

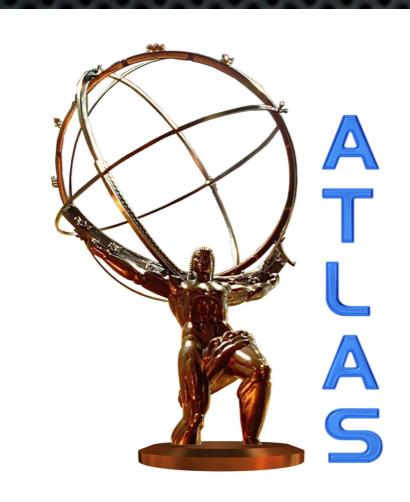


Search for a Higgs boson in fermionic and rare decays at the LHC

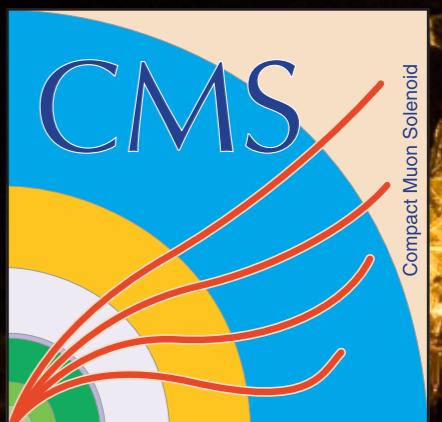
Alejandro Alonso

Niels Bohr Institute (University of Copenhagen)

On behalf of the **ATLAS** and **CMS** collaborations



24 May 2013, **Photon** 2013



Outline



Motivation

$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

HIG-13-004-pas, ATLAS-CONF-2012-160

- Gluon fusion and VBF
- VH (CMS)

$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$

ATLAS-CONF-2013-010

$H \rightarrow bb$

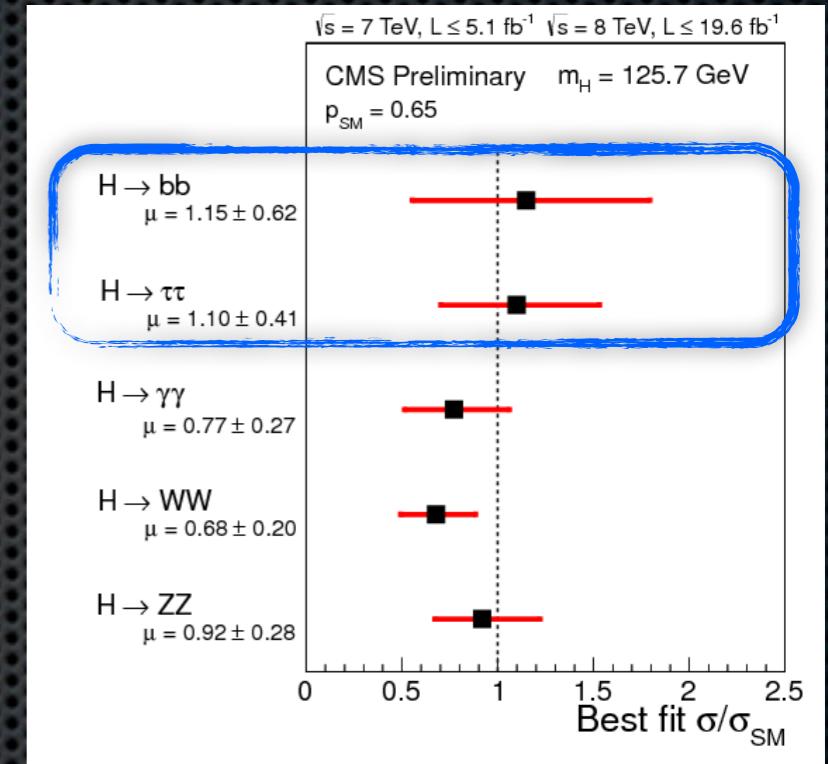
- ttH ($H \rightarrow bb$): CMS-HIG-12-035, ATLAS-CONF-2012-135
- VBF ($H \rightarrow bb$): HIG-13-011-pas
- VH ($H \rightarrow bb$): HIG-13-012-pas, ATLAS-CONF-2012-161

ZH, H → invisible

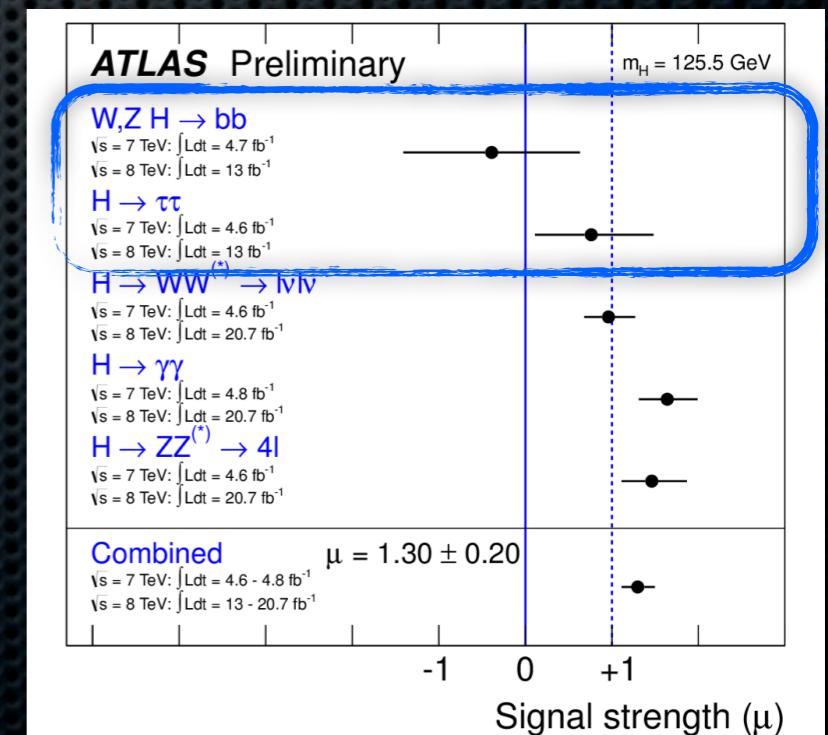
ATLAS-CONF-2013-011

Summary

HIG-13-005

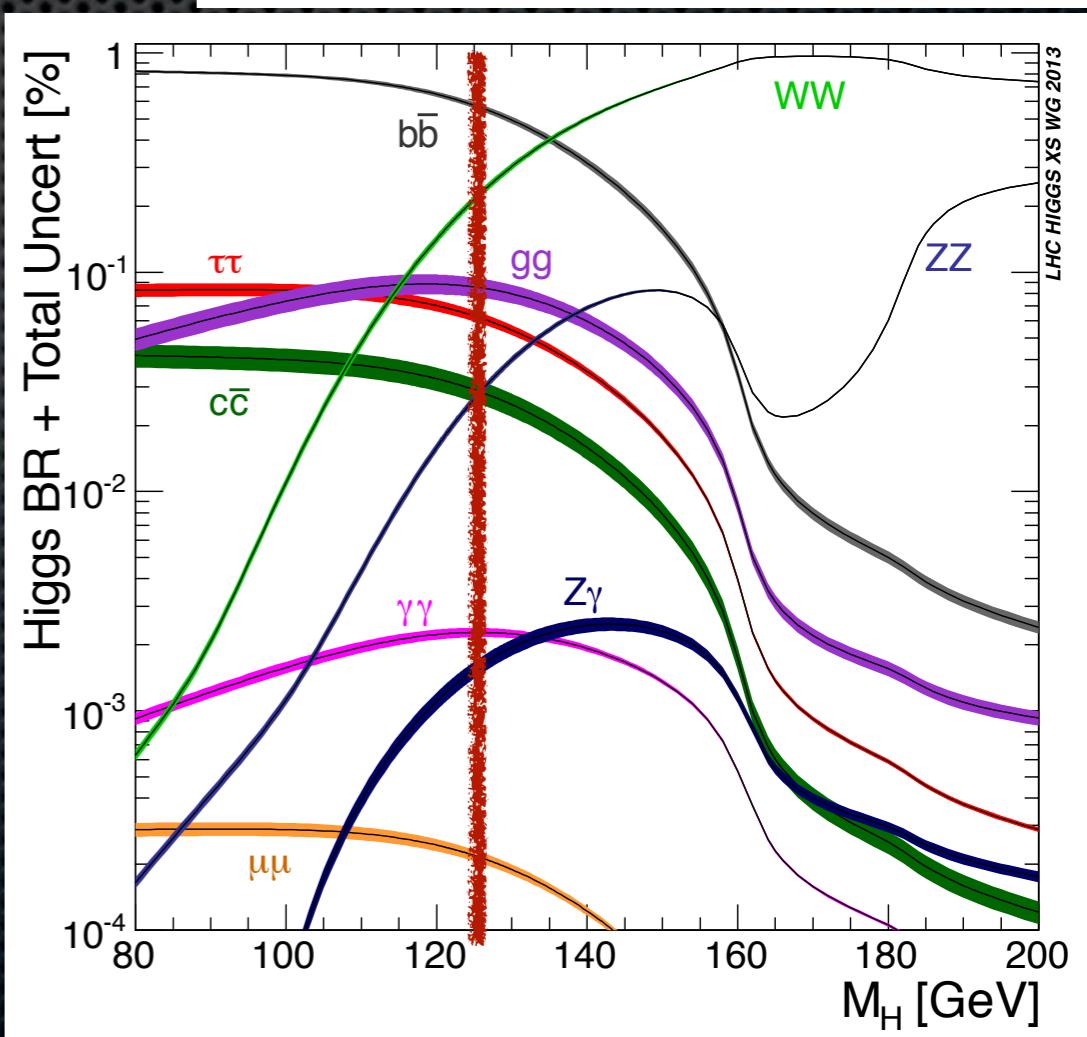
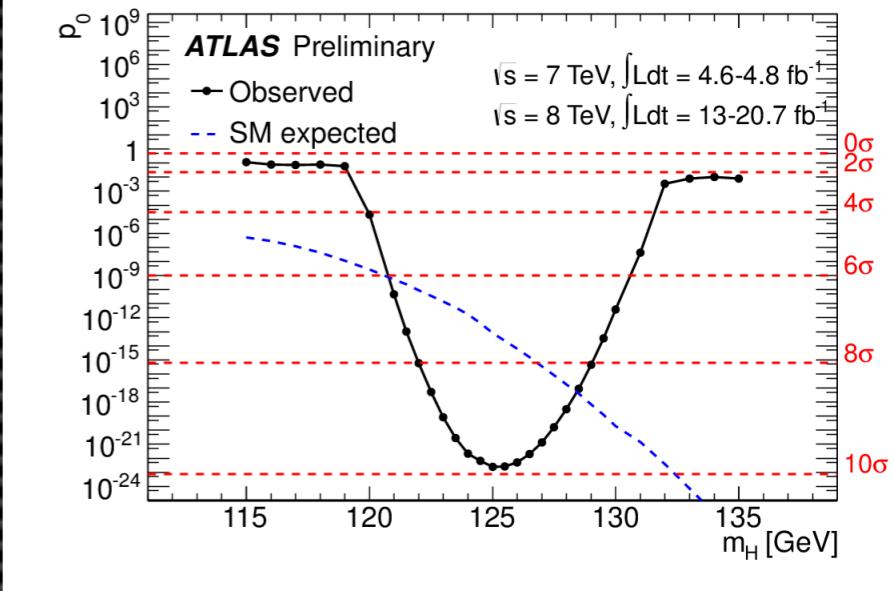


ATLAS-CONF-2013-034

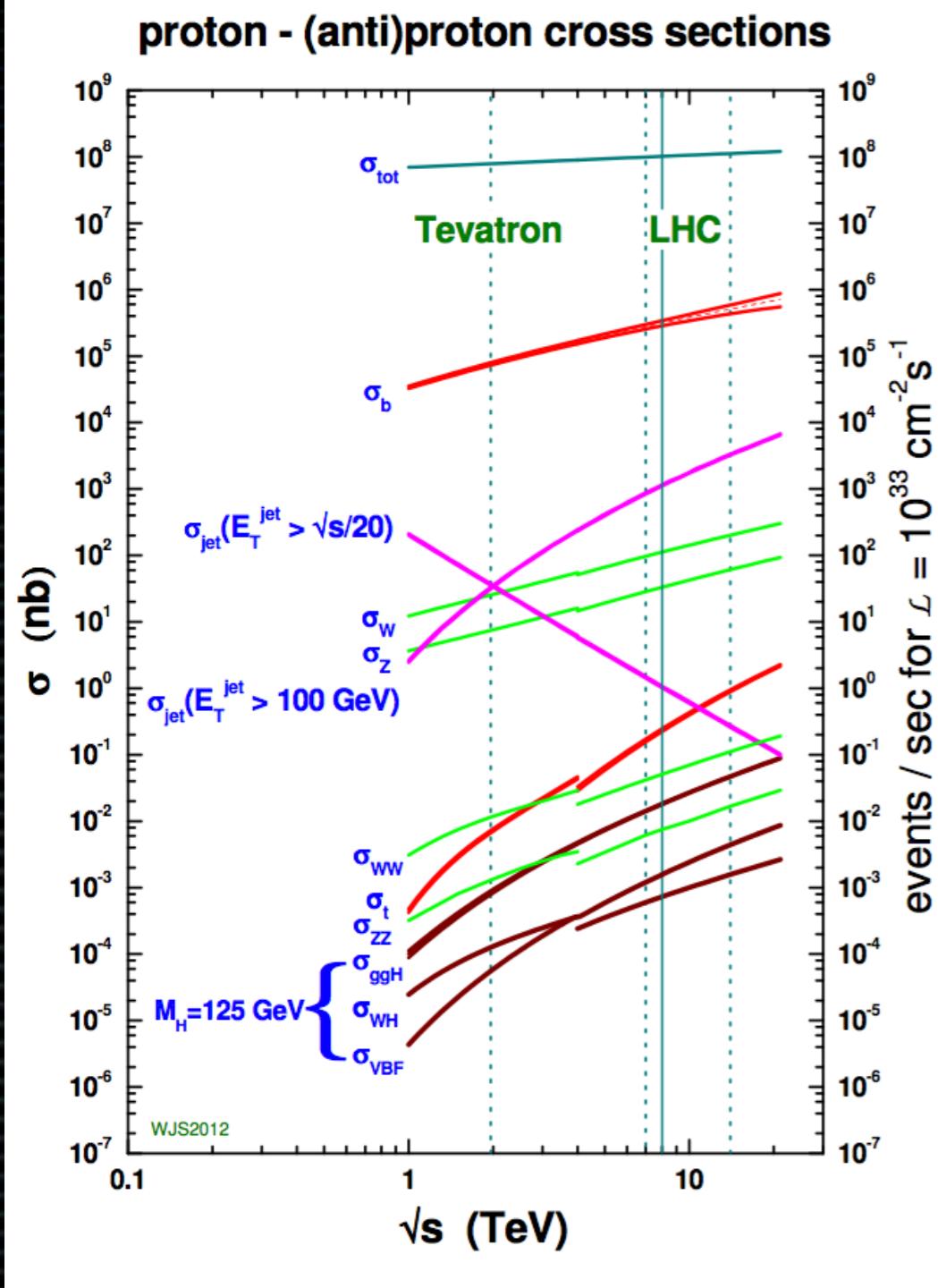


Motivation

- Recent discovery of the Higgs boson in CMS and ATLAS
 - Most sensitive channels: ZZ, WW and $\gamma\gamma$
- Interaction of Higgs with matter well predicted by theory
 - Quadratic dependence of the decay rate on the fermion mass
- The SM Higgs boson decays mainly into fermions.
 @ $m_H = 125$ GeV:
 - $BR(H \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 57.7 \pm 1.9 \%$
 - $BR(H \rightarrow \tau\bar{\tau}) = 6.3 \pm 0.4 \%$
 - $BR(H \rightarrow c\bar{c}) = 2.9 \pm 0.4 \%$
 - $BR(H \rightarrow \mu\mu) = 0.0217 \pm 0.0013 \%$
- The measurement of couplings between the Higgs and the fermions is fundamental to determining the nature of the Higgs boson



Experimental Challenges

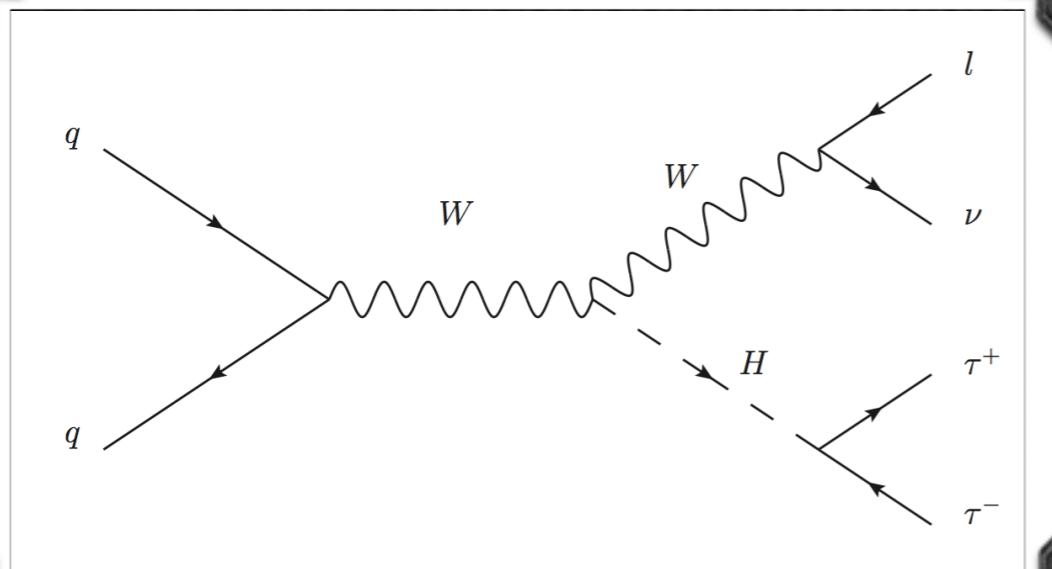


- **B-jet** production $\sim 10^6$ larger than $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
- **DY/Z $\rightarrow \tau\tau$** , $\sim 10^5$ larger than $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- Huge contribution of **QCD** which may “fake” other objects

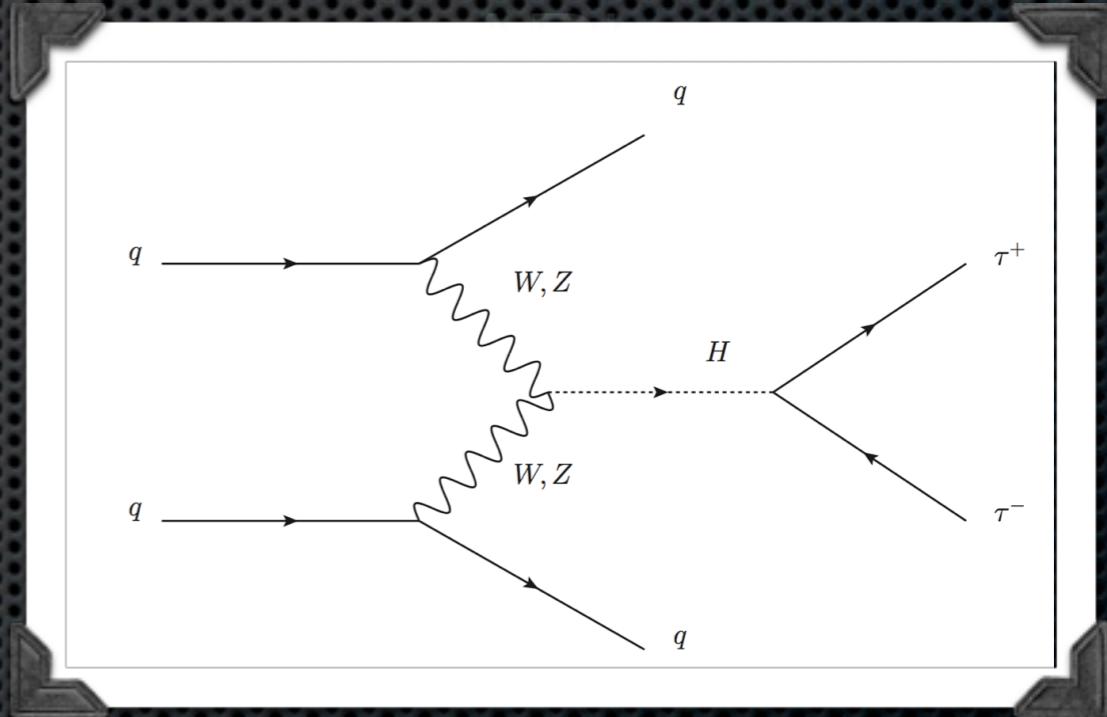
	CMS	ATLAS
b-jet tagging	Combined Secondary Vertex alg MVA combining IP of tracks and second vertex within the vertex 70% efficiency, 2% light jets	Uses secondary & subsequent vertices along b-had ANN 70% efficiency work-point mistag light jets $\sim 1\%$
Hadronic Tau	Particle Flow Alg: Combines the information from all the detectors. <i>Hadron-plus-strips</i> candidates with 1,3 charged pions and up to 2 neutral pions	Jets + tracks (TES) BDT 60% efficiency work-point few %QCD jets, $< 1\%$ electrons
Electron	PFA em deposition + track compatible (ET/pT)	electron/EM cluster matching Quality cuts
Muon	MS and ID tracks matching Quality cuts	MS and ID tracks matching Quality cuts

H → ττ

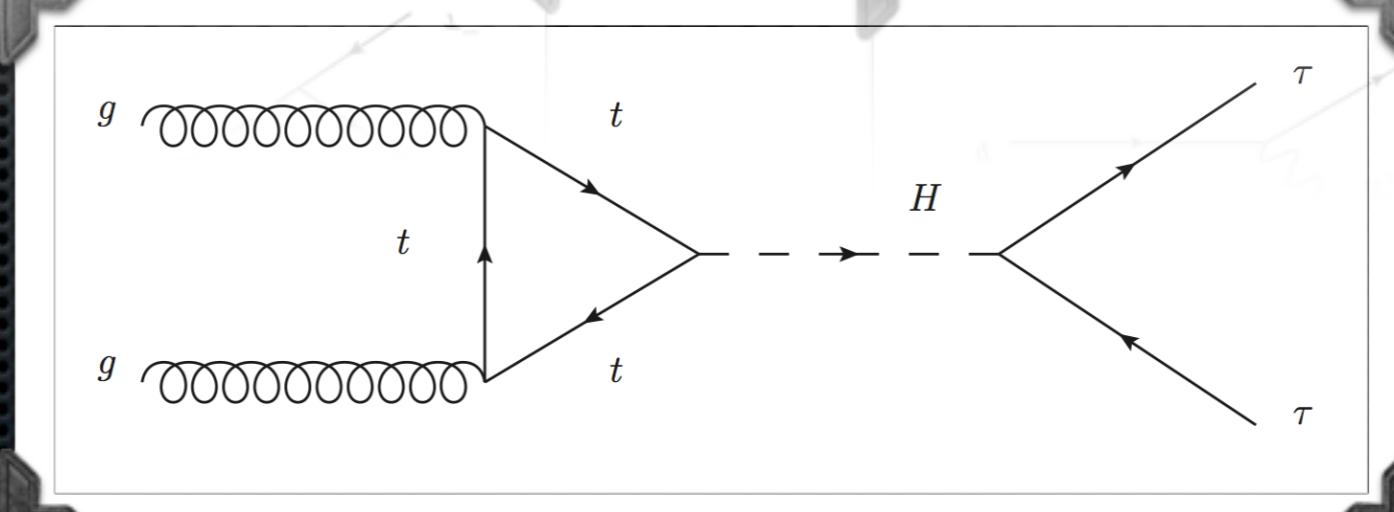
VH



VBF



ggF



- Largest BR in leptonic channels

▪ CMS:

- lep-lep: $e\mu, \mu\mu$
- lep-had: $\mu\tau, e\tau,$
- had-had: $\tau\tau$

▪ Categories:

- 0-jet, **1-jet, VBF** and **VH**
- Fit di- τ mass using **SVFit**
- Max Likelihood to get best mass given the MET_x and MET_y

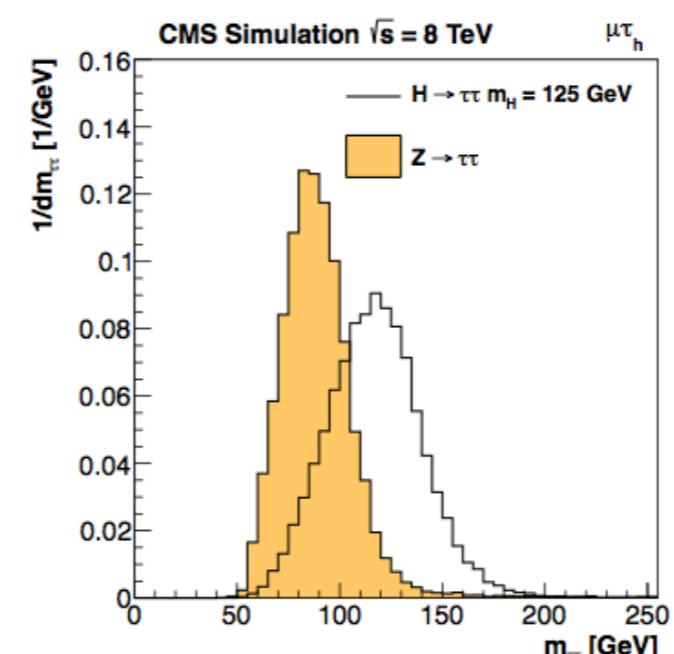
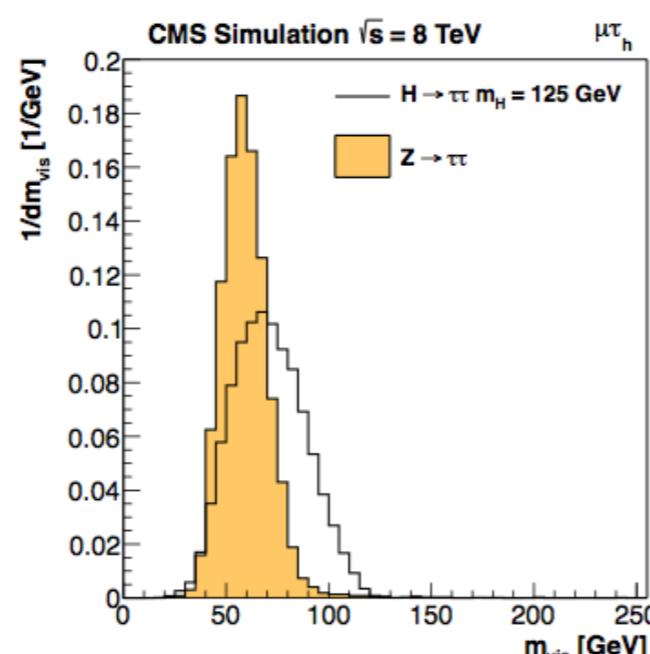
▪ ATLAS:

- lep-lep: $e\mu, \mu\mu, ee$ **BR ~12%**
- lep-had: $\mu\tau, e\tau,$ **BR ~44%**
- had-had: $\tau\tau$ **BR ~44%**

▪ Categories:

- **Boosted** and **2-jet VBF** (all tau decays)
- **1 QCD** jets (lep-lep, lep-had)
- **2-jet VH** (lep-lep)
- Fit di- τ mass using **MMC** (Missing Mass Calculator)

SVFit:

