

**PANDA Collaboration meeting**  
**GSI, Darmstadt**

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## **A Monte Carlo event generator for $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$**

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## OUTLINE

- introduction
- kinematic regimes
- the cross section in all kinematic regimes
- event generation: generalities and examples in all kinematic regimes
- interface to PANDA ROOT
- summary and conclusions

## Introduction

- $\bar{p}p \rightarrow e^+e^-$  used to extract the (modulus) proton form factors  $|G_E|$  and  $|G_M|$
- $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  production main background source to  $e^+e^-$  signal

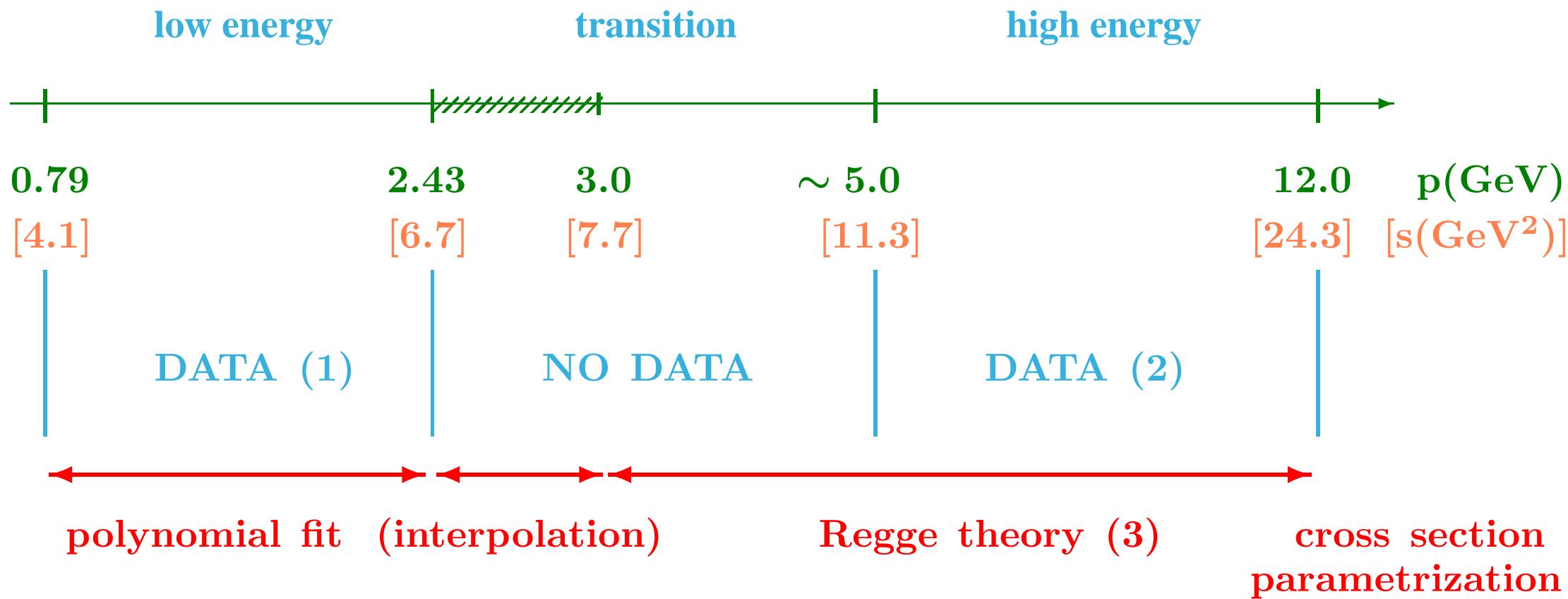
our goal:

make feasibility studies of proton form factors measurements  
using the PANDA detector

⇒ need realistic models of the cross sections (signal and background)  
implemented in event generators (Monte Carlo true-level):  
study suppression factors, expected number of events, etc.

In this talk we discuss a “realistic” event generator for  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$

## Kinematic regimes



(1) Eisenhandler et al., Nucl. Phys. B96 (1975) 109

(2) ref [6], [8] and [26] in (3)

(3) J. Van de Wiele and S. Ong, Eur. Phys. J. A46 (2010) 291

## The cross section in the low energy regime

- data:  $\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$  at a  $(p, \cos \theta^*)$  grid with  $(20 \times 48)$  lattice sites

[Eisenhandler et al., Nucl. Phys. B96 (1975) 109]

$p$  = antiproton momentum in lab frame,  $p = 0.79, \dots, 2.43$  GeV  
 $\theta^*$  = angle ( $\pi^-$ ,  $\bar{p}$ ) in  $\bar{p}p$  CMS frame,  $\cos \theta^* = -0.94, \dots, 0.94$

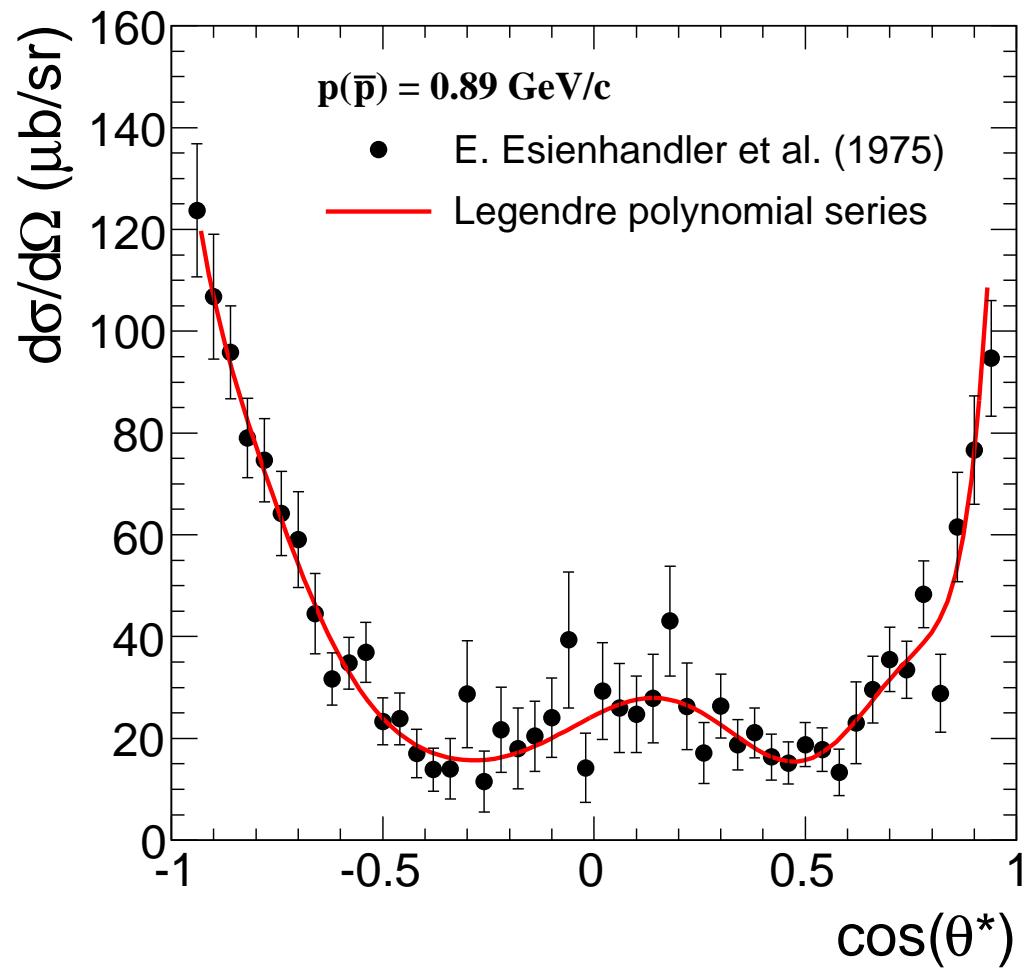
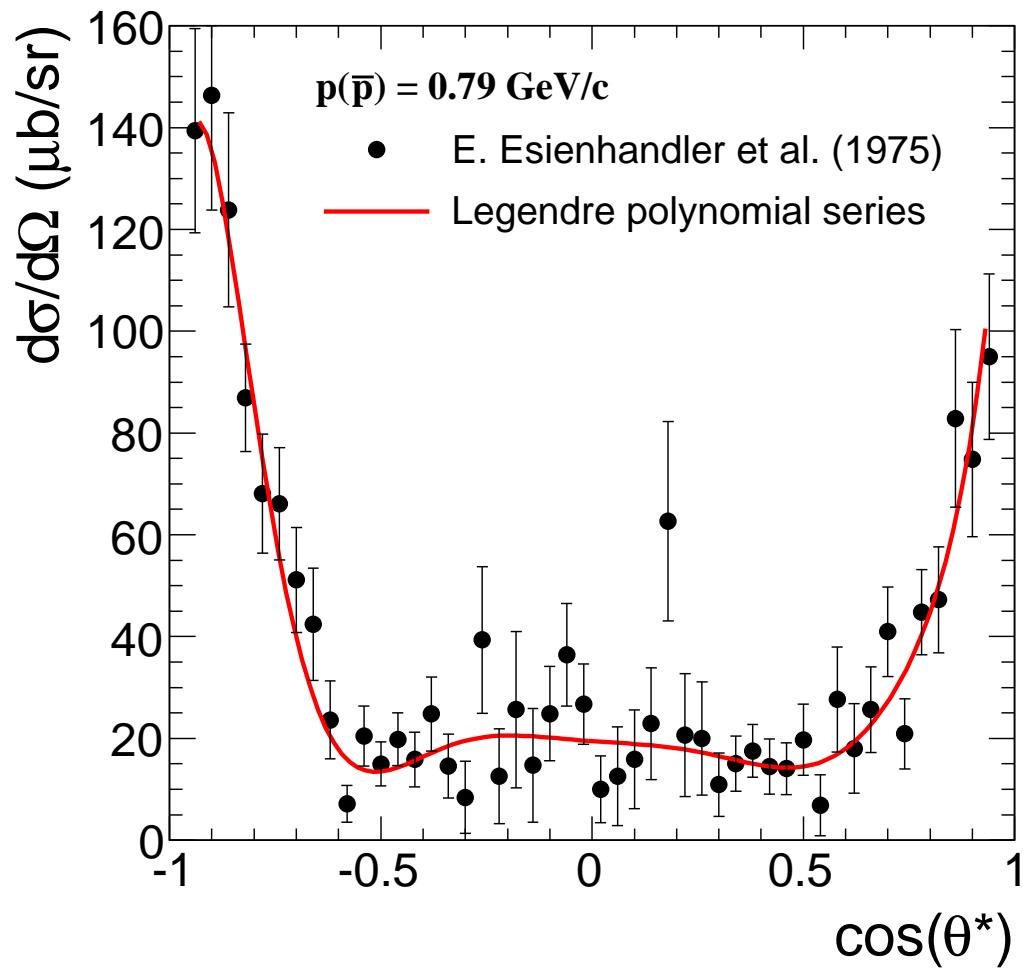
- at each momentum value, cross section fitted using a Legendre polynomial series:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \sum_{i=0}^{10} a_i P_i(\cos \theta^*)$$

