

Computational Science Activities in Korea

Jysoo Lee

President

National Institute of Supercomputing and Networking
Korea Institute of Science and Technology Information







- National Supercomputing Act
- National Supercomputing Plan
- National Institute of Supercomputing and Networking
- National Supercomputing Infrastructure
- Computational Science Society





"Korea is Supercom-blind"

- No supercomputer in Korea made the top500 list (2009. 6.)
- Korea used to have more than ten systems in the list

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특별기획 / 통신강국코리아 세계로 가는 한국 ICT

기획 / G밸리-지엔텔 대기업 고객 확보 '제2 성장' 꿈꾼다

미래기술의 산실 '디지털 미디아 글로벌 비즈니스 '중심'으로 변신중

대한민국은 '슈퍼컴맹'

'세계 500대 리스트' 16년만에 빠져

퍼컴 후진국'으로 전략했다.

'인터내셔널슈퍼컴퓨팅콘퍼런스 (ISC) 2009'에서 공개된 세계 500

지난 1993년 순위 집계가 시작된 기준으로 국가 순위를 매기는 것조 차례 발표된다.

쟁력의 원천으로 꼽히는 슈퍼컴 지 학기술정보연구원(KISTI)이 구축 집계 대상에서 빠졌다. 원책 마련이 시급하다는 지적이다. 중인 슈퍼컴 4호기가 277위로 유일 라의 슈퍼컵 성능이 전반적으로 향 상되면서 이번 발표에서 제외됐다.

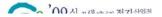
지 16년 만에 처음으로 단 한 대도 차 무의미해졌다. 한국의 국가 슈 우리나라가 2009년 상반기 세 500위권에 들지 못했다. 세계 슈퍼 퍼컴 순위는 2003년 한때 6위까지 계 500대 슈퍼컴퓨터 리스트에 단 캠 리스트는 성능에 따라 상위 500 올랐으나 2006년 10위권 밖으로 한 대도 이름을 올리지 못하며 '슈 대를 선정해 매년 6월과 11월 두 밀려난 이후 지난해 31위까지 떨 어졌다. 올해는 500위권 슈퍼컵을 과학기술 부문을 넘어 국가 경 한국은 지난해 11월에는 한국과 한 대도 보유하지 못하면서 아예

반면에 같은 아시아권에서는 중 23일(현지시각) 독일 함부르크 하게 500위권에 들었지만 다른 나 국이 가장 많은 21대를 리스트에 올렸으며, 일본(15대), 인도(6대) 등의 순이었다. 싱가포르·대만·홈 콩 등도 각각 1대로 이름을 올렸다.



전자신문사와 엑스포럼 공통 주최로 24일 삼성통 코엑스에서 개막한 '2009 신재생에너7 리가 장착된 전기자동차에 대해 설명을 듣고 있다. 26일까지 열리는 이번 전시회에는 7개

한국 녹색성장 强小기



산업계 활용도 급증…육성법 마련 시급



Supercomputing Act



National Supercomputing Promotion Act – History (1/2)

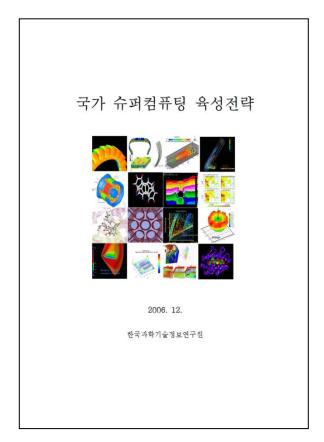


Early Discussion

'98: Law system maintenance on national supercomputing

Discussion in National Assembly

- '04: "Urge law system for the vitalization of national supercomputing" (State Affairs Committee)
- '05: "Urge effective utilization of supercomputer" (Science and Telecommunication Committee)
- '06: "Urge law system maintenance on national institutes" (Assembly-man Ryu)
- '08: "Demand of comprehensive plan for the promotion of supercomputing" (Assemblywoman Kim)





