



Status of WLCG FCPPL project

CHEN Gang & LANÇON Eric

- Status of Beijing site
- Activities over last year
- Ongoing work and prospects for next year

Last year activities on one page

- Participation of Chinese colleagues to monthly ATLAS and technical computing French meetings + vidyo/Skype/...
 - Sharing of expertise and tools (grid middleware and experiment specific)
 - Network monitoring
 - Multi-core processing
 - Deployment of WebDAV interface to storage (http access)
- ATLAS computing workshop in Beijing, May 2013
 - Exchanges between Chinese, French & Japanese collaborators
- Arc-CE (grid interface from Nordugrid) testing of at Beijing Tier-2
- Start up of ATLAS@home project
 - WU Wenjing (伍文静) spent 2 months in Europe

Towards LHC Run-2

The grid works and physics analyses use it

Beijing Tier-2 - status

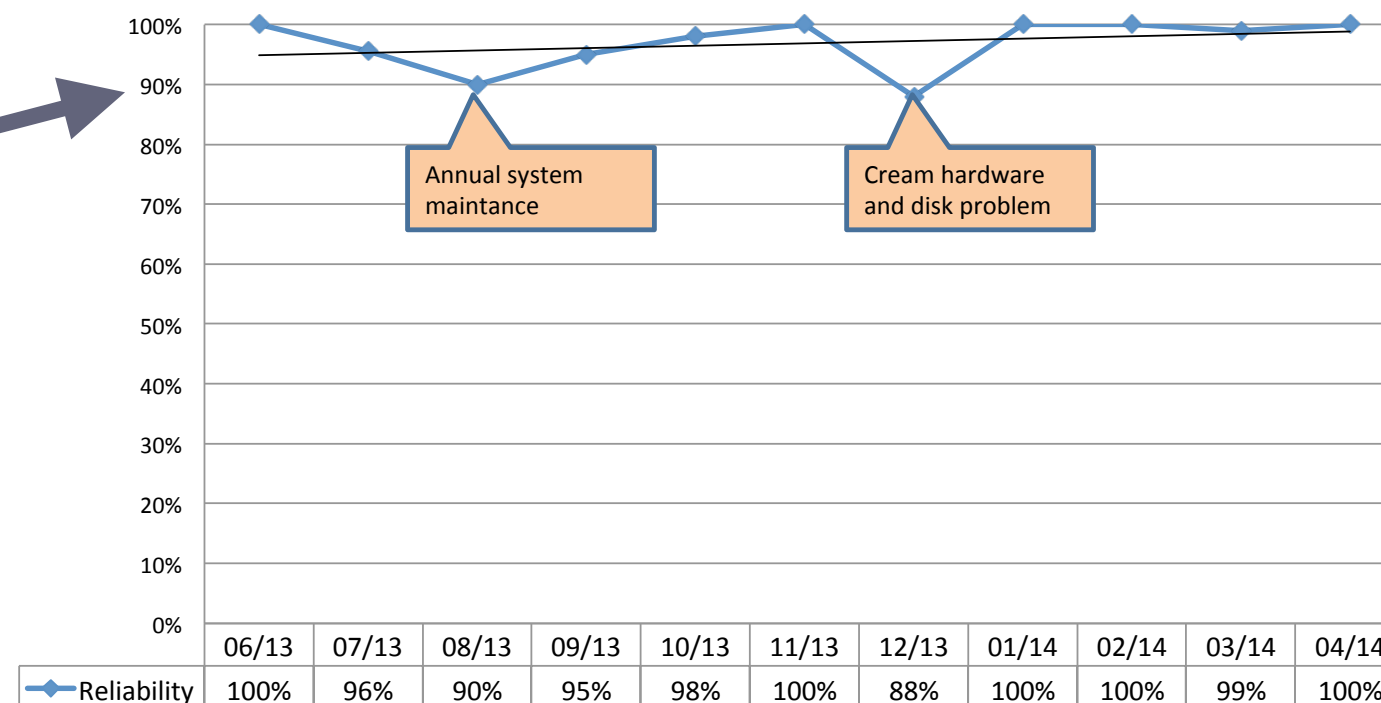
- Cpu Cores: 1088; >1k Cores
 - (Intel E5430: 896 cores; X5650: 192 cores)
- HepSpec06 : 11889
- Storage: Storage
 - Atlas(DPM): 80TB
 - CMS(dCache): 300TB
- Configuration Module: Puppet + Forman
- Monitoring: <http://ganglia.ihep.ac.cn/mon/>

Xiaofei YAN (闫晓飞)

Zhang Xiaomei (张小梅)