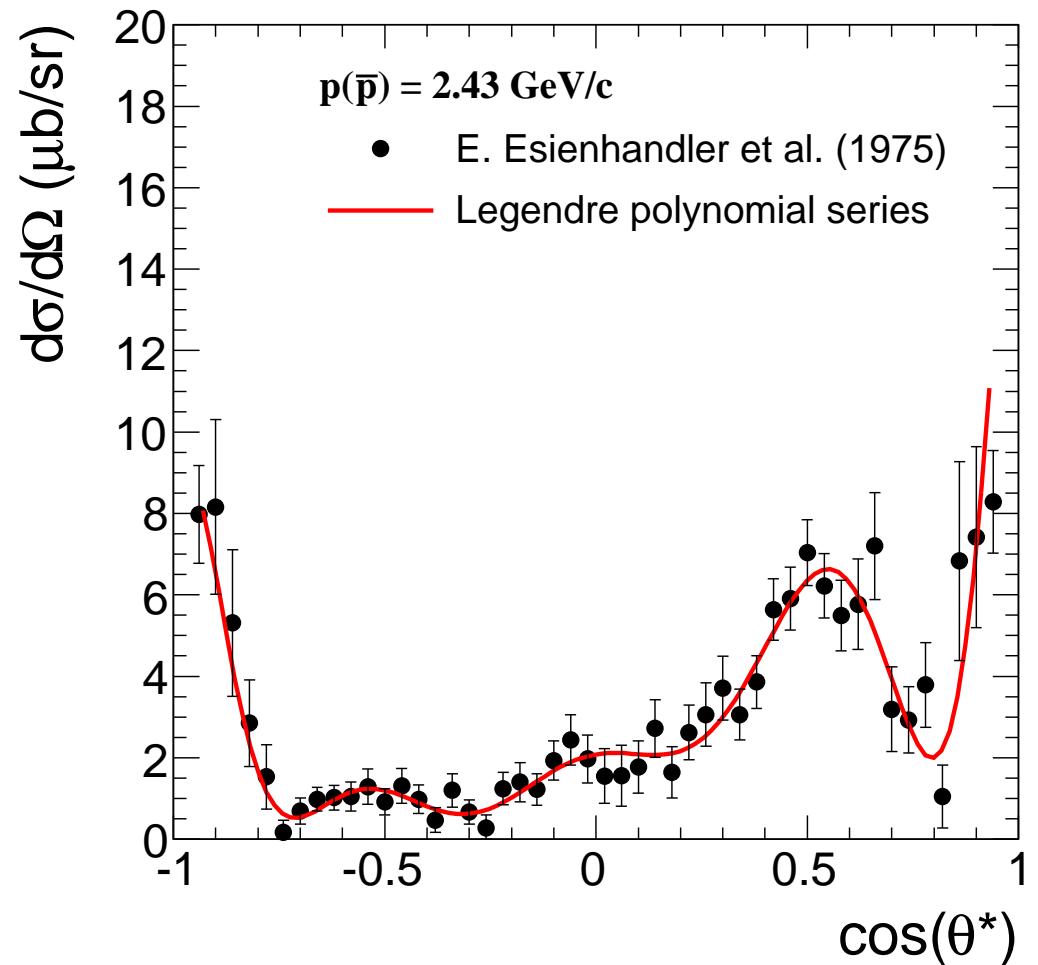
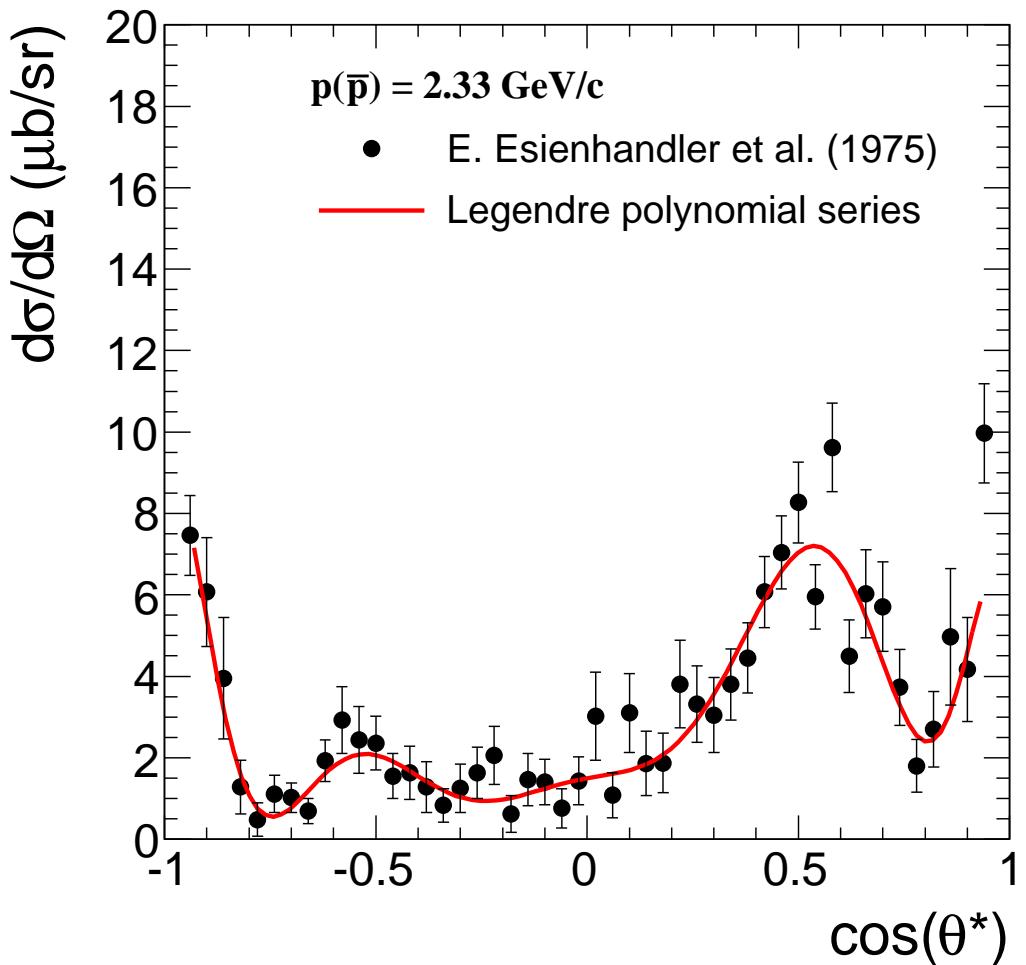
→ fit function follows data

