



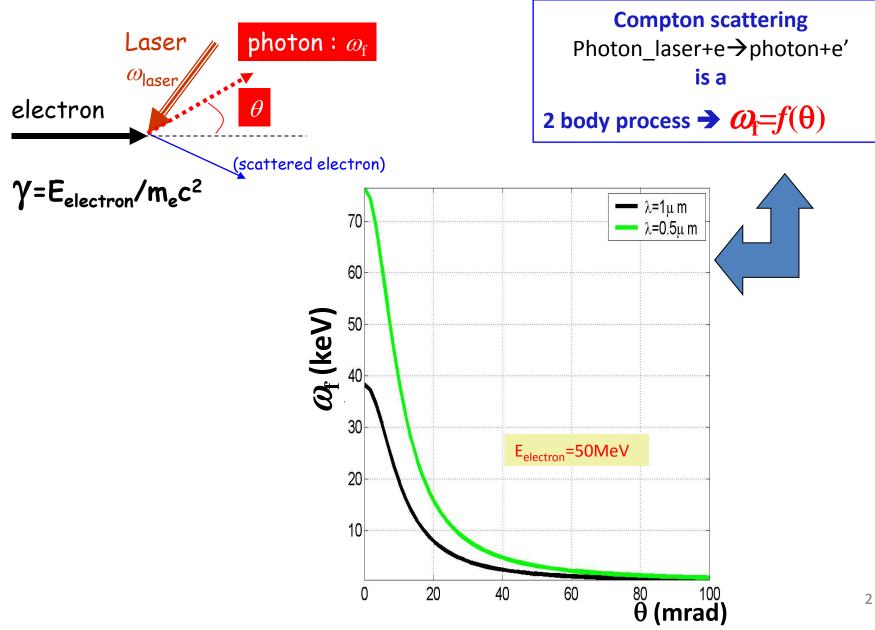
Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et de Physique des Particules



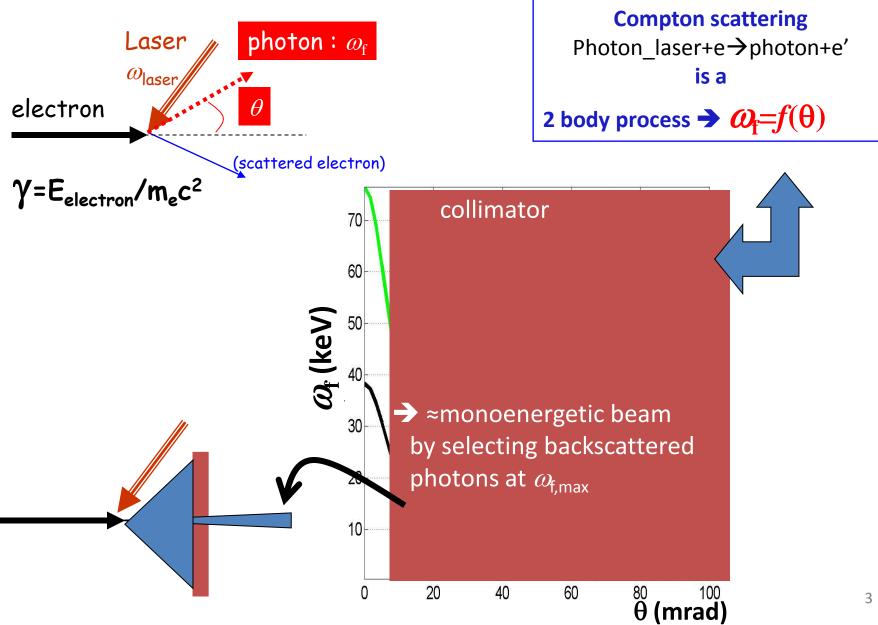
Optical R&D for laser beam – electron beam Compton scattering technology and applications

- I. Interests in Compton sources
 - ➔ Positron source
 - → Compact X-ray machine
- II. Research & Development
 - → Fabry-Perot optical cavity
 - → Fiber-based Chirped Pulses Amplification
- III. Achievements
- IV. Work in progress

