

Higgs to 2 photons in CMS

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CMS collaboration

Overview

- Introduction
- Analysis flow
- Results
- $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ search



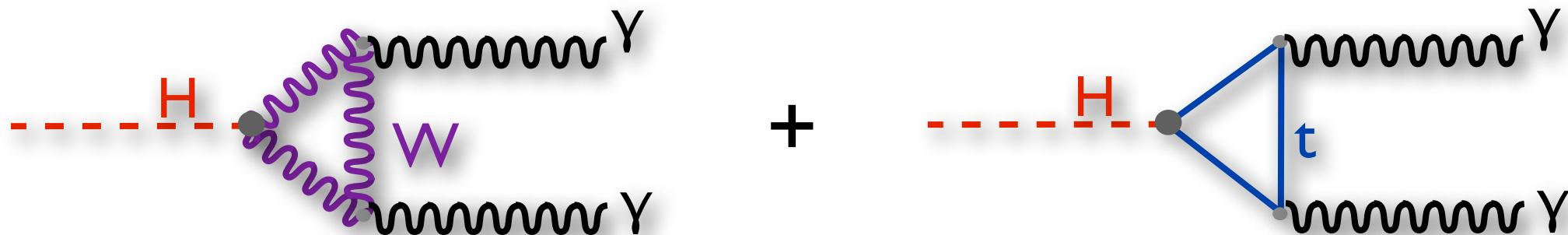
LHC France, 4 avril 2013

Yesterday: discovery regime

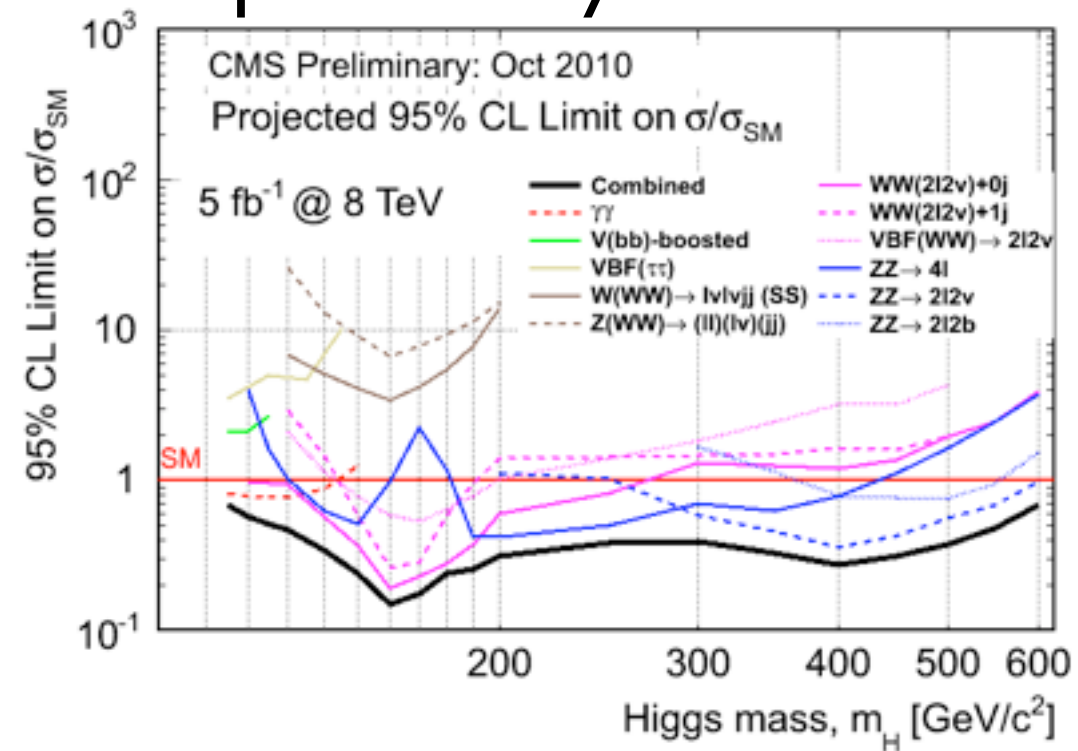
- major channel for low mass Higgs searches
- very clean signature:
 - 2 isolated photons
 - narrow peak on top of a smoothly falling background

Today: precise measurement regime

- $m_\gamma = 0$, $H\gamma\gamma$ coupling only through loops.
 - small branching fraction ($\text{Br} \sim 0.0023$)
 - very sensitive to any new massive charged particle
- yet sizeable number of events (e.g. compared to $ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$)
 - access to exclusive production modes: VH couplings.

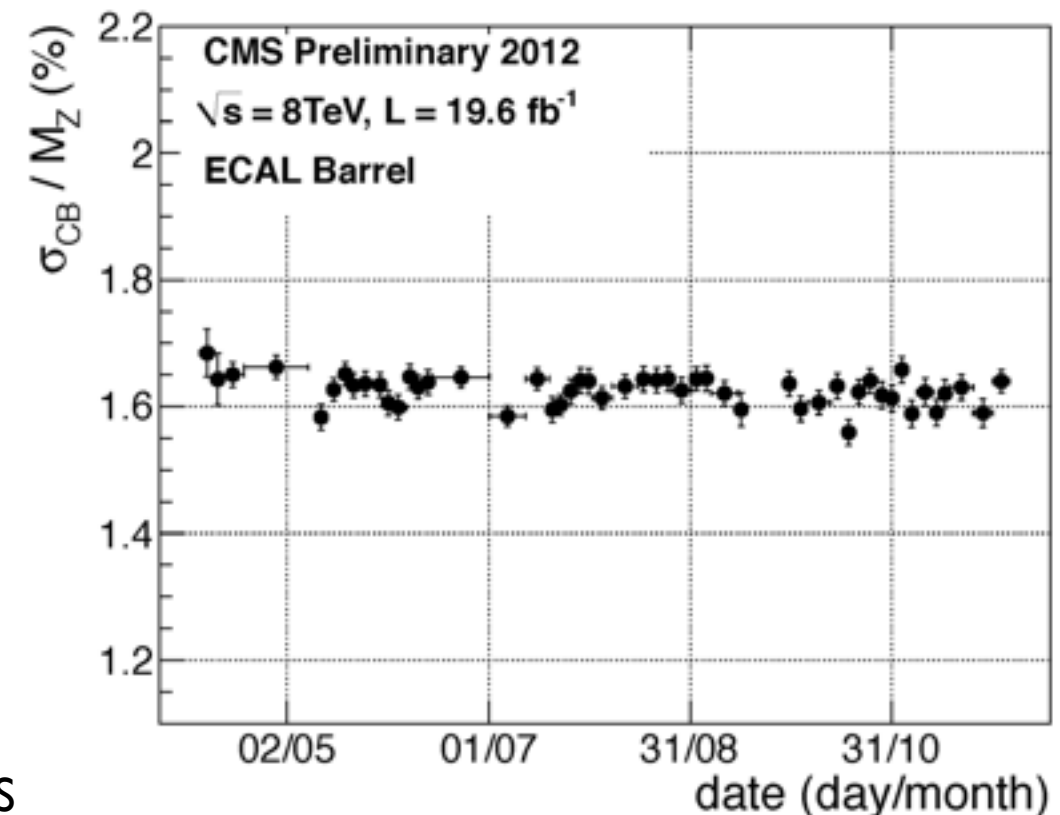
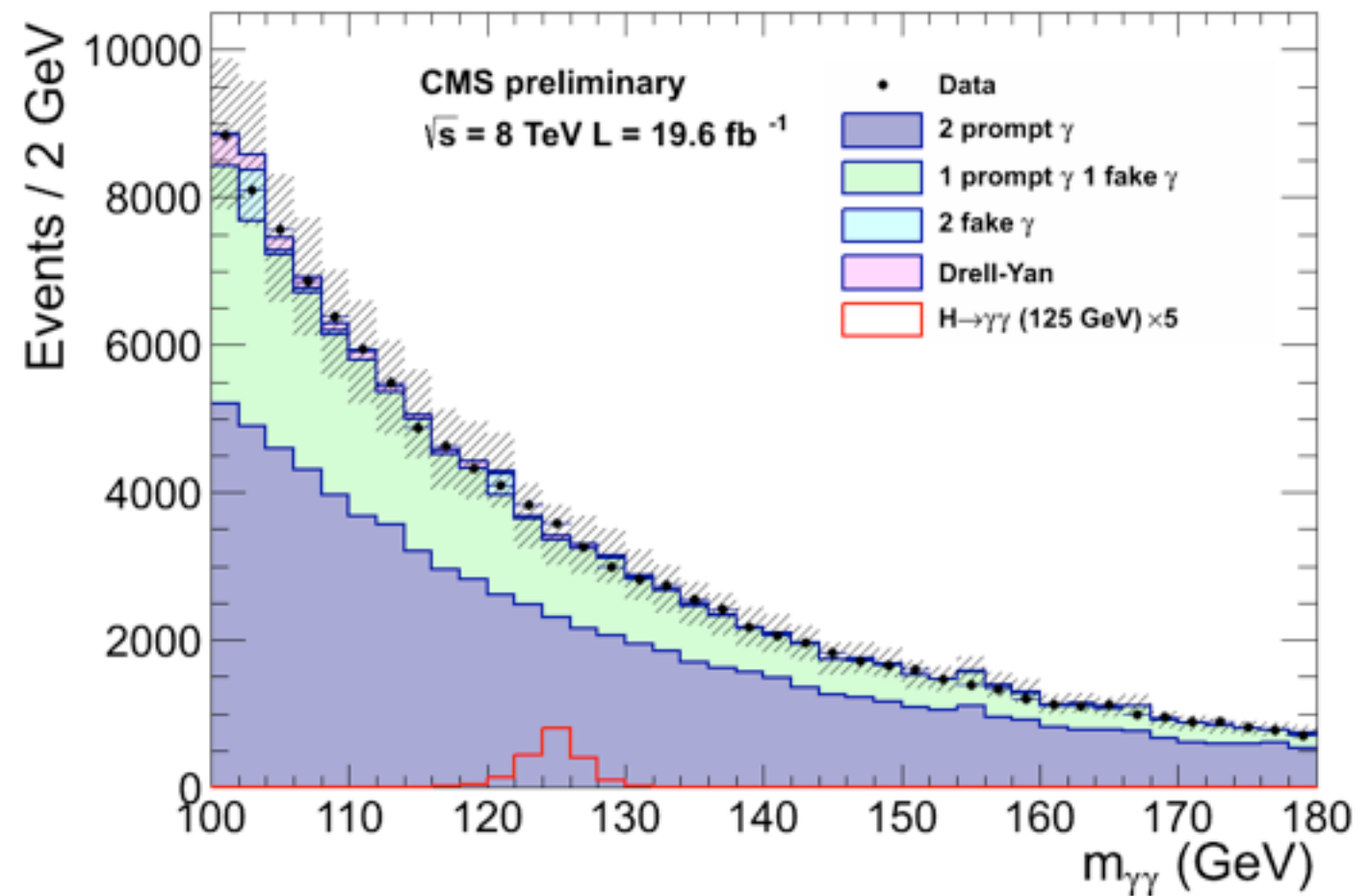


pre-history



- Tiny signal (S) vs large bkgd (B):
 - ✓ background determination
 - ✓ signal discrimination
- Signal discrimination based on:
 - ✓ event kinematics
 - ✓ diphoton mass resolution
 - ✓ jet rejection (shower shape in ECAL and PF isolation)
- Dominant backgrounds:
 - ✓ prompt diphoton: 70%
 - ✓ photon + jets: 30%
- Control samples:
 - ✓ $Z \rightarrow ee$
 - ✓ $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$

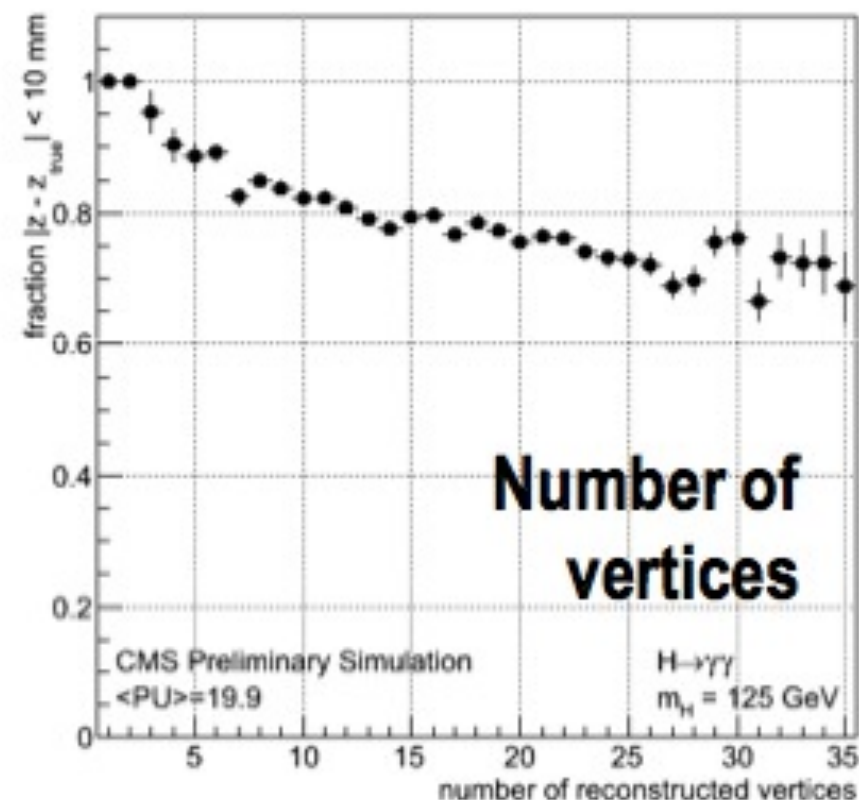
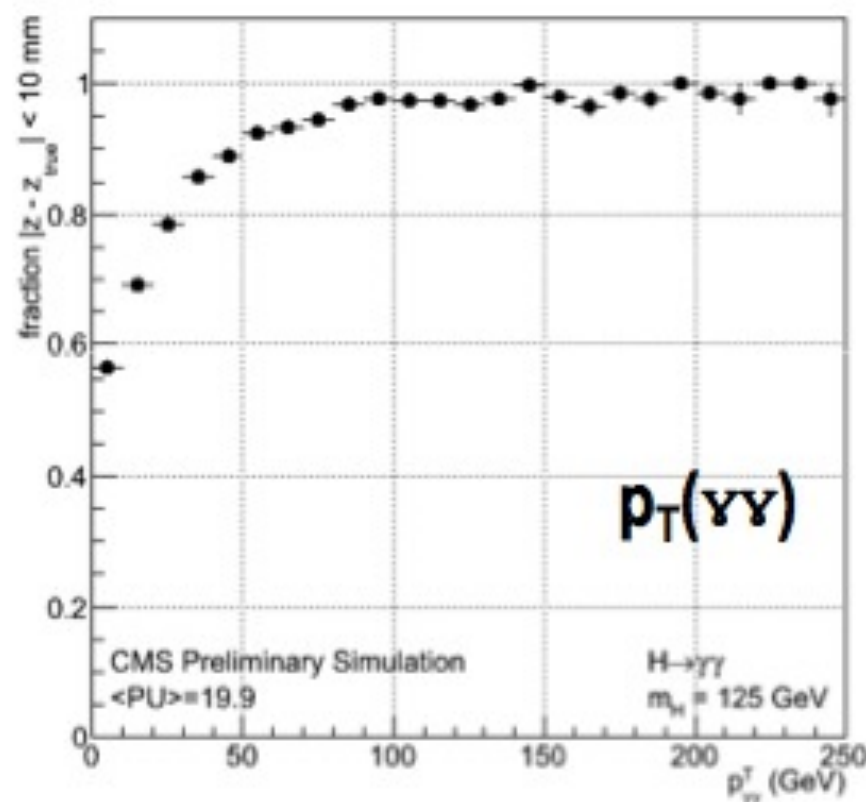
$$m_{\gamma\gamma} = \sqrt{\frac{2 E_{\gamma 1} E_{\gamma 2}}{\text{ECAL}} \frac{(1 - \cos \theta)}{\text{PV}_z}}$$



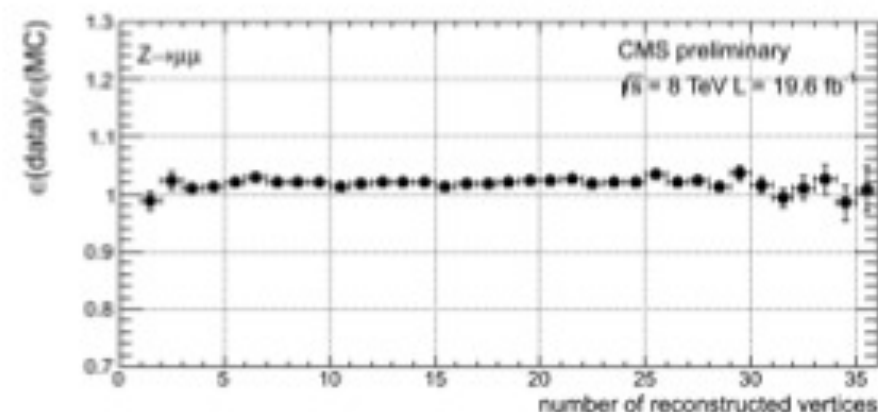
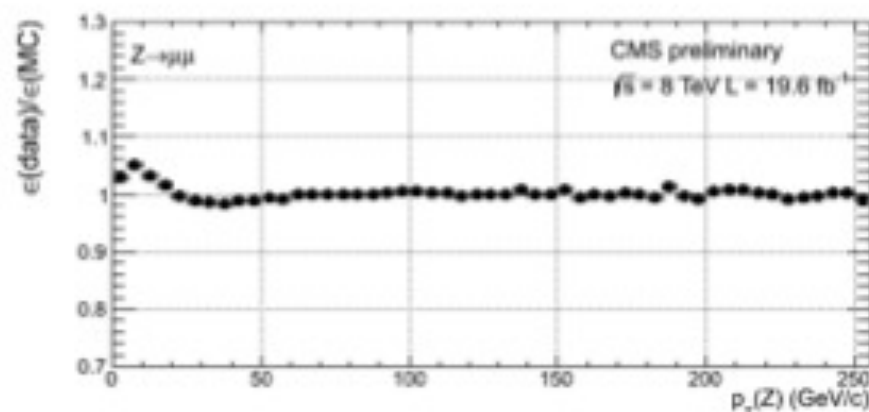
Primary vertex position

- No hard tracks from photons to identify the hard scatter primary vertex (PV).
- PV Z position affects mass resolution if $\sigma_{ZPV} \sim 10\text{mm}$ ($\sigma_{ZLHC} \sim 5\text{cm}$)
- **PV assignment via MVA method:**
 Σp_T^2 , vertex recoil vs di γ system, γ conversion pointing
- **Additional MVA estimates the per-event probability to identify the correct PV.**
- Efficiencies checked in data: $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (w/o tracks) and γ +jets (for γ conversion)

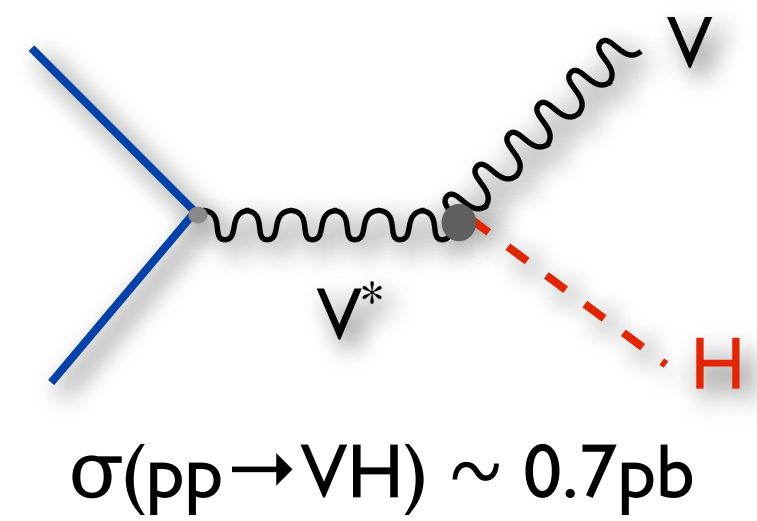
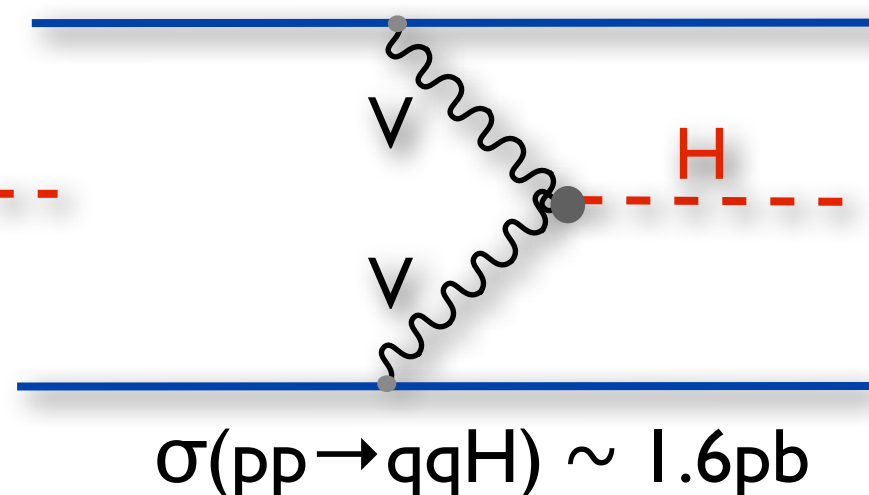
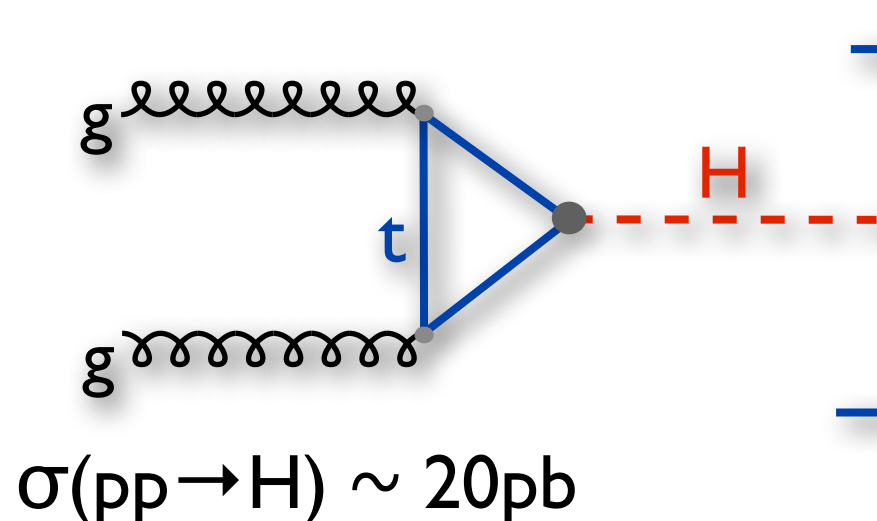
MC signal efficiency



