

Implications of charm and top asymmetries for the TeV scale

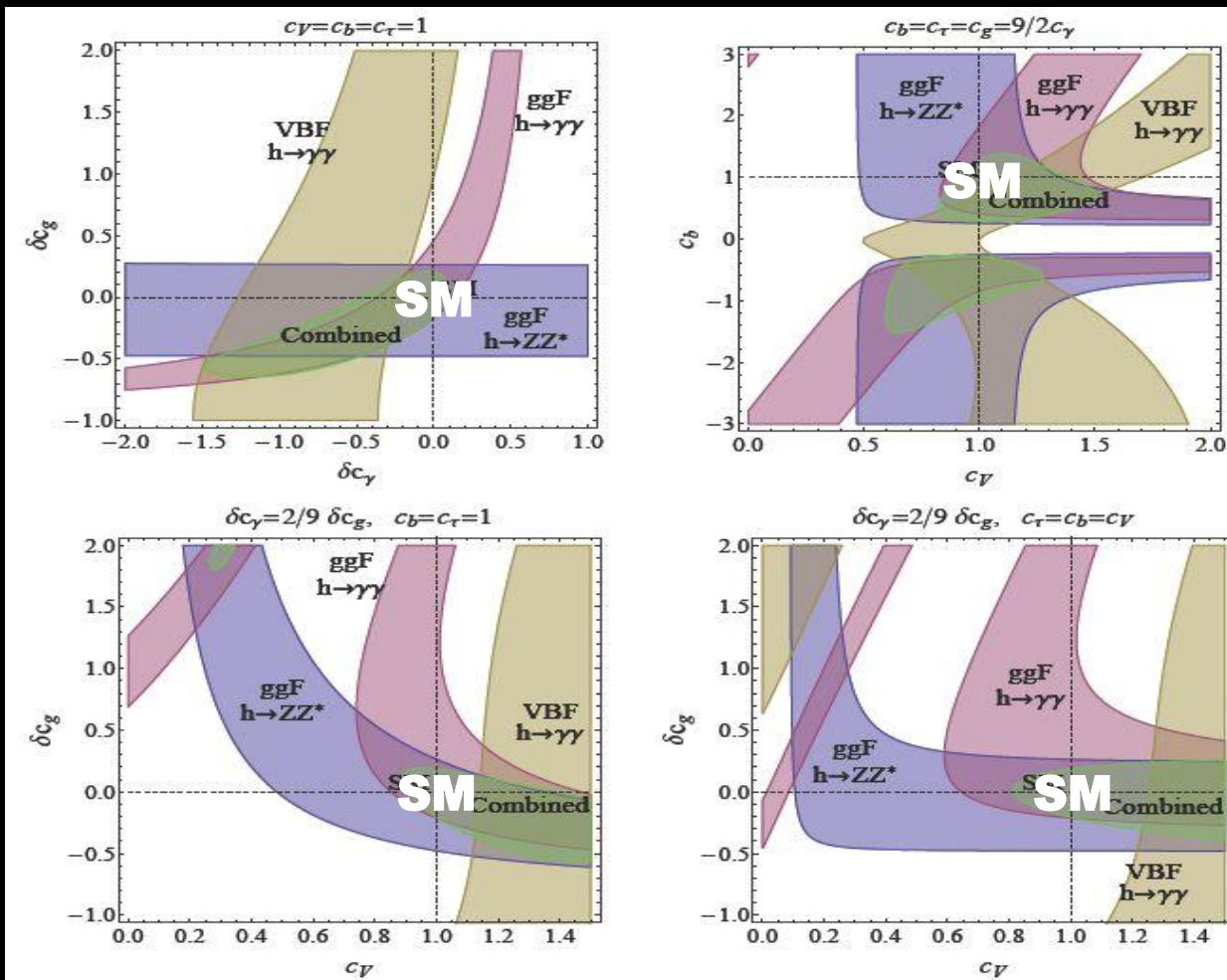
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CERN-TH

[hep-ph/very.soon]² with
J.F. Kamenik, G. Perez, L. Randall
&
L. da Rold, C. Grojean, G. Perez

So far we learned from LHC7 that:

1) there is *most likely* a ~ 125 GeV Higgs and it is *mostly* SM-like...

