

top Higgs associated production at LHC

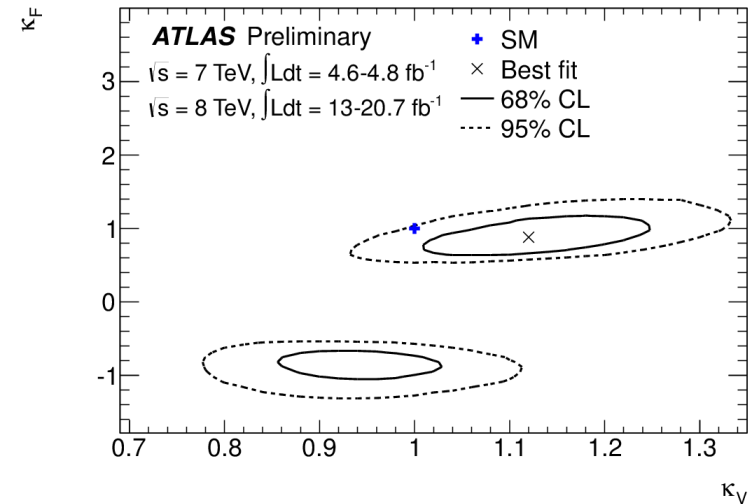
Lorenzo Feligioni



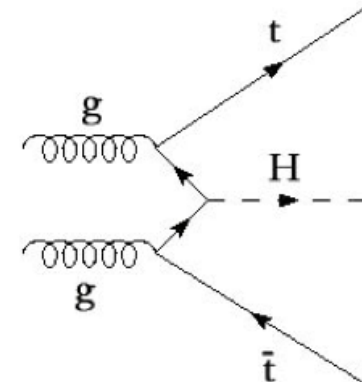
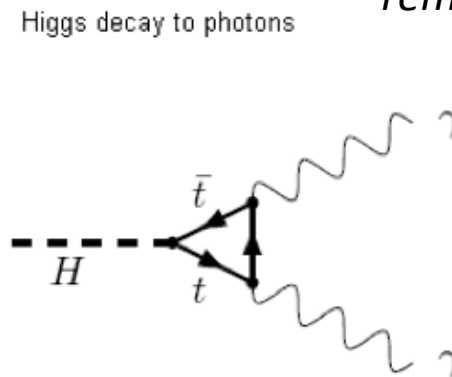
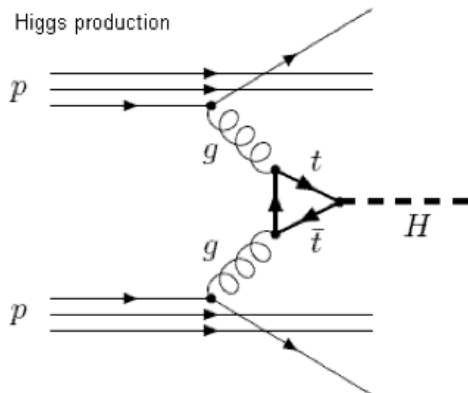
Higgs couplings

- After the discovery of the new boson the focus is shifted on the measure of its properties.
- No direct measure of the top-Higgs Yukawa coupling accessible yet
 - Indirect constraints by one loop contributions in different Higgs production and decay channels

ATLAS-CONF-2013-034



Need to measure fermion couplings to remove degeneracy

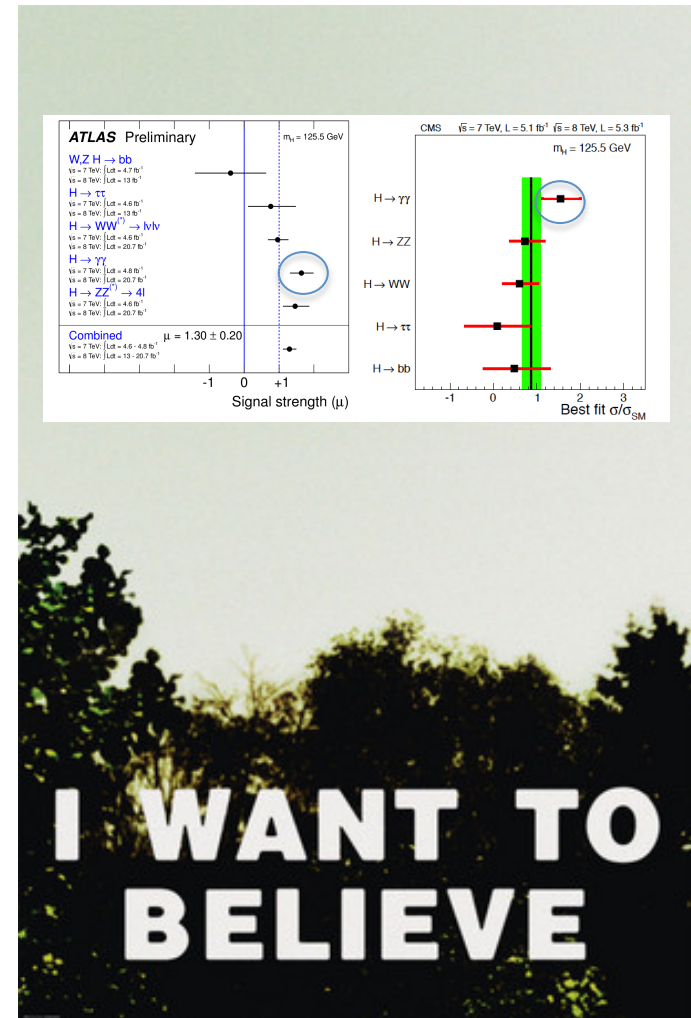


Higgs couplings

ATLAS-CONF-2013-034

arXiv:1207.7235

- After the discovery of the new boson the focus is shifted on the measure of its properties.
- No direct measure of the top-Higgs Yukawa coupling accessible yet
 - Indirect constraints by one loop contributions in different Higgs production and decay channels
- Latest results from ATLAS and CMS show no significant deviation from SM expectation in terms of couplings.
 - ATLAS measure combined signal strength among all SM channels
 - $\mu = 1.30 \pm 0.13$ (stat) ± 0.14 (syst)

