# The latest progress of CDEX experiment

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On behalf of CDEX Collaboration
Oct. 24, 2013



#### Outline:

China Jinping Underground Laboratory (CJPL)

CJPL; CJPL-II

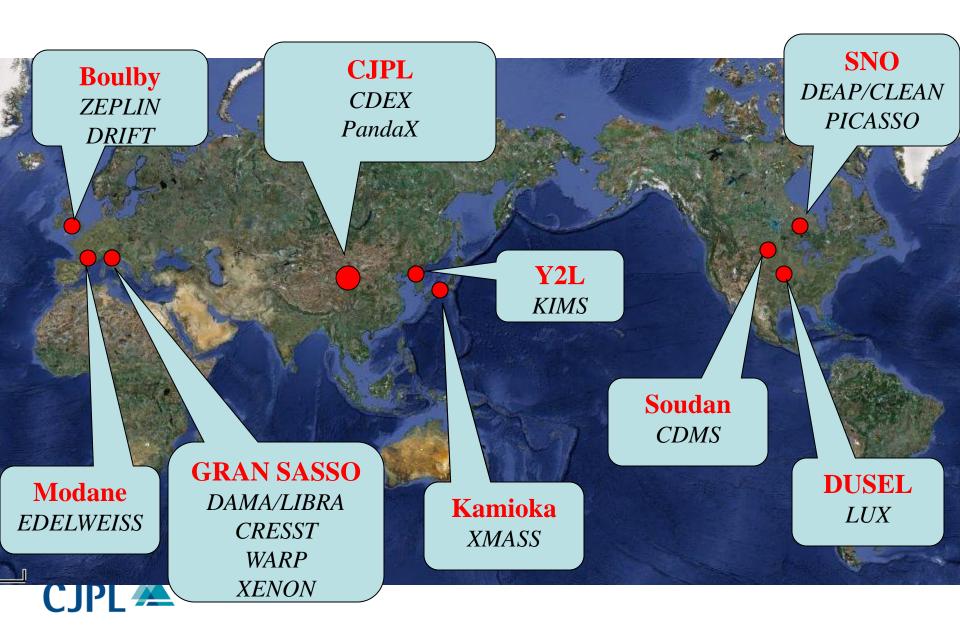
China Dark Matter Experiment (CDEX) & Status

CDEX-1; CDEX-10; CDEX-1T

Summary



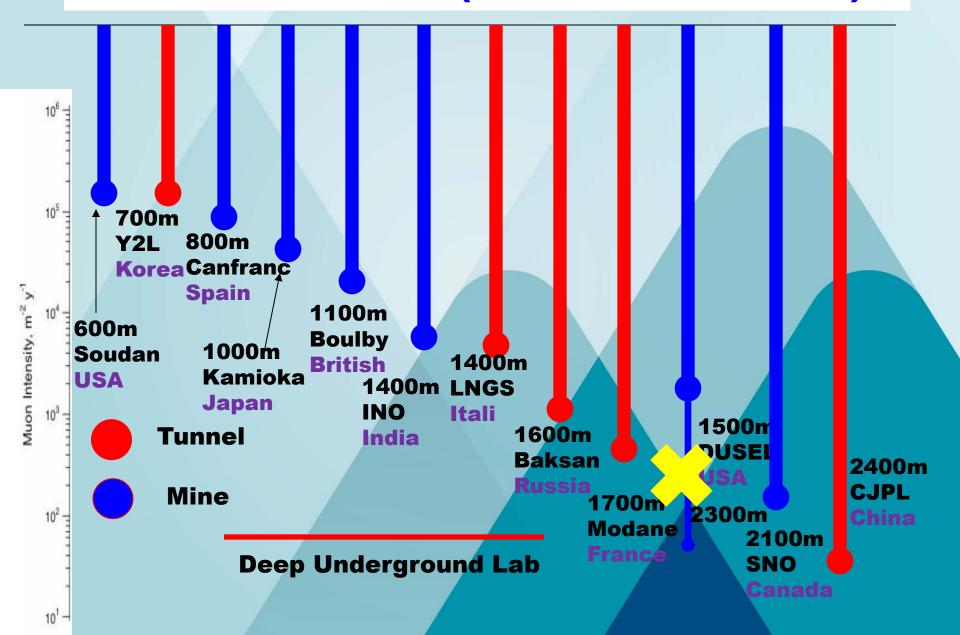
#### International Main Undergound Laboratories