$\rightarrow \chi^2/\text{dof} \sim 1$

# The cross section in the low energy regime



# The cross section in the low energy regime

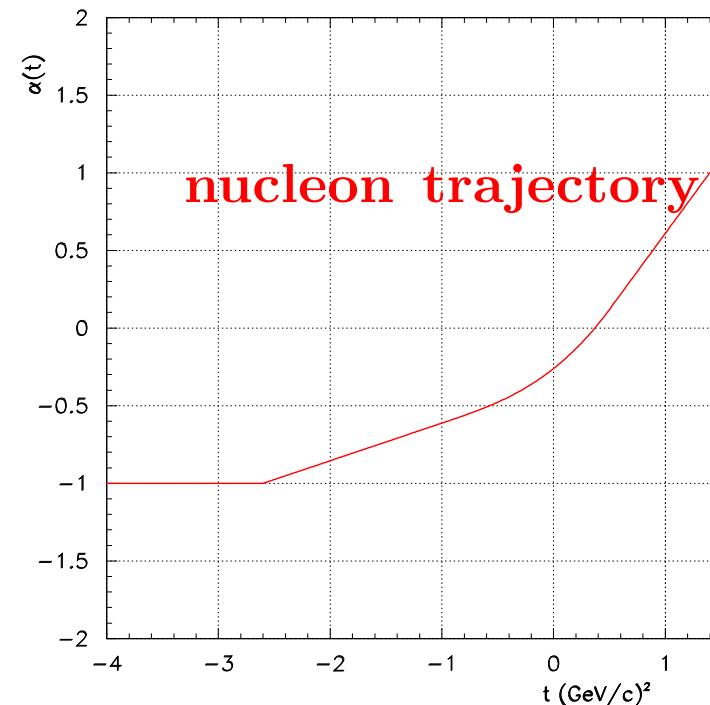
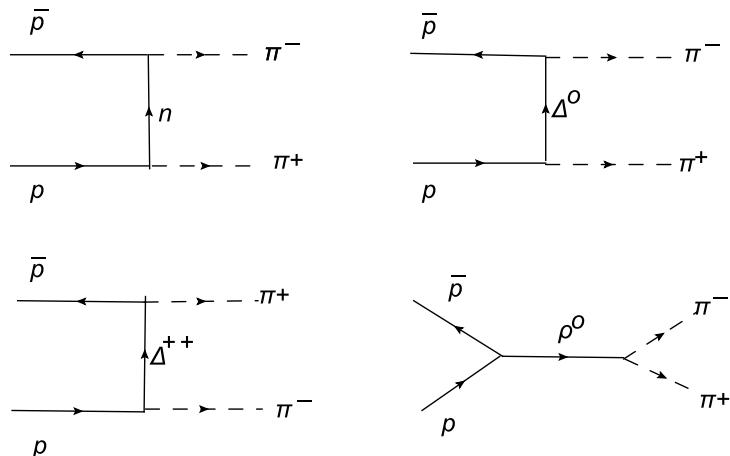


# The cross section in the high energy regime

- **Regge Theory** approach to cross section calculation

[J. Van de Wiele and S. Ong, Eur. Phys. J. A46 (2010) 291]

⇒ parametrization of scattering amplitudes in terms of “Regge trajectories” exchanged in the  $t$  and  $u$  channels

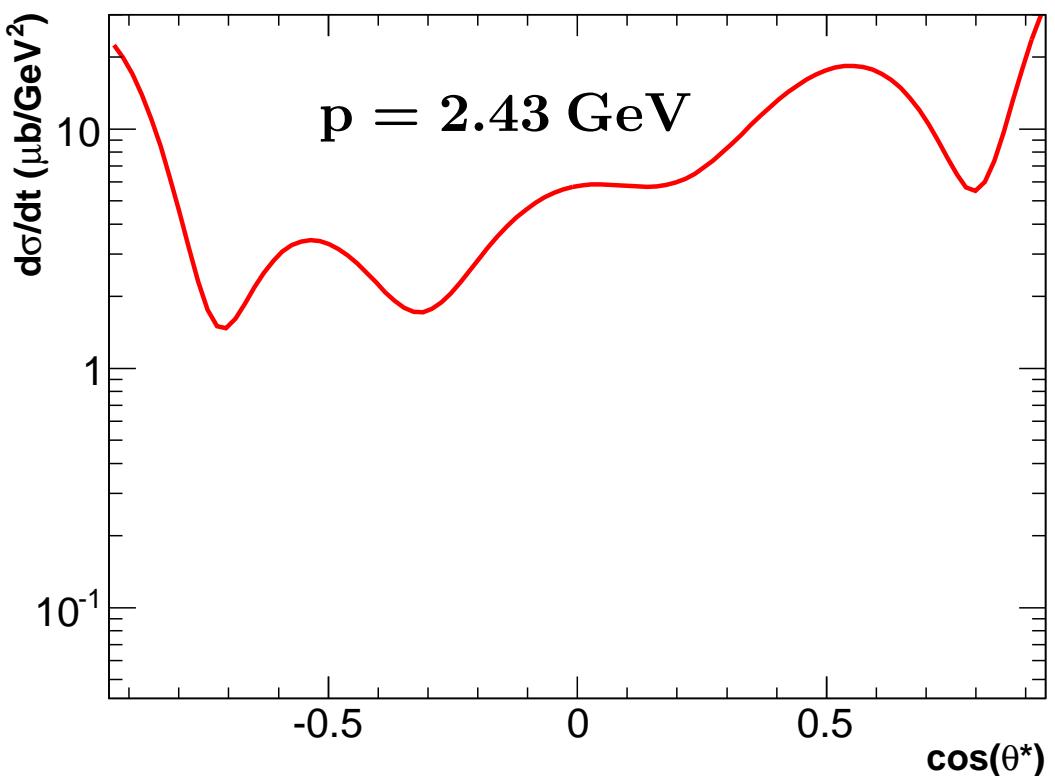


⇒  $\frac{d\sigma}{dt}$  at a  $(p, \cos \theta^*)$  grid of  $(19 \times 201)$  lattice sites

$p = 3.0, \dots, 5.0, \dots, 12.0 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow$  high+transition-extrapolated  
 $\cos \theta^* = -1.0, \dots, 1.0$  energy regime

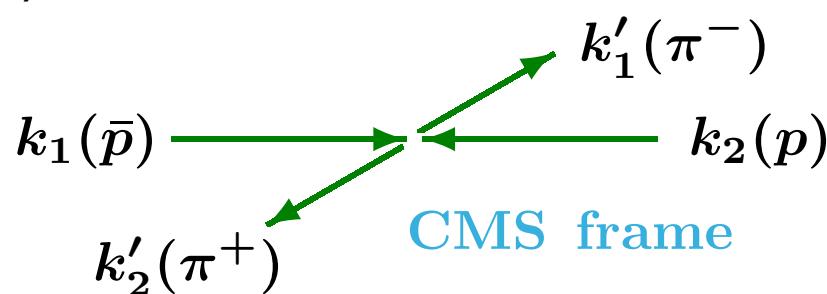
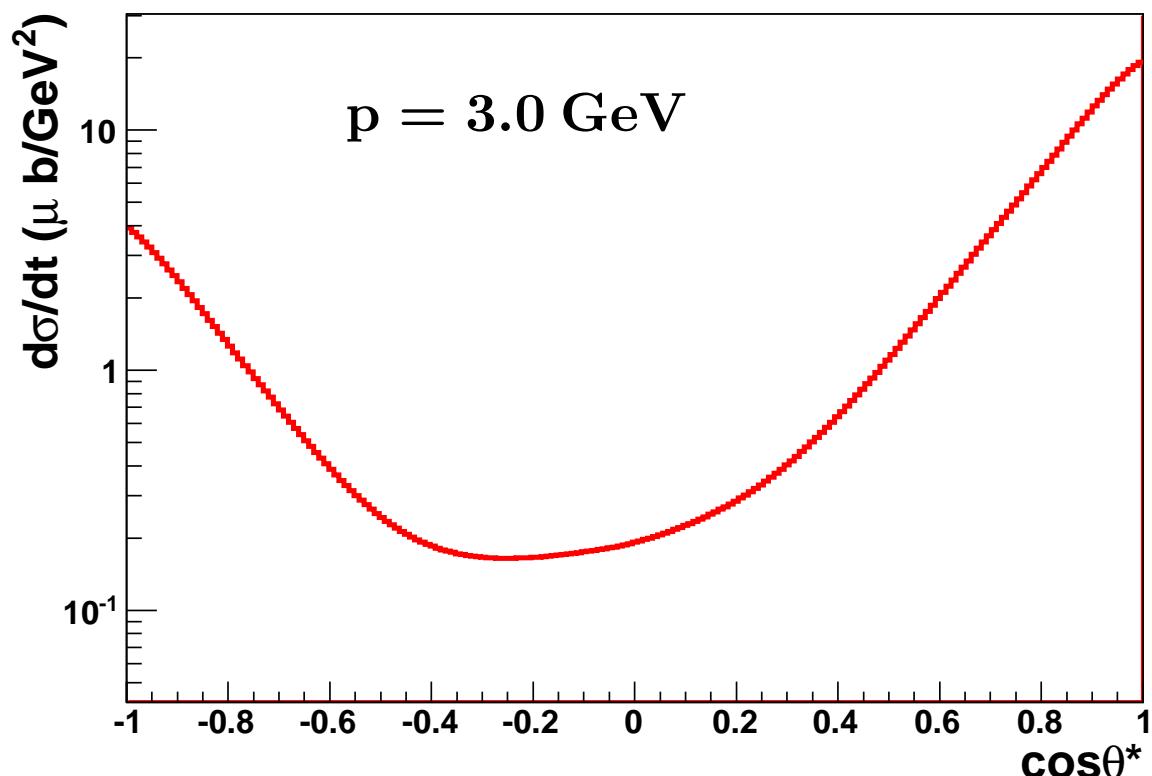
# The cross section in the transition energy regime