National Supercomputing Promotion Act – History (2/2)



■ Bill Consideration at National Assembly

- ❖ '09.09: Proposed in the 284th Regular Session
- '10.02: Open Forum on the Promotion of National Supercomputing
- '10.04: Invited Lecture on the Promotion of National Supercomputing
- '10.08: Introduced in the 293th Plenary Session of Education, Science and Technology Committee
- ❖ '10.11: Public Hearing
- '11.03: Approved in the Subcommittee on Bill Consideration
- '11.03: Approved in the 298th Plenary Session of Education, Science and Technology Committee
- '11.04: Approved in Plenary Session of Judiciary Committee
- '11.04: Approved in the 299th General Meeting
- '11.06: Act on "National Use and Promotion of Supercomputer" Enacted
- '11.12: Promulgate the Enforcement Ordinance and Regulation







National Supercomputing Promotion Act - Summary



Title

- "Utilization and Promotion of National Supercomputing"
- **Enacted**: 2011. 6. 7, **Implemented**: 2011. 12. 8

Goal

Contributing to the enhancement of people's quality of life and the national economic development... through the efficient implementation and systematic management of national supercomputing infrastructure

Key Actions

- Establishment and execution of plan for the promotion of national supercomputing ecosystem
 - Master Plan (5 years), Implementation Plan (1 year)
- National Supercomputing Committee
 - Chair: Secretary of Ministry of Science, ICT and Future Planning
 - Ministry Involved (9): Ministry of Science, ICT and Future Planning, Ministry of Strategy and Finance, Ministry National Defense, Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy, Ministry of Health and Welfare, Ministry of Environment, Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries, Small and Medium Business Administration, Korea Meteorological Administration
- National Supercomputing Center
 - Support the planning and execution of national plan



National Supercomputing Plan



National Supercomputing Master Plan (1/2)



❖ 3 Strategies (or Areas)

- Expand adoption
- Efficient infrastructure (including human resource)
- R&D on core technology (including industry)

제1차 국가초고성능컴퓨팅 육성 기본계획('13~'17)

> 교육과학기술부 기 획 개 경 부 국 방 부 지 식 경 제 부 제 출 자 보 건 복 지 부 환 경 부 국 토 해 양 부 국가과학기술위원회 중 소 기 업 경 기 상 경 제출년월일 2012. 12. 4.

Vision

Top 7 Nation for Supercomputing

Expand the use of supercomputing through the creation of new demand

Establish Top 10 supercomputing service infrastructure

Secure independent supercomputing development capacity



National Supercomputing Master Plan (2/2)



Expand the use of supercomputing through the creation of new demand

- Promote national research and development using national supercomputing
- Strengthen industry innovation by using national supercomputing
- Expand public and private service based on supercomputing
- Expand public participatory activities to promote the understanding of supercomputing

Establish global top 10 supercomputing service infrastructure

- Secure supercomputing resource in response to future demand
- Establish efficient national supercomputing service system
- Train demand-based experts for supercomputing ecosystem

Secure independent supercomputing development capacity and foster the basis for industrialization

- Secure independent development capacity for supercomputing system
- Expand R&D of original technology for the next generation supercomputing development
- Foster industry basis related to supercomputing



About NISN

National Institute of Supercomputing and Networking - Overview



Mission (Article 9, Clause 1)

Support Promotion and Utilization of National Supercomputing

Function (Article 9, Clause 3)

- Securing and operating world-class resource
- Managing collaborative use of resource
- Carrying out R&D on supercomputing
- Providing education, training, and technical support
- Managing and operating advanced research network
- Supporting establishment and execution of the national plan





■ Inauguration Ceremony (2012. 12)