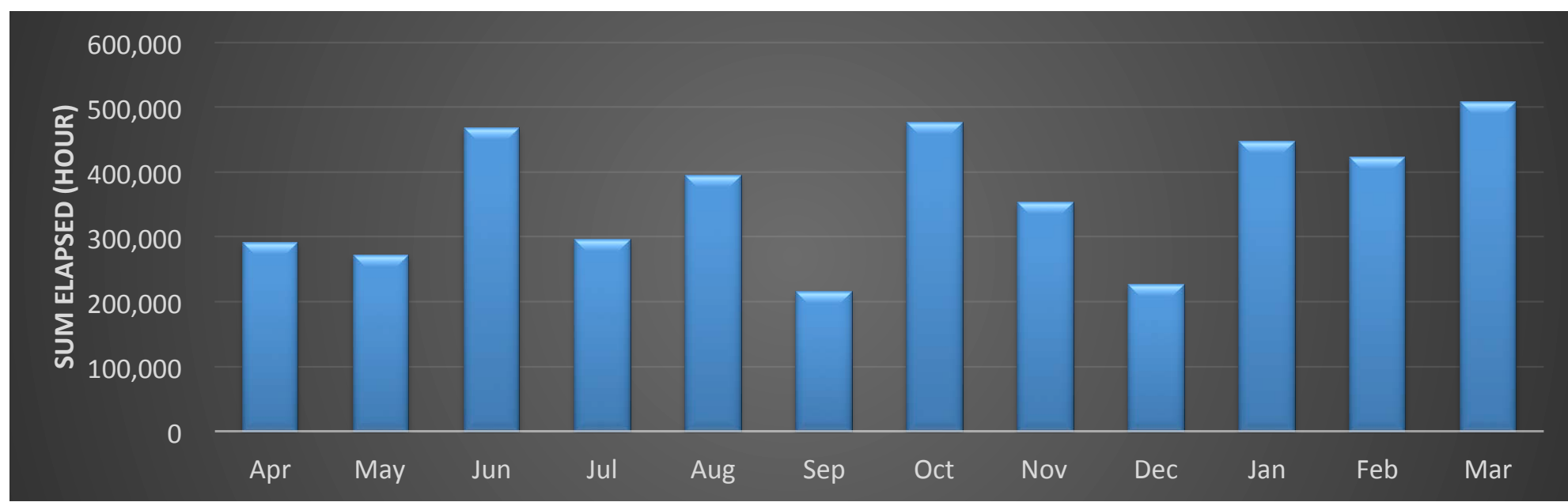
90%

2013-2014 BEIJING-LCG2 Site Reliability

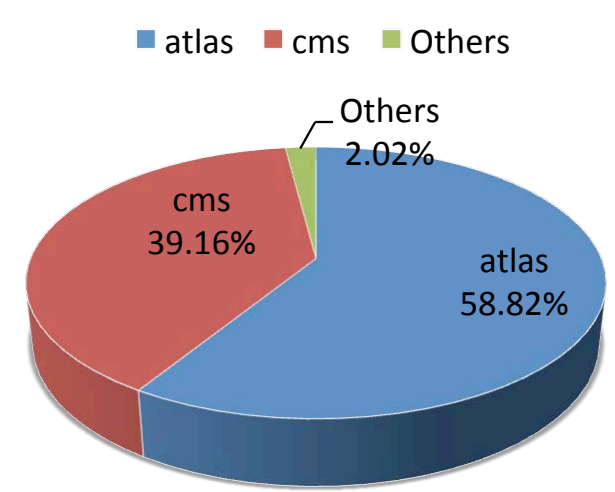


CPU consumption at Beijing Tier-2

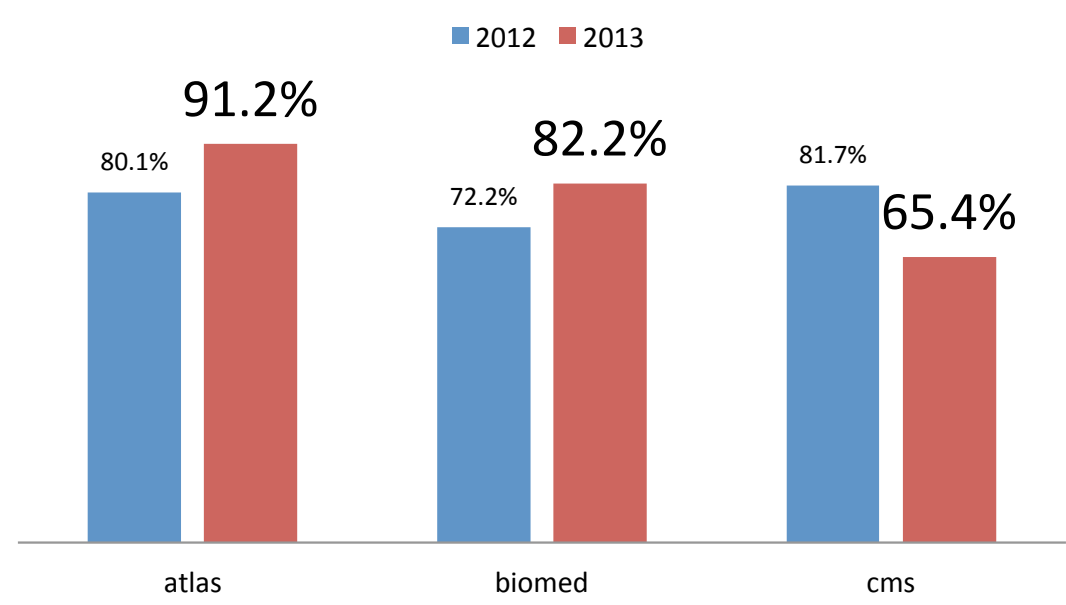
BEIJING-LCG2 Total elapsed time by SITE and DATE



2013-2014 Total elapsed time per VO



Cpu Efficiency Per VO



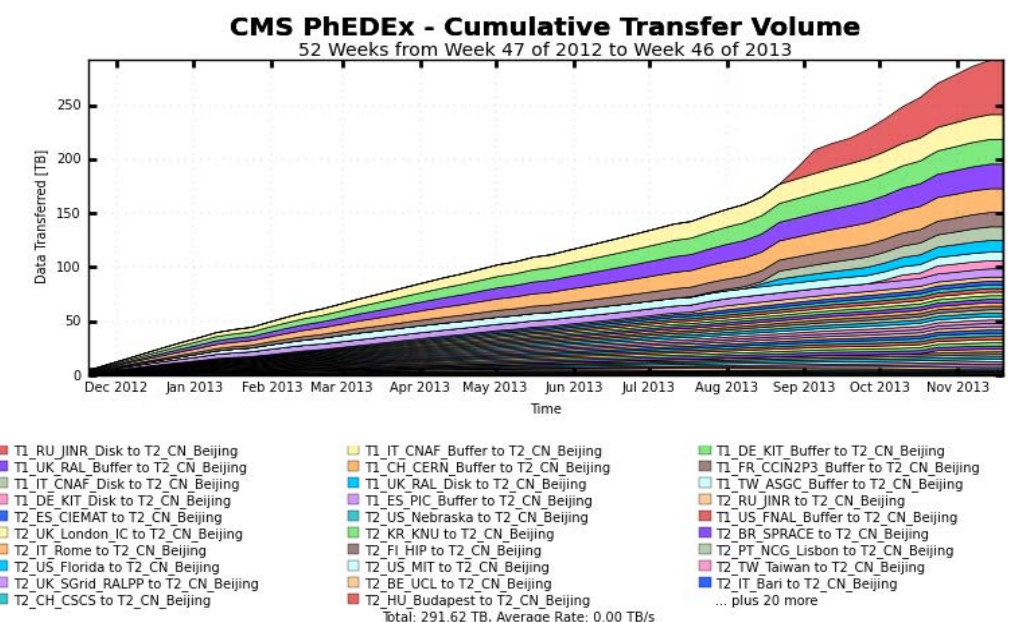
International link to Beijing

- ▶ New 10Gbps link between EU and China operational in 2013
- ▶ Bandwidth x 4 and better stability
- ▶ Monitoring at both ends by French & Chinese patterns, perfSonar machines at Beijing (**Fazhi QI/齐法制**)
- Work done in cooperation with French sites within the WLCG networking group
- Identical configuration files for French and Chinese perfsonar instances



