

Search for tt resonances @ Atlas and CMS

Top LHC-France meeting

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tt resonance searches

- ◆ Many models predict new heavy resonances (Z' , g_{KK} , G^* , H^0)
 - They may decay predominantly into $t\bar{t}$ (because of the large top mass)
- ◆ Both Atlas and CMS have results on full-hadronic, semi- and di-leptonic final states
 - French groups mainly involve in semi-leptonic (e or mu)
 - the talk will be focused on this channel
- ◆ Comparison of the analyses Atlas ↔ CMS is highly instructive
 - Strategy ATLAS-CONF-2012-136
 - Selection CMS: JHEP 12 (2012) 015
 - Background modeling
 - Reconstruction
 - Systematics uncertainties
 - Limits

- ◆ Detector resolution on mtt $O(10\%)$
- ◆ Sequential SM topcolor Z' ($\Gamma/m=1.2\%$ and 10%)
 - Pythia 8
 - Pythia 6
- ◆ KK gluon ($\Gamma/m=15\%$)
 - Pythia 8
 - Madgraph 5

- ◆ SM $t\bar{t}$
 - Irreducible background
 - Madgraph5 + Pythia6 + CTEQ6L, k-factor from MCFM (N²NLO)
 - MC@NLO + Herwig + CT10, k-factor from HATOR (NNLO)

- ◆ W+jets
 - Madgraph5 + Pythia6 + CTEQ6L
 - Normalized to NNLO
 - Alpgen + Herwig + CTEQ6L1
 - Normalized thanks W charge asymmetry
 - Heavy flavor fraction from the data

- ◆ Multijets:
 - Data-driven (“template”)
 - Data-driven (“matrix-method”)

Strategies

- ◆ Both experiments divides the search into 2 regimes
 - Low $t\bar{t}$ mass (“threshold” or “resolved” analysis)
 - High $t\bar{t}$ mass (“boosted” analysis)
- ◆ CMS uses the threshold analysis up to $m_{Z'}=1\text{TeV}$ then uses the boosted one
- ◆ **Atlas uses both analyses on the full range**
 - Events that do not pass the boosted selection are considered by the resolved one
 - Sensitivity gain in the intermediate regime where both selections have some sensitivity

- ◆ Anti-kt 0.5 / 0.4 / 1.0
 - $|\eta_{0.5}| < 2.4$, $|\eta_{0.4}| < 2.5$, $|\eta_{1.0}| < 2.0$
 - Threshold: $p_T > 30$ GeV
 - Boosted: $p_T > 25$ GeV
 - $p_{T_{0.4}} > 25$ GeV, $p_{T_{1.0}} > 350$ GeV
- ◆ Btagging:
 - 70% efficient on b (only used on anti-kt 0.4 jets)

◆ Electrons

- $|\eta| < 2.47$, $|\eta| < 2.5$
- $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$, $\Delta R(e, \text{jet}) > 0.4$, isolated
- Threshold: $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$, isolated
- Boosted: $p_T > 70 \text{ GeV}$, no isolation requirement,
($\Delta R(e, \text{jet}) > 0.5$ or $p_T^{\text{rel}}(e, \text{jet}) > 25 \text{ GeV}$)

◆ Muons

- $|\eta| < 2.5$, $|\eta| < 2.1$
- $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$, isolated
- Boosted: $\Delta R(\mu, \text{jet}) > 0.1$
- Threshold: $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$, isolated
- Boosted: $p_T > 42 \text{ GeV}$, no isolation requirement,
($\Delta R(\mu, \text{jet}) > 0.5$ or $p_T^{\text{rel}}(\mu, \text{jet}) > 25 \text{ GeV}$)

◆ CMS:

- $(\sum E_T \text{ in } R=0.4 \text{ cone})/p_T^{\text{lepton}} < 12.5\% / 10\%$ for muons/electrons
- Reminder: no isolation for the boosted selection

◆ Atlas:

- $(\sum P_T^{\text{track}} \text{ in } R=x \text{ cone})/p_T^{\text{lepton}} < 5\%$
 $x=10\text{GeV}/p_T^{\text{lepton}}$
- Small cone size for the boosted regime

◆ Threshold/resolved:

- e

- Single isolated e (25GeV) + ≥ 3 jets (30GeV)
- Single e (20 \rightarrow 22GeV), sometime isolated