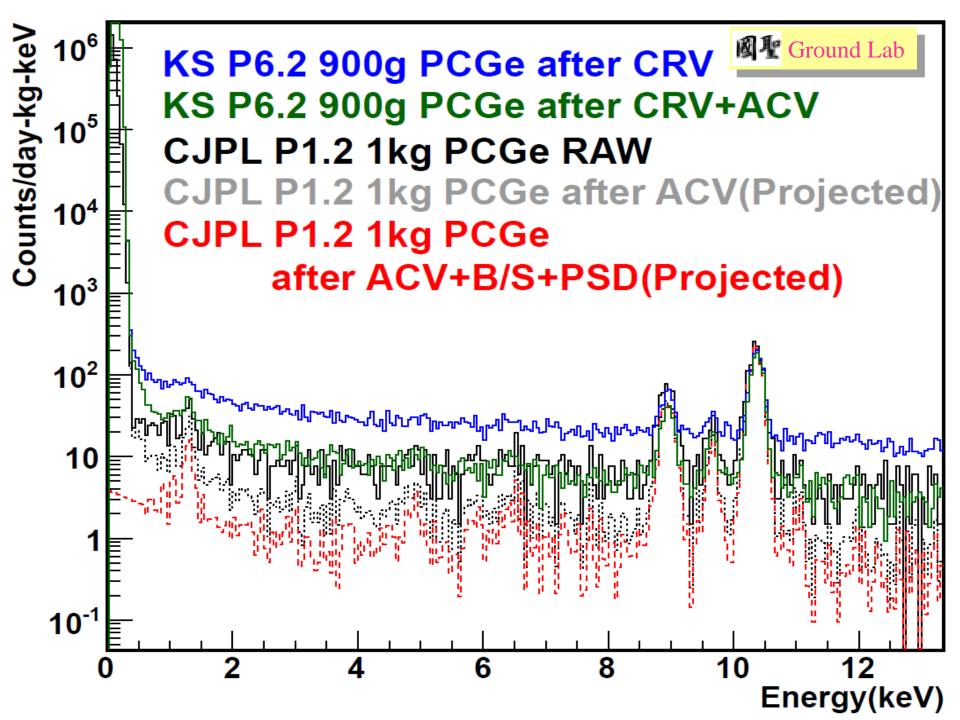


## **Two Direction Developments**

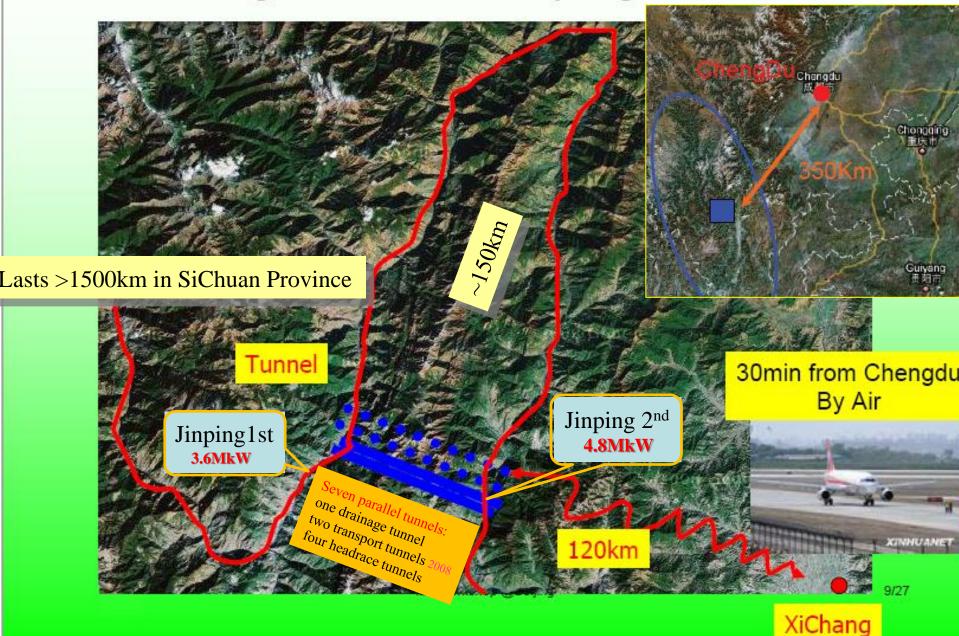
- Enhance Detection Efficiency
- increase detector target mass kg-ton-kt
- reduce detector energy threshold 10keV-1keV-100eV
- Suppress Backgrounds
- shield cosmic ray better
- passive shield with Pb, Cu, PE...
- active shield with LS
- develop high efficiency signal discrimination

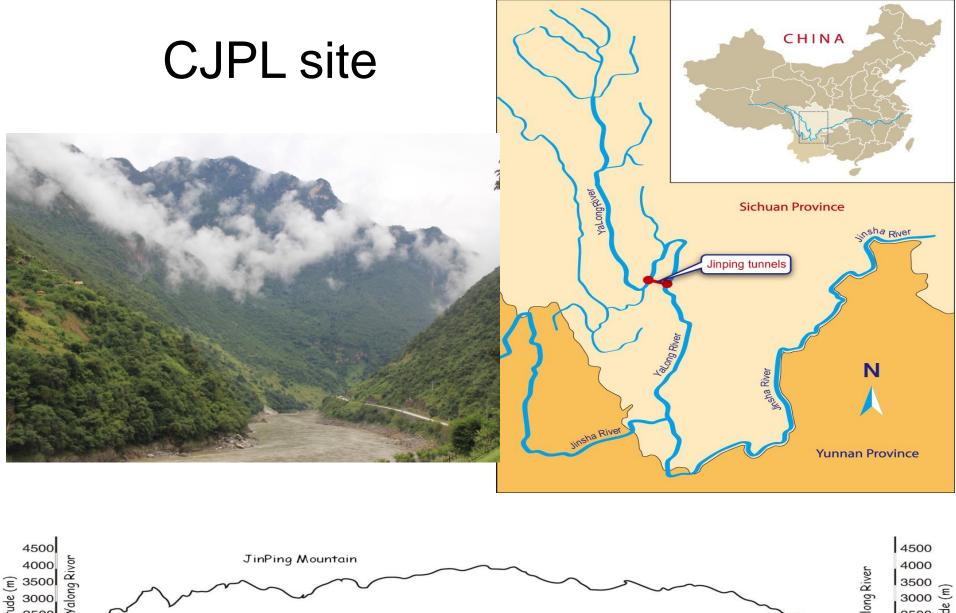
### **UL** in the world(rock overburden)

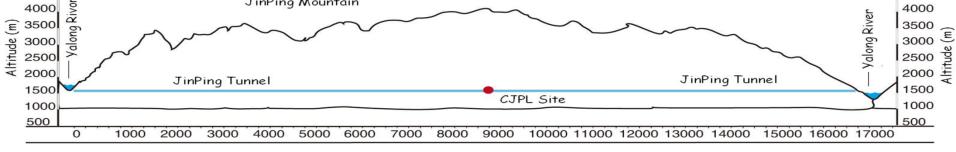




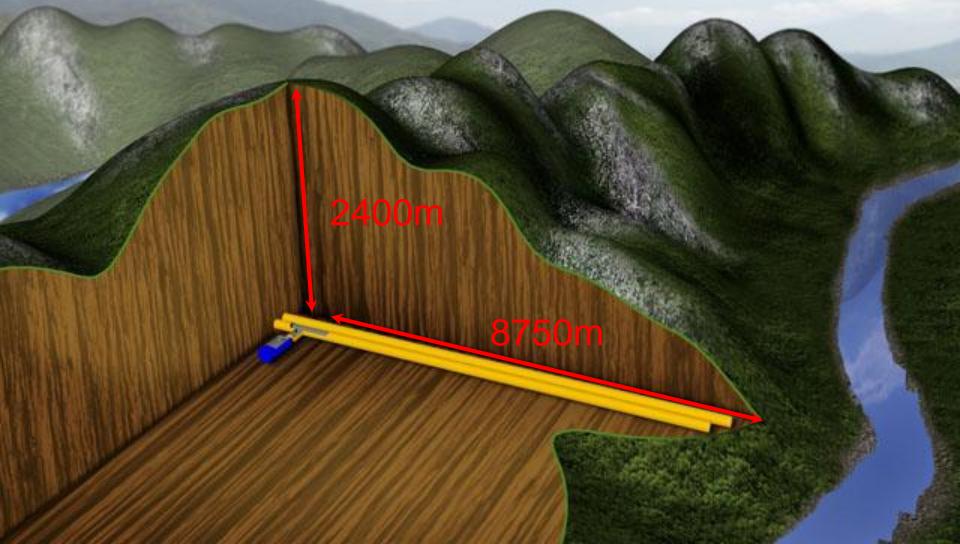
## Yalong River and Jinping Mountain







# China JinPing Underground Laboratoy (CJPL)



## China Jinping Underground Laboratory





## Logistic Condition of this UL



CJPL internal layout 10 km long air ventilation pipe built to pump the fresh air Wall is covered by a layer of air-proof resin from outside the transport tunnel into the CJPL space. to separate it from the rock Entrance tunnel 30m Connection tunnel Ventilation CDEX GeTHU PANDAX ●Main Hall:6.5\*7.5\*40m ●Total Volume~4000m³ CJPL 🚣 CJPL background facility low background germanium spectrometer

## CJPL Rock Background

(Unit: Bq/kg)	K-40	Ra-226 (609keV)	Th-232 (911keV)
CJPL Rock Sample	< 1. 1	$1.8 \pm 0.2$	< 0. 27
Beijing Normal Ground Level	~600	~25	~50

