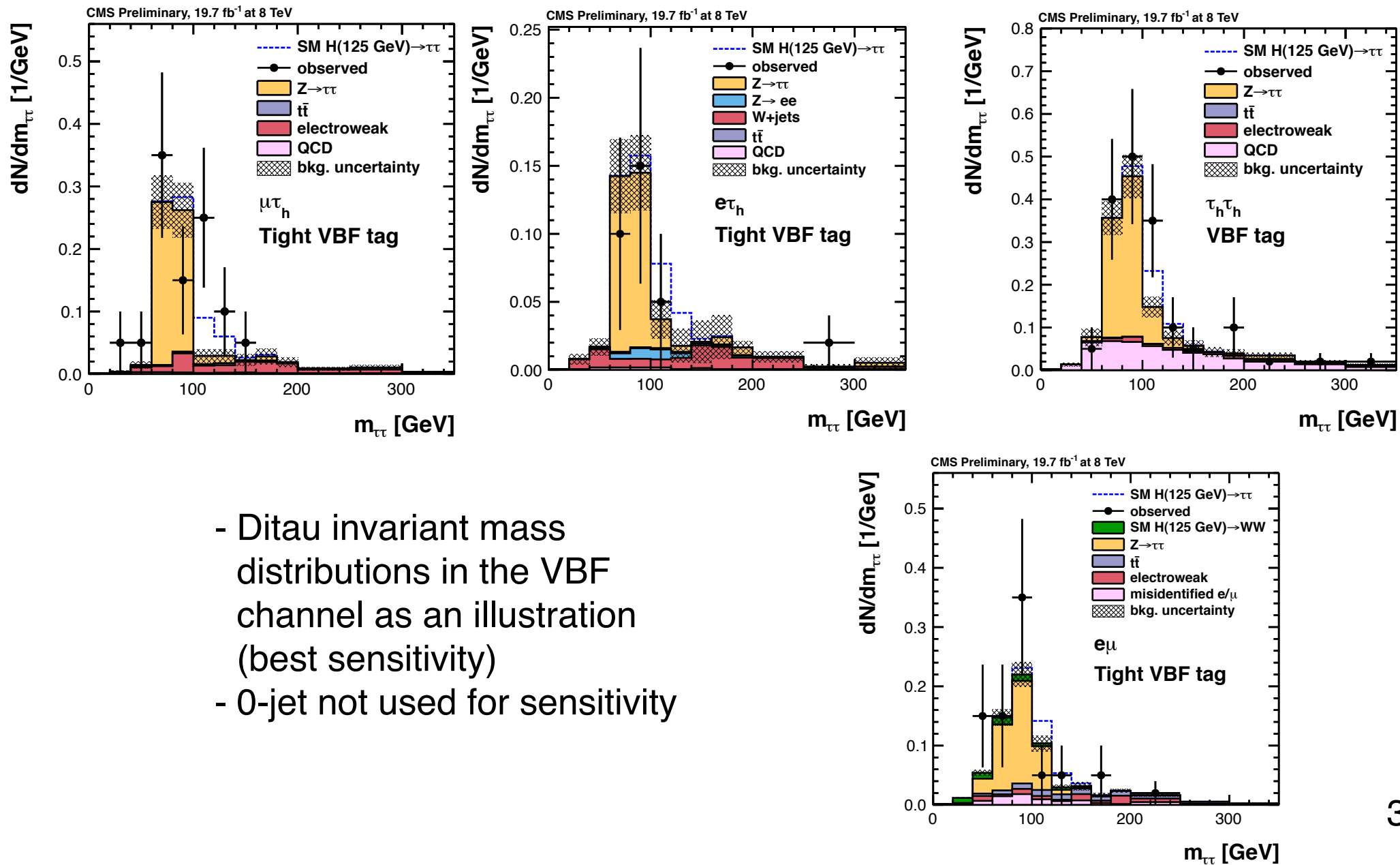
- **Split further categories with p_T**

- Data-driven method to estimate tau fake rate from control regions

		0-jet	1-jet		2-jet	
				$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{ij} > 500 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta_{ij} > 3.5$	$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{ij} > 700 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta_{ij} > 4.0$
$\mu\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$ boost	loose VBF tag	tight VBF tag (2012 only)
	baseline	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$			
$e\tau_h$	$p_T(\tau_h) > 45 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$	high $p_T(\tau_h)$ boost	loose VBF tag	tight VBF tag (2012 only)
	baseline	low $p_T(\tau_h)$	low $p_T(\tau_h)$			
$e\mu$			$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$			
	$p_T(\mu) > 35 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(\mu)$	high $p_T(\mu)$		loose VBF tag	tight VBF tag (2012 only)
	baseline	low $p_T(\mu)$	low $p_T(\mu)$			
$ee, \mu\mu$	$p_T(l) > 35 \text{ GeV}$	high $p_T(l)$	high $p_T(l)$		2-jet	
	baseline	low $p_T(l)$	low $p_T(l)$			
$\tau_h\tau_h$			boost	large boost	VBF tag	
	baseline		$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 170 \text{ GeV}$		
			$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 170 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T^{\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{ij} > 500 \text{ GeV}$ $ \Delta\eta_{ij} > 3.5$	30

$H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/Hig13004TWikiUpdate>

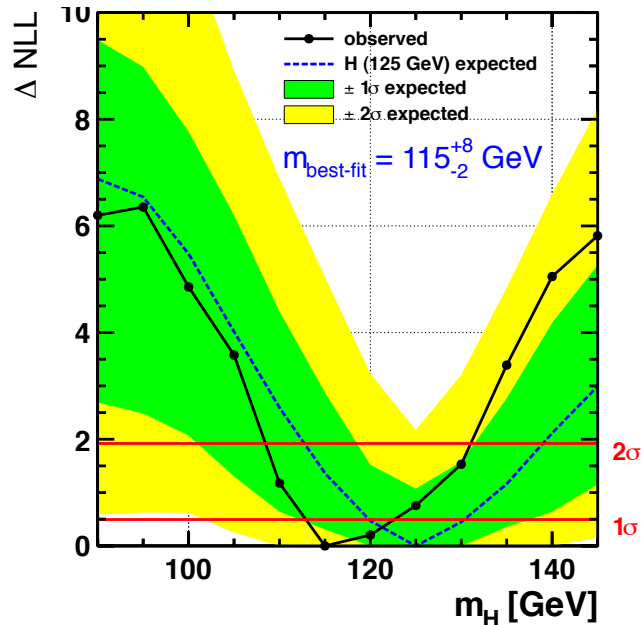
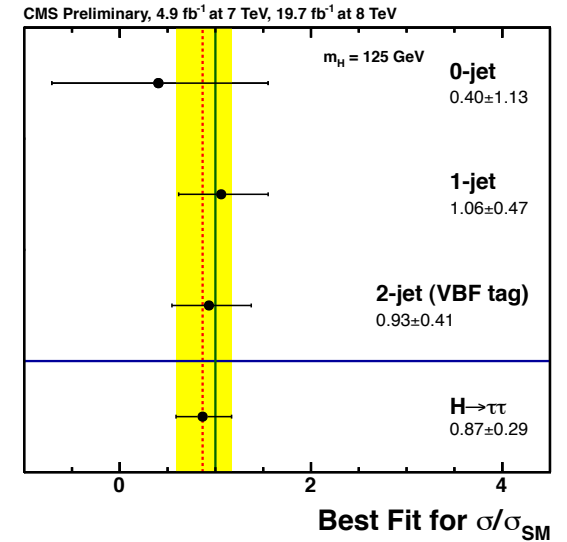
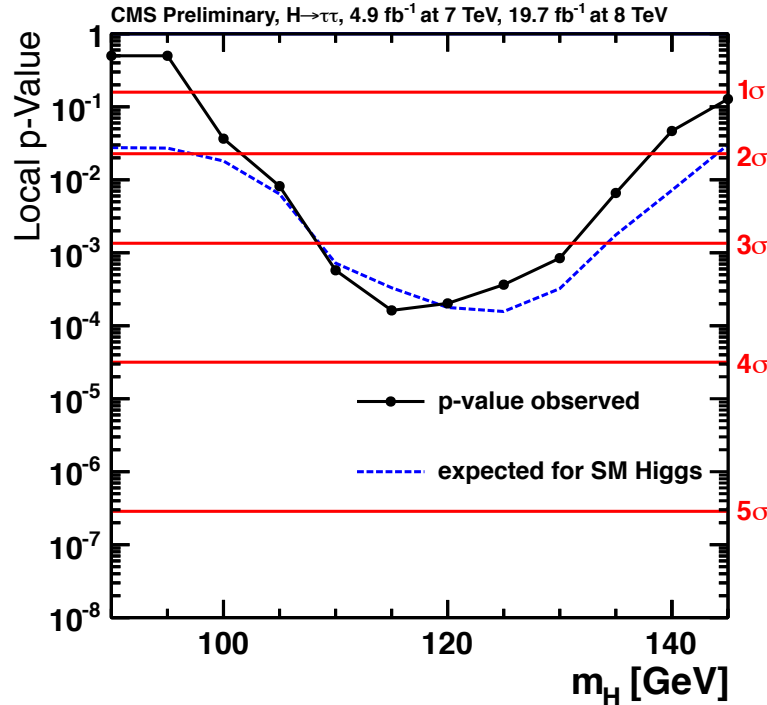
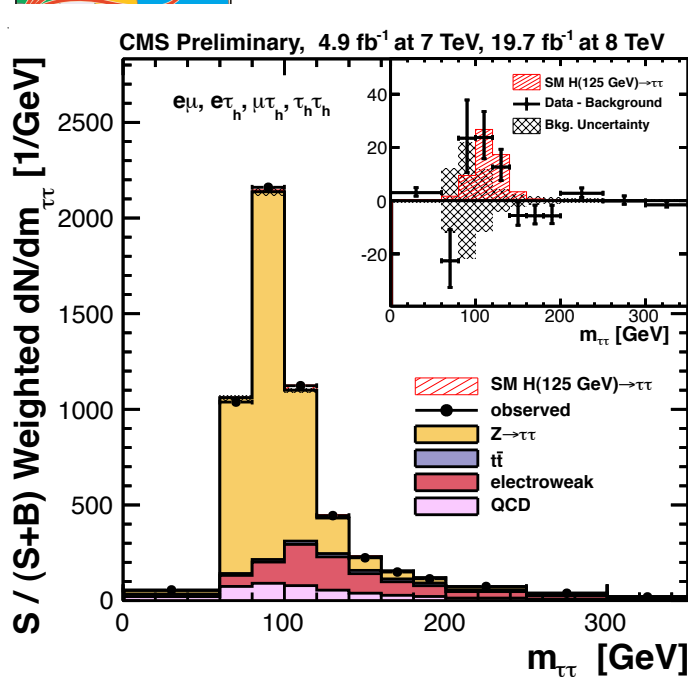


- Ditu invariant mass distributions in the VBF channel as an illustration (best sensitivity)
- 0-jet not used for sensitivity



$H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$

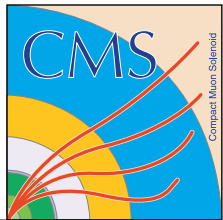
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/Hig13004TWikiUpdate>



- Broad excess observed compatible with the signal injection test
- Local p -value $>3\sigma$ in 110-130 GeV range
- Best fit $\mu=0.87\pm0.29$
- Mass: $115^{+8}_{-2} GeV$
- Evidence for coupling to tau