Data/MC ratio using $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$

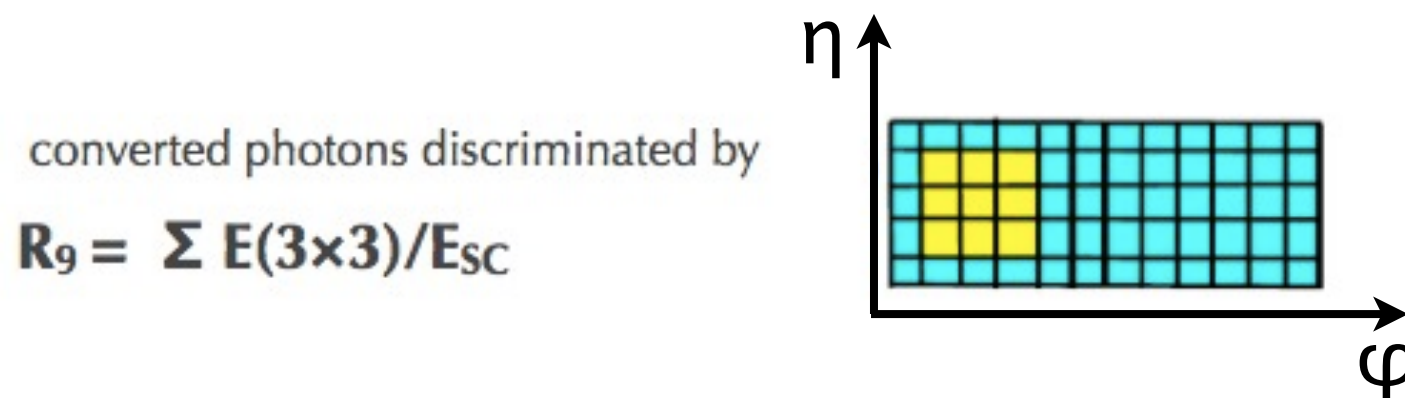


- Two analysis in parallel: **two different diphoton event pre-selection**
 - ✓ **fully cut-based analysis (CiC)** with slightly lower systematic uncertainties
 - ✓ **MVA analysis fully exploits the evt-by-evt properties**: kinematic and photon quality
- Similar strategy: split diphoton sample into sub-samples with different S/B:
 - ✓ **"exclusive" categories**: associated production with jets (VBF) or vector boson (VH)
 - ◆ probe VBF and VH production modes
 - ◆ higher S/B than inclusive production
 - ✓ **"inclusive" categories**
 - ◆ CiC analysis: 4 categories using the detector-based quality of the event
 - ◆ MVA analysis: 4 categories based on a mass blinded BDT discriminant
- **MVA analysis main result**: better expected sensitivity



CiC inclusive categories

- **CiC di-photon pre-selection** (for all CiC analysis):
 - ✓ γ identification: cut-based see Elisabeth talk
 - ✓ cut efficiency controlled in $Z \rightarrow ee$ and $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$
 - ✓ kinematic cuts: $pT_1/m_{\gamma\gamma} > 1/3$, $pT_2/m_{\gamma\gamma} > 1/4$, $|\eta_1| < 2.5$, $|\eta_2| < 2.5$
- **CiC inclusive categories** based on detector properties:
 - ✓ barrel vs endcap (different resolution and S/B)
 - ✓ converted ($R_9 < 0.94$) vs unconverted ($R_9 > 0.94$) photon

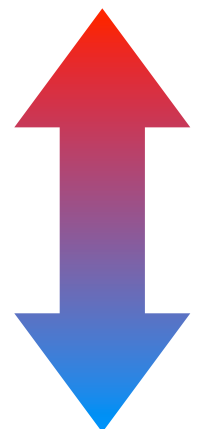


Cat 0	Both photons in barrel	Both photons $R_9 > 0.94$
Cat 1	Both photons in barrel	At least one photon with $R_9 < 0.94$
Cat 2	At least one photon in endcaps	Both photons $R_9 > 0.94$
Cat 3	At least one photon in endcaps	At least one photon with $R_9 < 0.94$

mass
resolution



S/B



MVA inclusive categories

- **Mass-blinded BDT discriminant:**

- ✓ $\eta_1, \eta_2, \Delta\varphi, pT_1/m_{\gamma\gamma}, pT_2/m_{\gamma\gamma}$

- ✓ **mass resolution:**

- ◆ ECAL energy resolution per γ

- ◆ Correct PV assignment probability

- ✓ **photon quality:** MVAid see Elisabeth

- ✓ shape and efficiency controlled in $Z \rightarrow ee$ and $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$

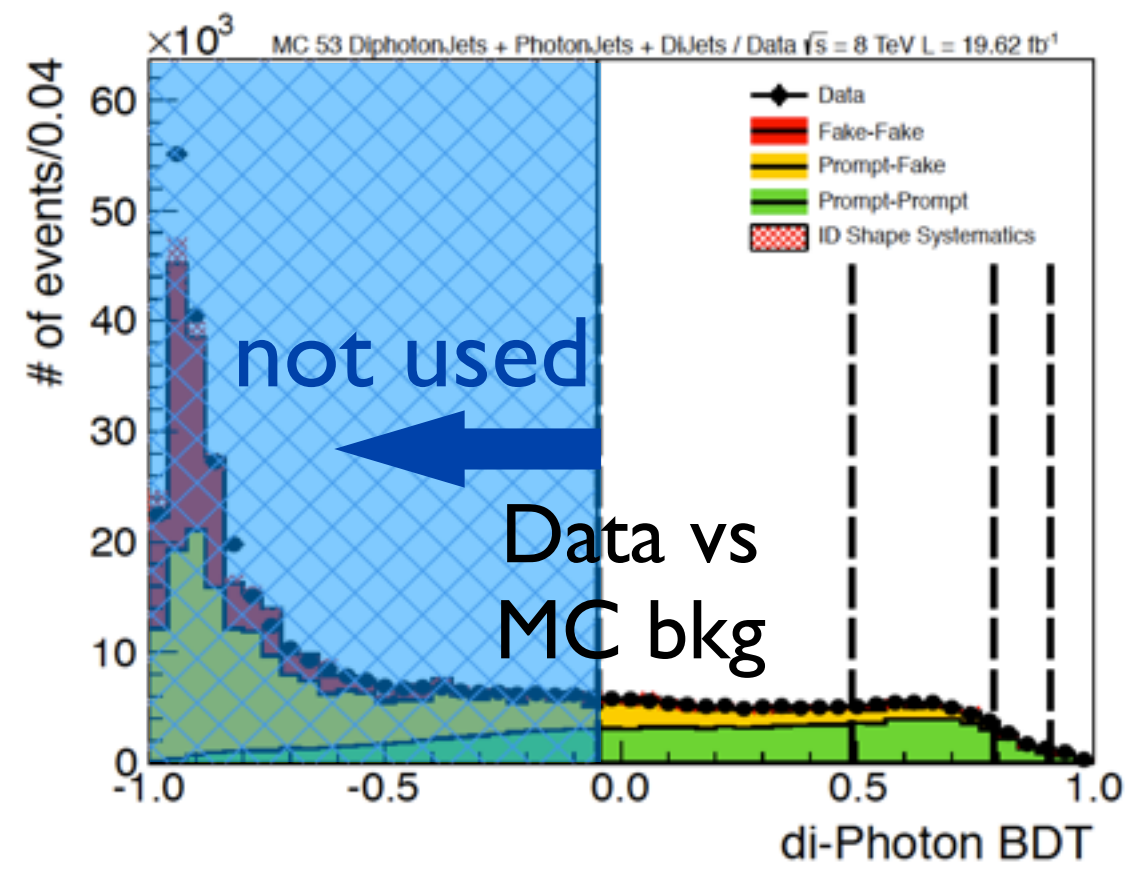
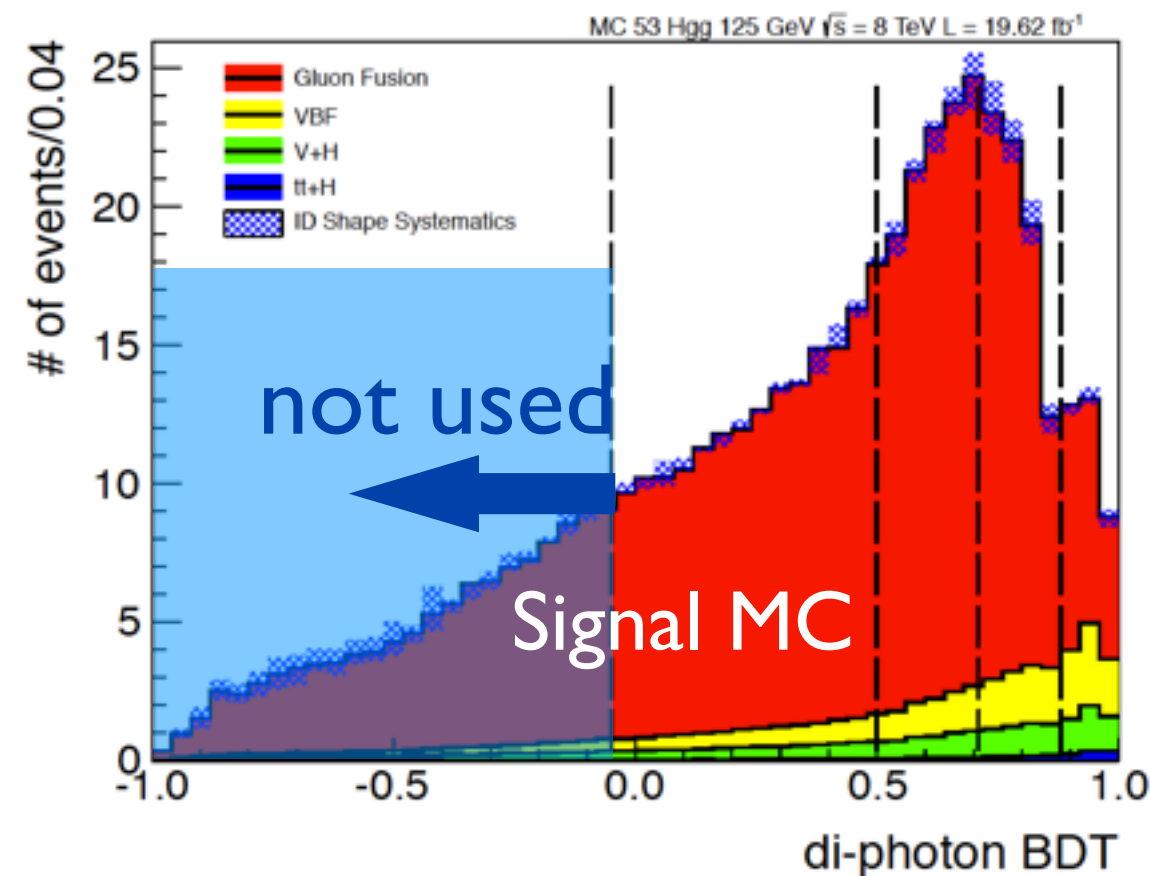
- **MVA di-photon pre-selection** (for all MVA analysis):

- ✓ γ identification: MVAid > -0.2

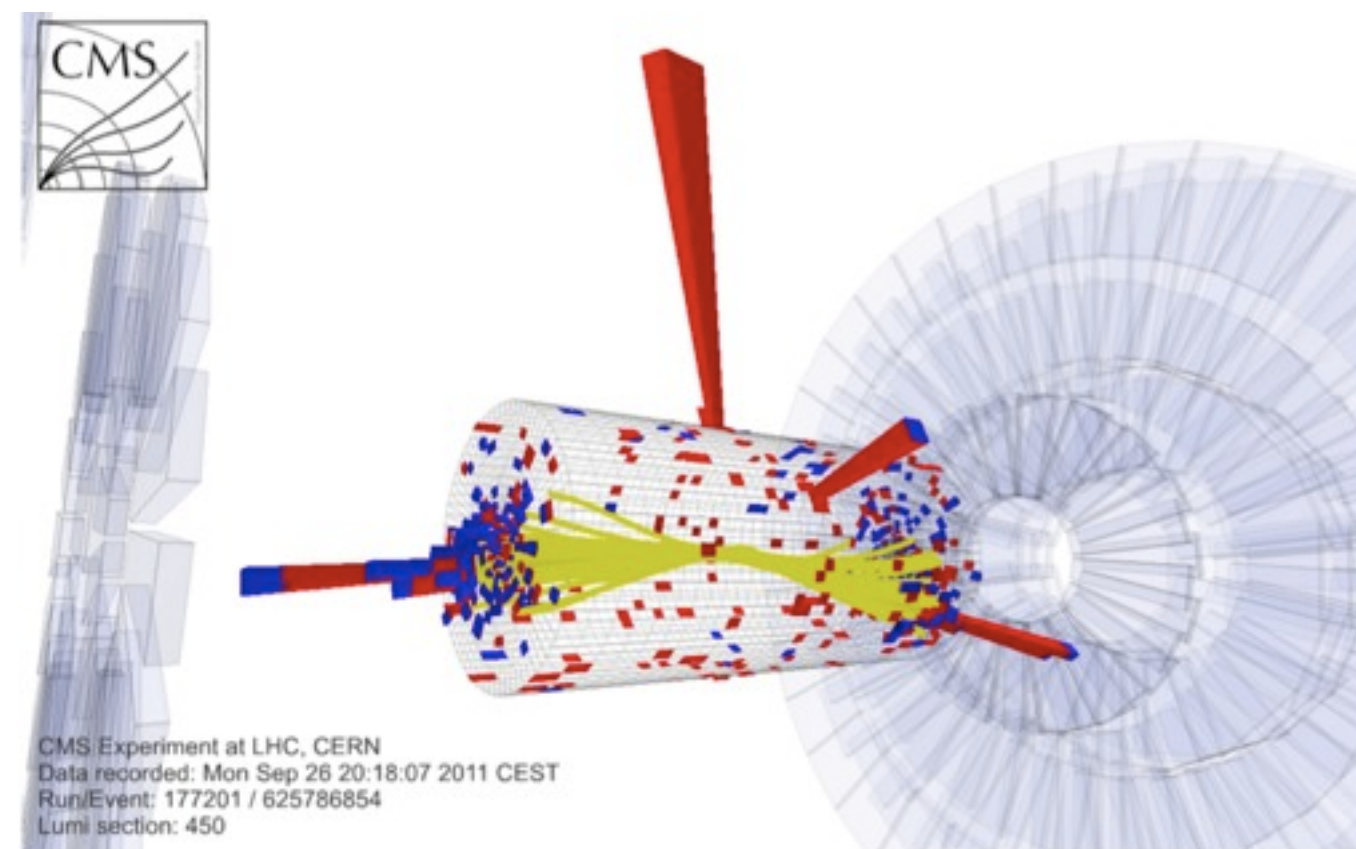
- ✓ kinematic cuts: same as CiC

- ✓ di- γ MVA > -0.05

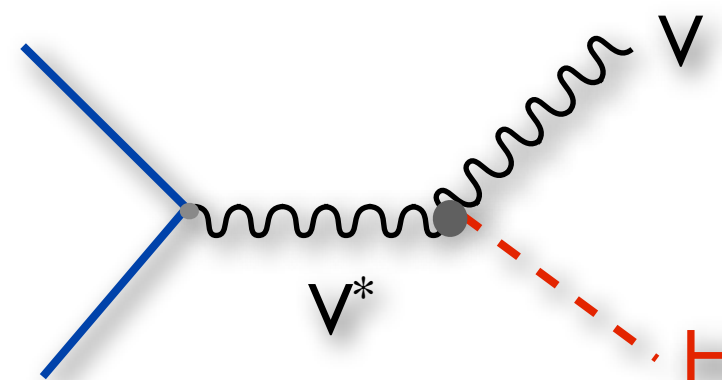
- **4 MVA inclusive categories**



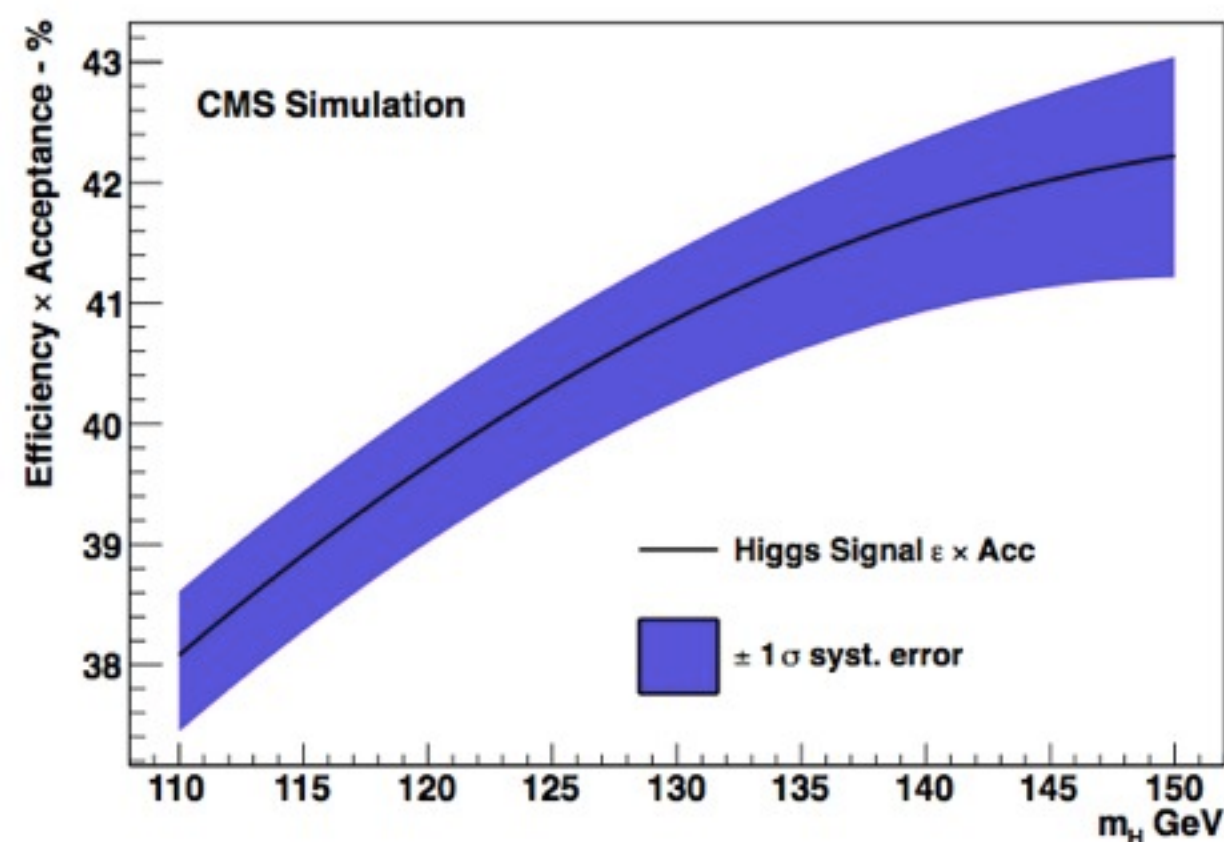
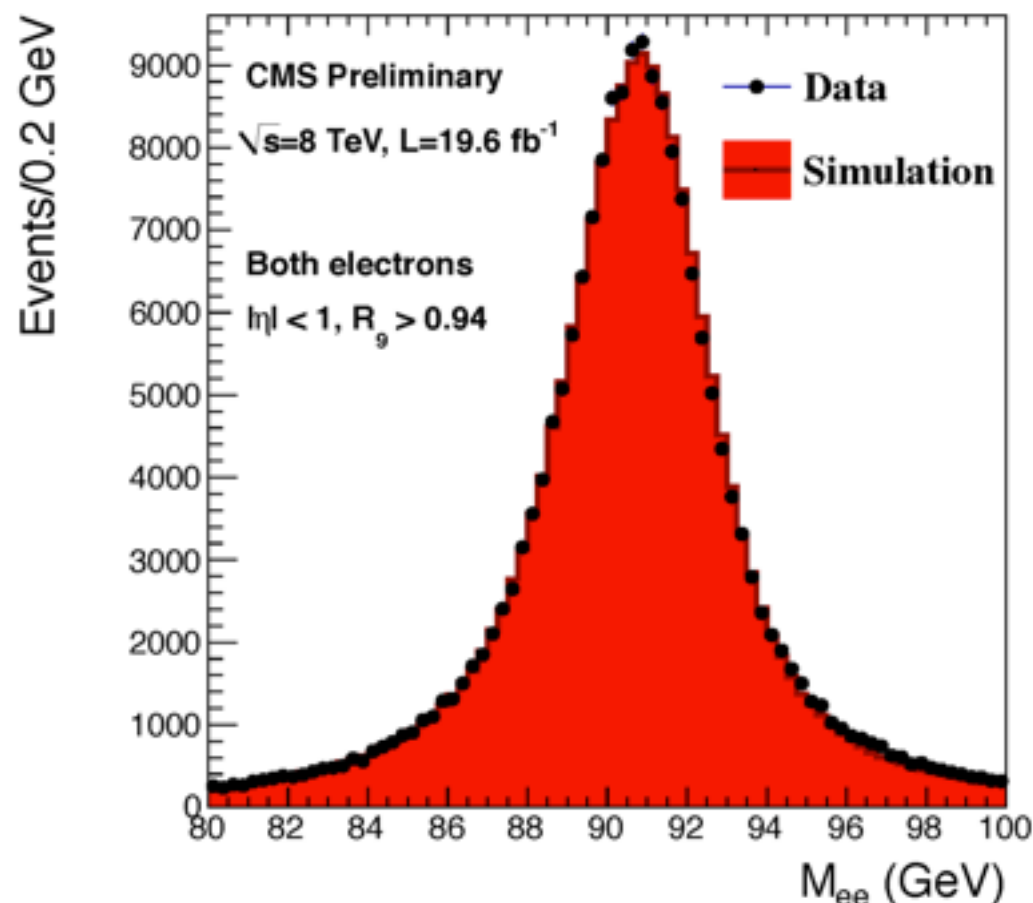
- Vector Boson Fusion (VBF): 2 forward jets with a gap in rapidity
 - ✓ CiC analysis : 2 categories $250 < m_{jj} < 500 \text{ GeV}$ and $500 \text{ GeV} < m_{jj}$
 - ✓ MVA analysis: 2 categories based on a MVA using photons and jets kinematics (new)
 - ✓ In 2011 only one VBF cat for both analysis