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \rightarrow \frac{d\sigma}{dt}$$

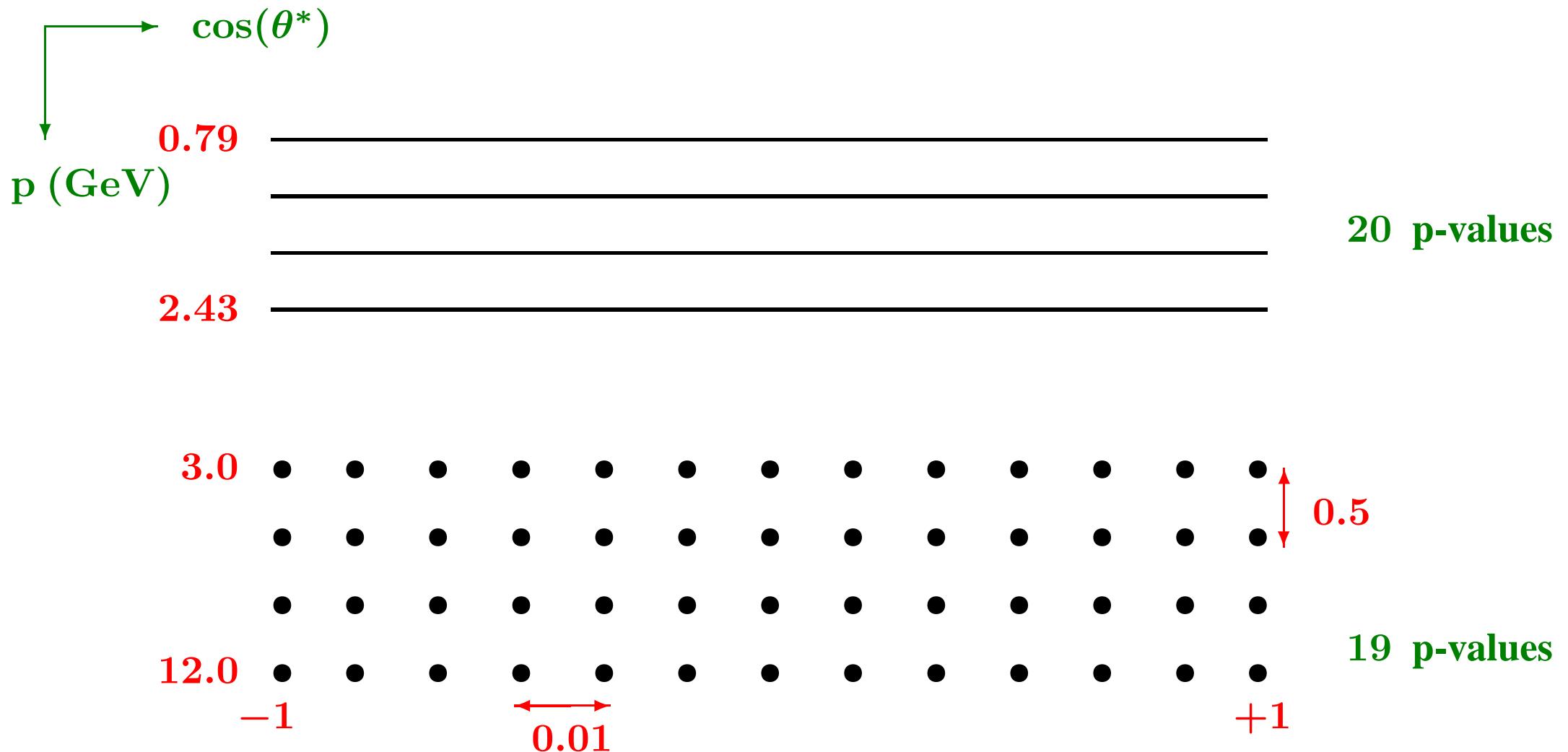


$$t = -(k'_1 - k_1)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow dt = 2|k_1||k'_1|d(\cos \theta^*)$$



## The cross section : general overview



$\sigma$  at  $(p, \cos \theta^*)$  point NOT sitting at line or dot:

⇒ linear interpolation from nearest neighbours

→ 8 different cases

## Event generation : generalities

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- naive **accept/reject algorithm** (no importance sampling)
- particle momenta build in  $\bar{p}p$  CMS frame:

$$E_{\pi^+} = E_{\pi^-} = \frac{\sqrt{s}}{2}, \quad \varphi_{\pi^+\pi^-} = 180 \text{ deg}$$

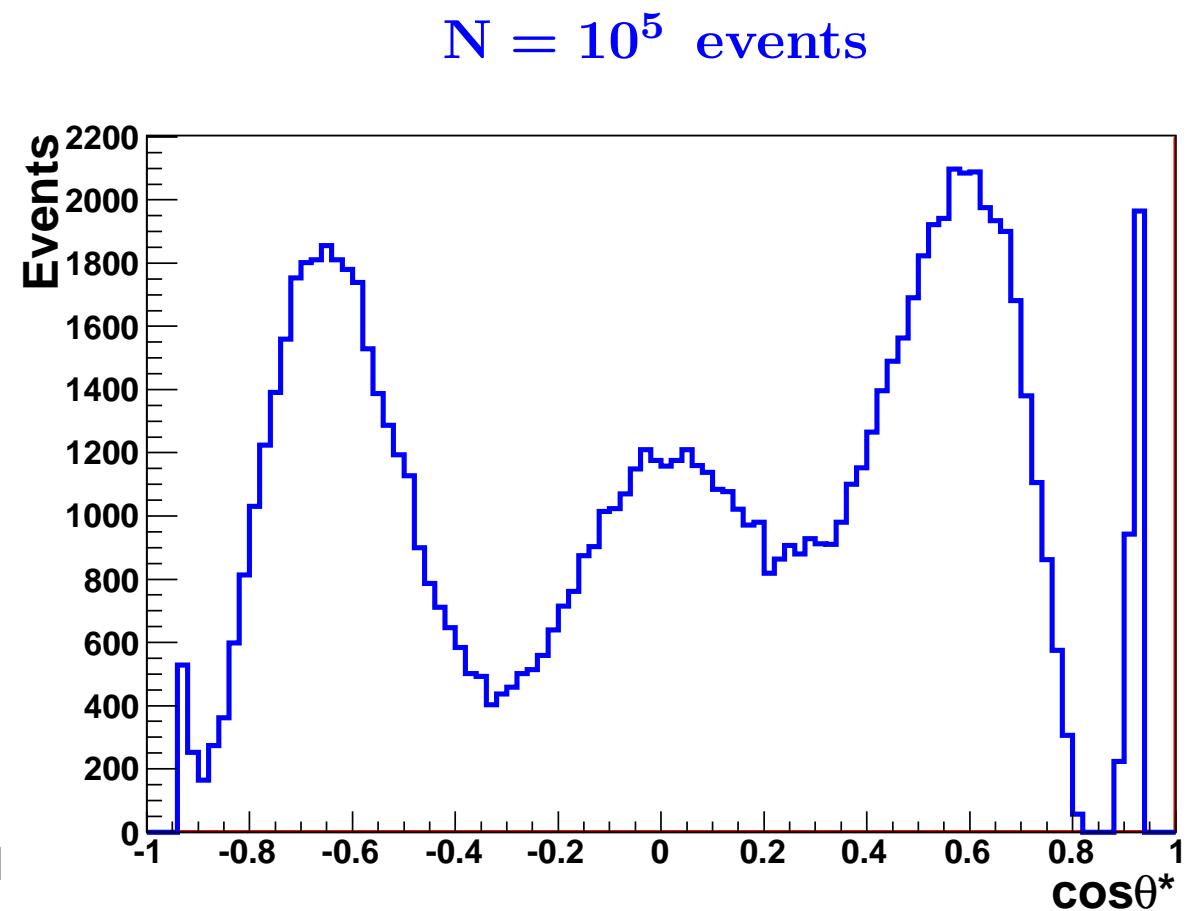
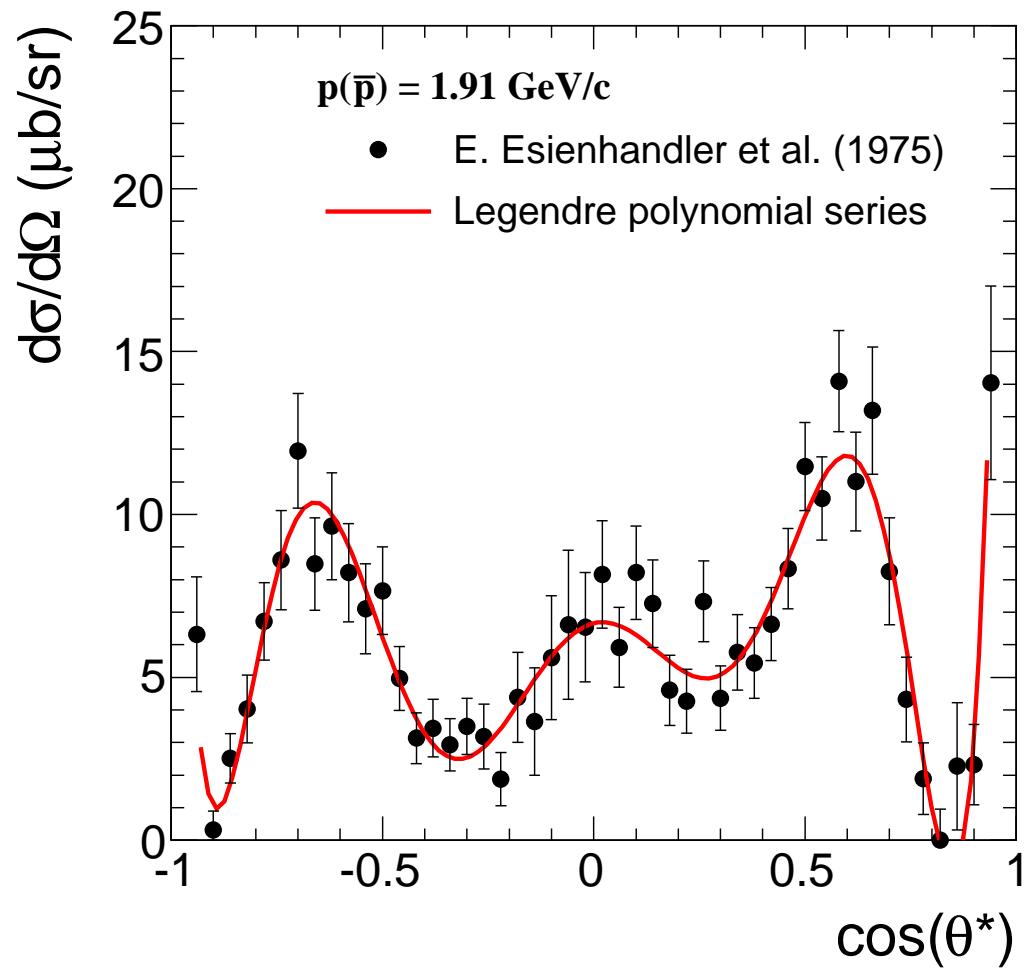
$$\text{prob}(\cos \theta^*) \sim \frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \theta^*}, \quad \phi^* \text{ flat distribution}$$