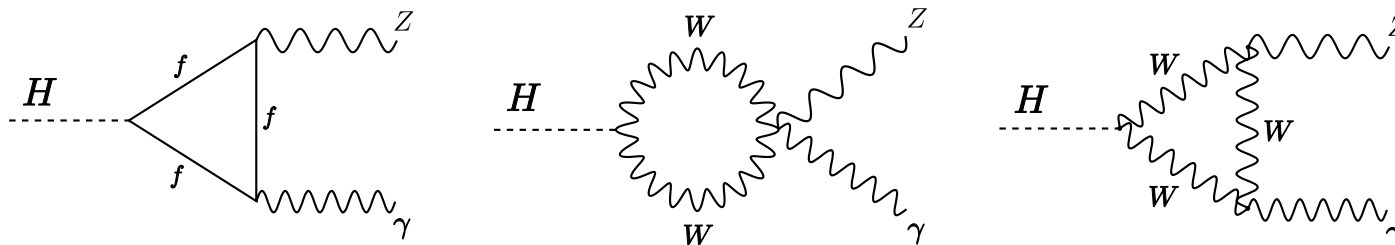


Other channels and properties

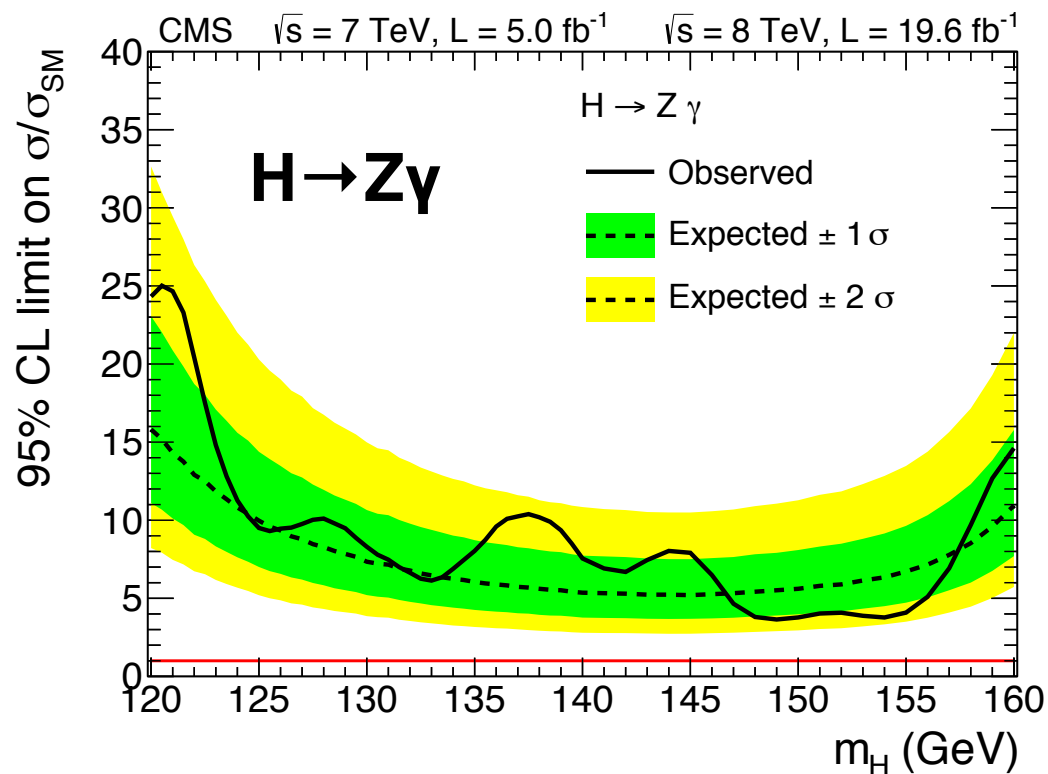


$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$

arxiv:1307.5515



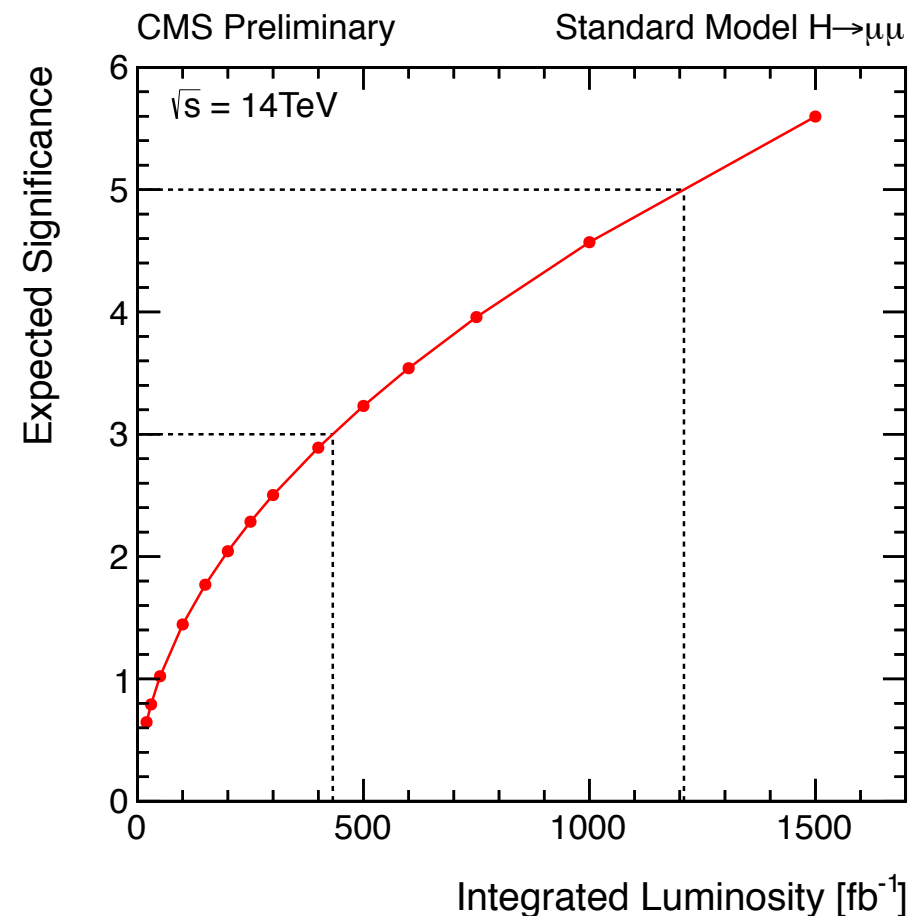
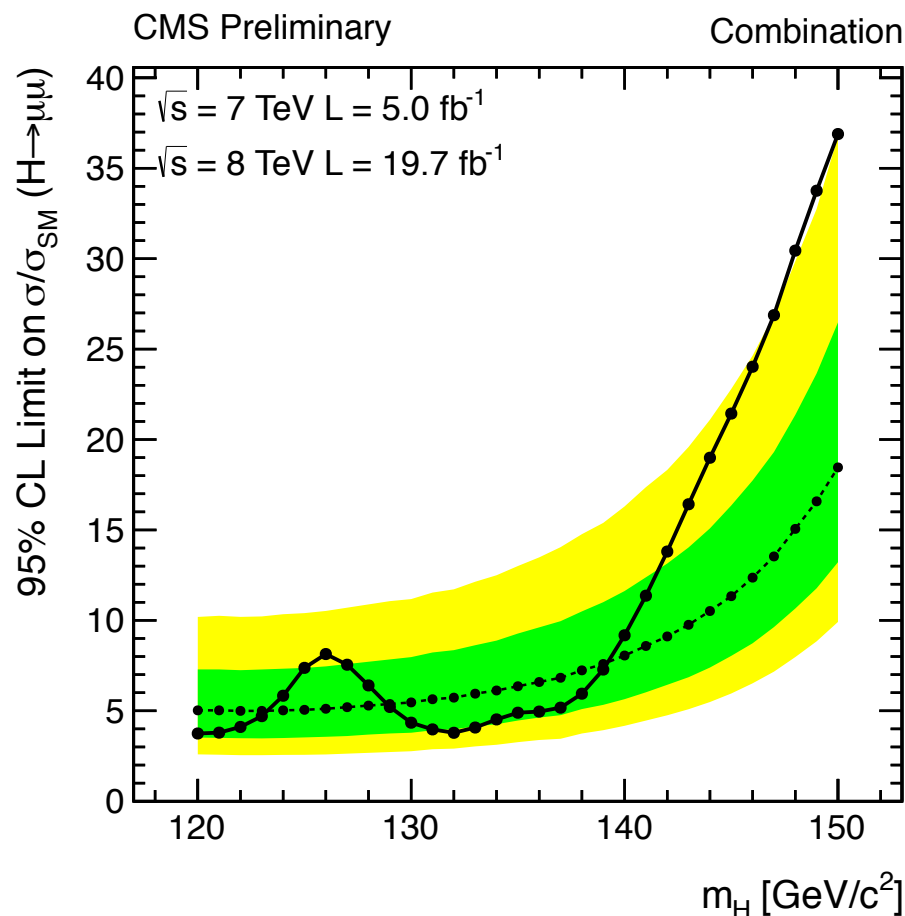
- Interesting because **probes new physics in the loops** (as $\gamma\gamma$ do)
- ee and $\mu\mu$ channels included
- Categorize in lepton η and photon η and converted/unconverted
- Untagged and VBF categories
- Mass resolution 1-3%
- Getting closer to the SM: at 125 GeV, **exclude $\sim 10x$ SM**

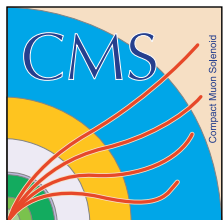




$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ PAS-HIG-13-007

- **BR($H \rightarrow \mu\mu$) very small** $\sim 2 \cdot 10^{-4}$ (MSSM and other BSM can predict higher BR)
- **Categories:** 3 Dijet tags, and 2 untagged (low/high Higgs p_T) further splitted in inner Barrel, outer Barrel and Endcap
- Resolution 1.6 GeV in best category
- Background estimate from mass fit to data

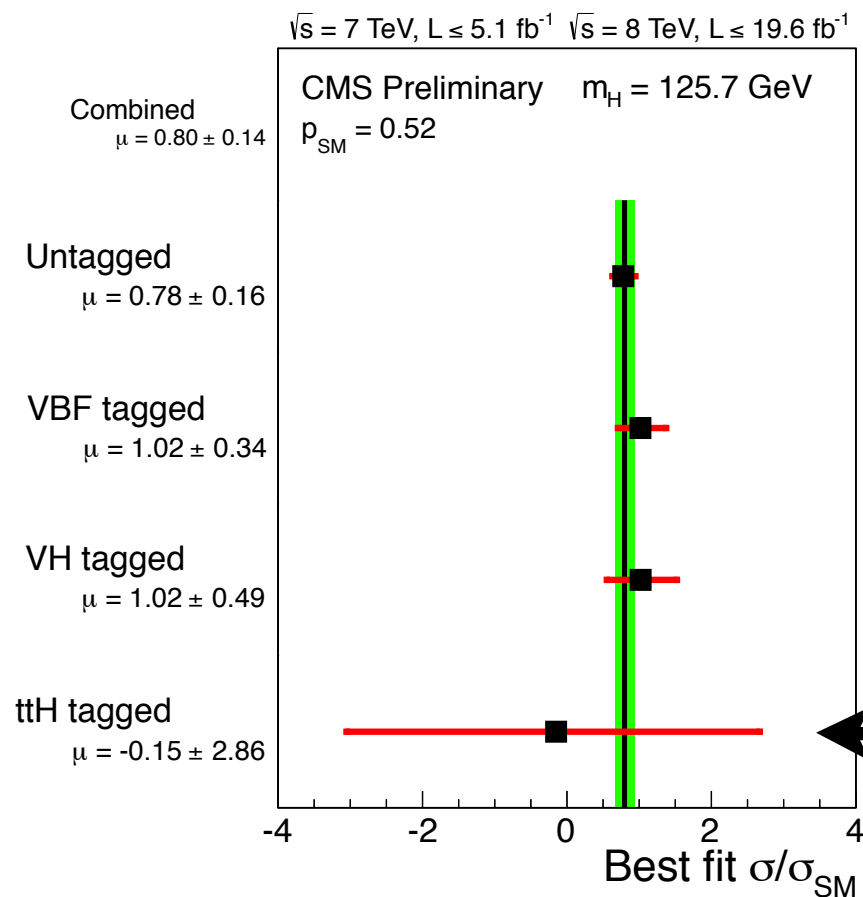
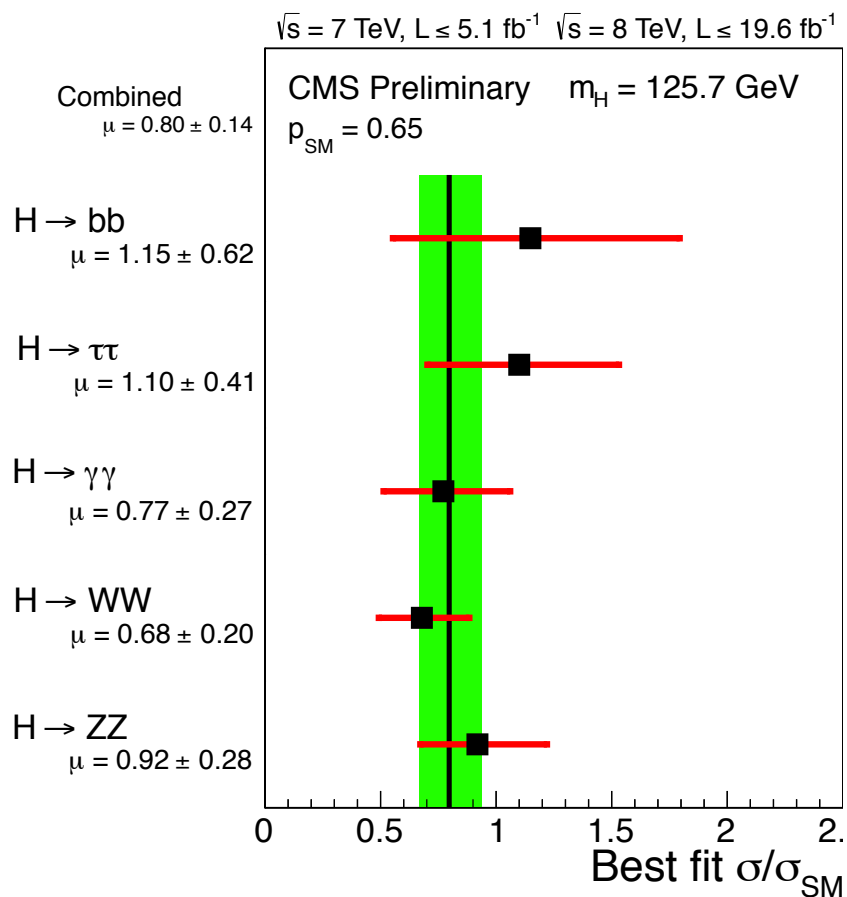




Combination: results

PAS-HIG-13-007

- Entering in precise measurement era
- Combined **best fit $\mu=0.80\pm0.14$**
- Less known production mechanism ttH, and decay Hbb

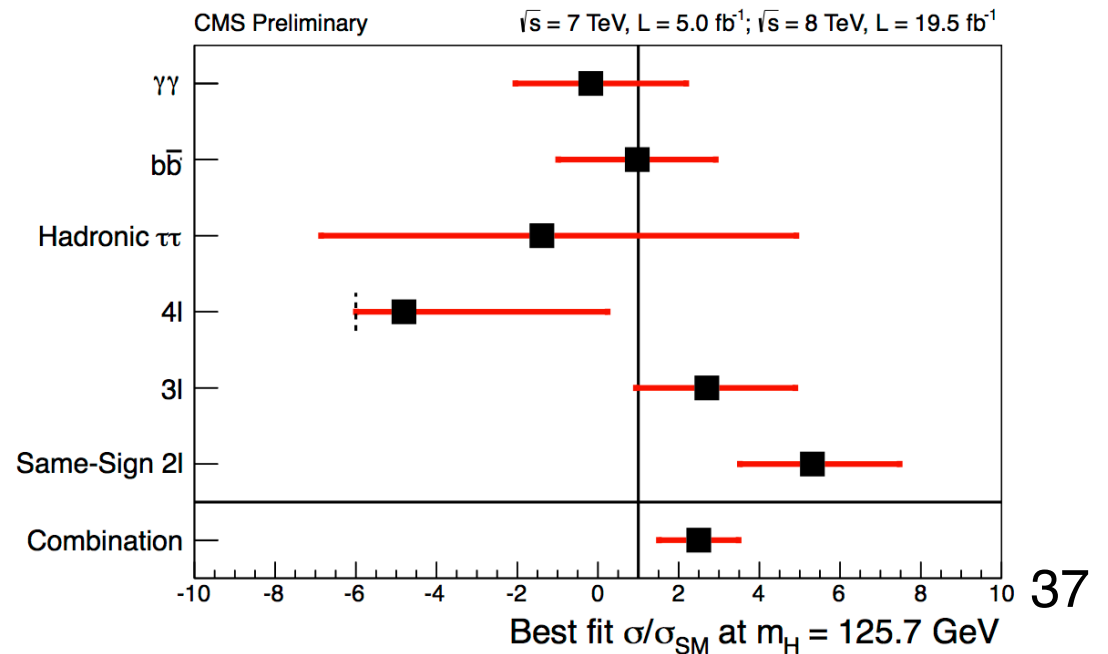
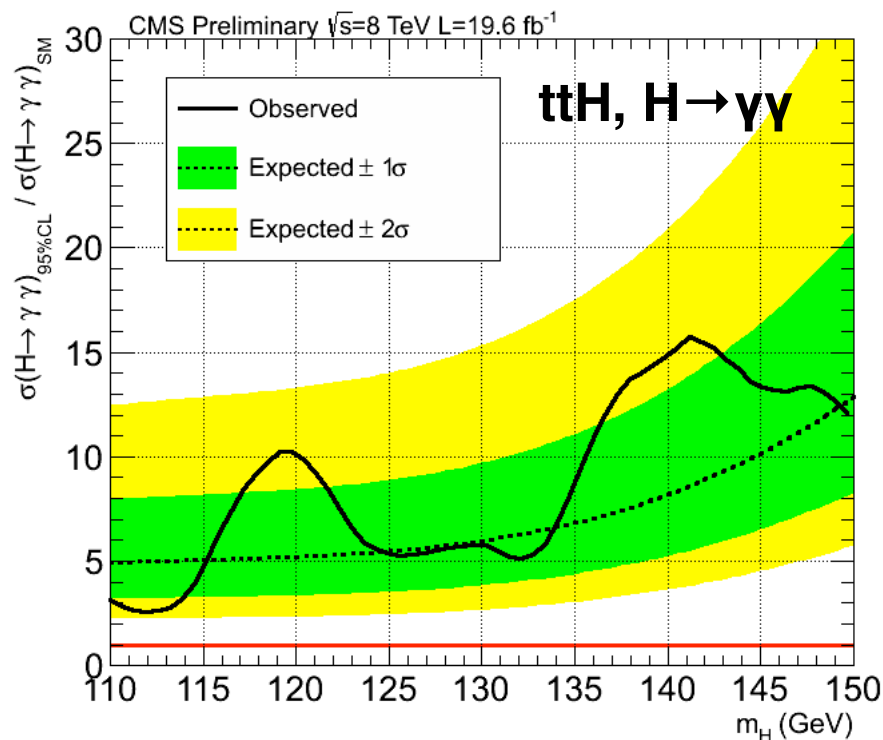
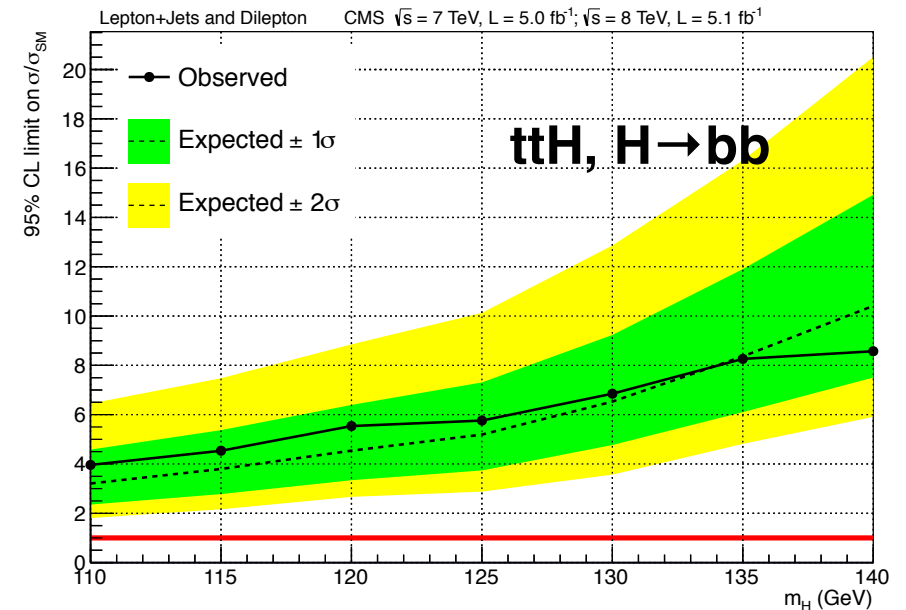


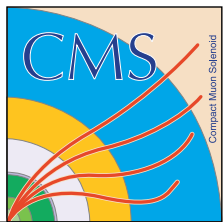


ttH combination

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/ttHCombinationTWiki>

- Probing coupling to top quark
- Main background: $t\bar{t}$
- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}, \tau\tau$: Categorize with number of b-tag and number of jets, use neural network
- Lepton decay: use BDT
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: Cut-based analysis
- Combination of all decay channels, measure $\mu \sim 2.5 \pm 1$