- VH: new in SM analysis for 8TeV dataset
 - ✓ only V leptonic decays $W \rightarrow \ell \nu$ ($2 \times 10\%$) $Z \rightarrow \ell \ell$ ($2 \times 3.5\%$) $Z \rightarrow \nu \nu$ (20%)
 - ✓ electron and muon tag categories: one lepton with $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $\Delta R(\gamma, \ell) > 1.0$
 - ✓ Missing p_T tag category: $\text{MET} > 70 \text{ GeV}$

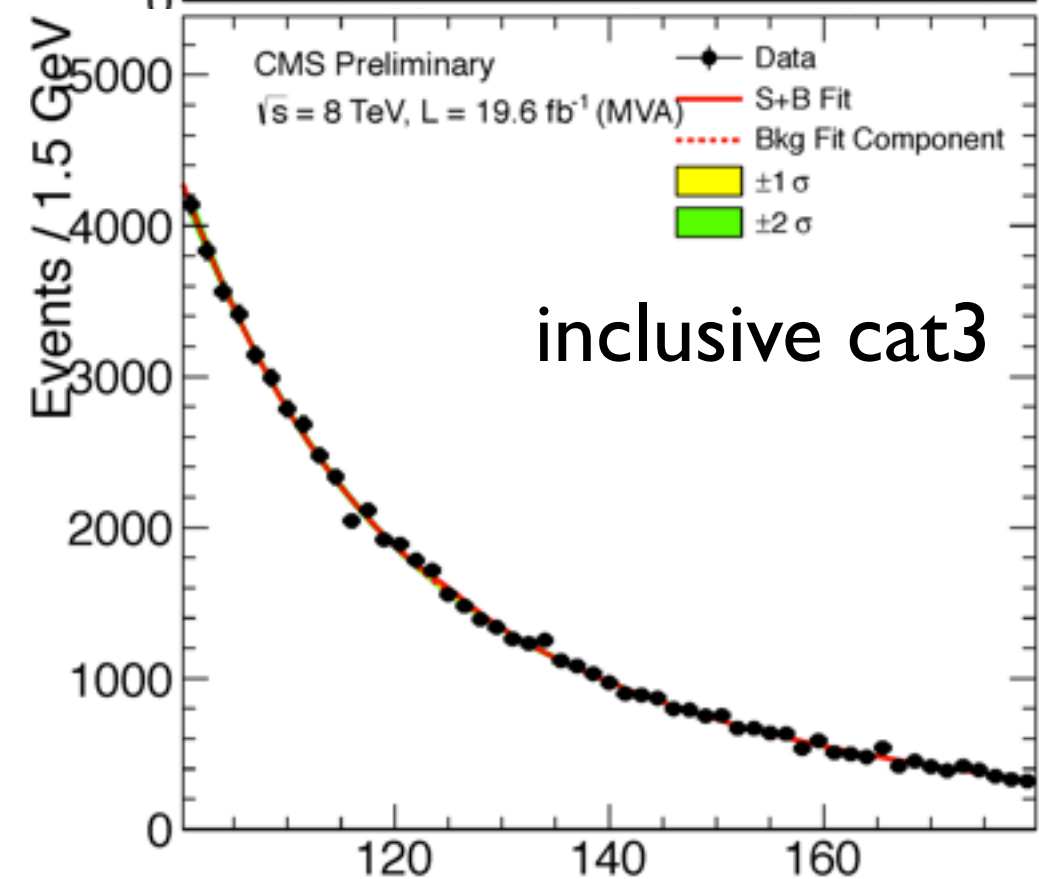
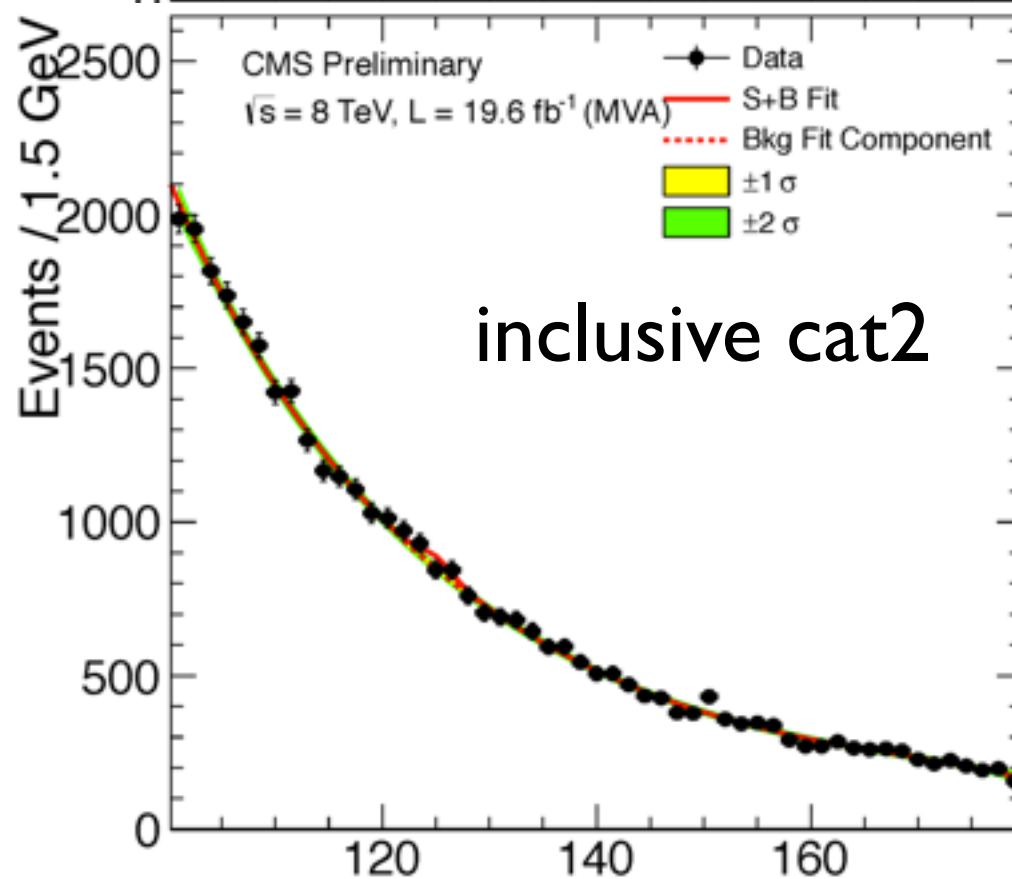
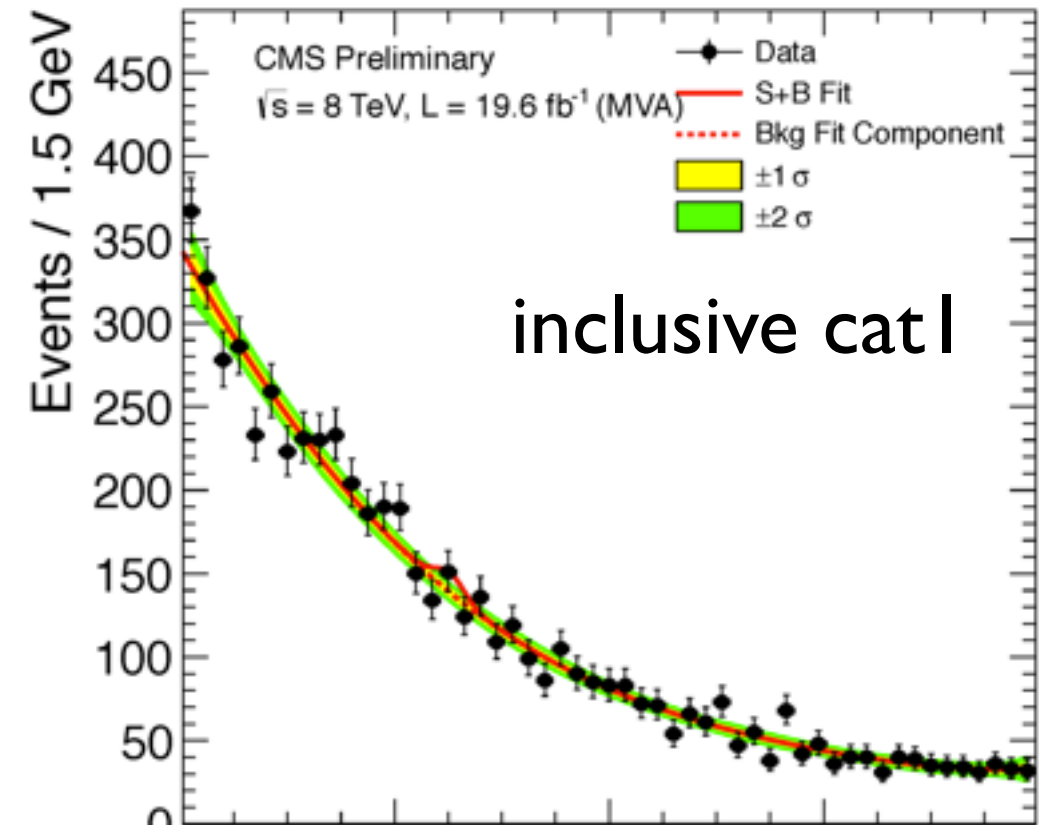
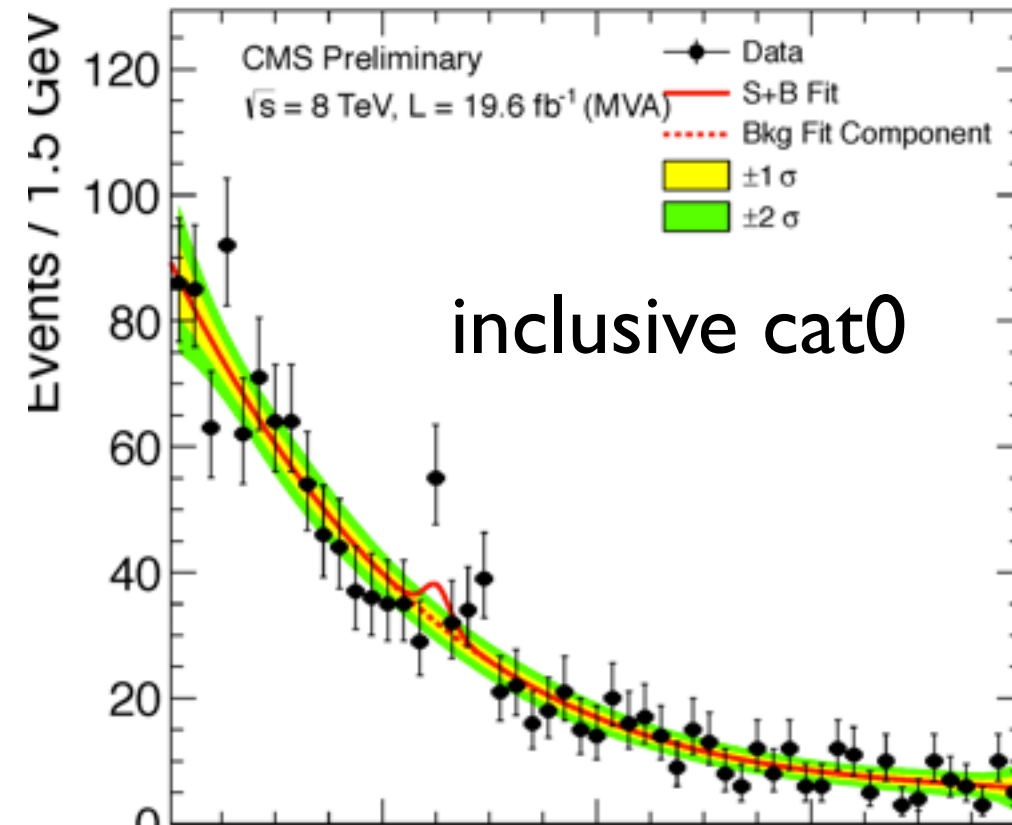


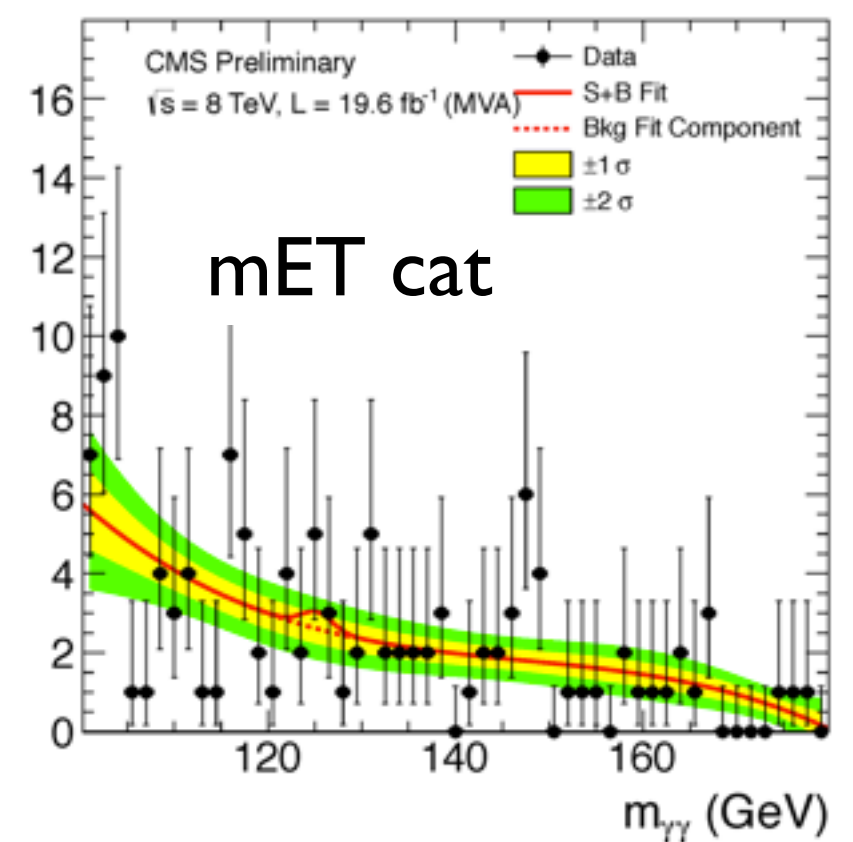
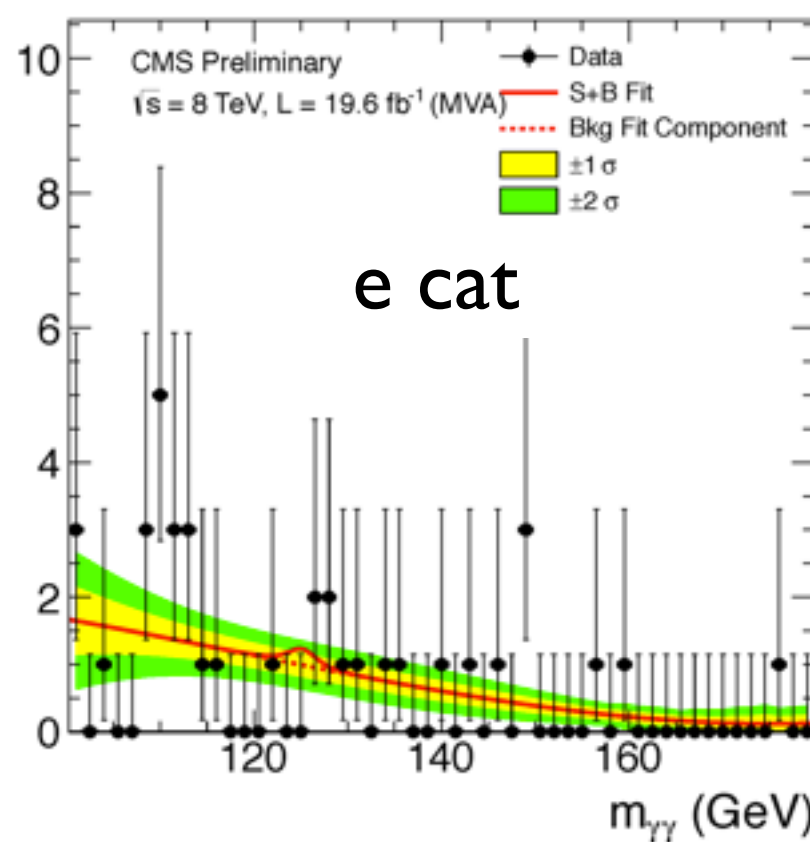
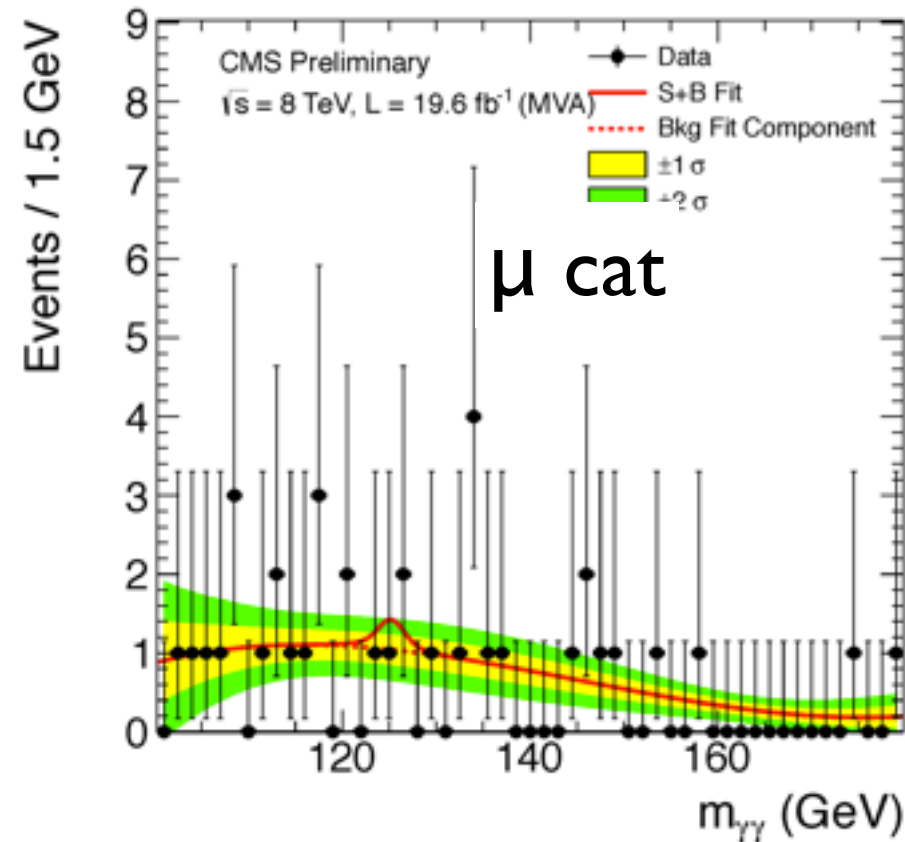
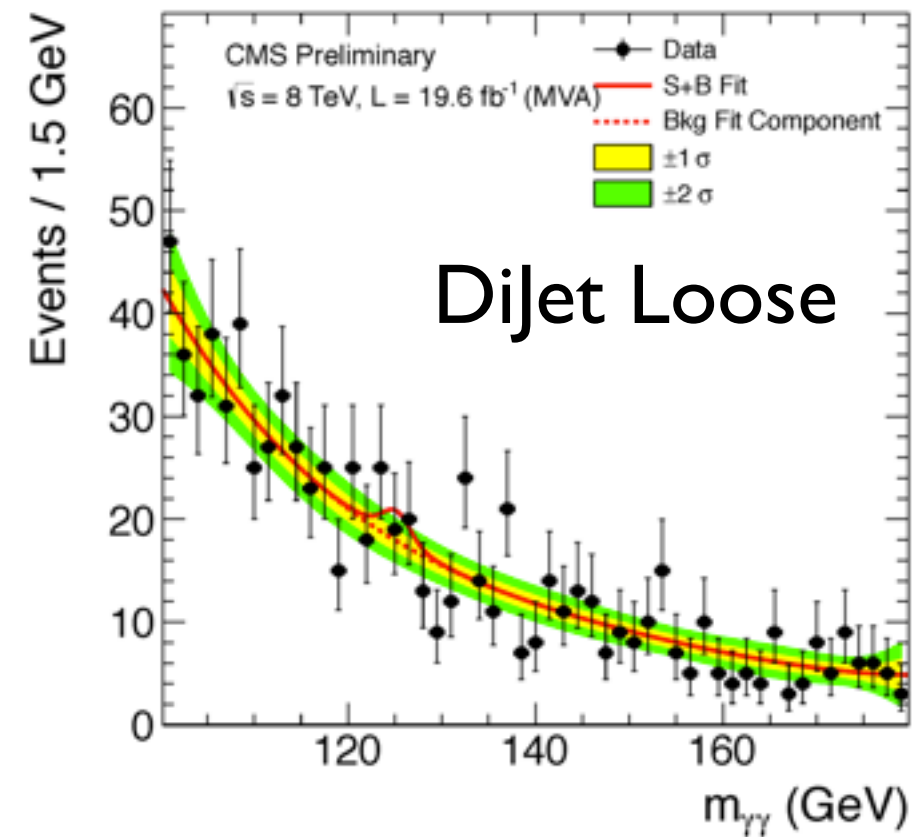
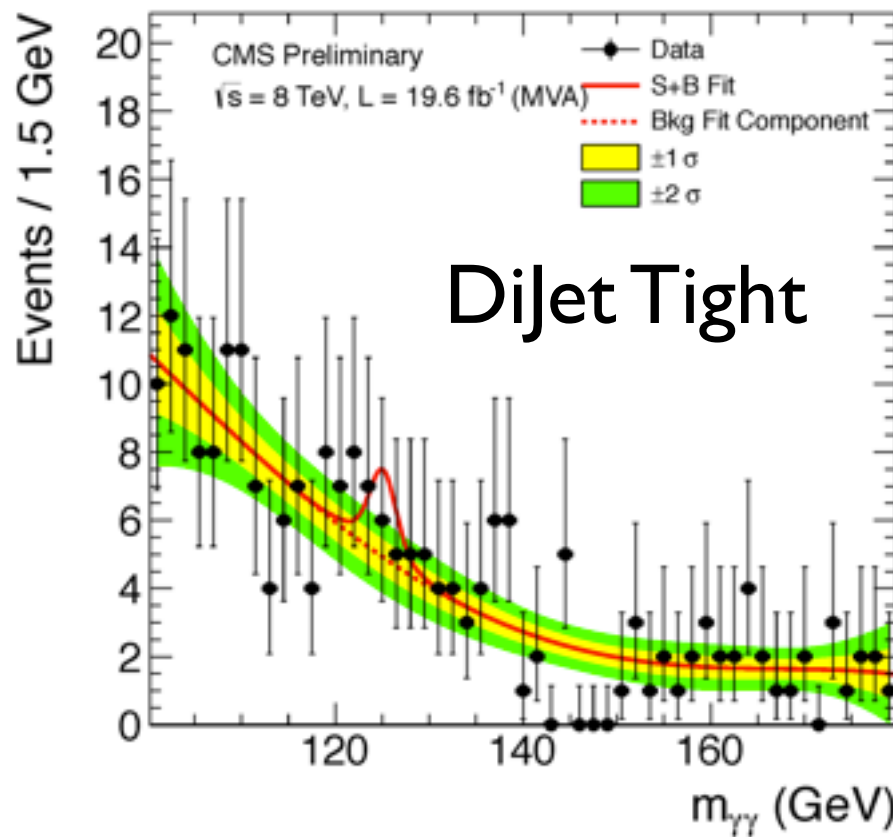
- Background is estimated from data
 - ✓ fit the diphoton mass spectrum with a dedicated background shape
 - ✓ polynomials to accommodate for several potential truth background shape
 - ✓ polynomial order: bias below 20% of statistical uncertainties for several truth background shape
- Signal model:
 - ✓ MC simulation accounting for efficiency scale factor and photon energy resolution correction to match data in several $R9 \times \eta$ bins.
 - ✓ MVAid and $\sigma_{E_Y}/E_Y[\text{exp}]$ corrected using $Z \rightarrow ee$ events