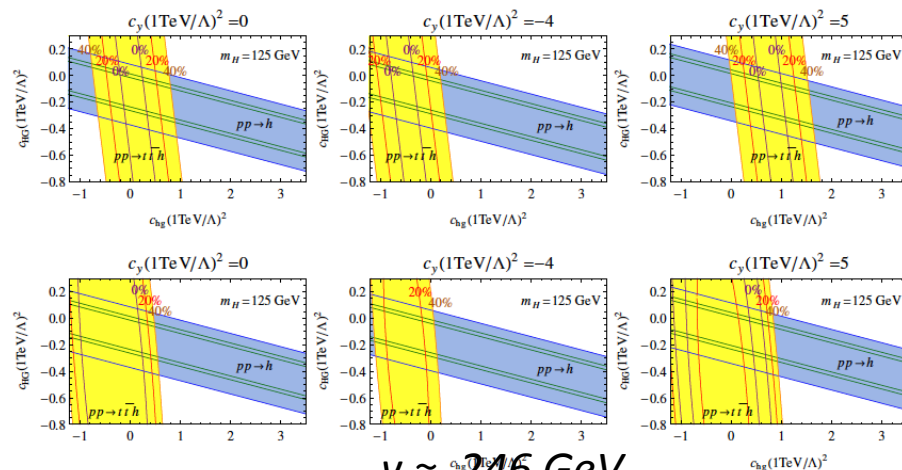


I WANT TO BELIEVE

New physics in the $t\bar{t}H$ sector

arXiv:1205.1065

- Effective field theory provides a model independent parameterization of the potential deviations from the SM.
 - Dimension 6 operators which modify the contributions from top loop are already constrained by Higgs production measurements
 - Higgs production by gluon fusion only constraints a linear combination and cannot discriminate among them.
 - $t\bar{t}H$ production can independently constrain the chromomagnetic operator O_{hg}



$$\sigma(gg \rightarrow h) = \sigma(gg \rightarrow h)_{SM} \left(1 + \frac{c_{HG}}{\Lambda^2} \frac{6\pi v^2}{\alpha_s}\right)$$

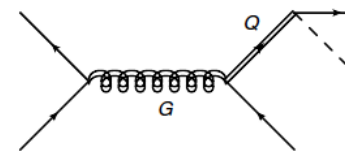
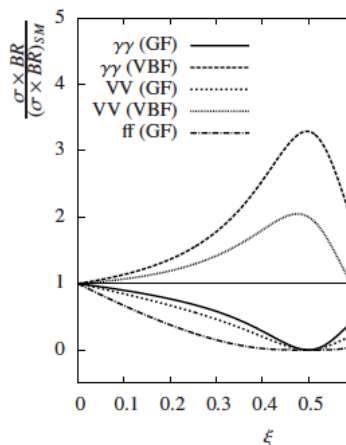
$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}h) = \sigma(pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}h)_{SM} \left(1 - c_y \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2}\right)^2$$

$$\xi = \frac{v^2}{f^2}$$

$v \approx 246 \text{ GeV}$
 f : decay constant of composite sector

- New Higgs productions in composite models
 - Single production of new vector-like quark in association with a SM quark mediated by the exchange of a ρ in association of a heavy gluon and subsequent decay in Higgs boson [model MCHM₅]
 - Production cross section $O(1-10)\text{fb}$ at 7,8 TeV and $O(10-100)\text{fb}$ at 14 TeV
 - Signature that can be directly searched for

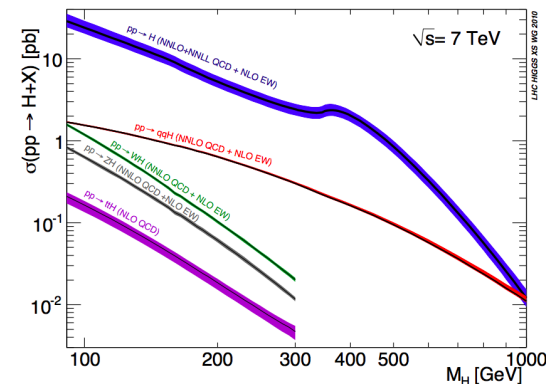
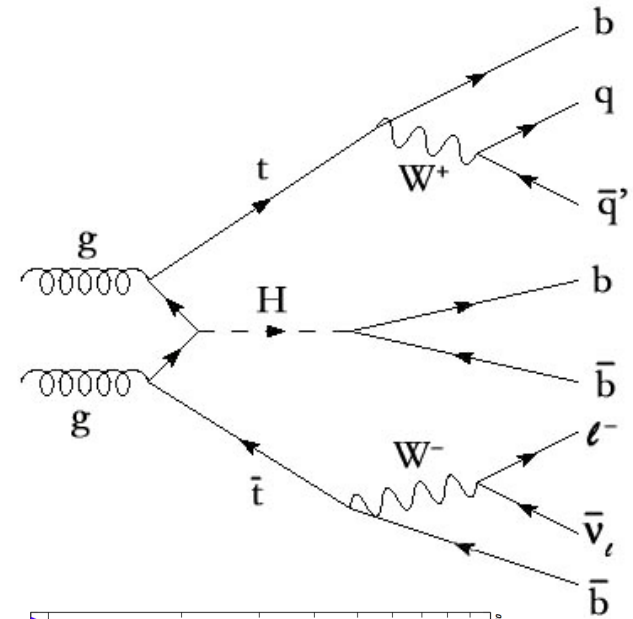
arXiv:1205.237



For SM Higgs
 With $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$
 $\Rightarrow 0 \leq \xi \leq 0.4$

$t\bar{t}H$ production and signature

- Phenomenology:
 - Distinctive final state with high jet b-jet multiplicity
 - Lepton can be used for triggering
 - A priori many handles against backgrounds!
- Difficulties at analysis level:
 - Very busy events which are hard to reconstruct kinematically (large combinatorial background).
 - Low production cross section.
 - Huge background from $t\bar{t}$ +jets affected by large systematic uncertainties, both theoretical and experimental.



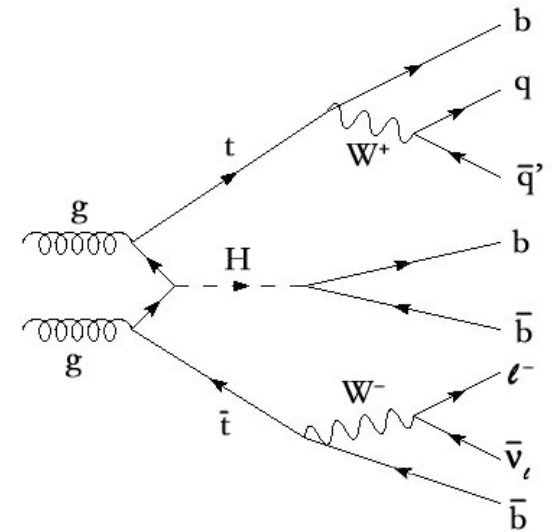
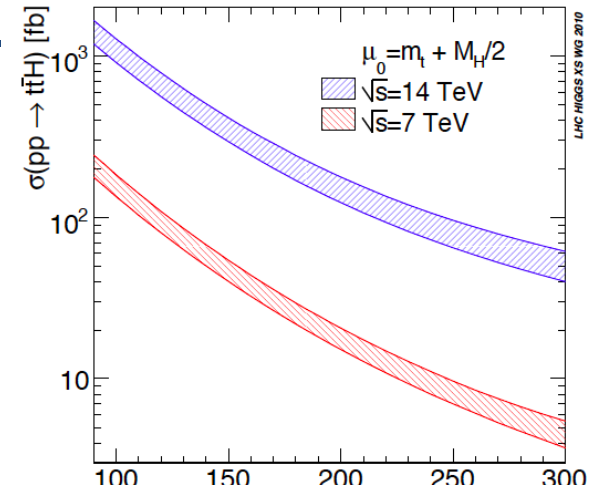
ttH production and signature

arXiv:1101.0593

- At the LHC, $\sigma(ttH)$ known at NLO in QCD.
For $M_H=125$ GeV:

- $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV: $\sigma(ttH) = 86$ fb
 - Uncertainties:
 - +3.3%/-9.3% (scale)
 - $\pm 8.5\%$ (PDF)
 - About 400 events in 2011 LHC data
- $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV: $\sigma(ttH) = 130$ fb
 - $\sim x1.5$ wrt $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV
- $\sqrt{s}=14$ TeV: $\sigma(ttH) = 611$ fb
 - $\sim x7$ wrt $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

- Most rate goes to $H \rightarrow bb$ channel
 - $BR(H \rightarrow bb) \sim 0.58$ for $M_H=125$ GeV
- Irreducible background ttbb LO $\sigma \sim 788$ fb at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV but K-factor could be as large as 2 [arXiv:1001.4727]



ttH@LHC

ttH(H→bb) analysis

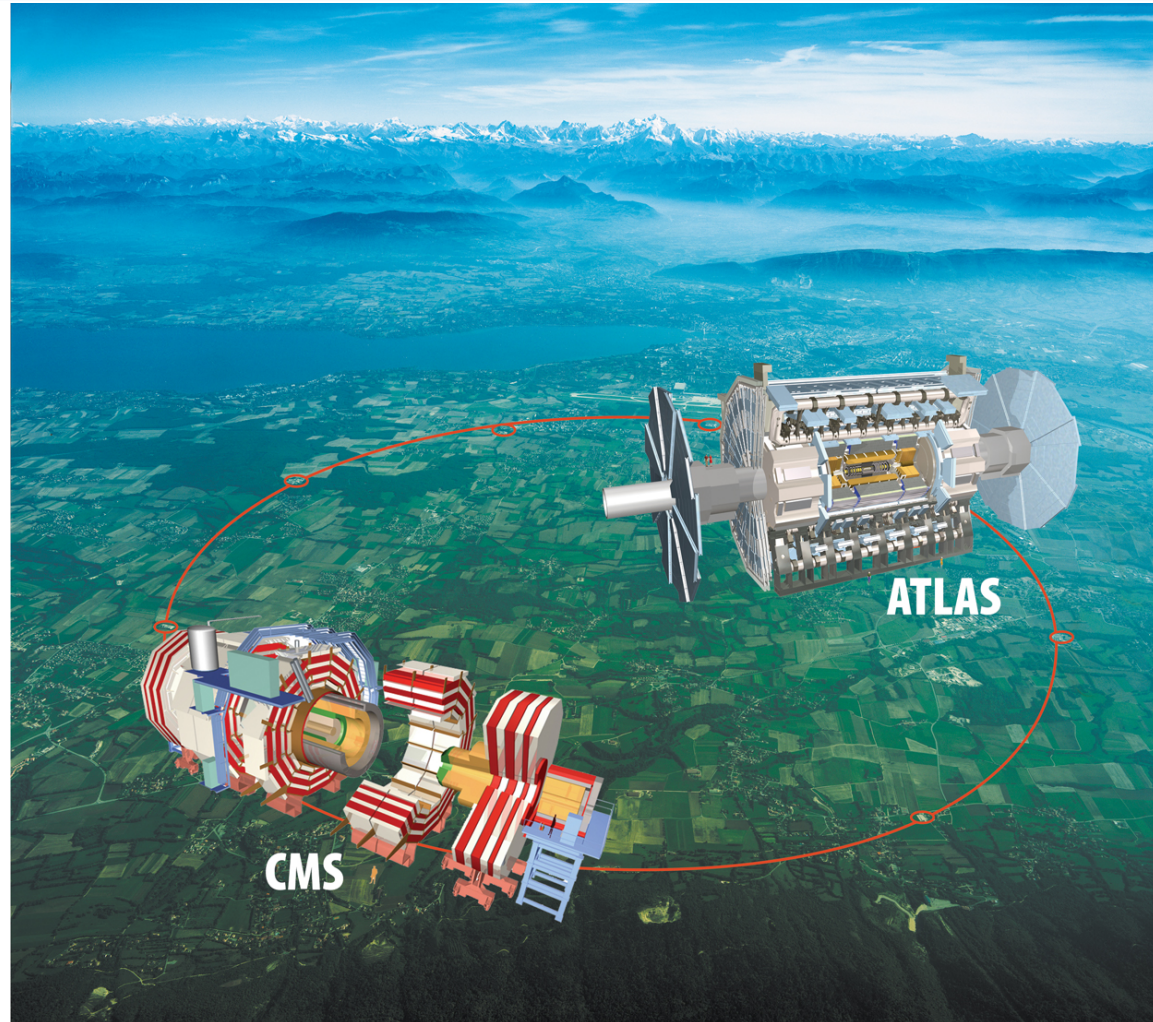
– CMS

- dilepton and lepton+jets final states
- 5.0 fb-1 at 7 TeV and 5.1 at 8 TeV

– ATLAS

- Lepton+jets only
- 4.7 fb-1 at 7 TeV

$\bar{c}s$	electron+jets	muon+jets	tau+jets	all-hadronic	
$\bar{u}d$					
τ^-	$e\tau$	$\mu\tau$	$\tau\tau$	tau+jets	
μ^-	$e\mu$	$\mu\mu$	$\mu\tau$	muon+jets	
e^-	ee	$e\mu$	$e\tau$	electron+jets	
W decay	e^+	μ^+	τ^+	$u\bar{d}$	$c\bar{s}$



Signal and background modelling

- **Signal:**

- **ttH:**

- PYTHIA [ATLAS, CMS]: normalized to NLO cross section

- **Backgrounds:**

- **tt+jets:**

- ALPGEN+HERWIG [ATLAS]: normalized to approx NNLO cross section
 - Separate samples for tt+n light partons ($n \leq 5$), ttbb, and ttcc.
 - heavy-flavor overlap removal between ME and PS based on ΔR separ between heavy quarks.
 - MADGRAPH+PYTHIA [CMS]: Normalized to NLO cross section

- **ttW, ttZ:**

- MADGRAPH+PYTHIA [ATLAS, CMS]

- **W/Z/ γ^* +jets:**

- ALPGEN+HERWIG [ATLAS]: norm data driven
 - MADGRAPH+PYTHIA [CMS]: Normalized to NNLO