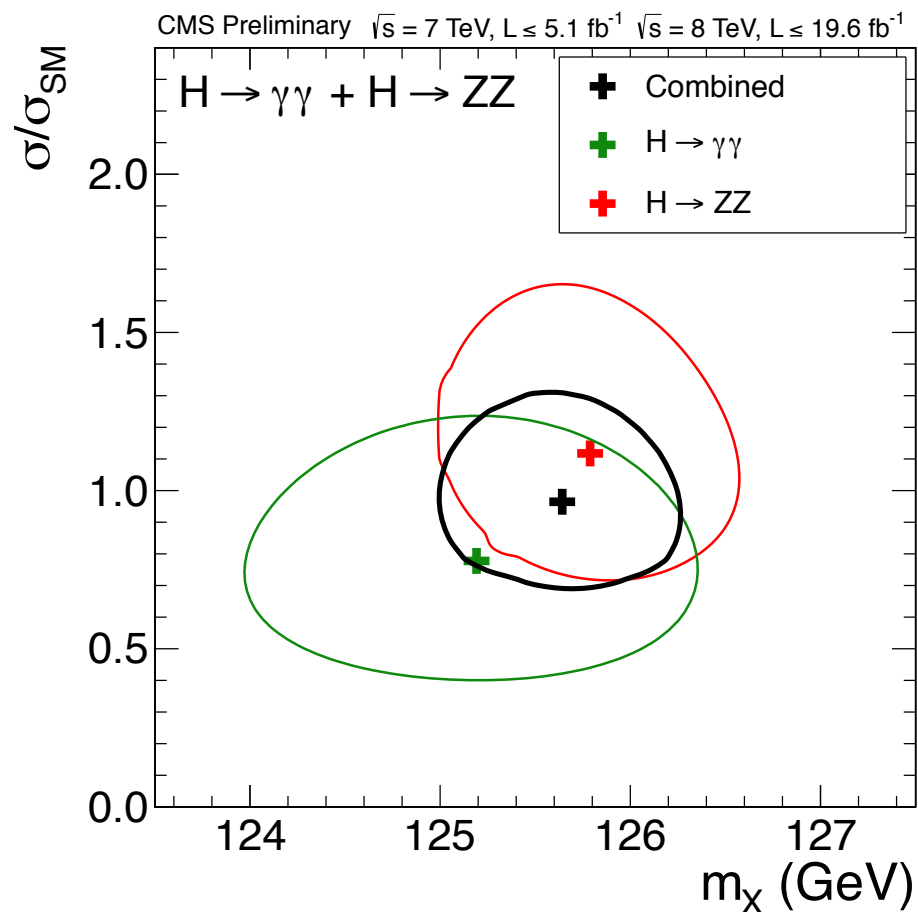
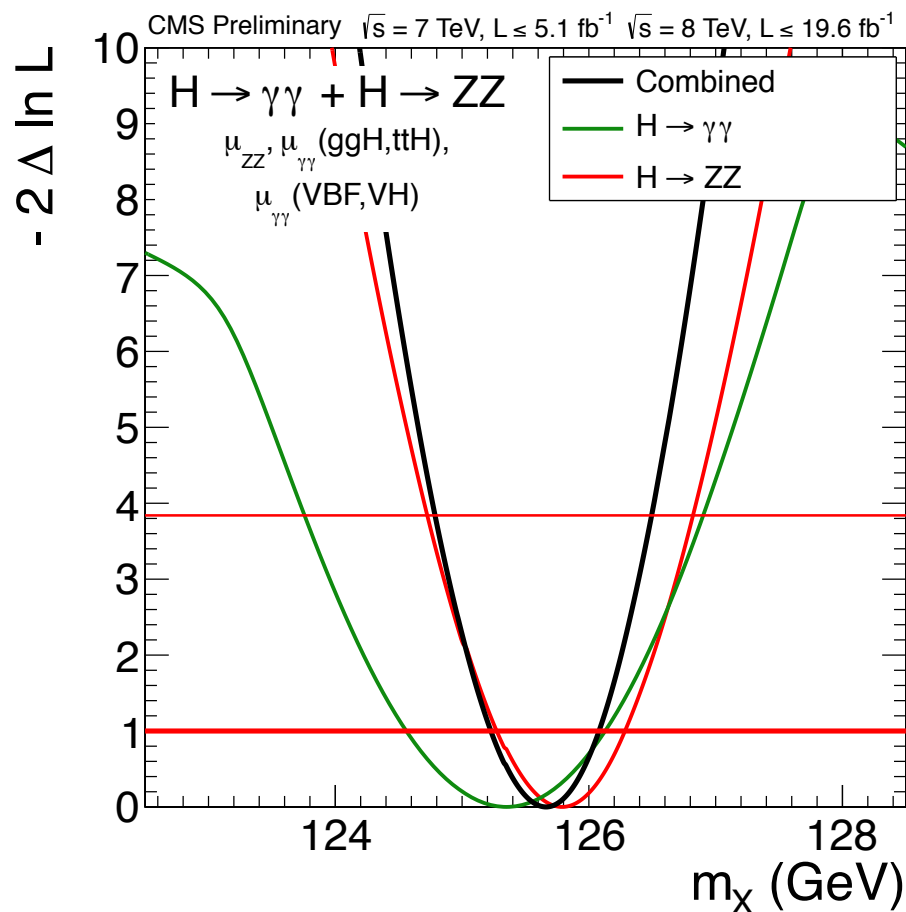


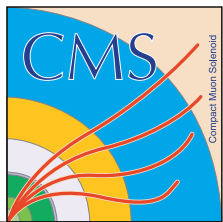


Mass measurement

PAS-HIG-13-007

- Fit from $\gamma\gamma$ and ZZ : measures $125.7 \pm 0.3(\text{stat}) \pm 0.3(\text{syst})$ GeV
- Masses from $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow ZZ$ channels are compatible within 1σ





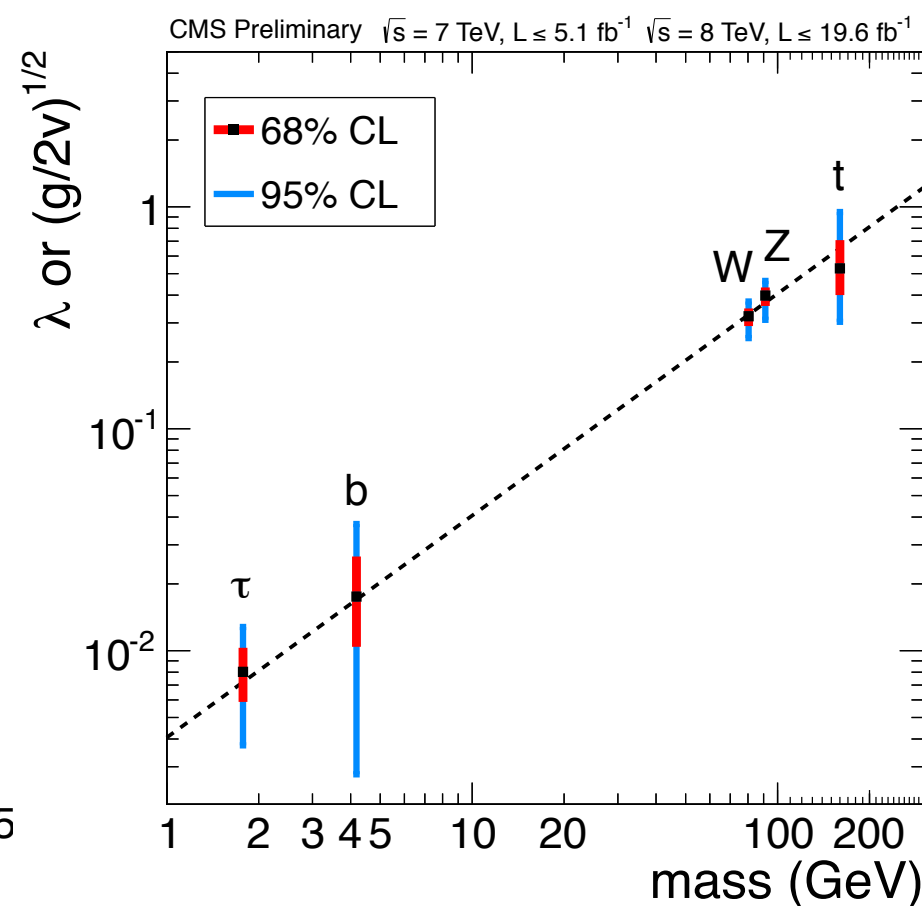
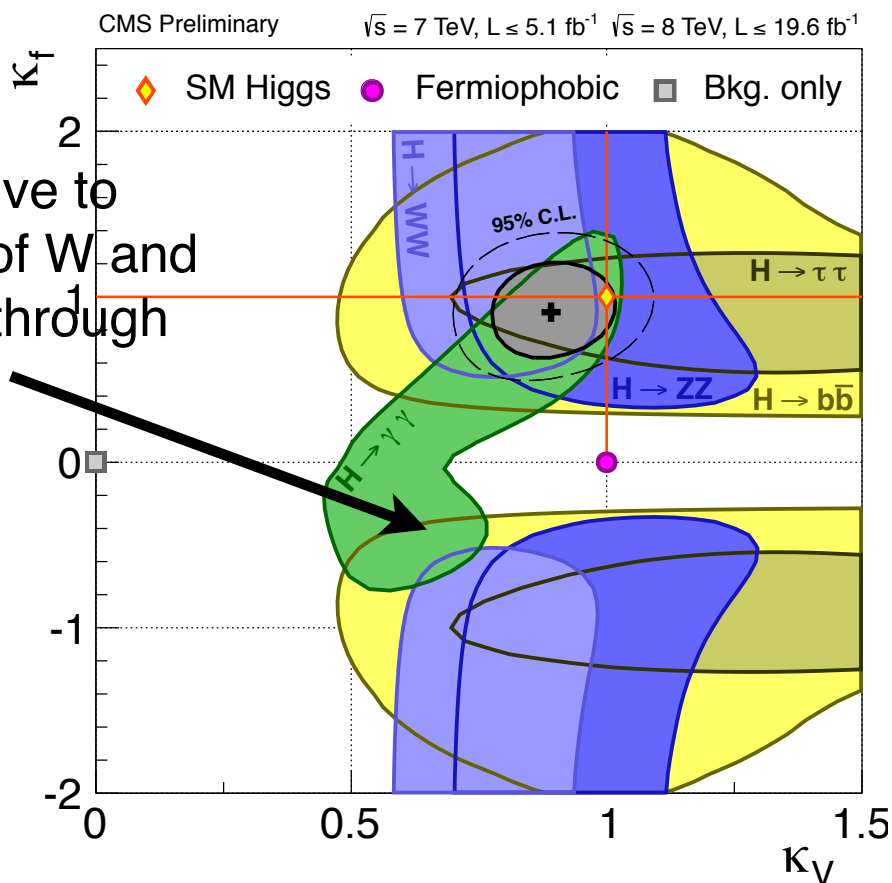
Couplings

PAS-HIG-13-007

The four main production mechanisms are all related to a **fermion-coupling** (top in gluon fusion loop, ttH) or to **vector boson coupling** (VBF, VH).

Couplings very much compatible with standard model

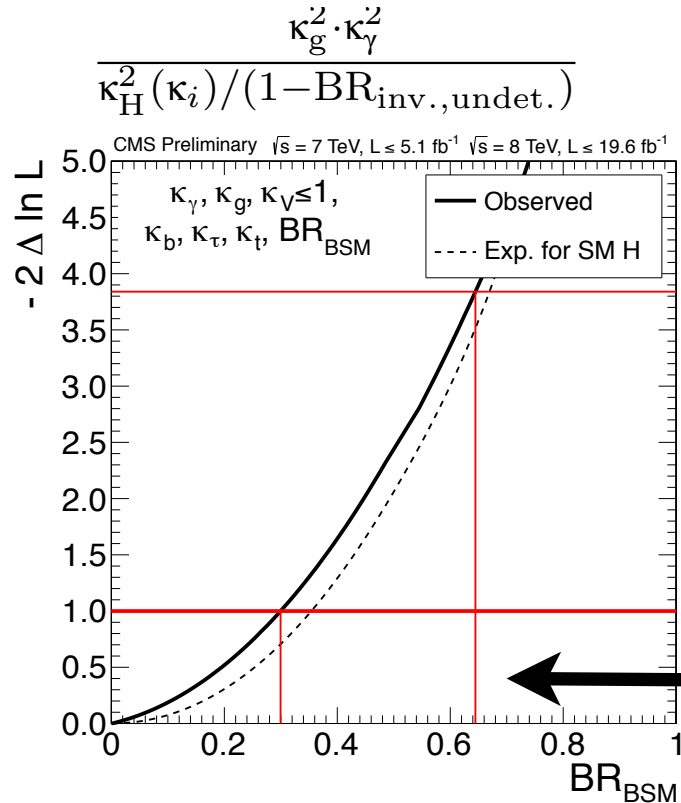
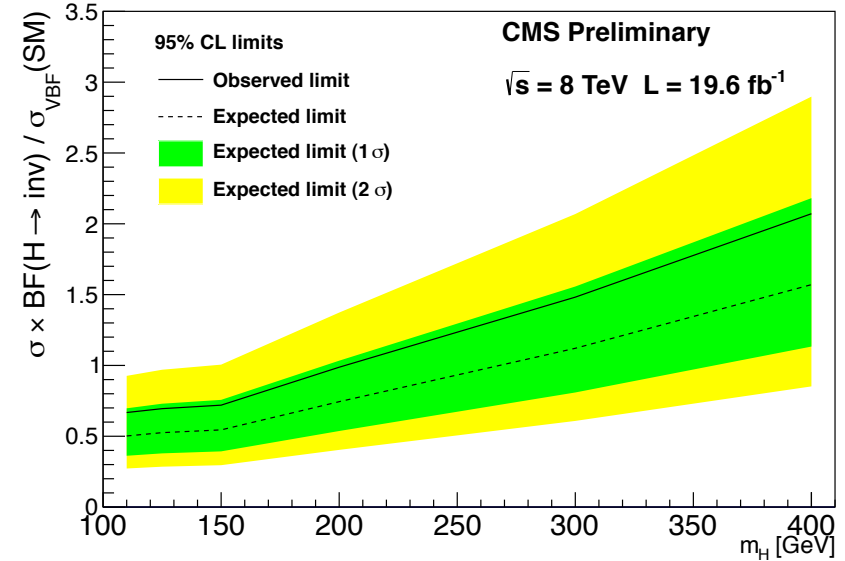
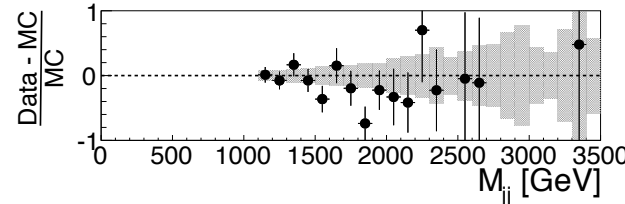
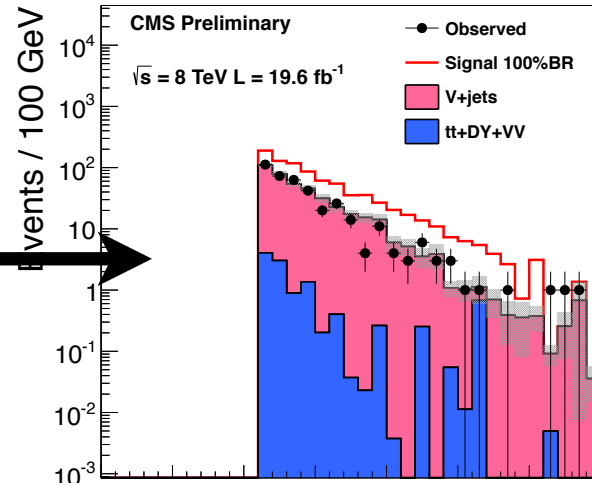
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ sensitive to relative sign of W and top coupling through decay loop





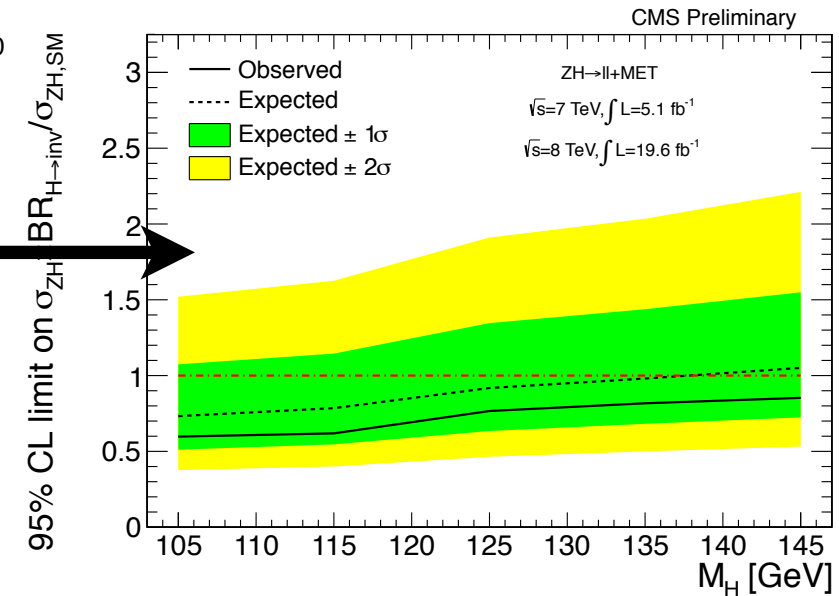
BR(H → invisible)

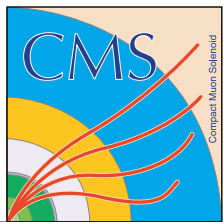
Direct searches:
VBF H → Invisible
BR(H → Inv) < 69%