- boosting to LAB frame
- random number generator: RANLUX<sup>(\*)</sup>
  - widely used in lattice QCD monte carlo simulations
  - huge periods  $\sim 10^{171}$ , even at the lowest “luxury level”

$\Rightarrow T \sim 30 \text{ } \mu \text{sec /event}$

(\*) M. Luescher, Comp. Phys. Comm. 79 (1994) 100

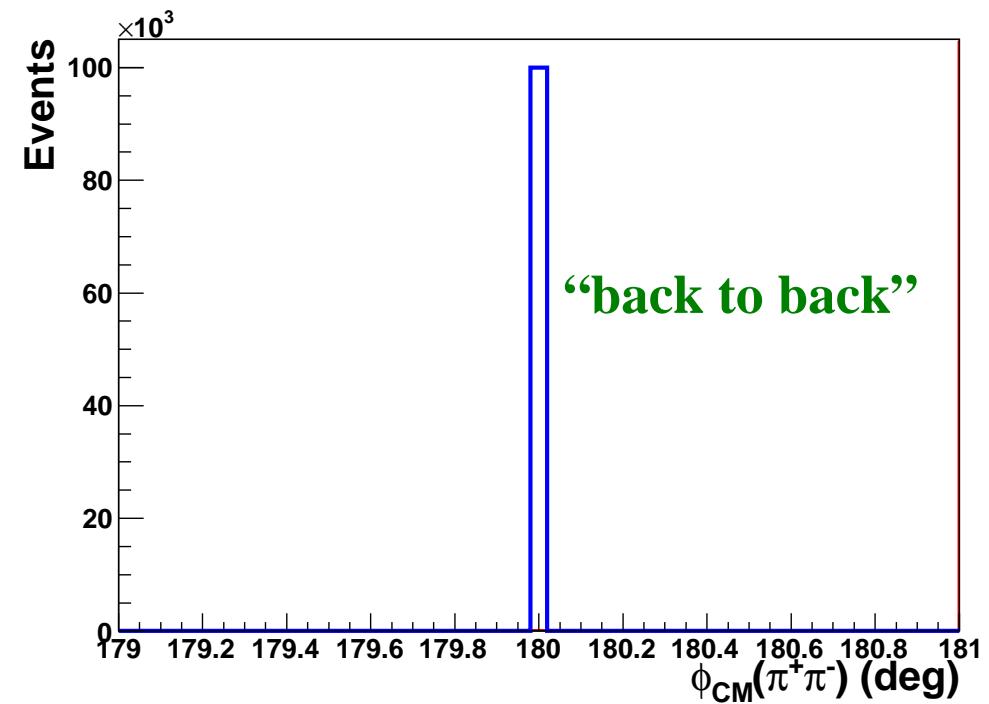
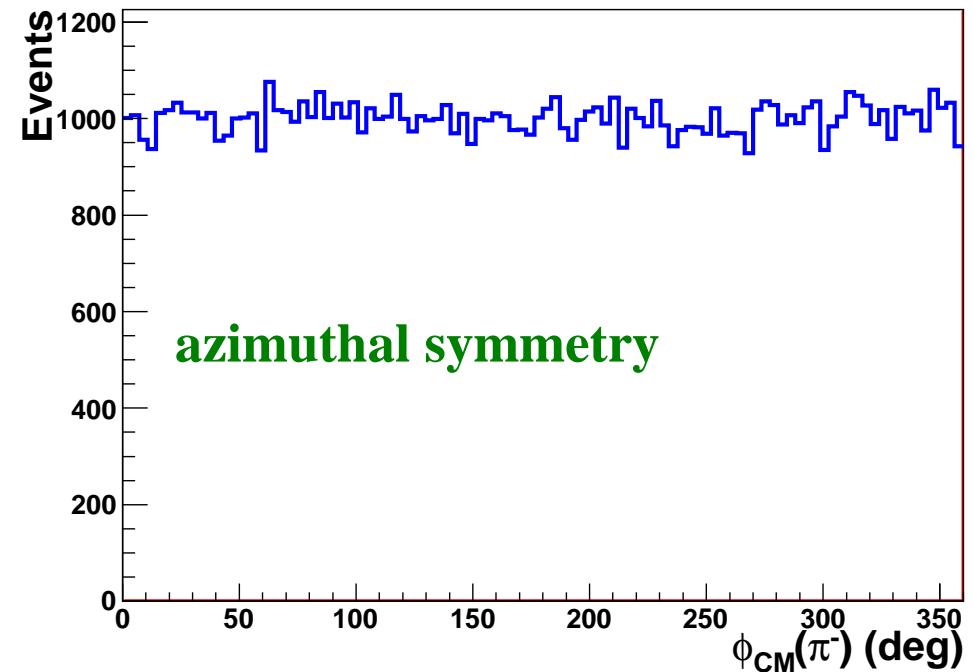
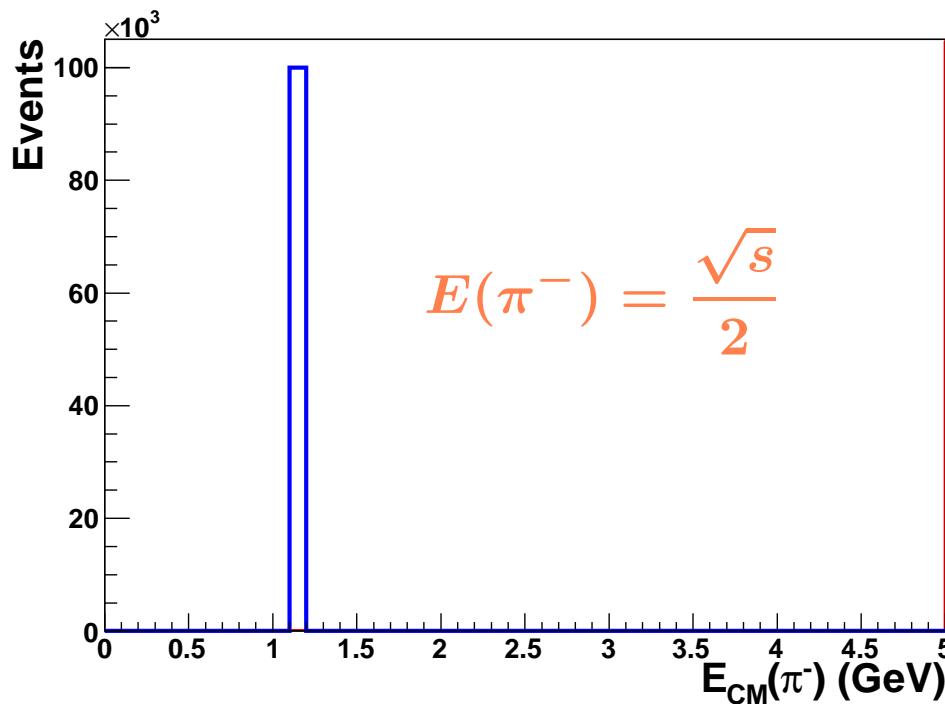
## Event generation : example in the low energy regime