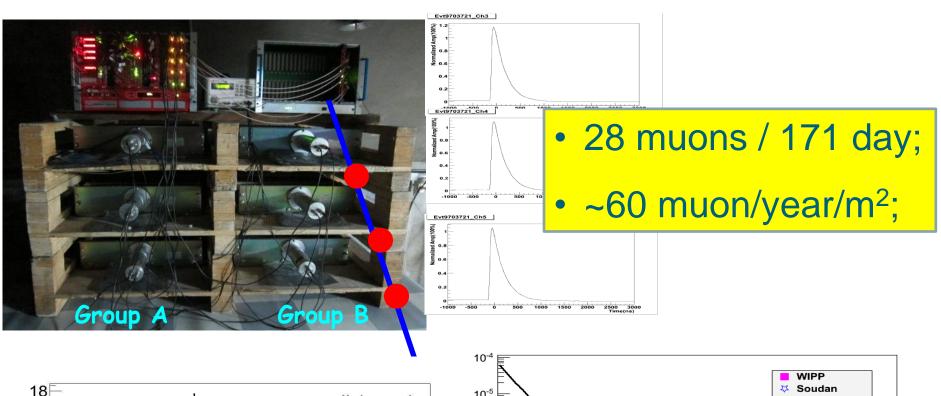
The radioactivity of surrounding environment at CJPL

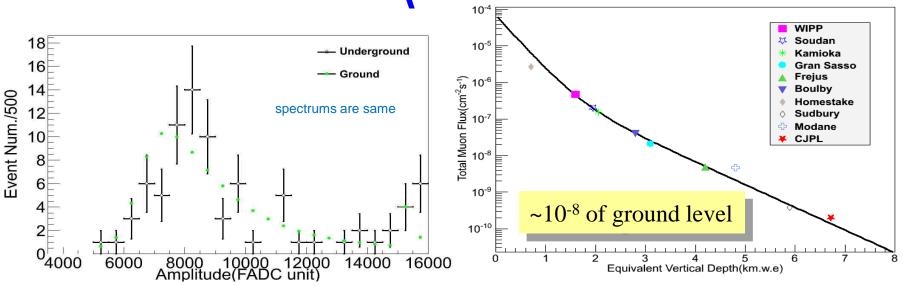




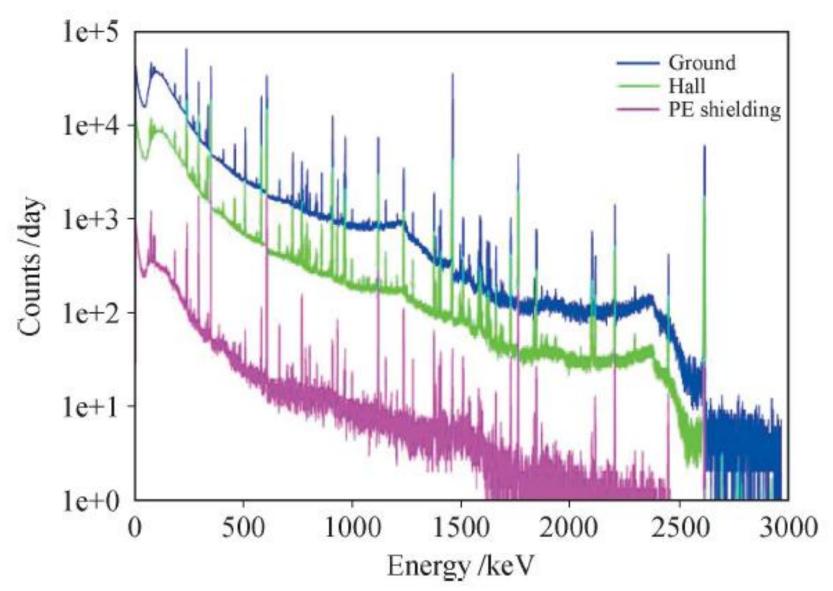
- plastic scintillators is 1 m $\times$ 0.5 m $\times$ 0.05 m
- 6 pieces divided into two group

#### Muon flux @ CJPL





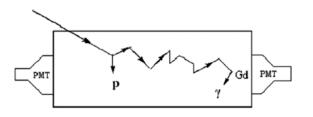
#### In-situ gamma spectra by a portable gamma spectroscoper





# Fast neutron flux measurement in CJPL

(Gd-load LS detector)





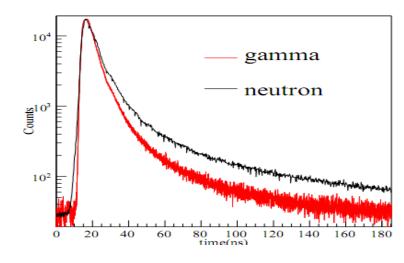
Neutrons from Rock  $\sim 3.129 \times 10^{-12}$  cpd

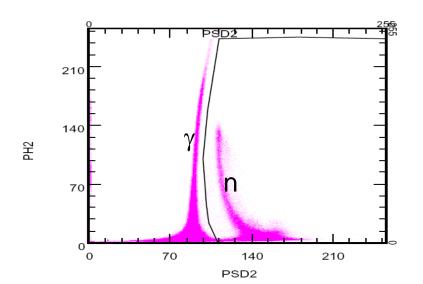
neutrons from concrete layer  $\sim$  6.490  $\times$  10-10 cpd;





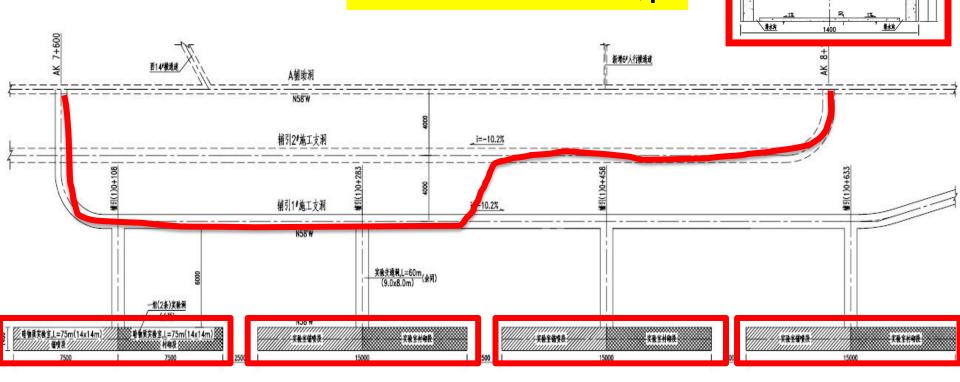
	Hall	PE shielding
Thermal Neutron Rate	~30 cpd	< 1 cpd
Thermal Neutron Flux	4.34 x10 <sup>-6</sup> n/cm <sup>2</sup> /s	< 1.45 x10 <sup>-7</sup> n/cm <sup>2</sup> /s





## CJPL Future: CJPL-II

Total volume 10<sup>5</sup>m<sup>3</sup>米



锦屏地下实验室二期建设规划布置图 1:1000

Four 12m\*12m\*150m rooms, to be finished in 2015.