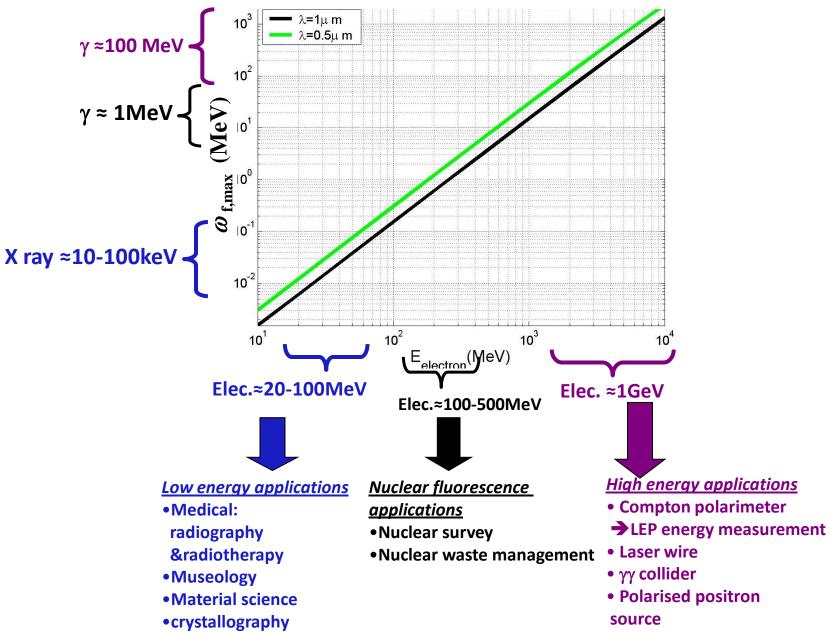
Compton scattering



Compton scattering



Application of Compton scattering



4

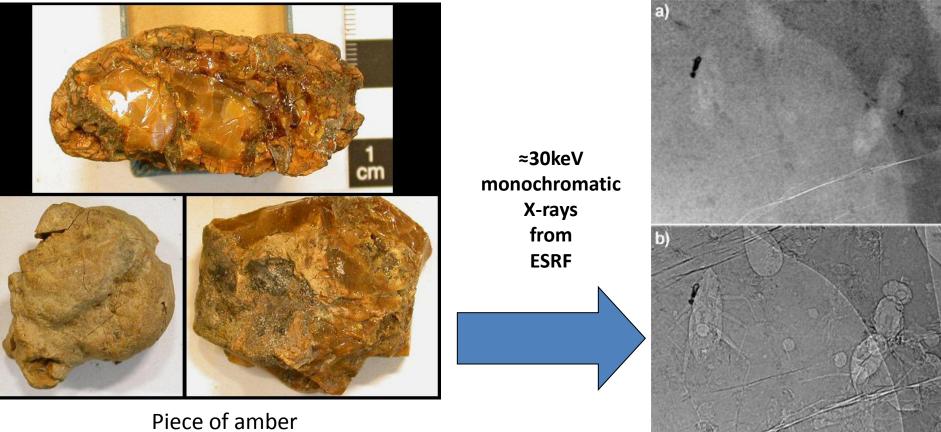
Motivation for a compact Compton X-ray source

Studies that have been done with synchrotron light that we would like to do in a museum, hospital or a laboratory room:

- Painting analysis
- Paleontologie
- ..

Exemples taken from results at the ESRF Syncrotron machine (http://www.esrf.eu/news/spotlight/)