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} = c_V \frac{2m_W^2}{v} h W_\mu^+ W_\mu^- + c_V \frac{m_Z^2}{v} h Z_\mu Z_\mu - c_b \frac{m_b}{v} h \bar{b}b - c_\tau \frac{m_\tau}{v} h \bar{\tau}\tau + c_g \frac{\alpha_s}{12\pi v} h G_{\mu\nu}^a G_{\mu\nu}^a + c_\gamma \frac{\alpha}{\pi v} h A_{\mu\nu} A_{\mu\nu} . = \text{most generic } L_{eff} \text{ below } m_{top}$$

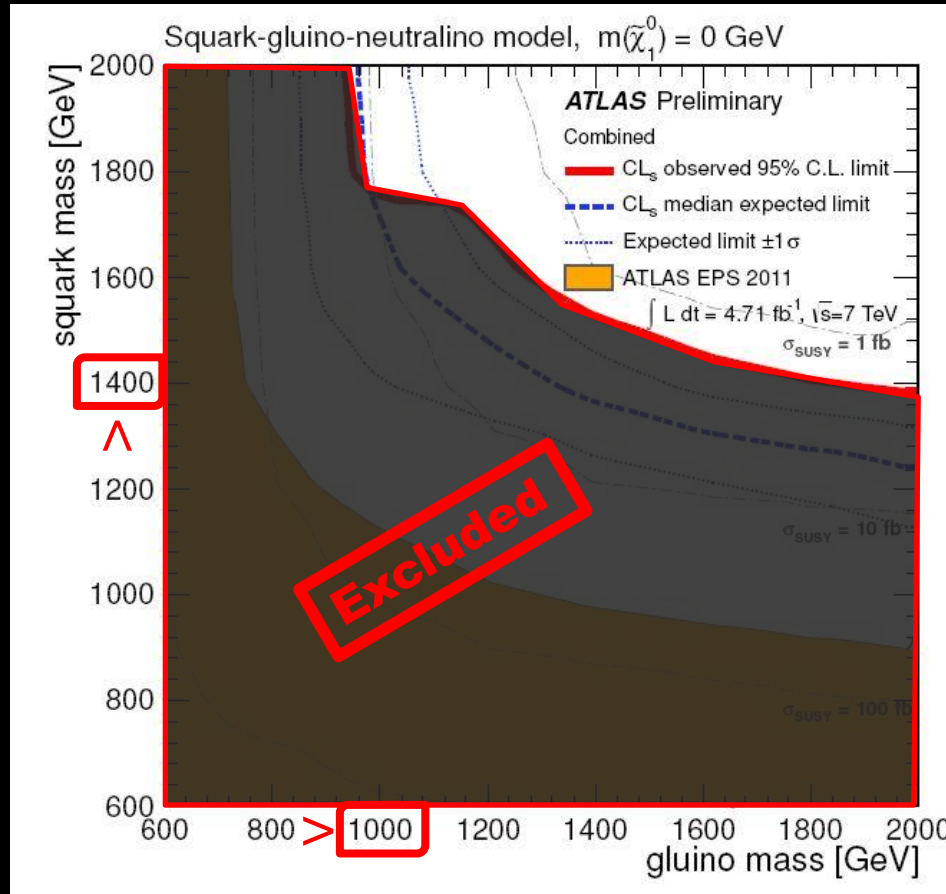


Carmi, Falkowski,
Kuflic & Volansky '12

see also:

Contino et al.
Grojean et al.
Strumia et al.

2) while TeV scale SUSY remains elusive



ATLAS-CONF-2012-033

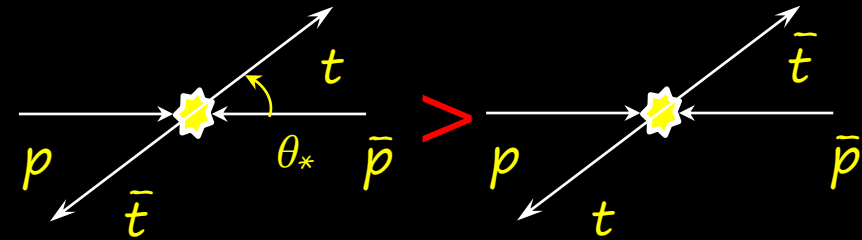
* assumes degeneracy
of 1+2 generation squarks

1)+2) seems a bit depressing for new physics enthusiasts...
...but there are other intriguing *flavorful* data!

