



Instrumentation for Optical Calibration: Laser Beacon and Nanobeacon



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Marseille 29 January 2013

OUTLINE

THE OPTICAL CALIBRATION PROPOSAL

INTRA D.U CALIBRATION: NANOBEACON

INTER D.U. CALIBRATION: LASER BEACON

NANOBEACON

PPM

NEMO TOWER PHASE II

LASER BEACON

IL11 ANTARES

NEMO TOWER PHASE II

KM3NeT LASER BEACON: THE IFIC PROPOSAL

FINAL SUMMARY

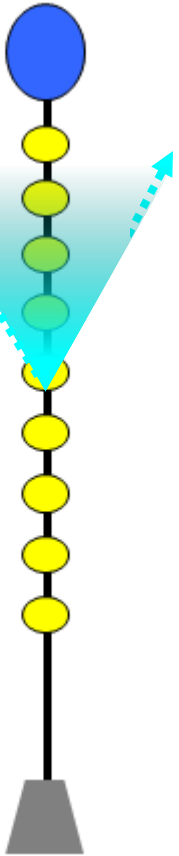
TIME CALIBRATION SYSTEM

Decoupling inter-intra D.U. Calibration systems

INTRA D.U. Calibration:

Nano-Beacon Upward single LED housed inside all DOMs

- Less expensive and high redundancy
- Can be triggered internally to avoid electronic noise
- Frequency of several kHz depending on the DAQ system (300 Hz @ ANTARES)
- Avoid cumbersome synchronization process, only one LED



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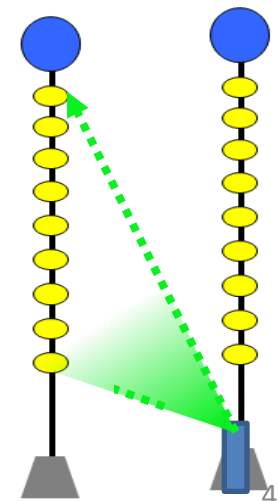
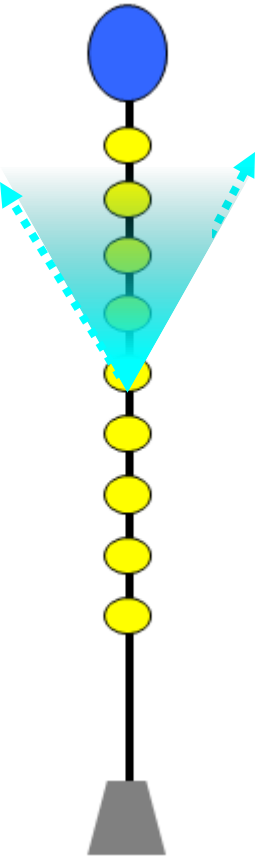
INTER D.U. Calibration:

Laser Beacons @ 532 nm

- Higher in intensity and shorter pulses < 1 ns
- No synchronization needed
- More expensive but less redundancy required
- Tunable by Liquid Crystal Optical attenuator
- Collimated beam -> Diffusion device needed

KM3NeT Collaboration meeting, Marseille

29 January 2013



NANOBEACON

Consists of two boards:

Pulser

NCB: Nanobeacon Control Board

Nanobeacon Control Board:

Selects the intensity of flashing
Selects the trigger (external or auto-trigger)

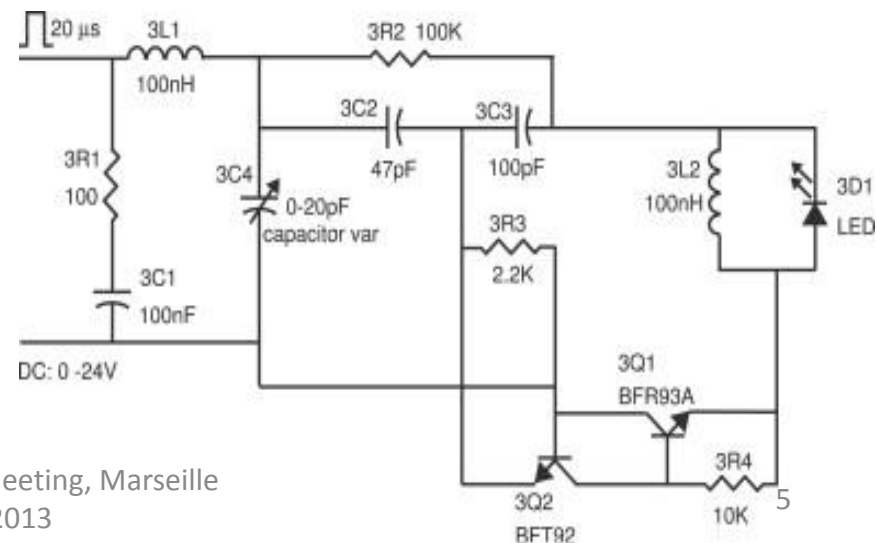
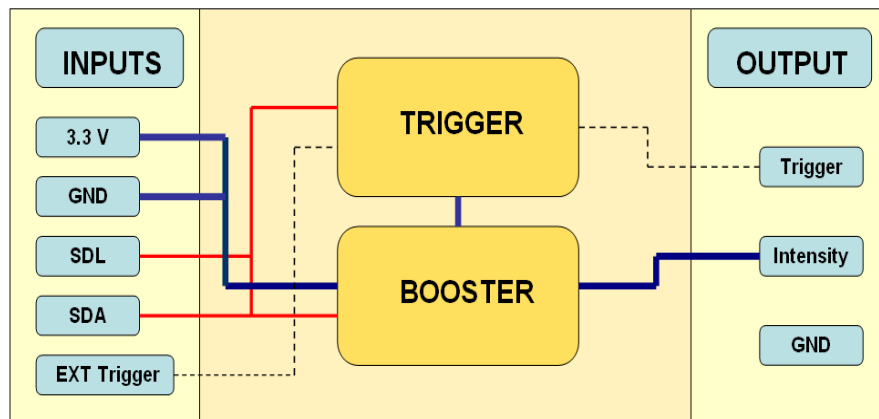
Selects the frequency of the internal trigger