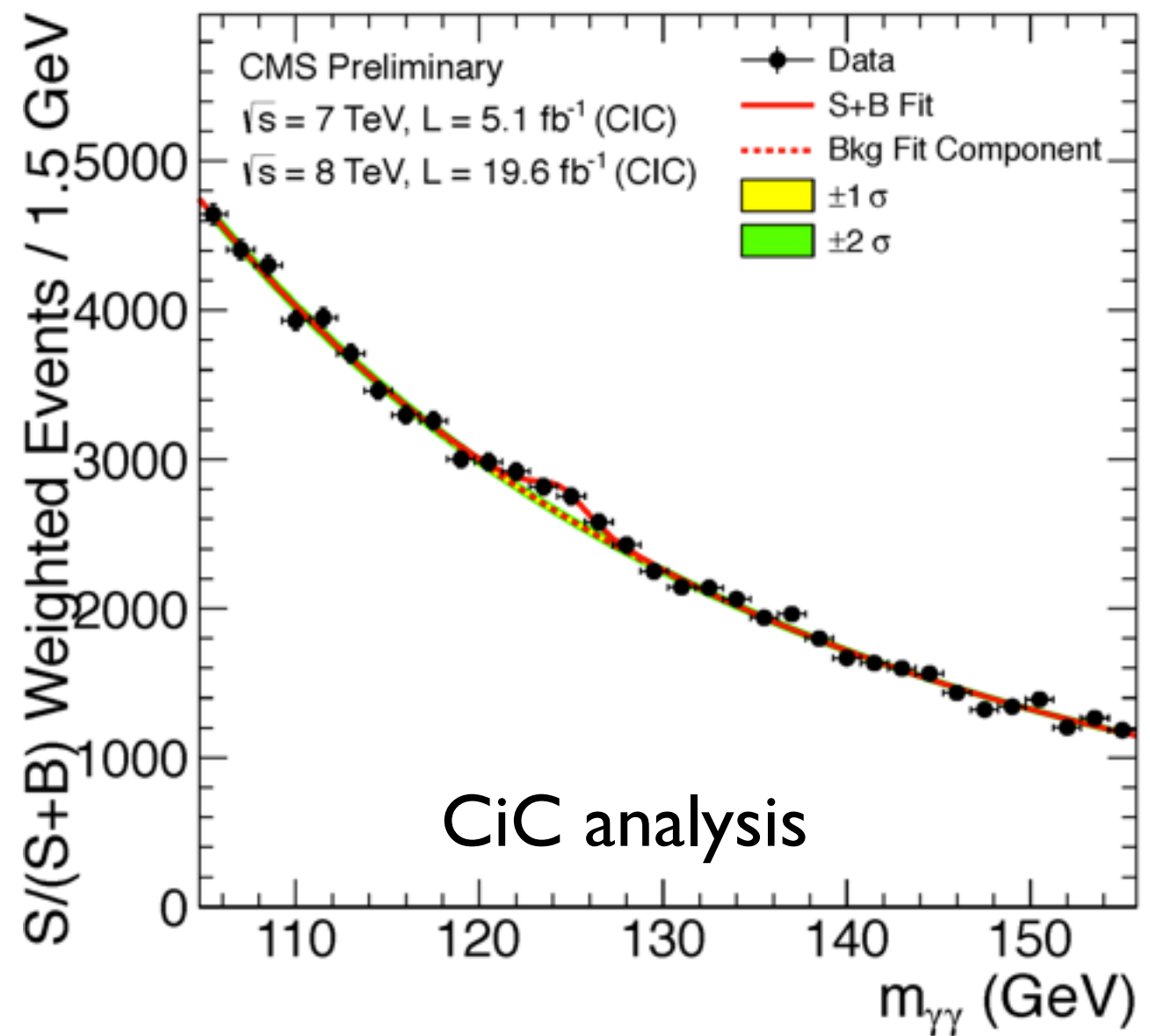
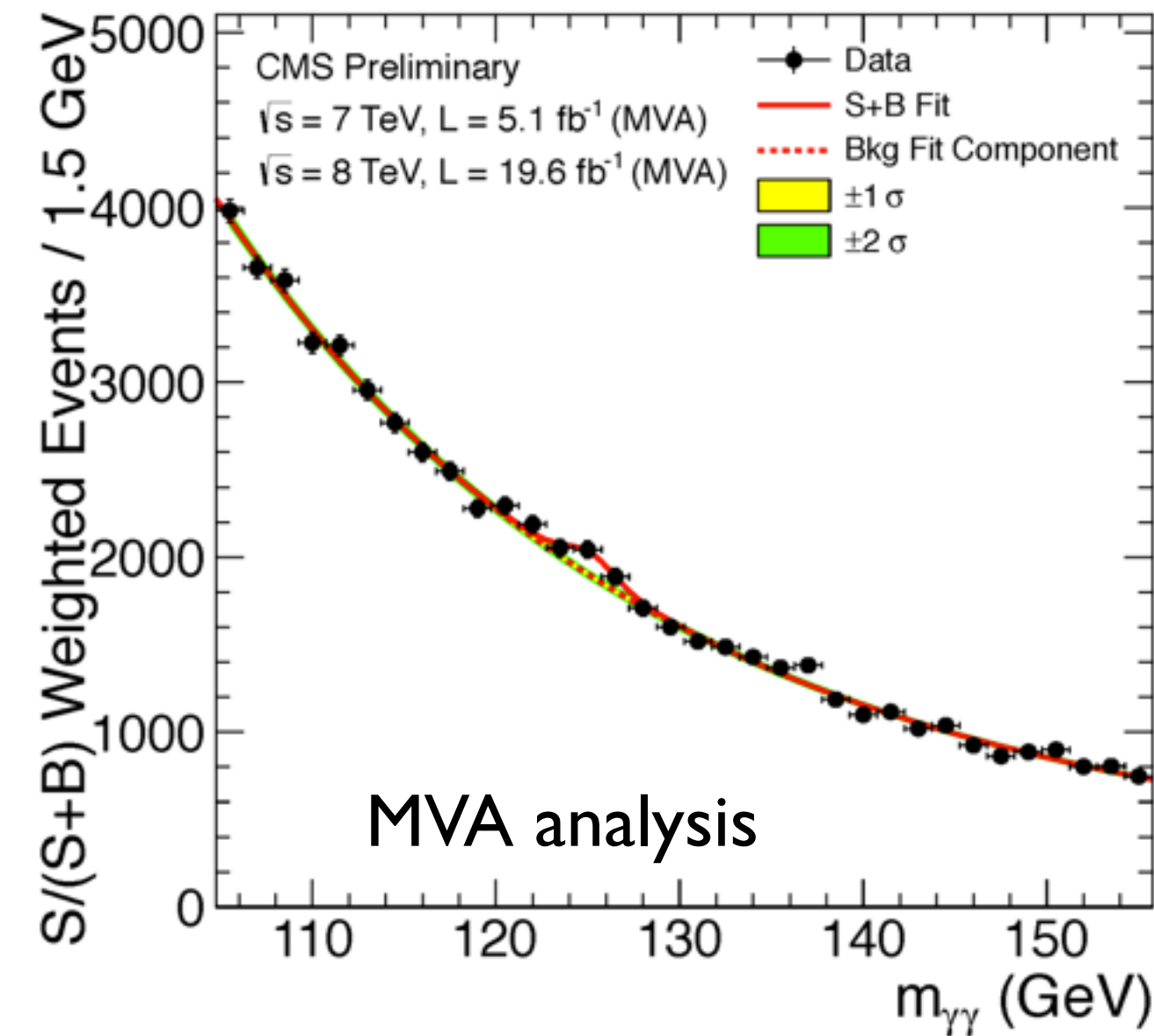
MVA analysis event yield

Expected signal and estimated background										
Event classes		SM Higgs boson expected signal ($m_H=125$ GeV)						S/B ($\pm 1.5\sigma_{\text{eff}}$)	Background $m_{\gamma\gamma} = 125$ GeV (ev./GeV)	
		Total	ggH	VBF	VH	ttH	σ_{eff} (GeV)			
7 TeV 5.1 fb^{-1}	Untagged 0	3.2	61.4%	16.8%	18.7%	3.1%	1.21		3.3	± 0.4
	Untagged 1	16.3	87.6%	6.2%	5.6%	0.5%	1.26		37.5	± 1.3
	Untagged 2	21.5	91.3%	4.4%	3.9%	0.3%	1.59		74.8	± 1.9
	Untagged 3	32.8	91.3%	4.4%	4.1%	0.2%	2.47		193.6	± 3.0
	Dijet tag	2.9	26.8%	72.5%	0.6%	–	1.73		1.7	± 0.2
8 TeV 19.6 fb^{-1}	Untagged 0	17.0	72.9%	11.6%	12.9%	2.6%	1.36	0.16	22.1	± 0.5
	Untagged 1	37.8	83.5%	8.4%	7.1%	1.0%	1.50	0.08	94.3	± 1.0
	Untagged 2	150.2	91.6%	4.5%	3.6%	0.4%	1.77	0.04	570.5	± 2.6
	Untagged 3	159.9	92.5%	3.9%	3.3%	0.3%	2.61	0.02	1060.9	± 3.5
	Dijet tight	9.2	20.7%	78.9%	0.3%	0.1%	1.79	0.44	3.4	± 0.2
	Dijet loose	11.5	47.0%	50.9%	1.7%	0.5%	1.87	0.14	12.4	± 0.4
	Muon tag	1.4	0.0%	0.2%	79.0%	20.8%	1.85	0.31	0.7	± 0.1
	Electron tag	0.9	1.1%	0.4%	78.7%	19.8%	1.88	0.20	0.7	± 0.1
	E_T^{miss} tag	1.7	22.0%	2.6%	63.7%	11.7%	1.79	0.15	1.8	± 0.1





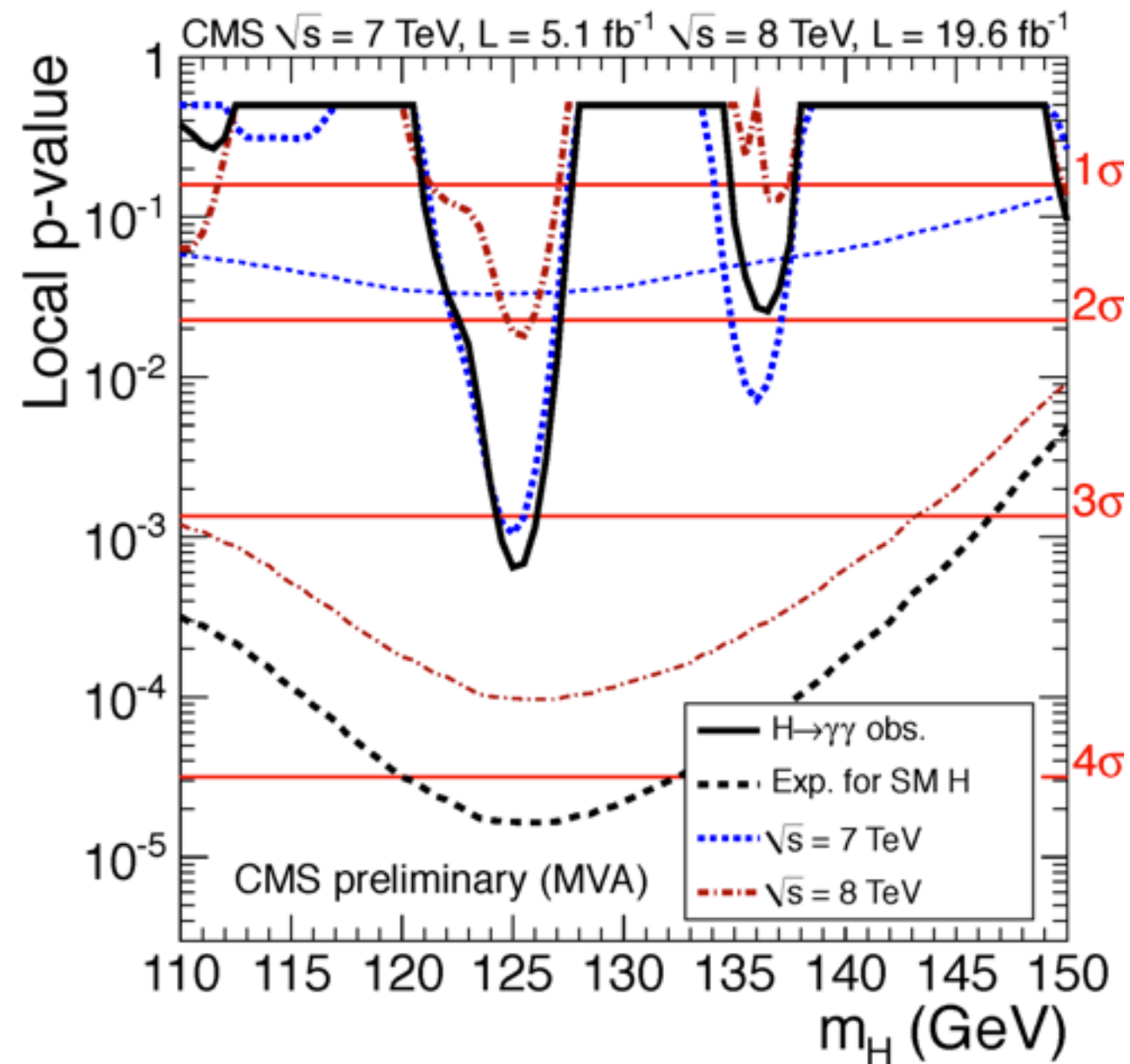
All categories weighted with $S/(S+B)$
7 + 8 TeV dataset



Systematic uncertainties

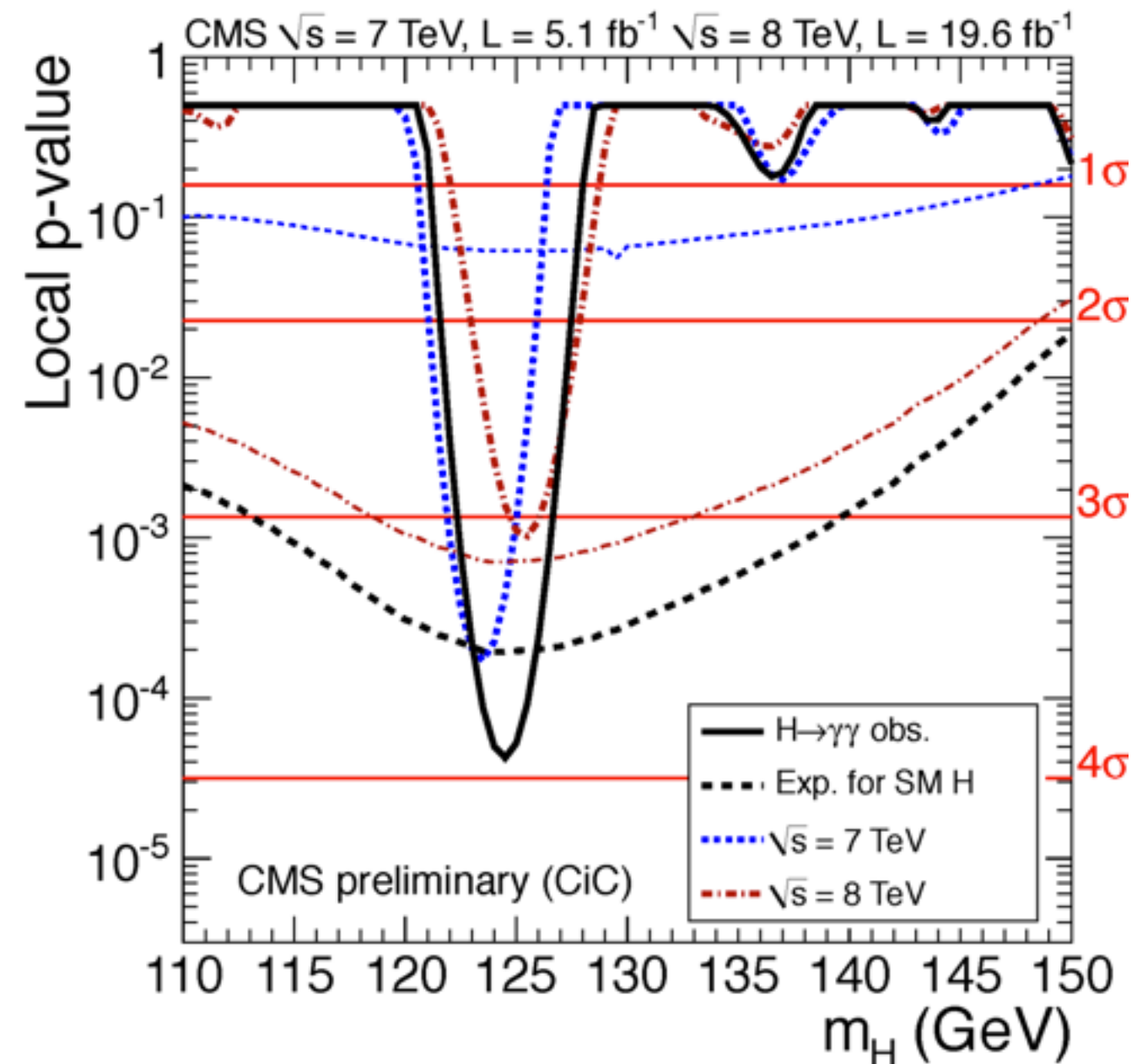
Sources of systematic uncertainty		Uncertainty	
Per photon		Barrel	Endcap
Energy resolution ($\Delta\sigma/E_{MC}$)	$R_9 > 0.94$ (low η , high η)	0.23%, 0.72%	0.93%, 0.36%
	$R_9 < 0.94$ (low η , high η)	0.25%, 0.60%	0.33%, 0.54%
Energy scale ($(E_{data} - E_{MC})/E_{MC}$)	$R_9 > 0.94$ (low η , high η)	0.20%, 0.71%	0.88%, 0.12%
	$R_9 < 0.94$ (low η , high η)	0.20%, 0.51%	0.18%, 0.12%
Photon identification efficiency		1.0%	2.6%
<i>Cut-based</i> $R_9 > 0.94$ efficiency (results in class migration)		4.0%	6.5%
<i>MVA analyses</i> Photon identification BDT (Effect of up to 4.3% event class migration.)		± 0.01 (shape shift)	
Photon energy resolution BDT (Effect of up to 8.1% event class migration.)		$\pm 10\%$ (shape scaling)	
Per event			
Integrated luminosity		4.4%	
Vertex finding efficiency		0.2%	
Trigger efficiency		1.0%	
Global energy scale		0.47%	
Dijet selection			
Dijet-tagging efficiency	VBF process	10%	
	Gluon-gluon fusion process (Effect of up to 15% event migration among dijet classes.)	30%	
Muon selection			
Muon identification efficiency		1.0%	
Electron selection			
Electron identification efficiency		1.0%	
E_T^{miss} selection			
E_T^{miss} cut efficiency	Gluon-gluon fusion	15%	
	Vector boson fusion	15%	
	Associated production with W/Z	4%	
	Associated production with $t\bar{t}$	4%	
Production cross sections		Scale	PDF
Gluon-gluon fusion		+7.6% -8.2%	+7.6% -7.0%
Vector boson fusion		+0.3% -0.8%	+2.6% -2.8%
Associated production with W/Z		+2.1% -1.8%	4.2%
Associated production with $t\bar{t}$		+4.1% -9.4%	8.0%