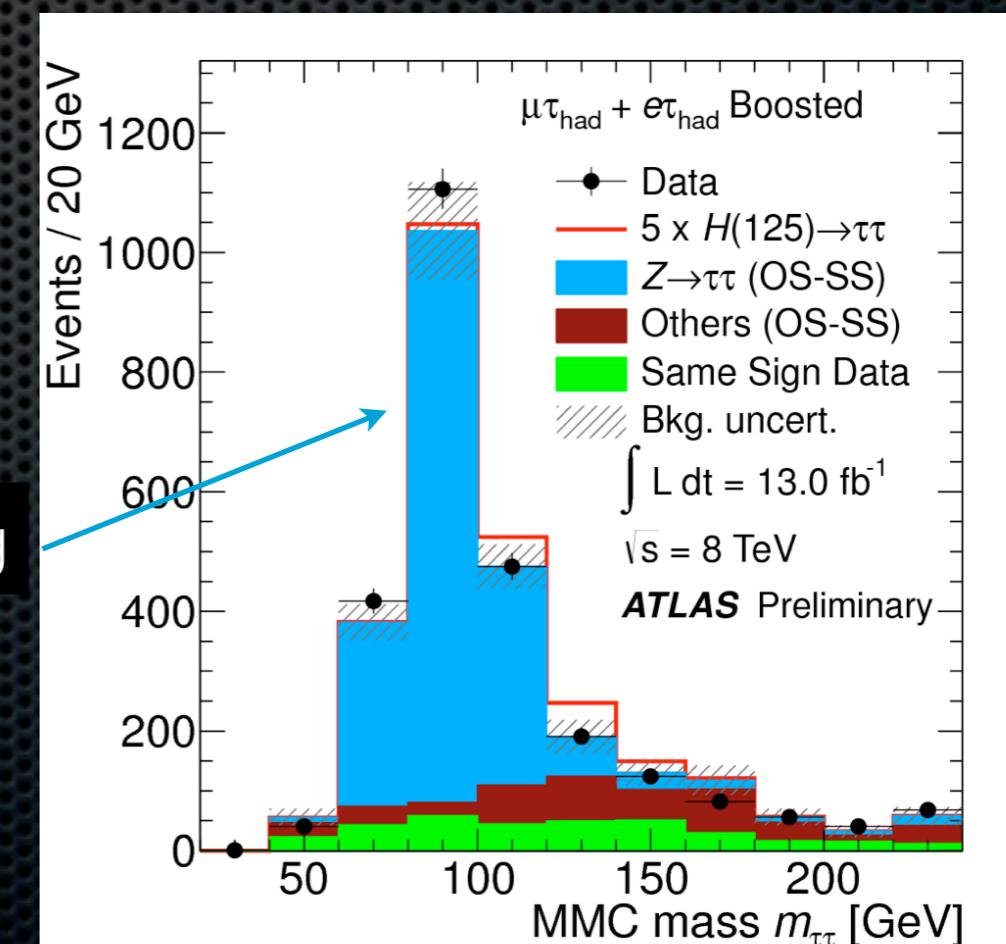
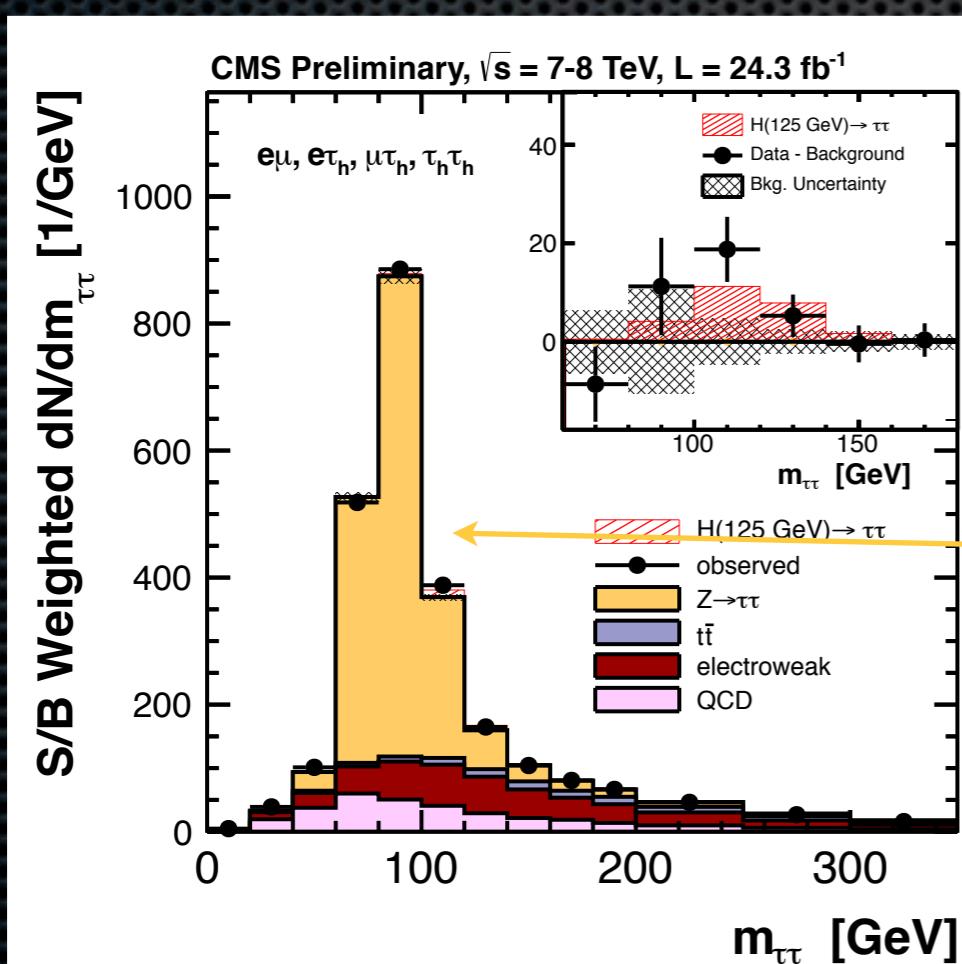


- **CMS:**

- $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$: Data-driven method:
 - Replace muons in $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ sample by MC τ
- Electroweak:
 - From MC with data corrections
- QCD: From SS data using OS/SS ratio

- **ATLAS:**

- $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$: Data-driven method:
 - Replace muons in $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ sample by MC τ
- $W + \text{jets}$, $Z \rightarrow ll + \text{jets}$, top and diboson:
 - From MC with data driven scale factors
- QCD: data-driven estimate
- Uncertainties:
Tau energy Scale and theoretical uncertainties



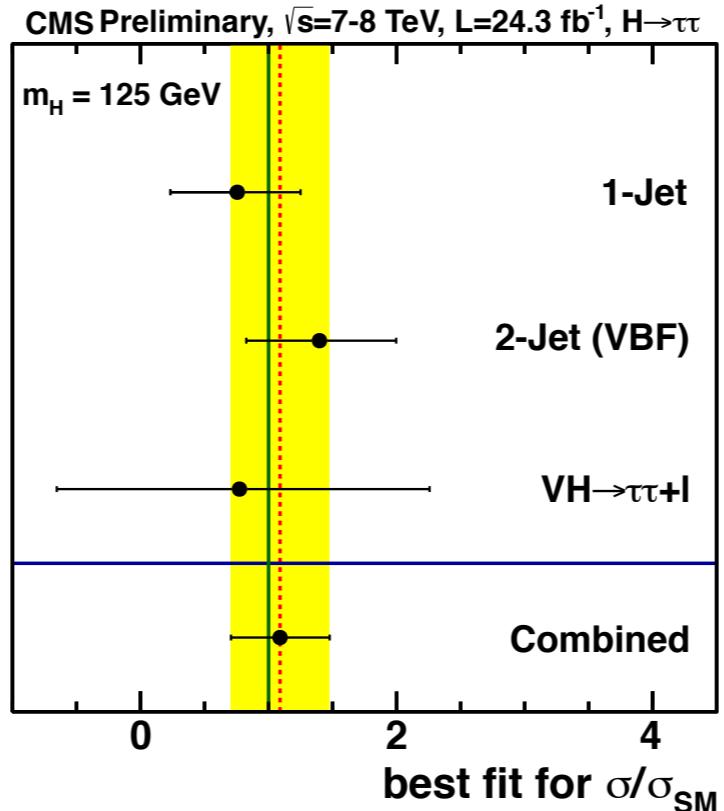
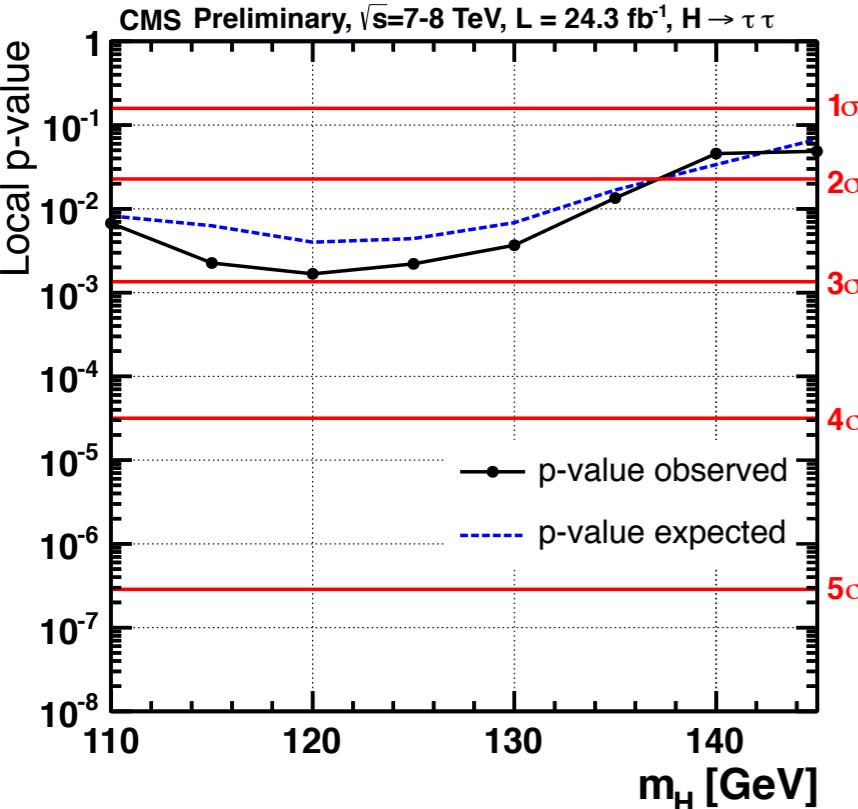
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

results



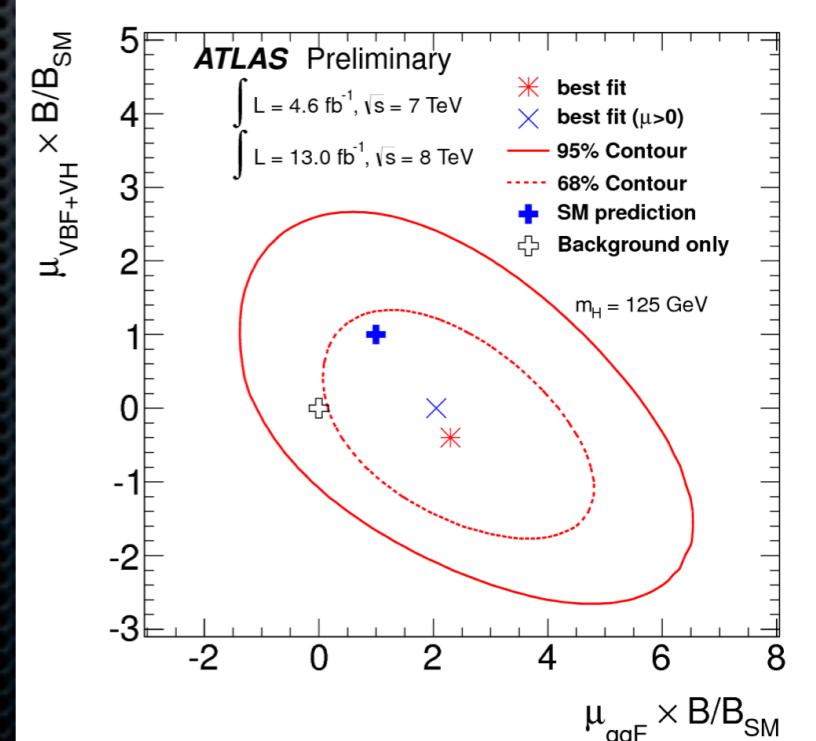
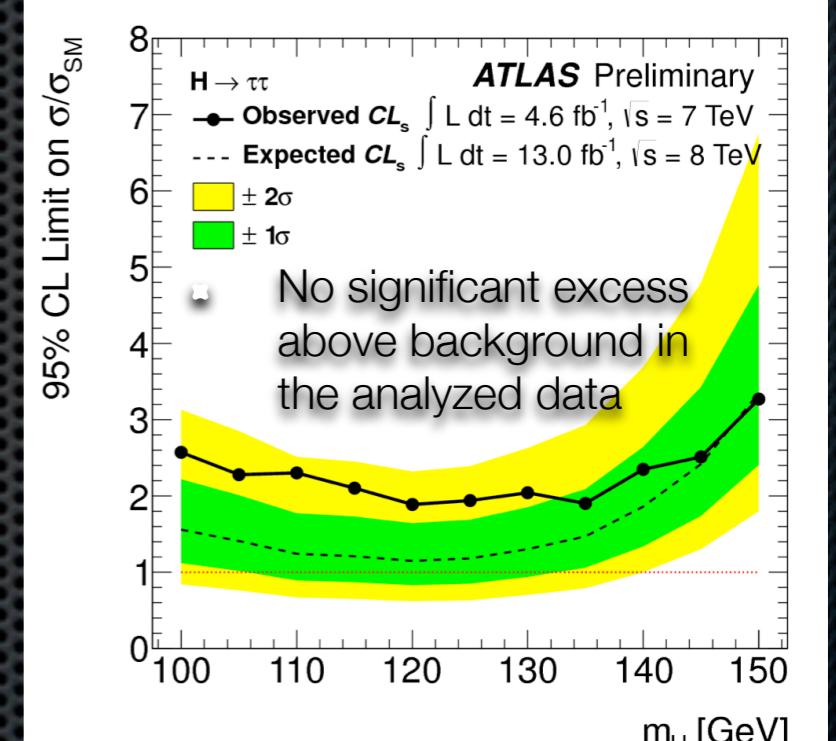
■ **CMS:**

- Significance for $m_H = 125$ GeV:
2.9 σ measured, 2.5 σ expected
- Best fit: $\mu = 1.1 \pm 0.4$ @ 125 GeV



■ **ATLAS:**

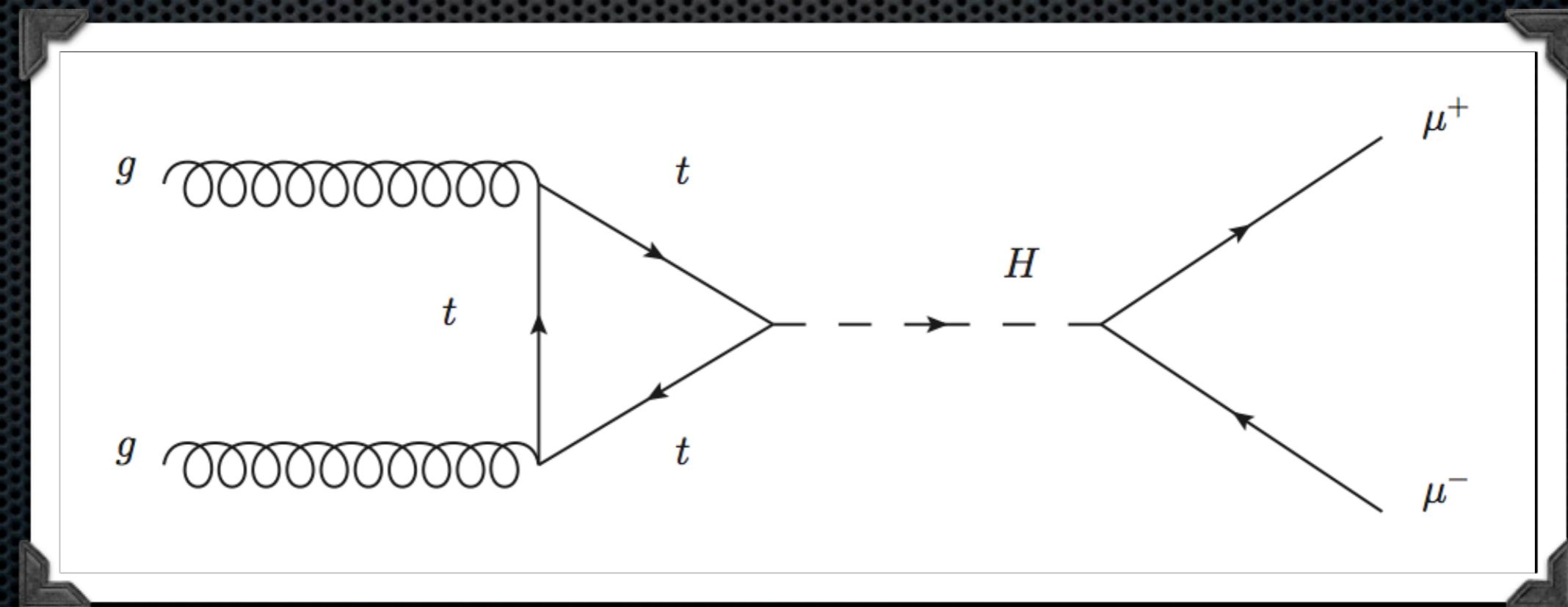
- 95% CL on $\sigma/\sigma_{\text{SM}}$ for $m_H = 125$ GeV: 1.9 measured, 1.2 expected



- Local p_0 value:
 - Local probability (p_0) that a background fluctuation is more signal-like than the observed data
 - Evaluates consistency of data in the signal region with the background model

$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$

- Direct probe the SM Higgs coupling to 2nd generation fermions

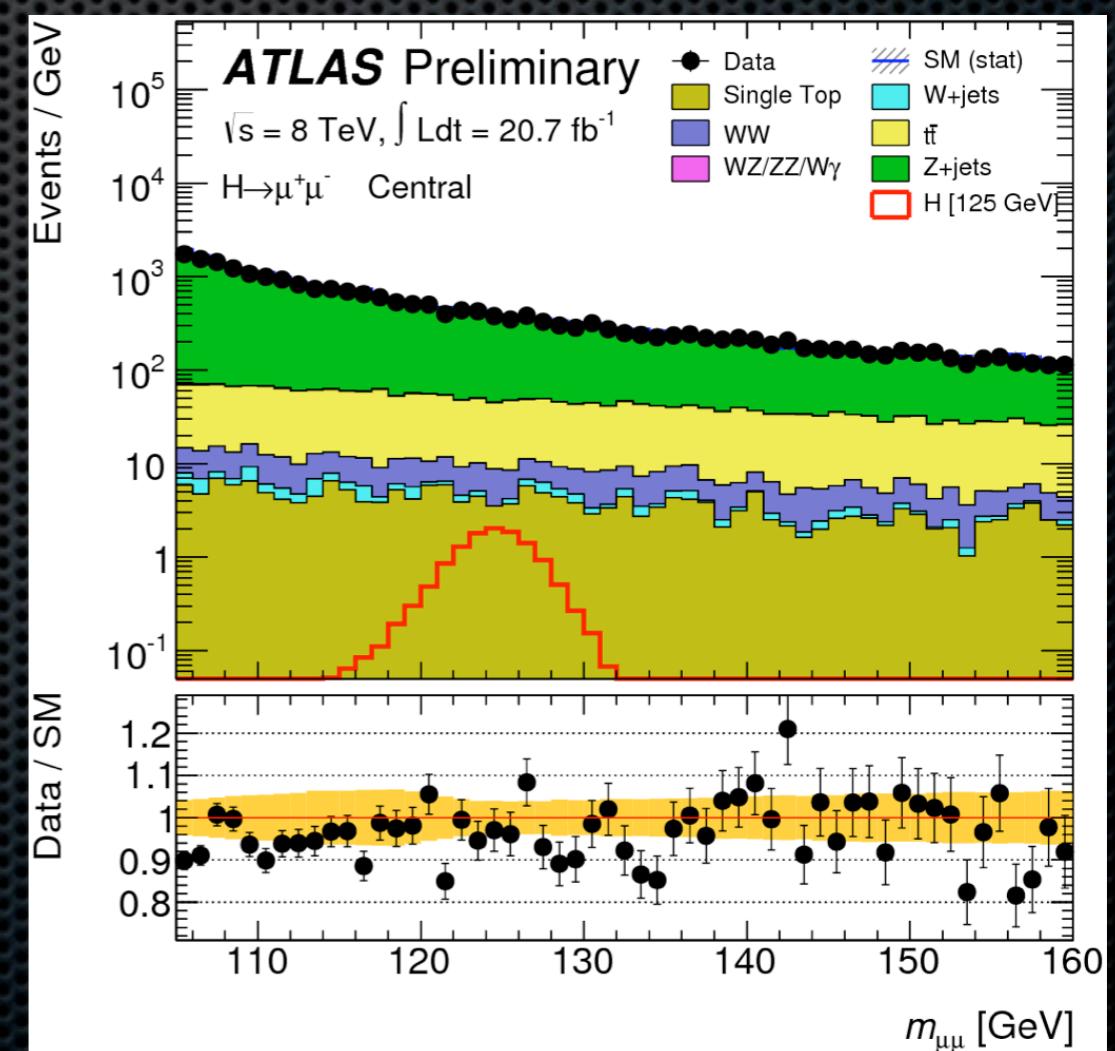


$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$

Selection:

- Reject W+jets and QCD:
 - 2 isolated opposite-sign muon
 - Leading muon: $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$
 - Subleading muon: $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$
- Reject DY, Z+jets:
 - Di-muon transverse moment $> 15 \text{ GeV}$ (DY)
Remove 60% BCK keeps 80% signal
 - Di-muon invariant mass $> 105 \text{ GeV}$
- Control regions:
 - Di- μ low Transverse momentum: $< 15 \text{ GeV}$
 - High di- μ mass $> 150 \text{ GeV}$
 - High E_T^{miss} : $> 40 \text{ GeV}$
 - b-jet tagged $>= 1$
- Event categories:
 - **Central**, both muons in $|n| < 1.0$
More precise momentum measurement
 - **Non-Central**: Rest of muons

	$ m_H - m_{\mu\mu} \leq 5 \text{ GeV}$
Signal [125 GeV]	37.7 ± 0.2
WW	250 ± 4
WZ/ZZ/W γ	30 ± 1
t \bar{t}	1374 ± 13
Single Top	151 ± 5
Z+jets	15810 ± 130
W+jets	88 ± 6
Total Bkg.	17700 ± 130
Observed	17442



$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$: Signal model

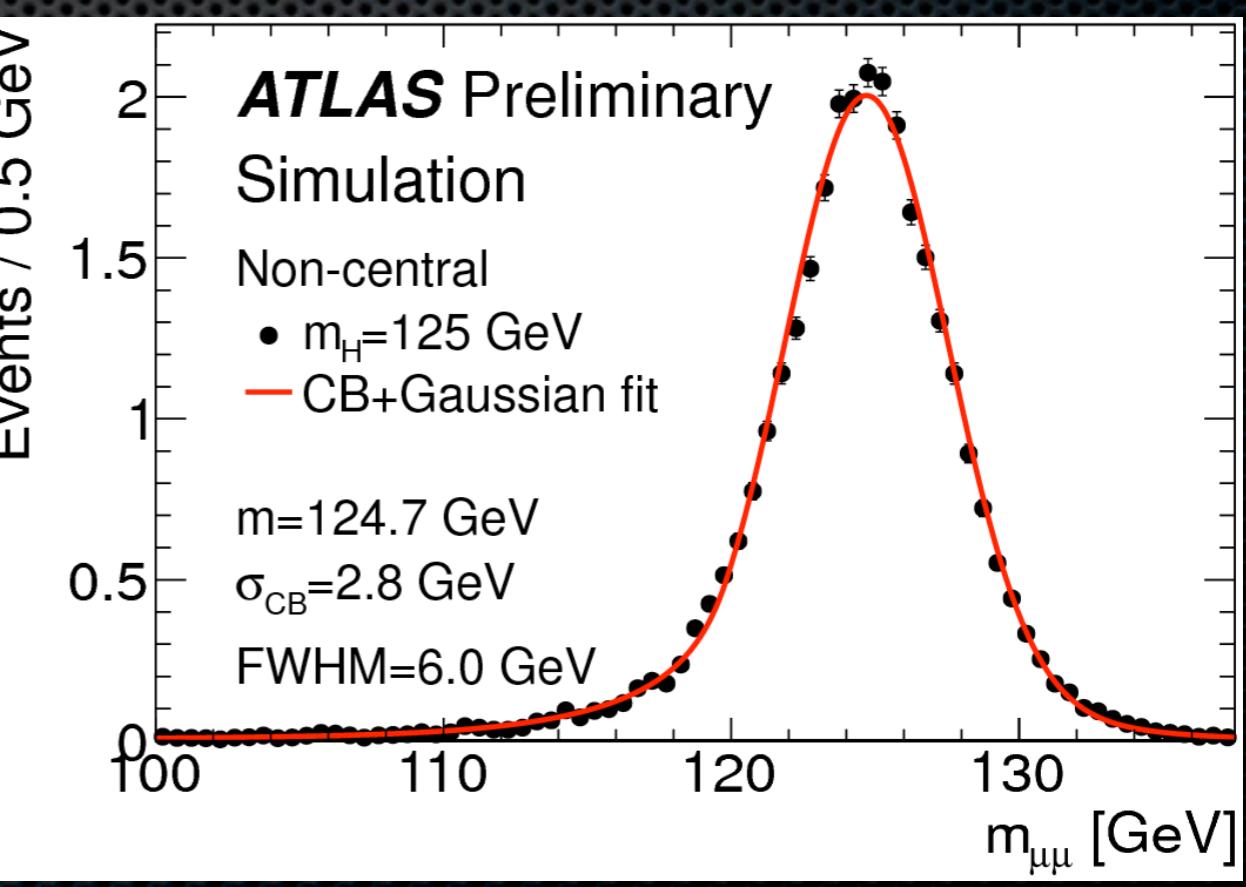
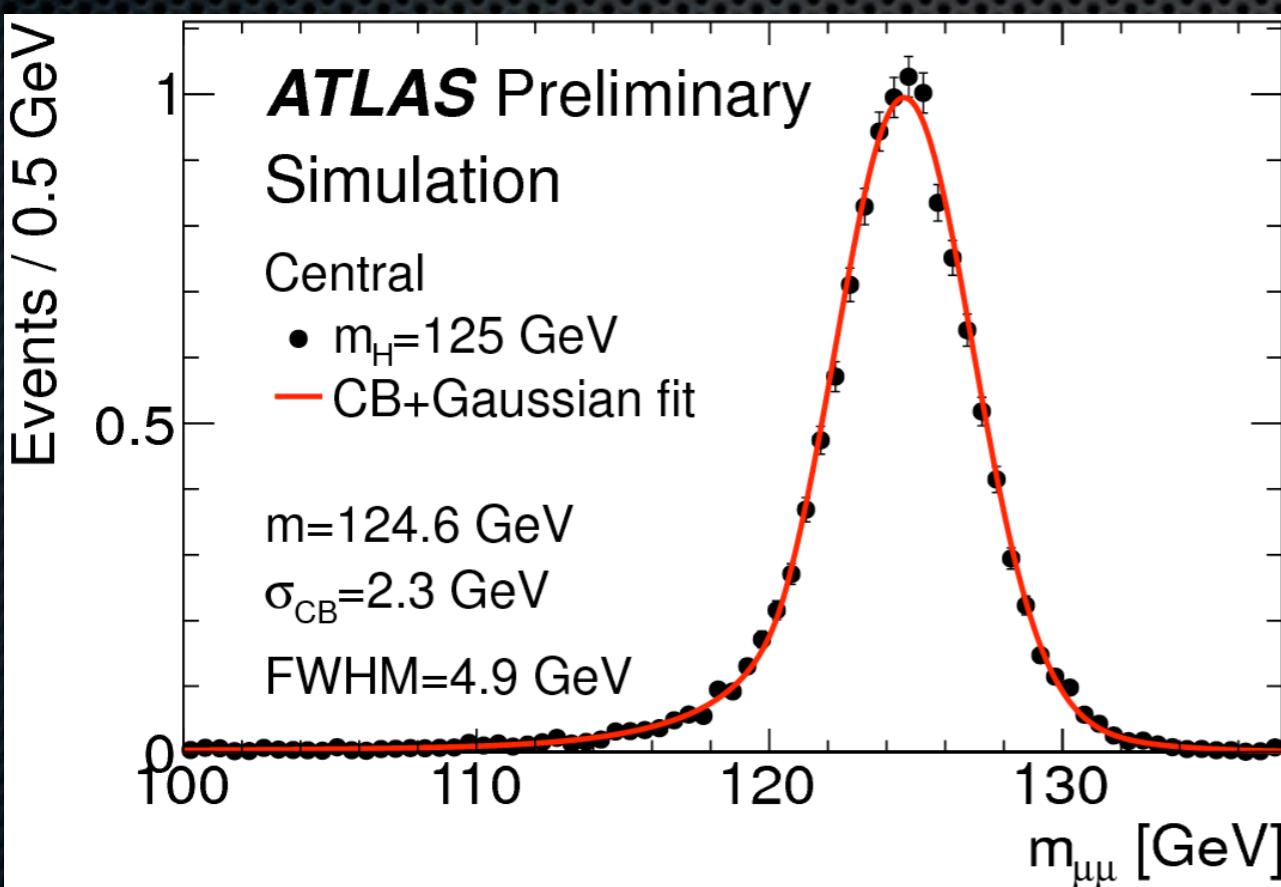
- **Signal width dominated by detector**
- Higgs width 4.1 MeV for mass 125GeV
- **Signal shape obtained from simulated Higgs signal samples with all the contributions**
- **Crystal-ball function:**
Bulk part of the signal and low mass tail due to FSR
- **Remaining resolution effects:**
described by a gaussian

$$f_{sig}(m_{\mu\mu}, \{\alpha_i\}) = \sum f_i F_i(m_{\mu\mu}, \{\alpha_i\})$$

$$F_1(m_{\mu\mu}, \{\alpha_1\}) = F_{CB}^i(m_{\mu\mu}, \bar{m}, \sigma_{CB}, \alpha, n)$$