#### CDEX – Status - Membership

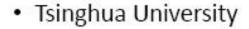












SiChuan University

Nankai University

China Institute of Atomic Energy

Ertan Hydropower Development Compa

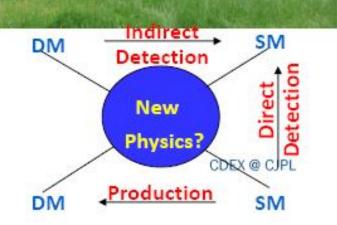
Yalong River Company

#### CDEX Target:

Direct Search of Cold Dark Matter with O(10 kg) Ge detectors of SubkeV Energy Sensitivity.



Goal: O(0.1cpkkd), < 300eV





### Before and after CDEX born

2015: Design of CDEX-1T (based on new CJPL space)

2014: CDEX-10 10kg Ge array + LAr shielding

2013: CDEX-1 preliminary result(without B/S and ACV)

2011: CDEX-1 Detector test and data taking

2010: CJPL run; CDEX-1 20g Array +1kg PPCGe

2009: CJPL planed; CDEX was born

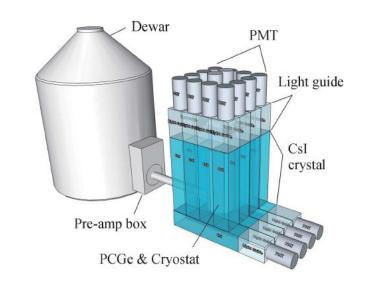
2005: 5g Ge det. run in Y2L, S. Korea

2003: Join in TEXONO and KIMS



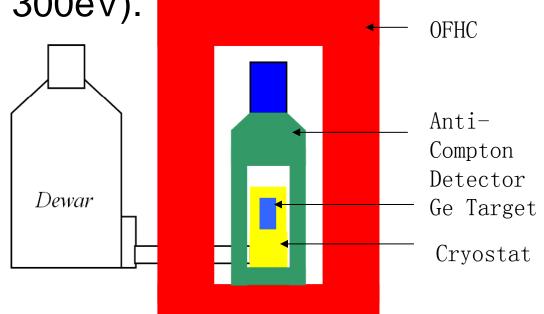
## CDEX-1kg @ CJPL

✓ Mass of Ge target: 20g, 1000g.

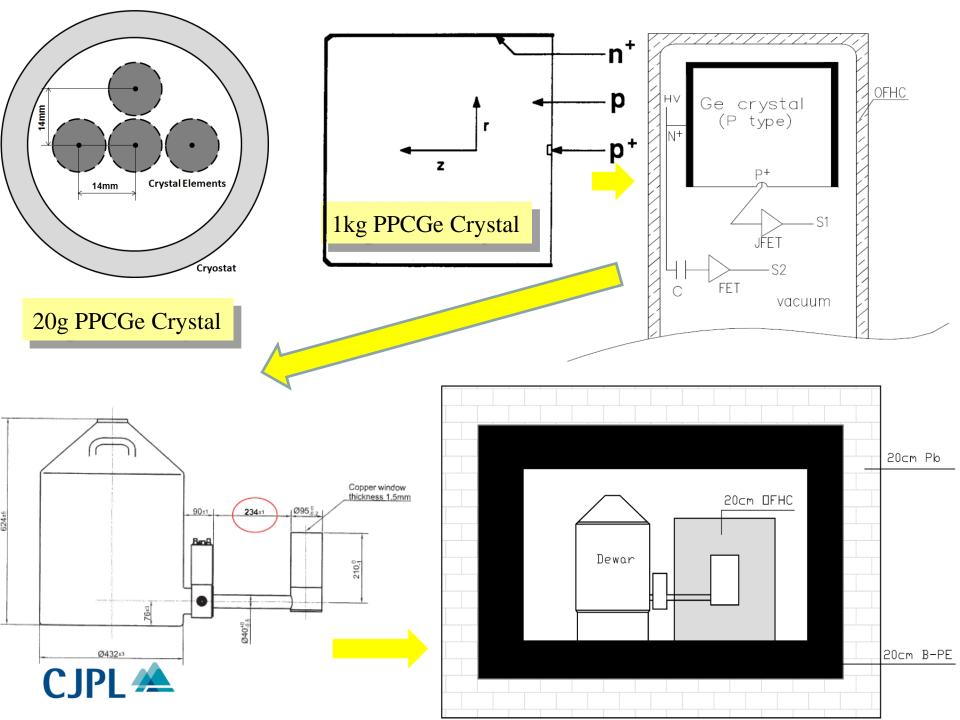


✓ Point-contact Ge detector with ultra-low energy threshold (< 300eV).</p>

✓ Further ultra-pure crystal serve as active shielding and anti-compton detector.