CMS transfers

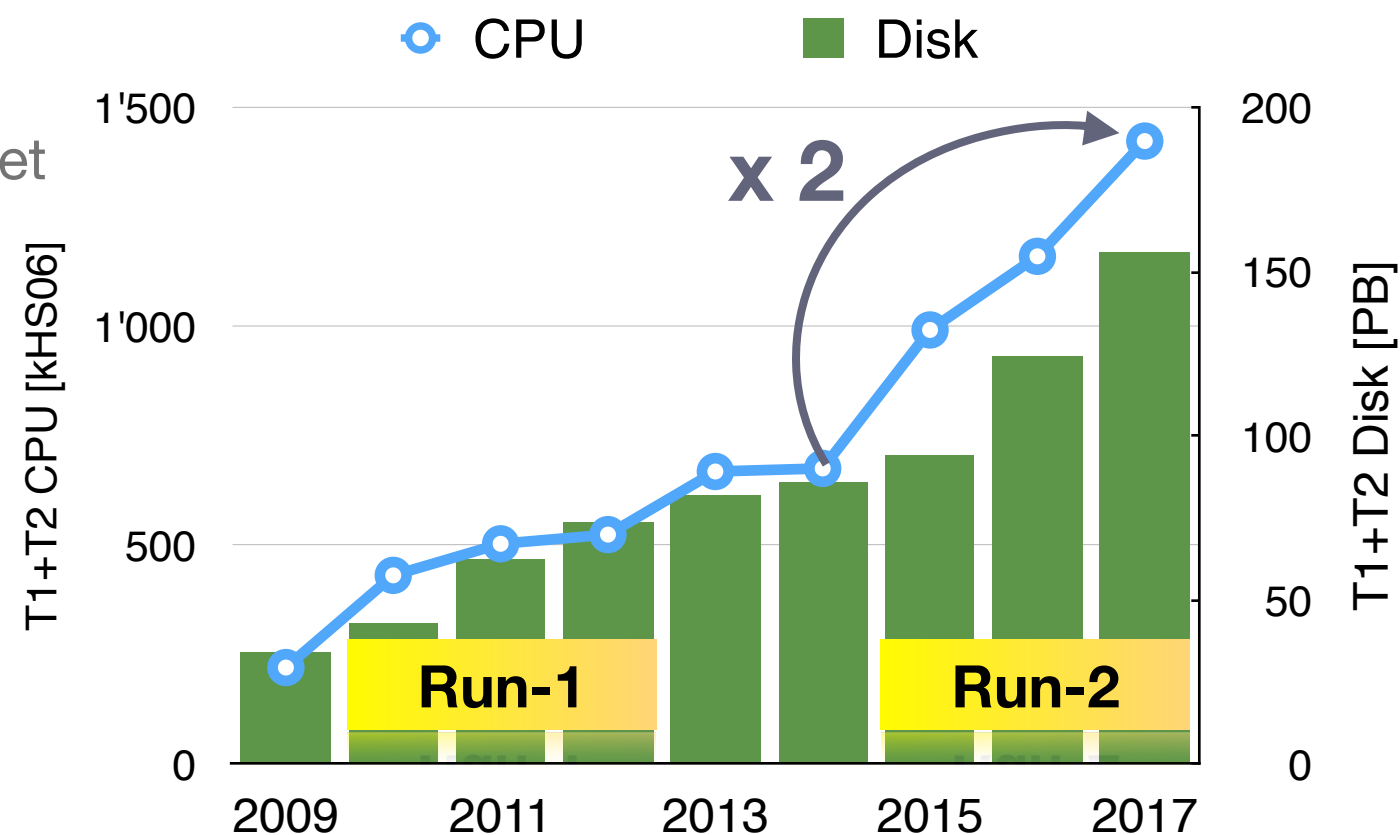
- Total throughout volume is 758TB. The imported volume is about 291TB



Seeking extra CPU resources

- ▶ LHC experiments need and use more CPU than pledged resources
- ▶ **LHC Run-2 : CPU needs x 2**
- ▶ Every possible options are investigated to get extra resources
 - Cloud computing
 - HPC (High Performance Computing) centres
 - Volunteer computing
- ▶ **Our collaboration is active in these 3 areas**