Pulser:

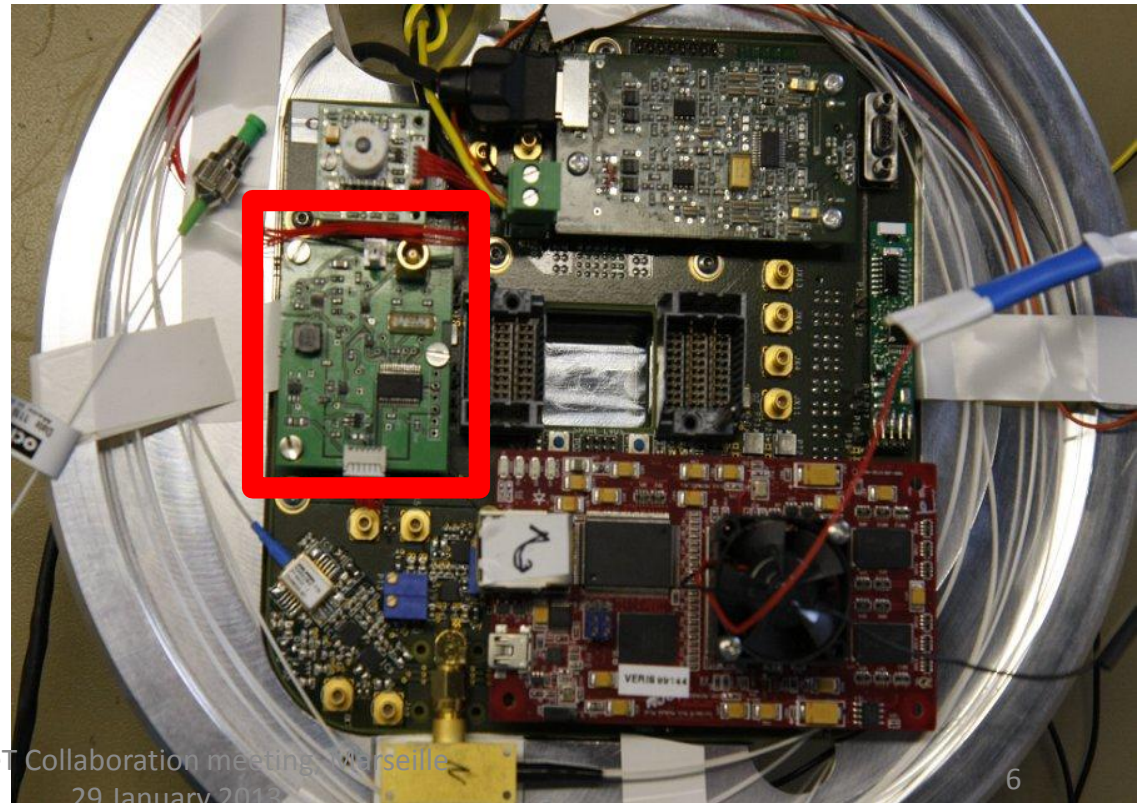
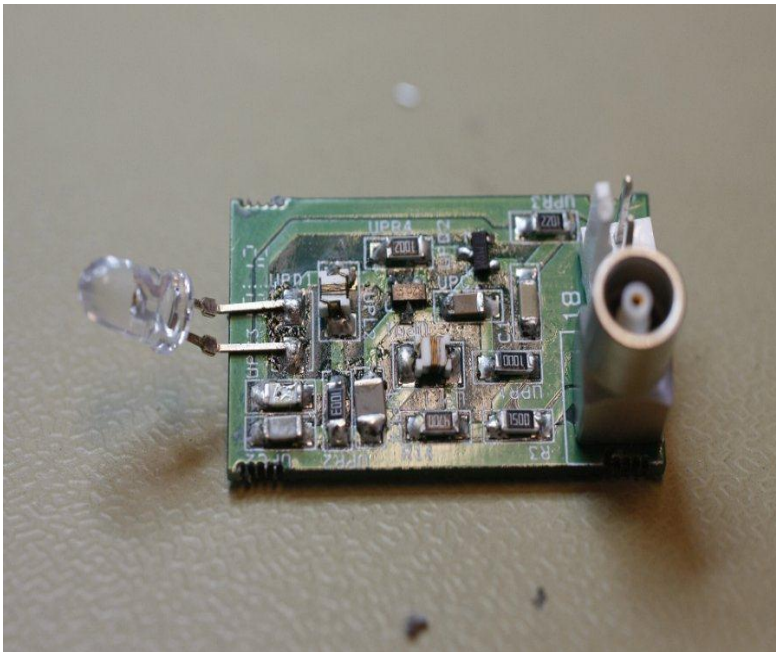
Creates a short light pulse
Intensity set by the voltage generated by the NCB