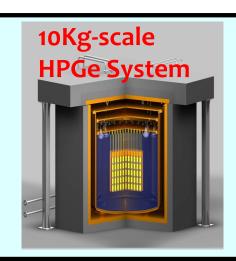


## CDEX-1 Shielding System





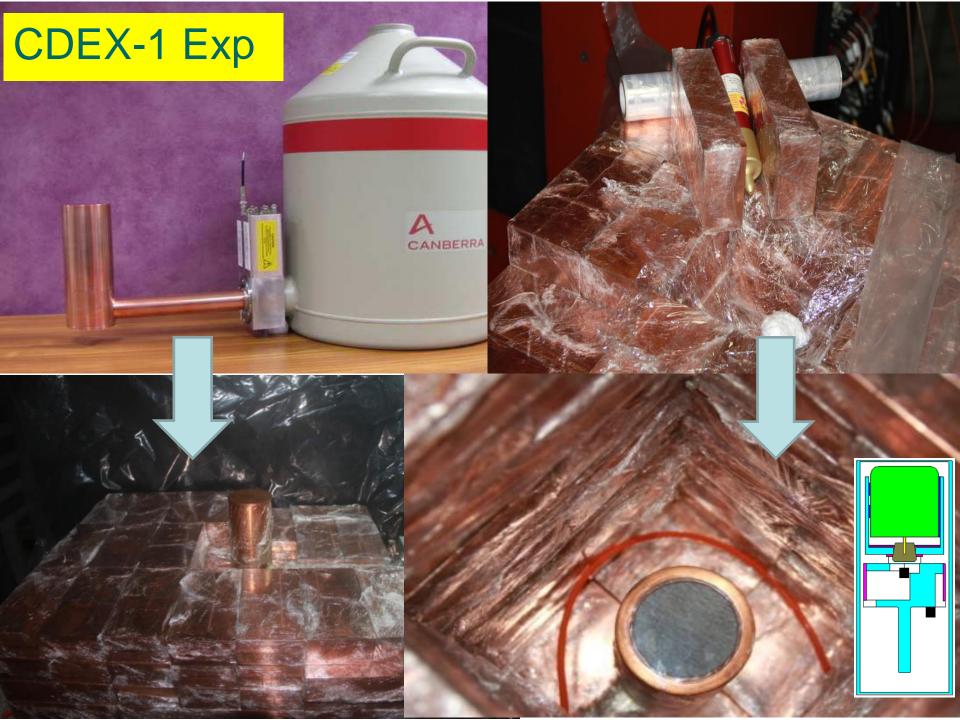
PE shielding room



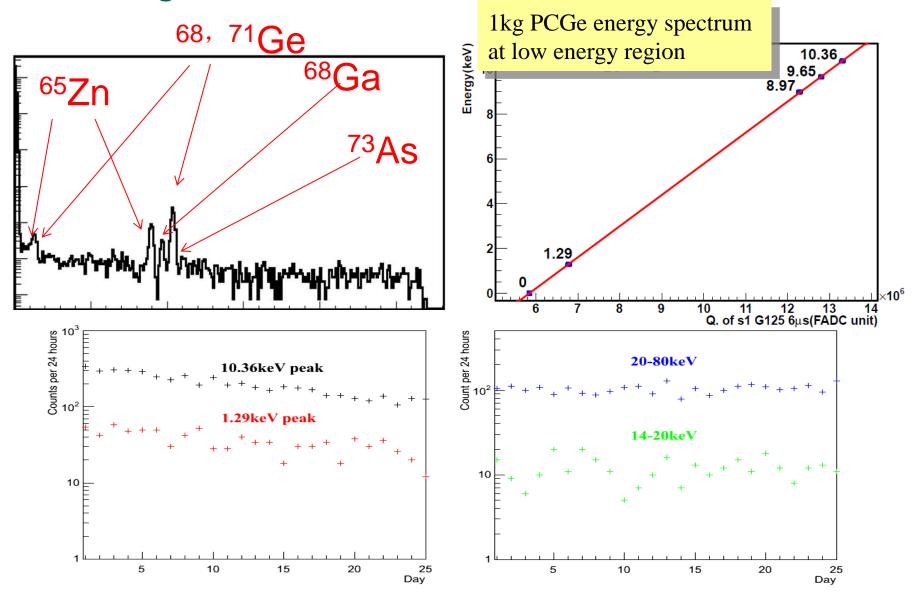
CDEX-1
Shielding
system



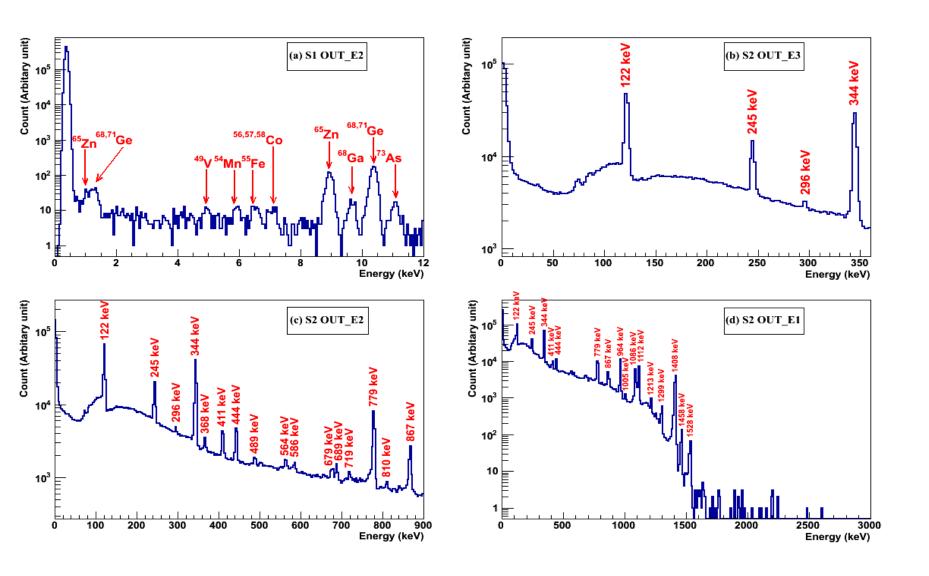




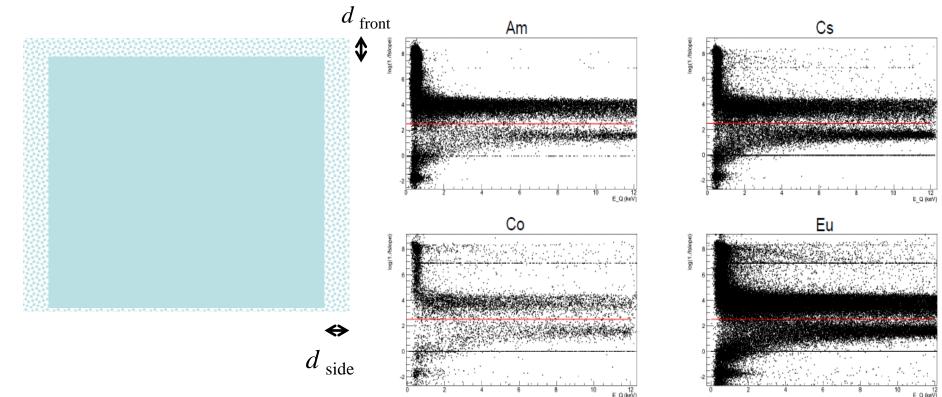
#### Background understand of PCGe detector