- **Single top:**

- MC@NLO+HERWIG/AcerMC+PYTHIA [ATLAS]
 - POWHEG+PYTHIA [CMS]: NNLO normalization

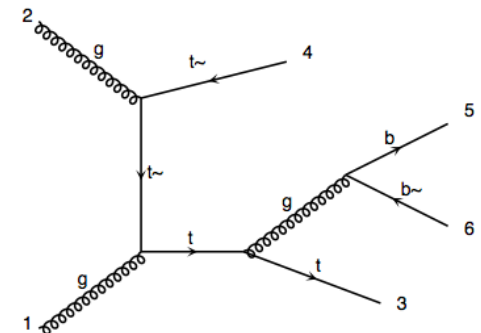
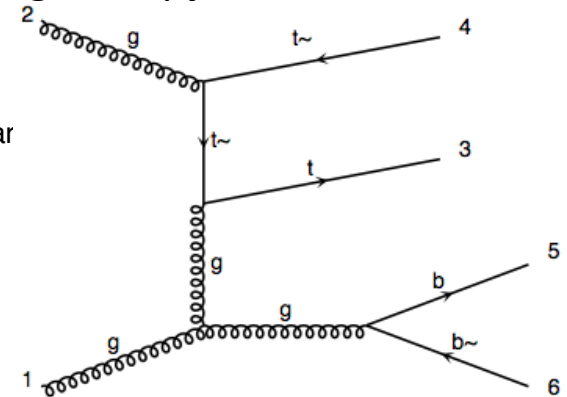
- **Dibosons:**

- HERWIG [ATLAS]: NLO normalization
 - POWHEG+PYTHIA [CMS]

- **Multijets:**

- normalization and shape data-driven [ATLAS]
 - Not considered in CMS

Challenging background: event at LO, ttbb has many diagrams
36 diags for $g \rightarrow ttbb$,
7 diags for $qq \rightarrow ttbb$



One slide on preselection

- **Electron offline selection:**

- CMS: $|\eta| < 2.5$, tight $p_T > 30$ GeV [l+j], 20 GeV [dl], loose $p_T > 10$ GeV
- ATLAS: : $|\eta| < 2.47$ $p_T > 25$ GeV

- **Muon offline selection:**

- CMS: tight $|\eta| < 2.1$, tight $p_T > 30$ GeV [l+j], 20 GeV [dl], loose $|\eta| < 2.4$, $p_T > 10$ GeV
- ATLAS: : $|\eta| < 2.5$, tight $p_T > 20$ GeV

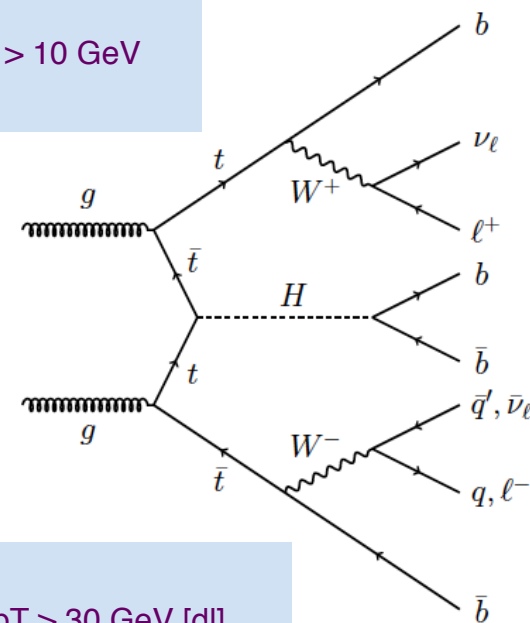
- **Trigger:**

- **CMS**

- l+jets: μ isolated $p_T > 24$ GeV , e $p_T > 24$ GeV and 3 jets $p_T > 30$ GeV (2012) e $p_T > 27$ GeV.
 - veto on second loose lepton for lepton+jets
- Dilepton 2 lepton $p_T > 17$ and 8 GeV
 - dilepton 1 tight and 1 loose lepton

- **ATLAS:**

- μ $p_T > 18$ GeV and electron $p_T > 20, 22$ GeV



- **Jets**

- CMS: ant-kt 0.5, $|\eta| < 2.4$, ≥ 3 jets $p_T > 40$ GeV and 4 $p_T > 30$ [l+j], , ≥ 2 jets $p_T > 30$ GeV [dl]
- ATLAS: ant-kt 0.4, $|\eta| < 2.5$, $p_T > 25$

- **b-tagging**

- CMS: working point: 70% b-jet, 20% c-jet, 2% light jets
- ATLAS: working point: 70% b-jet, 20% c-jet, <1% light jets

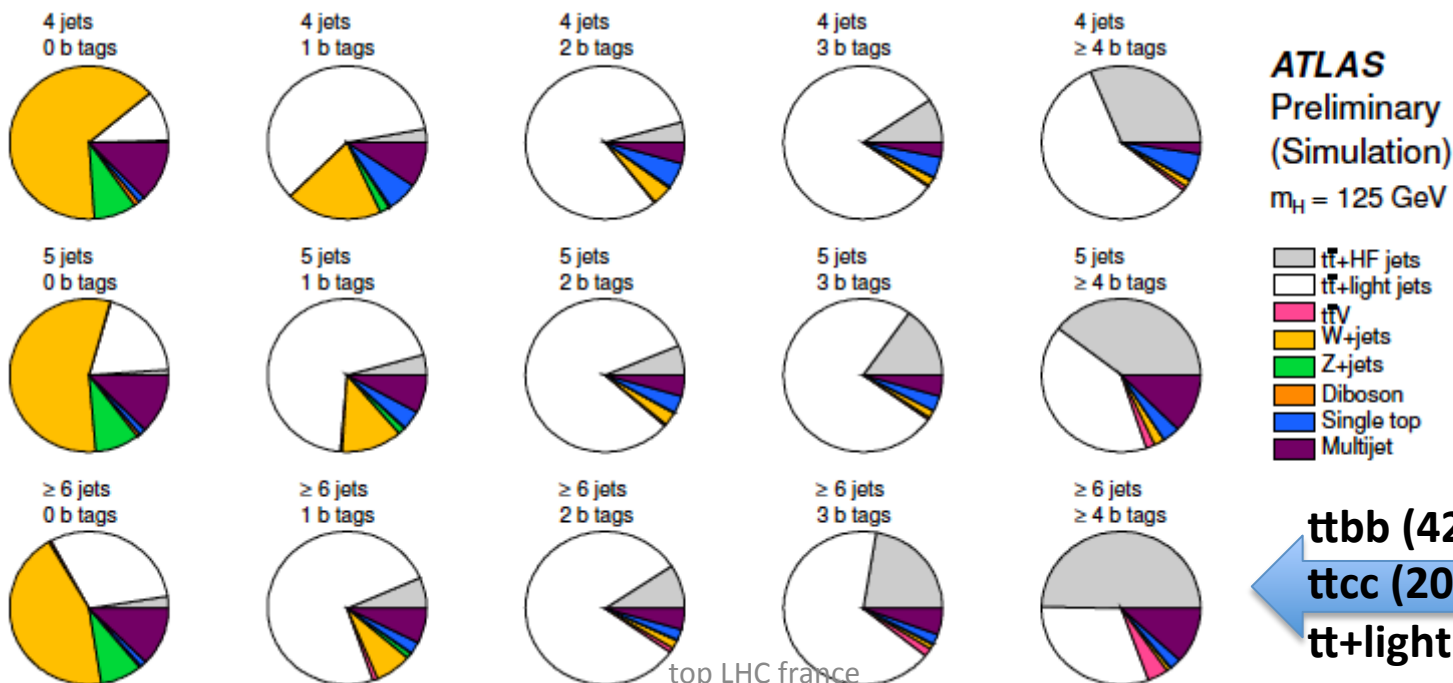
Expected Yields

ATLAS Background Region

category	Signal	Bkgrd	S/ $\sqrt{B}$
4 jets 0 tag	0.20	40200	0.001
4 jets 1 tag	1.1	21240	0.008
4 jets ≥ 2 tags	3.0	15040	0.02
5 jets 2 tags	2.7	6640	0.03
≥ 6 jets 2 tags	3.4	3360	0.06