Frequency set by the trigger generated at the NCB or by the external trigger

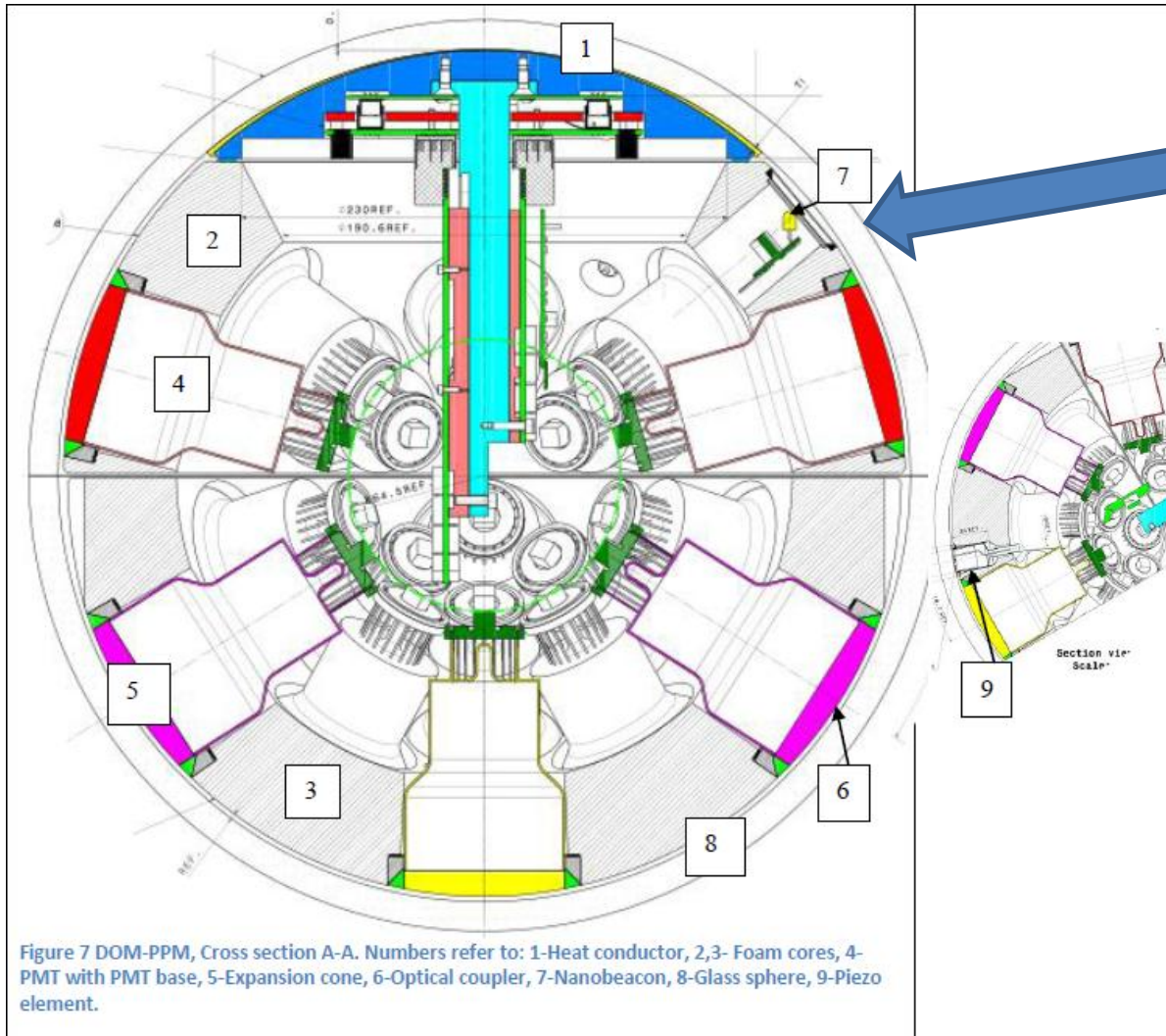


NANOBEACON STATUS - PPM

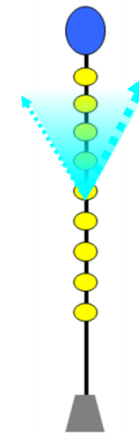
- One Nanobeacon already integrated on the PPM DOM
- Three already produced and ready for integration at the PPM DU (@470 nm)



NANOBEACON STATUS – PPM D.U



The Nanobeacon will be included in 3 of the DOM allocated in the active storeys of the PPM DU

