

## Key figures for AFTER

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IPN Orsay, Université Paris-Sud

**Physics at A Fixed Target Experiment (AFTER) using the LHC beams**

*3-13 February 2013 ECT\* Trento*



**AFTER @ LHC**

thanks to F. Fleuret (LLR), S.J. Brodsky (SLAC), C. Hadjidakis (IPNO), M. Anselmino (Torino), R. Araldi (Torino), V. Chambert (IPNO), J.P. Didelez (IPNO), B. Genolini (IPNO), E.G. Ferreira (USC), C. Lorcé (IPNO), A. Rakotozafindrabe (CEA), P. Rosier (IPNO), I. Schienbein (LPSC), E. Scomarparin (Torino), and U.I. Uggerhøj (Aarhus)

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- **Good thing**: small forward detector  $\equiv$  large acceptance
- **Bad thing**: high multiplicity  $\Rightarrow$  absorber  $\Rightarrow$  physics limitation

# Backward physics ?

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  - particles with sufficient  $p_T$  to be detected
  - heavy particles whose decay product have enough  $p_T$  to be detected  
[not very heavy in fact:  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu$  or  $D \rightarrow K\pi$  are fine for current detectors]

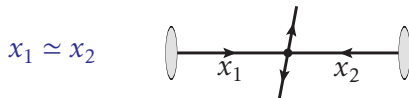
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  - last, but not least, **no geometrical constrain** (e.g. beam pipe) **at  $\theta_{CM} \simeq 180^\circ$**

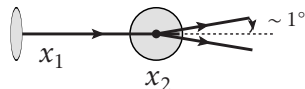
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Hadron center-of-mass system



Target rest frame

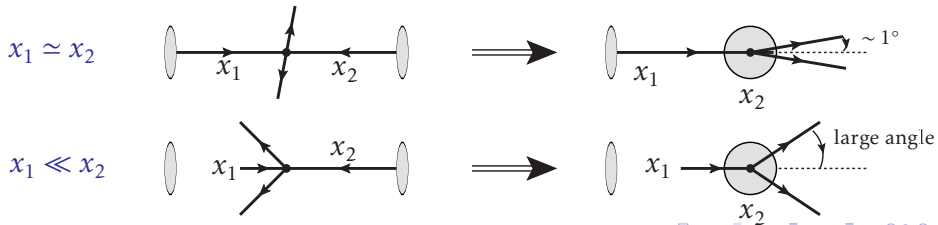


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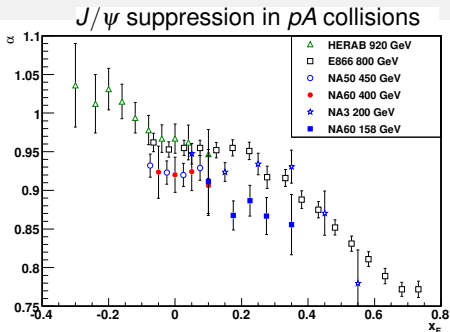


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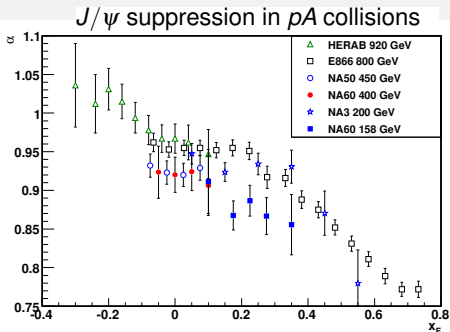