ATLAS Signal Region

category	Signal	Bkgrd	S/ $\sqrt{B}$
5 jets 3 tags	2.3	915	0.08
5 jets ≥ 4 tags	0.74	45	0.11
≥ 6 jets 3 tags	4.0	634	0.16
≥ 6 jets ≥ 4 tags	2.2	62	0.28



Expected Yields

CMS lepton+jets 7 TeV

category	Signal	Bkgrd	S/√B
≥ 6 jets 2 tag	6.1	2230	0.13
4 jets 3 tag	2.7	1040	0.08
5 jets 3 tags	4.0	660	0.15
≥ 6 jets 3 tag	3.8	396	0.19
4 jets 4 b-tag	0.4	19.7	0.09
5 jets ≥ 4 b-tag	1.1	30.9	0.20
≥ 6 jets ≥ 4 b-tag	1.4	38	0.23

CMS lepton+jets 8 TeV

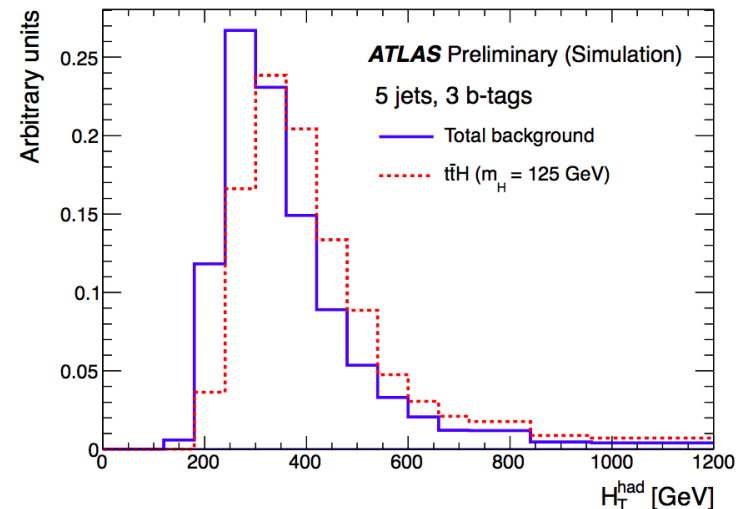
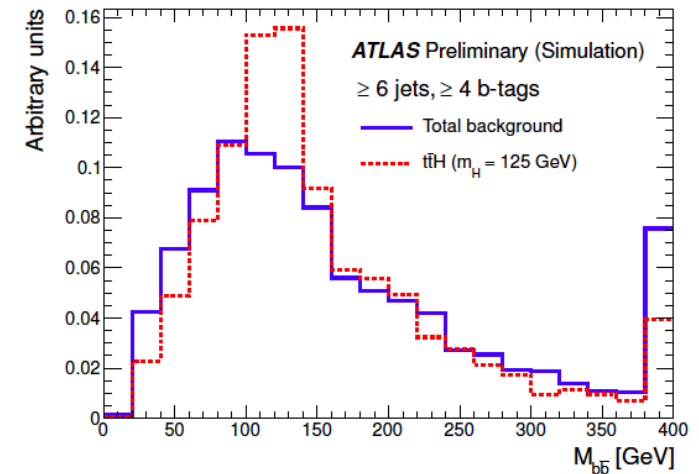
category	Signal	Bkgrd	S/√B
≥ 6 jets 2 tag	11.7	3760	0.19
4 jets 3 tag	3.9	1440	0.10
5 jets 3 tags	6.1	1116	0.18
≥ 6 jets 3 tag	6.9	686	0.26
4 jets 4 b-tag	0.6	21.6	0.13
5 jets ≥ 4 b-tag	1.5	41	0.23
≥ 6 jets ≥ 4 b-tag	2.5	74	0.29

CMS dilepton 7+8 TeV

category	Signal	Bkgrd	S/√B
2 jets 2 tags	0.5	4303	0.007
≥ 3 jets ≥ 3 tags	2.1	185	0.15
2 jets 2 tags	0.7	5406	0.03
≥ 3 jets ≥ 3 tags	3.3	251	0.21

Analysis strategy

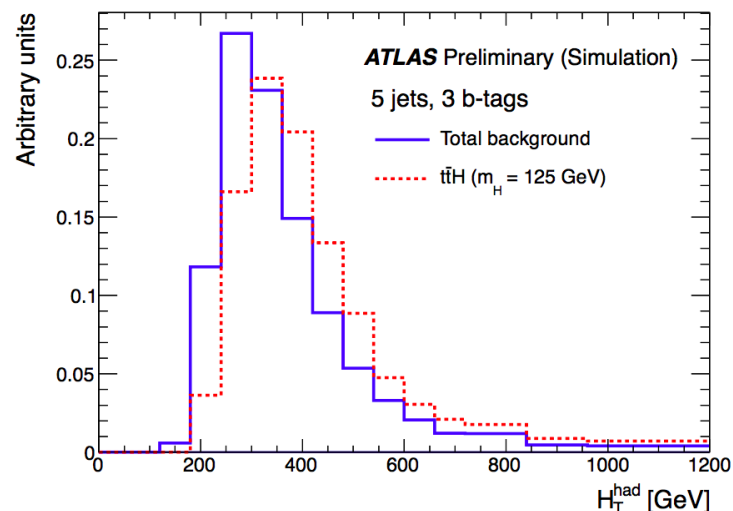
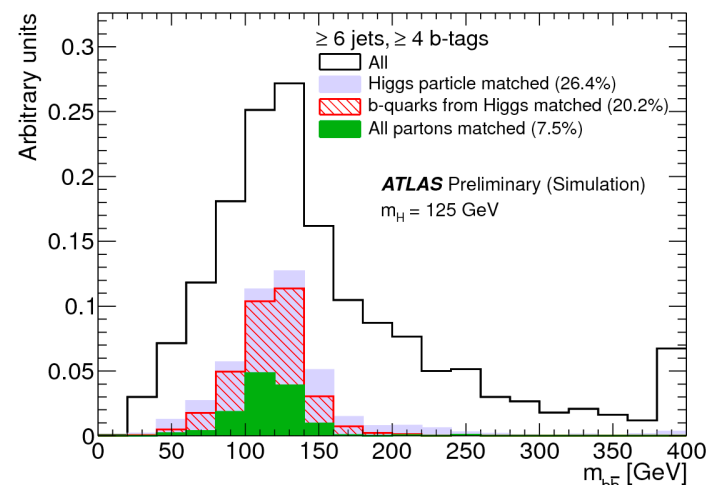
- Categorize events as function of jet and b-tagged jet multiplicity
 - **ATLAS:**
 - For events with 6 jets or more and at least 3 b-tagged jets:
 - m_{bb} via constrained kinematic fit
 - Hadronic W resonance: $m_{jj} \sim M_W$
 - Leptonic W resonance: $m_{l\nu} \sim M_W$
 - Top quark resonances: $m_{jjb} \sim m_{l\nu b} \sim m_t$
 - m_{bb} built from the two b-jet candidates not assigned to the tt system
 - Rest of channels: $HT_{had} = \sum p_T \text{ jet}$
 - **CMS:**
 - Artificial neural networks are used in all categories of the analysis
 - Separated ANNs are trained for each jet-tag category
 - 24 input variables has been considered, the inputs are ranked and only 10 retained for each jet category