- μ

- Single isolated μ (17GeV) + $\geq 0 \rightarrow 3$ jets (30GeV)
- Single μ (18GeV)

◆ Boosted

- e

- Single e (65GeV), no isolation (sometime prescaled -0.6fb^{-1})
- Fat jet (240GeV)

- μ

- Single μ (40GeV), no isolation
- Fat jet (240GeV)

CMS

- ◆ 1 lepton (30/20GeV)
- ◆ ≥ 3 jets (50GeV)
- ◆ **$p_T(\text{jet1}) > 70\text{GeV}$**
- ◆ $\text{MET} > 20\text{GeV}$
- ◆ 4 **categories** * 2 (e/ μ):
 - 3 jets and ≥ 1 b-tagged jet
 - ≥ 4 jets and 0 b-tagged jet
 - ≥ 4 jets and 1 b-tagged jet
 - ≥ 4 jets and ≥ 2 b-tagged jets

Atlas

- ◆ 1 lepton (25GeV)
- ◆ ≥ 4 jets (25GeV)
 - or $+ \geq 3$ jets (25GeV), if one jet has $\text{mass} > 60\text{GeV}$ (\rightarrow semi-boosted)
- ◆ e: $\text{MET} > 25\text{GeV}$, $M_T^W > 25\text{GeV}$
- ◆ μ : $\text{MET} > 20\text{GeV}$, $\text{MET} + M_T^W > 60\text{GeV}$
- ◆ **Not selected by the “boosted” selection**
- ◆ ≥ 1 b-tagged jet

CMS

- ◆ 1 lepton (70/42GeV)
- ◆ **≥2 jets (50GeV)**
- ◆ $\text{MET} + P_T^{\text{lepton}} > 150\text{GeV}$
- ◆ e:
 - $p_T(\text{jet1}) > 150\text{GeV}$
 - $\text{MET} > 50\text{GeV}$
- $-\frac{1.5}{75\text{GeV}} E_T^{\text{miss}} + 1.5 < \Delta\phi\{(e \text{ or } j), E_T^{\text{miss}}\} < \frac{1.5}{75\text{GeV}} E_T^{\text{miss}} + 1.5$
- ◆ μ :
 - $p_T(\text{jet1}) > 250\text{GeV}$
- ◆ **2 categories * 2 (e/ μ):**
 - 0 b-tagged jet
 - ≥1 b-tagged jet
- ◆ **Backgrounds normalized to data**

Atlas

- ◆ 1 lepton (25 GeV)
- ◆ e: $\text{MET} > 25\text{GeV}$, $M_T^W > 25\text{GeV}$
- ◆ μ : $\text{MET} > 20\text{GeV}$, $\text{MET} + M_T^W > 60\text{GeV}$
- ◆ **≥1 fat jet**
 - $p_T > 350\text{GeV}$, $\text{mass} > 100\text{GeV}$, $\sqrt{d_{12}} > 40\text{GeV}$
 - $\Delta\phi(l, \text{jet}_{1.0}) > 2.3$
- ◆ **≥1 jet**
 - ≥1 b-tagged jet
 - $\Delta R(\text{jet}_{0.4}, \text{jet}_{1.0}) > 1.5$

Selection efficiencies

◆ CMS:

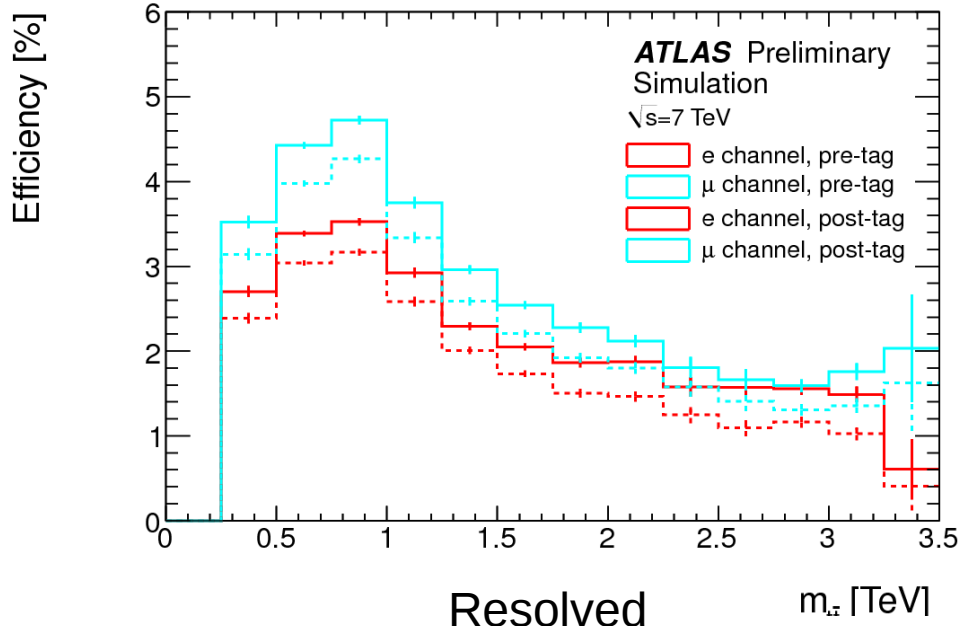
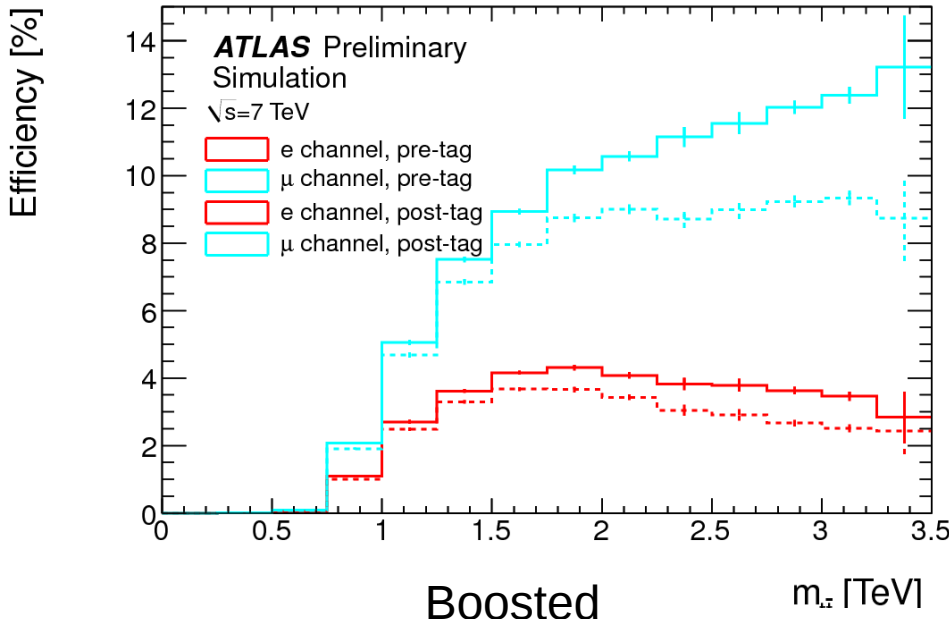
semileptonic events

→ inclusive

- Resolved : 16 to 35% (0.5TeV to 1TeV) → 7 to 15%
- Boosted : 13 to 24% (1TeV to 3TeV) → 5 to 11%

◆ Atlas:

- Wrt/ inclusive $t\bar{t}$ decays



- ◆ Assume MET=neutrino's pT, need to recover the p_z
- ◆ Neutrino p_z solution inferred from W mass constraint ==> quadratic equation
 - There are 2 solutions
 - Use both solutions, and test them in a χ^2
 - There is no solution
 - Boosted:
 - Real part of the complex solution
 - Minimal change of MET to get real solution
 - Threshold/resolved:
 - Minimal change of MET to get real solution

Reconstruction – Threshold/resolved m_{tt} CMS / Atlas

◆ CMS:

- If ≥ 4 jets: χ^2
 - top masses, hadronic W mass, pT of tt system,
 - Σ pT of 4 selected jets / Σ pT of all jets
- If 3 jets:
 - Use them