# 1kg-Ge Background spectrum



#### Bulk/surface discrimination

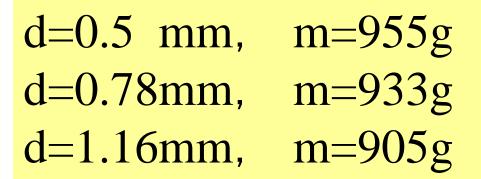


#### Finished simulation

$$d_{\text{front}} = d_{\text{side}} =$$

 $0.0 \sim 1.5 \text{ mm}$ 





#### PHYSICAL REVIEW D 88, 052004 (2013)

#### First results on low-mass WIMPs from the CDEX-1 experiment at the China Jinping underground laboratory

W. Zhao,<sup>1</sup> Q. Yue,<sup>1,\*</sup> K. J. Kang,<sup>1</sup> J. P. Cheng,<sup>1</sup> Y. J. Li,<sup>1</sup> S. T. Lin,<sup>7,†</sup> Y. Bai,<sup>3</sup> Y. Bi,<sup>5</sup> J. P. Chang,<sup>4</sup> N. Chen,<sup>1</sup> N. Chen,<sup>1</sup> Q. H. Chen,<sup>1</sup> Y. H. Chen,<sup>6</sup> Y. C. Chuang,<sup>7,†</sup> Z. Deng,<sup>1</sup> C. Du,<sup>1</sup> Q. Du,<sup>1</sup> H. Gong,<sup>1</sup> X. Q. Hao,<sup>1</sup> H. J. He,<sup>1</sup> Q. J. He,<sup>1</sup> X. H. Hu,<sup>3</sup> H. X. Huang,<sup>2</sup> T. R. Huang,<sup>7,†</sup> H. Jiang,<sup>1</sup> H. B. Li,<sup>7,†</sup> J. M. Li,<sup>1</sup> J. Li,<sup>1</sup> J. Li,<sup>4</sup> X. Li,<sup>2</sup> X. Y. Li,<sup>3</sup> Y. L. Li,<sup>1</sup> H. Y. Liao,<sup>7,†</sup> F. K. Lin,<sup>7,†</sup> S. K. Liu,<sup>5</sup> L. C. Lü,<sup>1</sup> H. Ma,<sup>1</sup> S. J. Mao,<sup>4</sup> J. Q. Qin,<sup>1</sup> J. Ren,<sup>2</sup> J. Ren,<sup>1</sup> X. C. Ruan,<sup>2</sup> M. B. Shen,<sup>6</sup> L. Singh,<sup>7,8,†</sup> M. K. Singh,<sup>7,8,†</sup> A. K. Soma,<sup>7,8,†</sup> J. Su,<sup>1</sup> C. J. Tang,<sup>5</sup> C. H. Tseng,<sup>7,†</sup> J. M. Wang,<sup>6</sup> L. Wang,<sup>5</sup> Q. Wang,<sup>1</sup> H. T. Wong,<sup>7,†</sup> S. Y. Wu,<sup>6</sup> W. Wu,<sup>3</sup> Y. C. Wu,<sup>1</sup> Y. C. Wu,<sup>4</sup> Z. Z. Xianyu,<sup>1</sup> H. Y. Xing,<sup>5</sup> Y. Xu,<sup>3</sup> X. J. Xu,<sup>1</sup> T. Xue,<sup>1</sup> L. T. Yang,<sup>1</sup> S. W. Yang,<sup>7,†</sup> N. Yi,<sup>1</sup> C. X. Yu,<sup>3</sup> H. Yu,<sup>1</sup> X. Z. Yu,<sup>5</sup> X. H. Zeng,<sup>6</sup> Z. Zeng,<sup>1</sup> L. Zhang,<sup>4</sup> Y. H. Zhang,<sup>6</sup> M. G. Zhao,<sup>3</sup> S. N. Zhong,<sup>3</sup> Z. Y. Zhou,<sup>2</sup> J. J. Zhu,<sup>5</sup> W. B. Zhu,<sup>4</sup> X. Z. Zhu,<sup>1</sup> and Z. H. Zhu<sup>6</sup>

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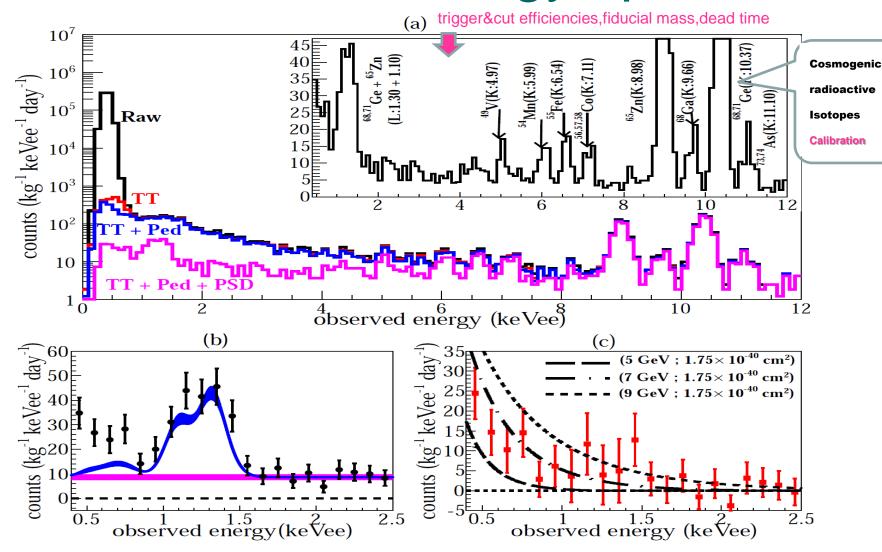
<sup>8</sup>Department of Physics, Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi 221005

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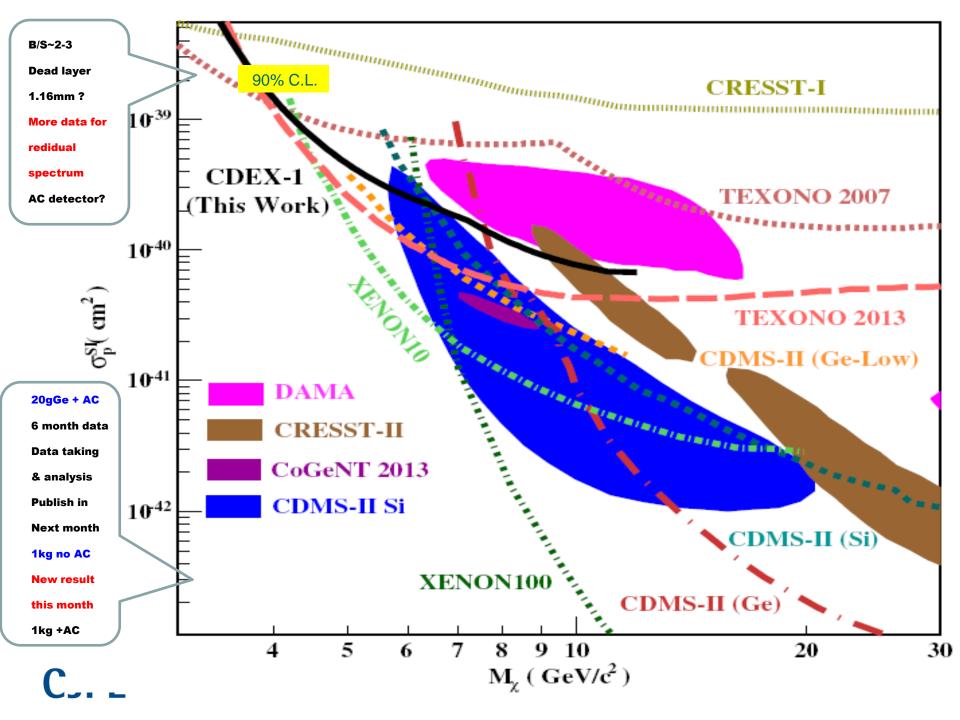
The China Dark Matter Experiment Collaboration reports the first experimental limit on weakly interacting massive particles (WIMPs) dark matter from 14.6 kg-days of data taken with a  $905_{S}$ g p-type point-contact germanium detector at the China Jinping underground laboratory where the rock overburden is more than 2400 m. The energy threshold achieved was 400 eVee. According to the 14.6 kg-day live data, we placed the limit of  $\sigma_{\chi N} = 1.75 \times 10^{-40}$  cm<sup>2</sup> at a 90% confidence level on the spin-independent cross section at a WIMP mass of 7 GeV before differentiating bulk signals from the surface backgrounds.

DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevD.88.052004 PACS numbers: 95.35.+d, 29.40.Wk

## CDEX-1 low energy spectra







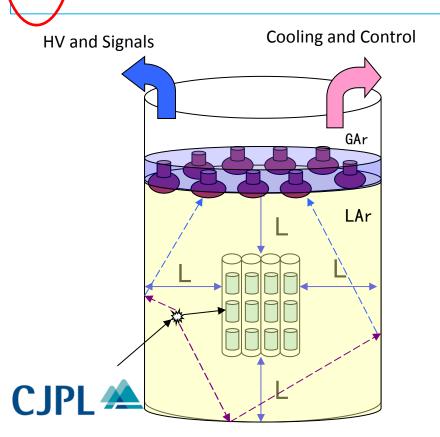
## CDEX-10kg Experiment

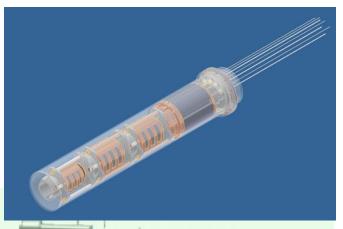
Ge: Encapsuled into copper vacuum tube.