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High combinatorial background



Analysis strategy

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CMS choice of variable for ANN in each jet category. Best discriminating variables are starred (★)

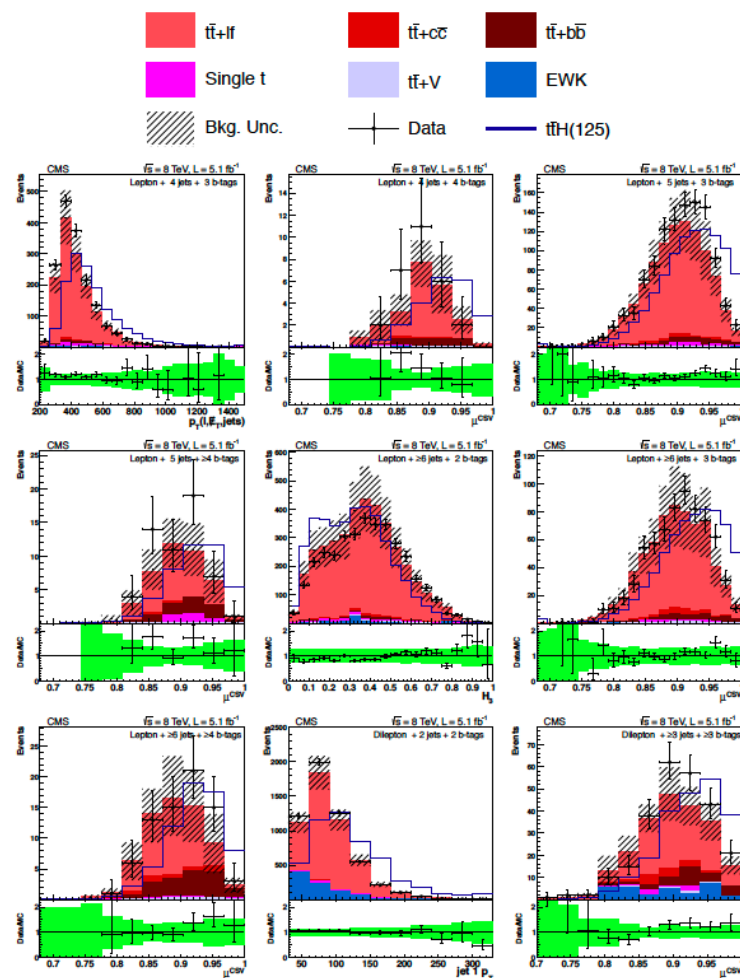
Jets Tags	Lepton+Jets							Dilepton	
	≥ 6 2	4 3	5 3	≥ 6 3	4 4	5 ≥ 4	≥ 6 ≥ 4	2 2	≥ 3 ≥ 3
Jet 1 p_T		✓	✓		✓			★	✓
Jet 2 p_T		✓	✓						
Jet 3 p_T	✓	✓	✓			✓			
Jet 4 p_T	✓	✓	✓			✓			
N_{jets}									✓
$p_T(\ell, E_T^{miss}, jets)$		★	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓
$M(\ell, E_T^{miss}, jets)$	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓		
Average $M((j_m^{untag}, j_n^{untag}))$	✓			✓					
$M((j_m^{tag}, j_n^{tag})_{closest})$							✓		
$M((j_m^{tag}, j_n^{tag})_{best})$							✓		
Average $\Delta R(j_m^{tag}, j_n^{tag})$				✓	✓	✓	✓		
Minimum $\Delta R(j_m^{tag}, j_n^{tag})$			✓					✓	✓
$\Delta R(\ell, j_{closest})$						✓	✓	✓	✓
Sphericity	✓			✓			✓		
Aplanarity	✓				✓				
H_0	✓				✓				
H_1	✓						✓		
H_2				✓			✓		
H_3	★			✓			✓		
μ_n^{CSV}	✓	✓	★	★	★	★	★	✓	★
$(\sigma_n^{CSV})^2$		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Highest CSV value						✓	✓		
2 nd -highest CSV value		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Lowest CSV value		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		

Average b-tag weight is the best variable

Analysis strategy

- Categorize events as function of jet and b-tagged jet multiplicity
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 - Leptonic W resonance: $m_{lv} \sim M_W$
 - Top quark resonances: $m_{jjb} \sim m_{lvb} \sim m_t$
 - m_{bb} built from the two b-jet candidates not assigned to the tt system
 - Rest of channels: $HT_{had} = \sum p_T \text{ jet}$
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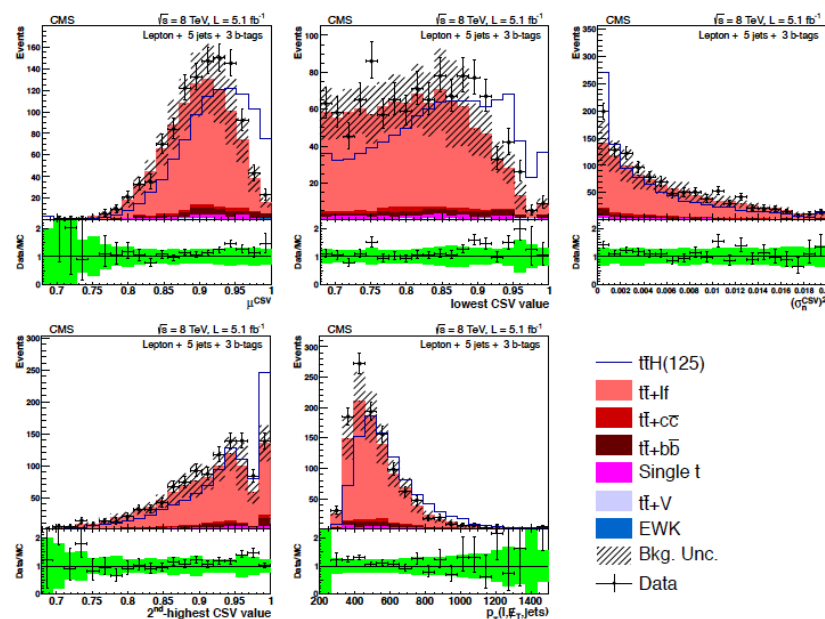
CMS best variables for each category