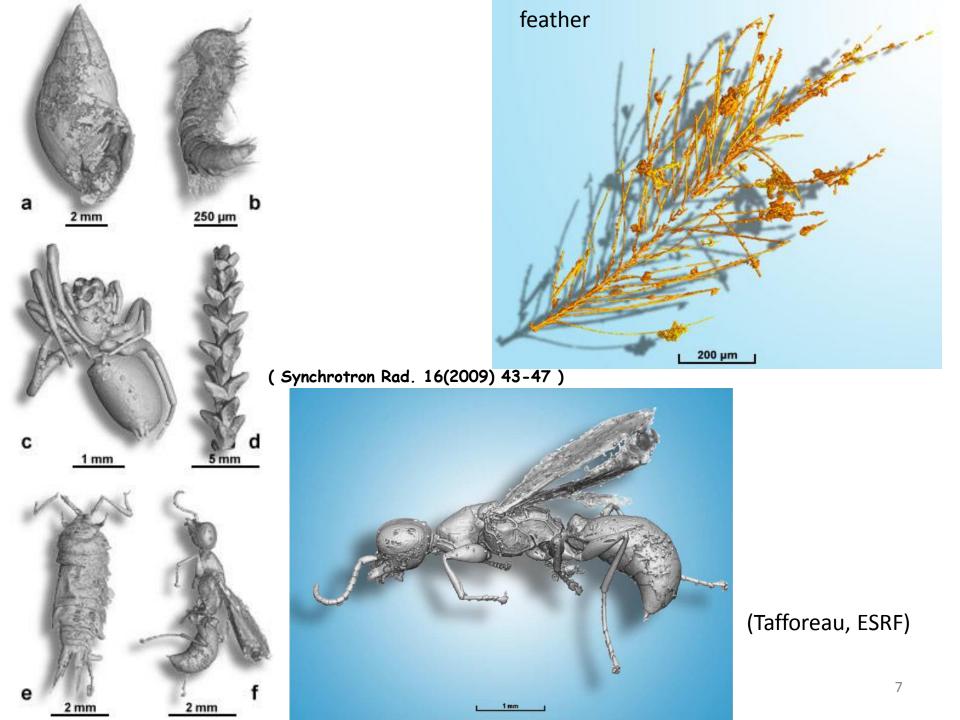
Paleontology application (http://www.esrf.eu/news/general/amber/amber/)



Piece of amber 100 millions years BC (France/Charentes)

➔ non destructive 3D imaging

of elements contained inside the ambre since more than 100M years



Tsinghua Thomson scattering X-ray source (TTX)

Image Example and Photo Dual-Energy Color Image of a Van with Different Tested Samples

Ch.X. Tang

Department of Engineering Physics, Tsinghua University



Dual-Energy Color Image: obtained by processing of dual-energy material discrimination algorithm according to effective atomic number

Technological issues

Laser beam/e⁻ Compton scattering prosses has very low cross section

→ Need of very high laser flux to have a significan X-ray flux
 >10 MW needed for ILC/CLIC and ≈100-500 kW for low energy application
 → Pluses stacking of high power laser in high finesse Fabry-Perot cavity is the

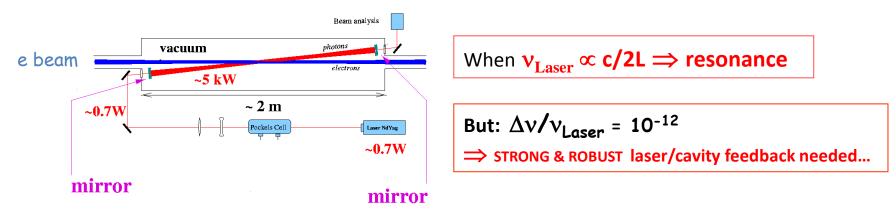
Pluses stacking of high power laser in high finesse Fabry-Perot cavity is the best way to obtain high photon flux for the interaction