Direct searches:
Z(ll)H → Invisible
BR(H → Inv) < 75%

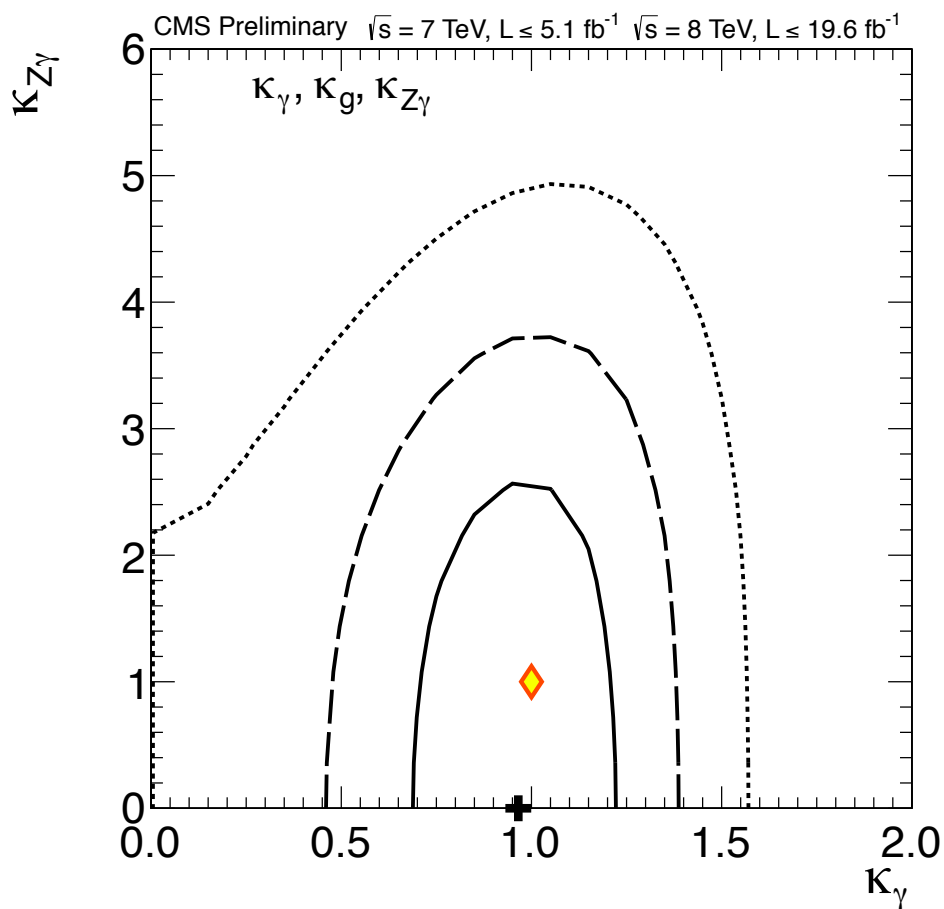
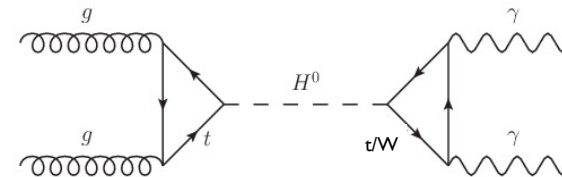
Induced from
couplings:
BR(H → Inv) < 64%



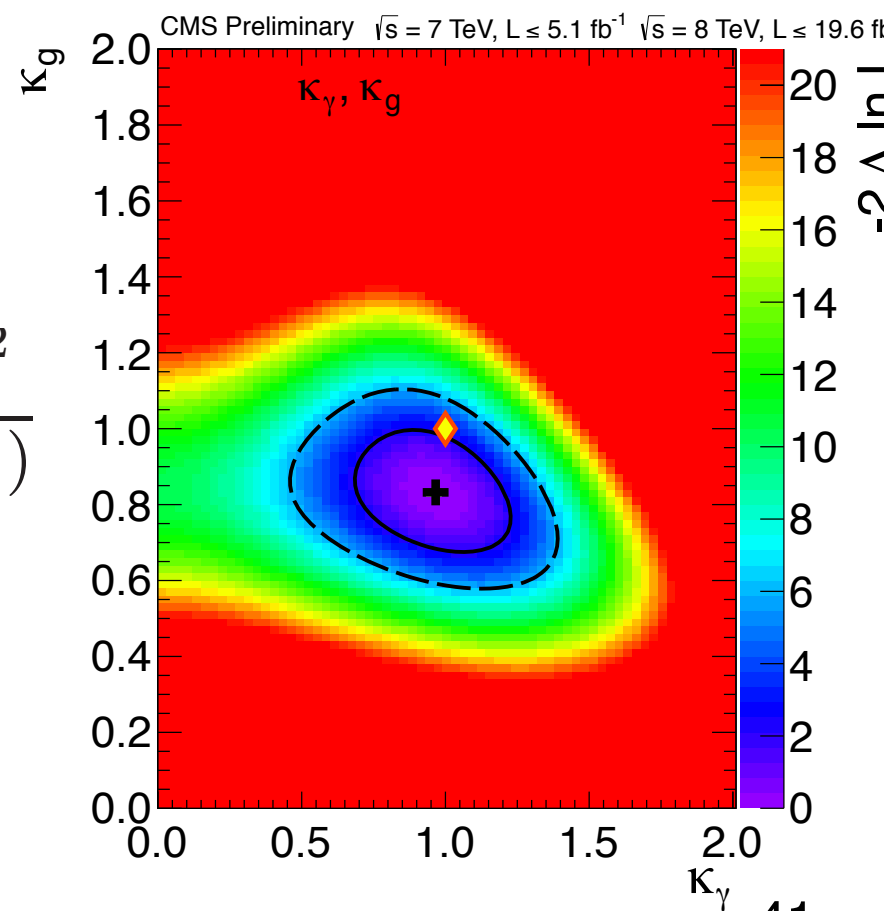


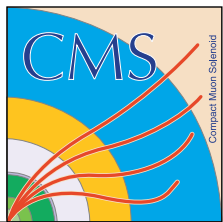
New physics in loops

New heavy particles running in $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ loops could enhance / decrease the rate: change **couplings to gluon and to photons**

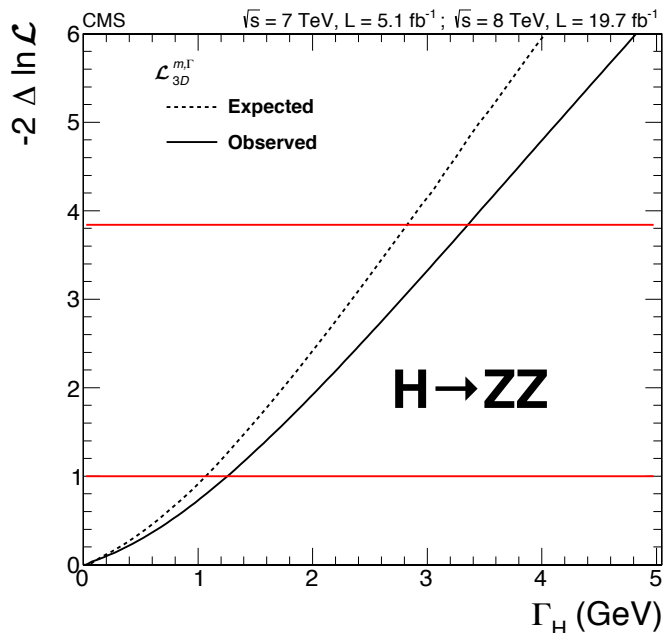


$$\frac{\kappa_g^2 \cdot \kappa_{\gamma}^2}{\kappa_H^2(\kappa_i)}$$



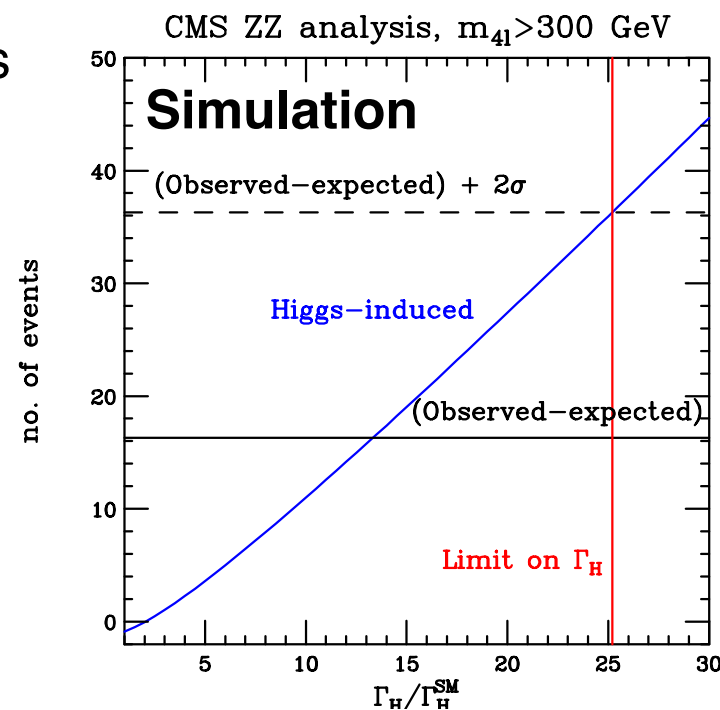
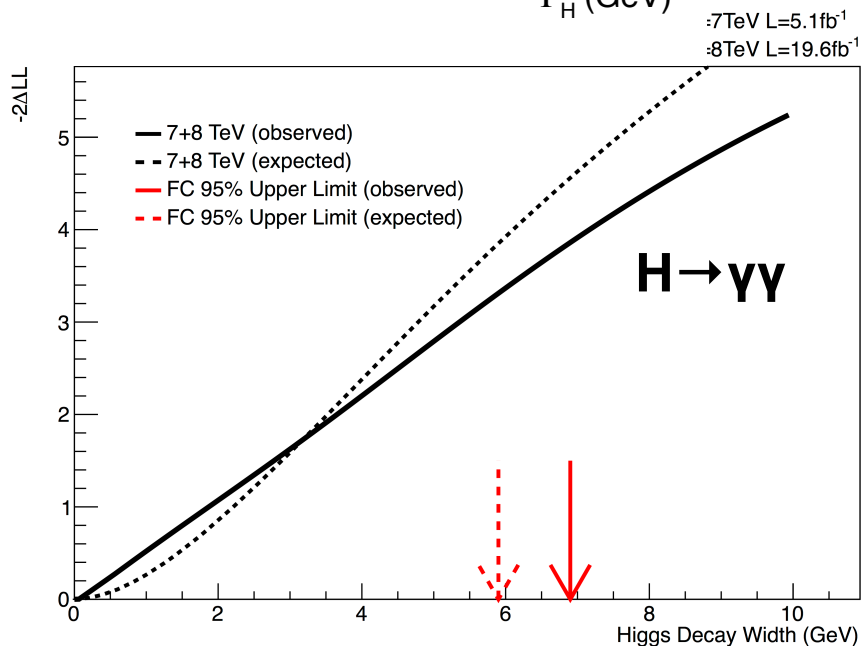
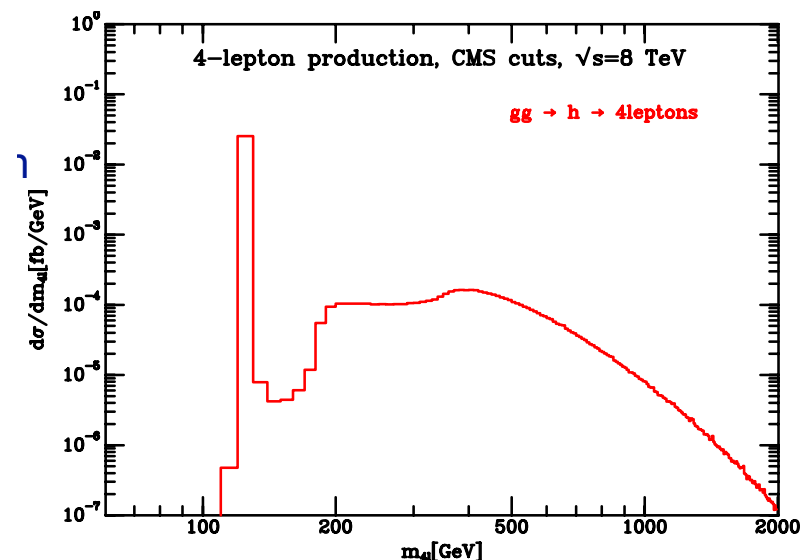


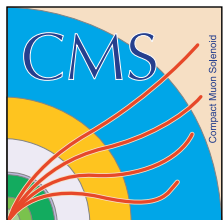
Higgs total width



Higgs total width
measurement is limited
with detector resolution

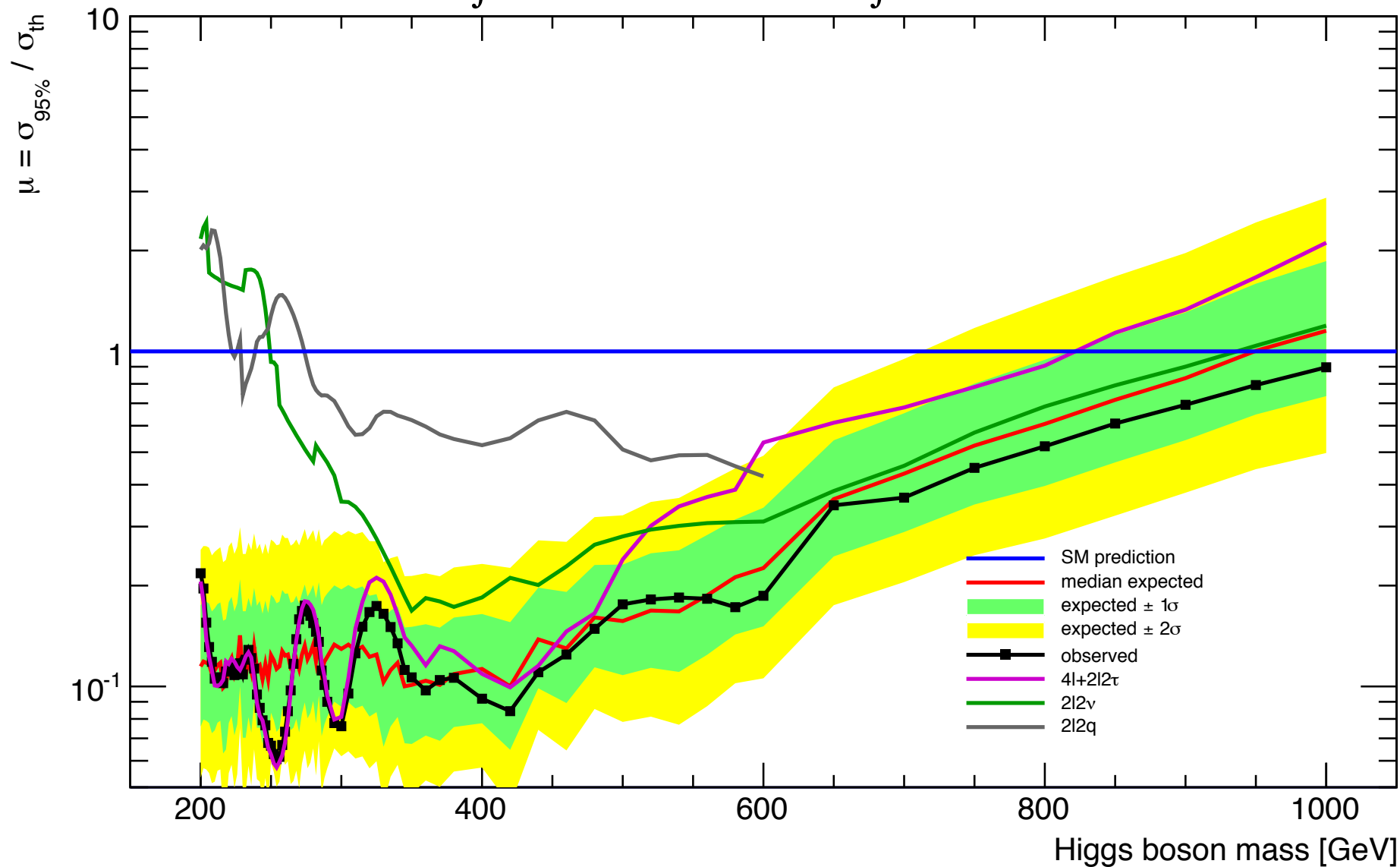
Solution:
interferometry
- Use tail of mass
peak
(see for instance
arxiv:1311.3589)





High mass searches with $H \rightarrow ZZ$

CMS preliminary, $\int L = 5.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$, $\int L = 19.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$