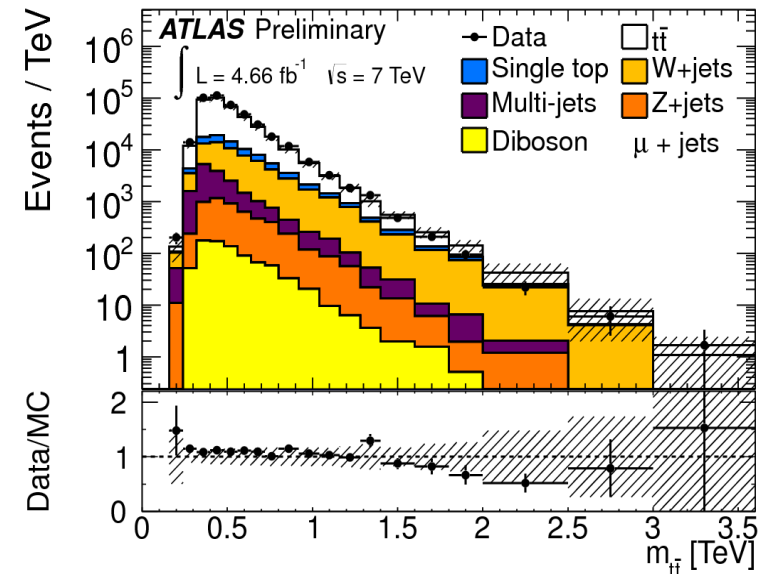
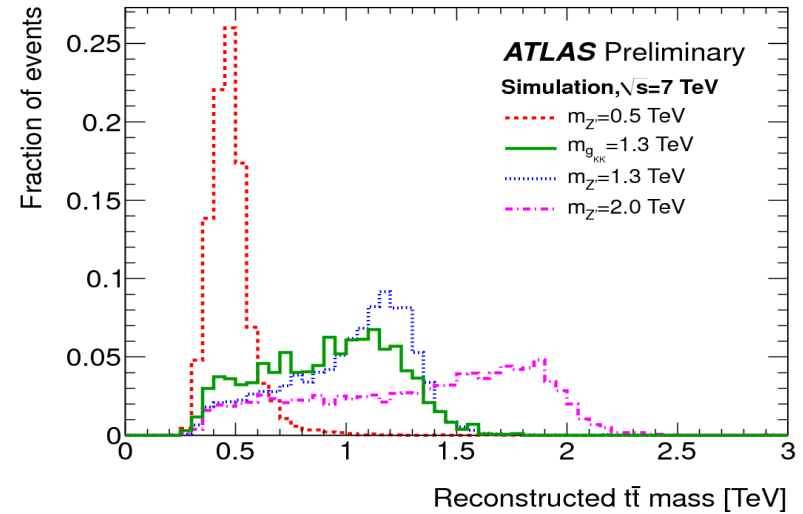
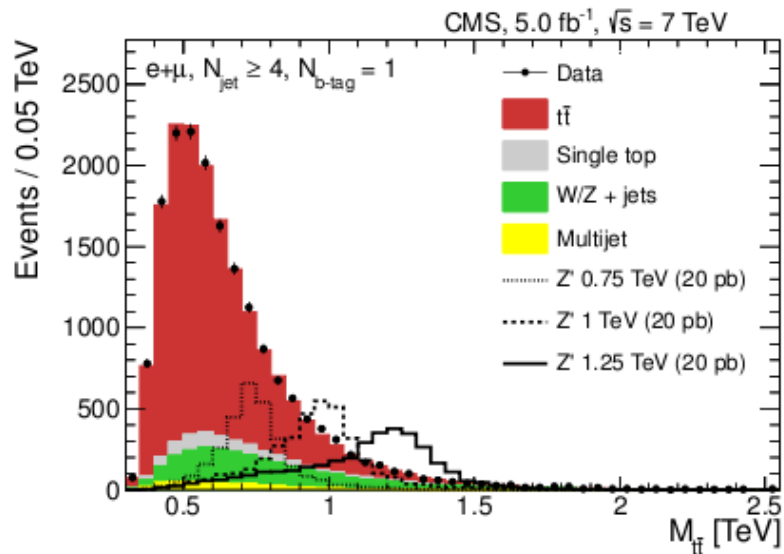
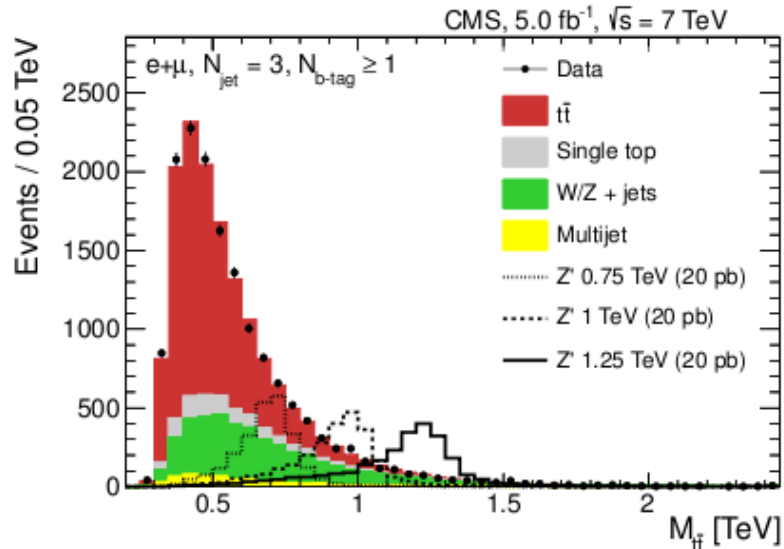
◆ Atlas:

- If no high mass jet:

$$\chi^2 = \left[\frac{m_{jj} - m_W}{\sigma_W} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{m_{jjb} - m_{jj} - m_{th-W}}{\sigma_{th-W}} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{m_{j\ell\nu} - m_{t\ell}}{\sigma_{t\ell}} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{(p_{T,jjb} - p_{T,j\ell\nu}) - (p_{T,th} - p_{T,t\ell})}{\sigma_{diff p_T}} \right]^2$$

- If high mass jet
 - It plays the role of the hadronic W

Reconstruction – Threshold/resolved $m_{t\bar{t}}$ CMS / Atlas



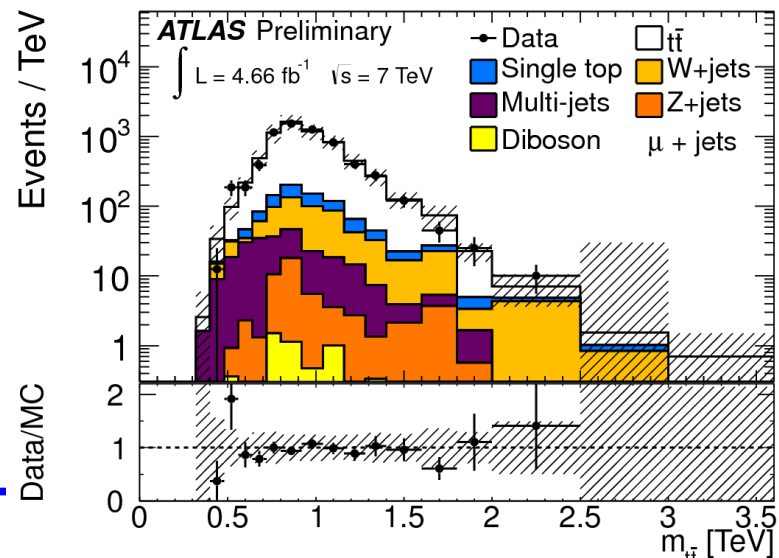
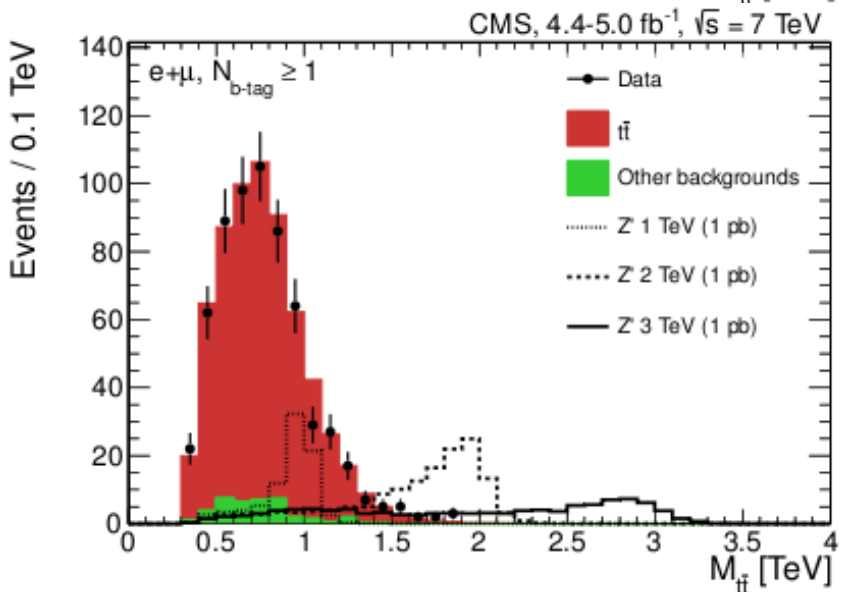