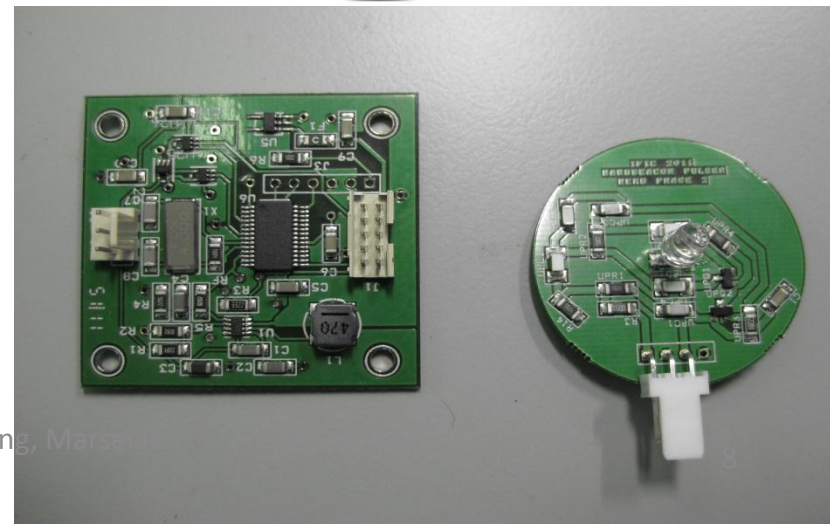
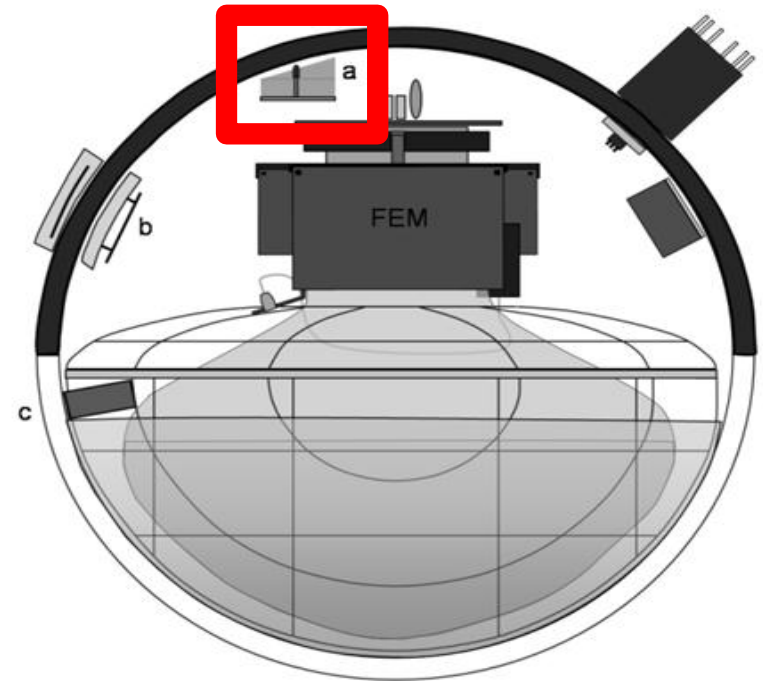


FWHM angular distribution $\sim 15^\circ$

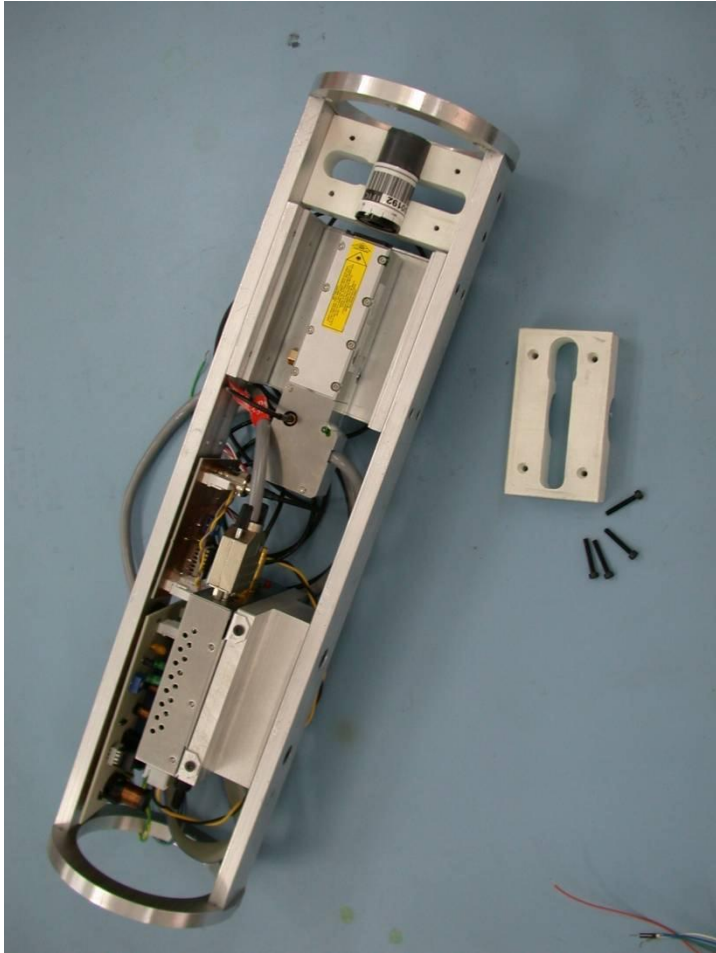
NANOBEACON STATUS – NEMO TOWER PHASE II

8 upwards-orientated LED Nanobeacons of different wavelengths have been integrated

- 4 LEDs of 470 nm have been mounted on the first two floors from the bottom
- 2 LEDs of 440 nm on the third floor
- and 2 LEDs of 400 nm on the fourth floor