$$F_2(m_{\mu\mu}, \{\alpha_2\}) = F_{Gaus}(m_{\mu\mu}, \bar{m}, \sigma_G)$$

$m_{\mu\mu}$ is ~2.3 GeV at 125 GeV



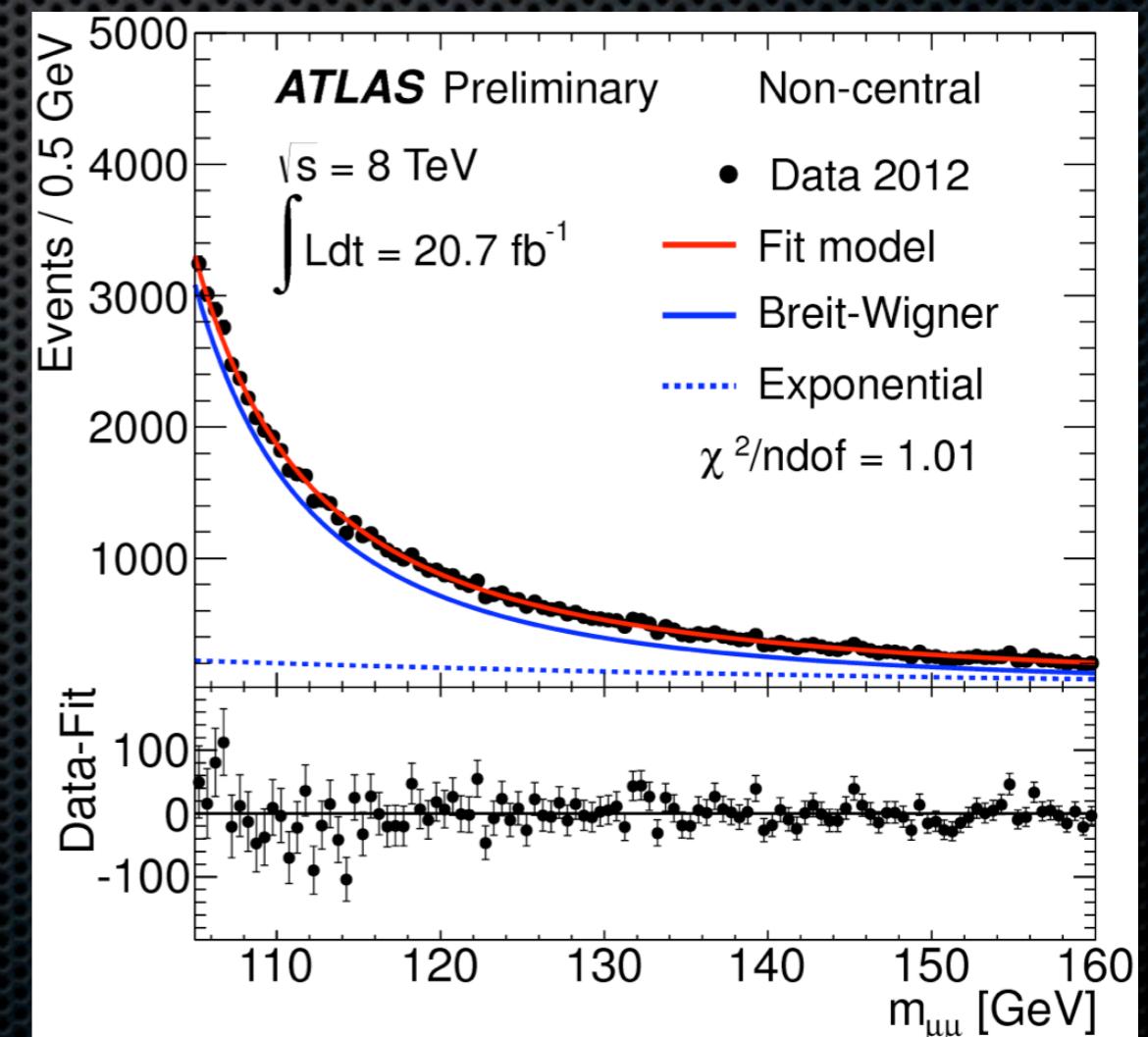
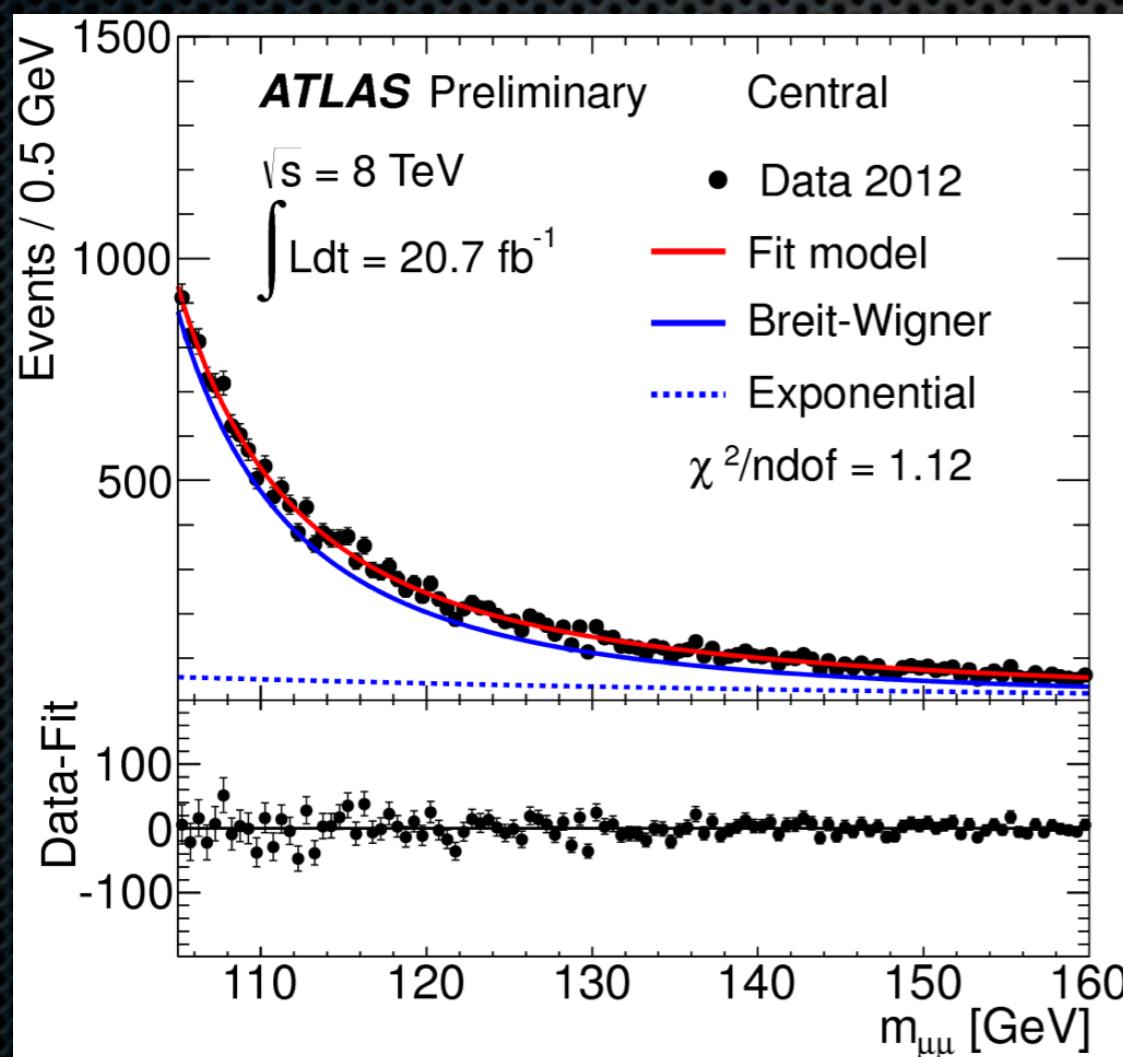
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$: Background model

- Falling edge of the mass spectrum by a Breit-Wigner
- Non-resonant background as exponential
- **Fit range: 105-160 GeV**
- **Sufficient flexible to describe shape variation in data**

$$f_{bkg}(m_{\mu\mu}, \alpha_i, \beta_i) = fF(m_{\mu\mu}, \alpha_i) + (1 - f)G(m_{\mu\mu}, \beta_i)$$

$$F(m_{\mu\mu}, \alpha_i) = F_{BW}(m_{\mu\mu}, \Gamma_{Z_0}, M_{Z_0})$$

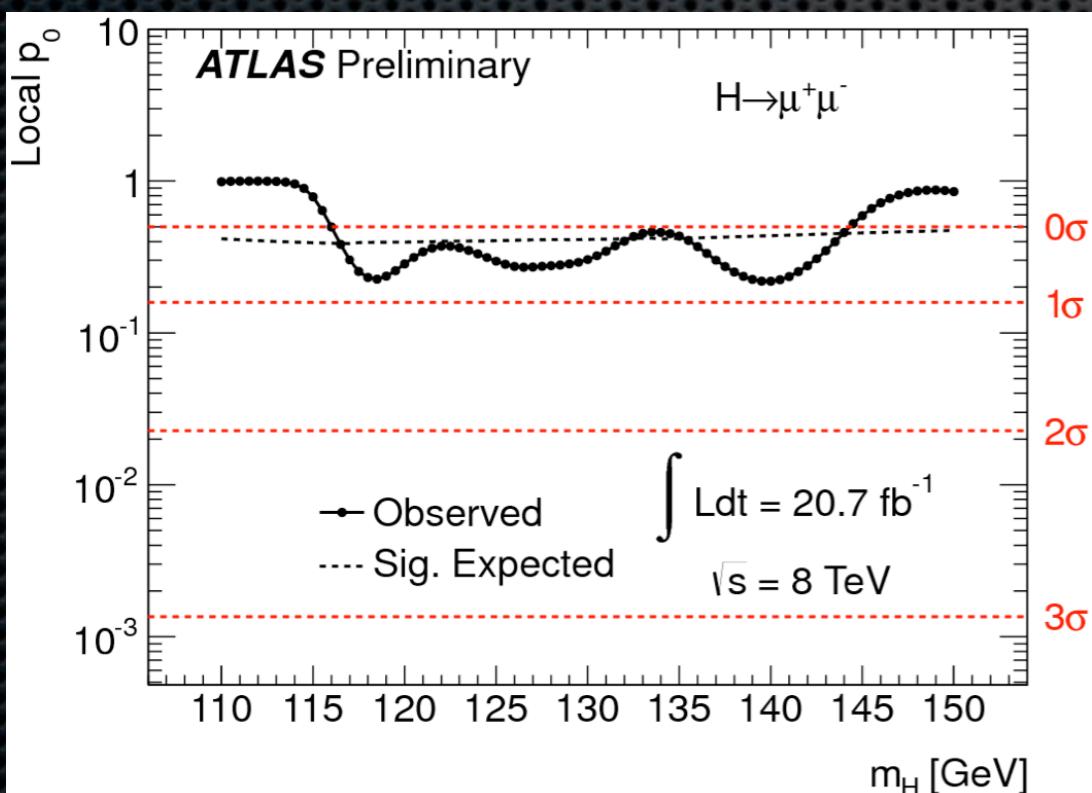
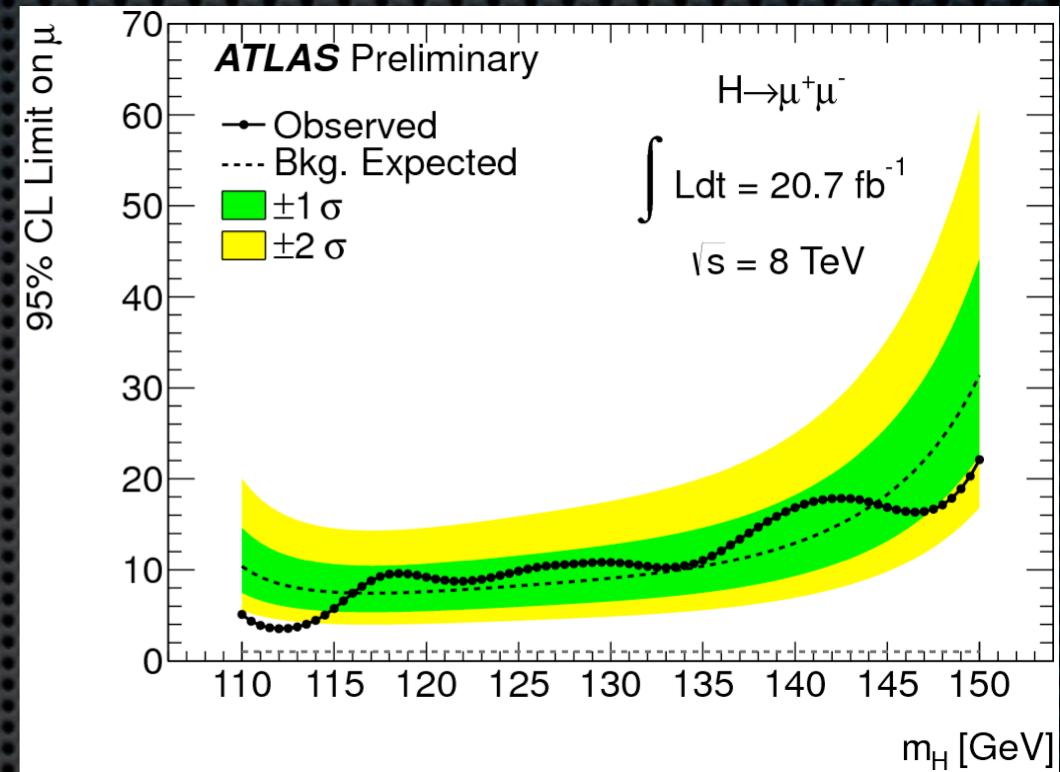
$$G(m_{\mu\mu}, \beta_i) = e^{Bm_{\mu\mu}}$$



$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$: Results



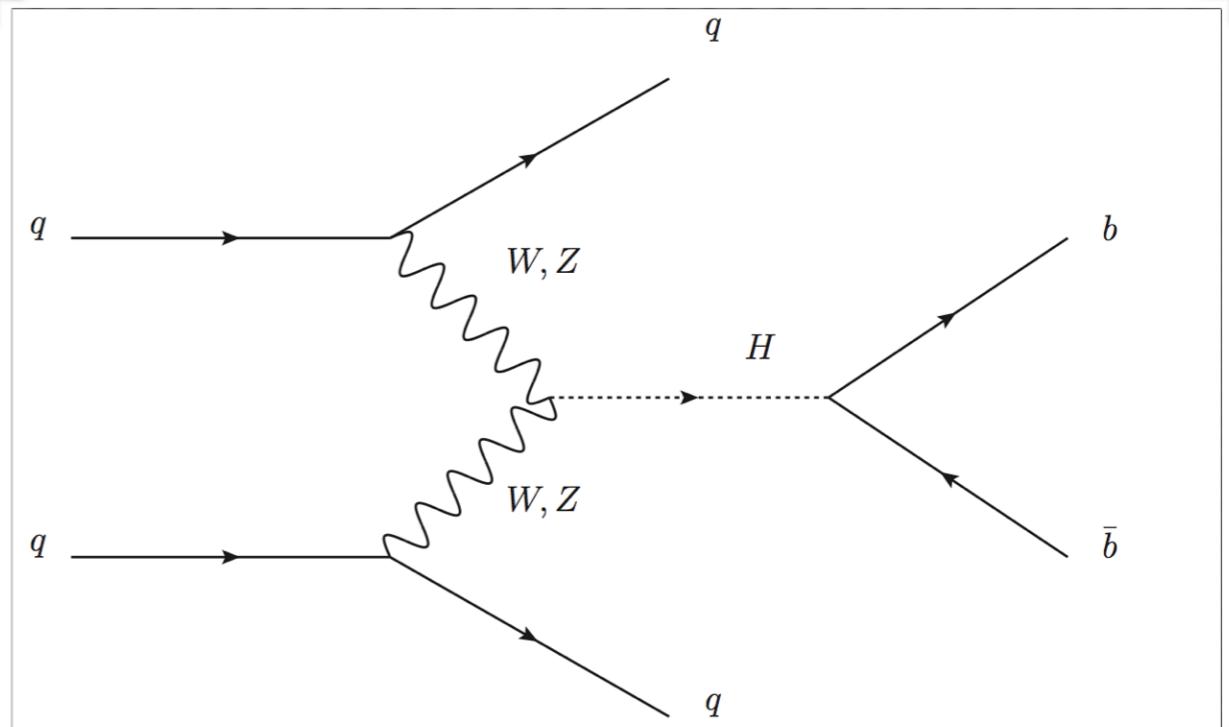
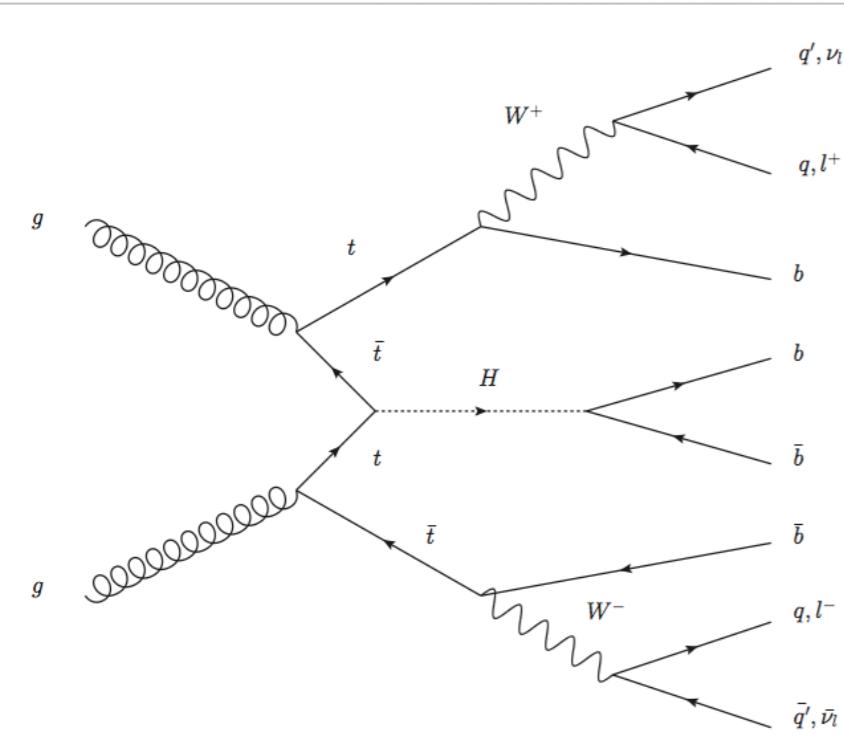
- Exclusion limits:
Given the absence of signal, 95% CL upper limits on the Higgs boson production are determined using a modified frequentist CL method
- 95% CL limit on σ/σ_{SM} for $m_H = 125$ GeV:
 - 9.8 measured, 8.2 expected**
 - No deviation for the 2σ uncertainty band is observed**



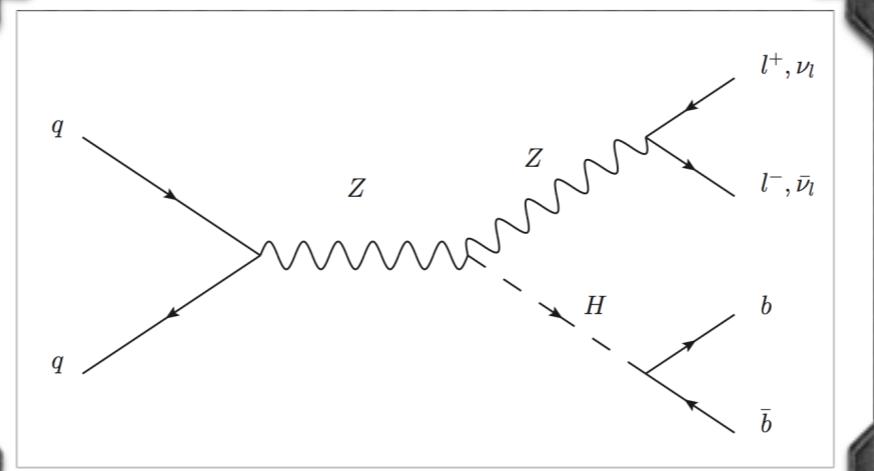
- Local p_0 value:
 - Local probability (p_0) that a background fluctuation is more signal-like than the observed data
 - Evaluates consistency of data in the signal region with the background model

H → bb

tth



VH



$t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow bb$

- **CMS**, not full **2012** dataset:
 - Semileptonic and di-leptonic events
 - Categories: n jets and n b jets
 - 4j2b - 6j4b

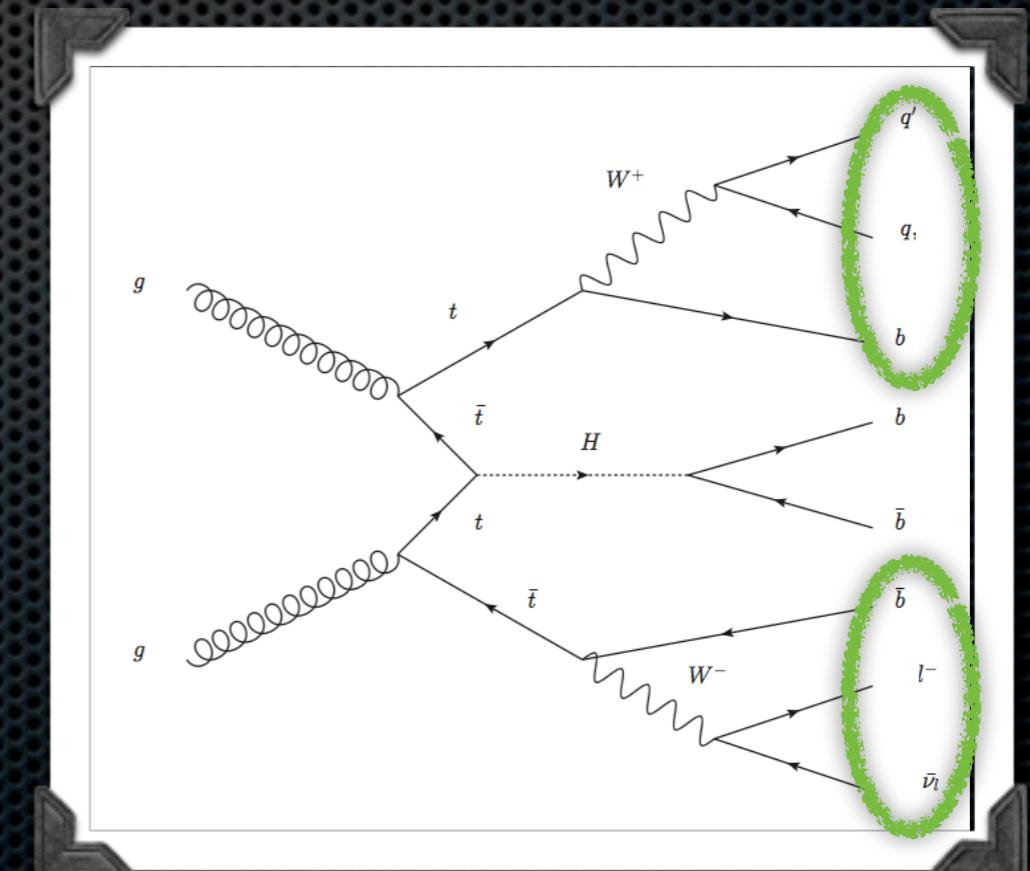
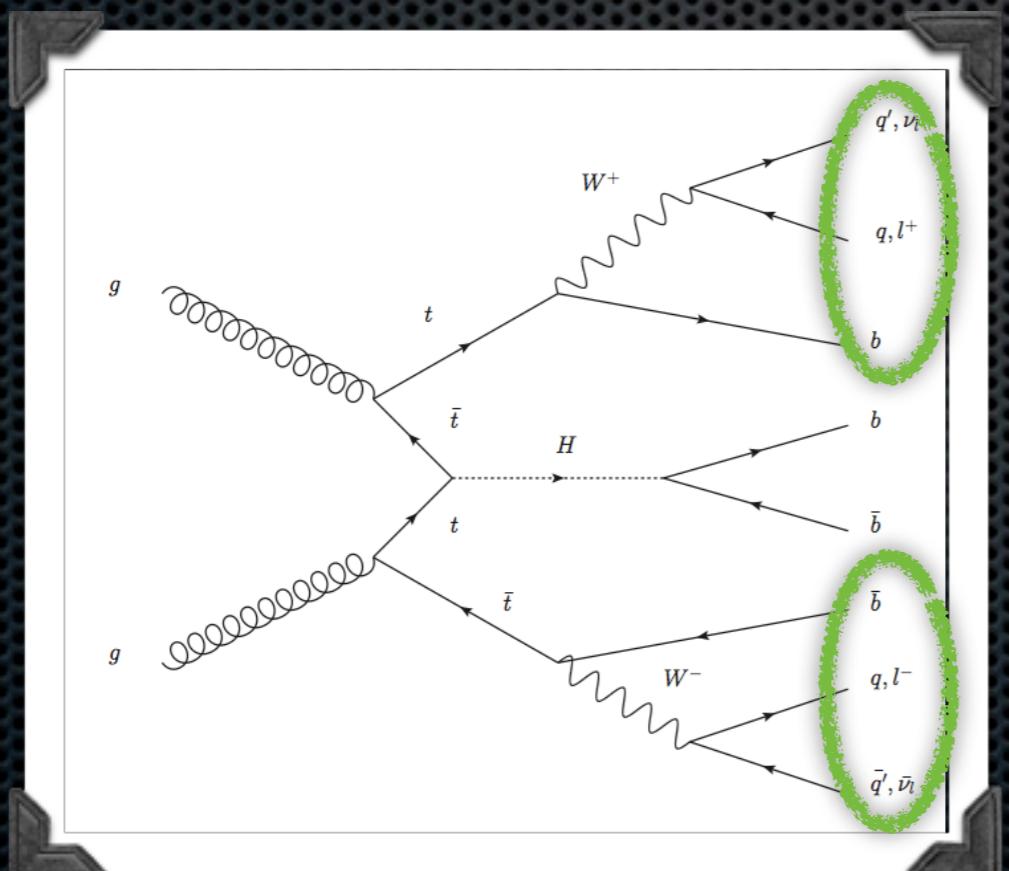
- **ATLAS**, only 2011 dataset:

- Semi-leptonic decay
 - ≥ 3 b-jets
 - ≥ 6 jets

- 1 e or 1 mu
- MET
- 4 b-jets
- 2 light jets

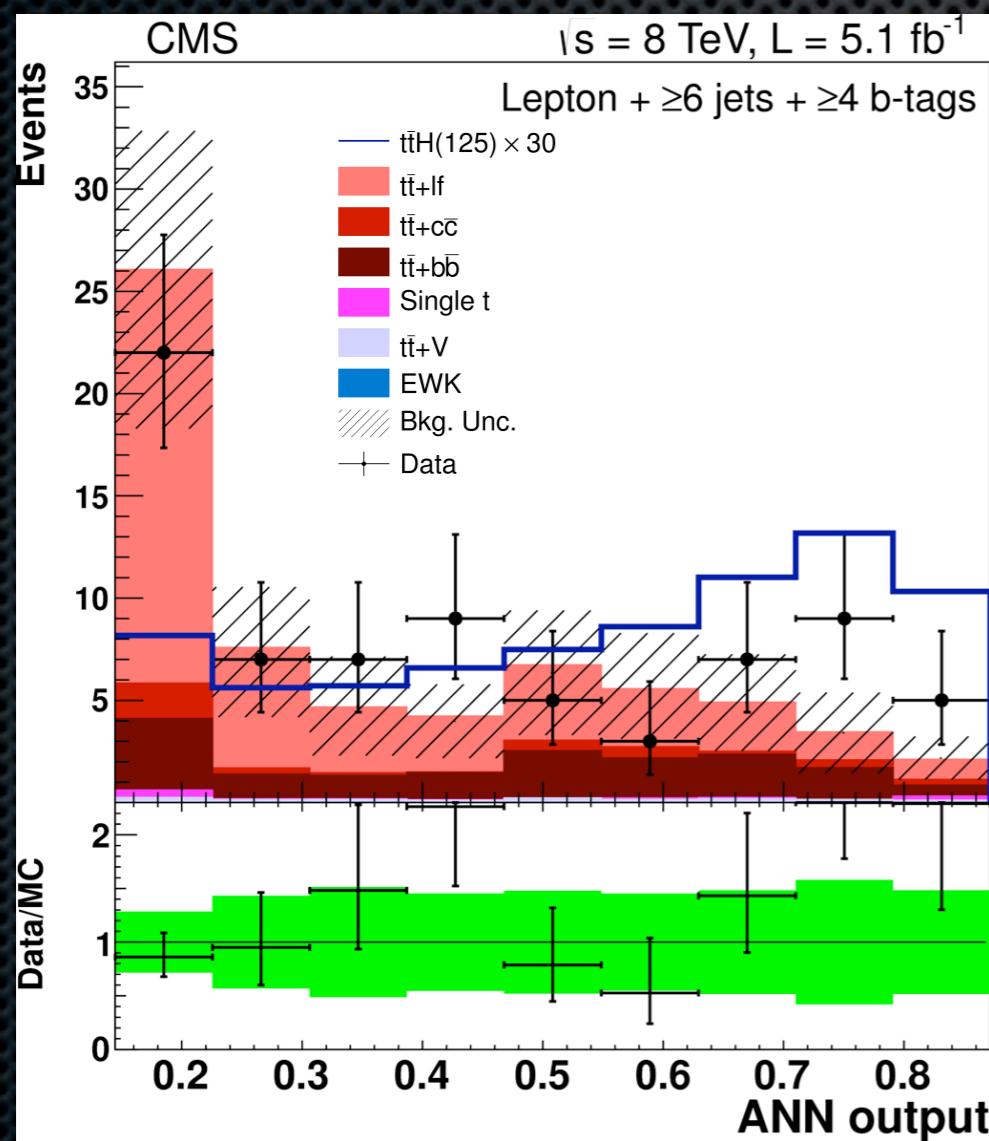
Kinematical Likelihood fitter

- 2 W Bosons
- 2 top-quarks
- 1 Higgs boson

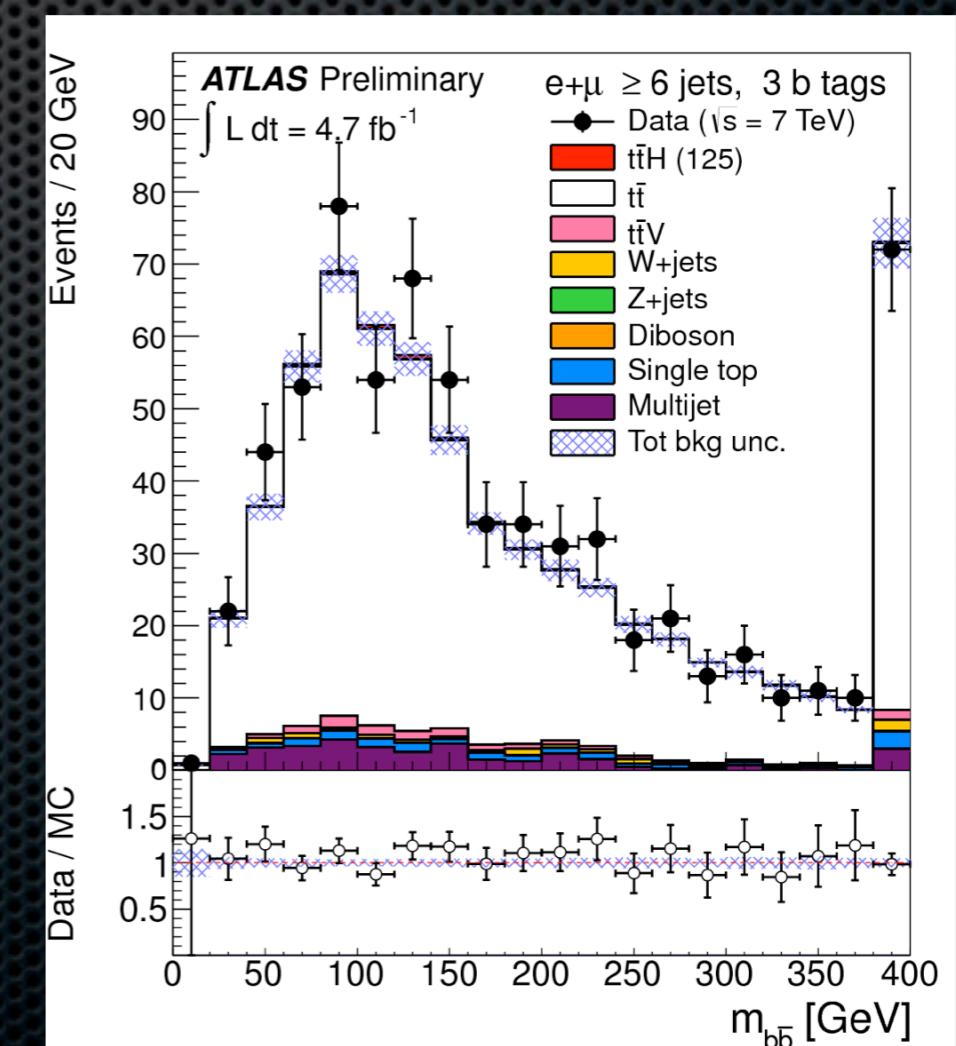


$t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow bb$

- **CMS**, not full **2012** dataset:
 - Semileptonic and di-leptonic events
 - Categories: n jets and n b jets
 - 4j2b - 6j4b
 - Use Artificial Neural Network to discriminate