LAr: Passive shielding +Active shielding.

PMT Detecting ~420nm light

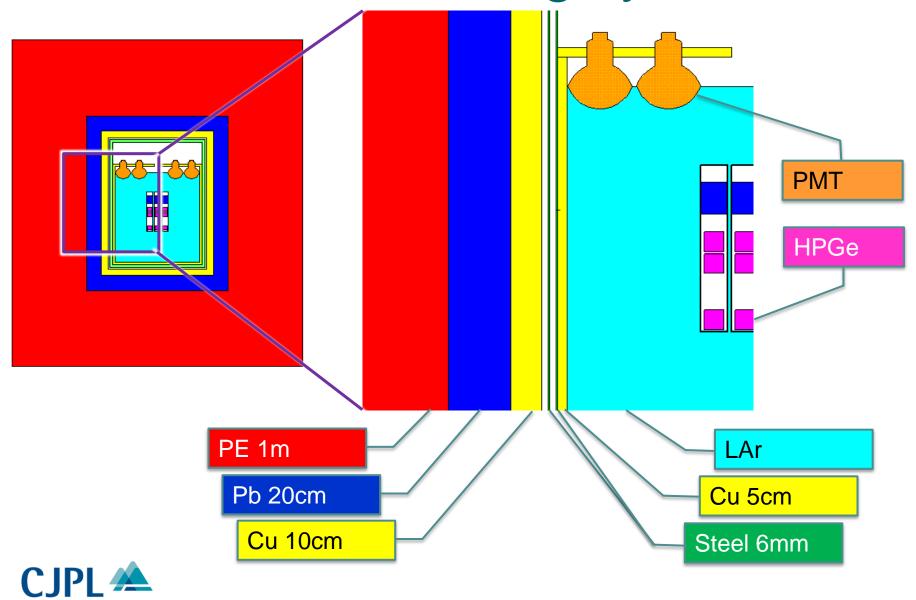
WLS: Transfering 128nm light to~420nm light.