Analysis strategy

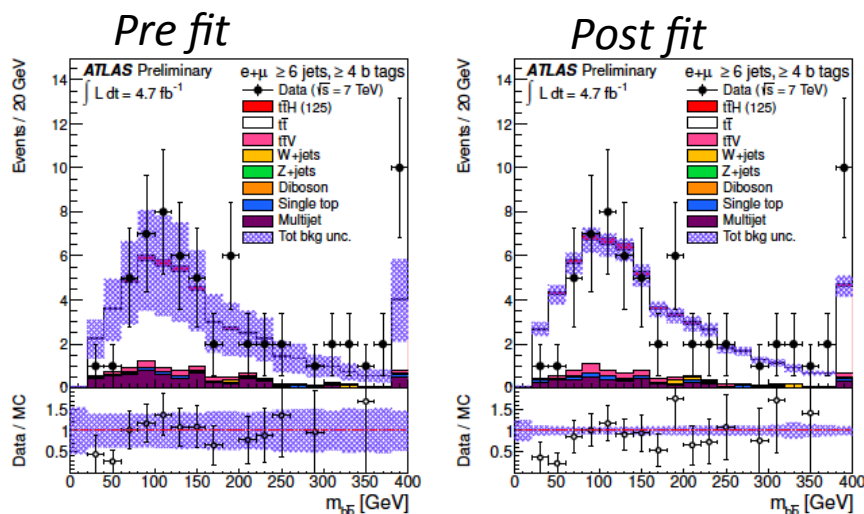
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*CMS best variables for the 5 jets
And 3 b-tags category*



Systematic Uncertainties

- Many systematic uncertainties
 - From experiment
 - b-tagging performance
 - Jet energy scale
 - and theoretical ones:
 - Modeling of $t\bar{t}$
 - Heavy flavor content of $t\bar{t}$ extra jets
- Can constrain some of them using nuisance parameter while extracting the limits



ATLAS

	$t\bar{t}H(125)$	$t\bar{t}$
Luminosity	+1.8/-1.8	+1.8/-1.8
Lepton ID+reco+trigger	+1.3/-1.3	+1.3/-1.3
Jet vertex fraction efficiency	+2.4/-1.7	+2.5/-1.9
Jet energy scale	+9.6/-9.9	+13.5/-15.2
Jet energy resolution	+1.0/-1.0	+0.7/-0.7
b -tagging efficiency	+30.4/-34.8	+22.9/-25.2
c -tagging efficiency	+5.0/-5.0	+16.5/-17.3
Light jet-tagging efficiency	+1.3/-1.3	+11.4/-12.1
$t\bar{t}$ cross section	—	+9.9/-10.7
$t\bar{t}V$ cross section	—	—
Single top cross section	—	—
Diboson cross section	—	—
V +jets normalisation	—	—
Multijet normalisation	—	—
W +heavy-flavour fractions	—	—
$t\bar{t}$ modeling	—	+15.8/-20.2
$t\bar{t}$ +heavy-flavour fractions	—	+25.9/-25.9
$t\bar{t}H$ modeling	+1.3/-1.5	—
Total	+32.5/-36.7	+46.3/-50.1

Systematic Uncertainties

CMS

Source	Rate Uncertainty	Shape	Remarks
Luminosity (7 TeV)	2.2%	No	All signal and backgrounds
Luminosity (8 TeV)	4.4%	No	All signal and backgrounds
Lepton ID/Trig	4%	No	All signal and backgrounds
Pileup	1%	No	All signal and backgrounds
Additional Pileup Corr.	–	Yes	All signal and backgrounds
Jet Energy Resolution	1.5%	No	All signal and backgrounds
Jet Energy Scale	0–60%	Yes	All signal and backgrounds
b-Tag SF (b/c)	0–33.6%	Yes	All signal and backgrounds
b-Tag SF (mistag)	0–23.5%	Yes	All signal and backgrounds
MC Statistics	–	Yes	All backgrounds
PDF (gg)	9%	No	For gg initiated processes ($t\bar{t}$, $t\bar{t}Z$, $t\bar{t}H$)
PDF (q $\bar{q}$)	4.2–7%	No	For q $\bar{q}$ initiated processes ($t\bar{t}W$, W , Z).
PDF (qg)	4.6%	No	For qg initiated processes (single top)
QCD Scale ($t\bar{t}H$)	15%	No	For NLO $t\bar{t}H$ prediction
QCD Scale ($t\bar{t}$)	2–12%	No	For NLO $t\bar{t}$ and single top predictions
QCD Scale (V)	1.2–1.3%	No	For NNLO W and Z prediction
QCD Scale (VV)	3.5%	No	For NLO diboson prediction
Madgraph Scale ($t\bar{t}$)	0–20%	Yes	$t\bar{t}$ + jets/ $b\bar{b}$ / $c\bar{c}$ uncorrelated. Varies by jet bin.
Madgraph Scale (V)	20–60%	No	Varies by jet bin.
$t\bar{t}$ + $b\bar{b}$	50%	No	Only $t\bar{t}$ + $b\bar{b}$.