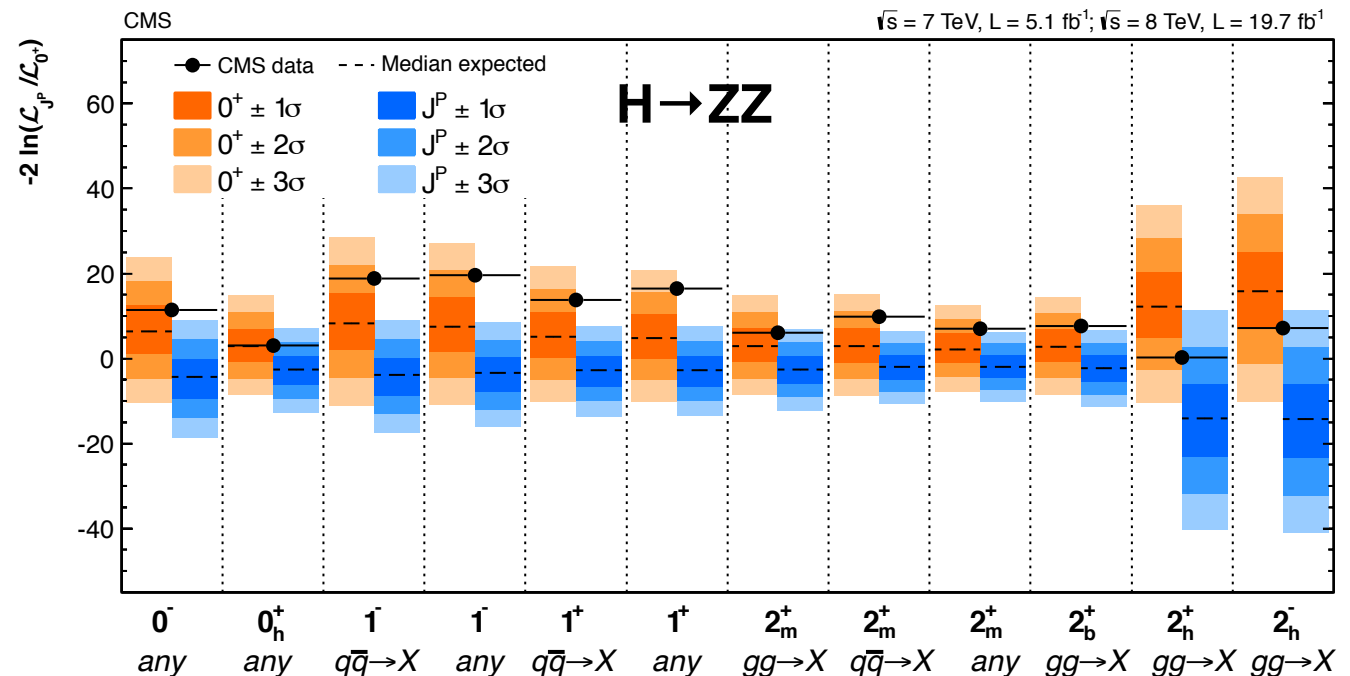
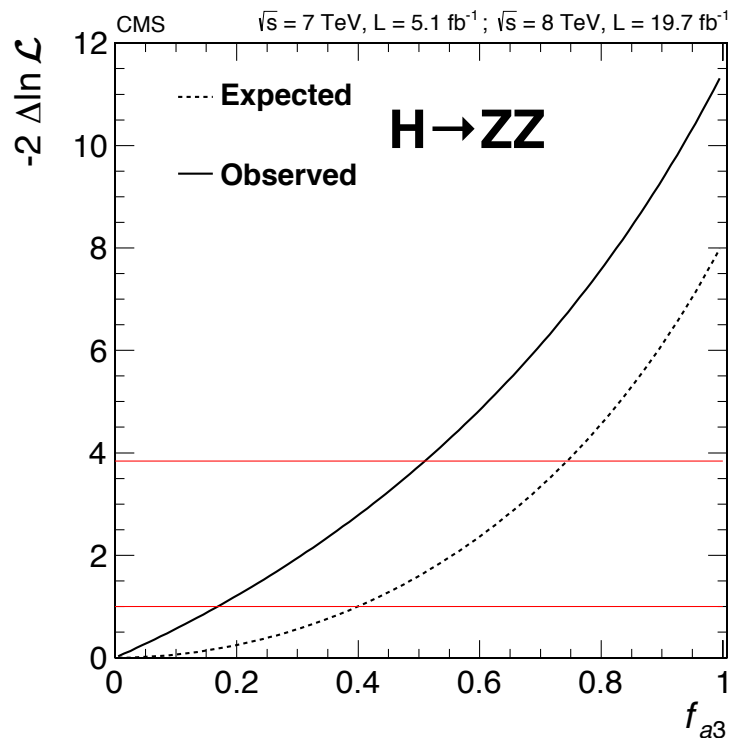


Spin/Parity measurement

- Cannot measure directly spin (too much parameters in the lagrangian, not enough statistics) => Need to **test some reasonable benchmark models**
- Testing **mixture of 0- and 0+** hypothesis (fa3 param.) using ZZ kinematic discriminant
- Testing minimal graviton couplings **2+** and higher dimension tensor structure
- Testing production mechanisms via gluon fusion and qqbar

$$A = v^{-1} \epsilon_1^{*\mu} \epsilon_2^{*\nu} \left(a_1 g_{\mu\nu} m_H^2 + a_2 q_\mu q_\nu + a_3 \epsilon_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta} q_1^\alpha q_2^\beta \right) = A_1 + A_2 + A_3$$

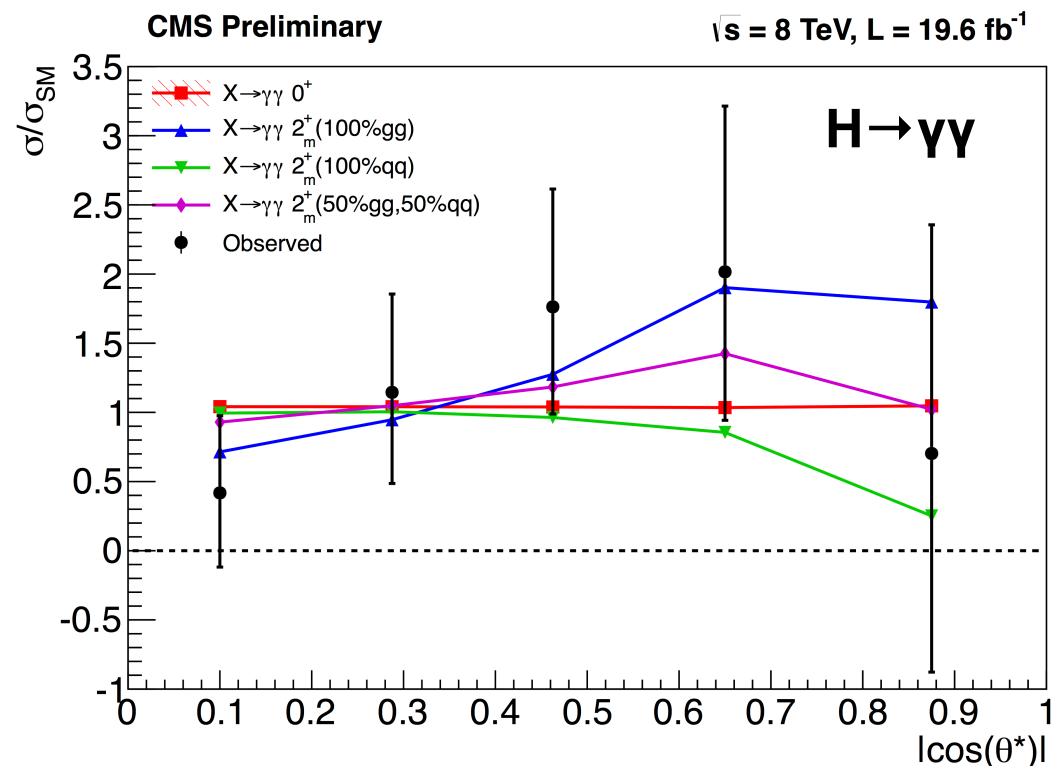
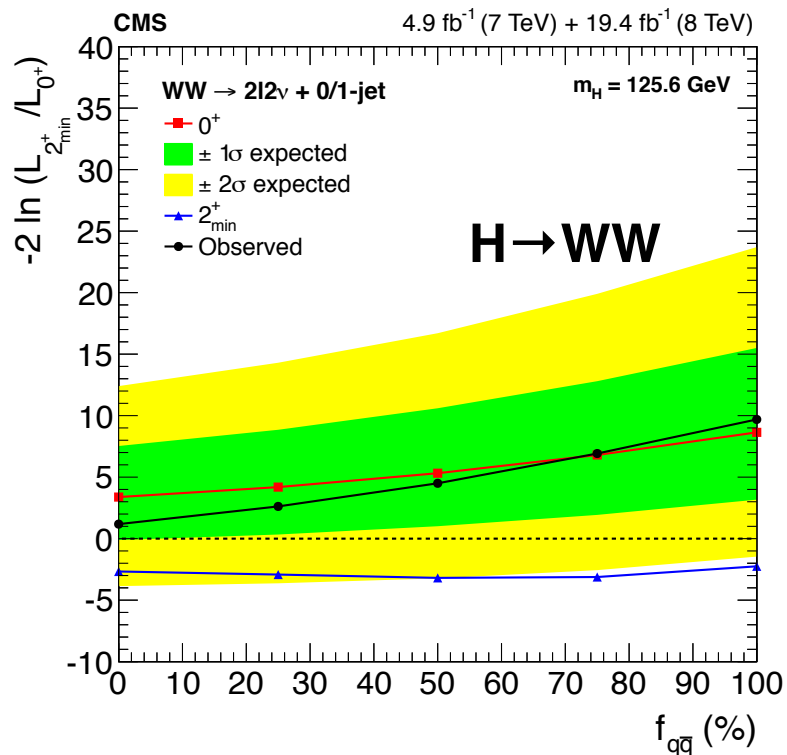
$$fa3 = A_3 / (A_1 + A_2 + A_3)$$





Spin/Parity measurement

- Overall data from $H \rightarrow ZZ$ and $H \rightarrow WW$ points to an agreement with standard model
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ needs more data
- Will need more data to exclude more complicated tensor structures



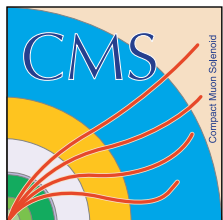


Conclusions

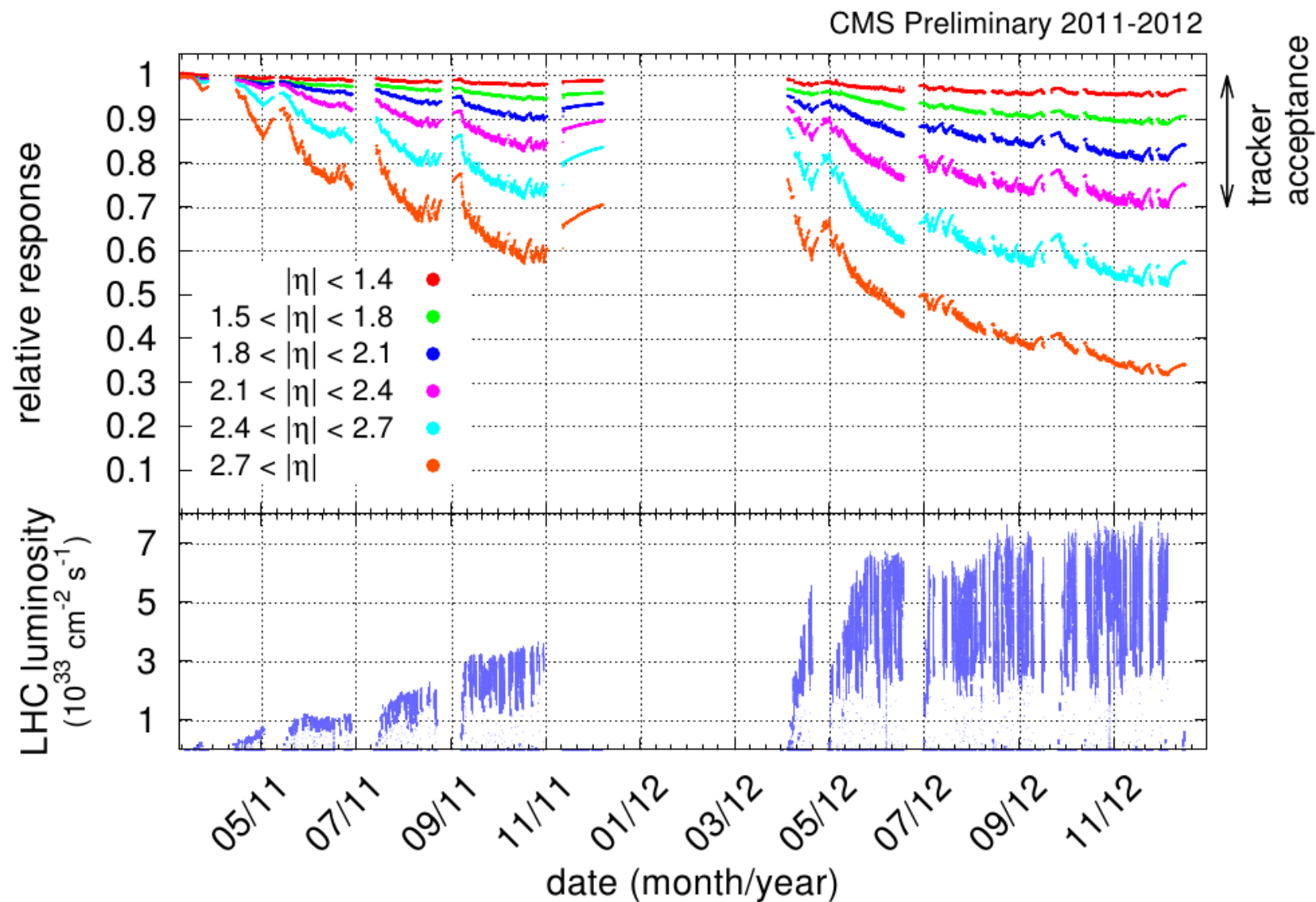
Higgs searches at CMS

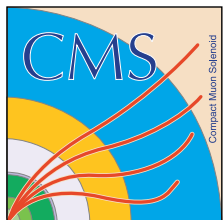
- **New particle existence** is now well established
- **Couplings** seems very much **compatible with SM**, although coupling to top and bottom needs more data (decay to bottom quarks still needs evidence)
- **Mass: $125.7 \pm 0.3(\text{stat}) \pm 0.3(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$** (to be updated for legacy paper)
- **Spin measurement compatible with SM** so far
- **LHC Run II** will allow to probe further spin and couplings, access to small BR final states, search for additional Higgses... and hopefully find some new physics beyond standard model!