ATLAS resource needs at T1s & T2s



HPC (High-Performance Computing) resources

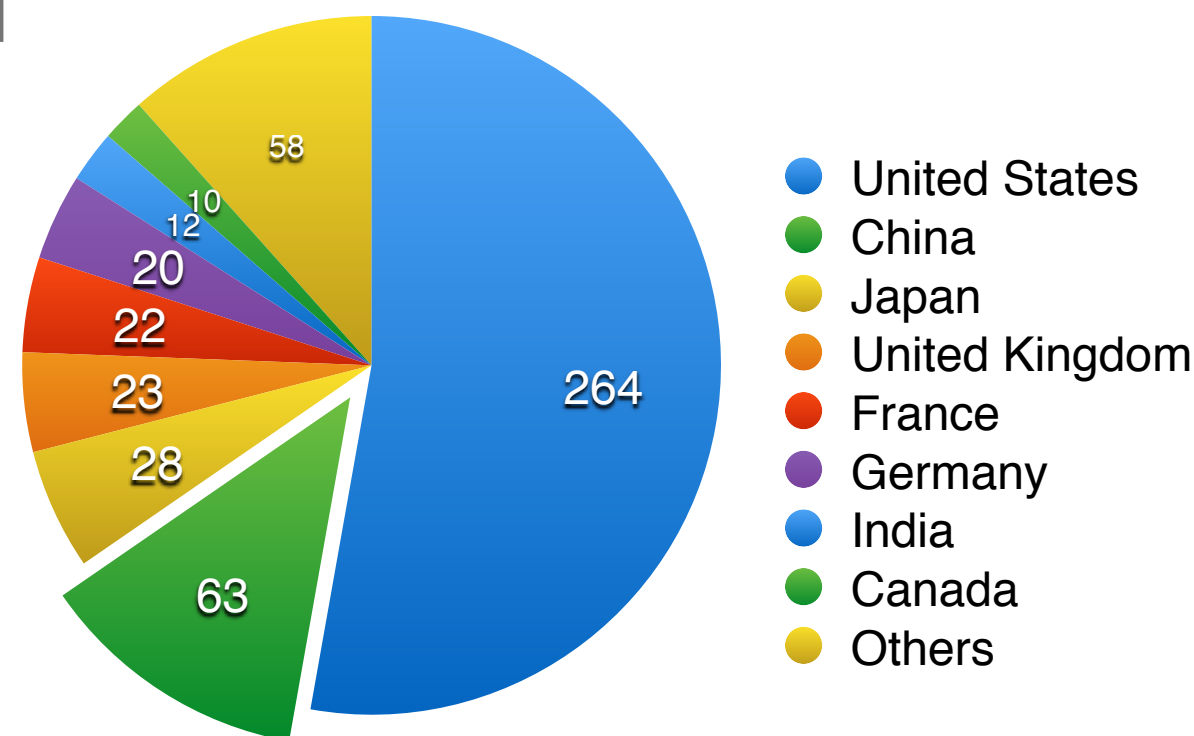
- ▶ Large investments in many countries : from Peta to Exa scales initiatives^[1]
- ▶ Latest competitive supercomputers are familiar Linux clusters
- ▶ **Large** number of spare CPU cycles are available at HPCs which are not used by 'standard' HPC applications
- ▶ **China** host some of the largest HPC facilities worldwide
- ▶ Difficulties to use HPC centres for I/O intensive applications & out-bound connectivity is an issue

PRACE, the Partnership for Advanced Computing in Europe



SuperMUC a PRACE Tier-0 centre :
155,000 Sandy Bridge cores 2.8M HS06
WLCG 2013 T0/1/2 pledges ~2.0M HS06

Number of facilities in
Top500 per country



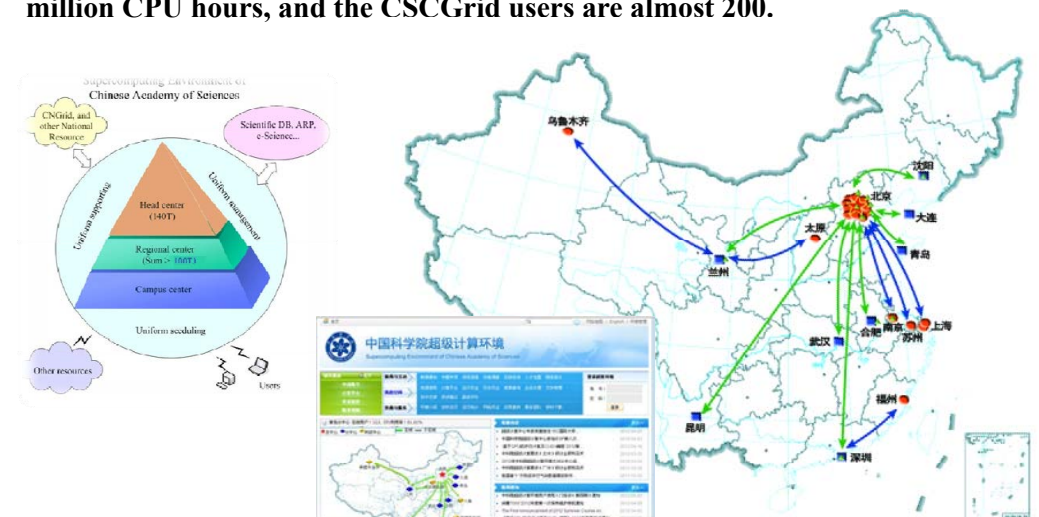
Use of HPC

- ▶ Arc-CE (grid interface from Nordugrid) installed and tested at Beijing Tier-2 site
 - To acquire expertise
 - Arc-CE used in Europe to run ATLAS production at several HPC centres
- ▶ Visits and meetings at CAS HPC center to explain the use case and discuss implementation
- ▶ Contacts also establish with other HPC centres in China



Grid/Cloud environment

China Scientific Computing Grid (CSCGrid) is consist of head center, eight regional centers, seventeen campus-level centers and eleven GPU centers, which is a three-tier grid environment. Now it integrated 300Teraflops CPU and 3,000 Teraflops GPU computing power. The environment provides services about 20 million CPU hours, and the CSCGrid users are almost 200.