LASER BEACON



✘ LASER BEACON

+ Titanium Container

+ Voltage-controlled attenuator

+ LASER head

+ Anti-Biofouling System

+ Connector

+ Slow Control Interface

+ Photodiode Signal



LASER BEACON DEVELOPMENTS

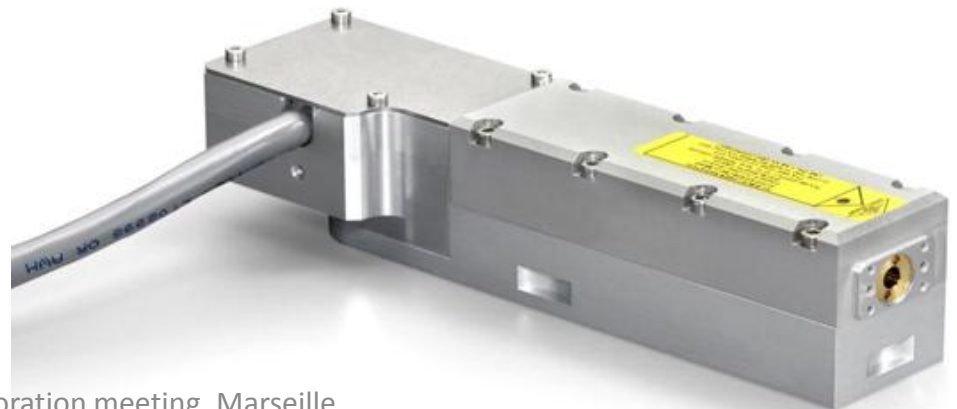
- 1 laser beacon integrated in the ANTARES IL11
- 1 laser beacon integrated in the KM3NeT “Nemo Tower Phase II”

Both use a 3.5 uJ laser head from Teemphotonics

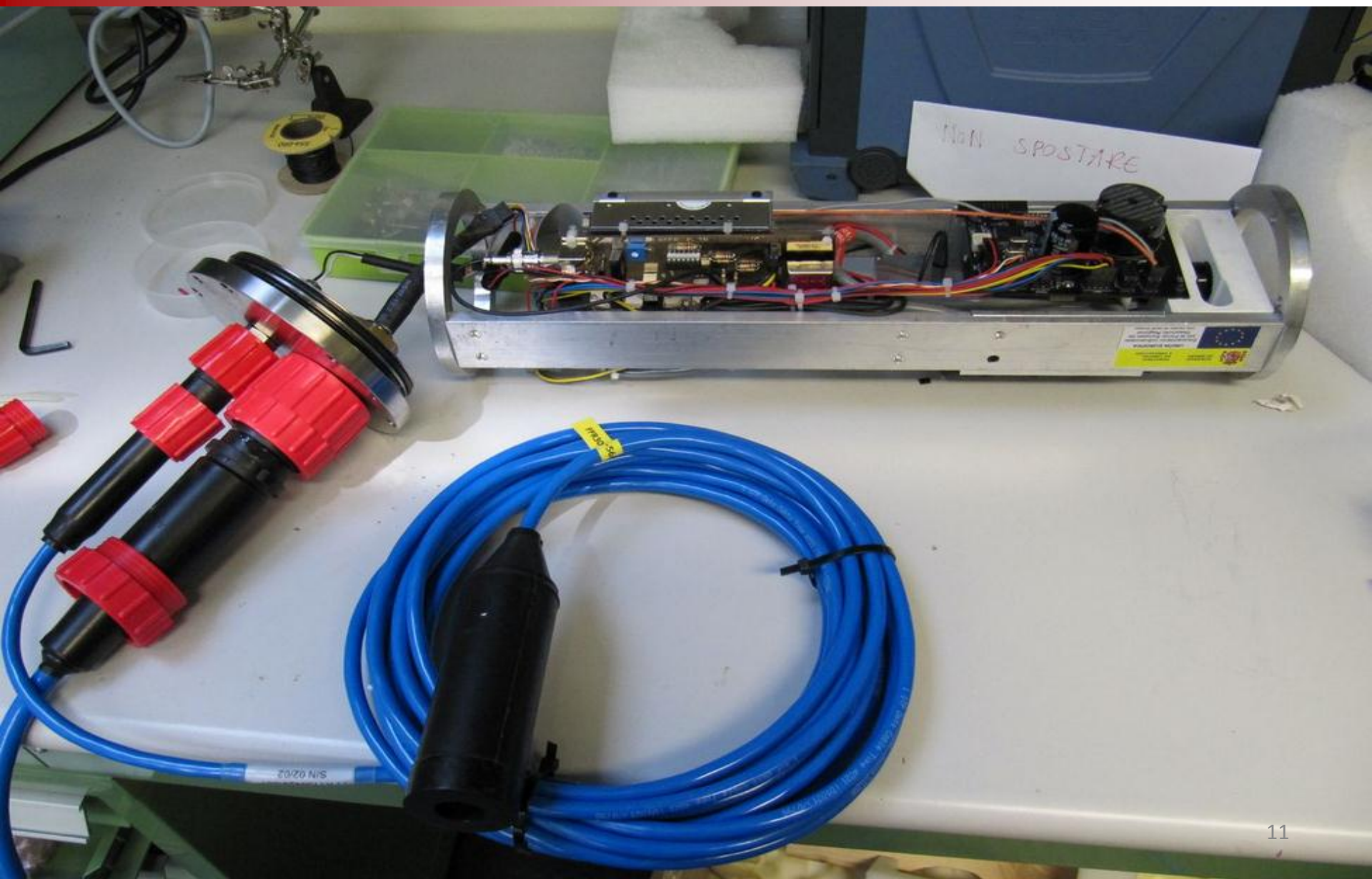
TABLE I
LASER PROPERTIES

Parameter	Value
Pulse width (ns)	400
Energy / Pulse (μ J)	3.5
Peak Power (kW)	10
Repetition rate (kHz)	
Average Power (mW)	