BACK-UP SLIDES

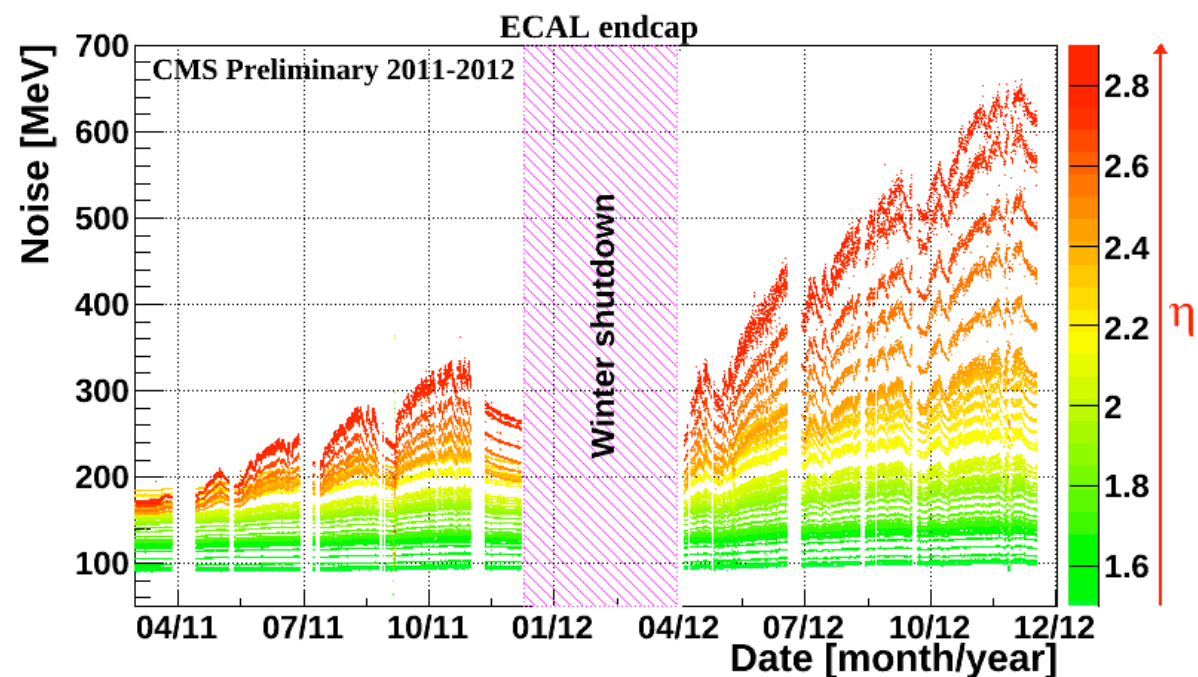
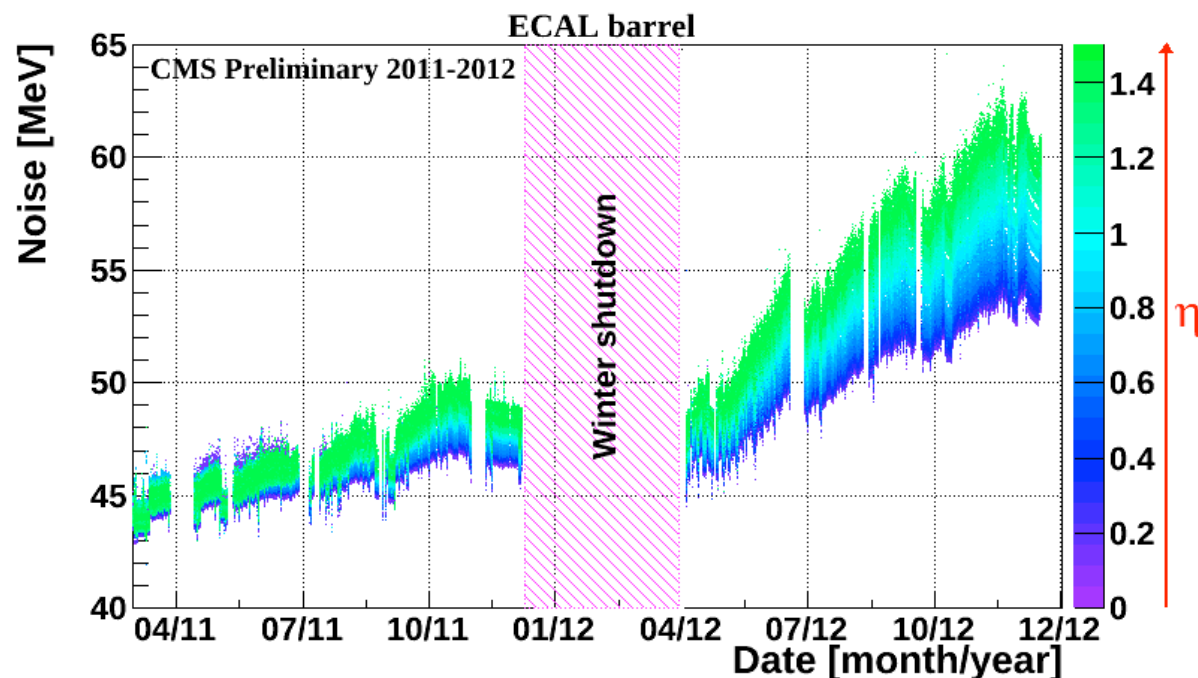
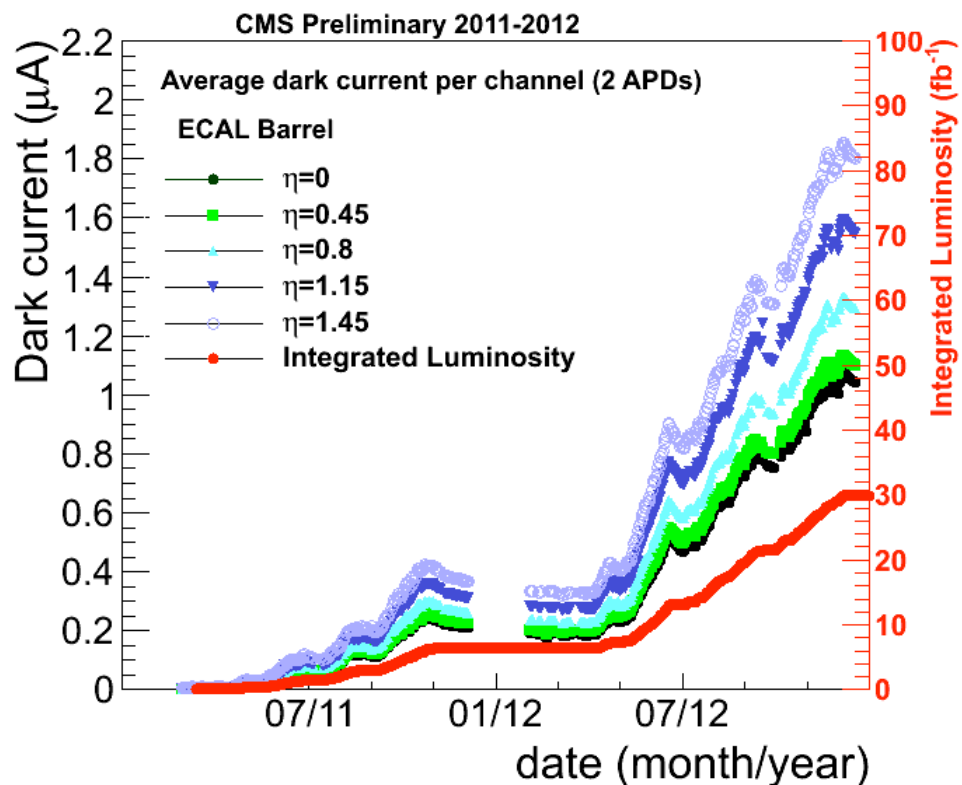


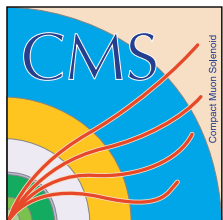
Laser monitoring



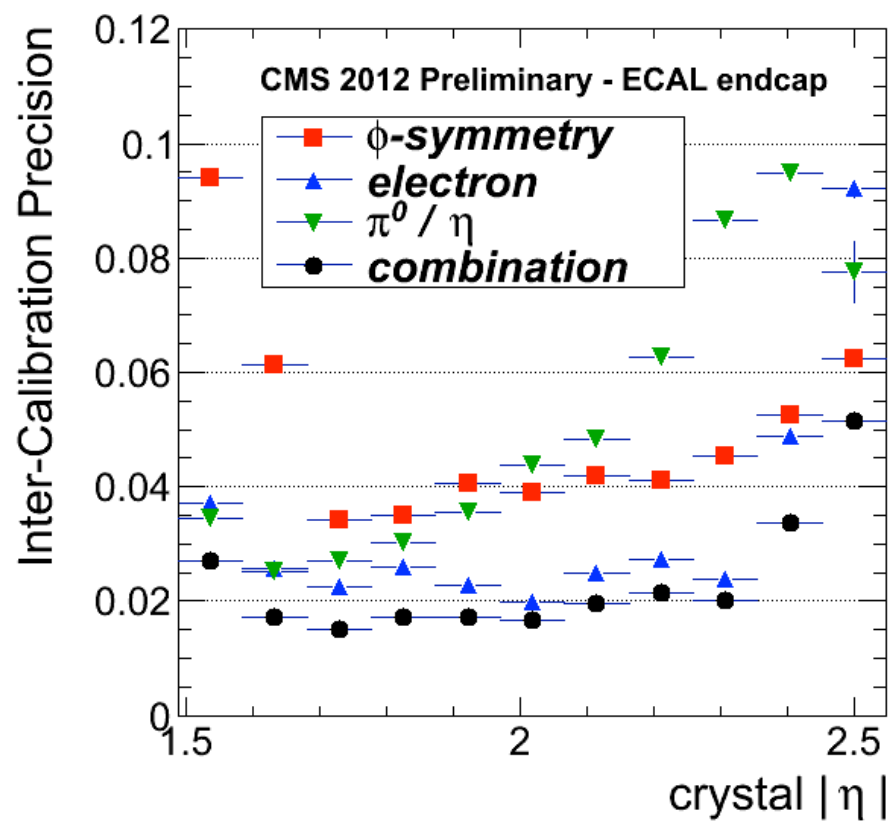
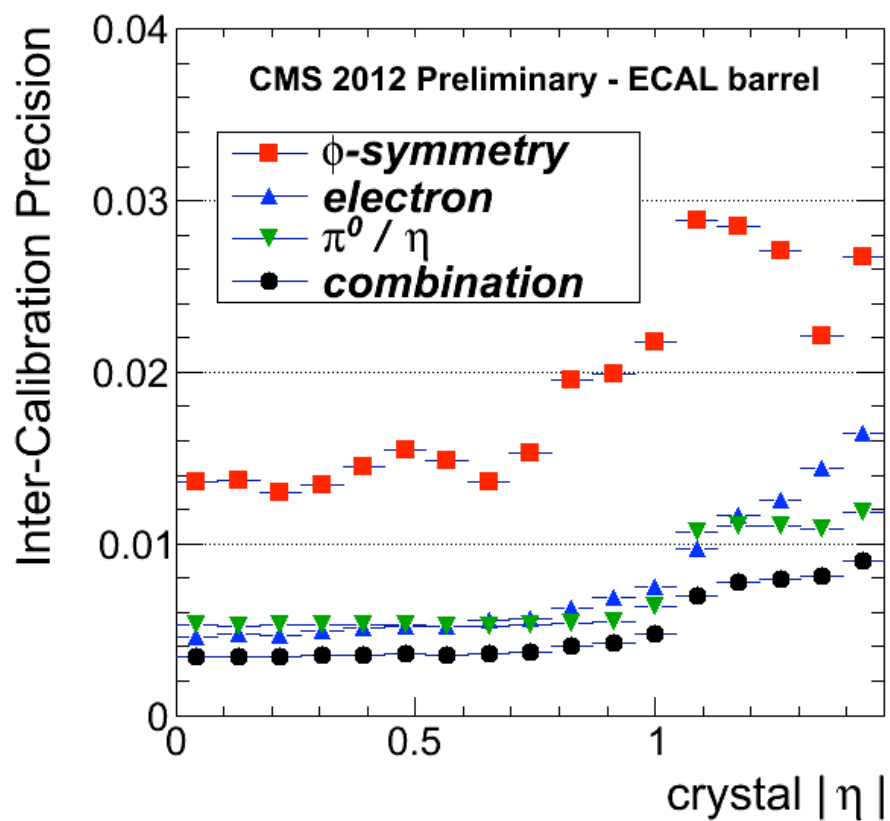


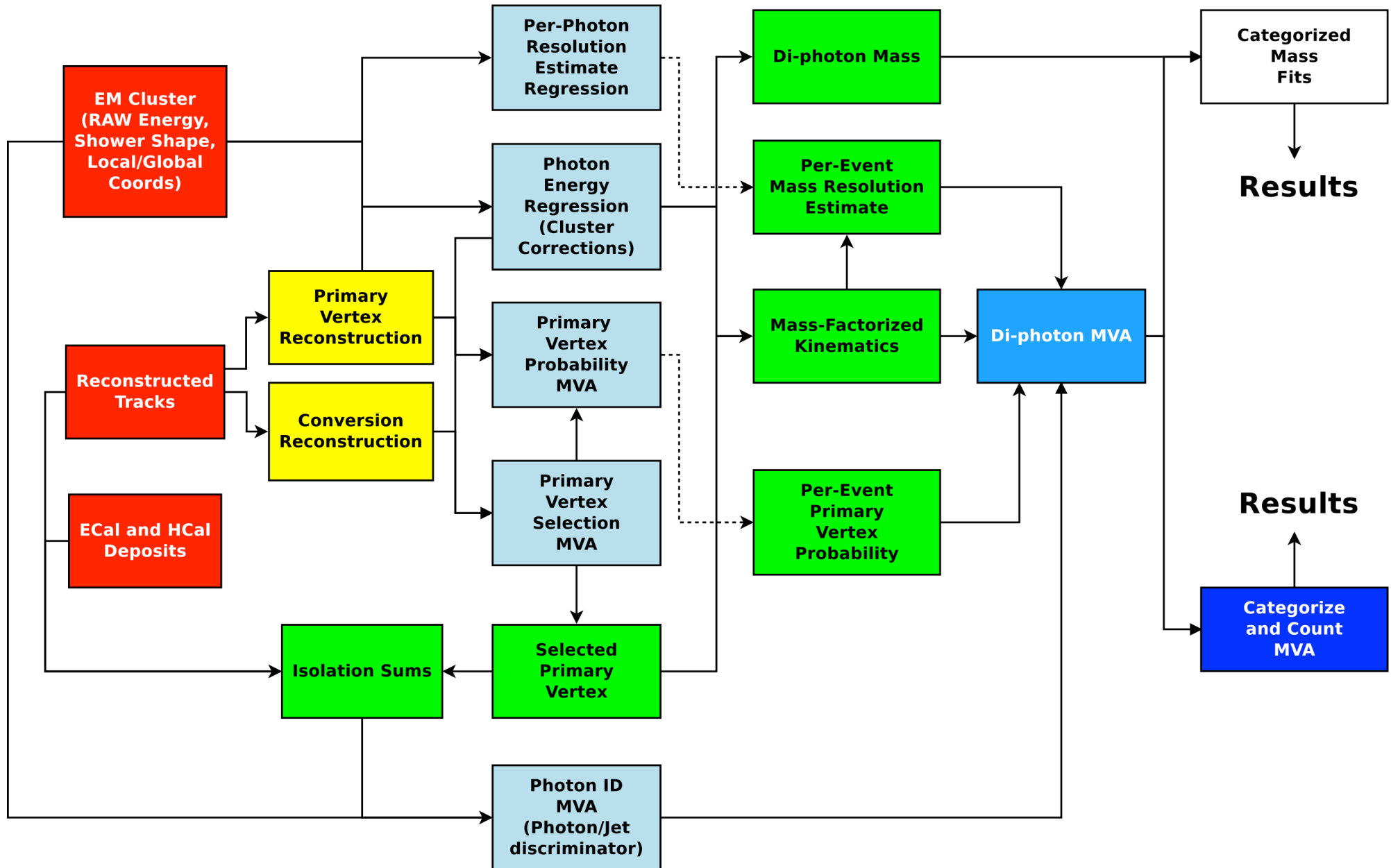
Noise in APD/VPT

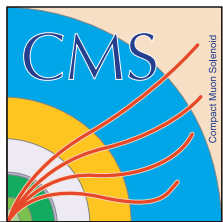




Intercalibration precision







Exclusive channels: VBF and VH

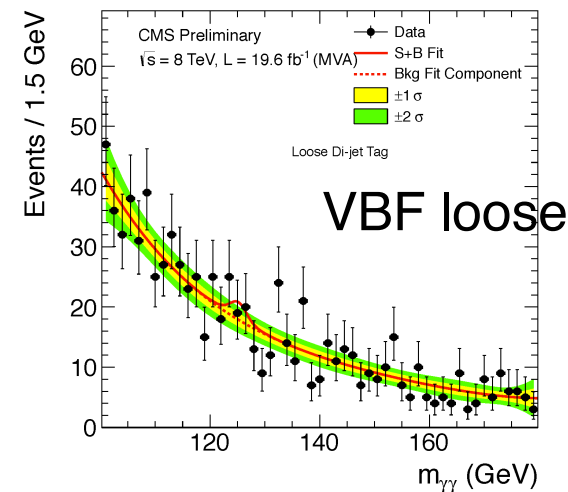
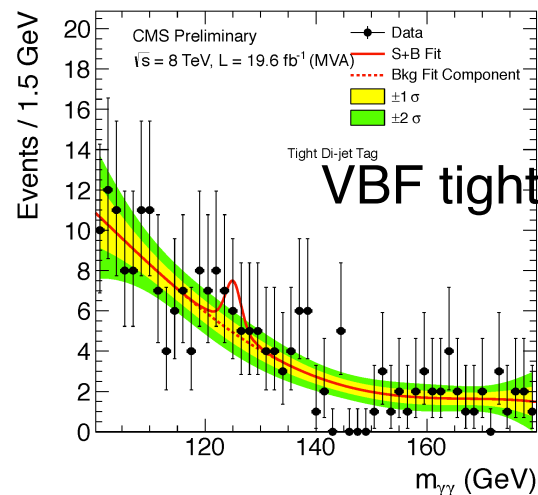
Sensitivity to production mechanisms and Higgs-Vector boson coupling

VBF tags:

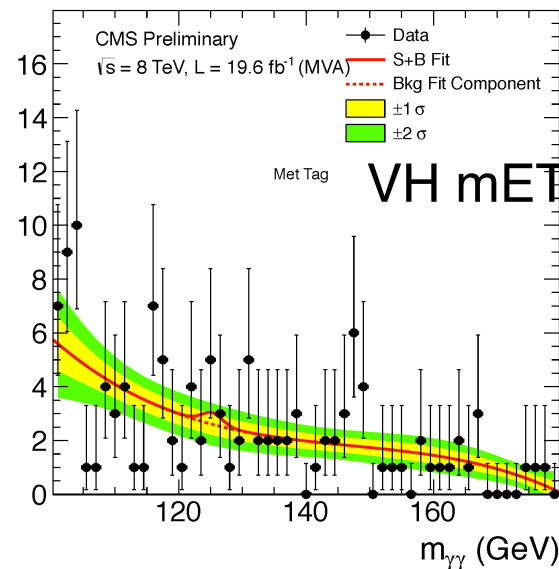
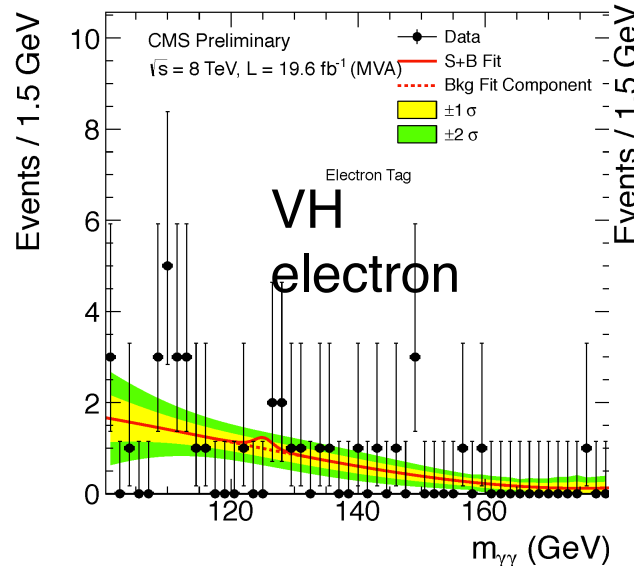
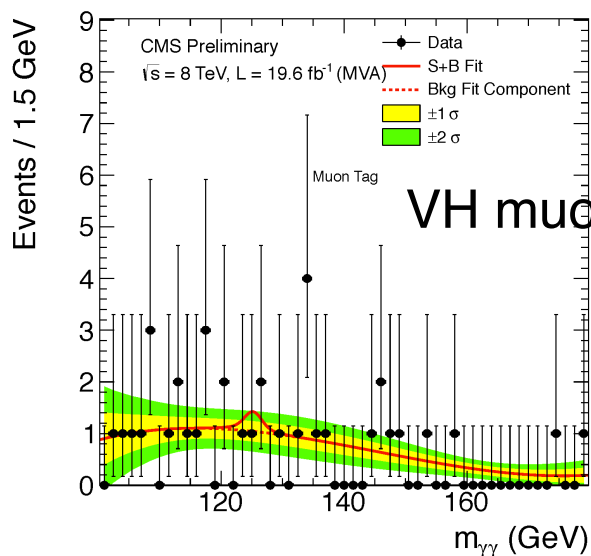
- VBF is higher $\gamma\gamma$ p_T , two forward jets
- **Dijet BDT** using diphoton/jets kinematics
- Define two categories: $s/b \sim 0.5$ and $s/b \sim 0.2$

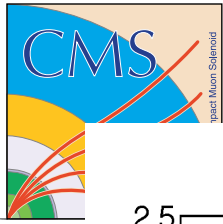
VH tags (WH, ZH production):

- Two lepton categories, **muon or electron**
- One **mET** category

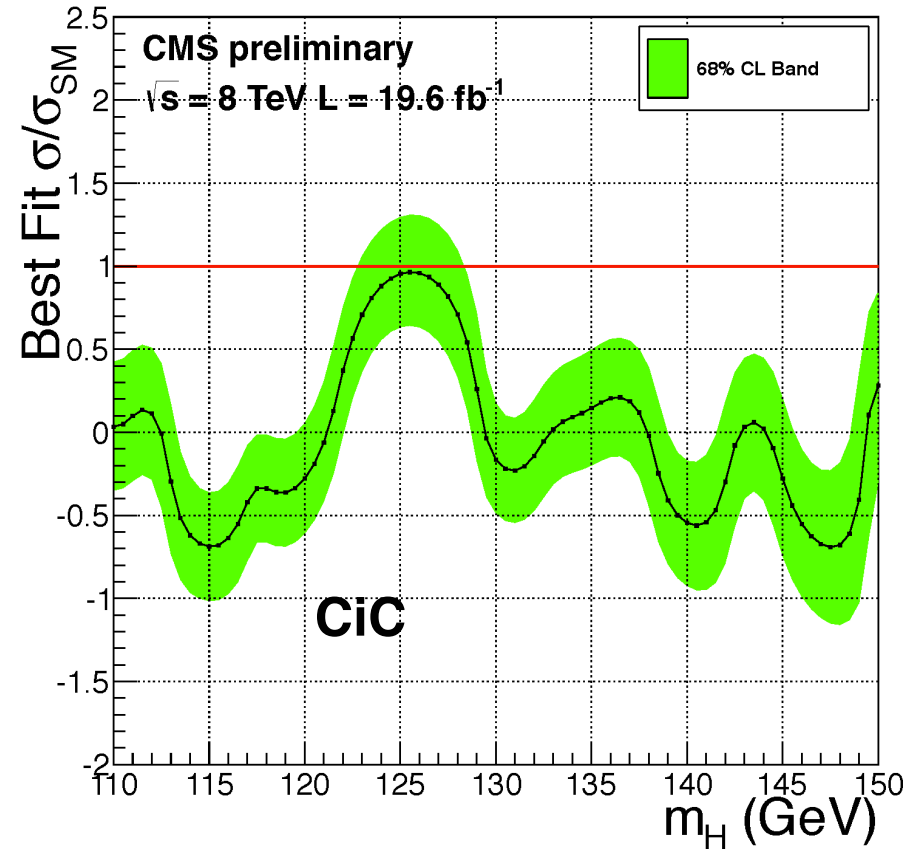
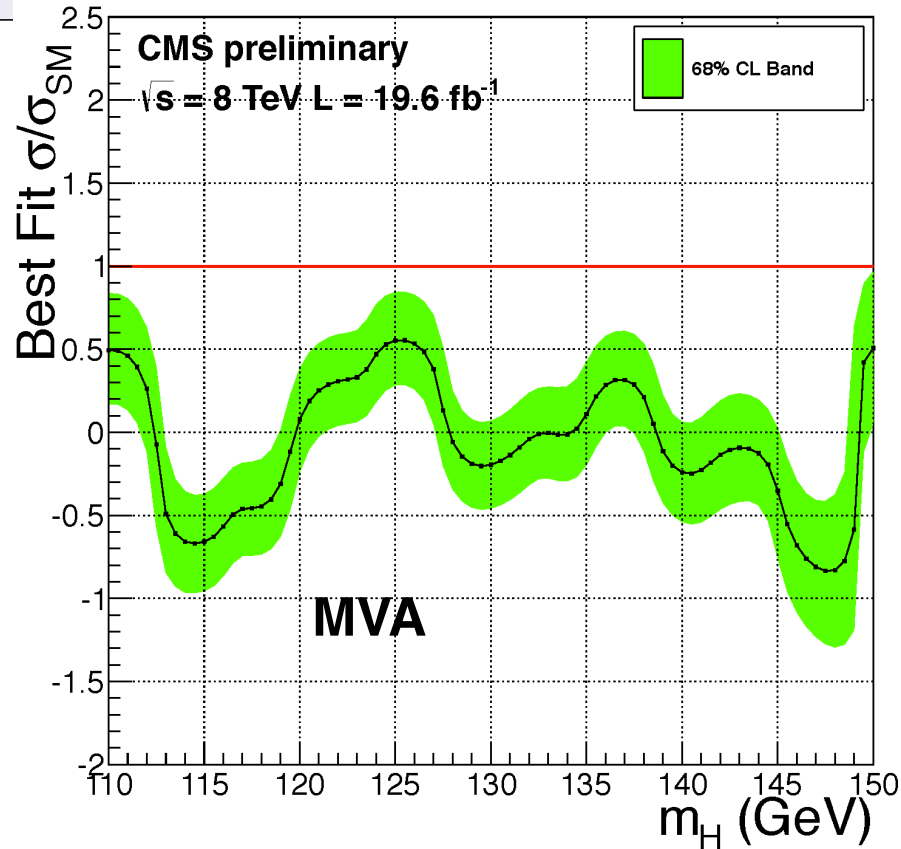


Gluon-gluon fusion contamination in VBF categories ~ 20 -50%

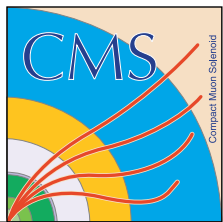




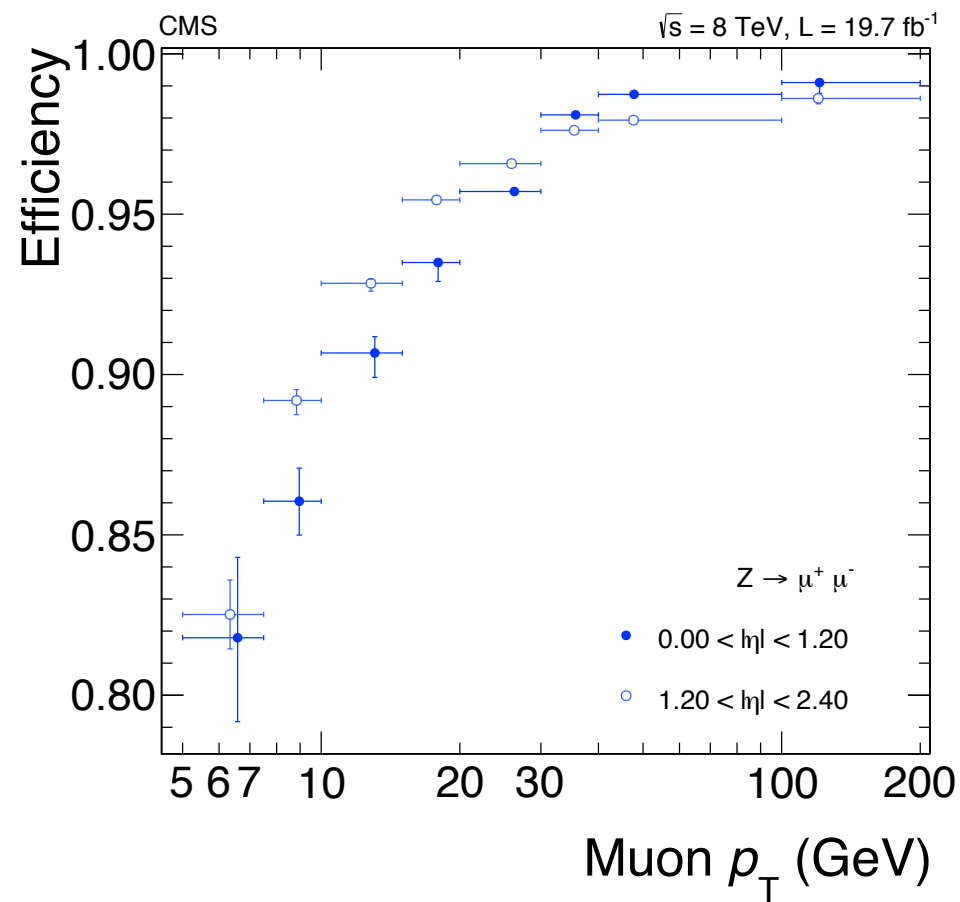
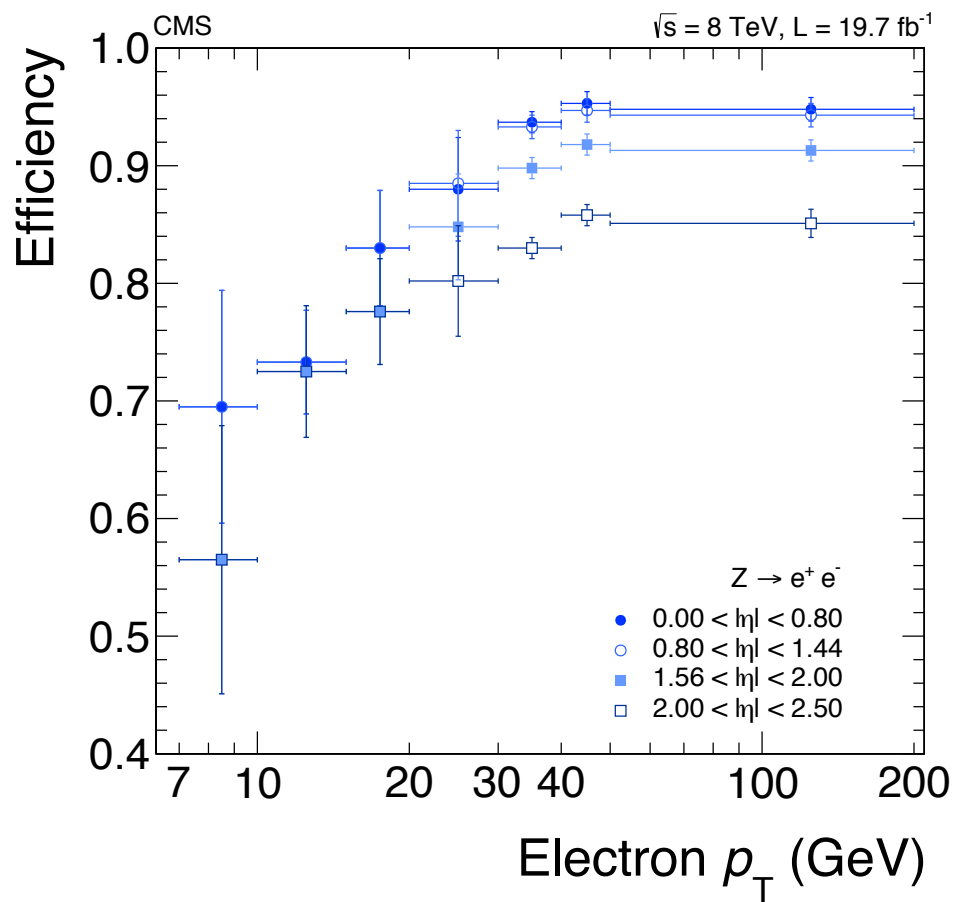
H → γγ 8 TeV only

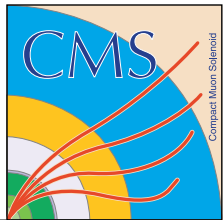


	MVA analysis (at $m_H=125 \text{ GeV}$)	cut-based analysis (at $m_H=124.5 \text{ GeV}$)
7 TeV	$1.69^{+0.65}_{-0.59}$	$2.27^{+0.80}_{-0.74}$
8 TeV	$0.55^{+0.29}_{-0.27}$	$0.93^{+0.34}_{-0.32}$
7 + 8 TeV	$0.78^{+0.28}_{-0.26}$	$1.11^{+0.32}_{-0.30}$