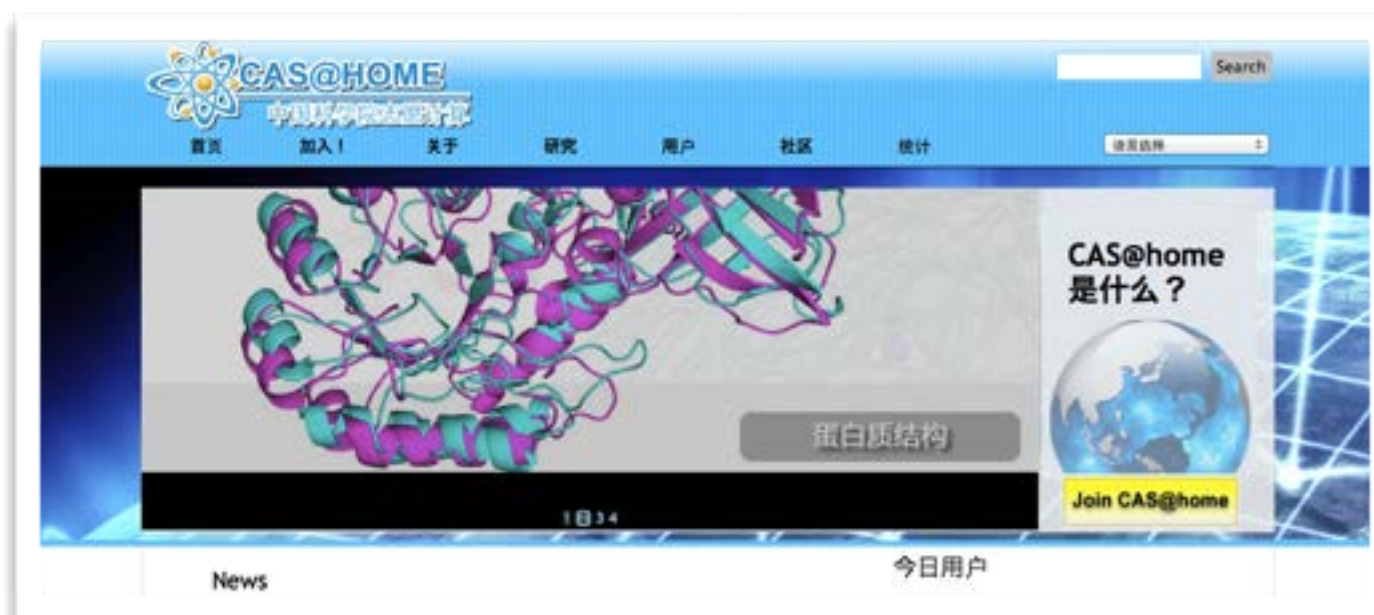
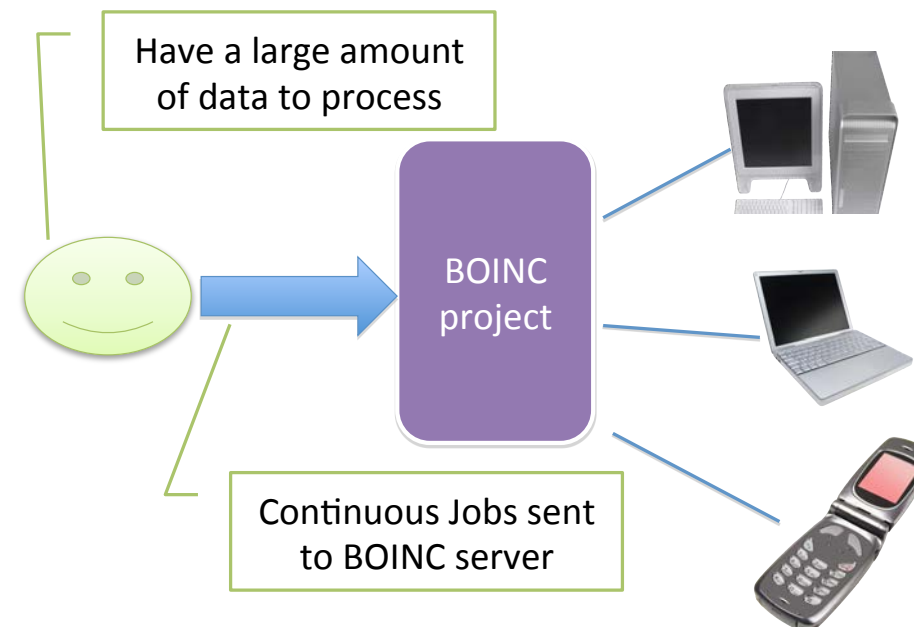