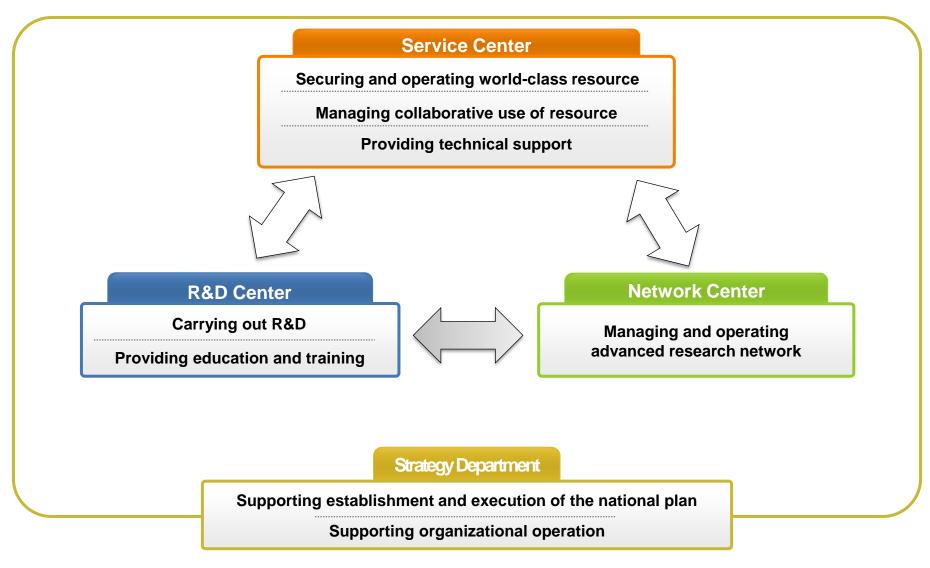
- US: NCSA, Calit2 (NSF), NCCS, LBNL (DOE)
- Japan: AICS, CCS
- China: NSCC-TJ, CNIC, SSC
- Europe: JSC, CSC





National Institute of Supercomputing and Networking - Organization

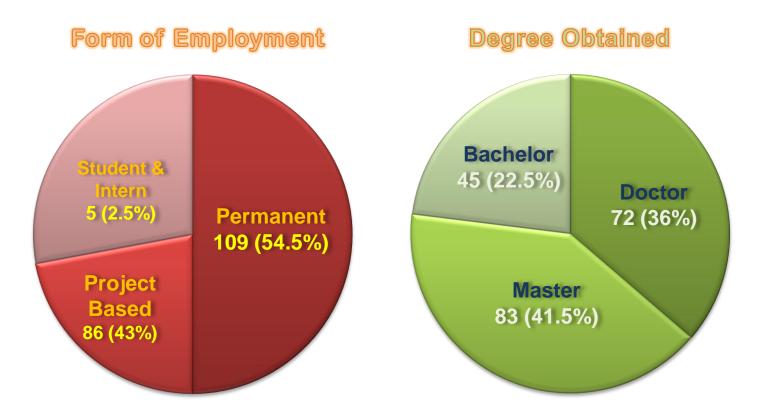




National Institute of Supercomputing and Networking - Personnel



Personnel (200 people)



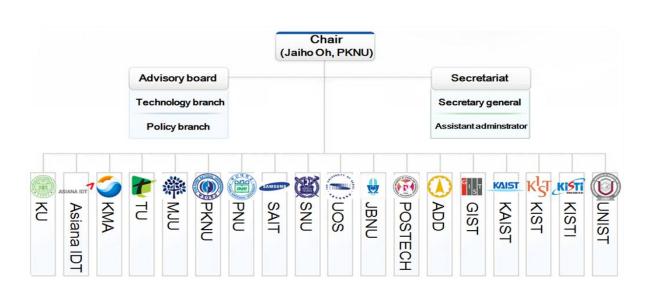


Supercomputing Infrastructure

KSCA (Korea Supercomputing Centers Alliance)



- KSCA was established in 2001 for collaborating for supercomputer operation, sharing of their resources, and developing operation technology
- ❖ 20 Members (university, research institute, government, industry)
- Main KSCA member have been joined to PLSI project since 2007 for sharing their resources and vitalizing regional HPC ecosystem