## ... some distributions in CMS frame

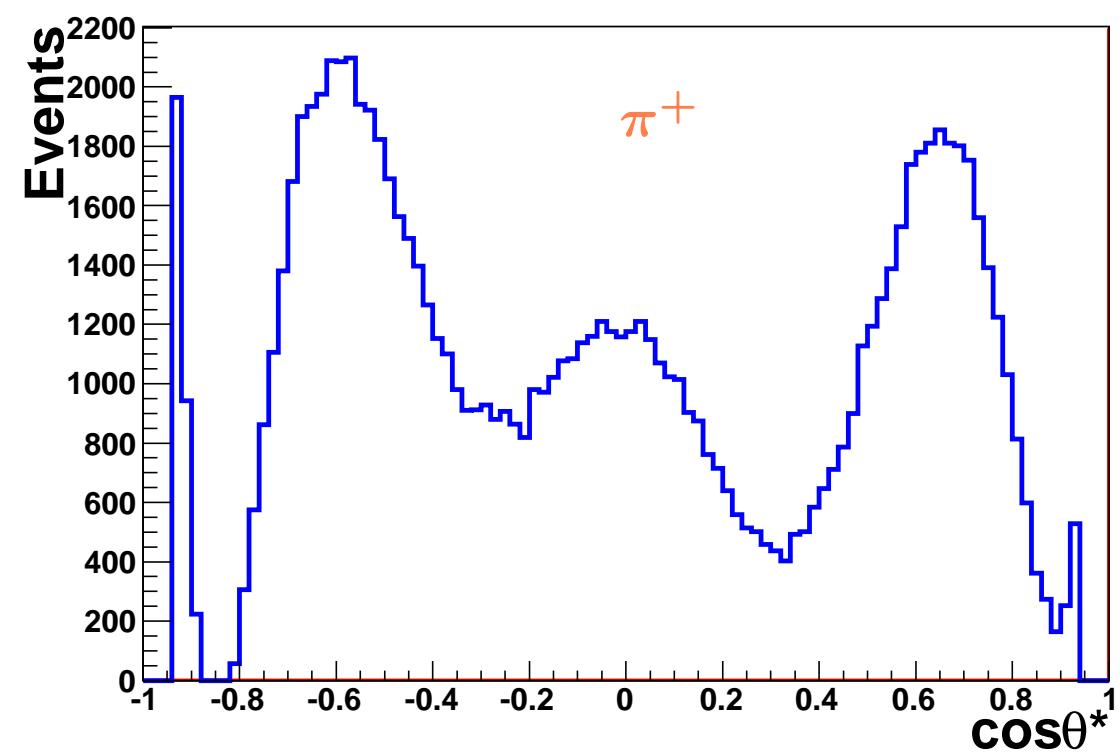
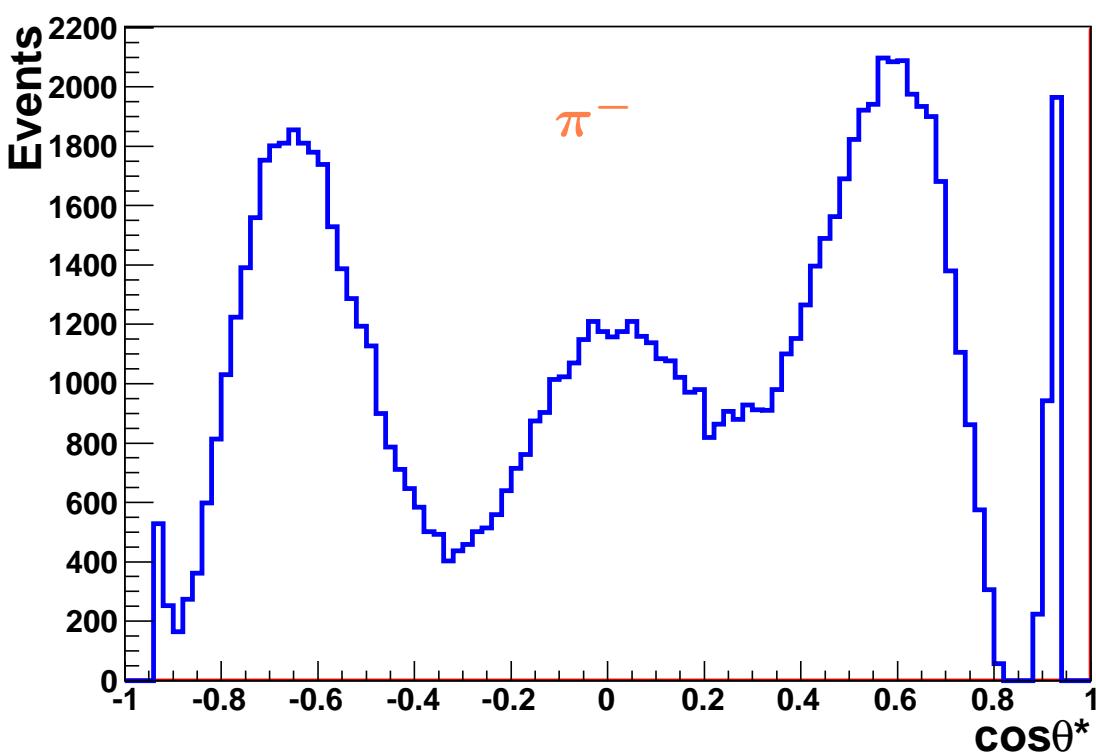
$$p = 1.91 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{s} = 2.4 \text{ GeV}$$



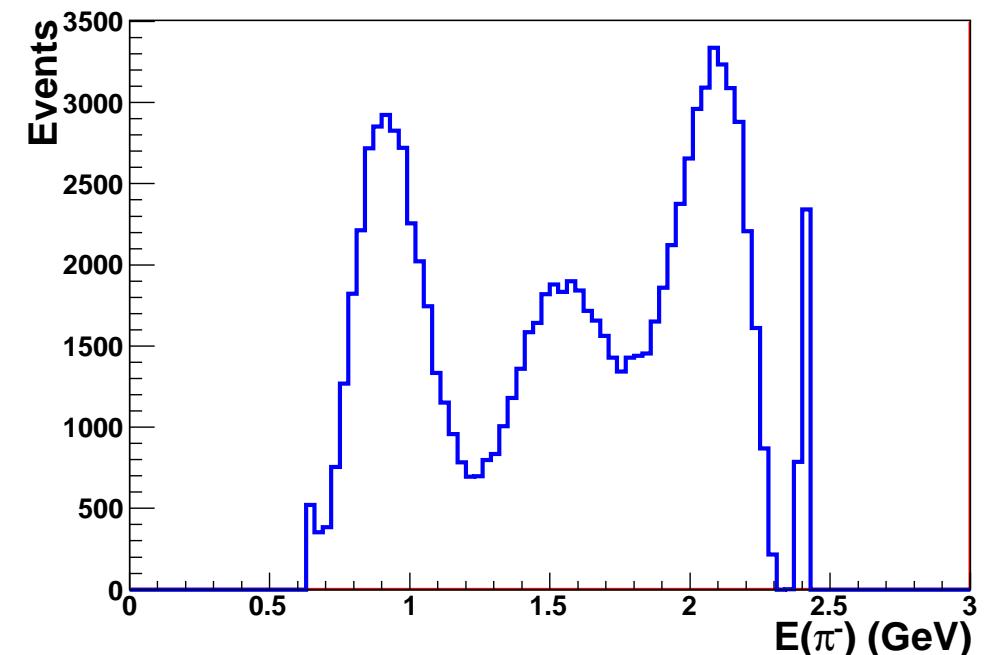
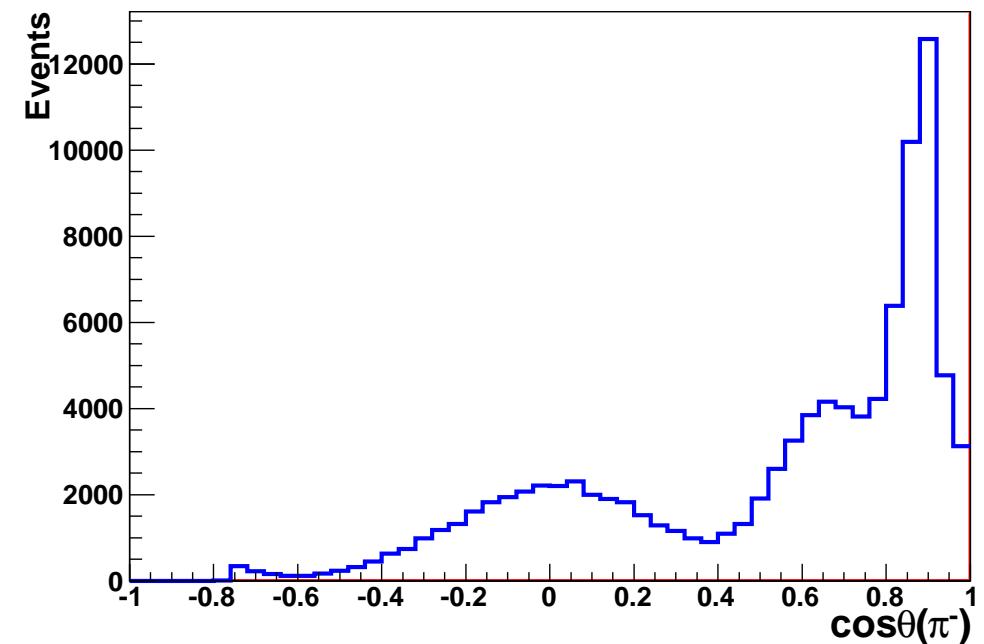
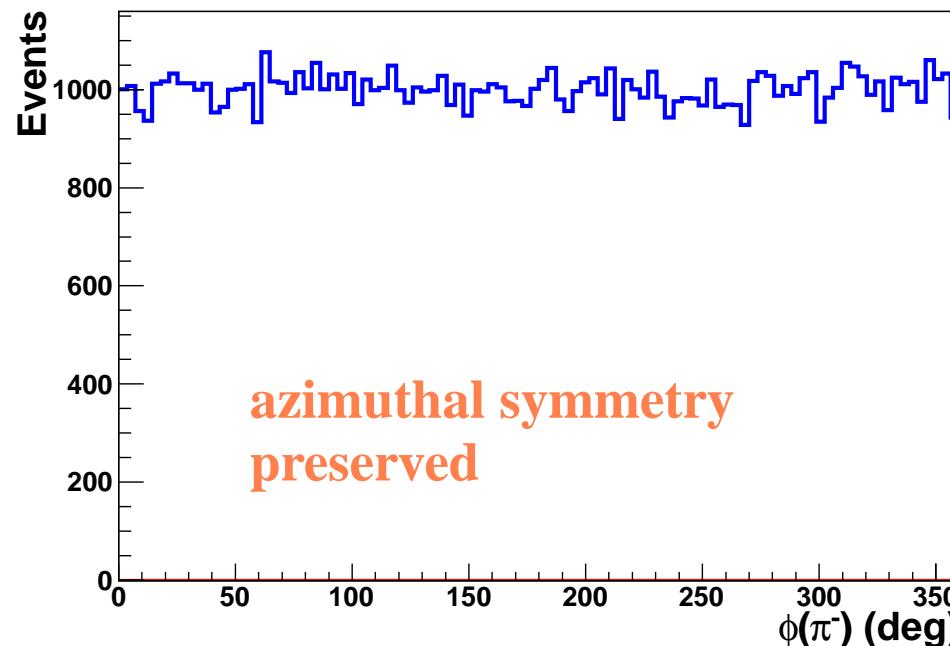
... some distributions in CMS frame