Volunteer computing

- ▶ Use of personal computer spare cycles (when computer sleeps) to run jobs for a community
- ▶ Initial project SETI (Search for Extra-Terrestrial Intelligence) launched in 1999
- ▶ Standard interfaces provided by BOINC project (Berkeley Open Infrastructure for Network Computing)
- ▶ Pioneer project in Asia : CAS@home



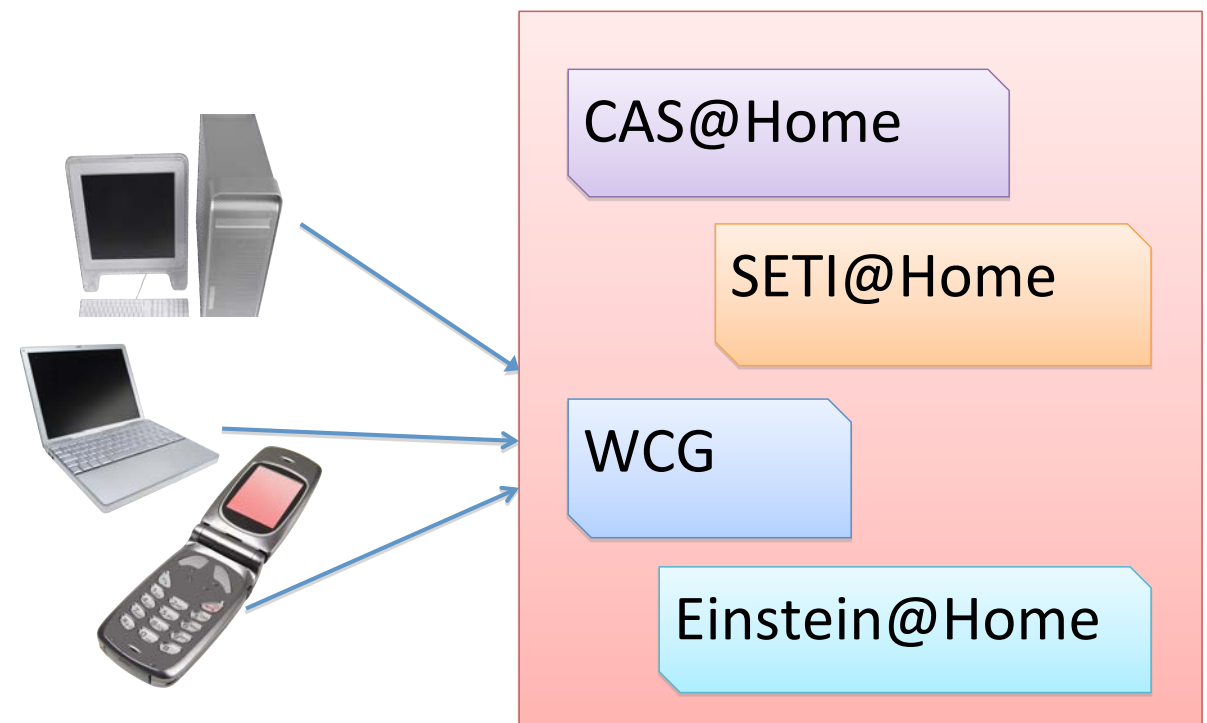
Scientists



On the client side

- ▶ Desktop Resources are virtualised into volunteer clouds
- ▶ A volunteer installs (in 2 clicks) :
 - Virtualbox hypervisor: to run the Virtual Image of the application
 - BOINC client : get a payload from BOINC sever and pass it to Virtualbox
 - And joins a project : SETI@home, CAS@home, ...
- ▶ **BUT** how to connect the volunteer to the LHC grid ?