- **ATLAS**, only 2011 dataset:
 - No constraint on m_{bb} , used as discriminant!
 - Main background $t\bar{t}$ production
 - Uncertainties:
 - b and c tagging
 - Distributions fitted to data

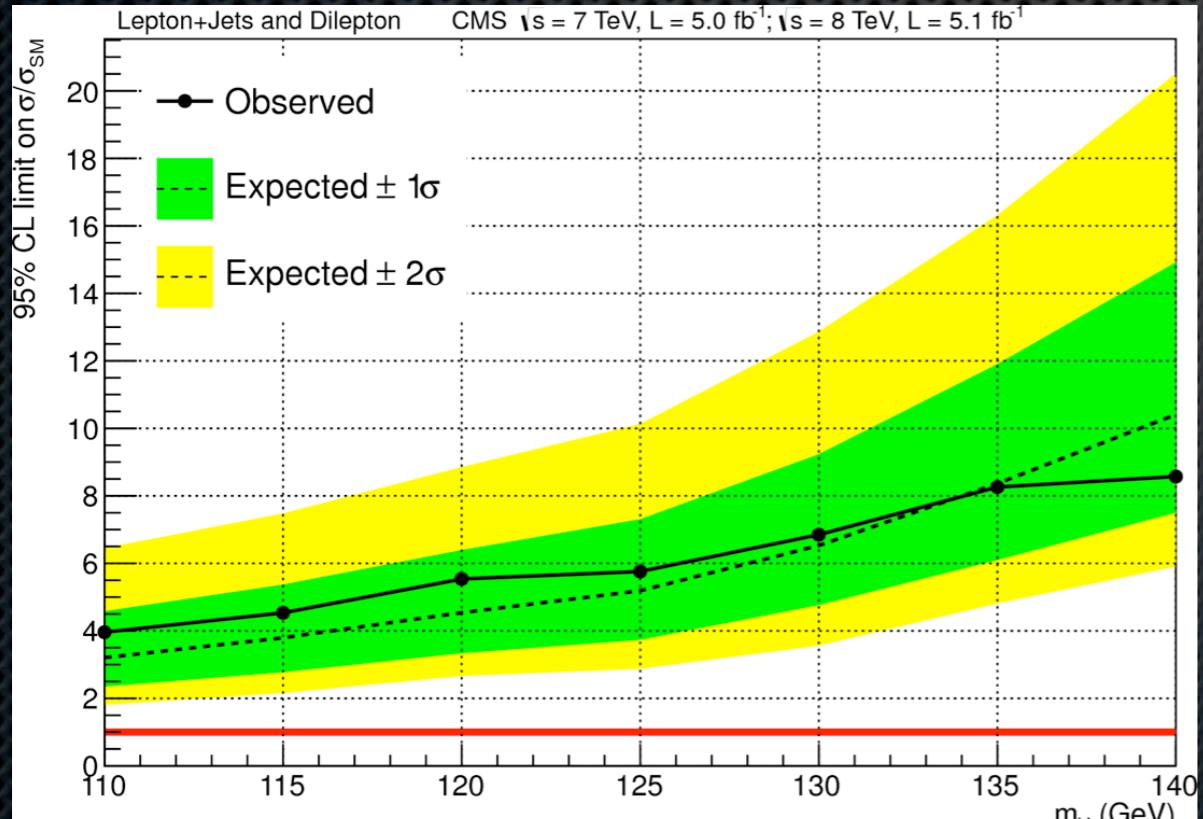


$t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

No Deviations from prediction
More data will be need

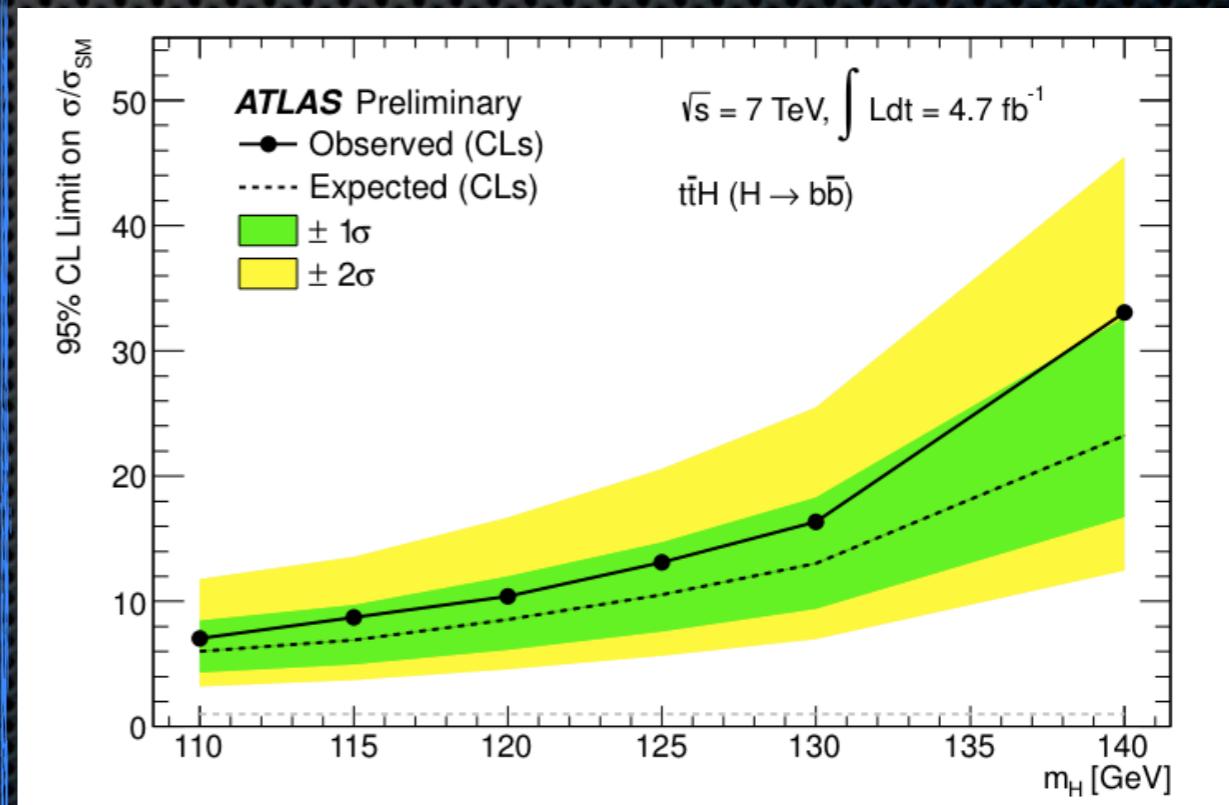
- **CMS:**

- 95% CL on σ/σ_{SM} for $m_H = 125$ GeV:
5.8 measured, 5.2 expected



- **ATLAS:**

- 95% CL on σ/σ_{SM} for $m_H = 125$ GeV:
13.1 measured, 10.5 expected

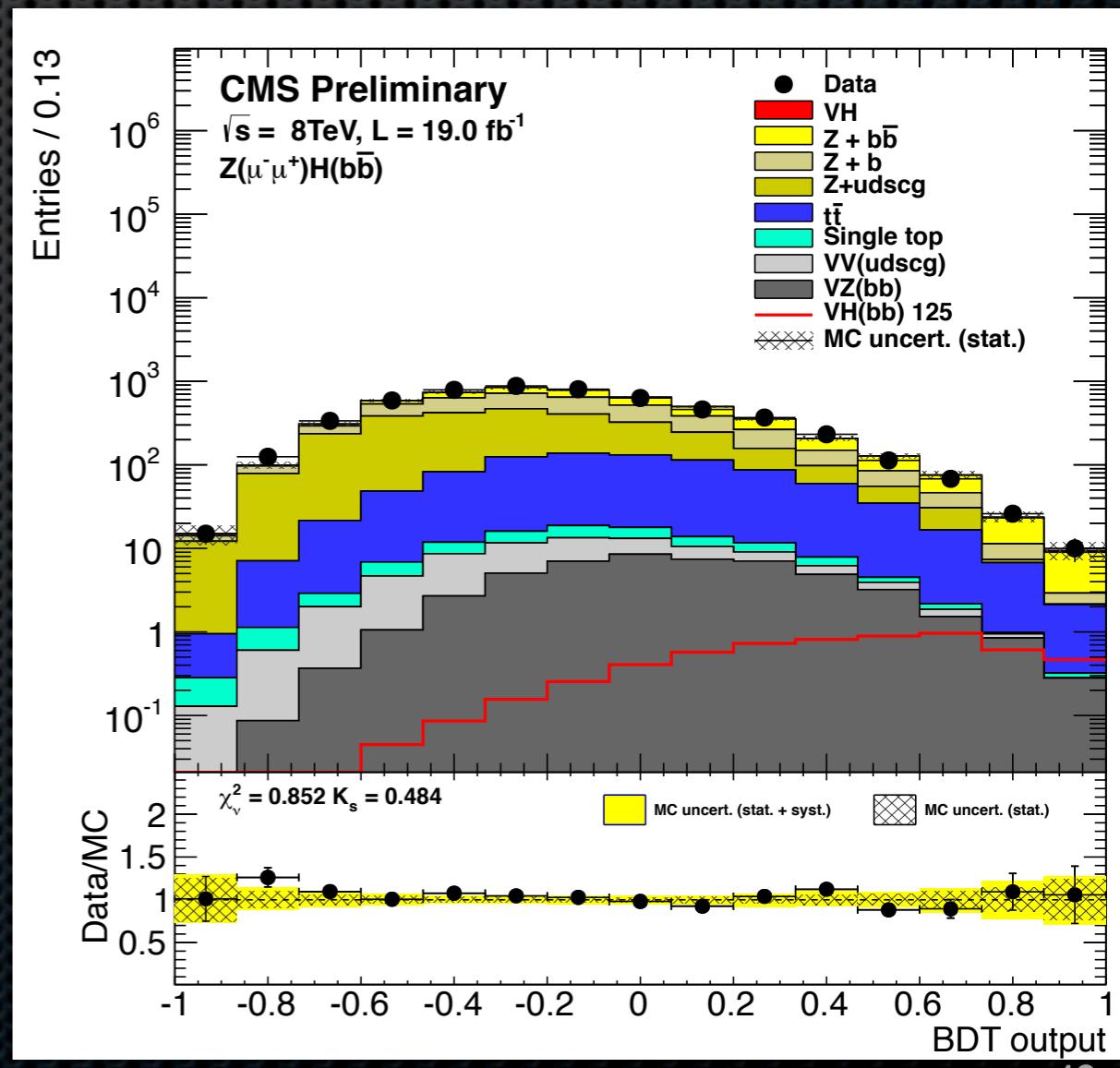
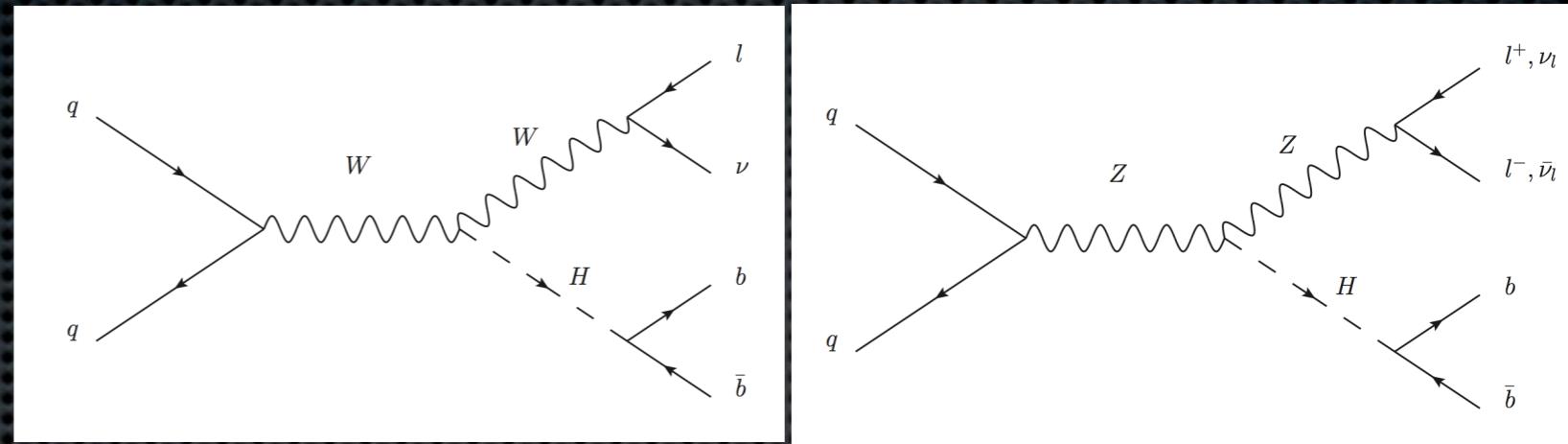


$H \rightarrow bb, VH$



CMS:

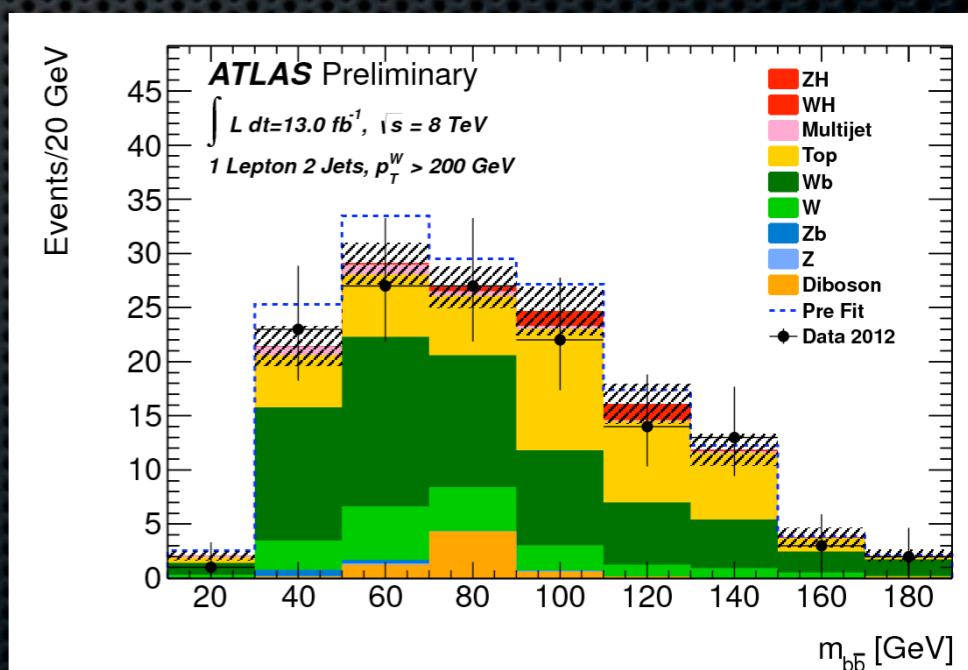
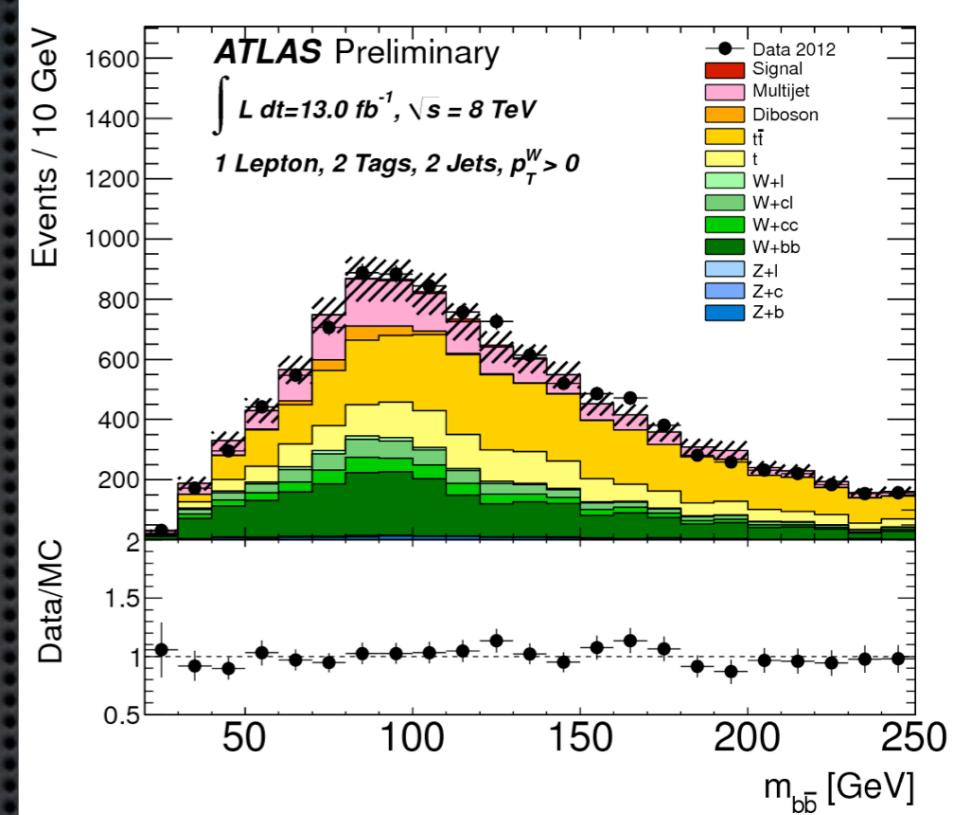
- Dijet selection in boosted regime
- 6 Modes:
 - $W \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$
 - $W \rightarrow \tau\nu$
 - $Z \rightarrow ee, \mu\mu$
 - $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$
- Final states:
 - Leptons, taus
 - E_T^{miss}
 - b-tag jets
- Backgrounds normalization:
 - W/Z + jets, tt from data
 - Diboson, single top from MC
- **BDT** regression to improve m_{bb} reconstruction
- **BDT** to discriminate signal over background (14 categories)
- **Binned in vector boson pT**



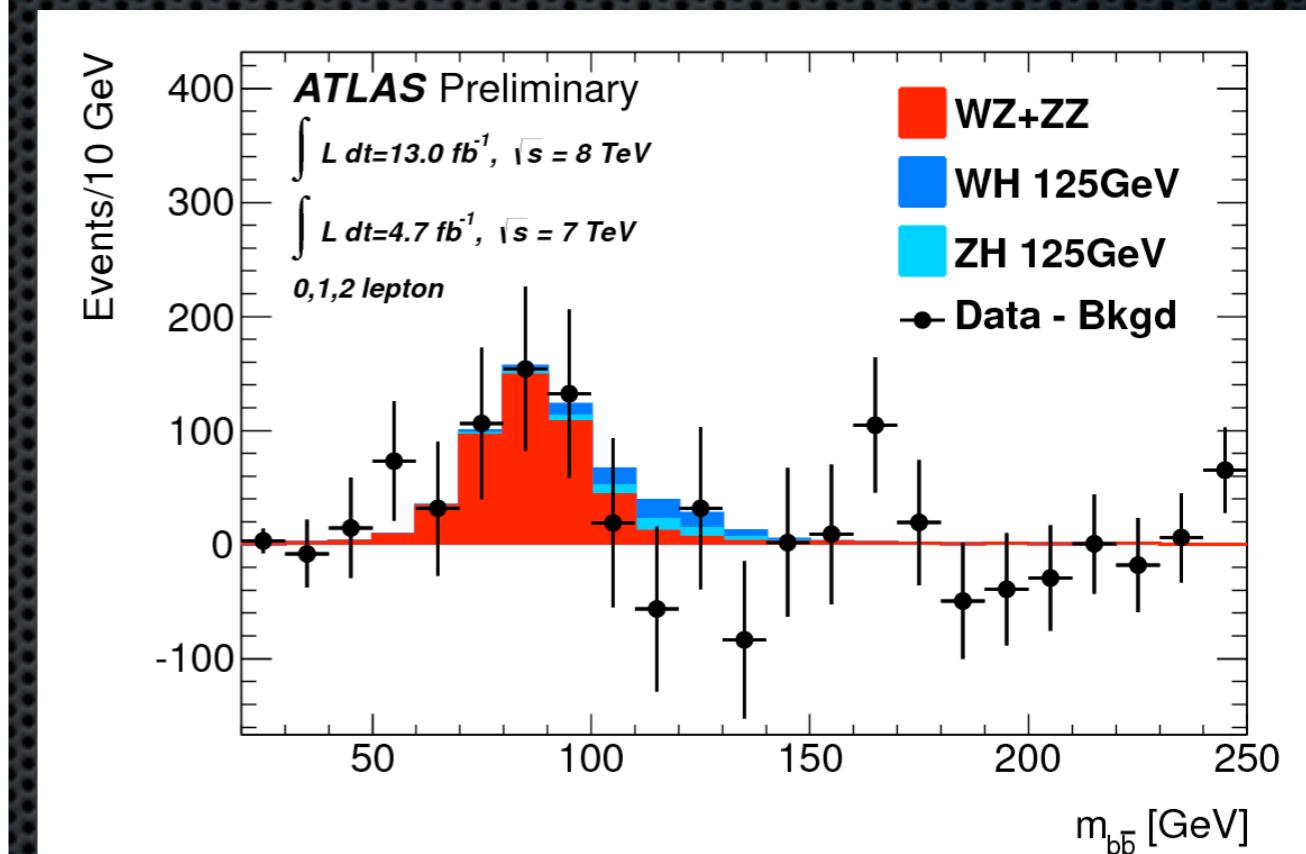
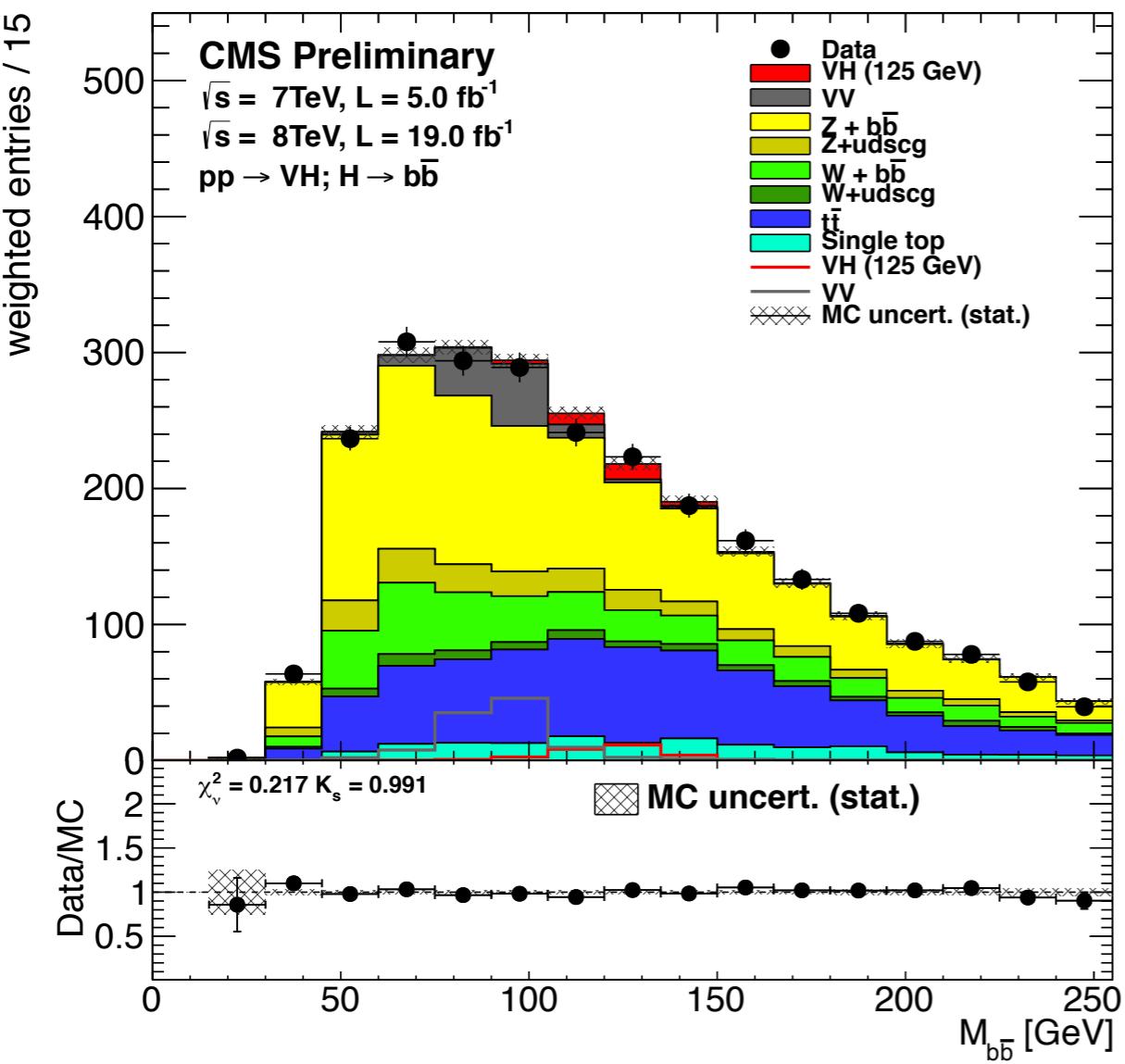
$H \rightarrow bb, VH$

- **ATLAS:**

- 2 or 3 jets, and 2 b-tag jets
- To improve sensitivity, analysis performed in bins of vector boson p_T (p_T II/lnu) or E_T^{miss} : 16 bins.
- m_{bb} used as discriminating variable
- 0 leptons: $ZH \rightarrow vvbb$.
 $E_T^{miss} > 120$ GeV
- 1 lepton: $WH \rightarrow lvbb$.
One high p_T lepton
 $E_T^{miss} > 25$ GeV
 $40 < m_t(lv) < 120$ GeV
- 2 leptons: $ZH \rightarrow ll bb$
2 OS high p_T leptons
 $E_T^{miss} < 60$ GeV
 $83 < m_{ll} < 99$ GeV
- Backgrounds:
 - Shapes from simulation, normalized using data
 - Multijet BKG, from data-driven techniques
 - Diboson shape and norm. from MC



$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}, VH$

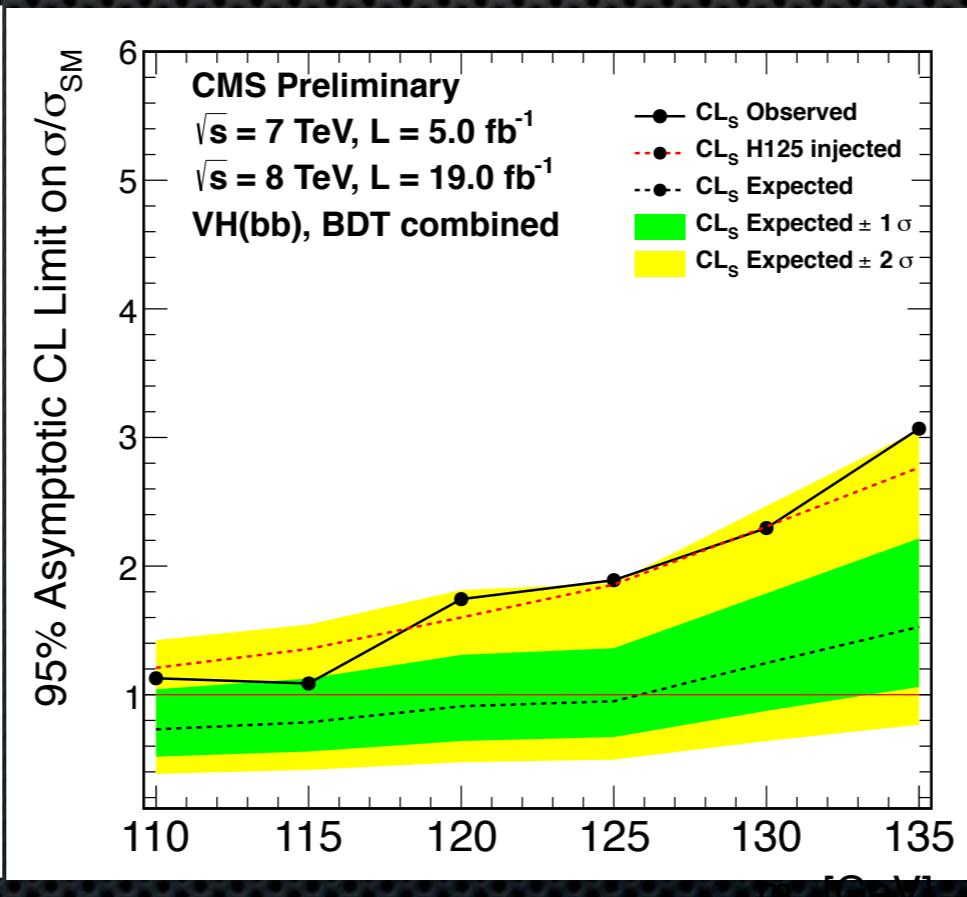
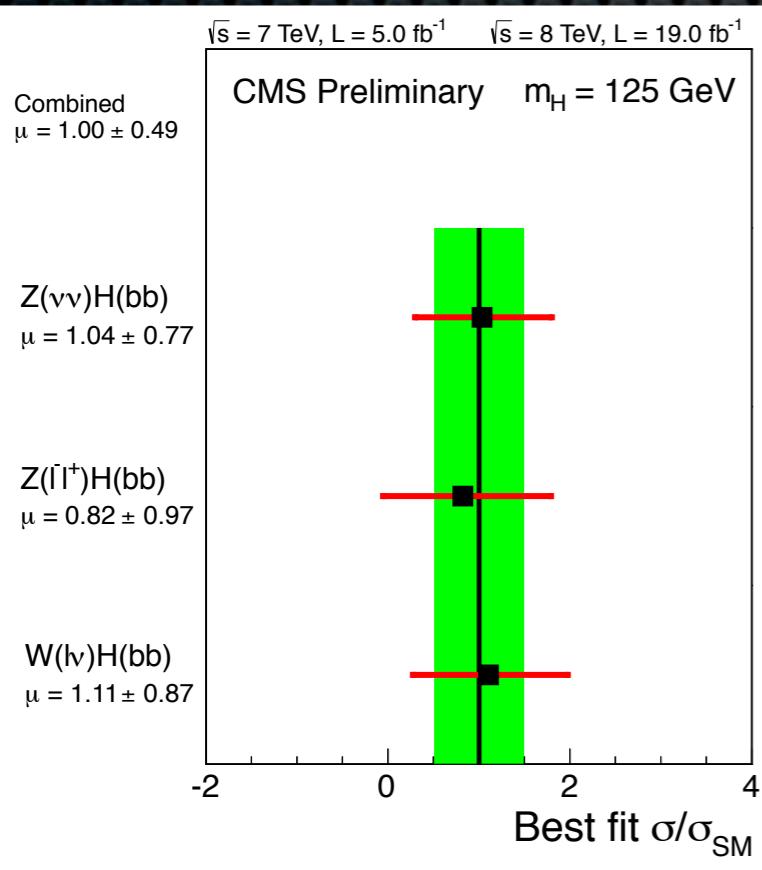


- Combined mass plots
Weighted by $s/(s+b)$ for each category

- All backgrounds (no dibosons) extracted
- Observation of VZ (CMS and ATLAS)
 - 5 times VH cross-section
 - Validate the analysis!