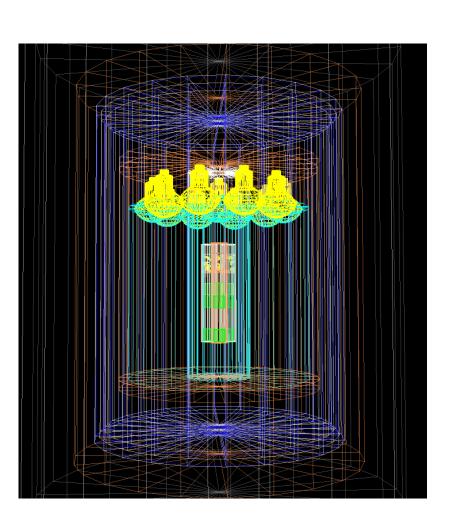


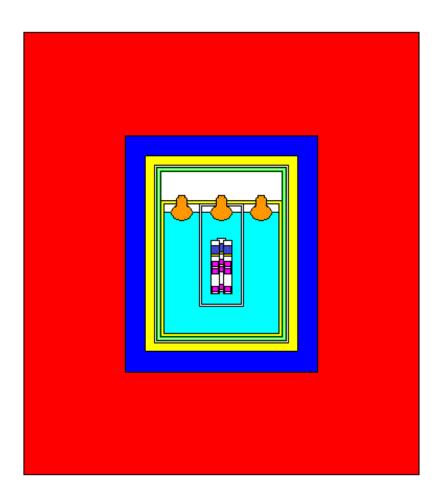


# CDEX shielding system



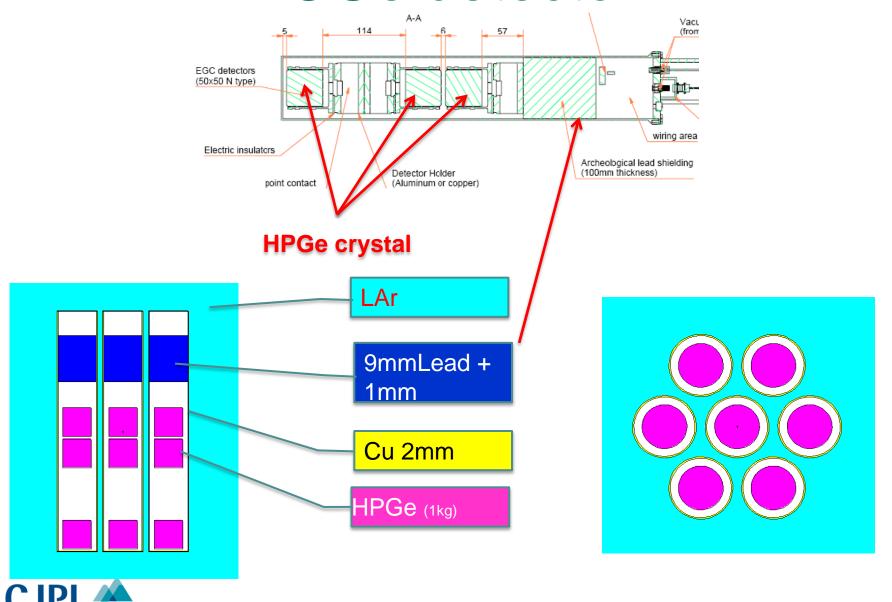
## **CDEX-10** simulation





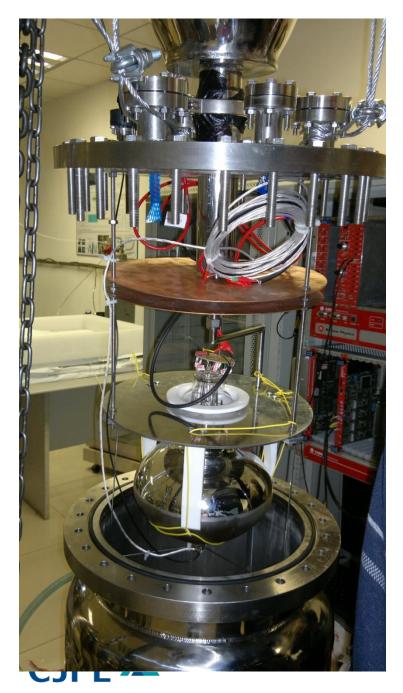


## PCGe detector

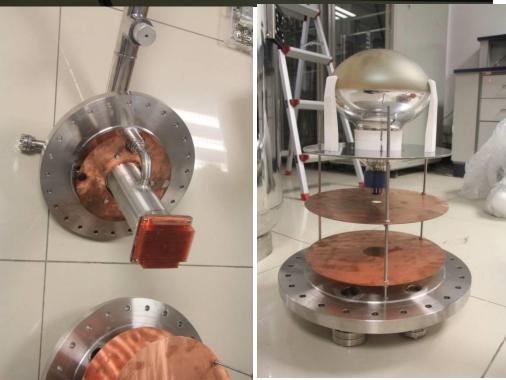


## LAr AC detector

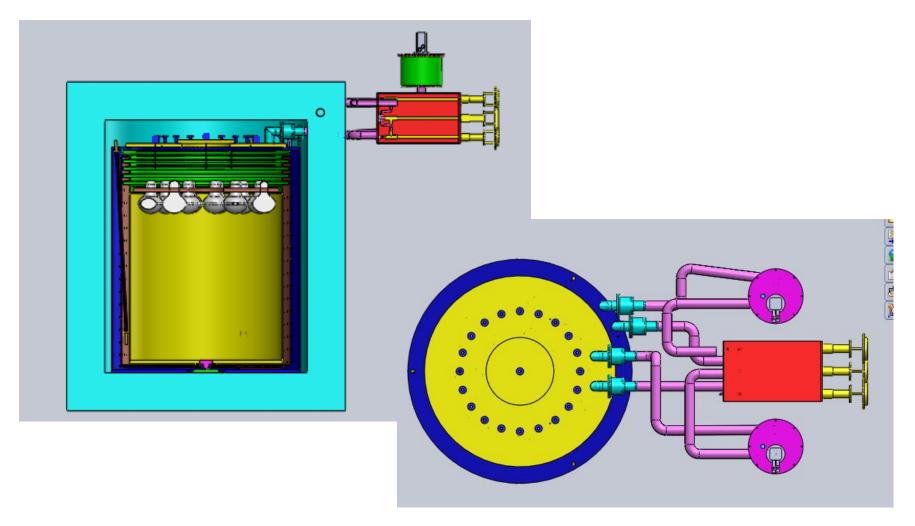




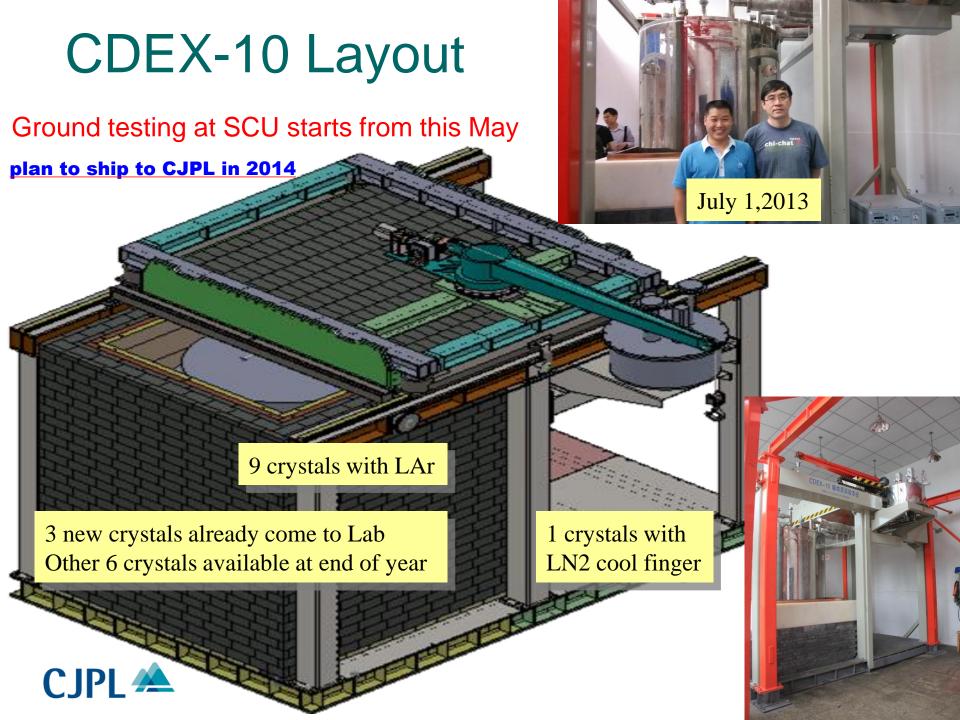




# CDEX-10 LAr AC system

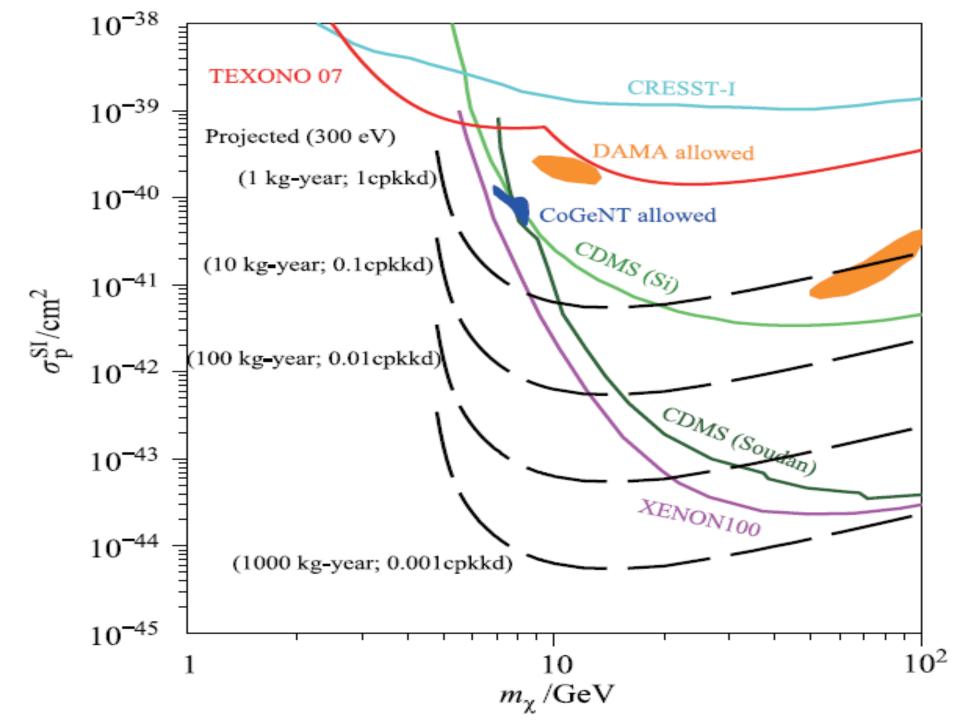












## Summary

- CJPL with deepest rock overburden in the world run now.
   CJPL-II with 20 times space under design.
- CDEX has started CDEX-1 experiment, and a first physics result is already published.
- CDEX-10 (PCGe+Lar AC) already start ground testing at SCU from this May and plan to ship to CJPL in 2014.
- CDEX-1T related technologies has been exploited by CDEX including background understanding, detector fabrication, crystal growth, electronics and so on.





CJPL 🛳

中国锦屏地下实验室 China Jinping Underground Laboratory

Thank you for your attention!