Volunteers

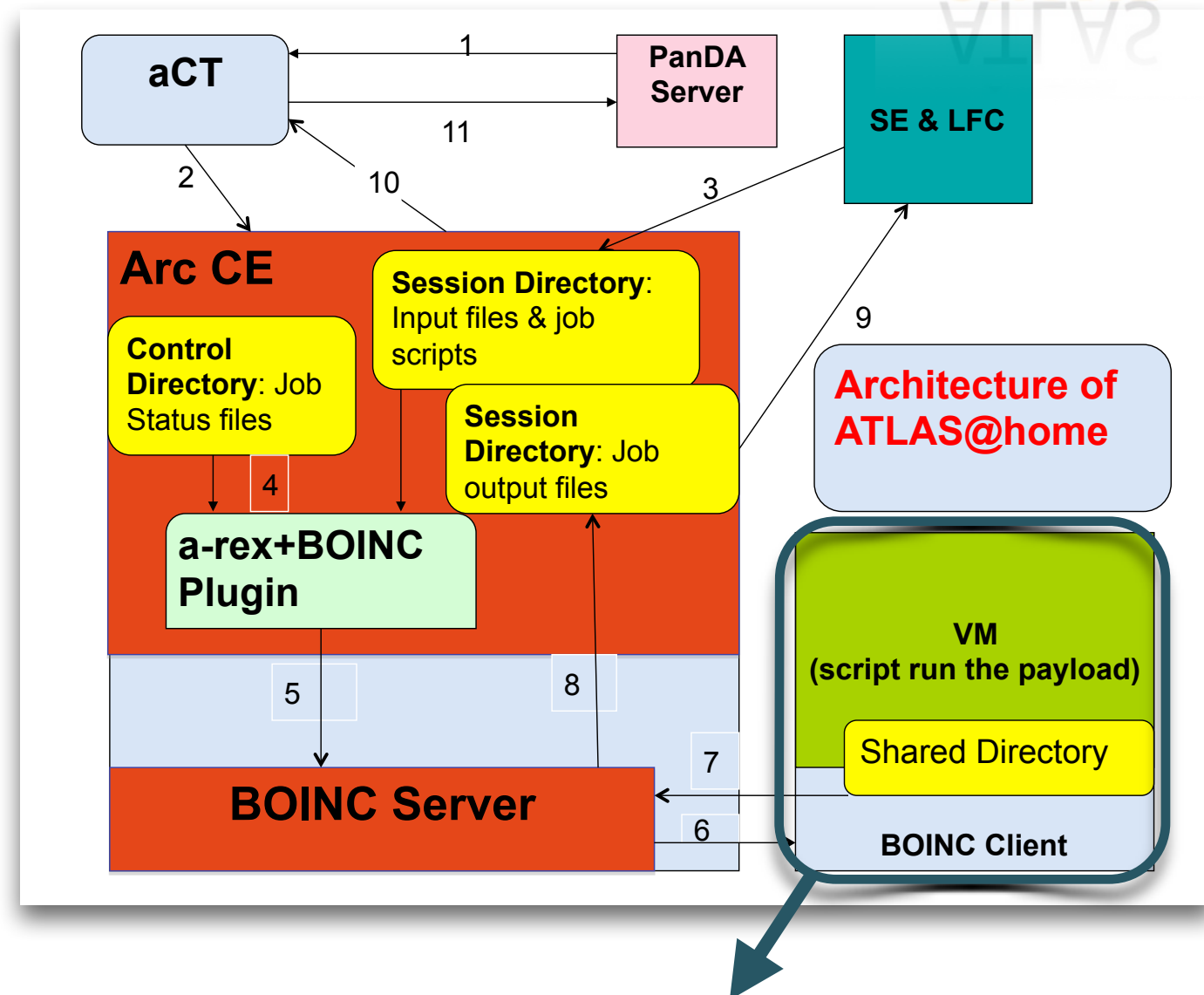


ATLAS@home

- ▶ BOINC server integrated to Arc-CE
 - Communicate with PanDA the ATLAS production system
 - Submit regular BOINC job to client, credential (proxy) are not used
 - Check outputs, register them on the grid and update PanDA
- ▶ It works !
 - Very light architecture



Wenjing WU (伍 文静)



The client (you!) knows nothing about the grid!

Future of ATLAS@home



- ▶ From prototype to production by summer
 - Presentation at GDB (Grid Deployment Board) Spring 2014
- ▶ Will be used for ATLAS outreach activities
 - Web portal currently designed by professional
- ▶ Can also be used by local batch clusters (Tier-3) to participate to ATLAS production
 - No need to install the full (heavy) grid middleware
 - No need of local storage

Activities on cloud computing

- ▶ One CSC student LI Sha/李莎 will spend one year at LPSC (Grenoble) starting May-2014 to work on cloud computing with Catherine BISCARAT
 - Integration of cloud infrastructureS to LHC workflow
 - Optimisation of Virtual Machine size (in connexion with ATLAS@home project)
 - Storage issues related to cloud computing

Summary & Outlook

- ▶ A very healthy collaboration !
- ▶ With visible contributions
- ▶ Prospects for the forthcoming year
 - ATLAS@home : from prototype to mature project
 - HPC : from contacts to prototype
 - Cloud computing : optimisation for LHC usage
 - Many changes to come on WLCG with updated computing models from LHC experiments in view of Run-2

謝謝