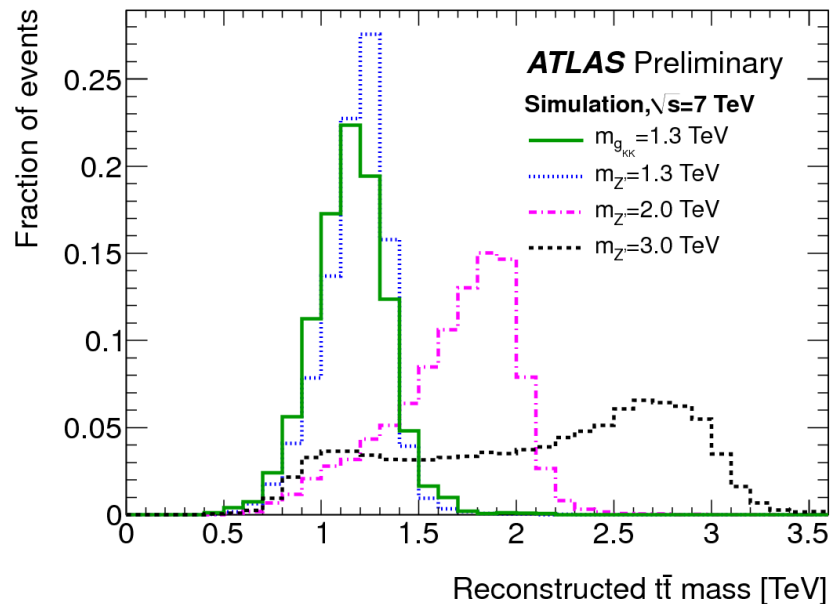
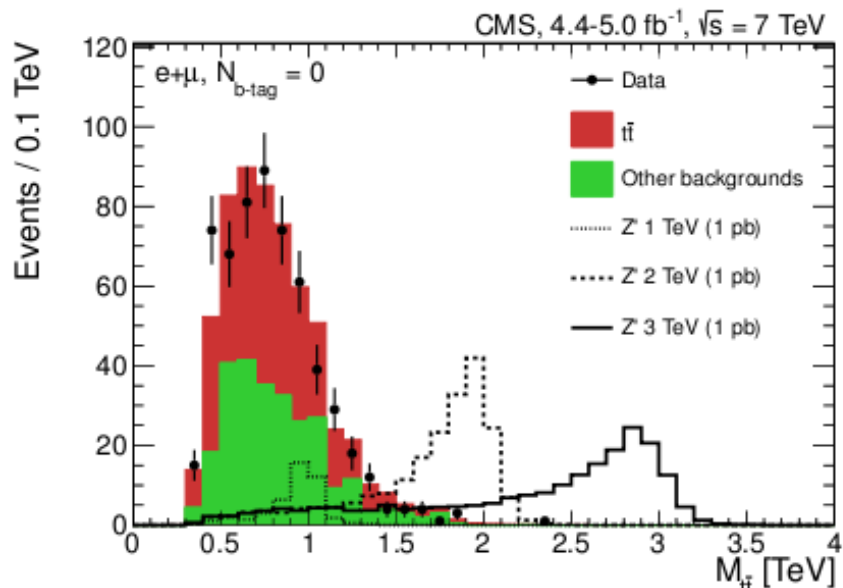
◆ CMS:

- χ^2 (top masses)
 - Use 1, 2 or 3 jets for the hadronic tops
 - $p_T^{\text{top had}} > 100\text{GeV}$
 - $X^2 < 8$ (50% for signal, 10% for W+jets)

◆ Atlas:

- Fat jet + lepton + neutrino + narrow jet
- Narrow jet: closest to lepton

Reconstruction – boosted $m_{t\bar{t}}$



Systematic uncertainties

CMS

- ◆ tt: 15%
- ◆ W+jets:
 - +lights:
 - 50% correlated with Z+jets
 - 50% uncorrelated with Z+jets
 - + heavy flavors
 - 100%
- ◆ Multijets: ???
- ◆ Jet energy reso.: up to 20%