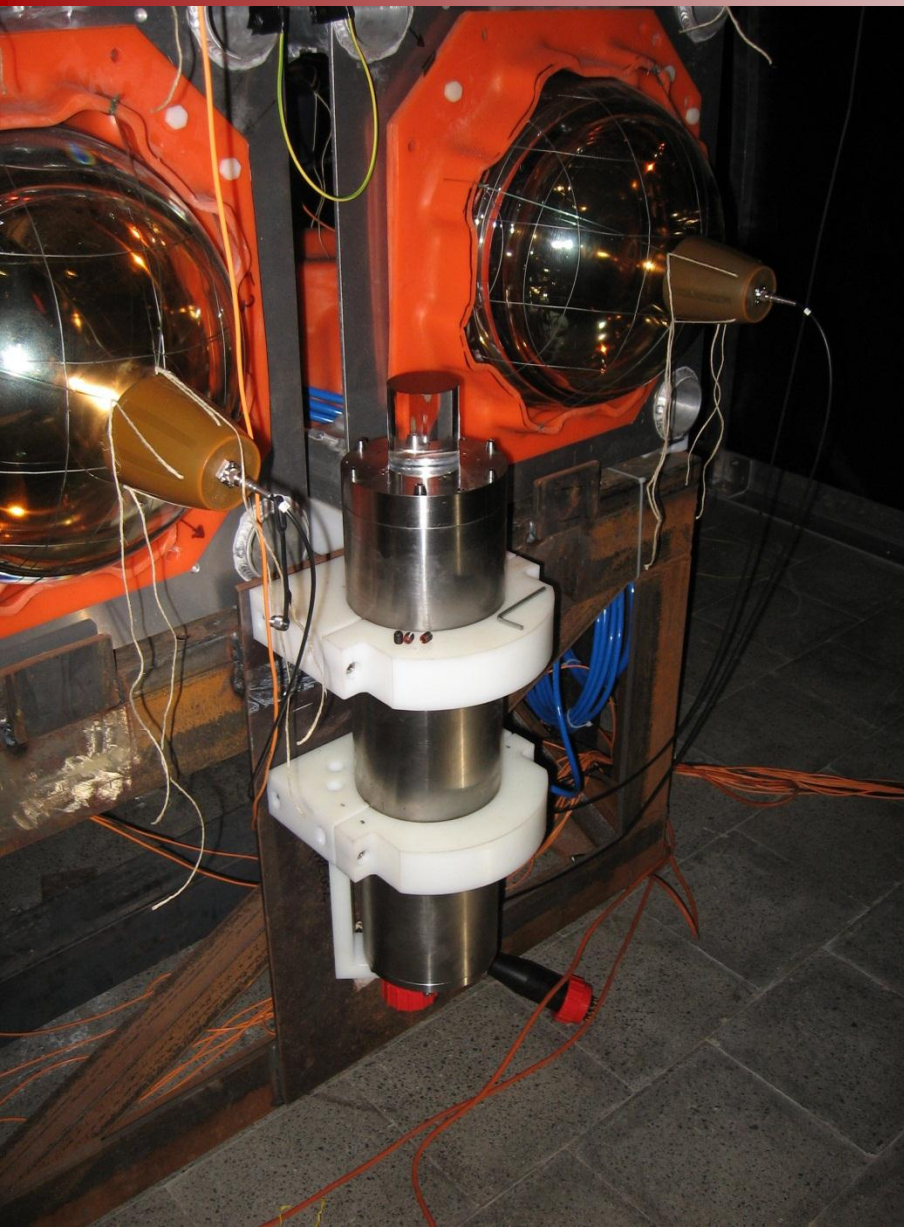
Twice more powerful than the ANTARES Laser Beacons



LASER BEACON: NEMO TOWER PHASE II



LASER BEACON: NEMO TOWER PHASE II



KM3NeT LASER BEACON



New laser head. More powerful
25 μJ per pulse versus 3.5 μJ of
previous head.

@532 nm

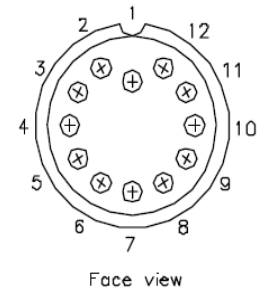
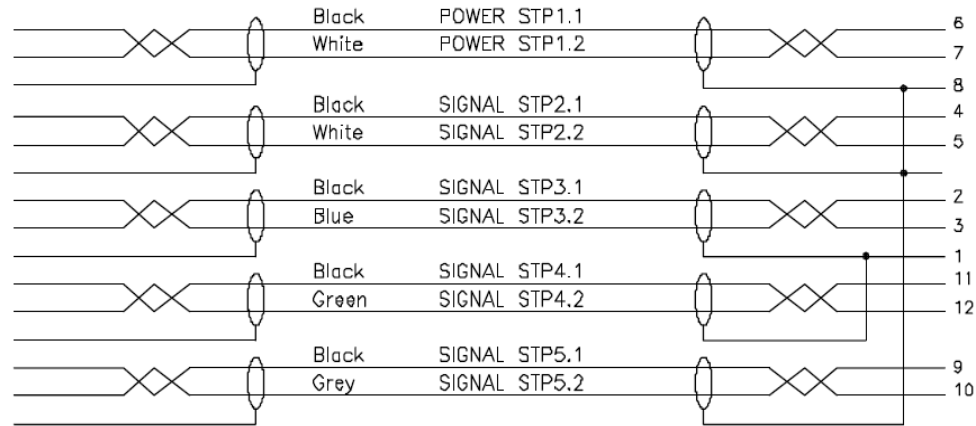
New power supply and control
needed