Technological issues

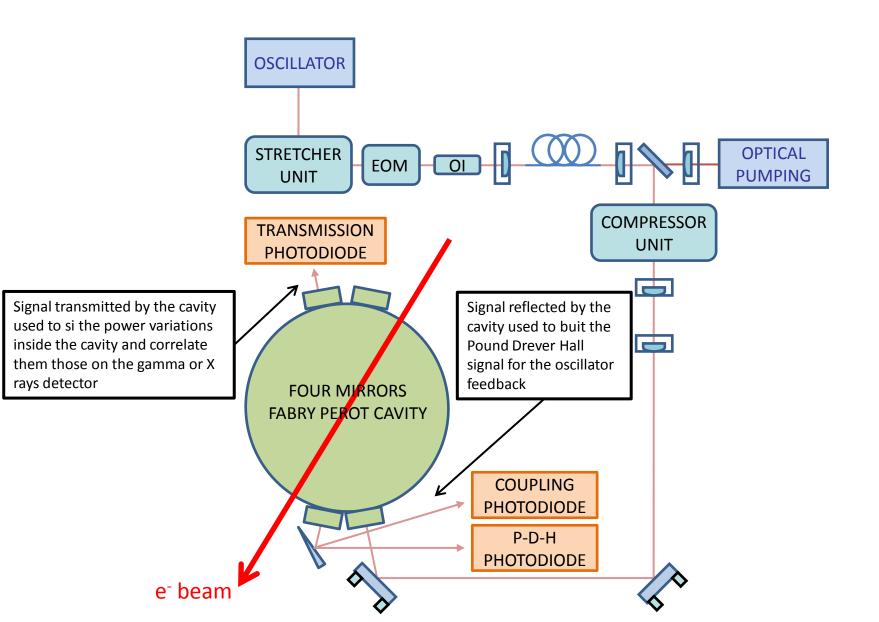
Laser beam/e⁻ Compton scattering prosses has very low cross section

→ Need of very high laser flux to have a significan X-ray flux
>10 MW needed for ILC/CLIC and ≈100-500 kW for low energy application

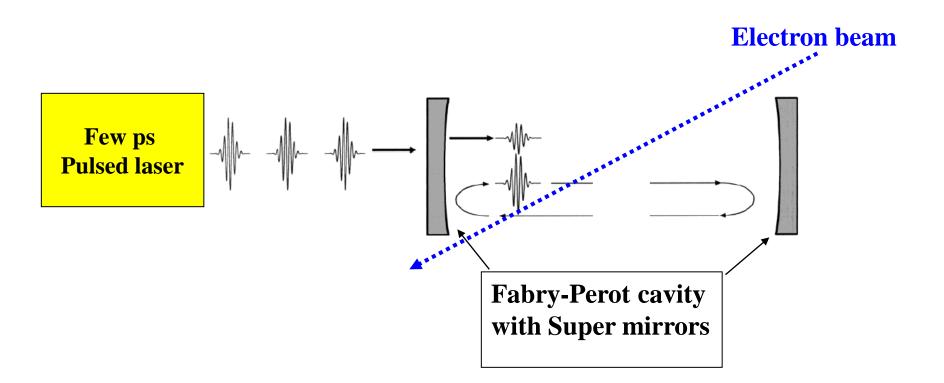
Pluses stacking of high power laser in high finesse Fabry-Perot cavity is the best way to obtain high photon flux for the interaction



Research & Development



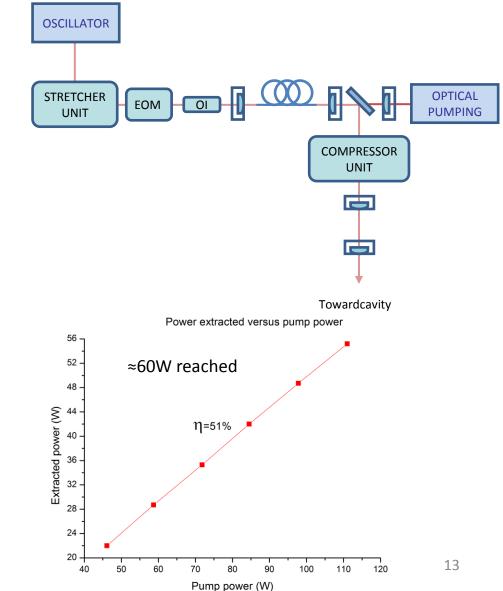
The Fabry-Perot cavity

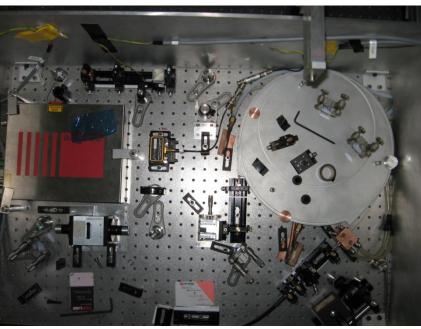


State of the art (Garching MPI): **~70kW**, 2ps pulses @78MHz, stored in a cavity (0.L.35(2010)2052) **~20kW**, 200fs pulses @78MHz

>10MW needed for ILC/CLIC ! ≈(100-500)kW for low energy applications ⇒ Important R&D is needed!