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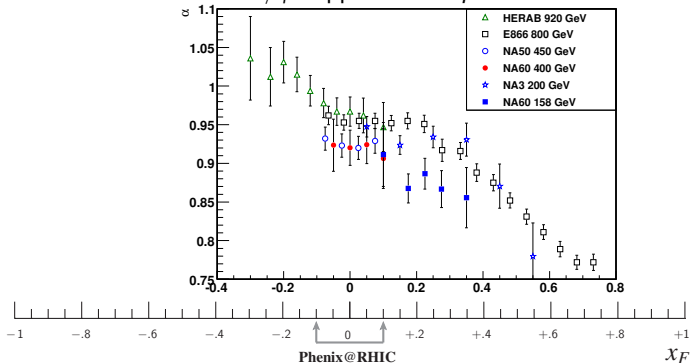


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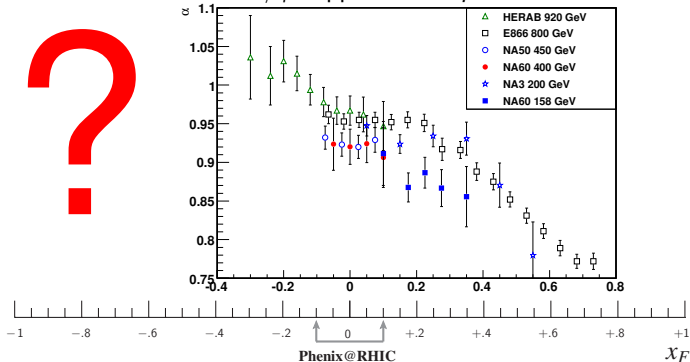
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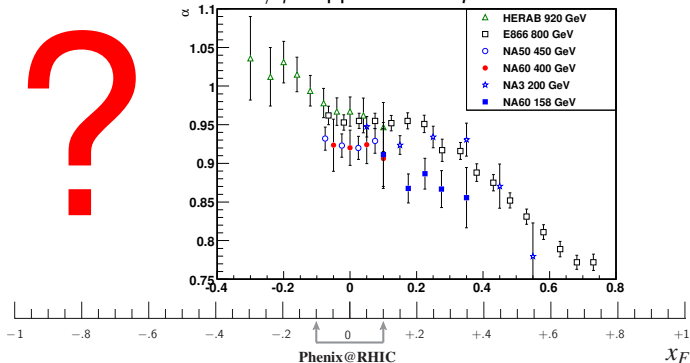


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- If we measure  $\Upsilon(b\bar{b})$  at  $y_{\text{cms}} \simeq -2.5 \Rightarrow x_F \simeq \frac{2m_\Upsilon}{\sqrt{s}} \sinh(y_{\text{cms}}) \simeq -1$

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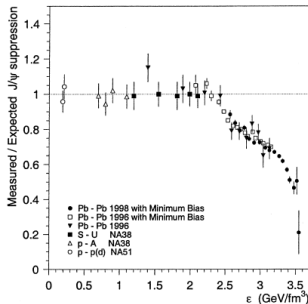


Fig. 7. Measured  $J/\psi$  production yields, normalised to the yields expected assuming that the only source of suppression is the ordinary absorption by the nuclear medium. The data is shown as a function of the energy density reached in the several collision systems.



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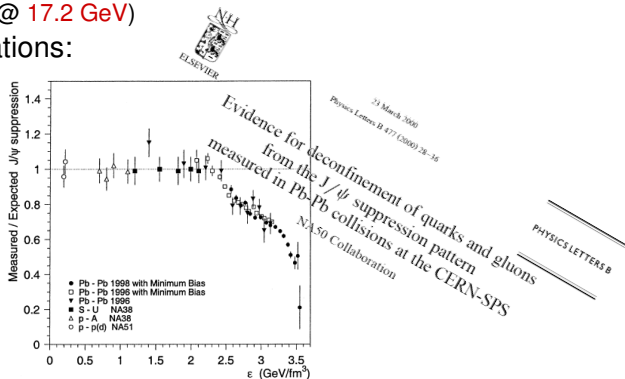