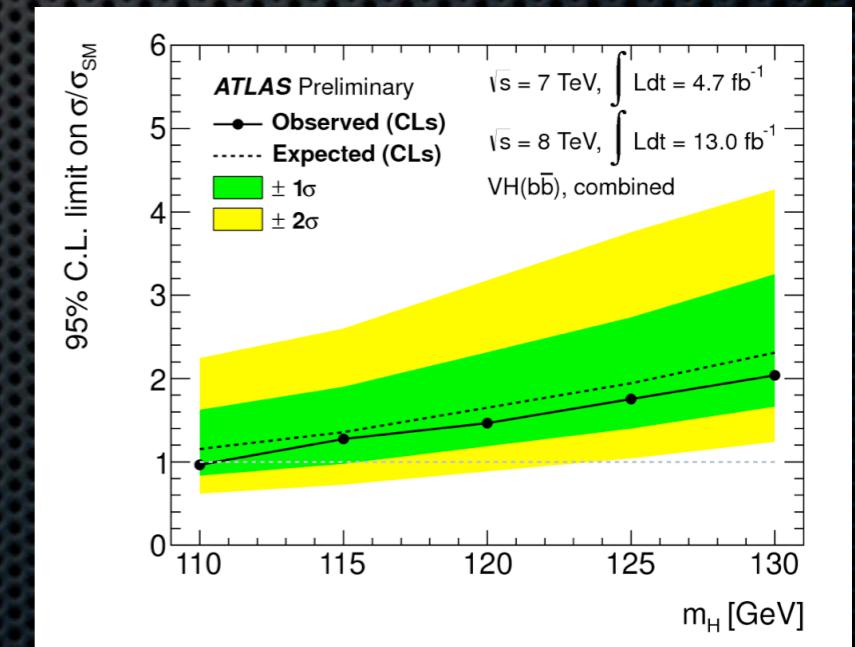
- **CMS:**

- Significance for $m_H = 125$ GeV:
2.1 σ measured, 2.1 σ expected
- Best fit: $\mu = 1.0 \pm 0.5$ @ 125 GeV



- **ATLAS:**

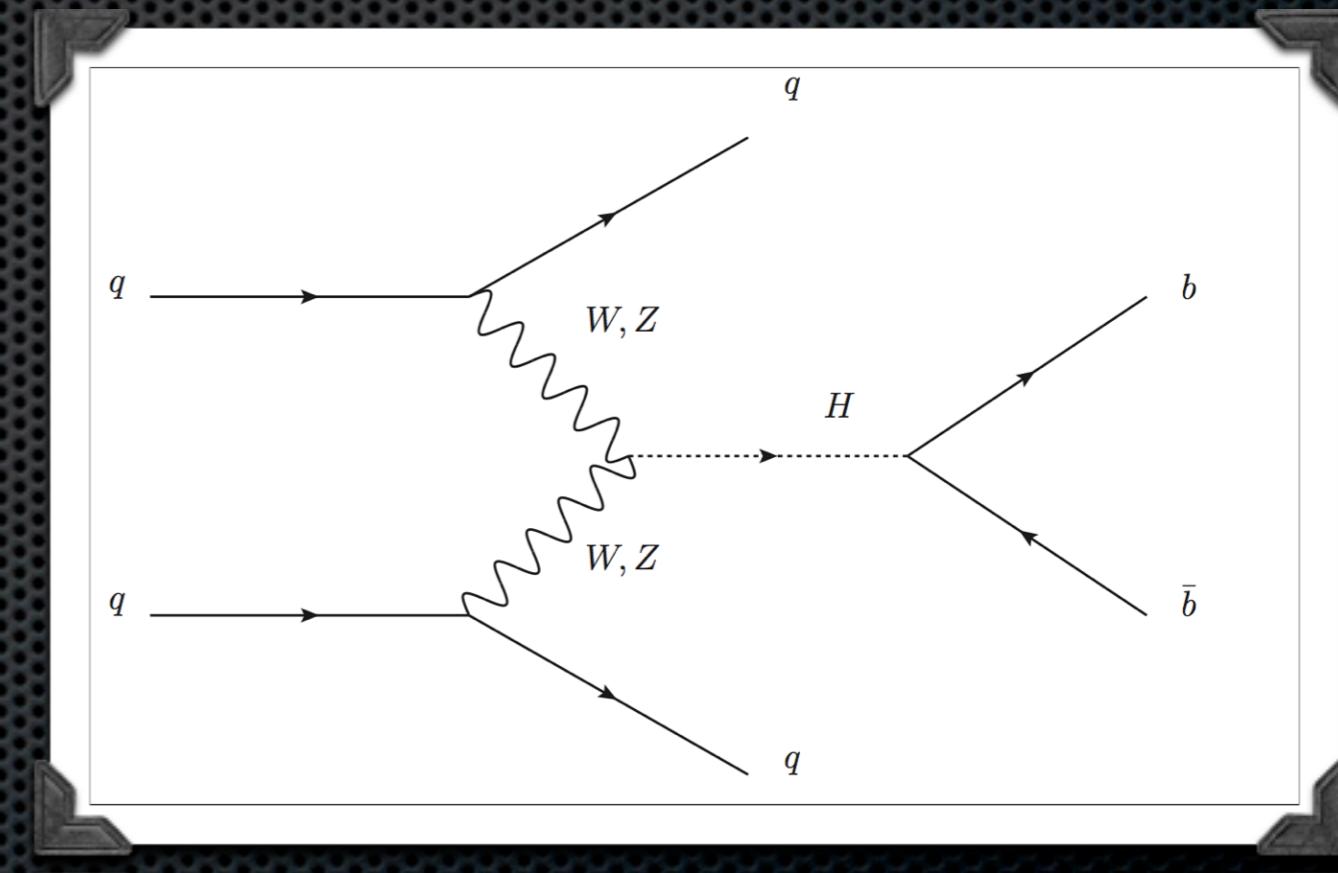
- No Deviations from SM
- Exclusion limit, $m_H=125$ GeV
 - Observed = 1.8
 - Expected = 1.9



H \rightarrow bb, VBF

- ❖ **Released 16 May 2013**

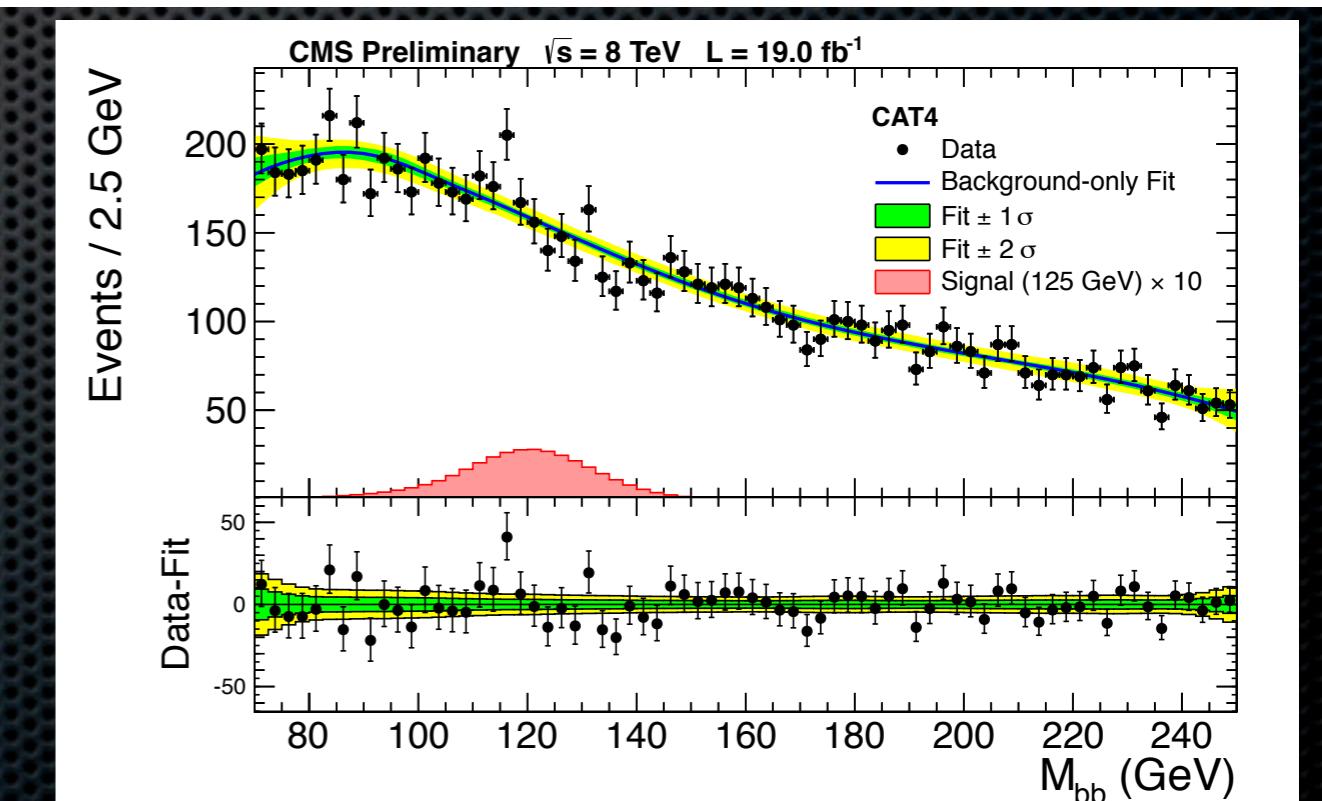
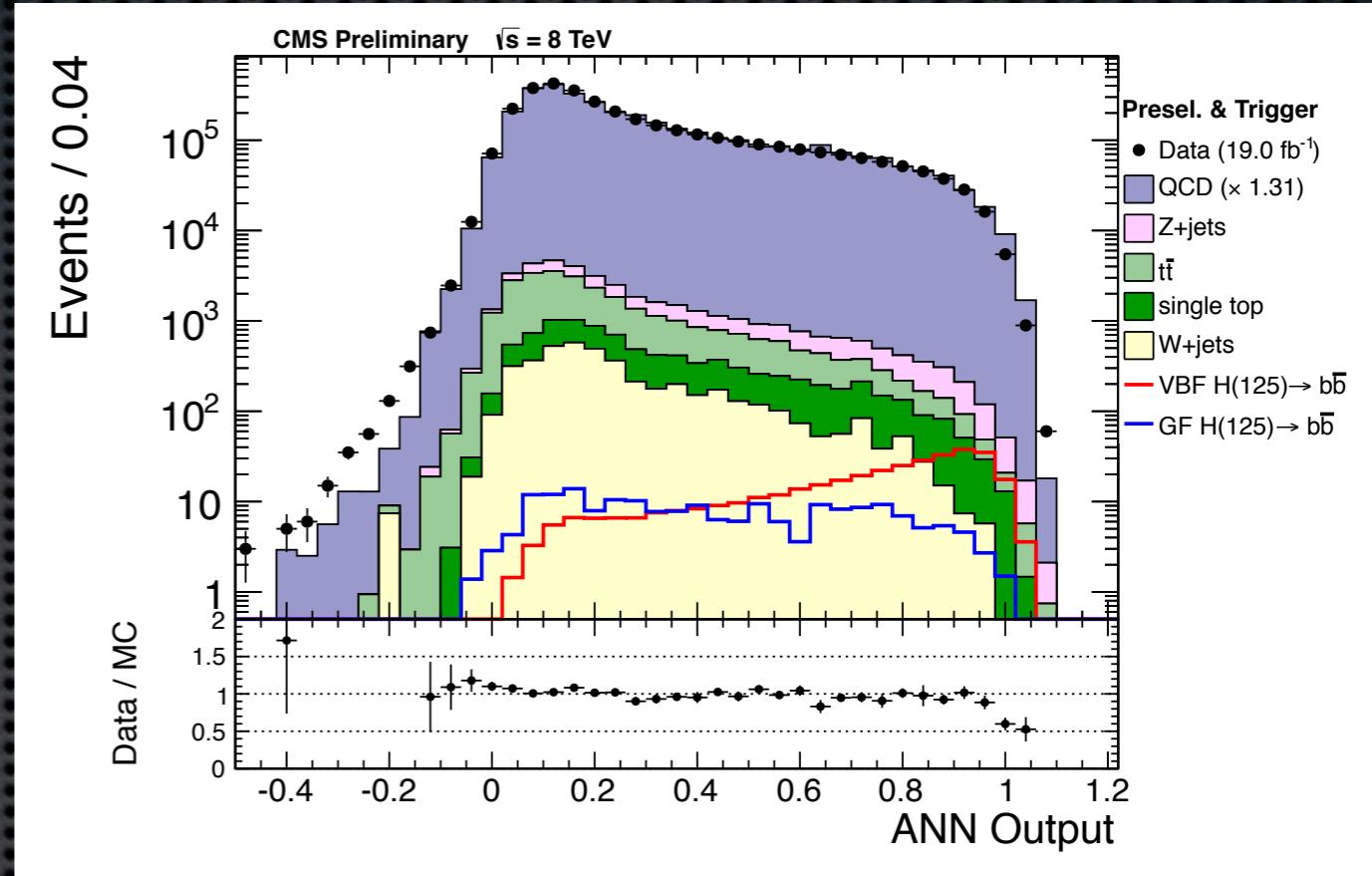
- ❖ Full hadronic state:
 - ❖ QCD dominated (4jets)
 - ❖ b-tagging, VBF selection
- ❖ Mass of b-jets to extract signal:
 - ❖ Resolution improvement with regression
 - ❖ Jets up to $| \eta | < 4.7$
 - ❖ Categories using Neural Network:
 - ❖ 4 categories
 - ❖ Parametric fit
 - ❖ 5th degree polynomial



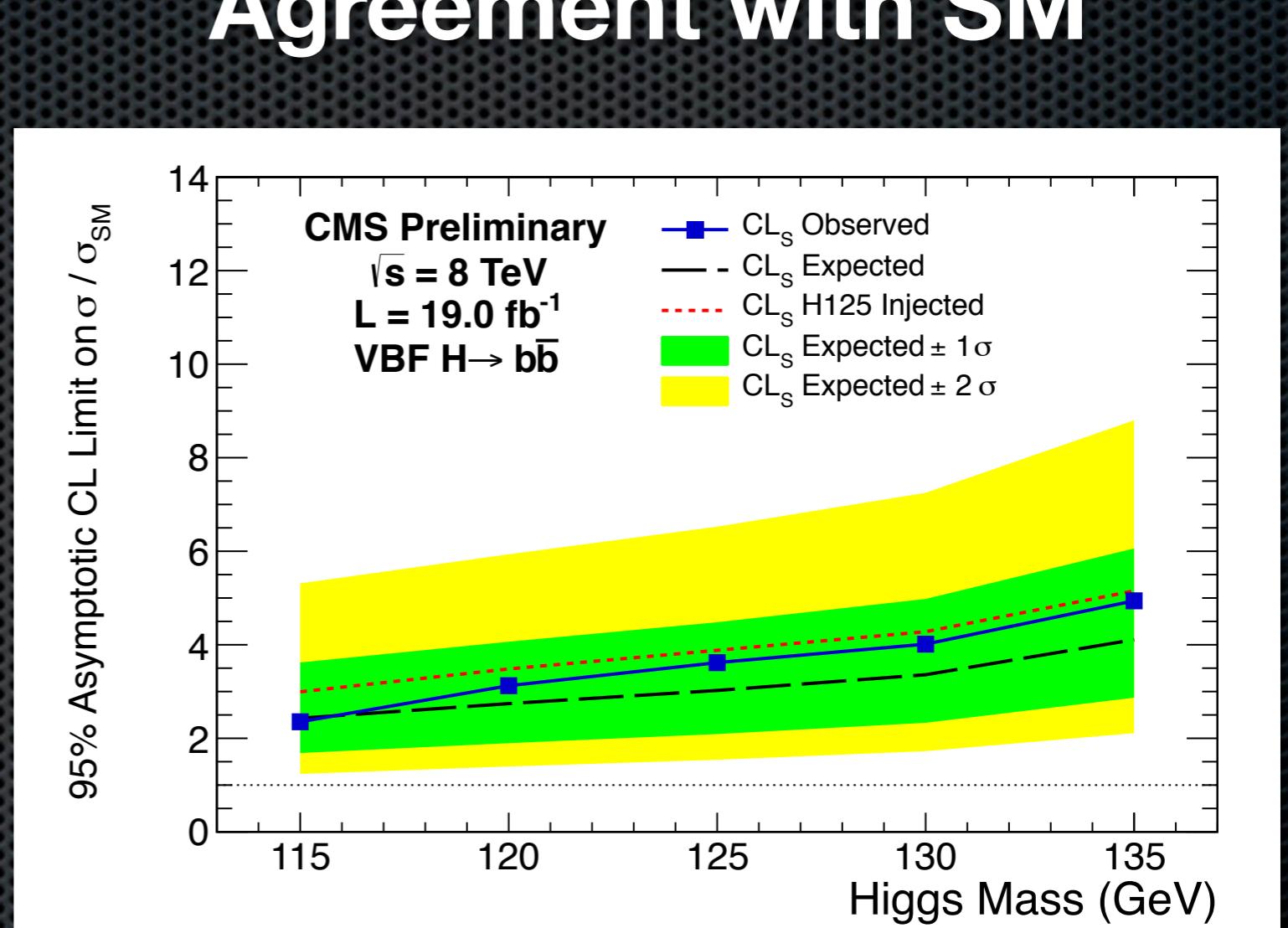
$H \rightarrow bb, VBF$

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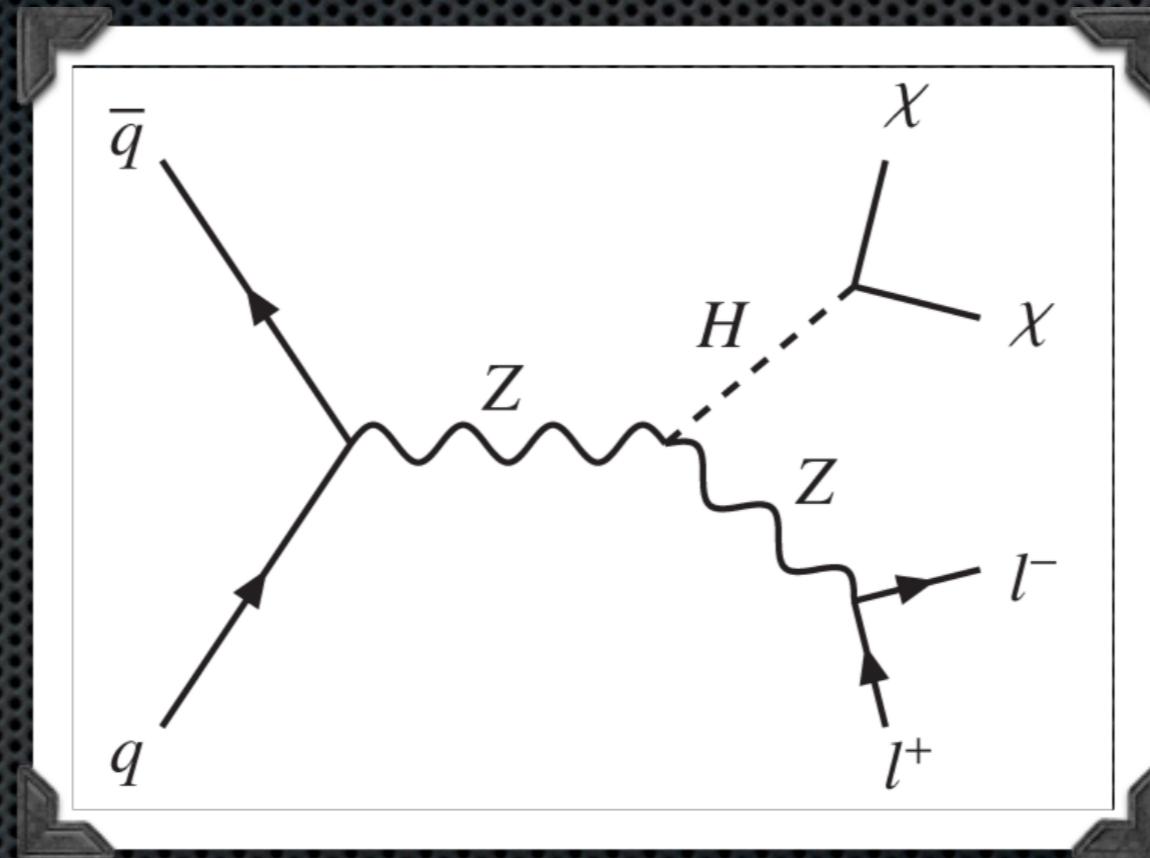
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 - 4 categories
 - Parametric fit
 - 5th degree polynomial



- ❖ Limit:
 - ❖ Observed 3.6xSM
 - ❖ Expected 3.0xSM
- ❖ Significance:
 - ❖ Observed 0.5 σ
 - ❖ Expected 0.7 σ
- ❖ Best Fit:
 - ❖ $\mu = 0.7 \pm 1.4$

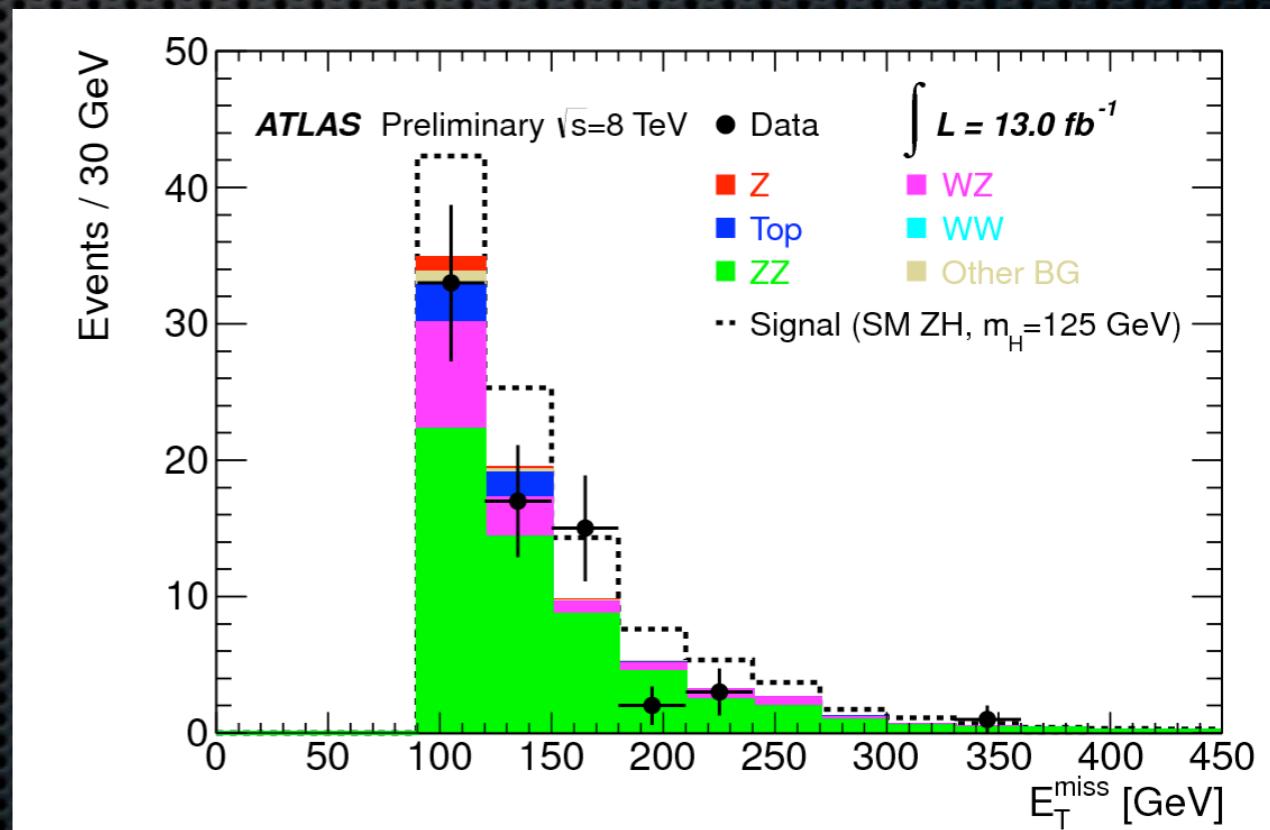
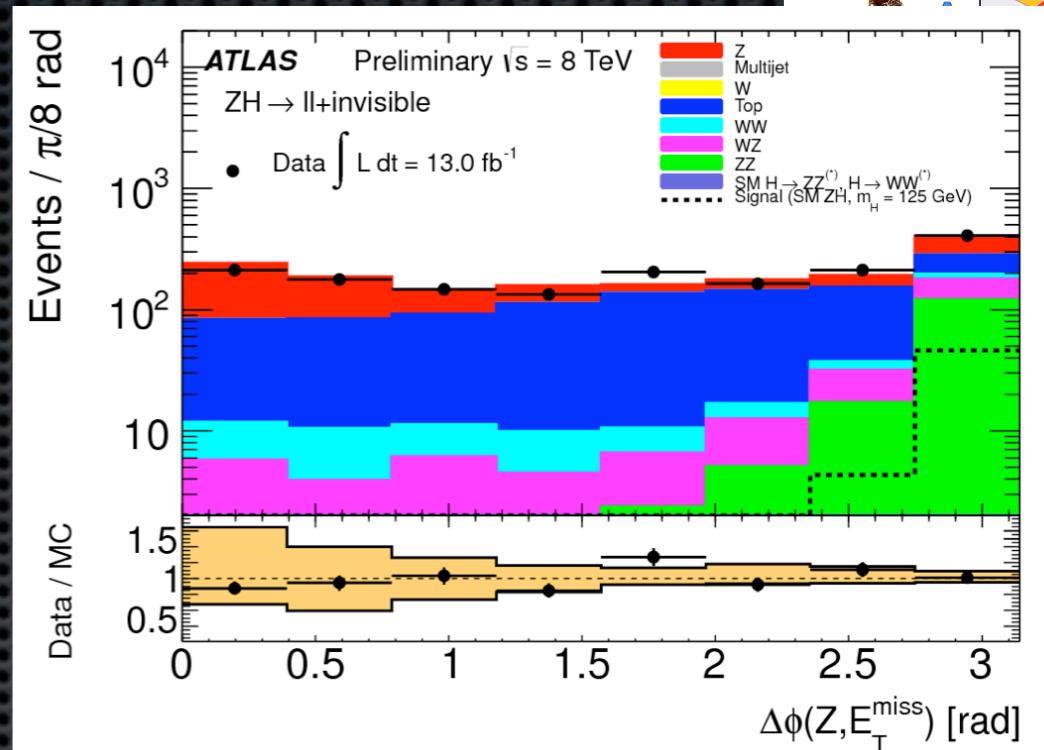