7 + 8 TeV dataset



MVA analysis

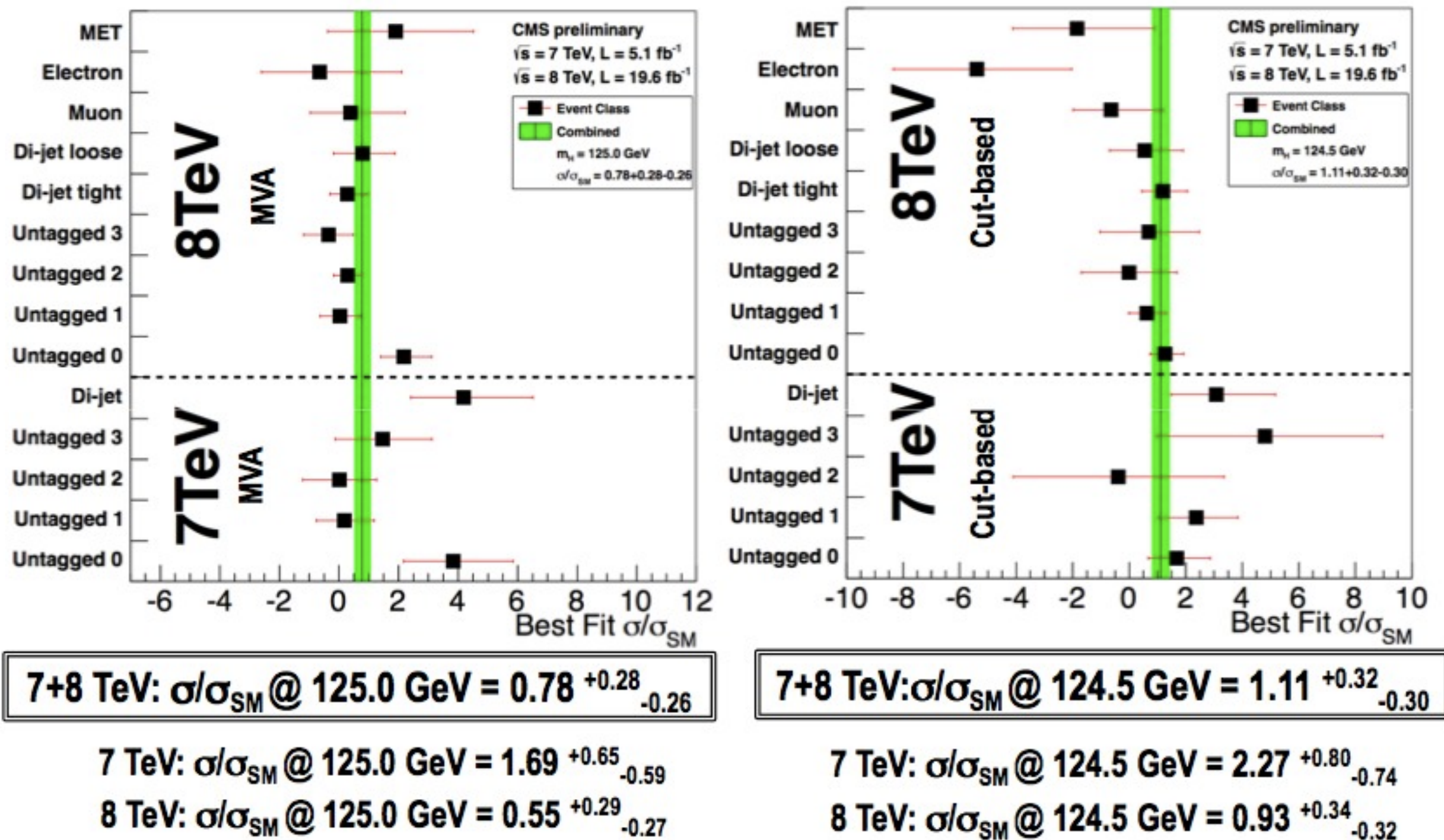
signi @ 125 GeV: 3.2σ (4.2σ exp)



CiC analysis

signi @ 124.5 GeV: 3.9σ (3.5σ exp)

results: channel compatibility



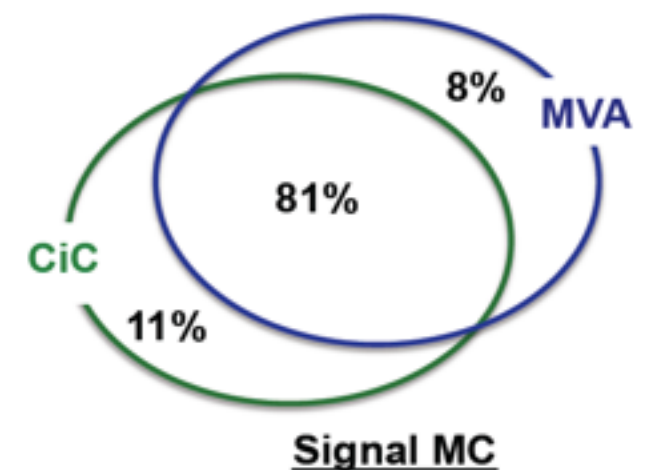
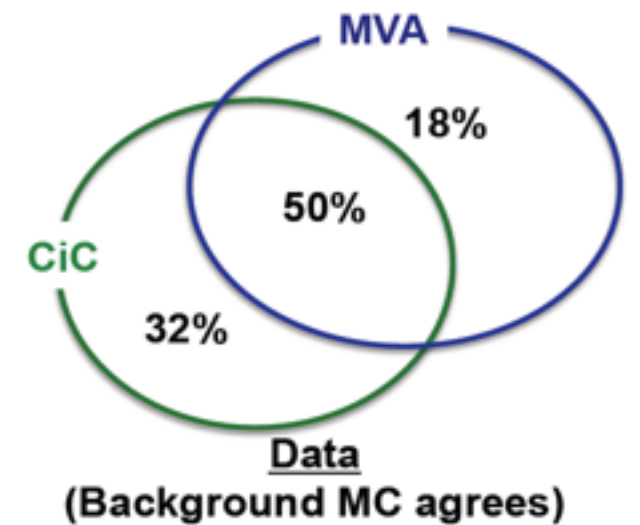
Comparison with published result: 7TeV results are identical, 8TeV signal strength is significantly smaller (new data + re-analysis of 8TeV data)

CiC vs MVA analysis compatibility

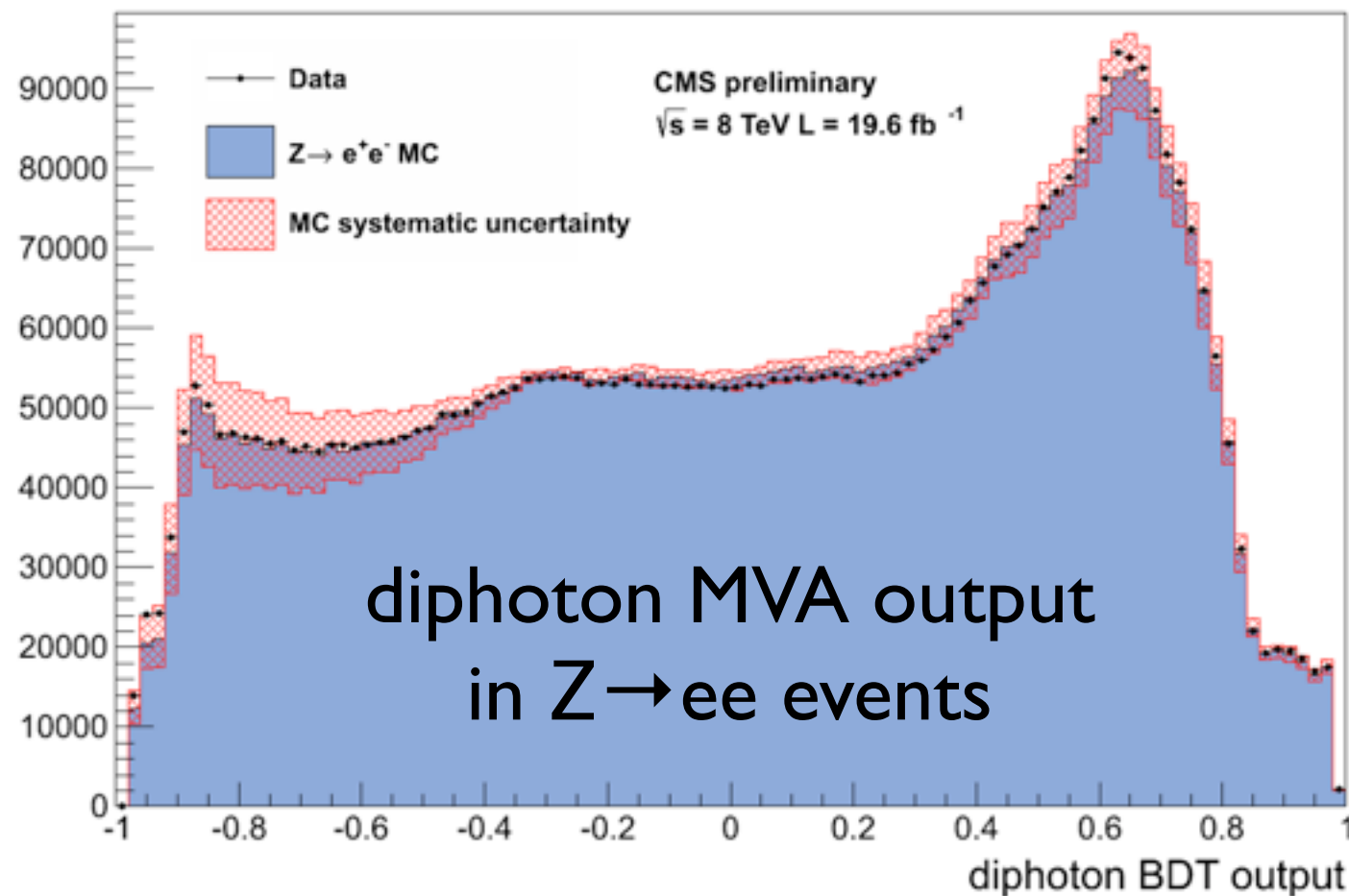
- Two analysis found somewhat different results on the same dataset
- Low S/B: uncertainty on μ due to background statistical fluctuation
- Correlation between the 2 analysis is measured using JackKnife technique (M. Quenouille 1949, J.W. Tukey 1958):
 - ✓ split sample in several subsamples to get the variance and extrapolate back to full sample
 - ✓ correlation between CiC and MVA $r = 0.76$

test	μ compatibility
CiC vs MVA 7+8 TeV	1.5σ
CiC vs MVA 8 TeV	1.8σ
published vs new MVA 8TeV/5.3fb ⁻¹	1.6σ
published vs new CiC 8TeV/5.3fb ⁻¹	0.5σ

- Huge number of tests performed: all within 2σ



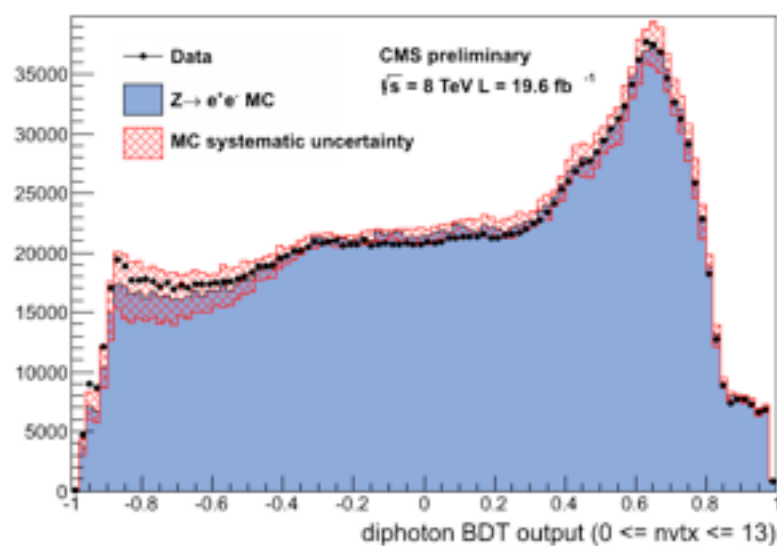
Some diphoton MVA checks



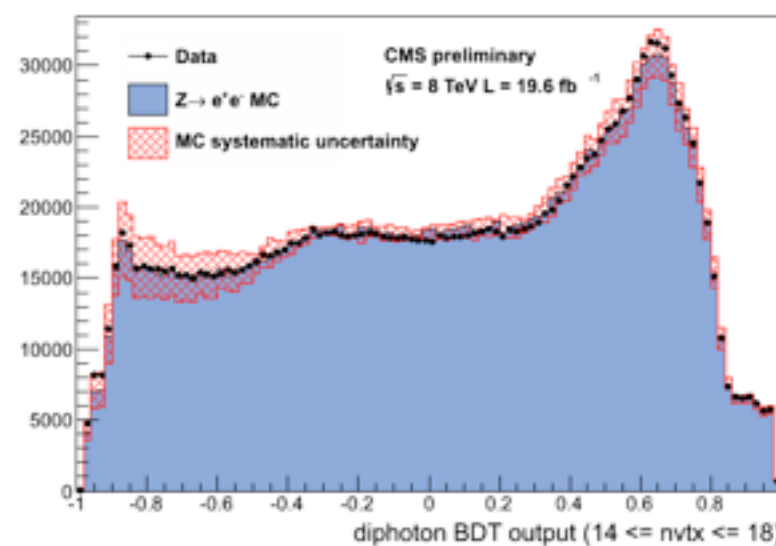
Inputs to the MVA are validated with $Z \rightarrow ee$ and $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$

Systematic uncertainties:

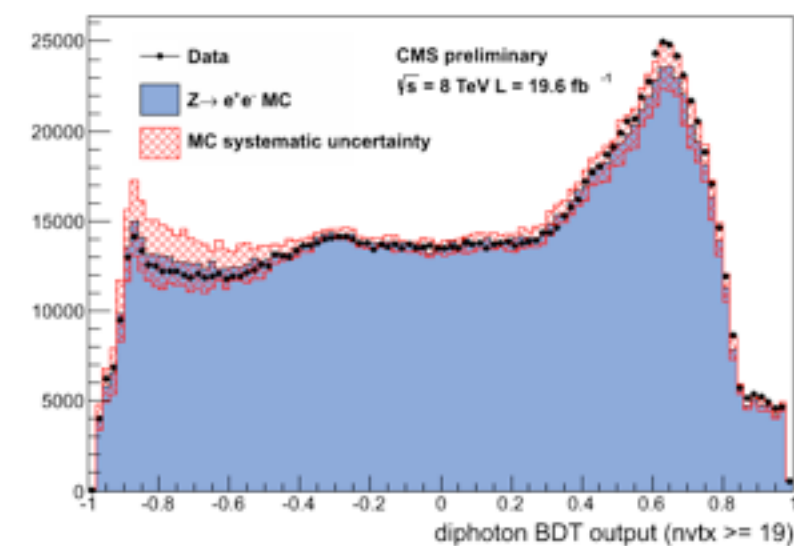
- $M_{\text{vald}\gamma}$ within $\pm 1\sigma$
- $\sigma_{E\gamma}/E\gamma$ within $\pm 1\sigma$