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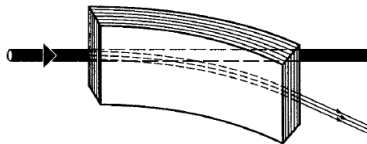
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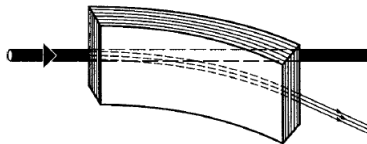
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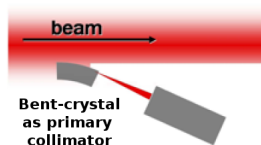
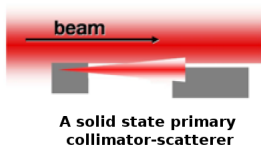
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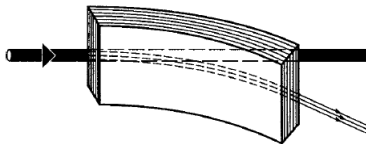
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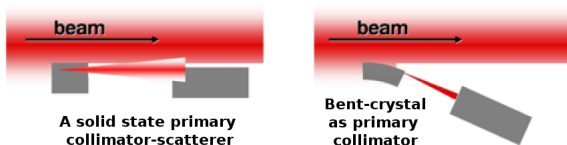
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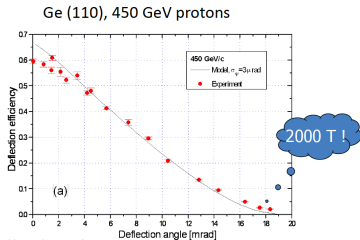
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- ★ **Tests** will be performed on the **LHC beam**:  
LUA9 proposal approved by the LHCC

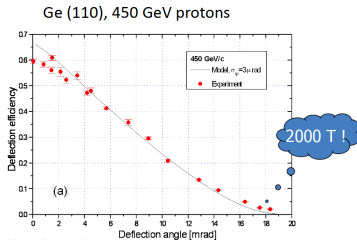
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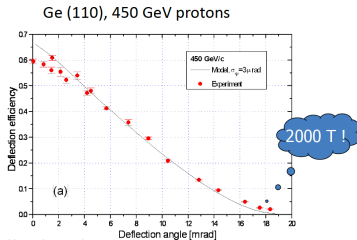
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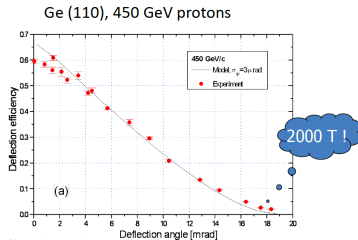


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- Simple and robust way to extract the most energetic beam ever:



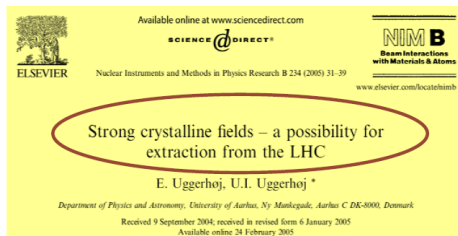
# Beam extraction

## • Beam extraction @ LHC

... there are extremely promising possibilities to extract 7 TeV protons from the circulating beam by means of a bent crystal.

... The idea is to put a bent, single crystal of either Si or Ge (W would perform slightly better but needs substantial improvements in crystal quality) at a distance of  $\simeq 7\sigma$  to the beam where it can intercept and deflect part of the beam halo by an angle similar to the one the foreseen dump kicking system will apply to the circulating beam.

... ions with the same momentum per charge as protons are deflected in a crystal with similar efficiencies



If the crystal is positioned at the kicking section, the whole dump system can be used for slow extraction of parts of the beam halo, the particles that are anyway lost subsequently at collimators.