Atlas

- ◆ tt:
 - 11%
 - Higher order QCD corr (10% - @low mtt- to 20% - @high mtt-)
- ◆ W+jets:
 - Resolved: 10.5%
 - Boosted: 19/18%
- ◆ Multijets: 60% + shape
- ◆ PDF: up to 50% @2TeV
- ◆ Fat jet JES: 17% on boosted yields

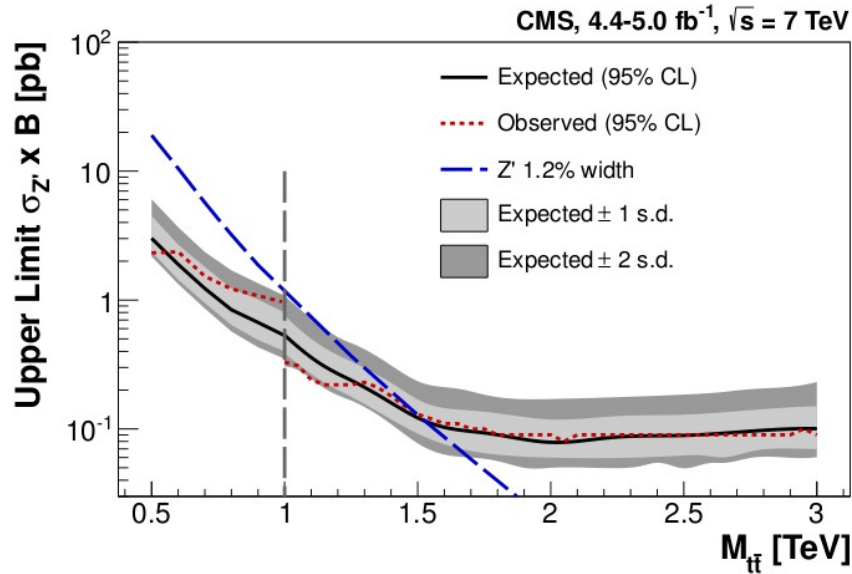
Limits

◆ CMS:

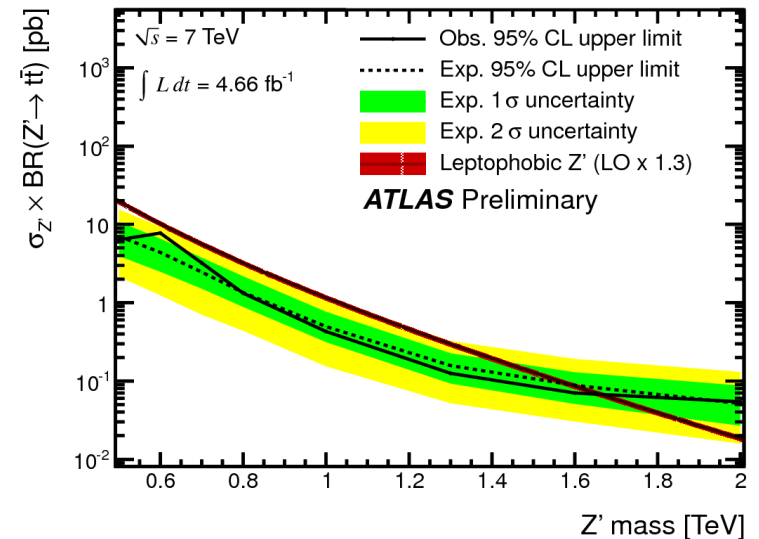
- Modified frequentist CLs
- Bin width chosen so the statistical error <30%
- Z' ($\Gamma/m=1.2\%$), Z' ($\Gamma/m=10\%$), g_{KK} ($\Gamma/m=10\%$)

◆ Atlas:

- searches for the presence of excess/deficits (BumpHunter algorithm). If not → set limits
- Bayesian limits
- Bin width chosen to fit the mtt resolution
- Z' ($\Gamma/m=1.2\%$), g_{KK} ($\Gamma/m=15\%$)



Similar
exclusion
ranges !



Conclusion

- ◆ Similar strategy (resolved \leftrightarrow boosted)
 - ... but very different selections
 - CMS: splits the analysis in many categories
 - Atlas: uses of fat jet
- ◆ Similar acceptance and reconstruction (at least for the “resolved”)
- ◆ Similar limits

Backup