mirror symmetry around  $\cos \theta^* = 0$

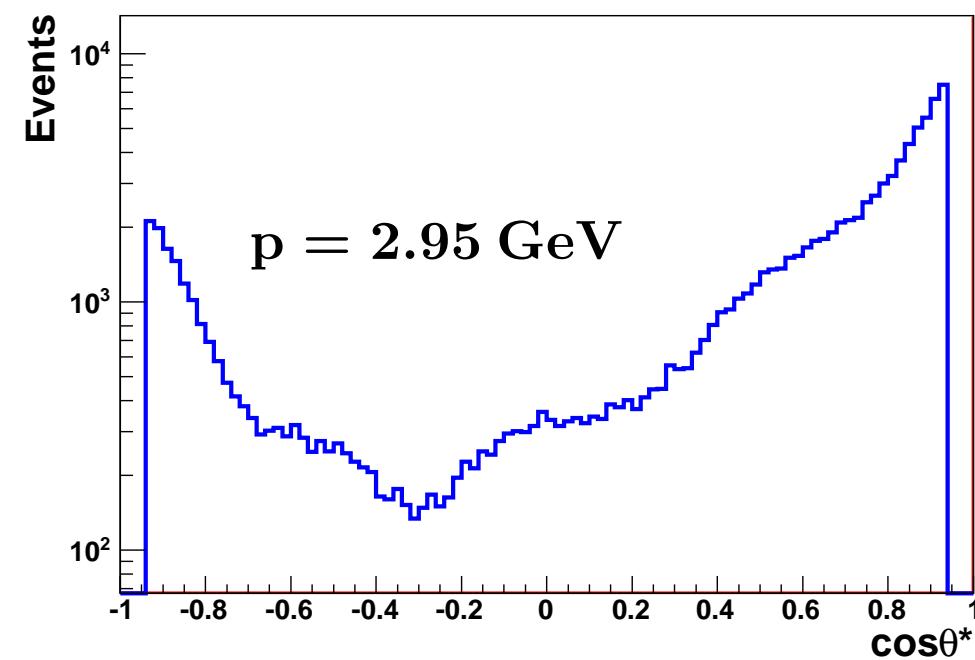
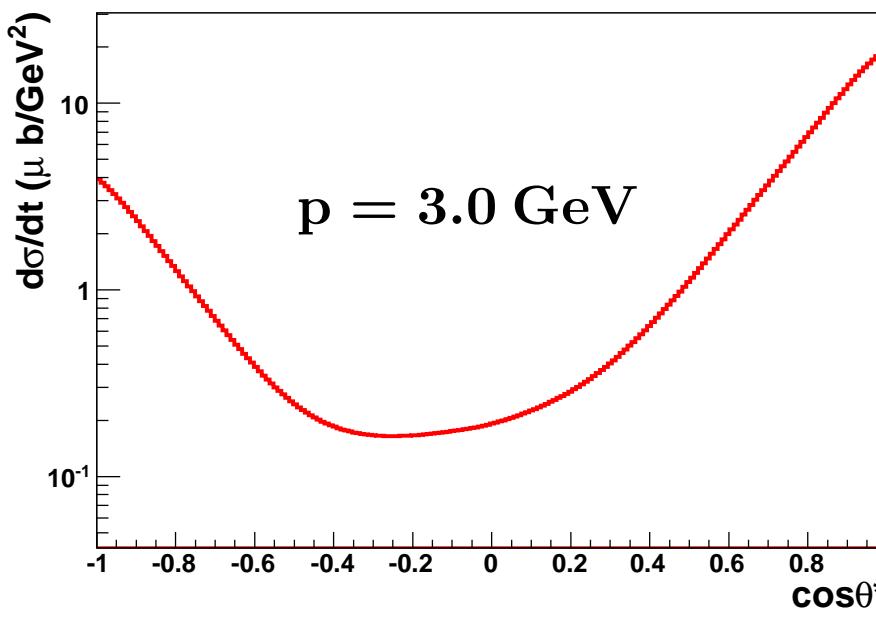
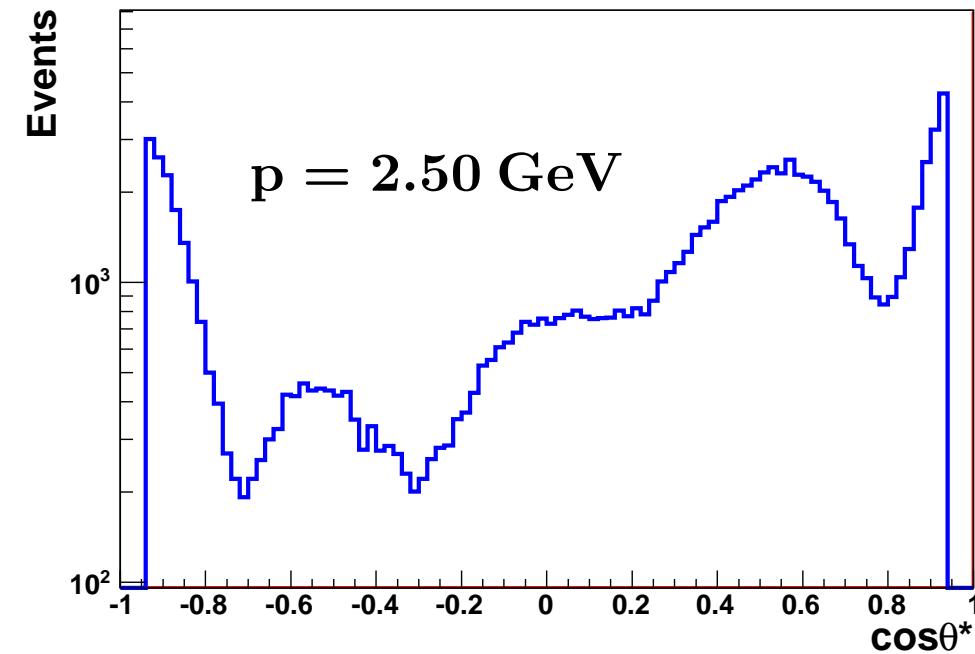
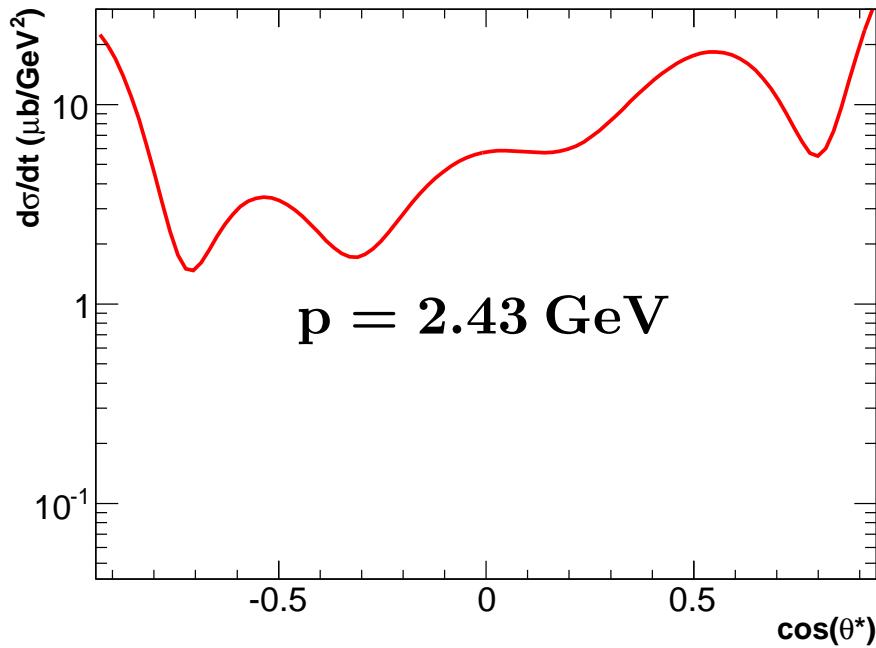