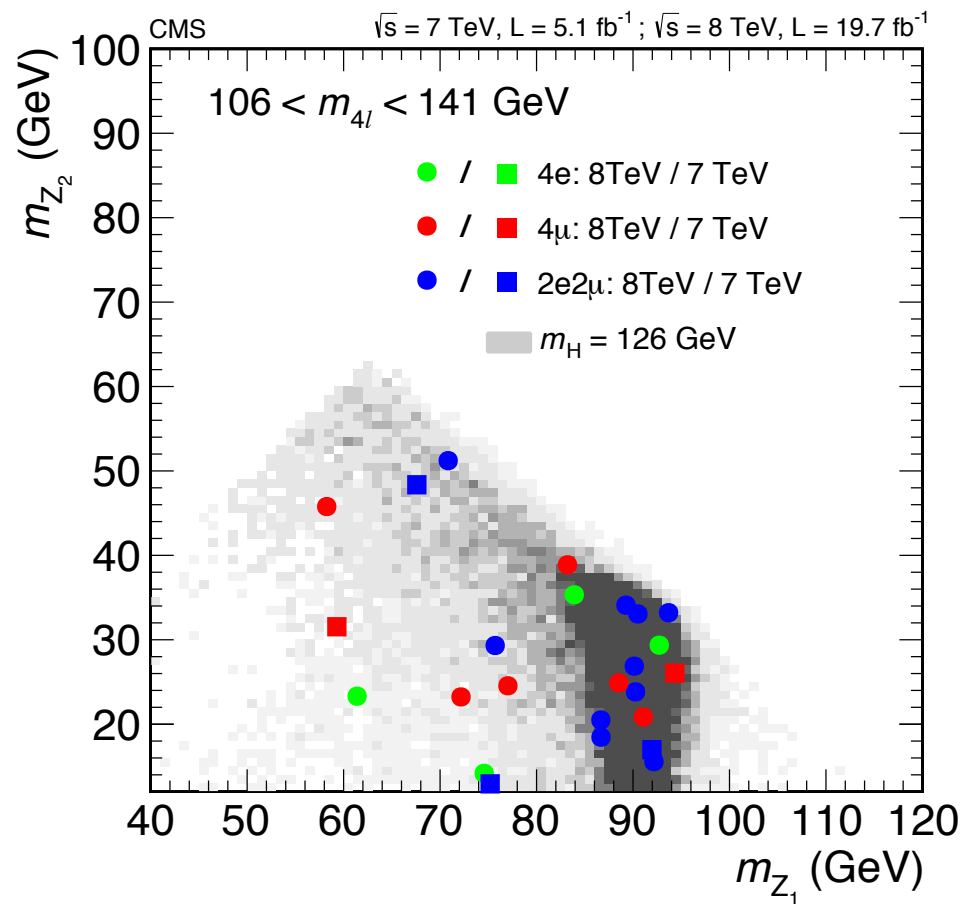


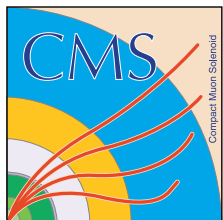
$H \rightarrow ZZ$: lepton efficiency



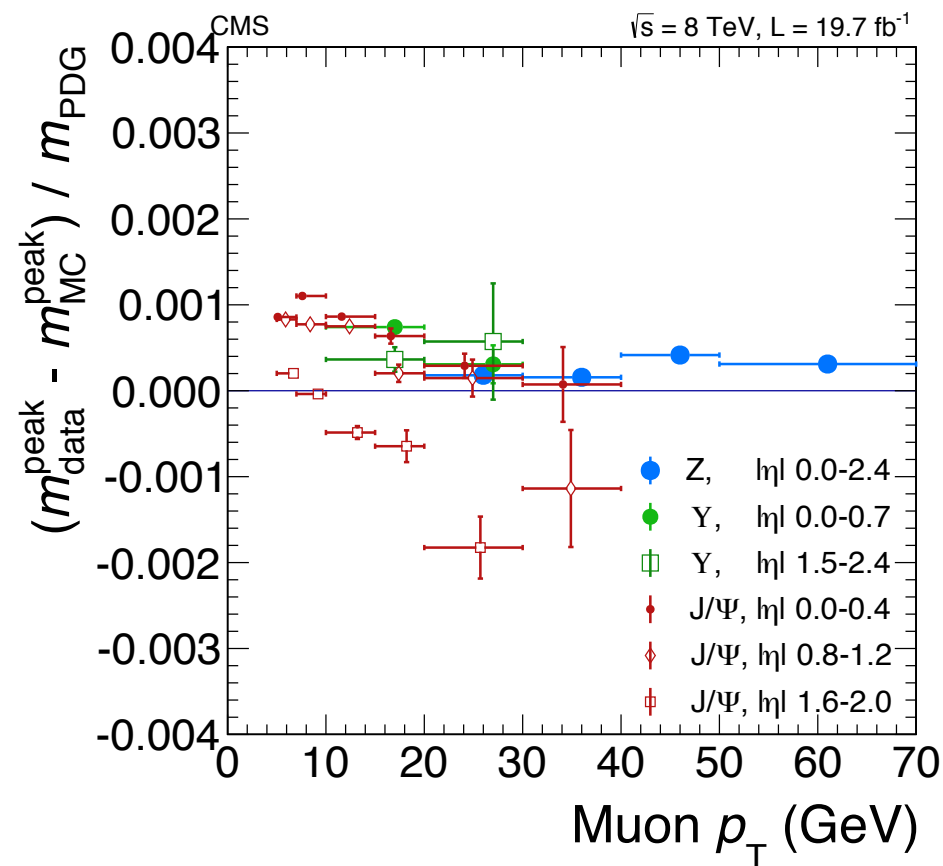
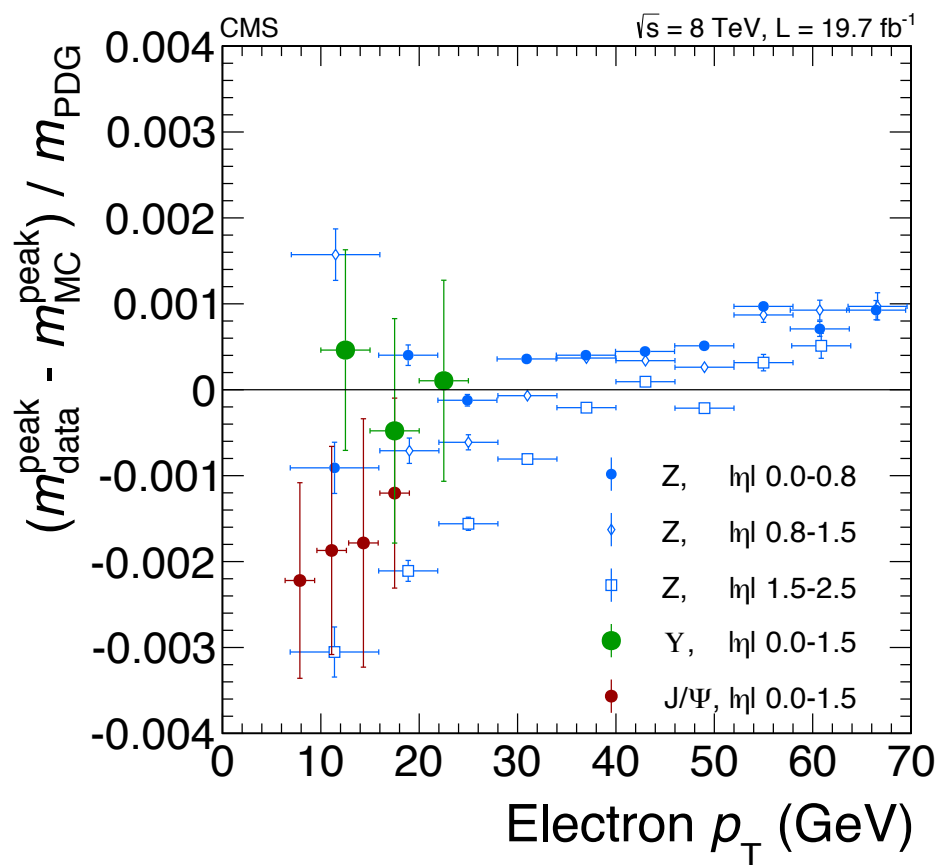


$H \rightarrow ZZ$: Z_1 and Z_2 masses





$H \rightarrow ZZ$: mass scale



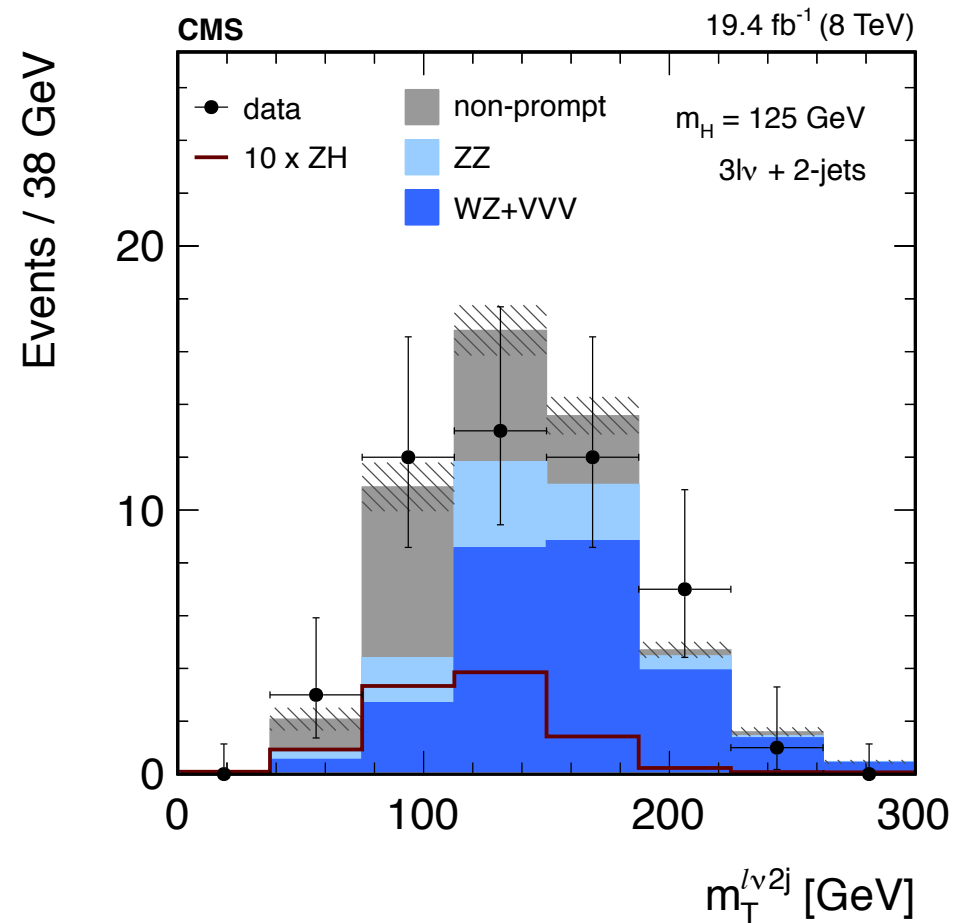
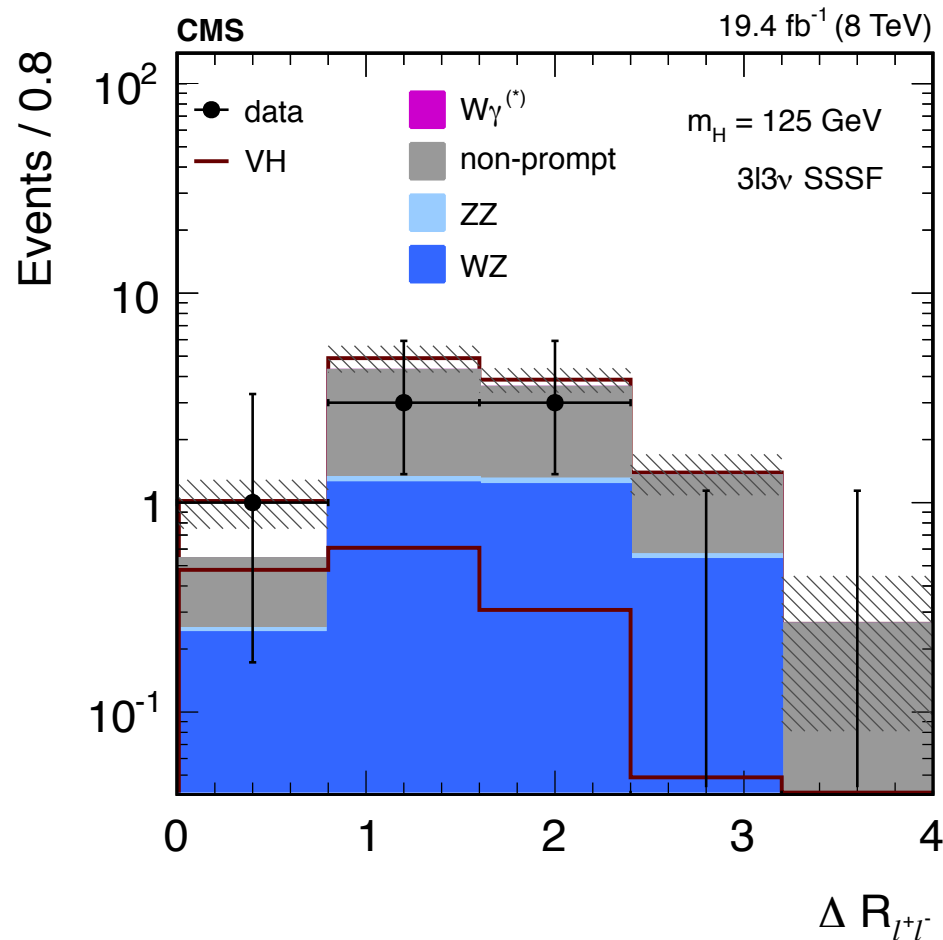


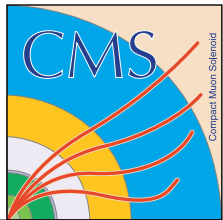
$H \rightarrow W^+W^-$ analysis

arxiv:1312.1129

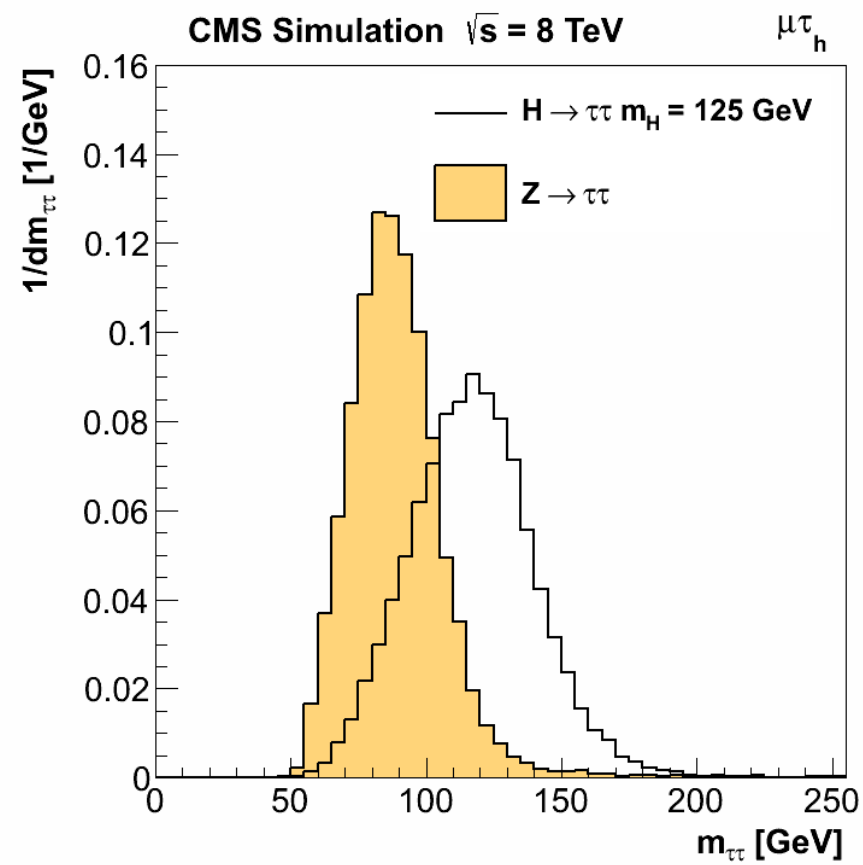
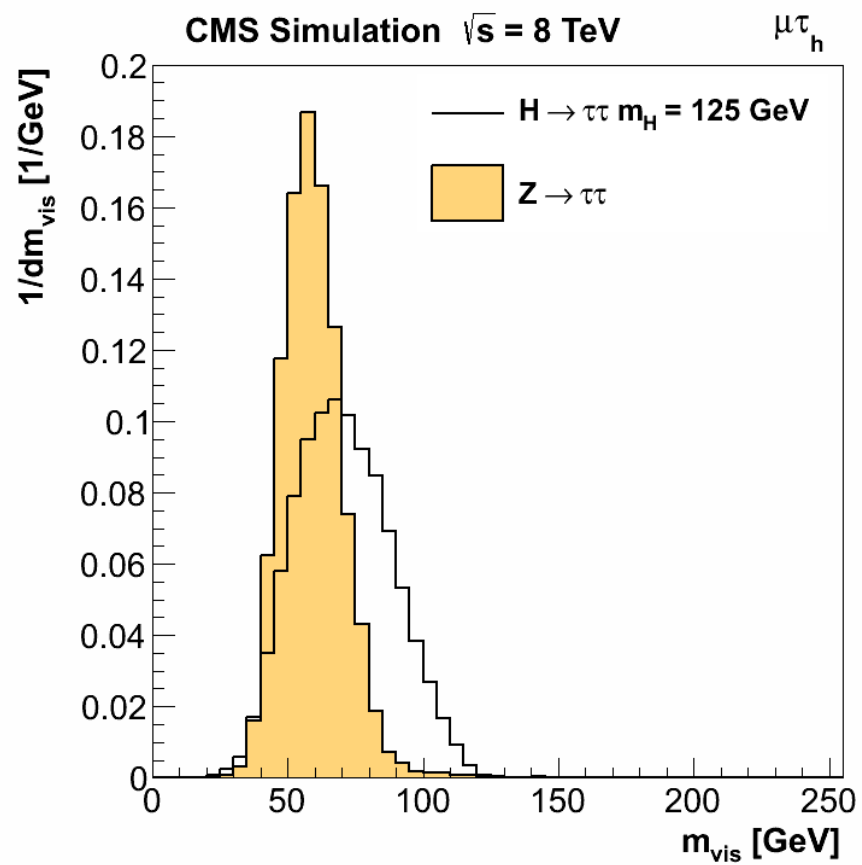
Trilepton final state also used: $WH \rightarrow 3l3\nu$, $ZH \rightarrow 3l\nu+2\text{jets}$

- Main background: WZ, non-prompt leptons (Z+jets, top)
- Shape analysis





$H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ mass





Coupling measurement

Model: EFT with the chiral lagrangian in the EW sector

- Grojean et al. [arXiv:1207.1717], Azatov et al. [arXiv:1202.3415], Kuflik et al. [arXiv:1206.4201]...
- **Assumptions:** spin-parity 0^+ , new other states are heavy enough, EWSB possesses a custodial symmetry, no FNCN at three level with the Higgs, kinematics not affected

$$L = c_V \frac{2m_W^2}{v} W_\mu^+ W_\mu^- + c_V \frac{2m_W^2}{v} Z_\mu Z_\mu - c_b \frac{m_b}{v} h \bar{b}b - c_\tau \frac{m_b}{v} h \bar{\tau}\tau \\ + c_g \frac{\alpha_s}{12 \pi v} h G_{\mu\nu}^a G_{\mu\nu}^a + c_\gamma \frac{\alpha}{\pi v} h A_{\mu\nu} A_{\mu\nu} + c_\chi h \bar{\chi}\chi$$

- A simplified **model is recommended by the LHC Higgs Low Mass WG** [arXiv:1209.0040], to be used by ATLAS and CMS to measure Higgs couplings
- Higgs production cross-sections and branching ratios are scaled by various parameters
- **Coupling to bosons (κ_V) and fermions (κ_f):**

Free parameters: $\kappa_V (= \kappa_W = \kappa_Z)$, $\kappa_f (= \kappa_t = \kappa_b = \kappa_\tau)$

$$\kappa_i^2 = \Gamma_{ii} / \Gamma_{ii}^{\text{SM}}$$