ZH, H → invisible



ZH, H → invisible

- **MODEL:**
Higgs decay predominantly to invisible particles
 - Lep excluded up to $m_H < 114.4$ GeV
- Diboson is the main background
 - ZZ (70%) irreducible
 - WZ (20%) One lepton escaping detection
 - WW (5%)
- Signature:
 - $Z \rightarrow ee, Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$
 - Large $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 90$ GeV
 - ϕ angle between E_T^{miss} and $P_T^{\text{miss}} \sim 0$
 - ϕ angle between Z and $E_T^{\text{miss}} \sim \pi$

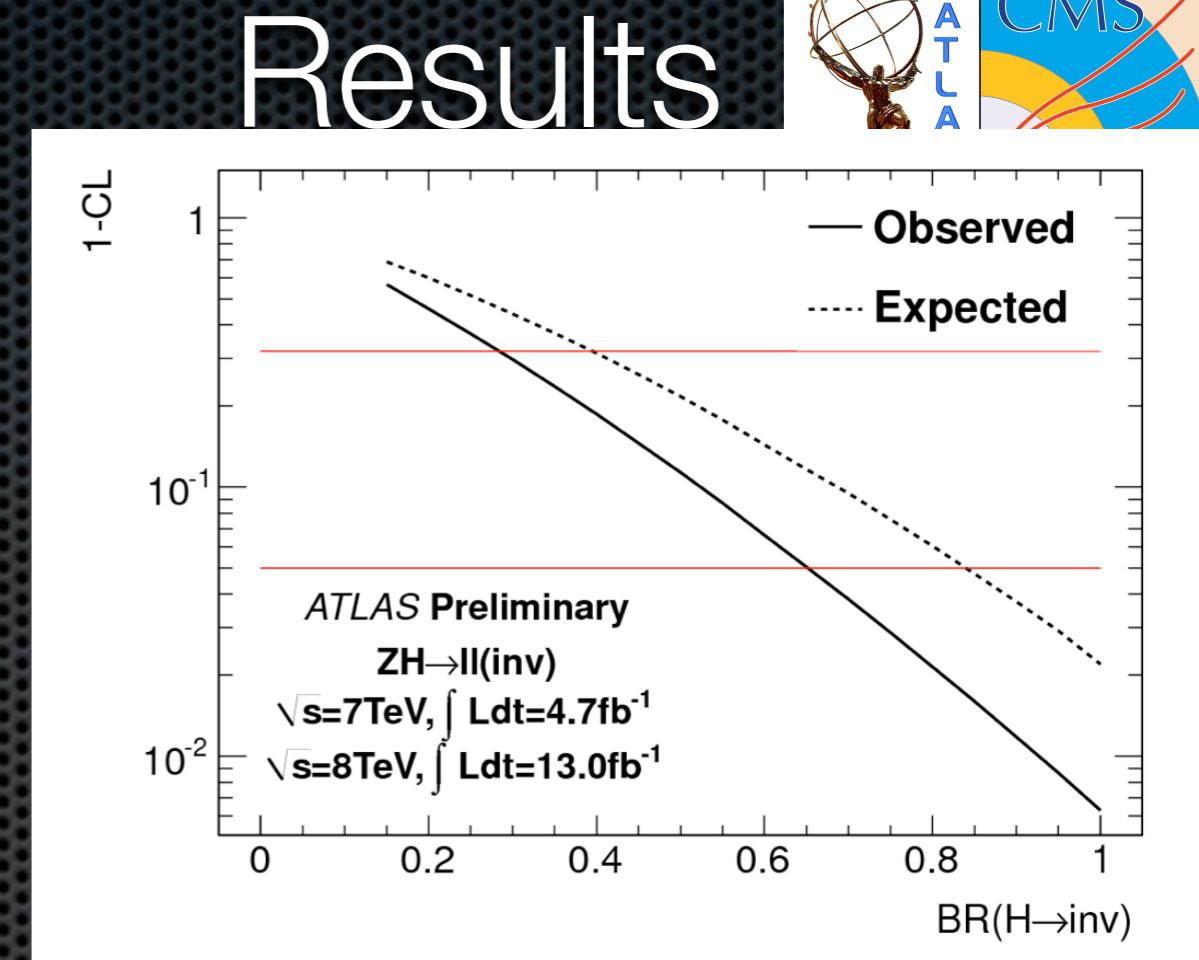
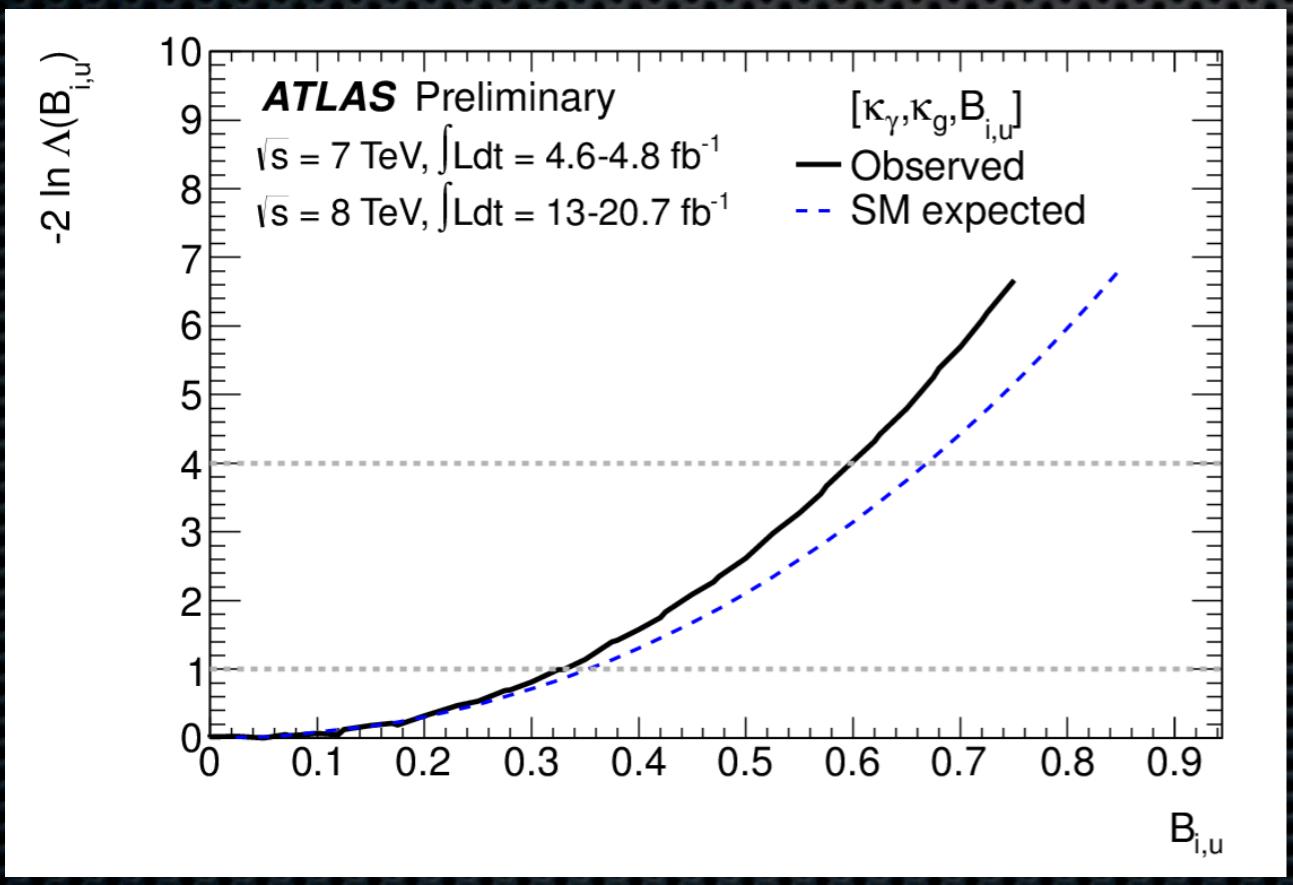


Signal model assumes 100% BR($H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$)

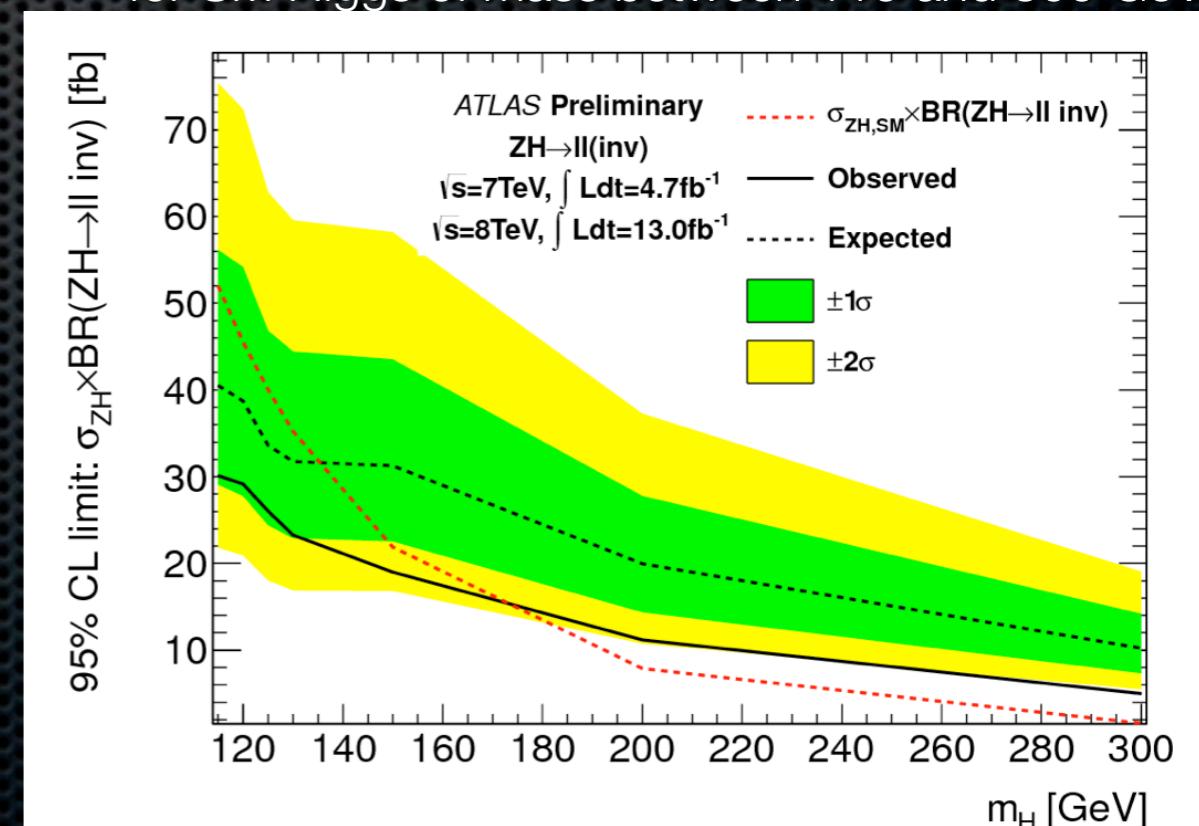
ZH, H → invisible

- Limit on BR ($H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$) for SM Higgs of mass 125 GeV:
 - Observed <65%, expected <84%

In agreement with the indirect limit from the ATLAS Higgs combination



- Limit on $\sigma(ZH) \times \text{BR} (H \rightarrow \text{invisible})$ for SM Higgs of mass between 115 and 300 GeV



Summary

Summary



		CMS			ATLAS		
		data	Observed	Expected	data	Observed	Expected
$H \rightarrow bb$	VH	2011 2012, 20 fb	1.8 (2.1 σ)	0.98 (2.1 σ)	2011 2012, 13fb *	1.8	1.9
	VBF	2011 2012, 20 fb	3.6	3.0	---	---	---
	ttH	2011 2012, 5.0 fb *	5.8	5.2	2011 *	13.1	10.5
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$		2011 2012, 20 fb	1.8 (2.9 σ)	0.98 (2.5 σ)	2011 2012, 13fb *	1.9	1.2
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$		---	---	---	2012. 20.7fb	9.8	8.2
Combination	VH $\rightarrow Vbb$ $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$		3.4 σ	3.4 σ	---	---	---

***) Will be updated soon with full 2012 dataset**

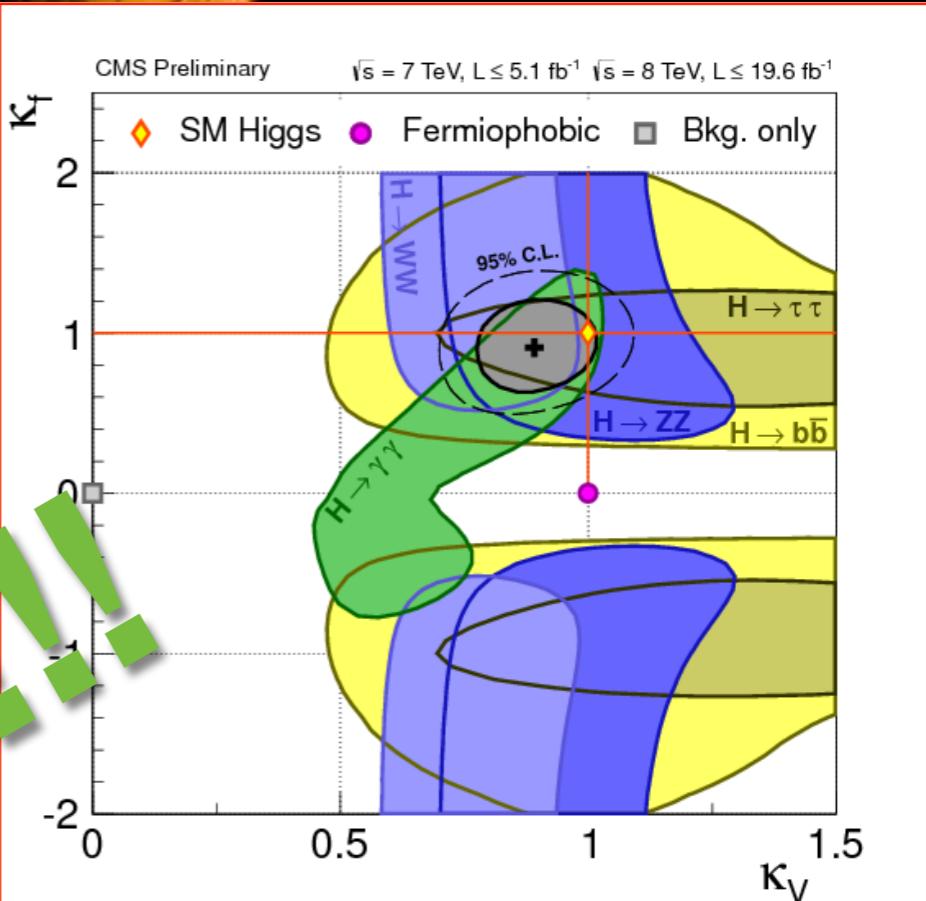
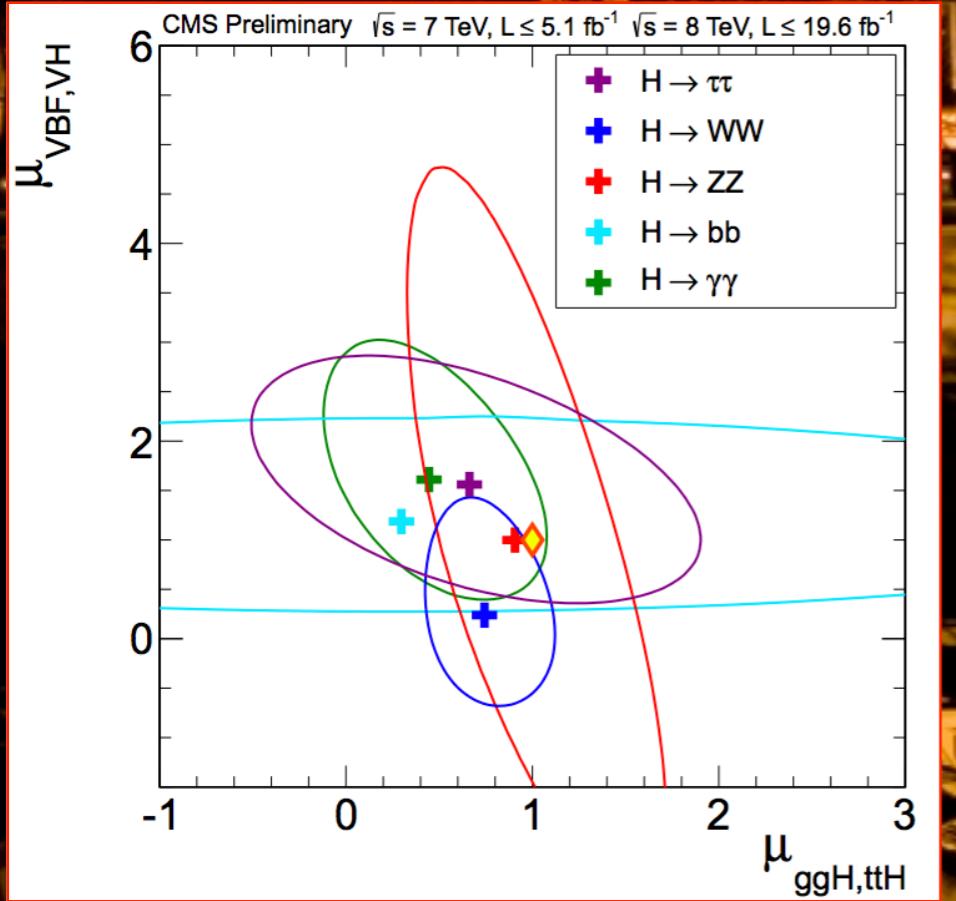
Summary



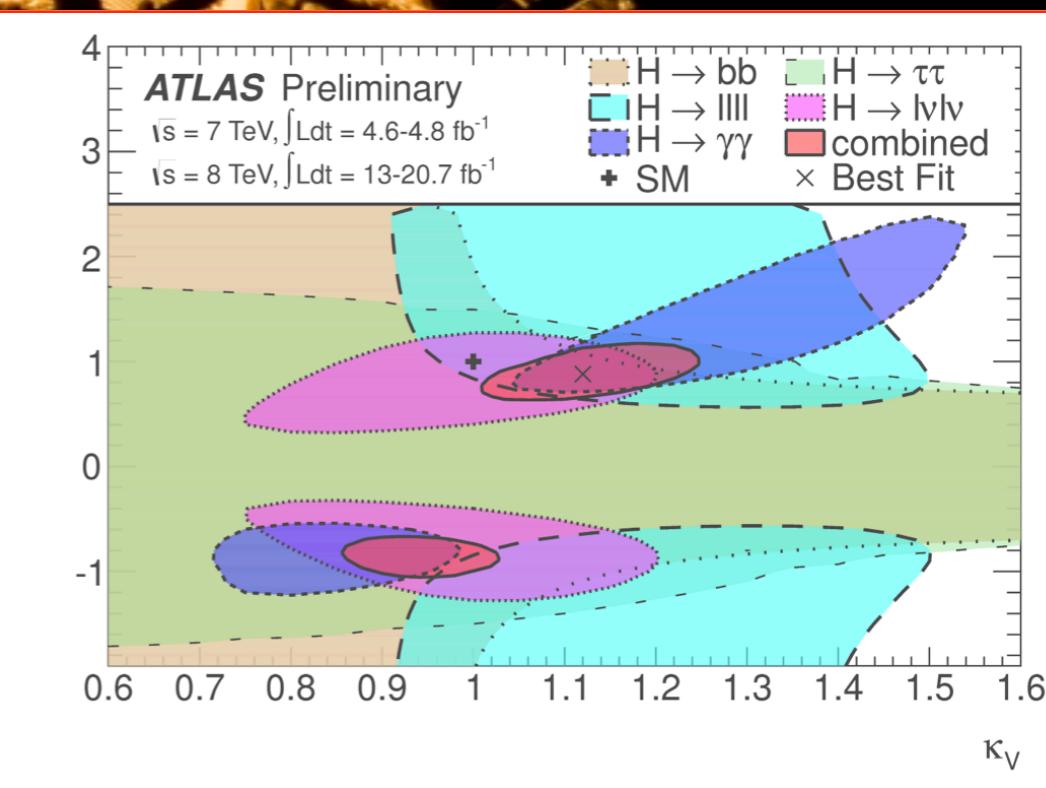
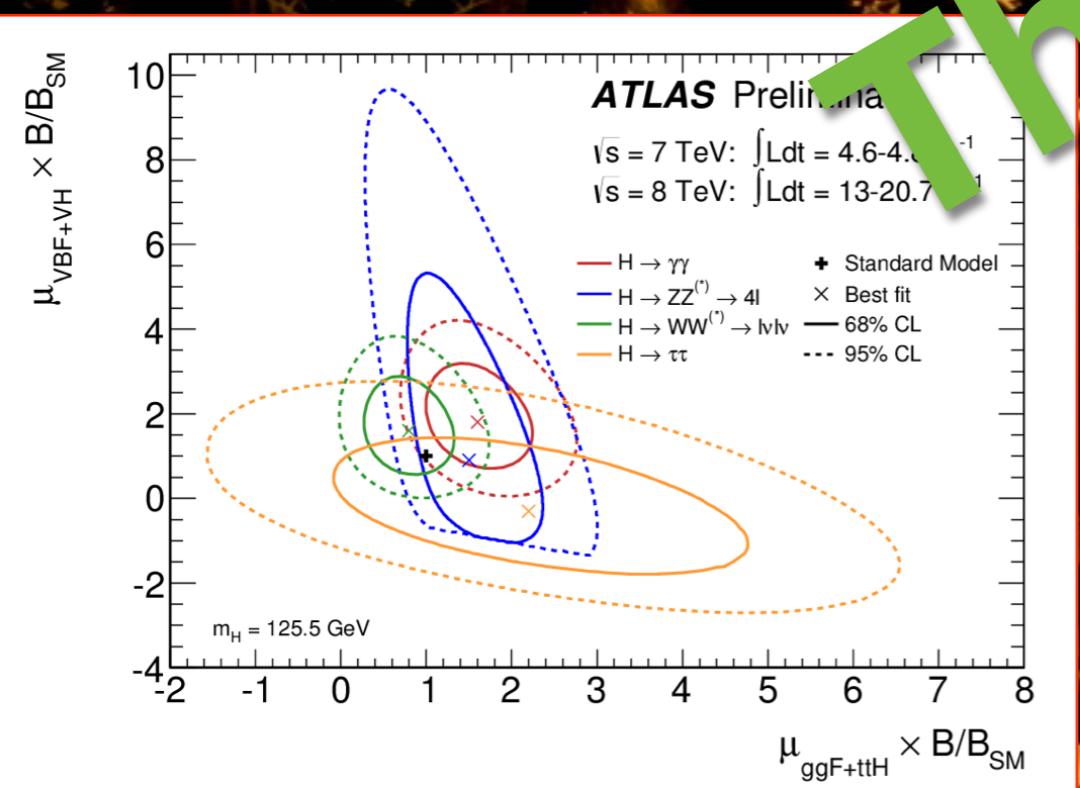
	CMS			ATLAS		
	data	Observed	Expected	data	Observed	Expected
VH	2011 2012, 20 fb	1.8 (2.1 σ)	0.98 (2.1 σ)	2011 2012, 13fb *	1.8	1.9
H						
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Several searches performed in LHC for SM Higgs decaying into fermions - Very challenging analyses: complex final states and large backgrounds - CMS sees evidence when combining VH ($H \rightarrow bb$) and $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ - ATLAS does not observe evidence, but not expected with current data analyzed - More data will be need to check each channel individually - So far, everything in fermionic channels looks like SM like - Sophisticated techniques under development and preparation for LHC run2 					
Combination	VH $\rightarrow Vbb$ $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	3.4 σ	3.4 σ	---	---	---

***) Will be updated soon with full 2012 dataset**

Summary



Thanks!!!