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Target	$\rho$ (g.cm <sup>-3</sup> )	A	$\mathcal{L}$ ( $\mu\text{b}^{-1}.\text{s}^{-1}$ )	$\int \mathcal{L}$ ( $\text{pb}^{-1}.\text{yr}^{-1}$ )
Sol. H <sub>2</sub>	0.09	1	<b>26</b>	<b>260</b>
Liq. H <sub>2</sub>	0.07	1	<b>20</b>	<b>200</b>
Liq. D <sub>2</sub>	0.16	2	<b>24</b>	<b>240</b>
Be	1.85	9	<b>62</b>	<b>620</b>
Cu	8.96	64	<b>42</b>	<b>420</b>
W	19.1	185	<b>31</b>	<b>310</b>
Pb	11.35	207	<b>16</b>	<b>160</b>

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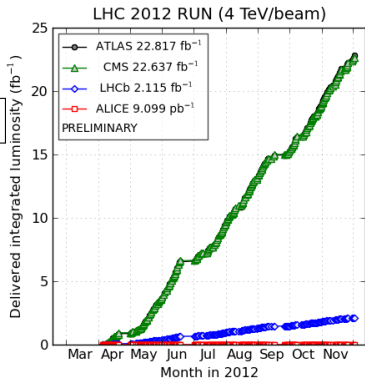
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- Recycling the LHC beam loss, one gets

a luminosity comparable to the LHC itself !



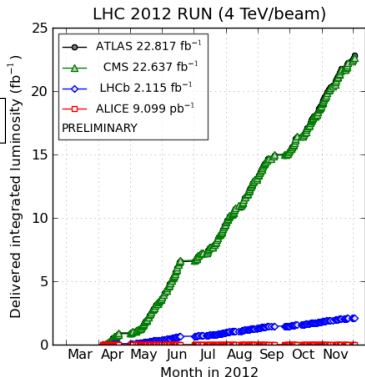
(generated 2012-12-02 18:23 including fill 3360)

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- 1 meter-long liquid  $H_2$  &  $D_2$  targets can be used (see NA51, ...)
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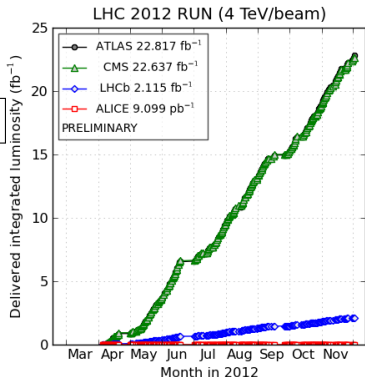
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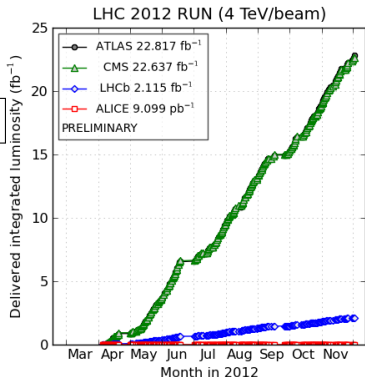
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- Lumi for Pb runs in the backup slides  
(roughly 10 times that planned for the LHC)



# Luminosities

- Instantaneous Luminosity:

$$\mathcal{L} = \Phi_{beam} \times N_{target} = N_{beam} \times (\rho \times l \times \mathcal{N}_A) / A$$

$$\Phi_{beam} = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ Pb s}^{-1}, \quad l = 1 \text{ cm (target thickness)}$$

- Integrated luminosity  $\int dt \mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L} \times 10^6 \text{ s}$  for Pb
- Expected luminosities with  $2 \times 10^5 \text{ Pb s}^{-1}$  extracted (1cm-long target)

Target	$\rho$ (g.cm <sup>-3</sup> )	A	$\mathcal{L}$ (mb <sup>-1</sup> .s <sup>-1</sup> )= $\int \mathcal{L}$ (nb <sup>-1</sup> .yr <sup>-1</sup> )
Sol. H <sub>2</sub>	0.09	1	<b>11</b>
Liq. H <sub>2</sub>	0.07	1	<b>8</b>
Liq. D <sub>2</sub>	0.16	2	<b>10</b>
Be	1.85	9	<b>25</b>
Cu	8.96	64	<b>17</b>
W	19.1	185	<b>13</b>
Pb	11.35	207	<b>7</b>