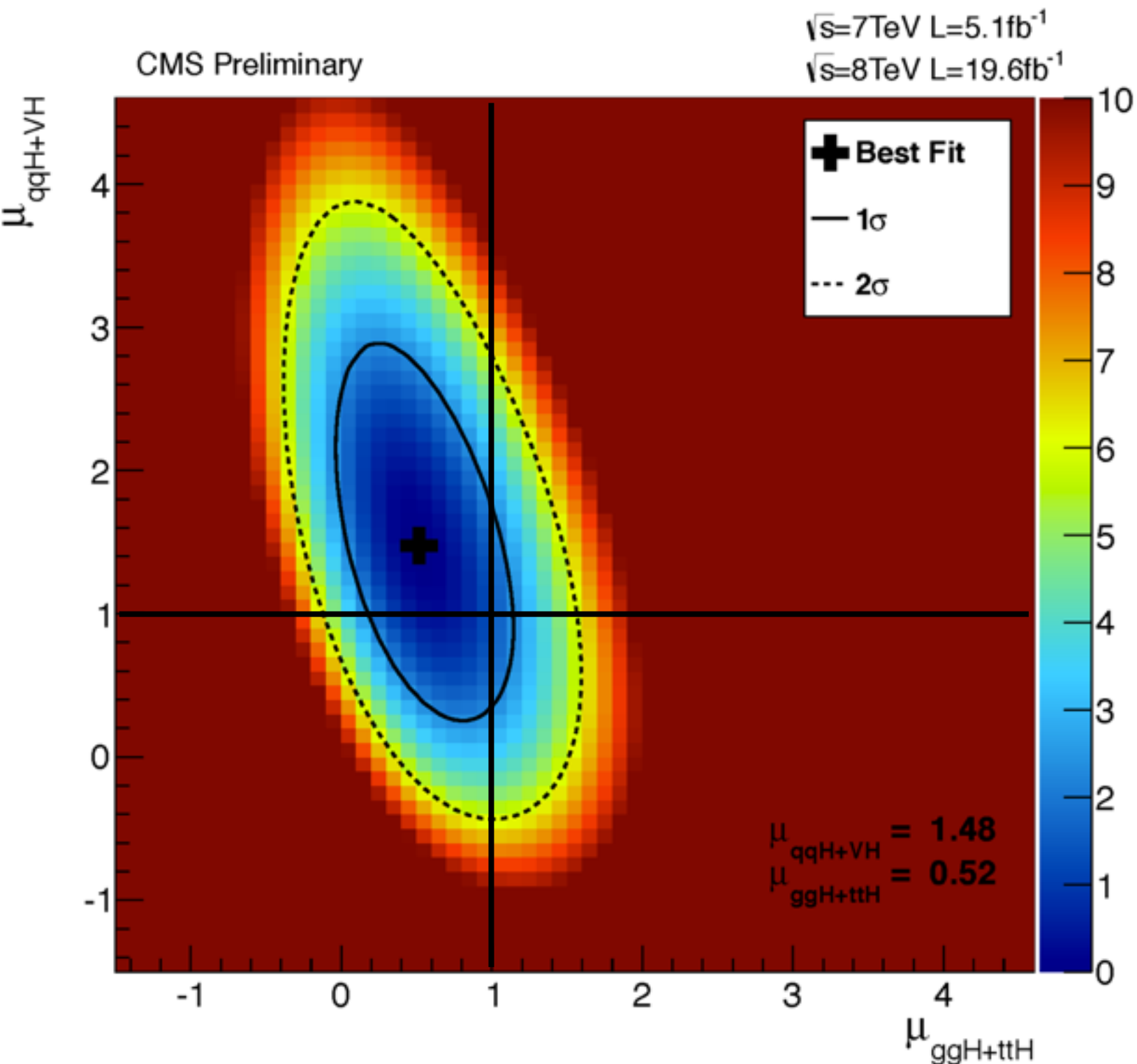
$0 \leq n_{\text{PV}} < 14$



$14 \leq n_{\text{PV}} < 19$



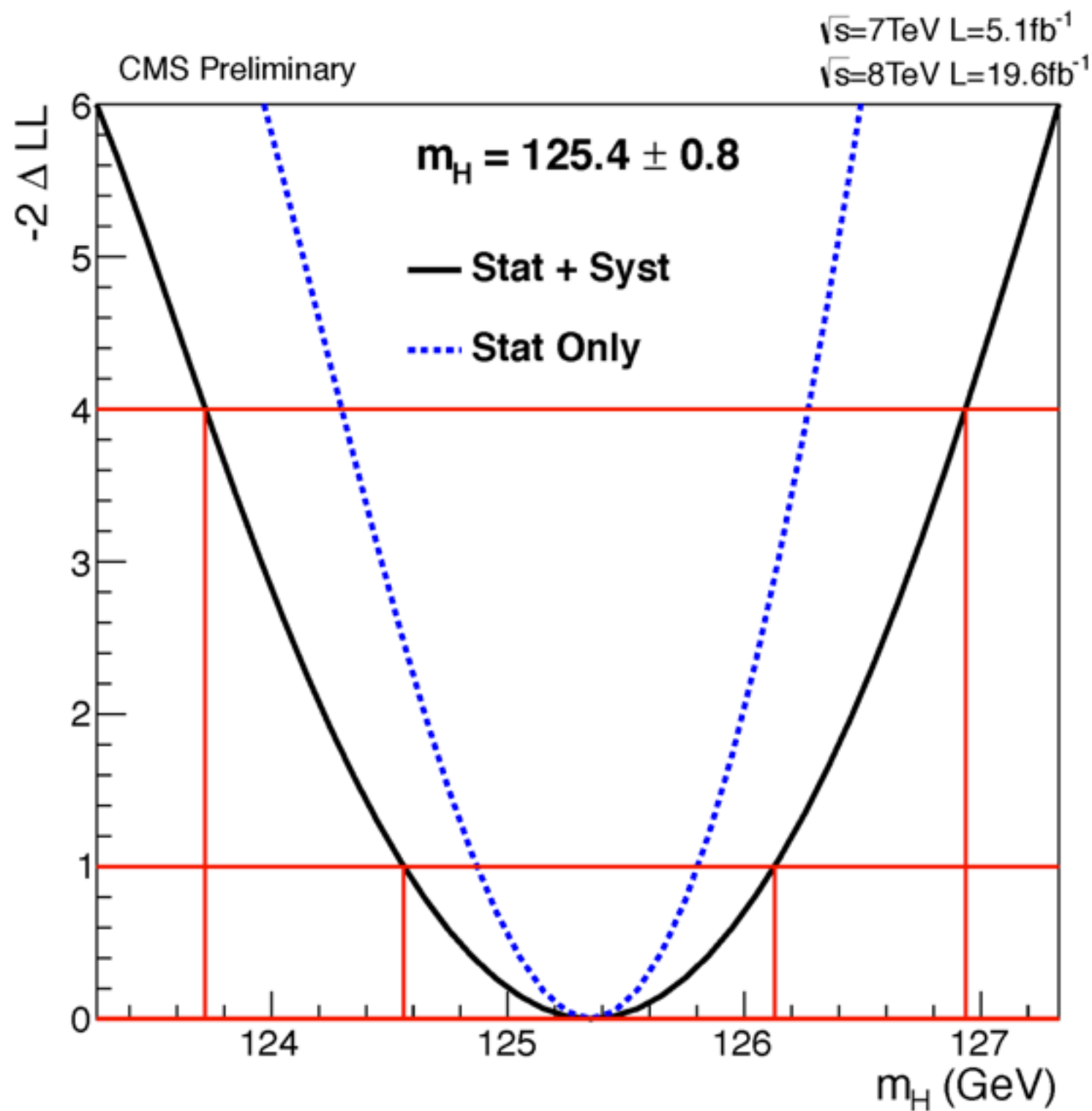
$19 \leq n_{\text{PV}}$



With 2 signal strength free parameter:

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma(gg \rightarrow H) &= \mu_{ggH+ttH} \sigma_{SM}(gg \rightarrow H) \\ \sigma(gg \rightarrow ttH) &= \mu_{ggH+ttH} \sigma_{SM}(gg \rightarrow ttH) \\ \sigma(qq \rightarrow VH) &= \mu_{qqH+VH} \sigma_{SM}(qq \rightarrow VH) \\ \sigma(\text{VBF}) &= \mu_{qqH+VH} \sigma_{SM}(\text{VBF})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mu_{ggH+ttH} &= 0.52^{+0.63}_{-0.56} \\ \mu_{qqH+VH} &= 1.48^{+1.42}_{-1.22}\end{aligned}$$



Main sources of systematic

- ECAL response linearity: 0.4% from $Z \rightarrow ee$
- $e \rightarrow \gamma$ energy scale: 0.25% from different MC simulations

$\mu_{ggH+ttH}$ and μ_{qqH+VH} floated in the fit

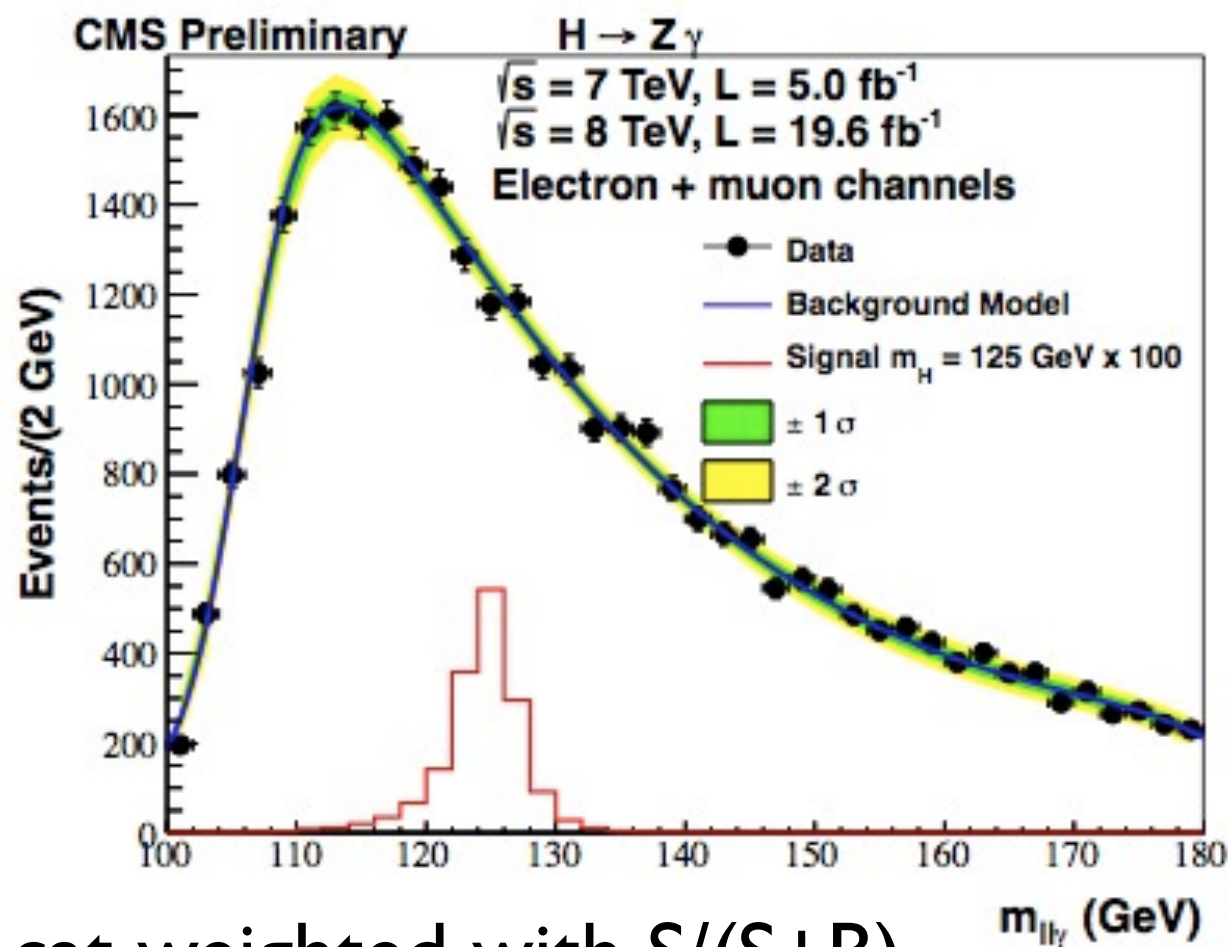
$$m_H = 125.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV}$$

Similar decay as $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in SM (same loops), might be quite different in BSM models

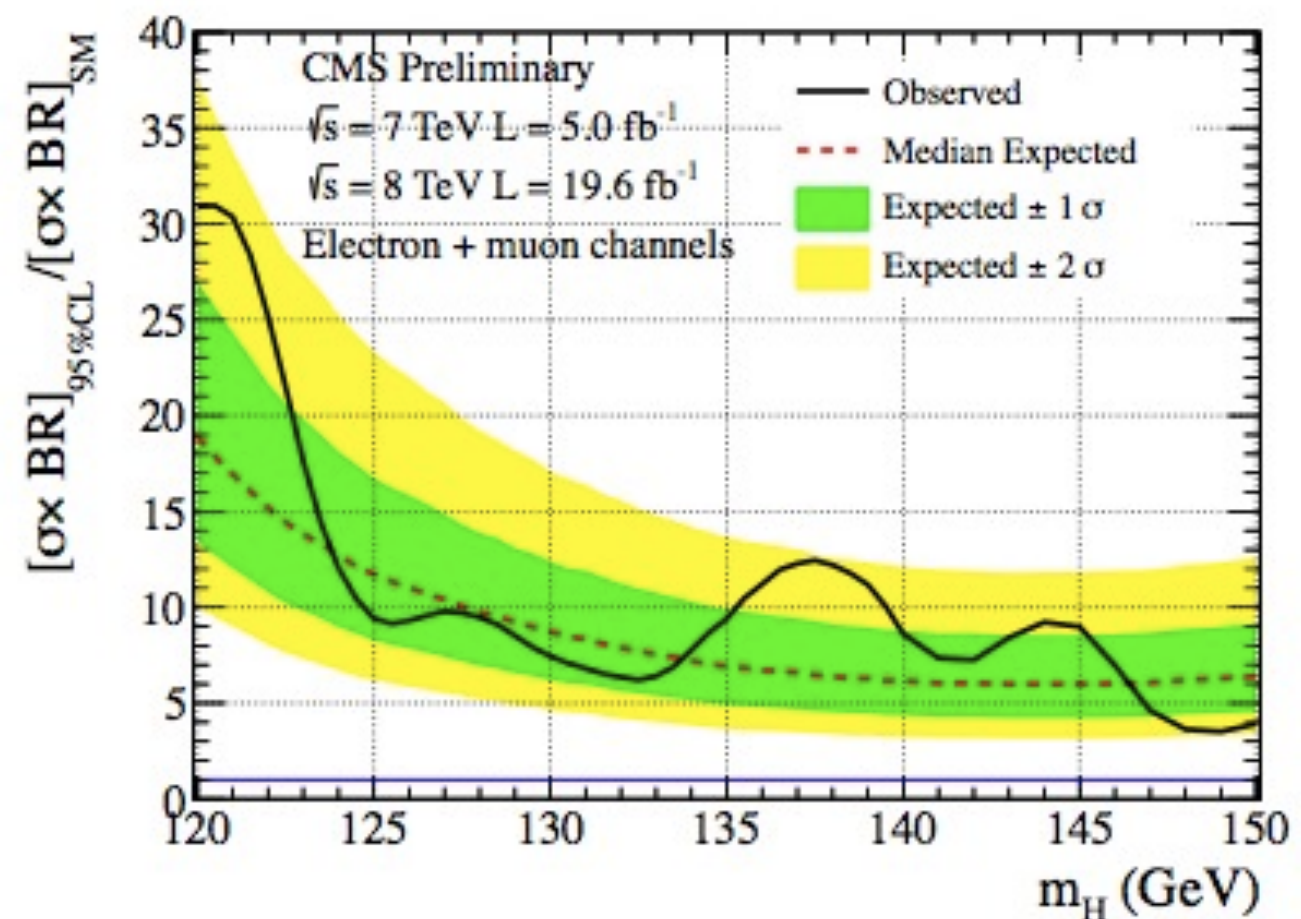
Selection: 2 isolated leptons + 1 isolated photons with:

- $m(\ell\ell) > 50\text{ GeV}$ kills conversions
- $m(\ell\ell\gamma) + m(\ell\ell) > 185\text{ GeV}$ against Z radiative decays
- $\Delta R(\ell, \gamma) > 0.4$
- $p_T(\gamma)/m(\ell\ell\gamma) > 15/110$

Categorisation: 4 categories based on 3-body mass resolution



cat weighted with $S/(S+B)$



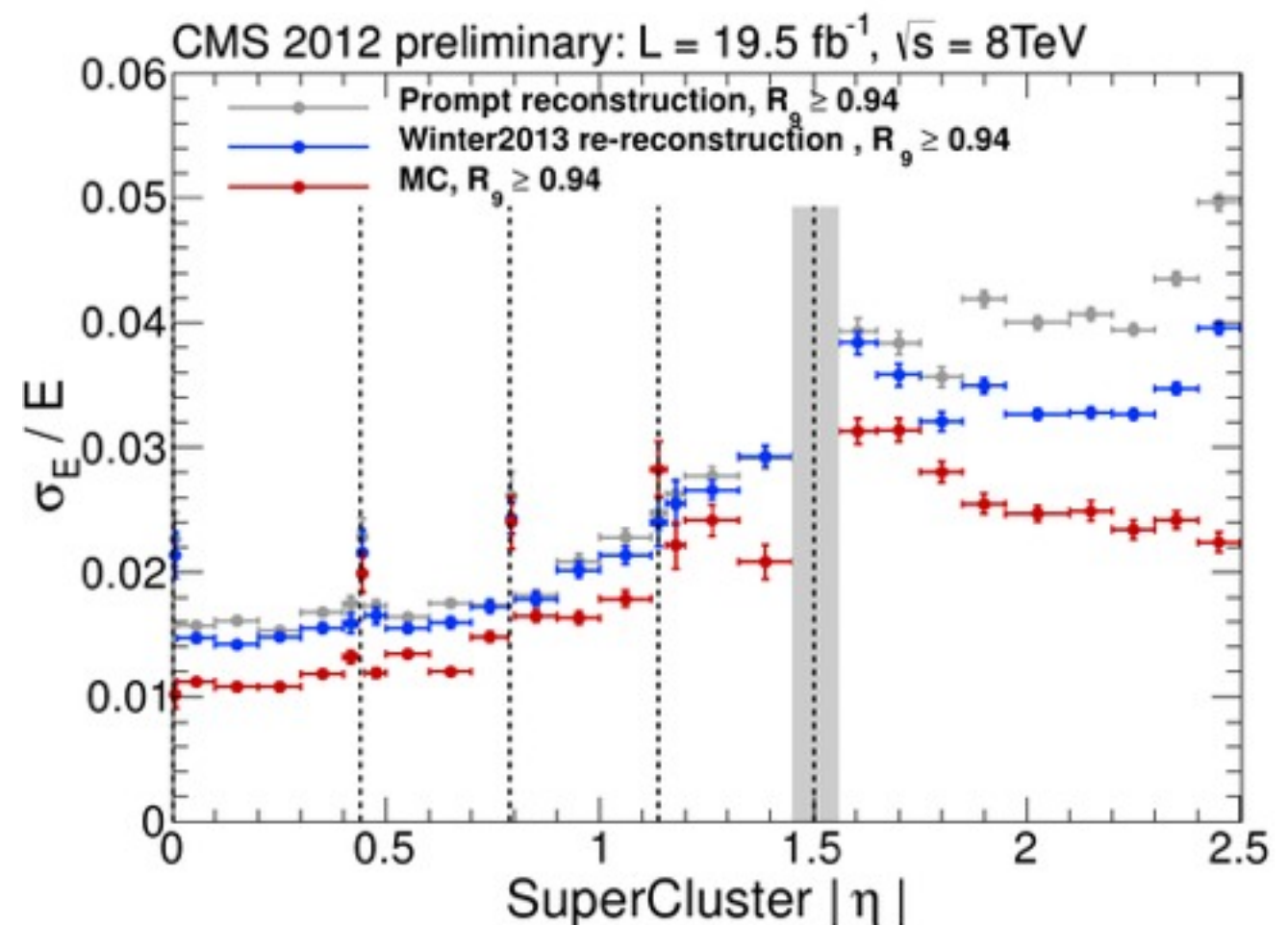
- CMS $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ analysis with $5.1 \text{ fb}^{-1} @ 7 \text{ TeV} + 19.6 \text{ fb}^{-1} @ 8 \text{ TeV}$: [HIG-13-001](#)
- CMS $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ search with $5.1 \text{ fb}^{-1} @ 7 \text{ TeV} + 19.6 \text{ fb}^{-1} @ 8 \text{ TeV}$: [HIG-13-006](#)
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ 2 analysis presented. MVA analysis signal strength:

$$\mu = 0.8 \pm 0.3$$

- The 2012 dataset decreases the signal strength (both MVA and CiC analysis) which is **now very consistent with SM**
- Higgs mass:

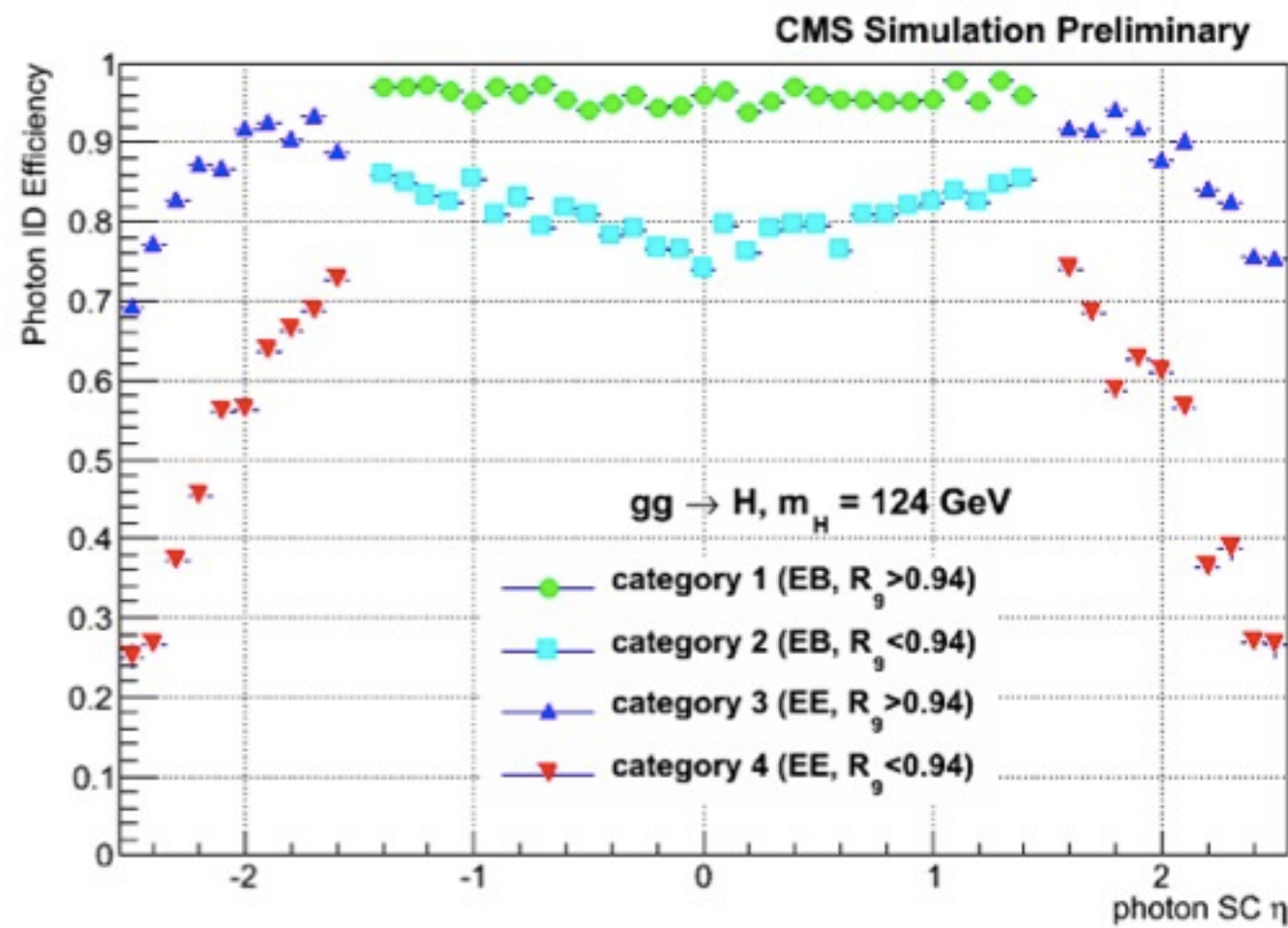
$$m_H = 125.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV}$$

- More to come:
 - ECAL calibration not yet final, expect sizeable improved resolution
 - Analysis developments (?)
 - Spin analysis...