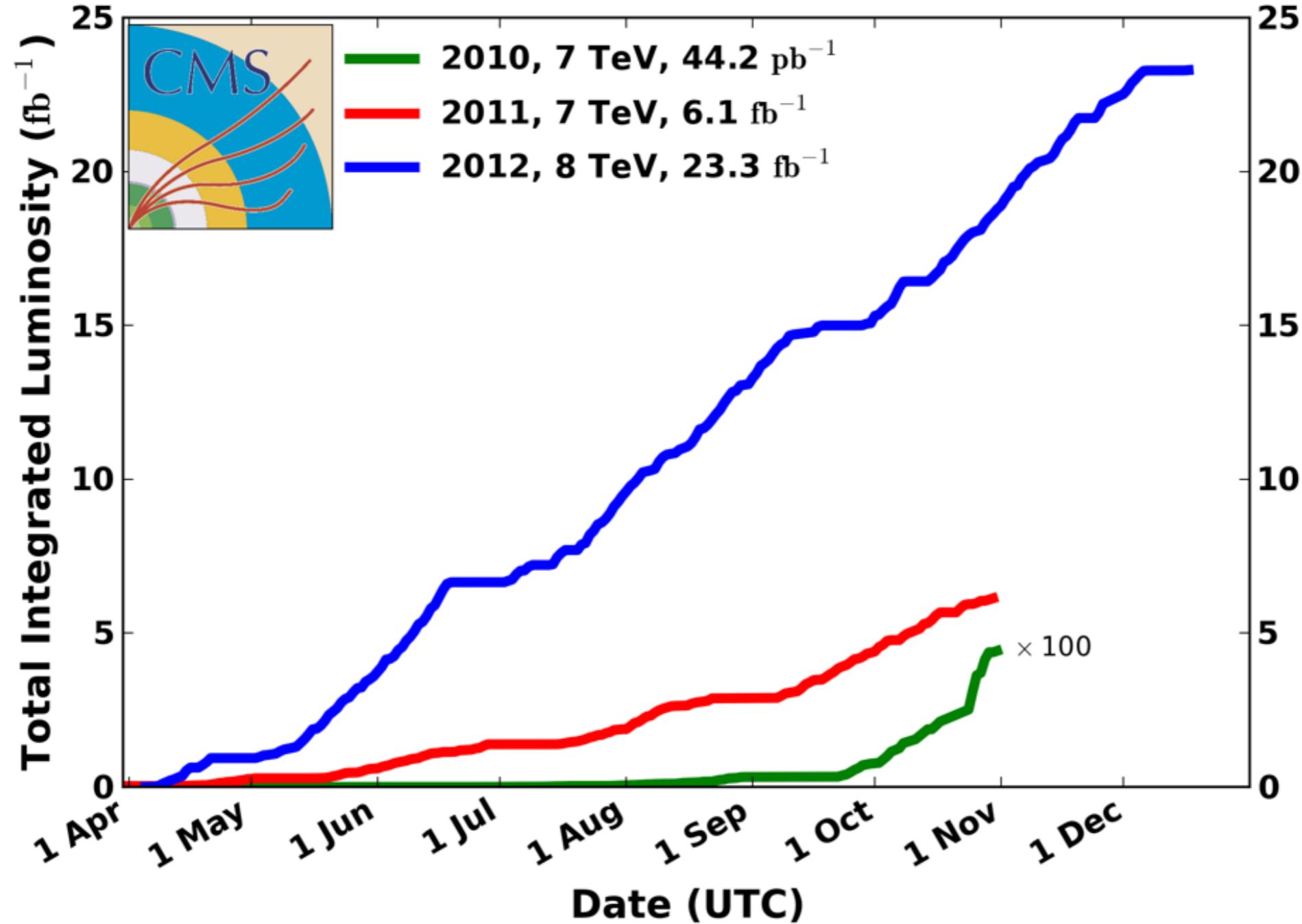
BACKUP

Luminosity



CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp

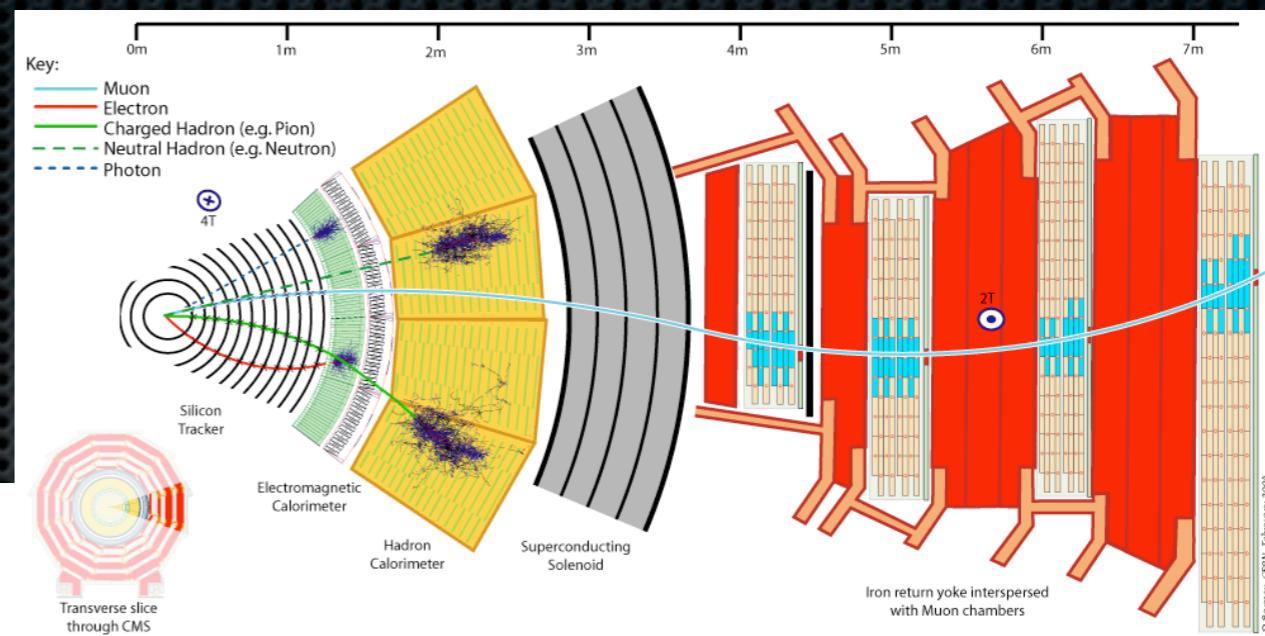
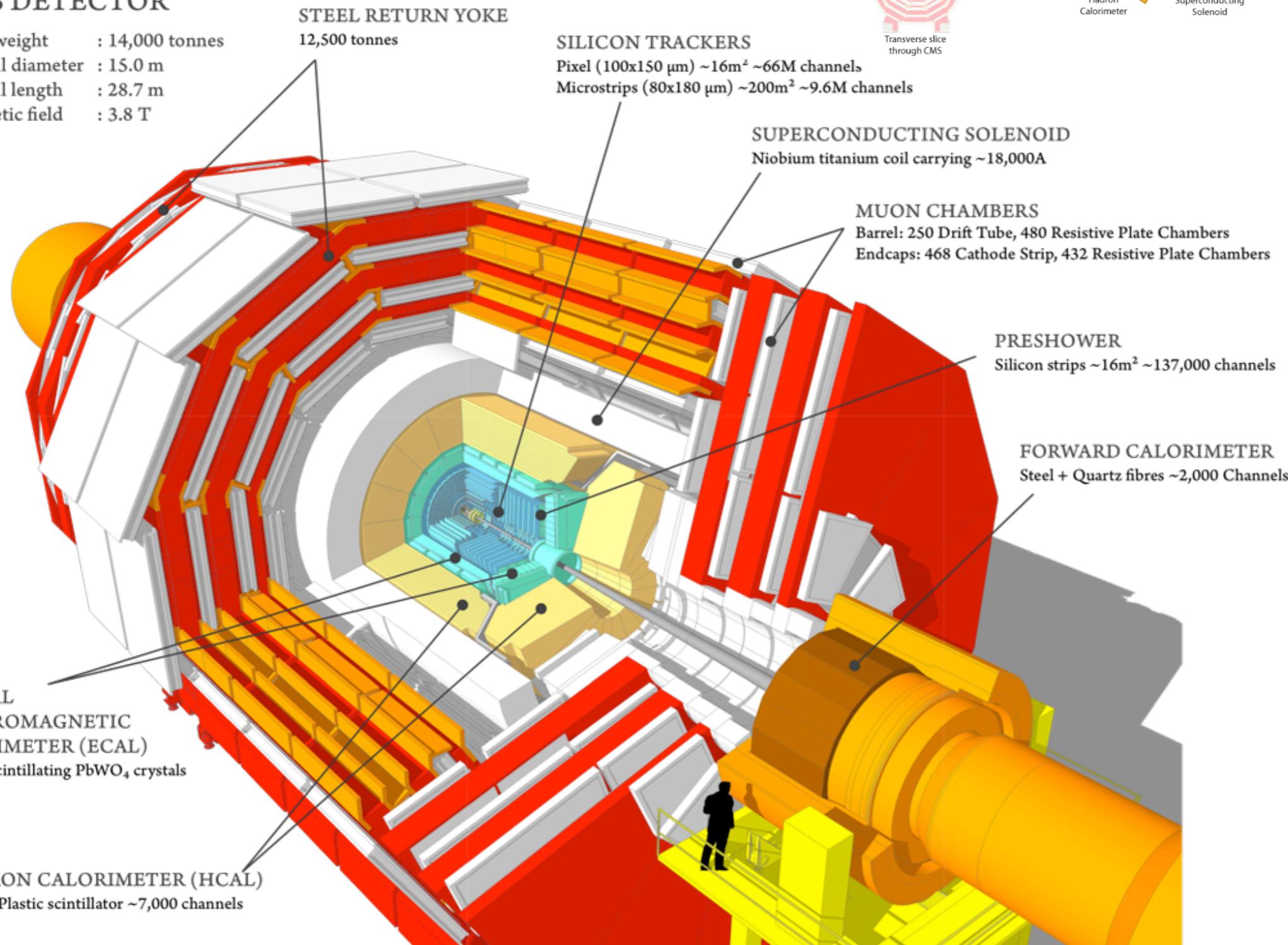
Data included from 2010-03-30 11:21 to 2012-12-16 20:49 UTC



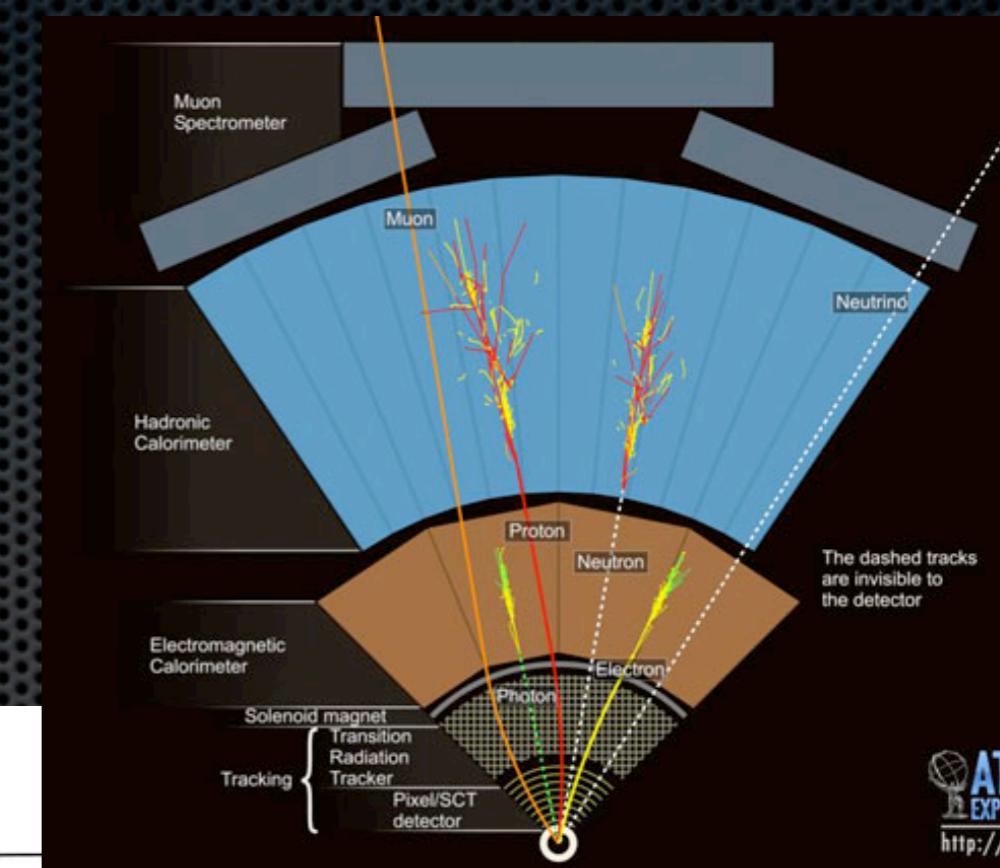
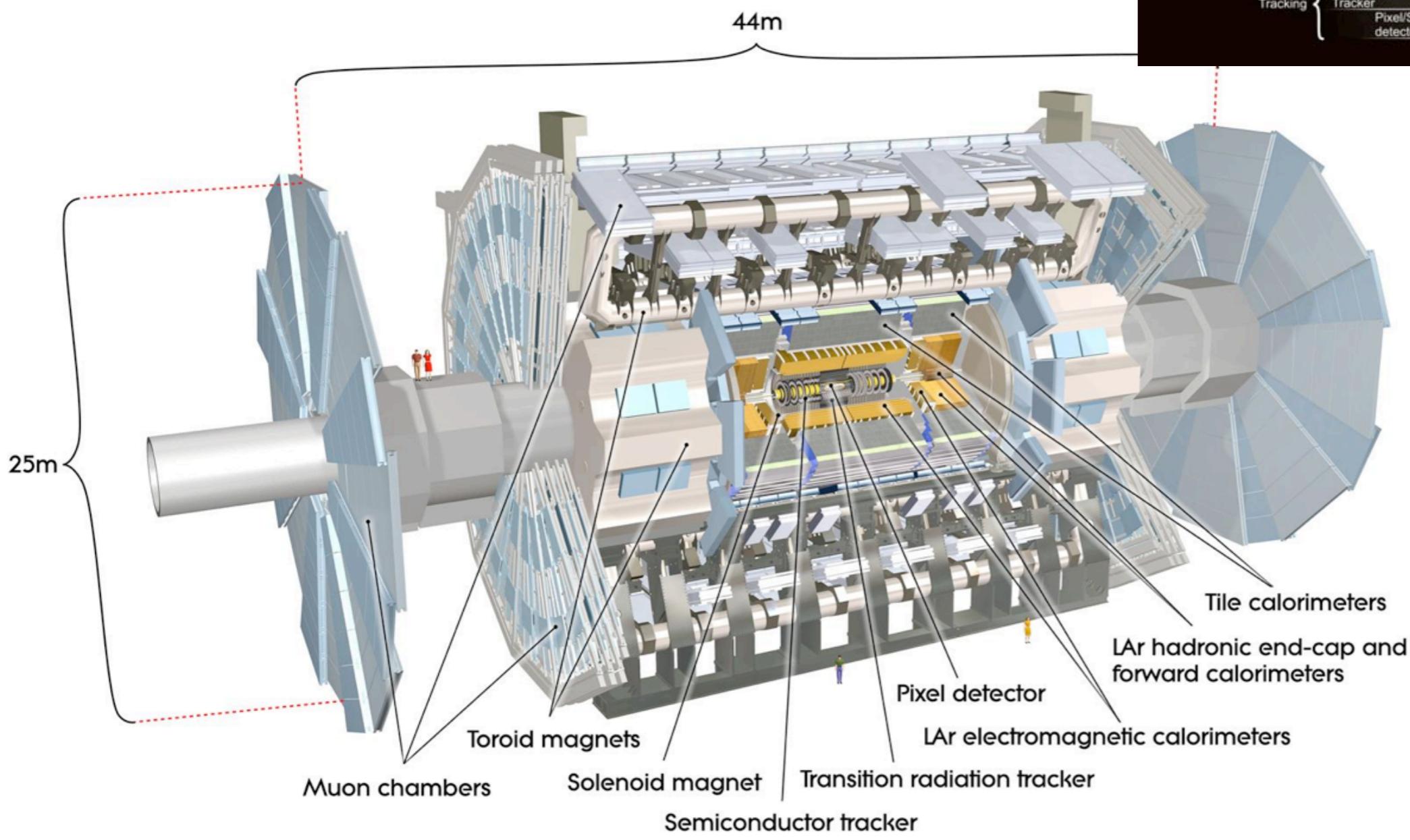
CMS detector

CMS DETECTOR

Total weight : 14,000 tonnes
 Overall diameter : 15.0 m
 Overall length : 28.7 m
 Magnetic field : 3.8 T

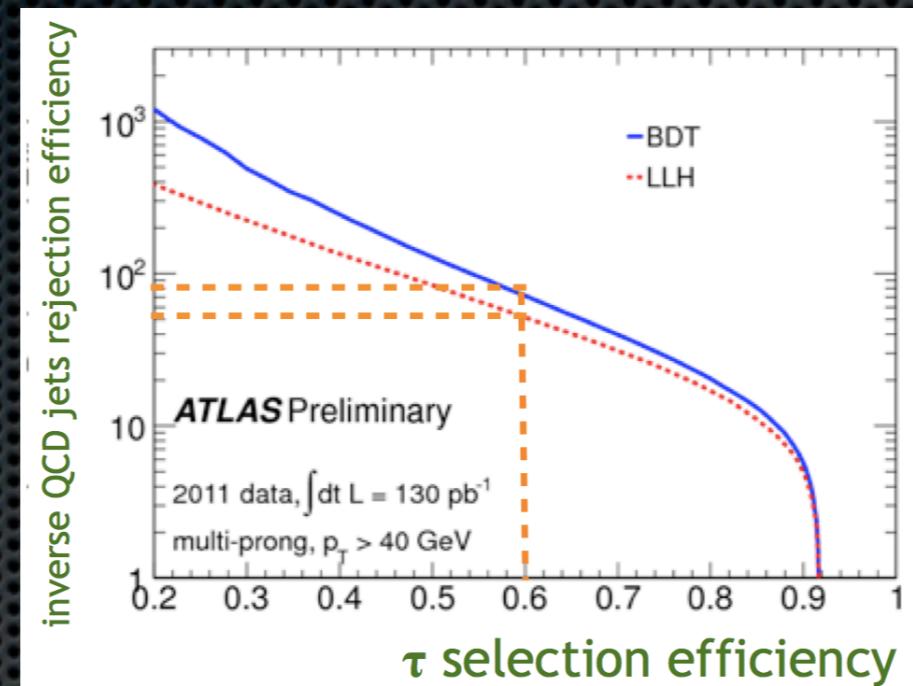


ATLAS detector

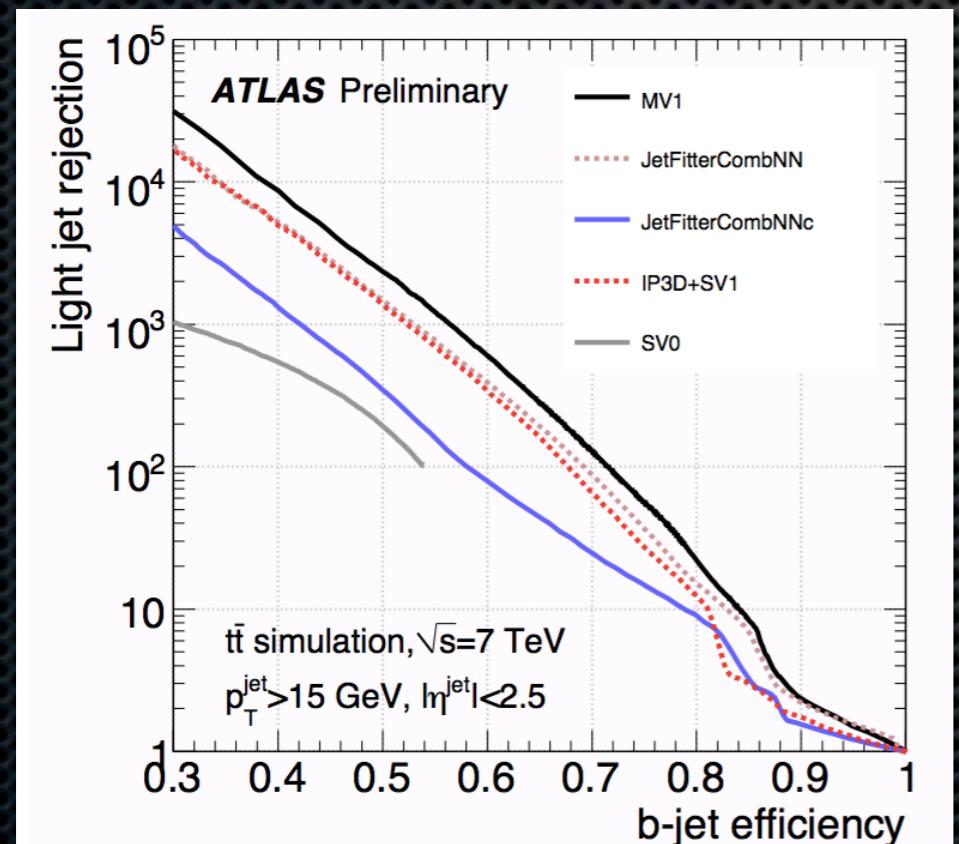


Object Reco in ATLAS

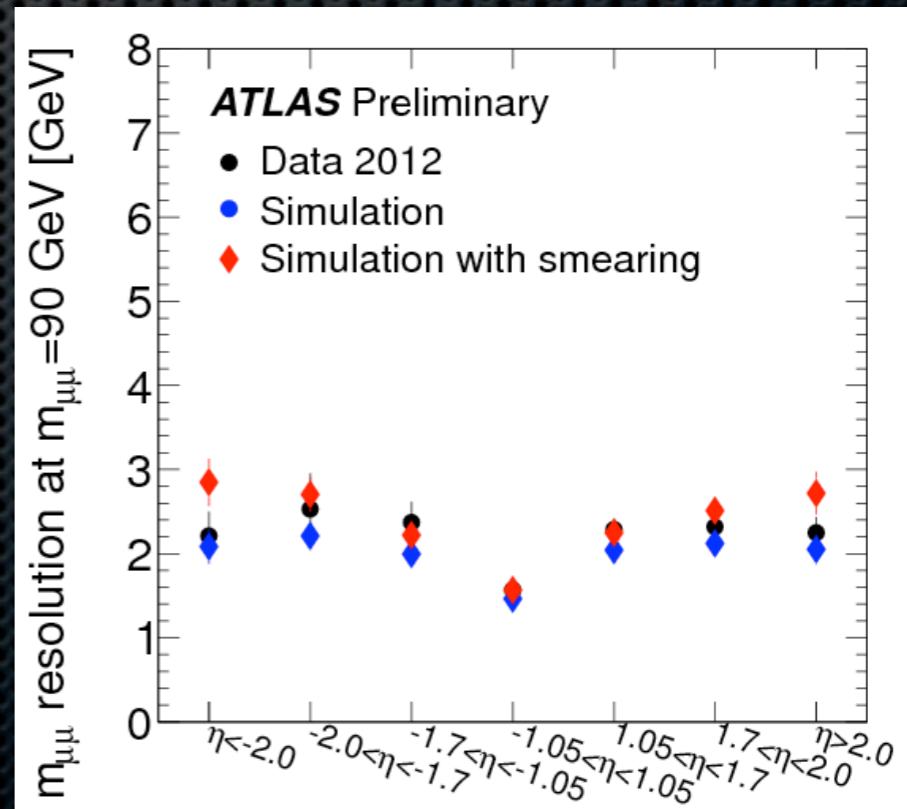
τ efficiency



b-jet tagging



Muon Resolution



$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$: Uncertainties

- **Theoretical:**

- Production cross-sections: ~ 15 %
- Branching-ratio: ~ 3-7 %

$m_H[\text{GeV}]$	$\sigma[\text{pb}]$	gluon fusion		vector boson fusion		$\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$	BR	
		up	down	$\sigma[\text{pb}]$	up	down	up	down
110	25.04	+15.3	-14.9	1.809	+2.7	-3.0	2.76×10^{-4}	+7.0 -6.8
115	22.96	+15.0	-14.9	1.729	+2.7	-3.0	2.63×10^{-4}	+6.7 -6.6
120	21.13	+14.8	-14.8	1.649	+2.8	-3.0	2.44×10^{-4}	+6.4 -6.3
125	19.52	+14.7	-14.7	1.578	+2.8	-3.0	2.20×10^{-4}	+6.0 -5.9
130	18.07	+14.6	-14.6	1.511	+2.8	-2.9	1.90×10^{-4}	+5.5 -5.4
135	16.79	+14.4	-14.7	1.448	+2.8	-2.9	1.55×10^{-4}	+5.0 -4.9
140	15.63	+14.3	-14.5	1.389	+2.7	-2.9	1.22×10^{-4}	+3.7 -3.8
145	14.59	+14.1	-14.4	1.333	+2.8	-2.8	9.06×10^{-5}	+3.4 -3.4
150	13.65	+14.1	-14.4	1.280	+2.8	-2.9	6.19×10^{-5}	+3.1 -3.2

- **Signal Acceptance uncertainty**

Difference between nominal acceptance and acceptance under different variations:

- Renormalization and factorization scale cut off
- Uncertainties due to ISR and FSR
- PDF set used

Uncertainty	Upward [%]	Downward [%]
Ren./Fac. Scale	0.1	-0.3
ISR	1.3	-2.5
FSR	-0.4	0.1
PDF	0.2	0.2
Total inclusive	+1.3	-2.6

- **Detector Related:**

- Luminosity uncertainty is the dominant

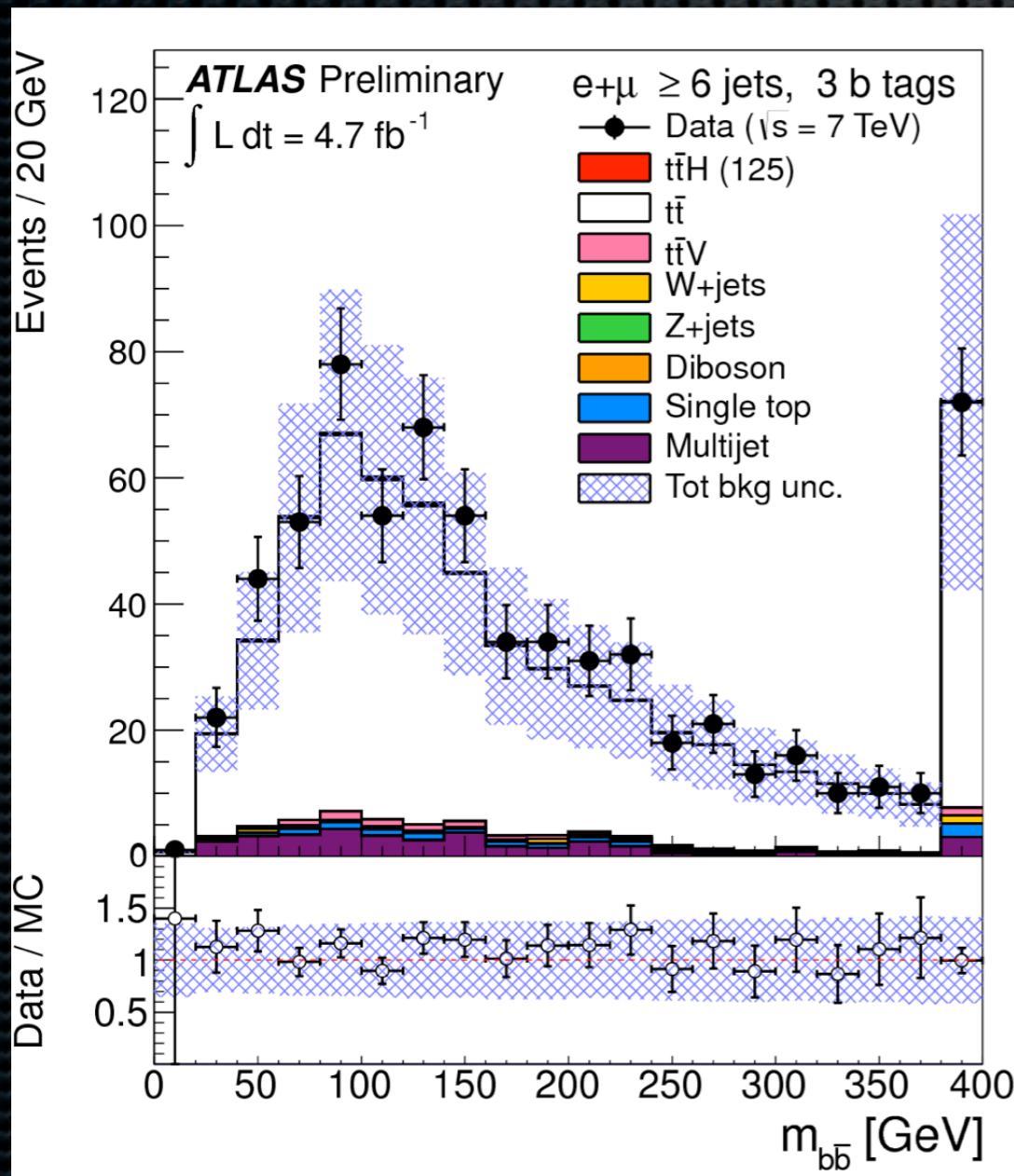
Source of Uncertainty	Treatment in the analysis
Luminosity	3.6%
Muon Selection Efficiency	0.3-1% as a function of η and p_T
Muon Momentum Scale and Resolution	< 1%
Muon Trigger	< 1%
Muon Track Isolation	< 1%
Pile-up reweighting	< 1%

Table 1: Variables used in the BDT training.

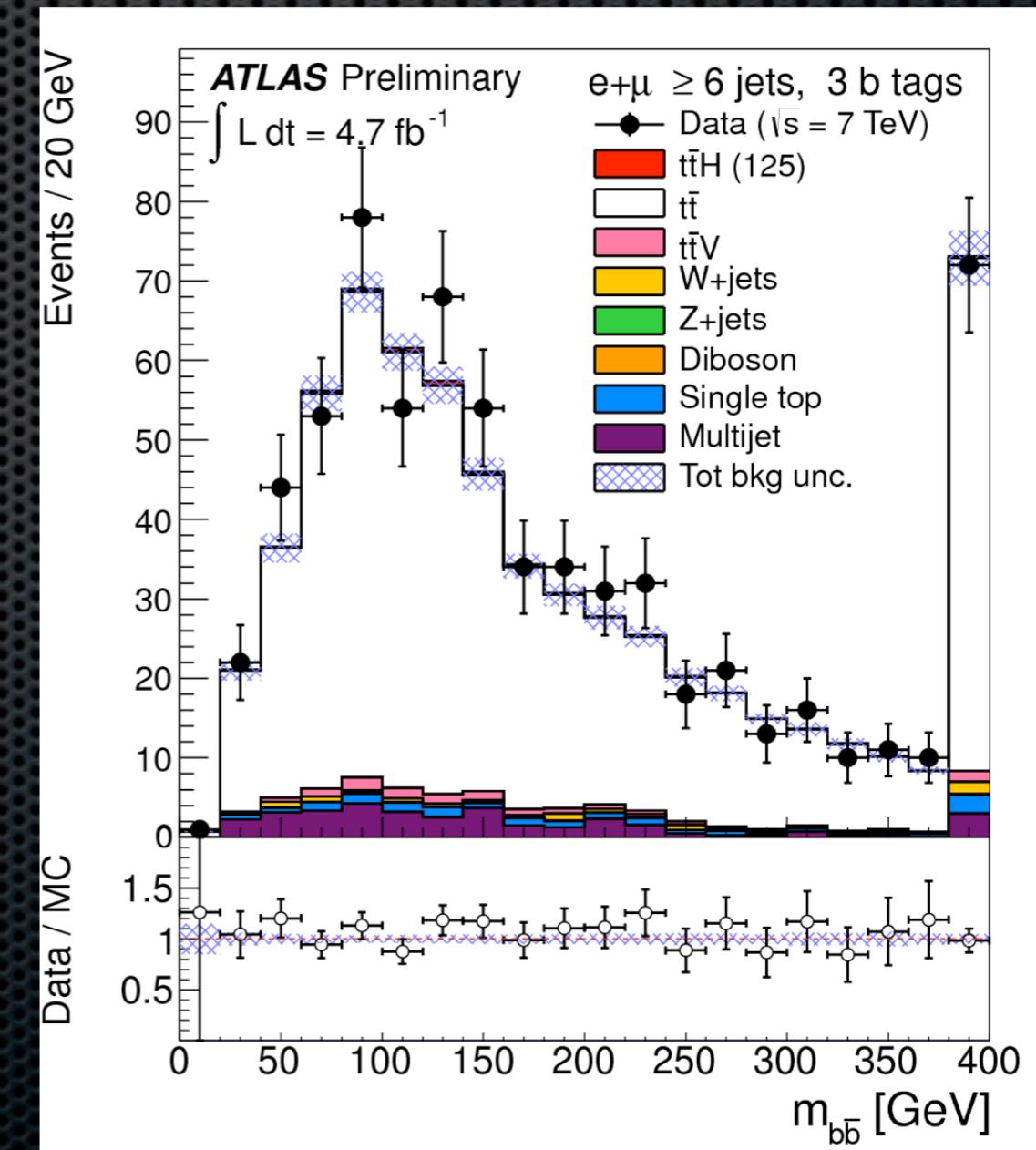
Variable
$p_T(j)$: transverse momentum of each Higgs daughter
$m(jj)$: dijet invariant mass
$p_T(jj)$: dijet transverse momentum
$p_T(V)$: vector boson transverse momentum (or E_T^{miss})
CSV_{max} : value of CSV for the Higgs daughter with largest CSV value
CSV_{min} : value of CSV for the Higgs daughter with second largest CSV value
$\Delta\phi(V, H)$: azimuthal angle between V (or E_T^{miss}) and dijet
$ \Delta\eta(jj) $: difference in η between Higgs daughters
$\Delta R(jj)$: distance in $\eta-\phi$ between Higgs daughters
N_{aj} : number of additional jets
$\Delta\theta_{\text{pull}}$: color pull angle [34]
$\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{jet})$: azimuthal angle between E_T^{miss} and the closest jet (only for $Z(\nu\nu)H$)
$\text{maxCSV}_{\text{aj}}$: maximum CSV of the additional jets in an event (only for $Z(\nu\nu)H$ and $W(\ell\nu)H$)
$\text{min}\Delta R(H, \text{aj})$: mimimum distance between an additional jet and the Higgs candidate (only for $Z(\nu\nu)H$ and $W(\ell\nu)H$)
Angular variables: HV system mass, Angle Z-Z*, Angle Z-l, Angle H-jet (only for $Z(\ell\ell)H$)

Main systematic due to b tagging uncertainties. Systematics are constrained by fitting the distributions from data.