Model	PNP- B06010	PNP- B08010	PNP- B02010
Energy/Pulse (μJ)	70	90	25
Pulse Width (ps)	400	400	300
Peak Power (kW)	175	220	80
Repetition rate (Hz)	1,000	1,000	1,000
Average Power (mW)	70	90	25

Typical values

KM3NeT LASER BEACON

The connector to use in the KM3NeT laser beacon has to be chosen. Our proposal:
Use the same connector as in the ANTARES IL11



Wiring diagram

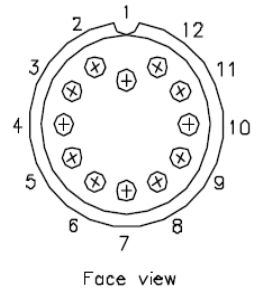
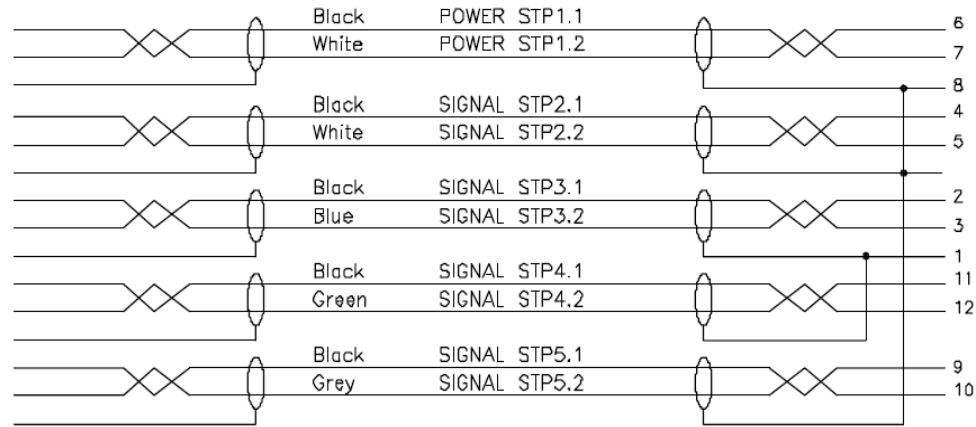
Wires	Description	Colour	Function
9 and 10	CLOCK	Grey	CLK signal
		Black	Ground
4 and 5	I ² C wires	White	SDA
		Black	SDL
11 and 12	PD signal (readout)	Green	Read out signal
		Black	Ground
6 and 7	Power supply	White	+ 48 V
		Black	Ground
2 and 3	NOT USED	Blue	NOT USED
1 and 8	Shielding	Black	NOT USED

A titanium connector from the company **MacArtney** is used to input and output the laser required signals

KM3NeT LASER BEACON

The power supply to the laser beacon has to be chosen. Our proposal:
Use 48 Volts @ 2 Amps (~ 100 Watts)

A titanium connector from the company MacArtney is used to input and output the laser required signals



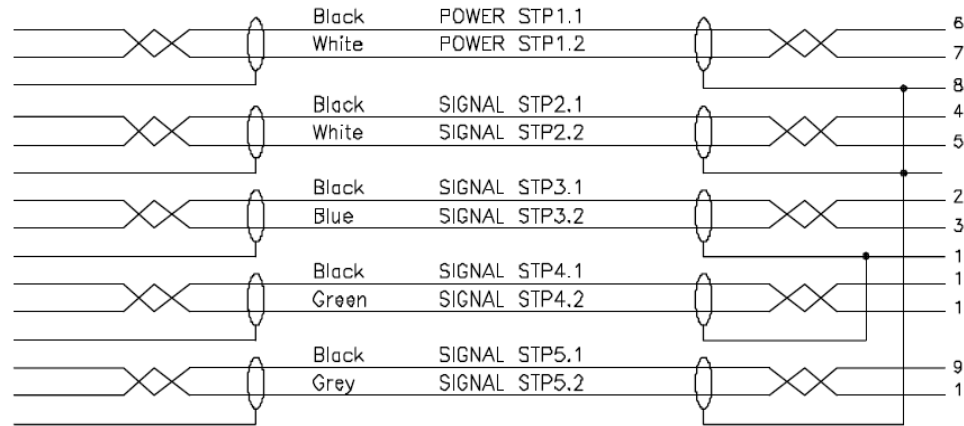
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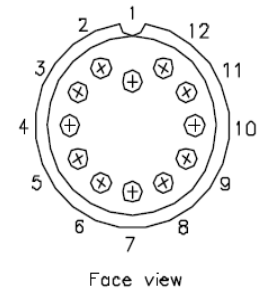
KM3NeT LASER BEACON

The communications with the laser beacon has to be chosen. Our proposal:

Use I2C



Wiring diagram



Face view

A titanium connector from the company MacArtney is used to input and output the laser required signals