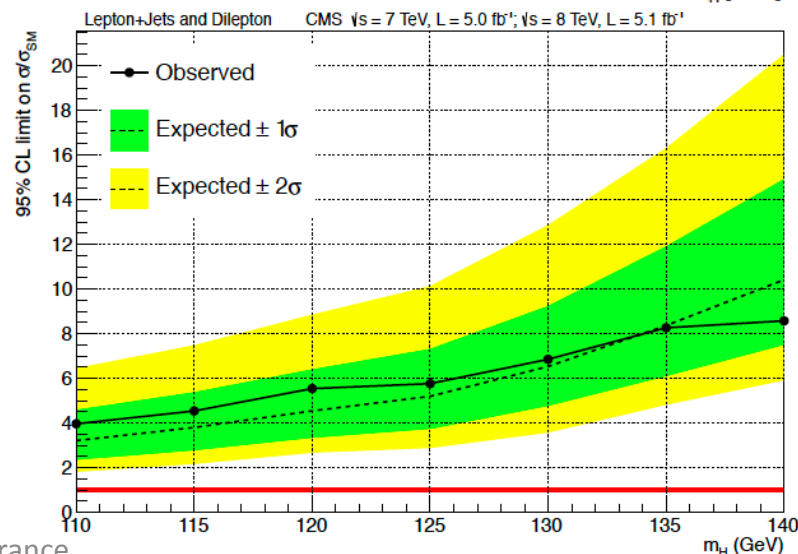
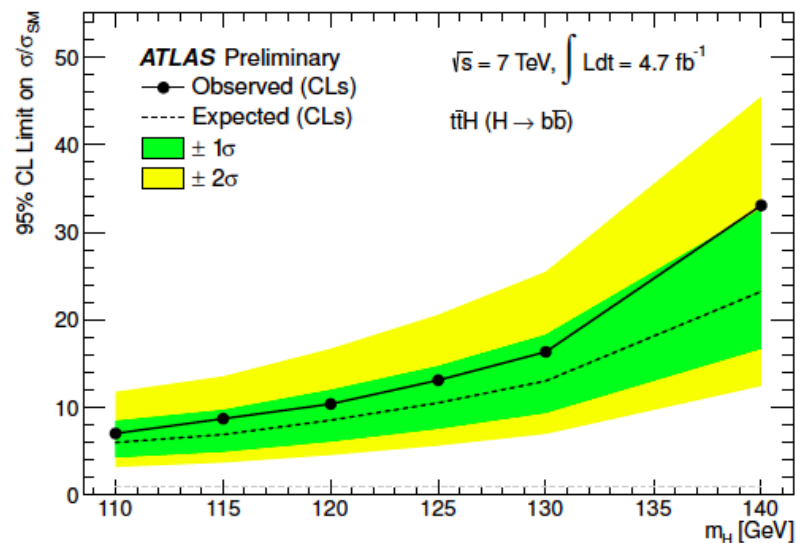
ATLAS

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$t\bar{t}$ cross section	–	+9.9/-10.7
$t\bar{t}V$ cross section	–	–
Single top cross section	–	–
Diboson cross section	–	–
V +jets normalisation	–	–
Multijet normalisation	–	–
W +heavy-flavour fractions	–	–
$t\bar{t}$ modeling	–	+15.8/-20.2
$t\bar{t}$ +heavy-flavour fractions	–	+25.9/-25.9
$t\bar{t}H$ modeling	+1.3/-1.5	–
Total	+32.5/-36.7	+46.3/-50.1

- Both experiments suffer from
 - b -tagging
 - JES uncertainty
 - heavy flavor content in $t\bar{t}$ +jets
- Both experiments use systematic uncertainties as nuisance parameters to fit background shape, normalization or both

results

- Observed (expected) limit @ $M_H=125$ GeV:
 - ATLAS 13.1xSM (10.5xSM)
 - Effect of systematic uncertainties is to degrade expected limit/SM by 72%
 - CMS results 5.8xSM (5.2xSM)
 - Larger dataset
 - Multi Variate Analysis
 - Dilepton channel added (5-10% more sensitivity)



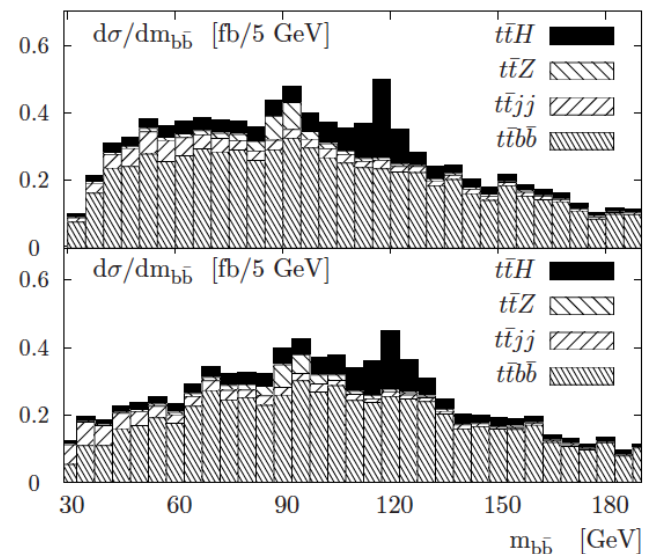
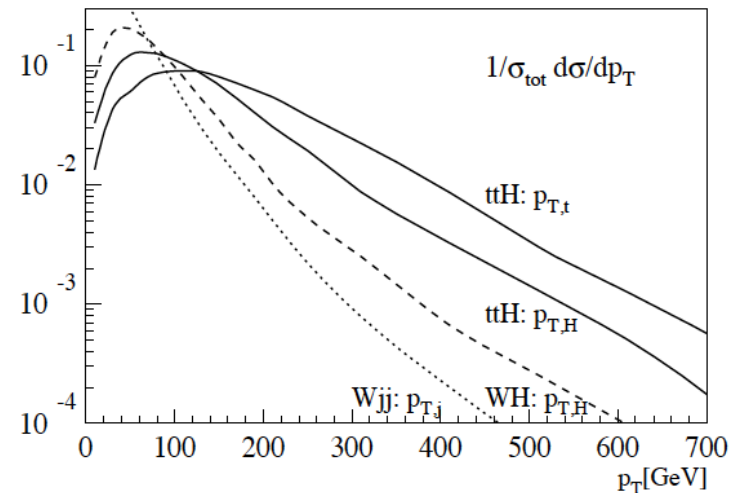
New energy frontier: boosted analysis

arXiv:1101.0593

- Boosted analysis analysis possible at 14 TeV
 - Top and Higgs carry sizeable momentum
- Selecting events with at least two high pT Cambridge/Aachen (C/A) jets with R=1.5
 - One high pT lepton for trigger
 - $p_T > 200$ GeV $|\eta| < 2.5$
- Top tagger:
 - Look at dijet mass in the substructure compatible with W
 - Trijet compatible with top mass
- Higgs Tagger:
 - Order all pairs by modified Jade distance
 - Ask for two subjets to be b-tagged
- Third b-tagged jets away from the Higgs candidate

Sensistivity for 100 fb^{-1}

	S	B	S/B	$S/\sqrt{B}$
$m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}$	120	380	1/3.2	6.2
120 GeV	100	380	1/3.8	5.1
130 GeV	51	330	1/6.5	2.8



Summary

- ATLAS CMS performed analysis using 2011 and partially 2012 dataset (CMS):
 - ATLAS observed (expected) limit @ $M_H=125$ GeV $13.1\times SM$ ($10.5\times SM$)
 - CMS observed (expected) limit @ $M_H=125$ GeV $5.8\times SM$ ($5.2\times SM$)
- Updates are foreseen with full datasets, MVA, more final states
- For 2015 after LS1 data taking analysers need to consider new conditions for trigger strategies since the lepton p_T threshold will increase
 - lepton+jets, b-jet trigger
- Monte Carlo modeling will play a big role since analysis rely on profile likelihood to decrease the impact of systematics uncertainties
 - Usually constrained in high statistics background dominated regions
- Boosted regime could be an option for high luminosity