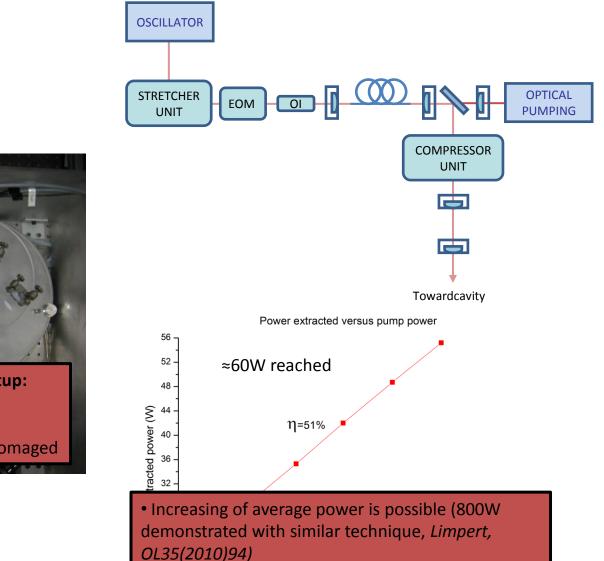
Fiber-based Chirped Pulses Amplification (FCPA)

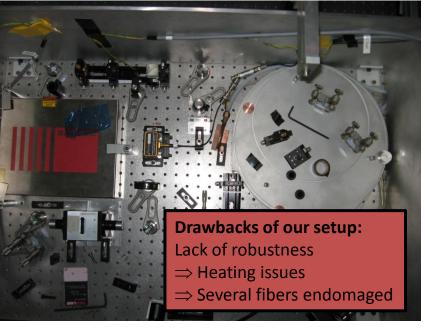




Laser setup at ATF (february 2011)

Fiber-based Chirped Pulses Amplification (FCPA)

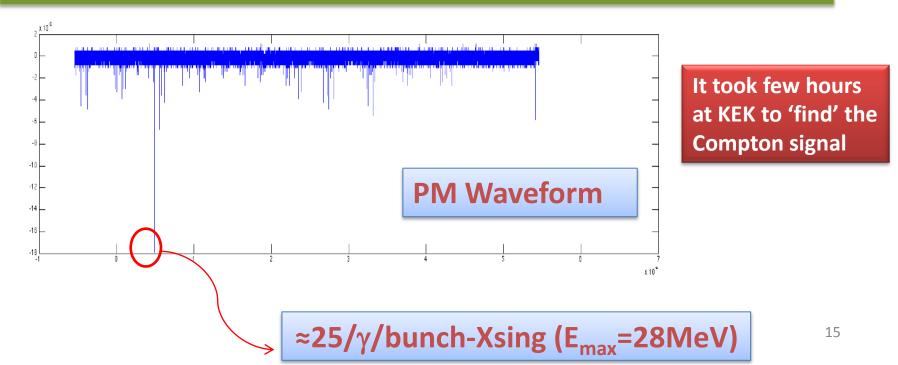




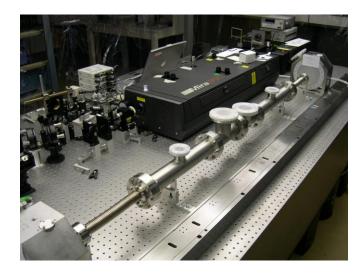
R&D is needed on the heating and power handling