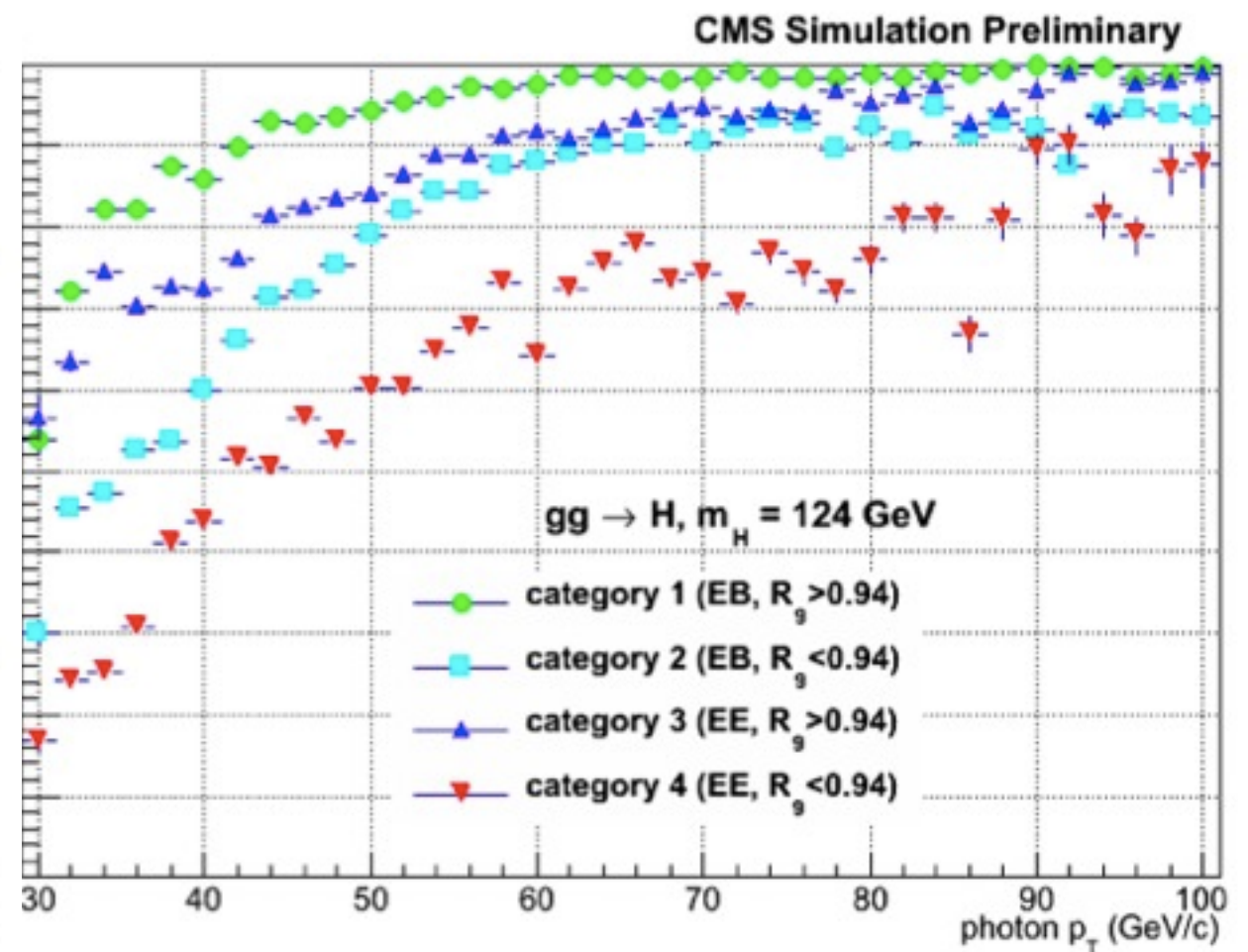




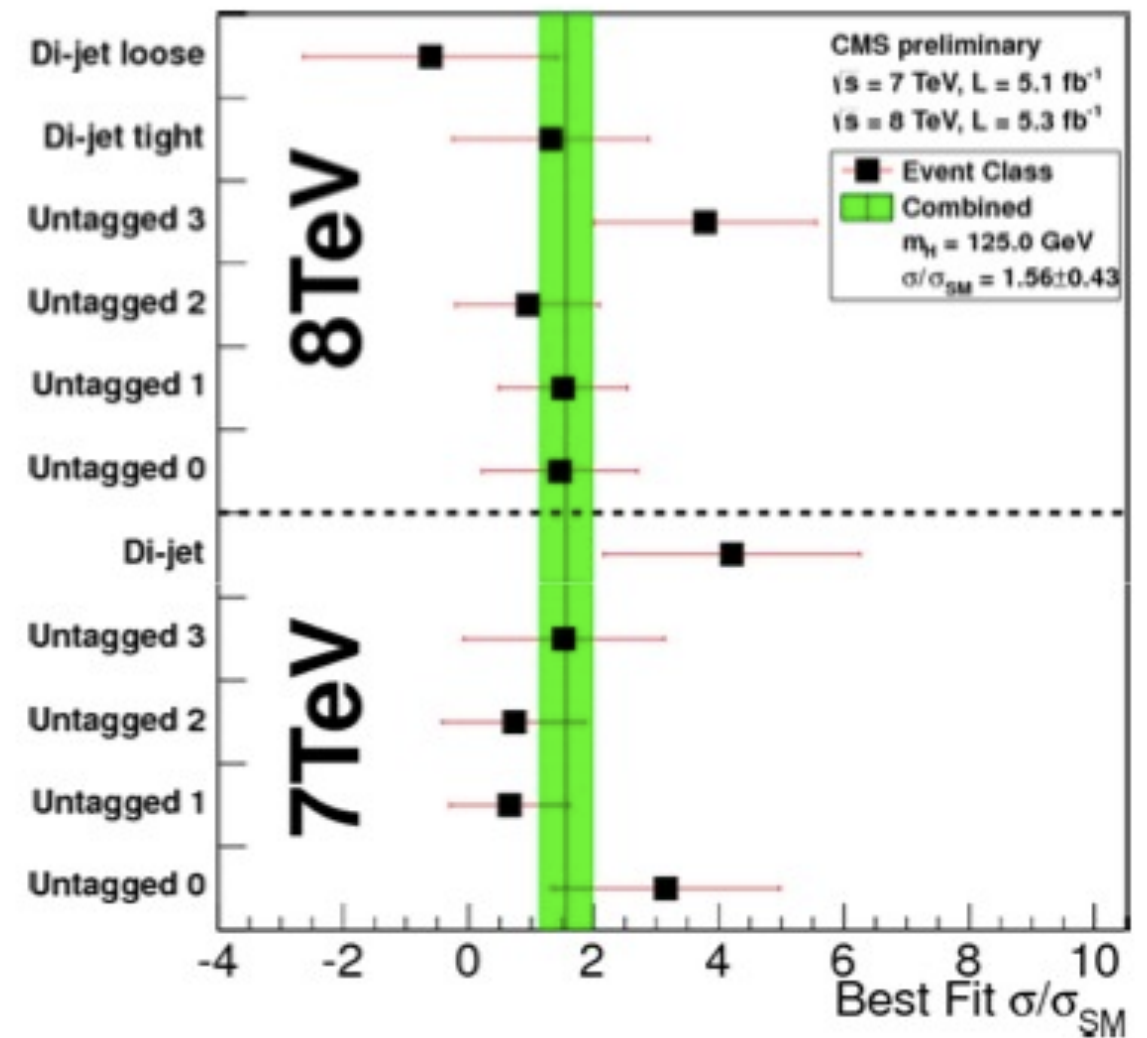
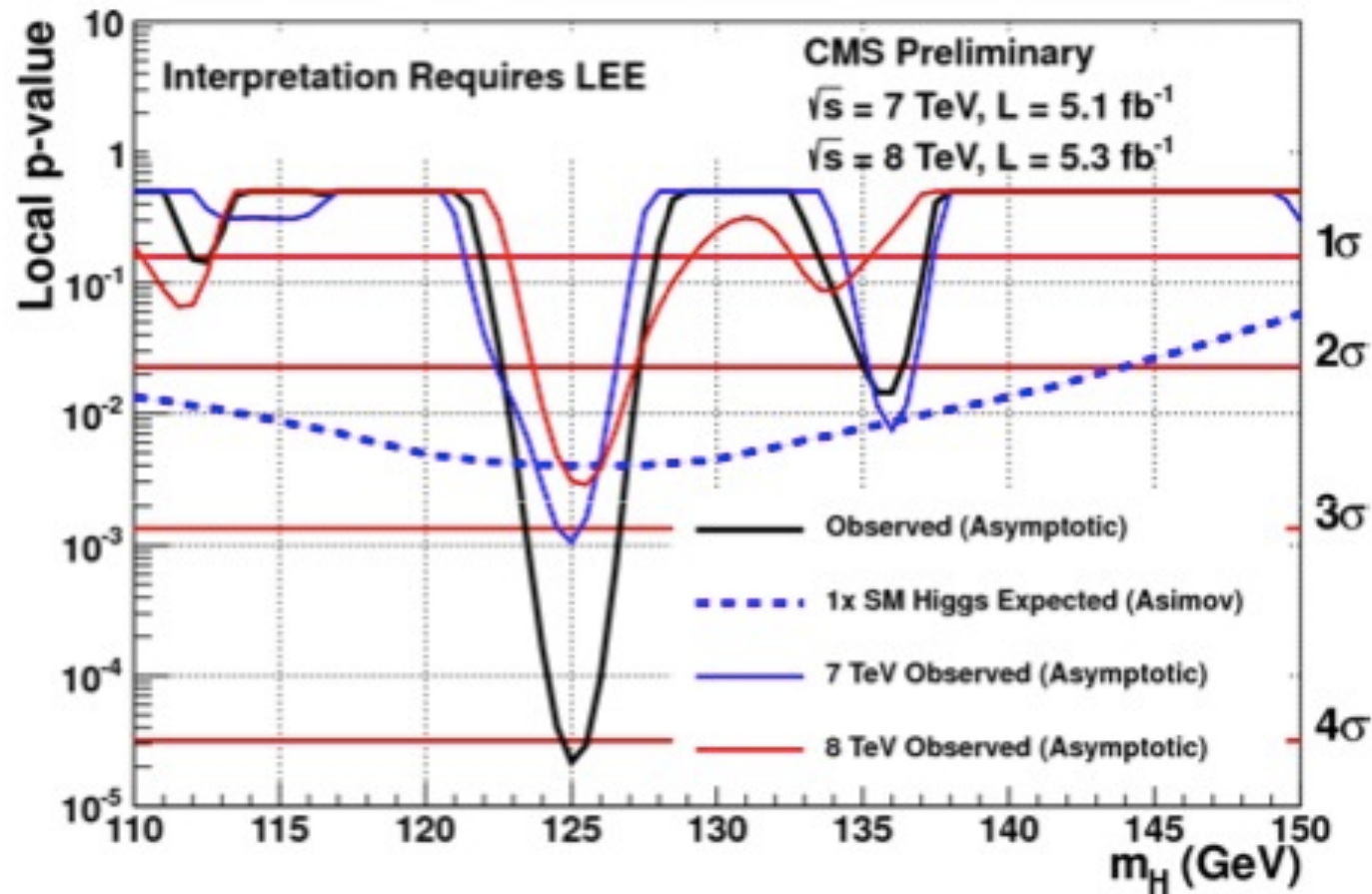
backup

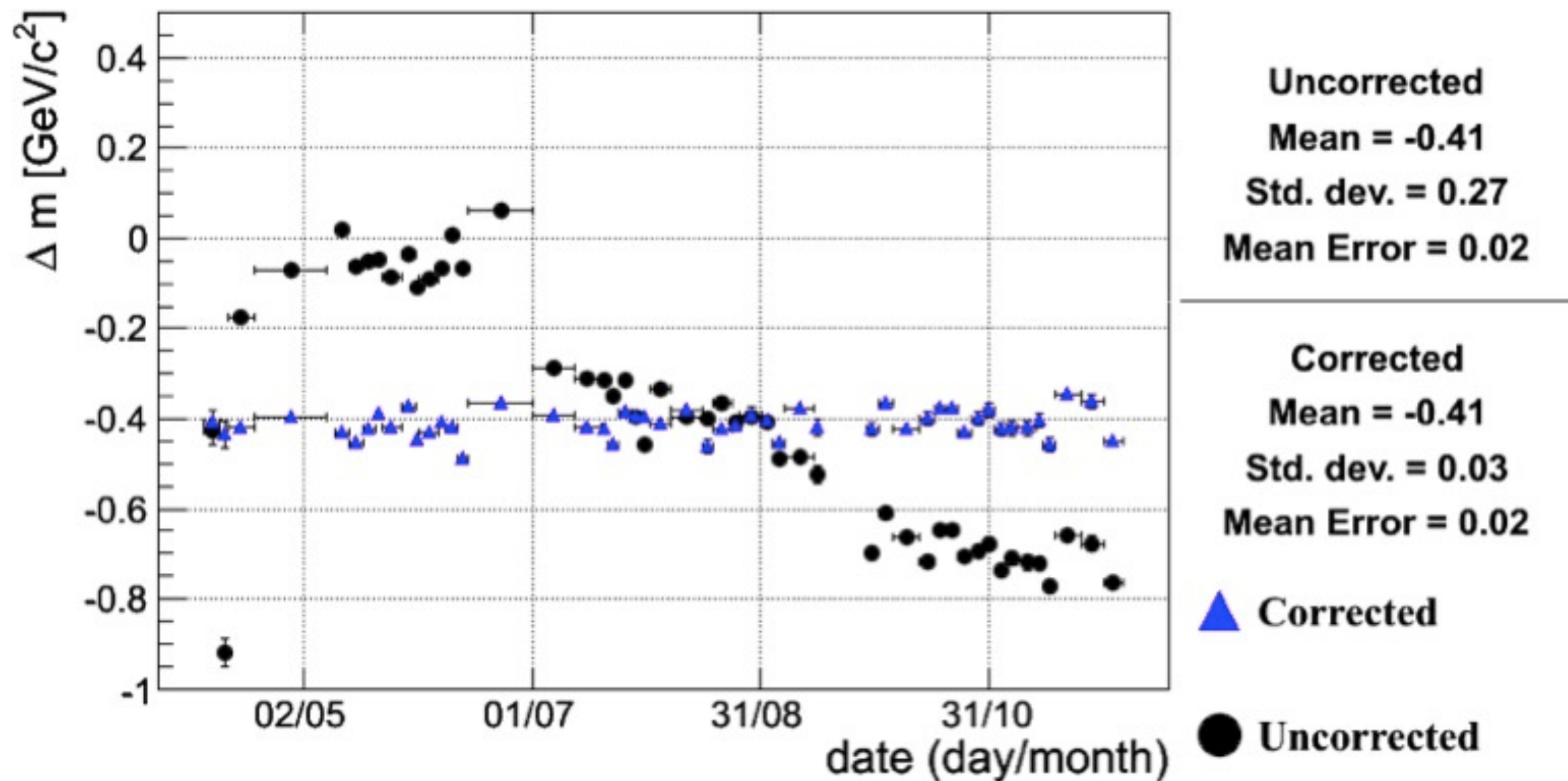


(a) η



(b) p_T

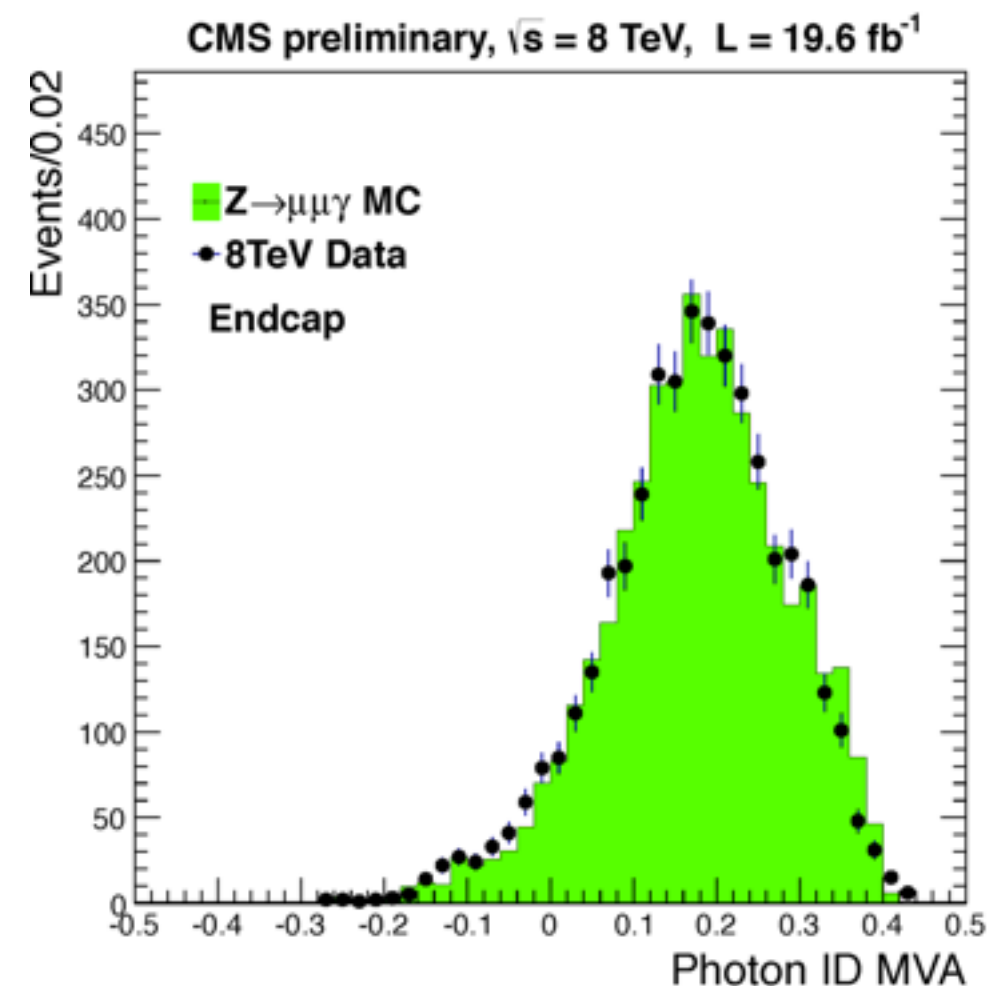
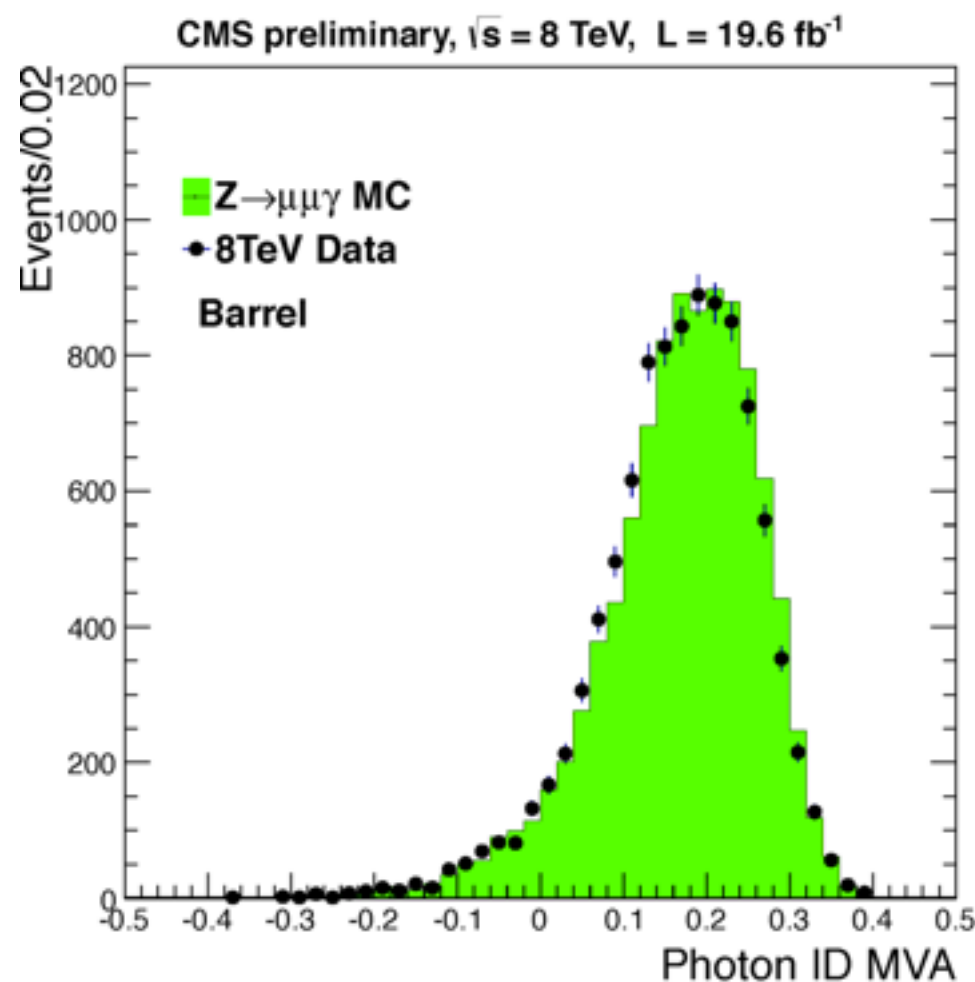
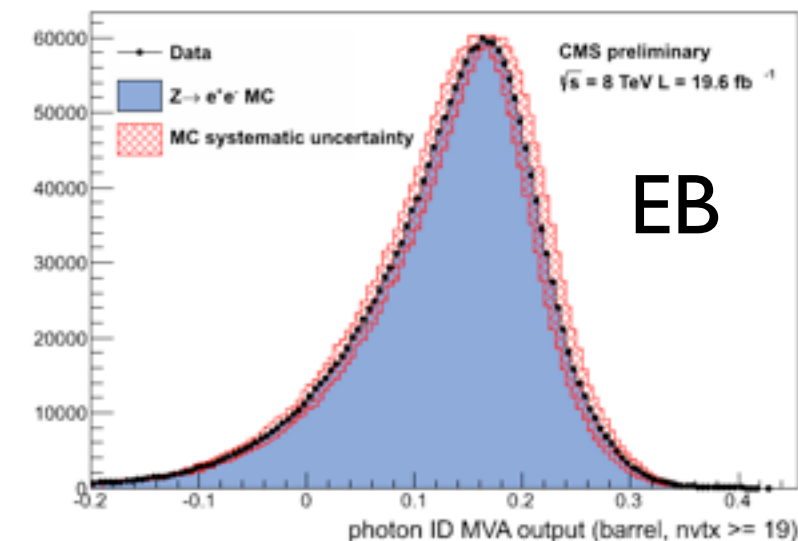
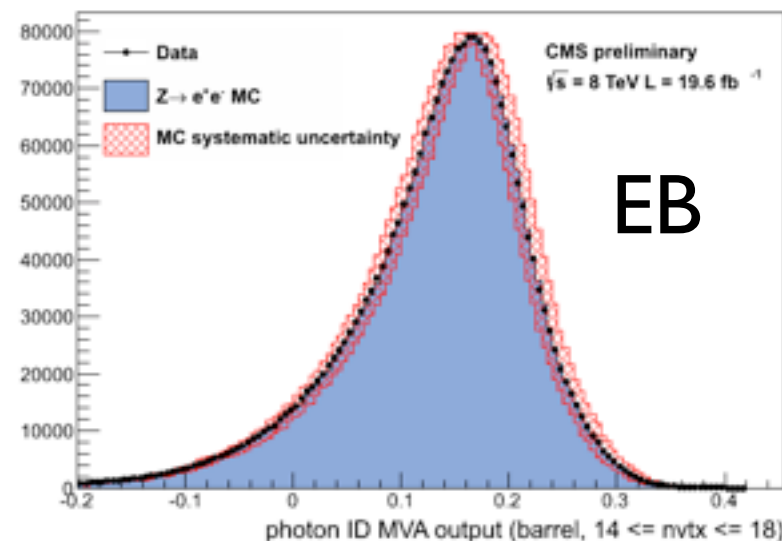
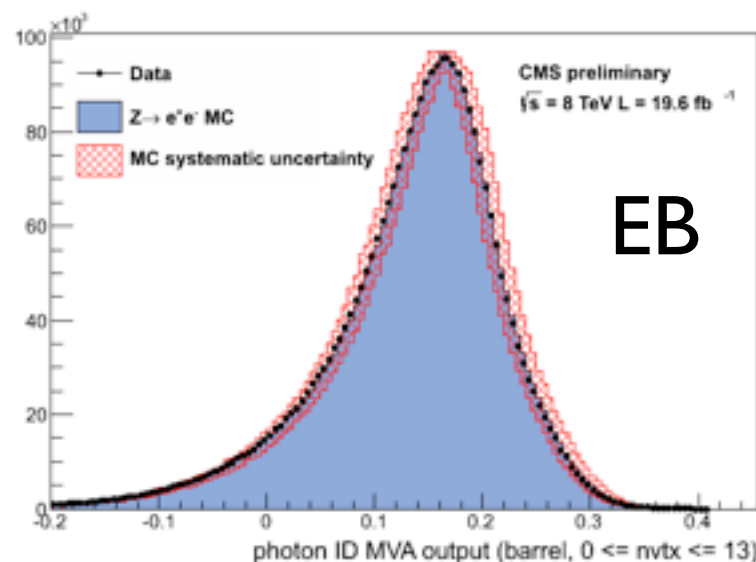