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9 and 10	CLOCK	Grey	CLK signal
		Black	Ground
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2 and 3	NOT USED	Blue	NOT USED
1 and 8	Shielding	Black	NOT USED

SUMMARY

- **1 Nanobeacon** integrated on the PPM DOM
- **3 Nanobeacons** already produced and ready for integration in the PPM DU DOMs
- **8 upwards-orientated LED Nanobeacons** of different wavelengths (@ 470-440-400 nm) have been integrated in “Nemo Tower Phase II”
- **1 laser beacon** integrated in the ANTARES IL11 (**3.5 μ J**)
- **1 laser beacon** integrated in “Nemo Tower Phase II” (**3.5 μ J**)
- Proposal to use a new laser head. More powerful with **25 μ J** per pulse

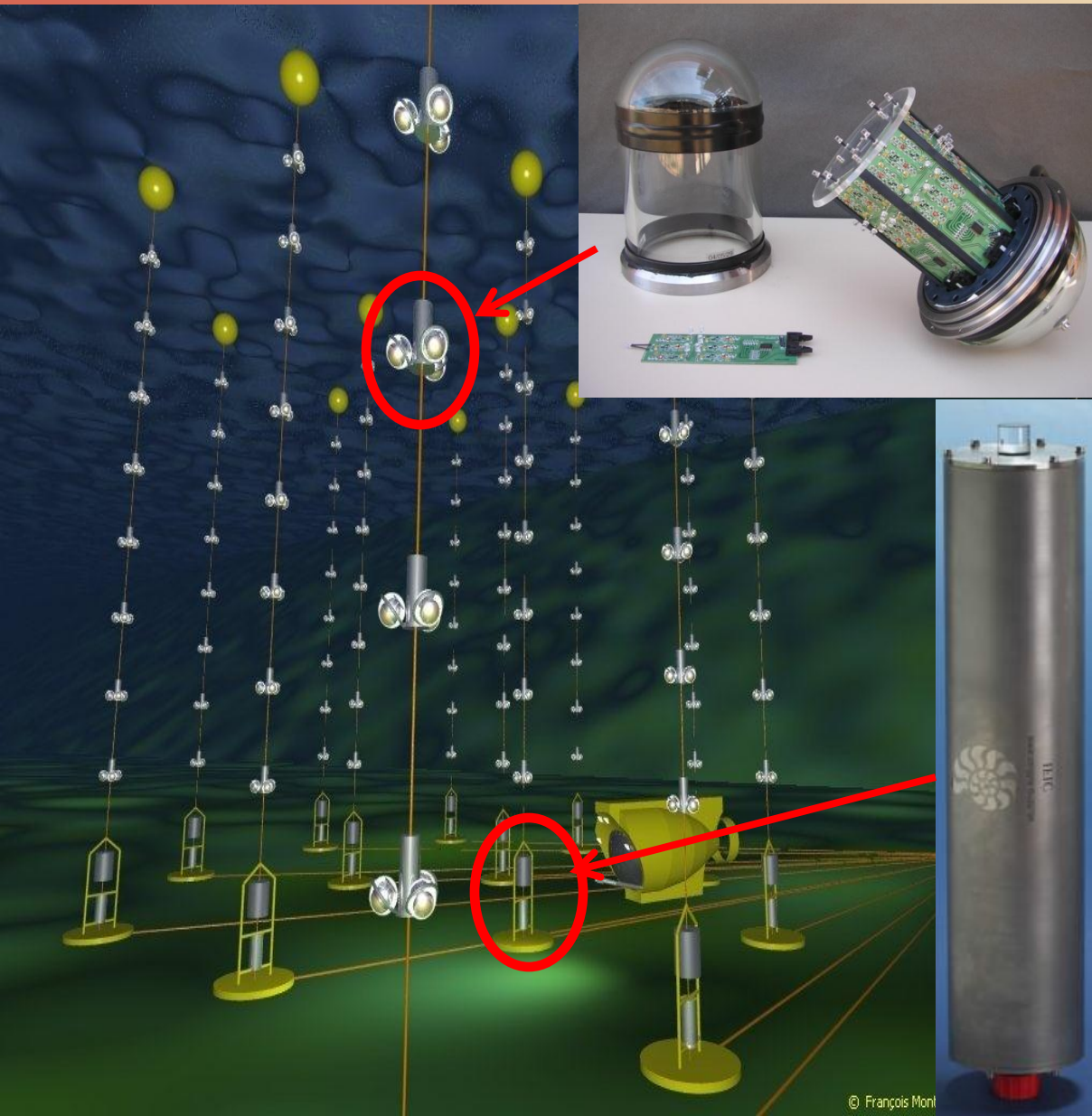
Before start the development of the electronics it has to be chosen:

- **Connector**
- **Power Supply**
- **Communications**

TIME CALIBRATION PROPOSAL

**THANKS FOR
YOUR ATTENTION!**

THE ANTARES SYSTEM



47 LED OPTICAL BEACONS:

- 4 LOB per Line (472 nm) located every 90 m along the line.
- LEDs cleaved for widening angular distribution
- Successful **Intraline** calibration along the line.
- **Interline** calibration cumbersome due to line movements and rotation.

2 Laser BEACONS:

- At bottom of central lines (532 nm)
- **Interline** calibration
- Positioning crosscheck
- Possibility of calibrating first storeys