- Planned lumi for PHENIX Run15AuAu 2.8 nb<sup>-1</sup> (0.13 nb<sup>-1</sup> at 62 GeV)
- Nominal LHC lumi for PbPb 0.5 nb<sup>-1</sup>

## A few figures on the (extracted) proton beam

- Beam loss:  $10^9 p^+s^{-1}$
- Extracted intensity:  $5 \times 10^8 p^+s^{-1}$  (1/2 the beam loss) E. Uggerhøj, U.I Uggerhøj, NIM B 234 (2005) 31

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- similar figures for the Pb-beam extraction

AFTER, among other things, a quarkonium observatory in  $pp$ 

- Interpolating the world data set:

Target	$\int \mathcal{L} \text{ (fb}^{-1}\cdot\text{yr}^{-1}\text{)}$	$N(\text{J}/\Psi) \text{ yr}^{-1}$ $= A\mathcal{L}B\sigma_{\Psi}$	$N(\Upsilon) \text{ yr}^{-1}$ $= A\mathcal{L}B\sigma_{\Upsilon}$
1 m Liq. $\text{H}_2$	20	4.0 $10^8$	8.0 $10^5$
1 m Liq. $\text{D}_2$	24	9.6 $10^8$	1.9 $10^6$
LHC pp 14 Tev (low pT)	0.05 (ALICE) 2 LHCb	3.6 $10^7$ 1.4 $10^9$	1.8 $10^5$ 7.2 $10^6$
RHIC pp 200GeV	1.2 $10^{-2}$	4.8 $10^5$	1.2 $10^3$

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- Probe of the (very) large  $x$  in the target



AFTER: also a quarkonium observatory in  $pA$ 

Target	A	$\int \mathcal{L} \text{ (fb}^{-1}\cdot\text{yr}^{-1}\text{)}$	$N(J/\Psi) \text{ yr}^{-1}$ $= A\mathcal{L}\mathcal{B}\sigma_{\Psi}$	$N(\Upsilon) \text{ yr}^{-1}$ $= A\mathcal{L}\mathcal{B}\sigma_{\Upsilon}$
<b>1cm Be</b>	9	<b>0.62</b>	<b>1.1 10<sup>8</sup></b>	<b>2.2 10<sup>5</sup></b>
<b>1cm Cu</b>	64	<b>0.42</b>	<b>5.3 10<sup>8</sup></b>	<b>1.1 10<sup>6</sup></b>
<b>1cm W</b>	185	<b>0.31</b>	<b>1.1 10<sup>9</sup></b>	<b>2.3 10<sup>6</sup></b>
<b>1cm Pb</b>	207	<b>0.16</b>	<b>6.7 10<sup>8</sup></b>	<b>1.3 10<sup>6</sup></b>
<b>LHC pPb 8.8 TeV</b>	207	<b>10<sup>-4</sup></b>	<b>1.0 10<sup>7</sup></b>	<b>7.5 10<sup>4</sup></b>
<b>RHIC dAu 200GeV</b>	198	<b>1.5 10<sup>-4</sup></b>	<b>2.4 10<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>5.9 10<sup>3</sup></b>
<b>RHIC dAu 62GeV</b>	198	<b>3.8 10<sup>-6</sup></b>	<b>1.2 10<sup>4</sup></b>	<b>18</b>

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  - **Polarisation** measurement as **the centrality,  $y$  or  $P_T$**
  - Ratio  $\psi'$  over **direct  $J/\psi$**  measurement in  $pA$

AFTER: also a quarkonium observatory in  $pA$ 

Target	A	$\int \mathcal{L} \text{ (fb}^{-1}\cdot\text{yr}^{-1}\text{)}$	$N(J/\Psi) \text{ yr}^{-1}$ $= A\mathcal{L}\mathcal{B}\sigma_{\Psi}$	$N(\Upsilon) \text{ yr}^{-1}$ $= A\mathcal{L}\mathcal{B}\sigma_{\Upsilon}$
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  - **Polarisation** measurement as **the centrality,  $y$  or  $P_T$**
  - Ratio  $\psi'$  over **direct  $J/\psi$**  measurement in  $pA$
  - not to mention ratio with **open charm, Drell-Yan**, etc ...