Before fit

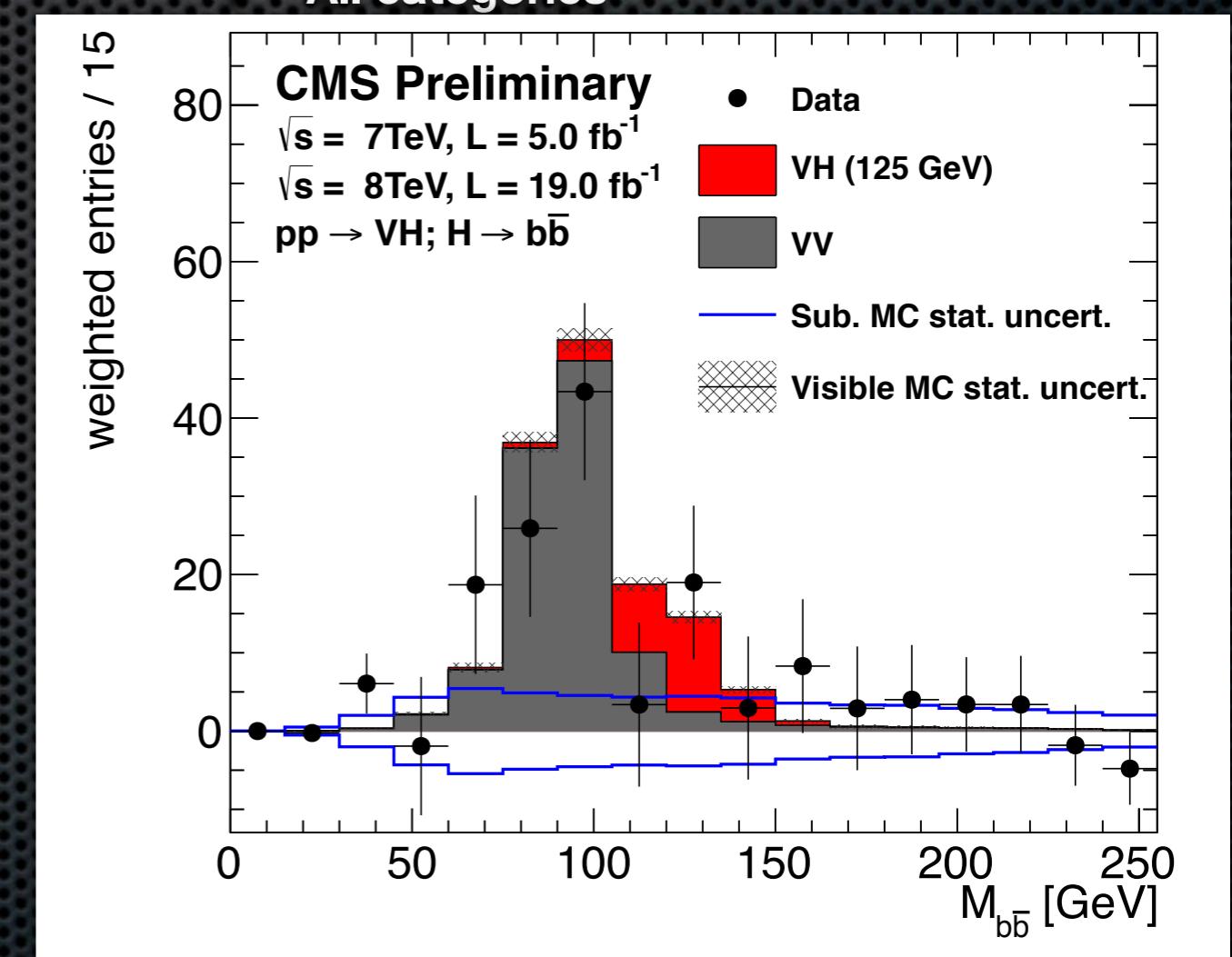
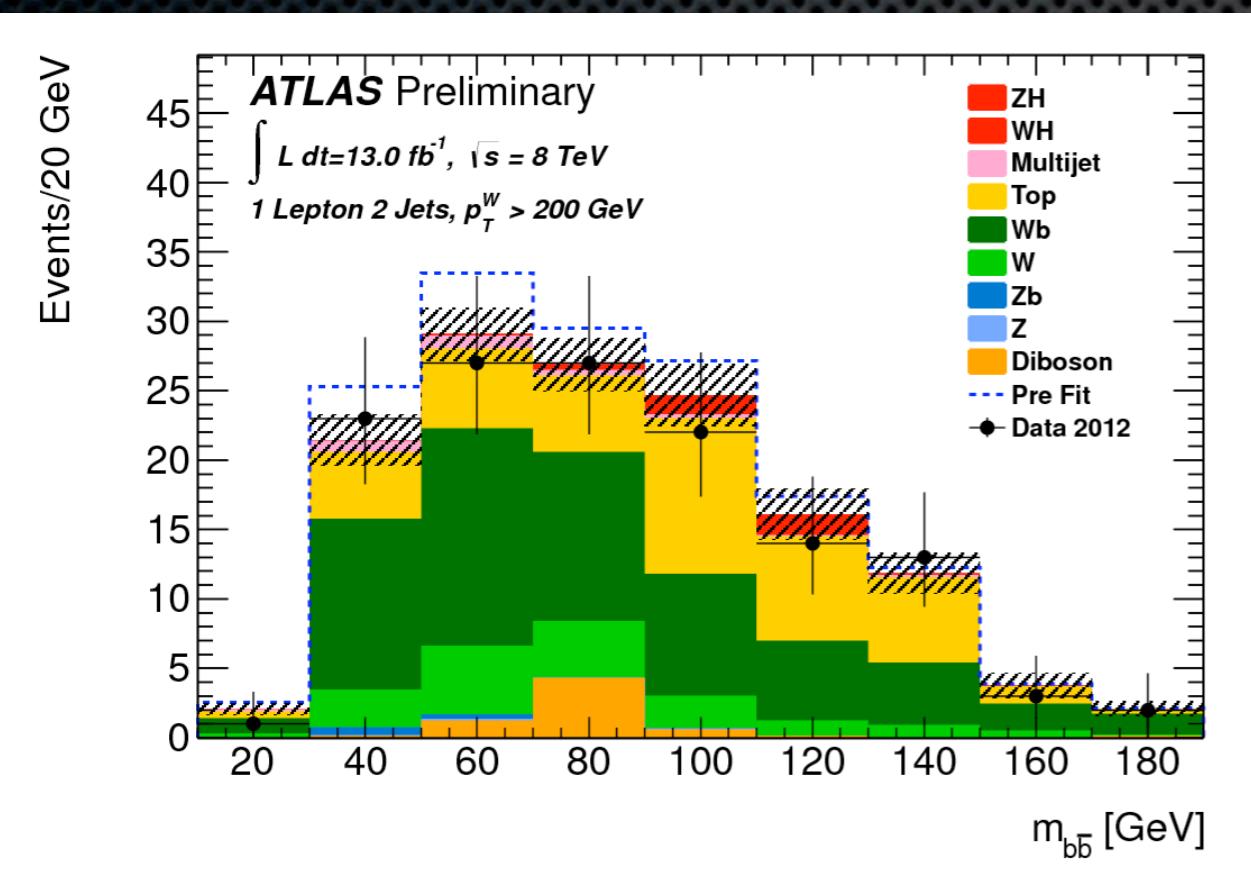


After fit



H \rightarrow bb, VH

- * $p_T(W, Z) > 200 \text{ GeV}$



- * All backgrounds (no dibosons) extracted
- * All categories
- * Observation of VZ
- * 5 times VH cross-section
- * Validate the analysis!

$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$, mass reconstruction

- Visible mass:

Uses the Momentum of measure objects

- Transverse mass:

Momentum and MET

$$M^2(\tau_{\text{vis}_1}, \tau_{\text{vis}_2}, \cancel{E}_T) = m_{\text{vis}_1}^2 + m_{\text{vis}_2}^2 + 2 \times \left(\sqrt{m_{\text{vis}_1}^2 + p_{\text{vis}_1}^2} \sqrt{m_{\text{vis}_2}^2 + p_{\text{vis}_2}^2} + \cancel{E}_T \sqrt{m_{\text{vis}_1}^2 + p_{\text{vis}_1}^2} + \cancel{E}_T \sqrt{m_{\text{vis}_2}^2 + p_{\text{vis}_2}^2} \right) - 2 \times (\vec{p}_{\text{vis}_1} \cdot \vec{p}_{\text{vis}_2} + \vec{p}_{\text{vis}_1} \cdot \cancel{\vec{E}}_T + \vec{p}_{\text{vis}_2} \cdot \cancel{\vec{E}}_T),$$

- Collinear mass:

Assumes neutrinos in the decay are collinear to solve the origin of the MET. Long tails and sometimes no solution

$$\begin{aligned}\cancel{E}_{T_x} &= p_{\text{mis}_1} \sin \theta_{\text{vis}_1} \cos \phi_{\text{vis}_1} + p_{\text{mis}_2} \sin \theta_{\text{vis}_2} \cos \phi_{\text{vis}_2} \\ \cancel{E}_{T_y} &= p_{\text{mis}_1} \sin \theta_{\text{vis}_1} \sin \phi_{\text{vis}_1} + p_{\text{mis}_2} \sin \theta_{\text{vis}_2} \sin \phi_{\text{vis}_2},\end{aligned}$$

$$M_{\tau\tau} = m_{\text{vis}} / \sqrt{x_1 x_2}$$

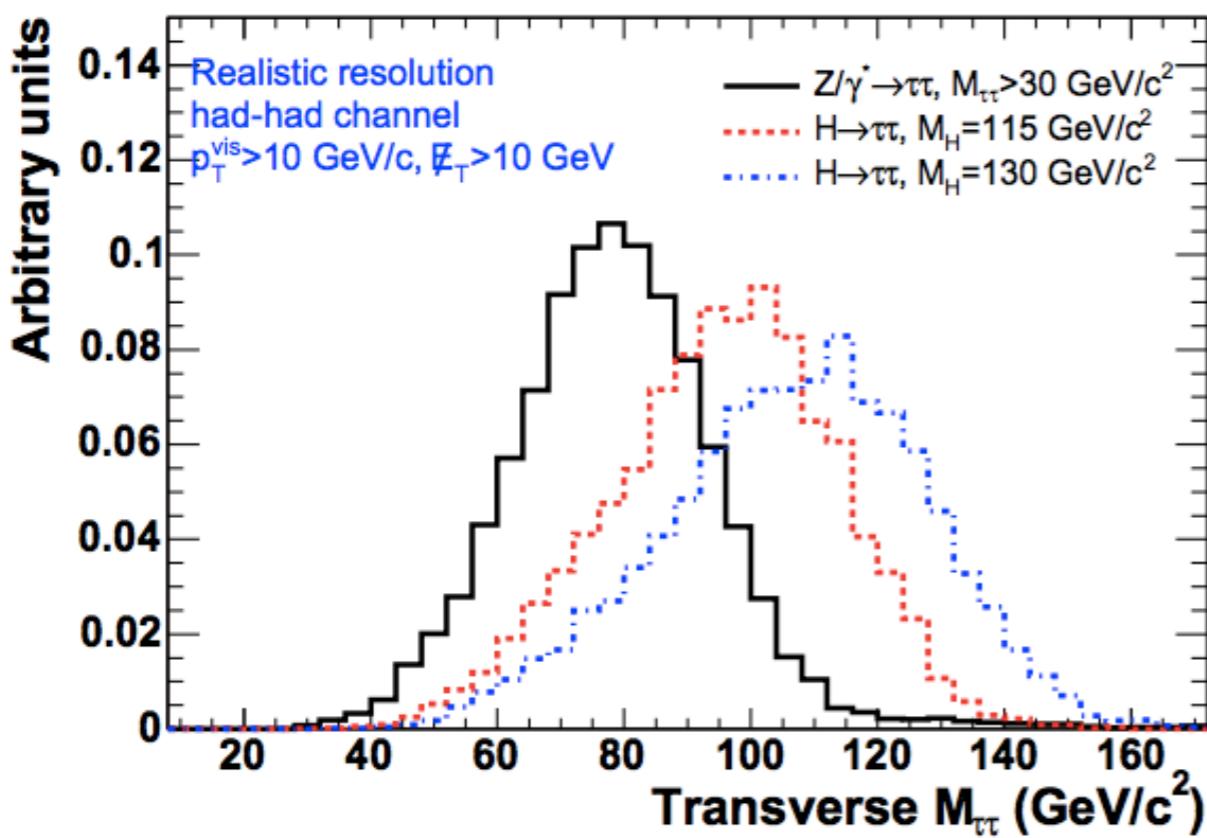
$$x_{1,2} = p_{\text{vis}_{1,2}} / (p_{\text{vis}_{1,2}} + p_{\text{mis}_{1,2}})$$

$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$, mass reconstruction

- ATLAS : MMC (Missing Mass Calculator)

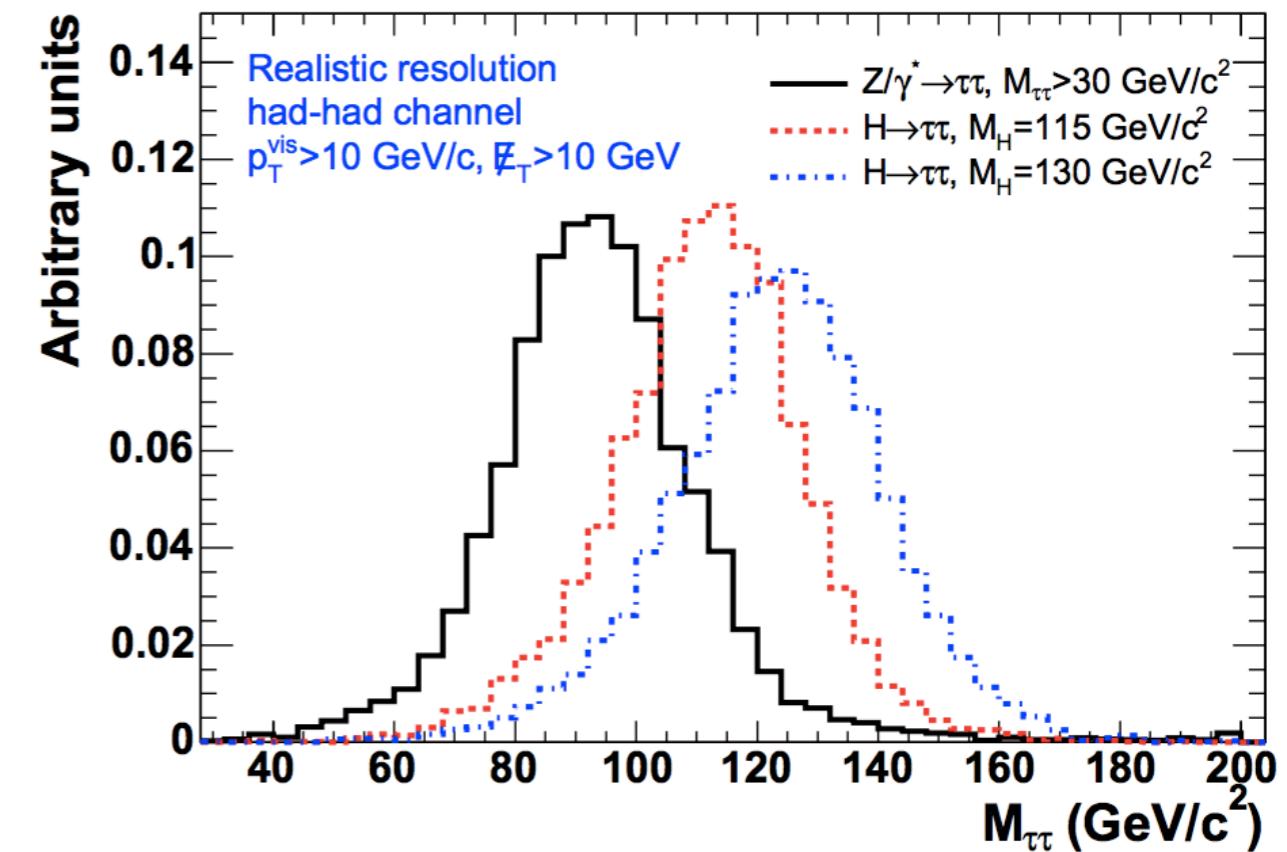
$$\begin{aligned} E_{T,x} &= p_{\text{mis}_1} \sin \theta_{\text{mis}_1} \cos \phi_{\text{mis}_1} + p_{\text{mis}_2} \sin \theta_{\text{mis}_2} \cos \phi_{\text{mis}_2} \\ E_{T,y} &= p_{\text{mis}_1} \sin \theta_{\text{mis}_1} \sin \phi_{\text{mis}_1} + p_{\text{mis}_2} \sin \theta_{\text{mis}_2} \sin \phi_{\text{mis}_2} \\ M_{\tau_1}^2 &= m_{\text{mis}_1}^2 + m_{\text{vis}_1}^2 + 2\sqrt{p_{\text{vis}_1}^2 + m_{\text{vis}_1}^2} \sqrt{p_{\text{mis}_1}^2 + m_{\text{mis}_1}^2} \\ &\quad - 2p_{\text{vis}_1}p_{\text{mis}_1} \cos \Delta\theta_{vm1} \\ M_{\tau_2}^2 &= m_{\text{mis}_2}^2 + m_{\text{vis}_2}^2 + 2\sqrt{p_{\text{vis}_2}^2 + m_{\text{vis}_2}^2} \sqrt{p_{\text{mis}_2}^2 + m_{\text{mis}_2}^2} \\ &\quad - 2p_{\text{vis}_2}p_{\text{mis}_2} \cos \Delta\theta_{vm2} \end{aligned}$$

Transverse mass

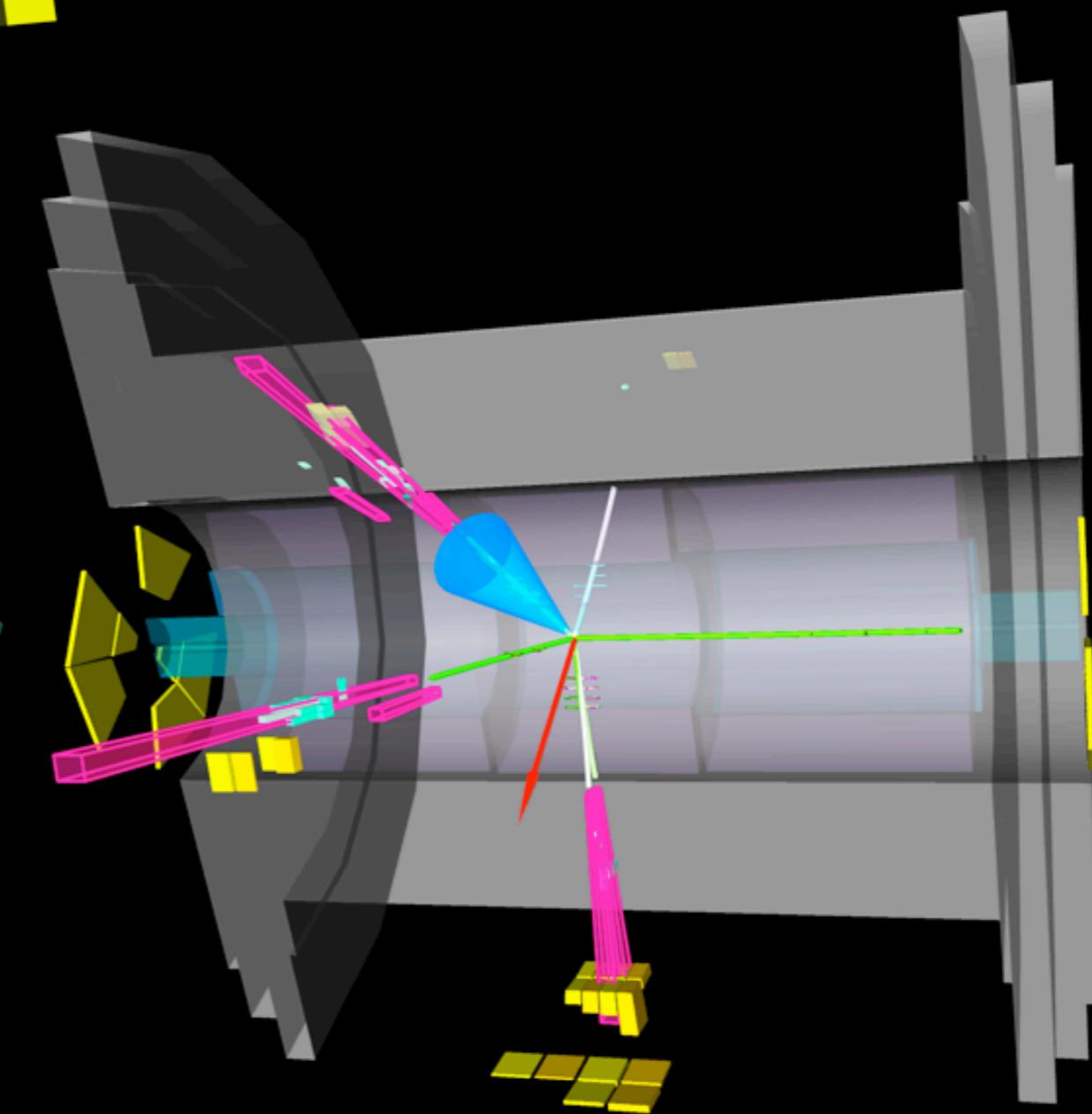
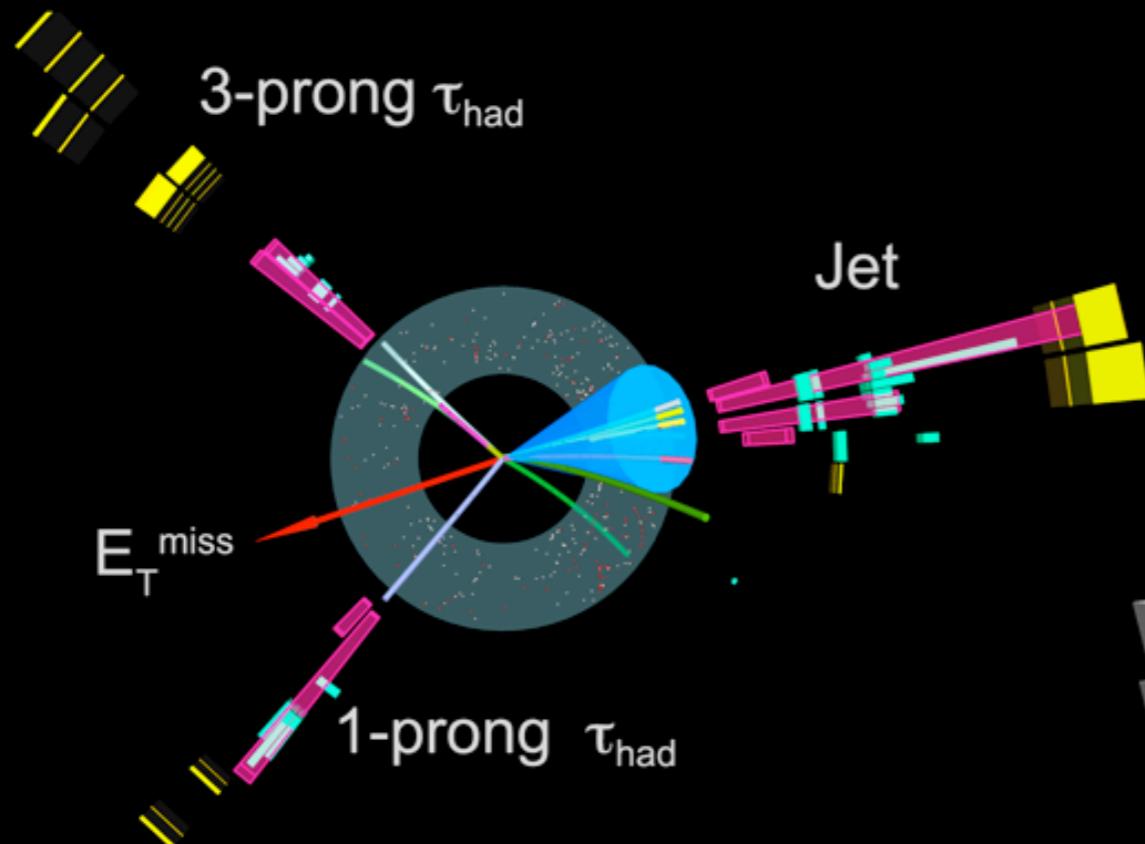


4 equation, 6-8 unknowns:
Scan the phase space
 for **the most likely solution**

MMC



$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$. Event Candidate



$$p_T(\tau_{\text{had}}^{\text{3-prong}}) = 72 \text{ GeV}$$

$$p_T(\tau_{\text{had}}^{\text{1-prong}}) = 45 \text{ GeV}$$

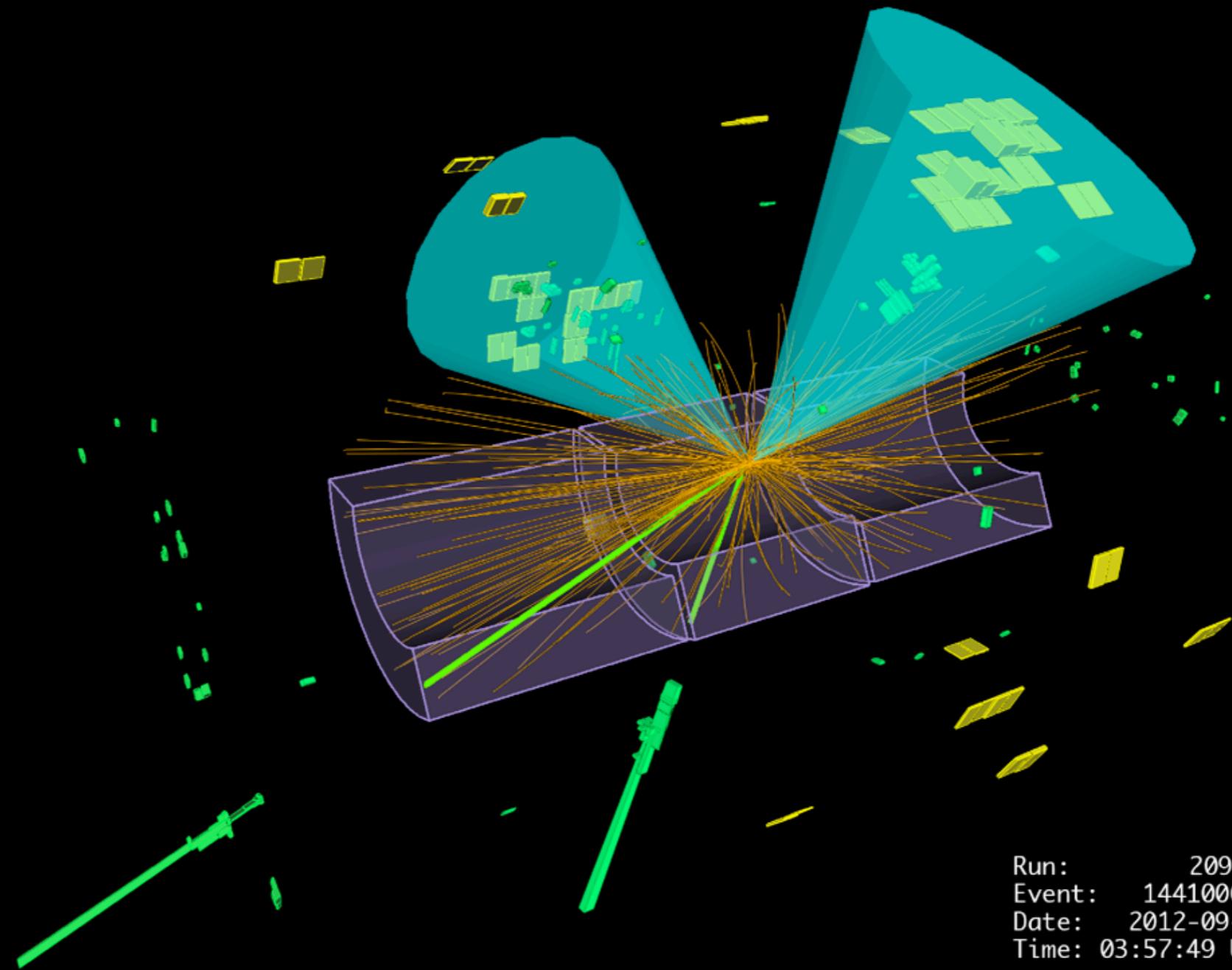
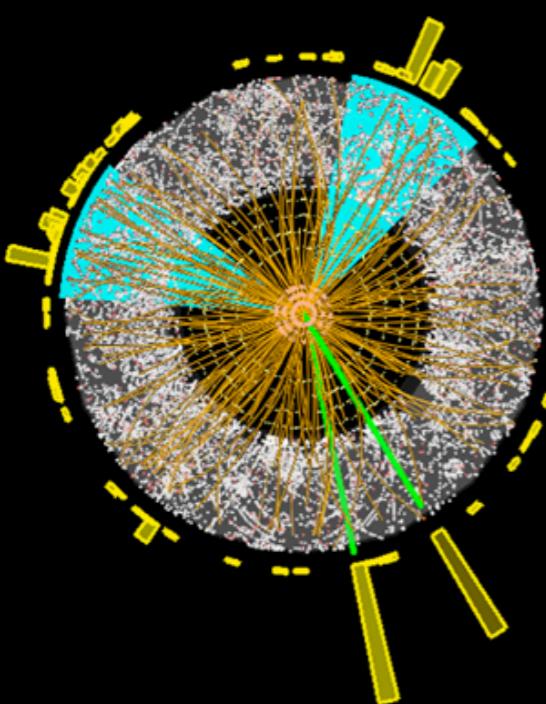
$$E_T^{\text{miss}} = 28 \text{ GeV}$$

$$p_T(\text{jet}) = 107 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\text{Coll. mass} = 121 \text{ GeV}$$

ZH → ee bb. Event

ATLAS
EXPERIMENT
<http://atlas.ch>



Run: 209787
Event: 144100666
Date: 2012-09-05
Time: 03:57:49 UTC