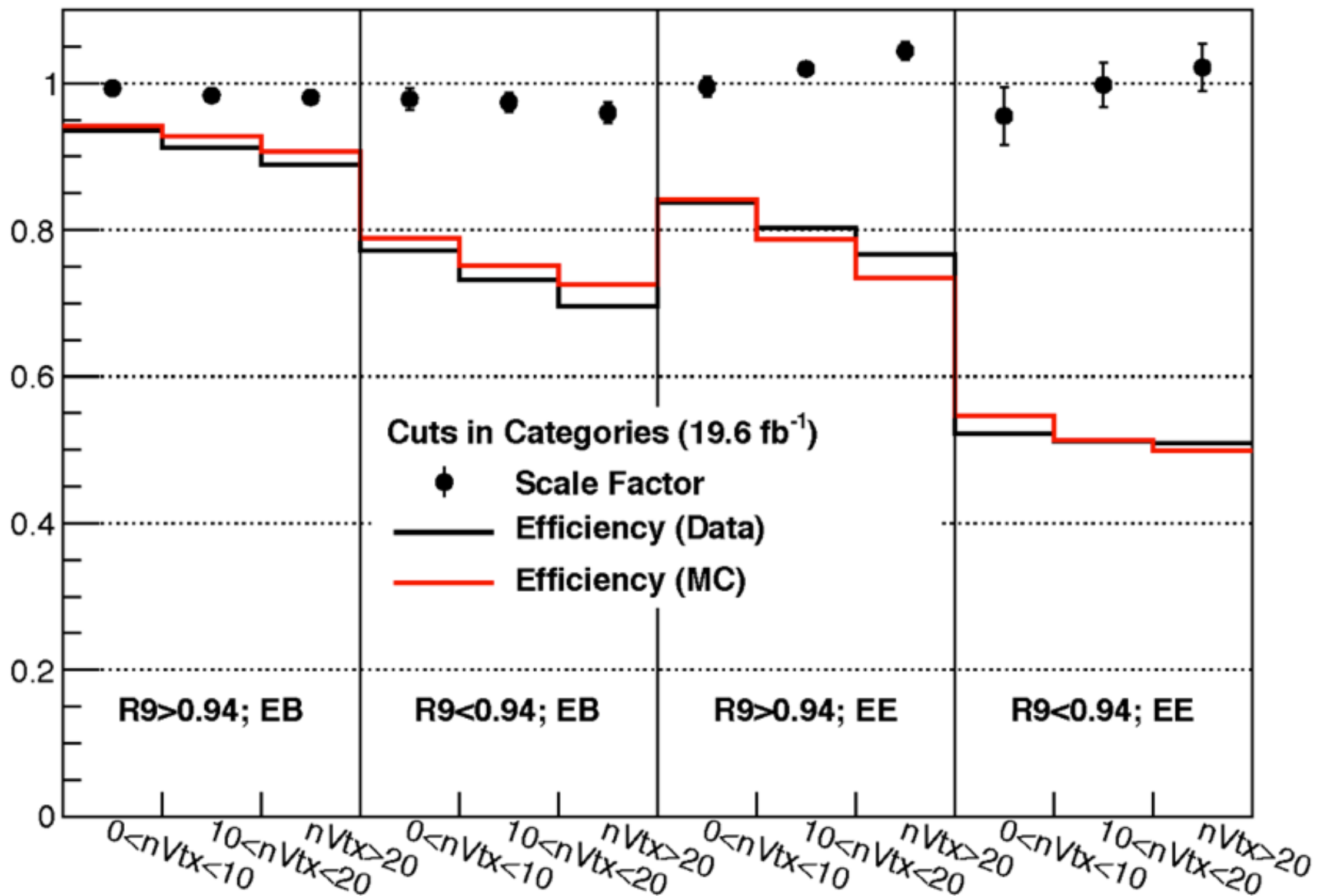
$0 \leq n_{PV} < 14$

$14 \leq n_{PV} < 19$

$19 \leq n_{PV}$



CiC id efficiency vs #vtx



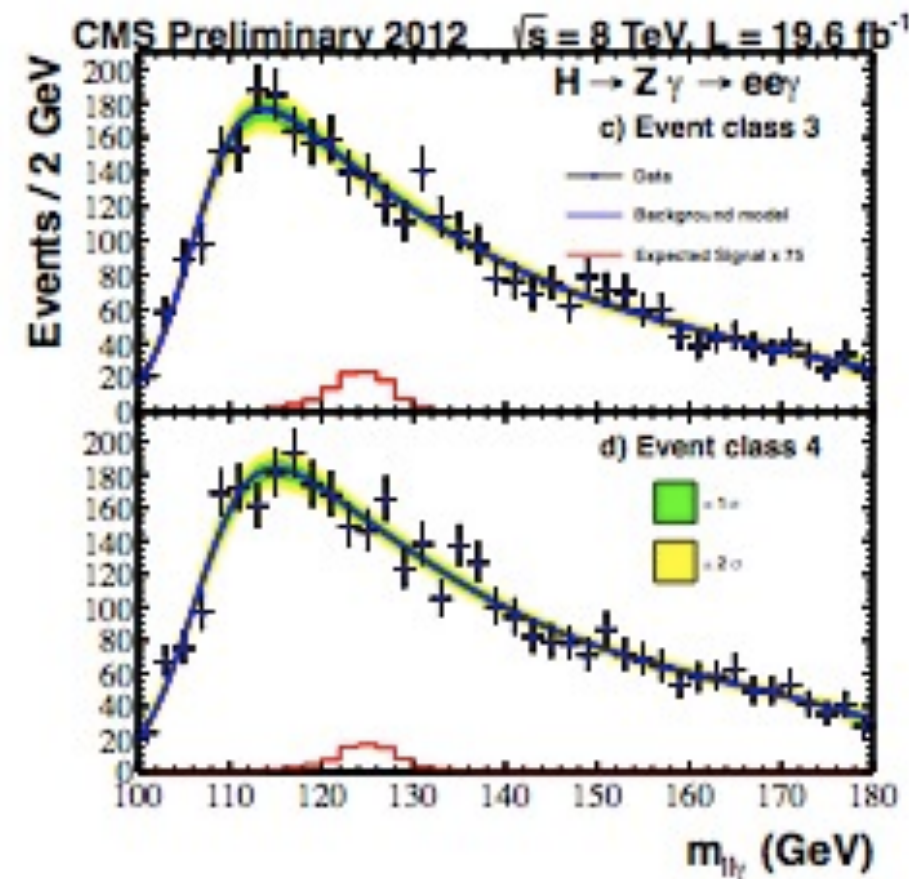
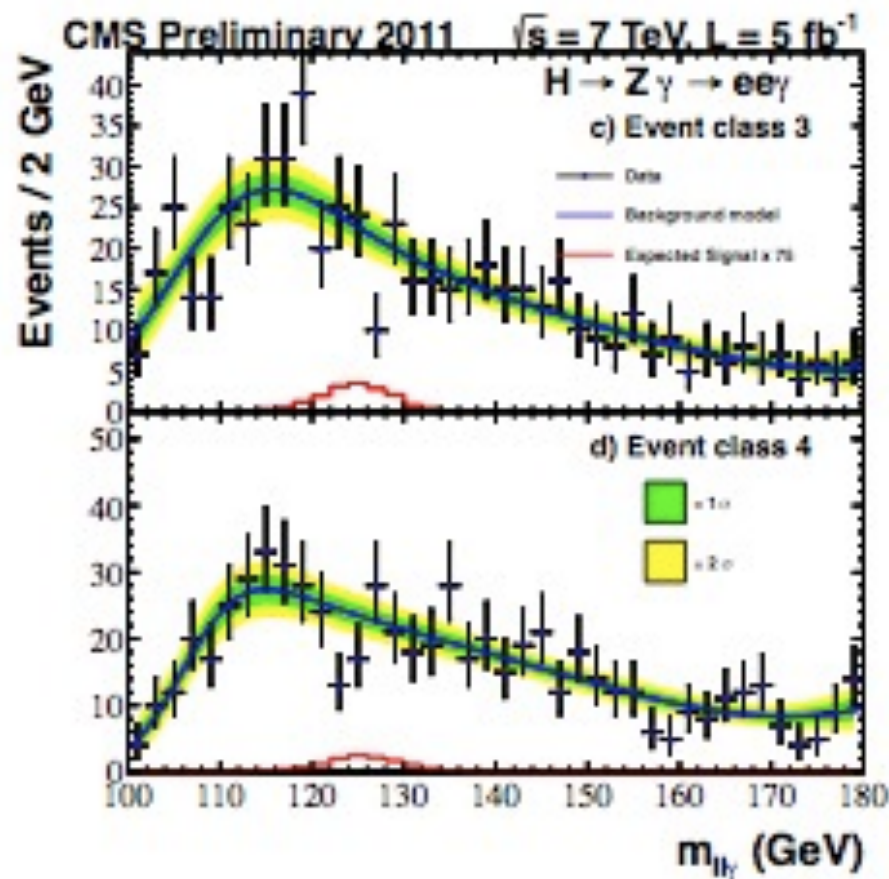
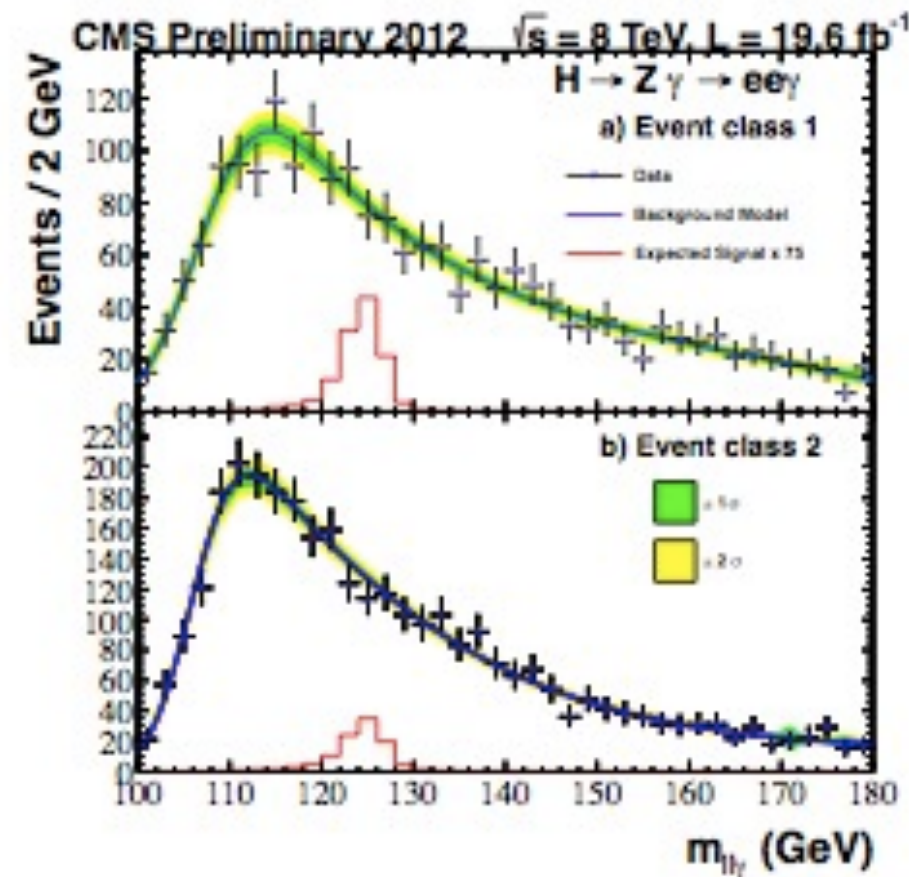
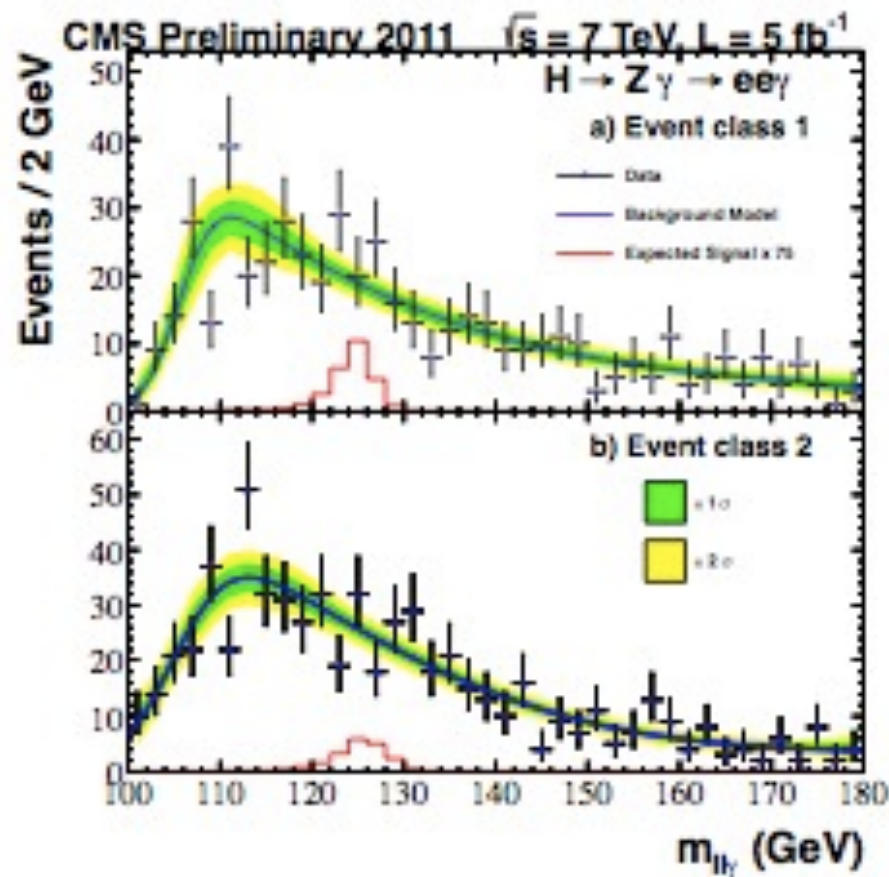
Categories:

	$e^+e^-\gamma$	$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$
	Event class 1	
	Photon $0 < \eta < 1.4442$ Both leptons $0 < \eta < 1.4442$ $R_9 > 0.94$	Photon $0 < \eta < 1.4442$ Both leptons $0 < \eta < 2.1$ and one lepton $0 < \eta < 0.9$ $R_9 > 0.94$
Data	17%	20%
Signal	30%	34%
σ_{eff}	1.9 GeV	1.6 GeV
FWHM	4.5 GeV	3.7 GeV
	Event class 2	
	Photon $0 < \eta < 1.4442$ Both leptons $0 < \eta < 1.4442$ $R_9 < 0.94$	Photon $0 < \eta < 1.4442$ Both leptons $0 < \eta < 2.1$ and one lepton $0 < \eta < 0.9$ $R_9 < 0.94$
Data	26%	31%
Signal	28%	31%
σ_{eff}	2.1 GeV	1.9 GeV
FWHM	5.0 GeV	4.6 GeV
	Event class 3	
	Photon $0 < \eta < 1.4442$ At least one lepton $1.4442 < \eta < 2.5$ No requirement on R_9	Photon $0 < \eta < 1.4442$ Both leptons in $ \eta > 0.9$ or one lepton in $2.1 < \eta < 2.4$ No requirement on R_9
Data	26%	20%
Signal	23%	18%
σ_{eff}	3.1 GeV	2.1 GeV
FWHM	7.3 GeV	5.0 GeV
	Event class 4	
	Photon $1.566 < \eta < 2.5$ Both leptons $0 < \eta < 2.5$ No requirement on R_9	Photon $1.566 < \eta < 2.5$ Both leptons $0 < \eta < 2.4$ No requirement on R_9
Data	31%	29%
Signal	19%	17%
σ_{eff}	3.3 GeV	3.2 GeV
FWHM	7.8 GeV	7.5 GeV

Systematics

Source	7 TeV	8 TeV
Integrated luminosity	2.2%	4.4%
Theory		
- Gluon-gluon fusion cross section (scale)	+12.5% -8.2%	+7.6% -8.2%
- Gluon-gluon fusion cross section (PDF)	+7.9% -7.7%	+7.6% -7.0%
- Vector boson fusion cross section (scale)	+0.5% -0.3%	+0.3% -0.8%
- Vector boson fusion cross section (PDF)	+2.7% -2.1%	+2.8% -2.6%
- W associate production (scale)	+0.7% -0.8%	+0.2% -0.7%
- W associate production (PDF)	+3.5% -3.5%	+3.5% -3.5%
- Z associate production (scale)	+1.7% -1.6%	+1.9% -1.7%
- Z associate production (PDF)	+3.7% -3.7%	+3.9% -9.7%
- Top pair associate production (scale)	+3.4% -9.4%	+3.9% -9.3%
- Top pair associate production (PDF)	+8.5% -8.5%	+7.9% -7.9%
Branching fraction	6.7%,9.4% -6.7%,-9.3%	6.7%,9.4% -6.7%,-9.3%
Trigger		
- Electron	0.5%	2.0%
- Muon	0.5%	3.5%
Selection		
- Photon Barrel	0.5%	0.6%
- Photon Endcap	1.0%	1.0%
- Electron	0.8%	0.8%
- Muon	0.7%	1.4%
Signal scale and resolution		
- Mean	1.0%	1.0%
- Sigma	5.0%	5.0%
Event migration	5.0%	5.0%
Pileup		
- Electron	0.6%	0.8%
- Muon	0.4%	0.4%

$ee\gamma$



$\mu\mu\gamma$