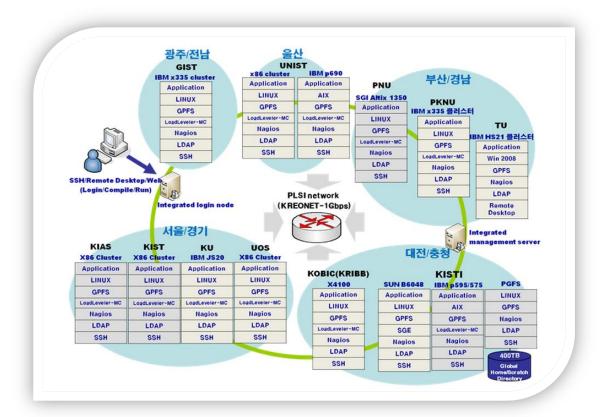






Shared Infrastructure

- 11 Participants: KISTI, PKNU, PNU, UNIST, GIST, KIAS, ...
- Resource: 21 Systems, 8764 CPU, 102 TF (84 TF from KISTI)
- Service: Integrated System, User Portal, Support, Training
- ✓ Serving as Pilot National Supercomputing Infrastructure

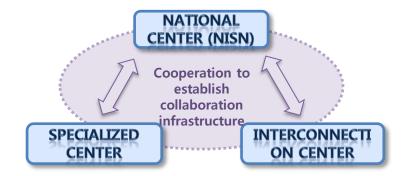




National Supercomputing Infrastructure – Master Plan



- Secure supercomputing resource for responding to future demand
 - Construct systematic resource demand forecast and management system
 - Secure world-class supercomputing resource
 - Expand research network resource for supporting supercomputing service
- Establish efficient national supercomputing service system
 - Three layer architecture: national specialized interconnection
 - ✓ National center (NISN): world-class resource, support large scale national strategic projects, national service infrastructure leader
 - ✓ Specialized center: medium scale resource, support specific domain (or ministry), regional service leader
 - ✓ Interconnection center: institute-wide resource, support local demands, institute service leader





Computational Science Society



Introduction

- Korean Society for Computational Sciences and Engineering(KSCSE) was founded on October of 2009
- Promote and encourage the domestic computational science and engineering in science and industry
- Homepage <u>www.cse.or.kr</u>

Statistics (as of 2013)

- President
 - Dong-Pil Min
- Board Members
 - 6 Vice-Presidents
 - 20 Officers
- Membership
 - 386 People







KSCSE (2/2)



Activity

- **4** 2009
 - Inaugural Meeting and Workshop (10.12, COEX Intercontinental Hotel)
- **4** 2010
 - Invited talks & Multicore/GPU Computing Workshop (5. 27~28, KIAS)
 - Fall Conference (12.6, Ramada Hotel)
- **4** 2011
 - Incorporated Association (1.31, MEST)
 - Spring Conference & MPI/Heterogeneous Computing (5.19~20, Seoul National University)
 - Fall Conference (12.1, Seoul Education Culture Center)
- **3** 2012
 - Spring Conference (6.22, Yonsei University)
 - Fall Conference (10.10, EL Tower)
- **4** 2013
 - Spring Conference in conjunction with FKPPL Workshop (6.5, Yonsei University)
 - Fall Conference in conjunction with HPC User Forum (10.1, EL Tower)





KSC (Korea Supercomputing Conference)

Annual Meeting

- **❖** KSC2009
 - 10.12~13, COEX Intercontinental Hotel
 - Attendance 343: University 143, Industry 86, Government 114
- ❖ KSC2010
 - 10.6~7, Ramada Hotel
 - Attendance 246: University 81, industry 61, Government 104
- ❖ KSC2011
 - 12.1~2, Seoul Education Culture Center
 - Attendance: 354
- ❖ KSC2012
 - 10.10~12, EL Tower
 - Attendance: 301
- ❖ KSC2013
 - 9.30~10.2, EL Tower















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Super Korea!

jysoo@kisti.re.kr

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