## ... some distributions in LAB frame

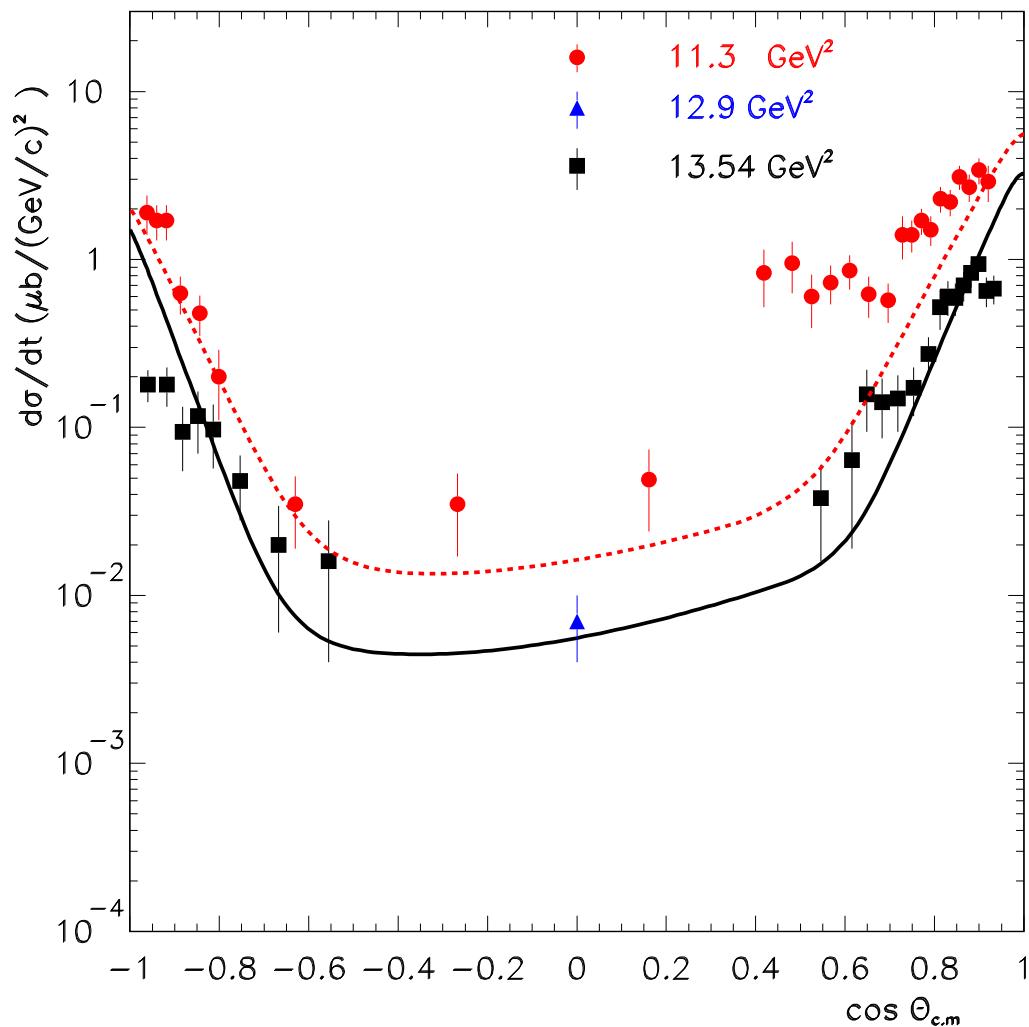
boosting in the forward direction ...



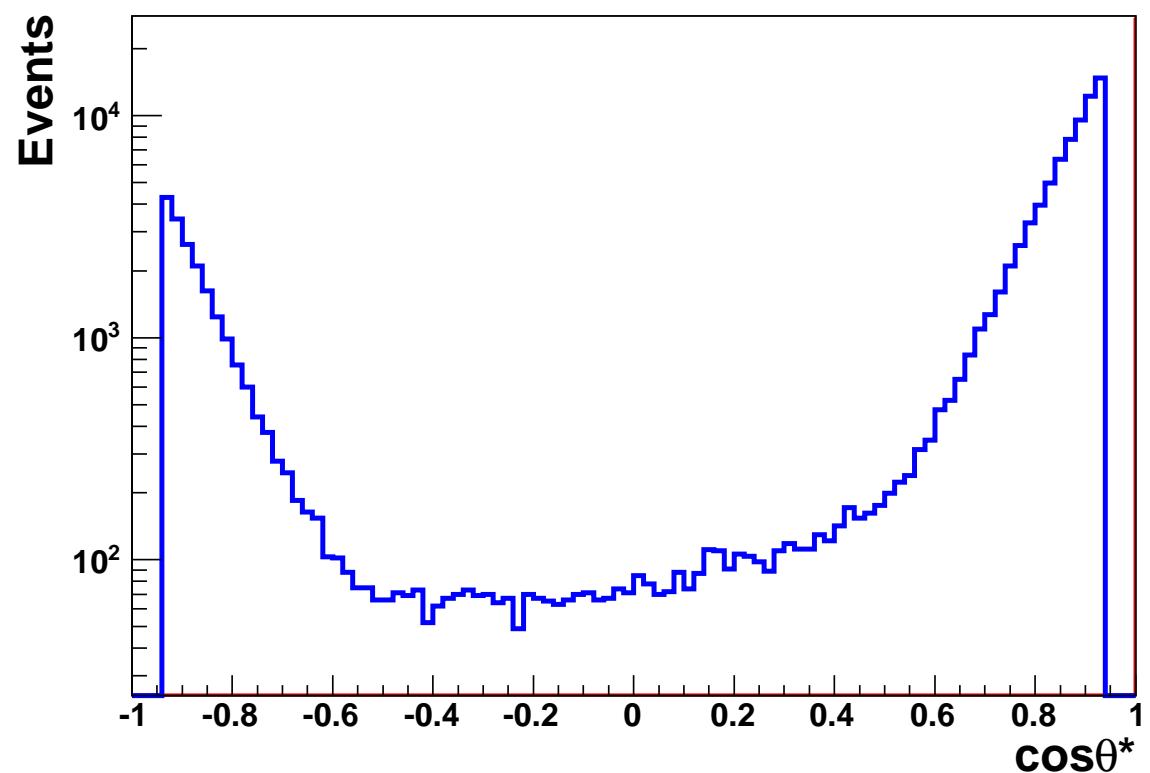
# Event generation : example in the transition energy regime



## Event generation : example in the high energy regime



$$p = 5.0 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow s = 11.3 \text{ GeV}^2$$



J. Van de Wiele and S. Ong

## Interface to PandaRoot / documentation

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- generator successfully **interfaced to PandaRoot**
  - output (i.e. particle momenta) directly streamed to simulation framework during execution time (no ASCII files or trees needed)
- “**official release**” coming soon ...
- **complete documentation already available:**

[http://panda-wiki.gsi.de/  
cgi-bin/view/PANDAMainz/EventGenerators](http://panda-wiki.gsi.de/cgi-bin/view/PANDAMainz/EventGenerators)

## Summary and conclusions

- full  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  event generator in the  $\bar{p}$  momentum range  $0.79 < p < 12.0$  GeV
- generator interfaced to PandaRoot
- full documentation available

ongoing work...

- simulation and analysis (see Dmitry Khaneft's talk)
- submission in next release
- working on more channels :  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0$ , etc.

hope that you will also use the generator!