# AFTER: also an heavy-flavour observatory in $PbA$

- Luminosities and yields with the extracted 2.76 TeV Pb beam  
( $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 72$  GeV)

Target	A.B	$\int \mathcal{L} \text{ (nb}^{-1}\cdot\text{yr}^{-1}\text{)}$	$N(J/\Psi) \text{ yr}^{-1}$ $= AB\mathcal{L}B\sigma_{\Psi}$	$N(\Upsilon) \text{ yr}^{-1}$ $= AB\mathcal{L}B\sigma_{\Upsilon}$
<b>1 m Liq. H<sub>2</sub></b>	207.1	<b>800</b>	<b>3.4 10<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>6.9 10<sup>3</sup></b>
<b>1cm Be</b>	207.9	<b>25</b>	<b>9.1 10<sup>5</sup></b>	<b>1.9 10<sup>3</sup></b>
<b>1cm Cu</b>	207.64	<b>17</b>	<b>4.3 10<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>0.9 10<sup>3</sup></b>
<b>1cm W</b>	207.185	<b>13</b>	<b>9.7 10<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>1.9 10<sup>4</sup></b>
<b>1cm Pb</b>	207.207	<b>7</b>	<b>5.7 10<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>1.1 10<sup>4</sup></b>
<b>LHC PbPb 5.5 TeV</b>	207.207	<b>0.5</b>	<b>7.3 10<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>3.6 10<sup>4</sup></b>
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# AFTER: also an heavy-flavour observatory in $PbA$

- Luminosities and yields with the extracted 2.76 TeV Pb beam  
( $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 72$  GeV)

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<b>1 m Liq. H<sub>2</sub></b>	207.1	<b>800</b>	<b>3.4 10<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>6.9 10<sup>3</sup></b>
<b>1cm Be</b>	207.9	<b>25</b>	<b>9.1 10<sup>5</sup></b>	<b>1.9 10<sup>3</sup></b>
<b>1cm Cu</b>	207.64	<b>17</b>	<b>4.3 10<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>0.9 10<sup>3</sup></b>
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The same picture also holds for **open heavy flavour**

# LHB

Our idea is not completely new

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North-Holland

**NUCLEAR  
INSTRUMENTS  
& METHODS  
IN PHYSICS  
RESEARCH**  
Section A

## LHB, a fixed target experiment at LHC to measure CP violation in B mesons

Flavio Costantini

*University of Pisa and INFN, Italy*

A fixed target experiment at LHC to measure CP violation in B mesons is presented. A description of the proposed apparatus is given together with its sensitivity on the CP violation asymmetry measurement for the two benchmark decay channels  $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi + K_s^0$ ,  $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ . The possibility of obtaining an extracted LHC beam hinges on channeling in a bent silicon crystal. Recent results on beam extraction efficiencies measured at CERN SPS based on this technique are presented.

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This paper presents a fixed target experiment to measure CP violation in the B system based on the possibility of extracting the 8 TeV LHC proton beam using a bent silicon crystal [4]. A 10% extraction efficiency of the LHC beam halo will give an extracted beam intensity of about  $10^8$  protons/s allowing the production of as many as  $10^{10}$   $B\bar{B}$  pairs per year, i.e. about two orders of magnitude more than what could be produced by an  $e^+e^-$  asymmetric B factory with  $10^{34}$   $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  luminosity [5].



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- After a year, one simply moves the crystal by less than one mm ...



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