

EVOLUTION OF THE SHELL STRUCTURE IN MEDIUM-MASS NUCLEI : SEARCH FOR THE $2d_{5/2}$ NEUTRON ORBITAL IN ^{69}Ni

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It has been shown that the neutron $2d_{5/2}$ orbital has to be included in shell-model calculations to explain the appearance of large quadrupole collectivity observed in the neutron rich Fe and Cr of the $N \approx 40$ region. This work initiated by Caurier et al. has been recently revisited. Calculations in a large valence space involving the fp proton shell and the fp_gd neutron shells including a strongly

reduced $1g_{9/2} - 2d_{5/2}$ neutron gap down to ≈ 1.5 MeV affect the whole $N = 40$ region and point out a new island of inversion similar to those known for light nuclei around $N = 8$ and $N = 20$. A global mechanism could be deduced, in the frame of the shell-model approach, of the emergence of islands of inversion at Harmonic-Oscillator shell gaps driven by two particle-two hole neutron excitations into quadrupole-partner orbitals across these gaps.

Since now, no $5/2+$ state has been assigned in previous studies of ^{69}Ni , an ideal laboratory to search for the neutron $2d_{5/2}$ orbital. A (d,p) reaction onto a ^{68}Ni beam produced at GANIL has been used to probe the single-particle energy of the $2d_{5/2}$ neutron orbital in ^{69}Ni . Two $5/2+$ states with important spectroscopic factors lying around 2.5 MeV excitation energy have been observed, for the first time, in ^{69}Ni . The doublet is understood as the mixing of two main configurations of spherical nature. These results are in good agreement with large-scale shell-model calculations in which 2.5 MeV $1g_{9/2} - 2d_{5/2}$ gap for neutrons is included, and confirm experimentally Caurier's assumption of a reduced $1g_{9/2} - 2d_{5/2}$ neutron gap at $N = 40$.

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