Results before the earthquake at the Accelerator Test Facility

One very short run before ATF breakdown (modulator on fire
 3 week before the earth quake...)
 ✓ Laser power ~10W
 ✓ Cavity laser/coupling ~30% (best measured~60%)
 ✓ Power_cavity~3kW



Work in progress

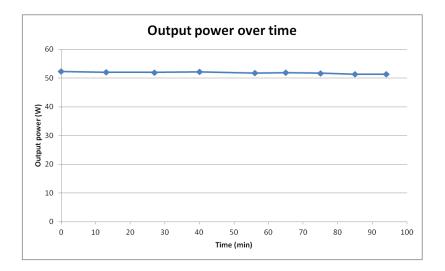


Improvement of amplifier design

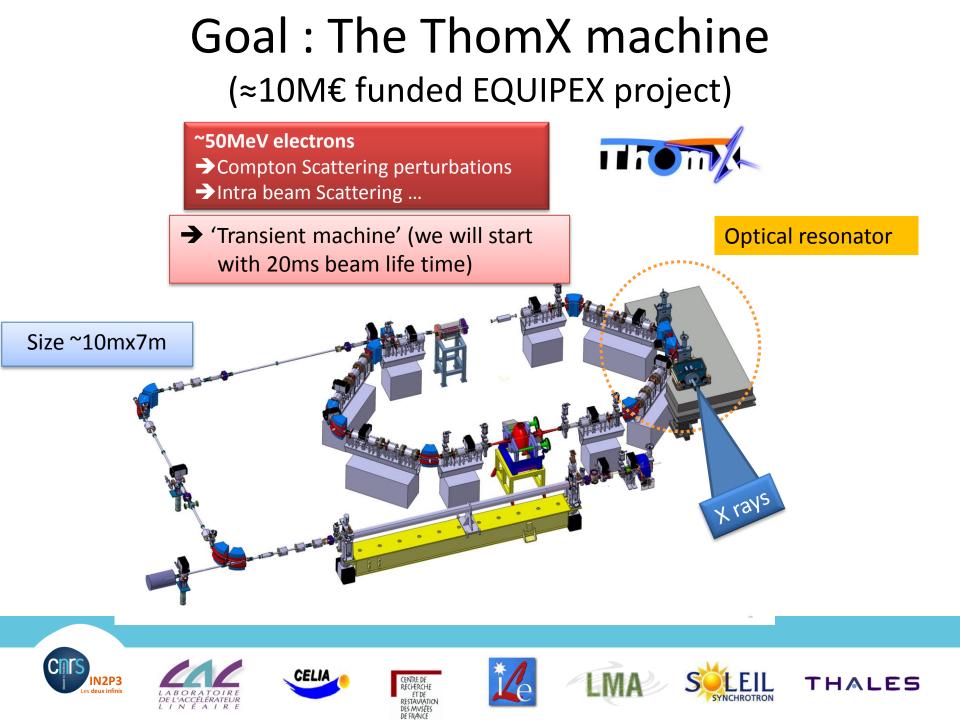
- ➔ Now 50W of average power stable without eating issues
- → Longer run next week
- → 80W expected for next month

Ti:Sapph oscillator locked to a 30000 finesse two mirrors cavity at LAL

- → Now gain ≈10000 aviable
- → Tests on our 4-mirrors cavity in progress



- → New setup will be installed on ATF during the april/may shutdown
- → Data acquisition expected for may



Summary

Monochromatic X-ray Compton scattering machines are interesting for a wide range of applications

R&D on the Fabry-Perot cavity and the laser system

- ➔ Higher cavity finesse
- → Higher laser power

This R&D will leads to the ThomX project

Colaboration with Tsinghua University

→ Phd student Yan You in co-direction will come to LAL next autumn

Summary

Monochromatic X-ray Compton scattering machines are interesting for a wide range of applications

R&D on the Fabry-Perot cavity and the laser system

- → Higher cavity finesse
- → Higher laser power

This R&D will leads to the ThomX project

Colaboration with Tsinghua University

→ Phd student Yan You in co-direction will come to LAL next autumn

Thank for your attention