*Forward-backward asymmetry
in top pair production*

$t\text{-}t\text{bar}$ forward-backward asymmetry: A_{FB}

- @Tevatron $t\text{ps}$ are produced preferentially **along** the direction of **the proton**
 $\rightarrow A_{FB} > 0$ and sizable!



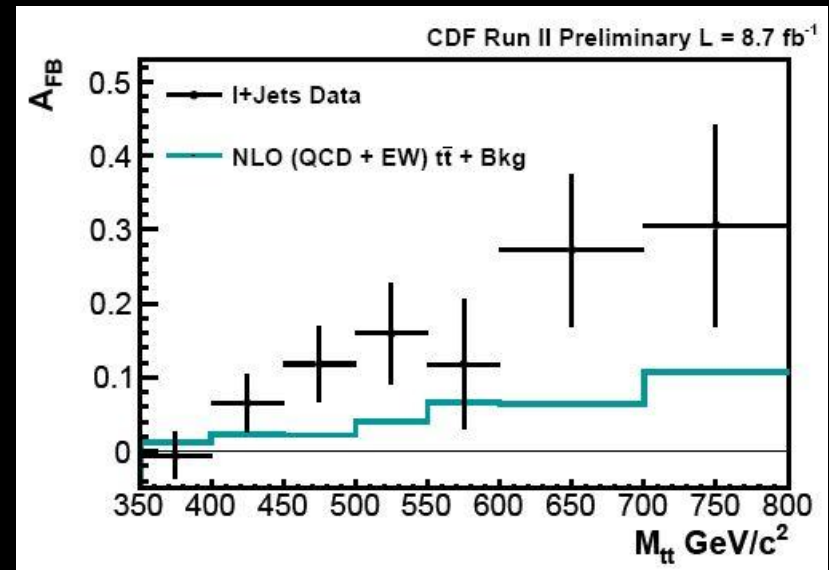
$$A_{FB}^{t\bar{t}} \equiv \frac{N(\cos\theta_* > 0) - N(\cos\theta_* < 0)}{+}$$

- o(5) CDF+DO concurring measurements reported o(1) effects in asym. $t\bar{t}$ production, more pronounced @higher E
- amateur combination yields:

in $t\bar{t}\text{bar}$ rest frame:

$$A_{FB}^{\text{inclusive}} \approx (18 \pm 4)\%$$

$$A_{FB}^{>450\text{GeV}} \approx (28 \pm 6)\%$$

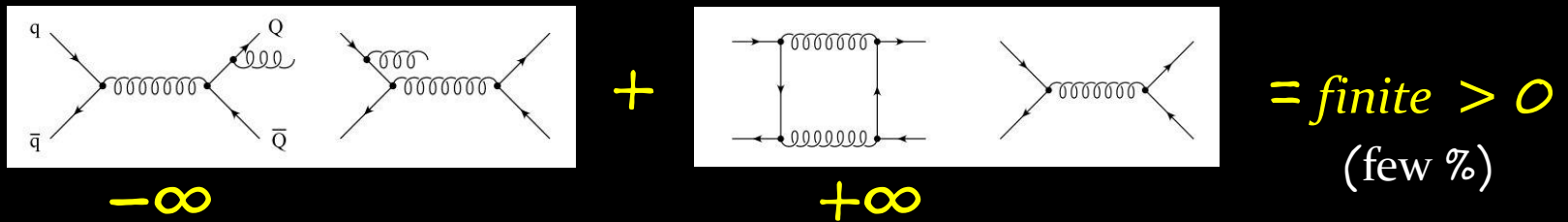


Forward-backward asymmetry in the SM

- CP invariance $\rightarrow A_{FB} = A_C$ (charge asymmetry)
- QCD is C invariant $\rightarrow$ asymmetry only @higher α_s orders

$$A_{FB}^{QCD} = \frac{\alpha_s^3 \sigma_A^{(0)} + \alpha_s^4 \sigma_A^{(1)} + \dots}{\alpha_s^2 \sigma_S^{(0)} + \alpha_s^3 \sigma_S^{(1)} + \dots} \simeq \alpha_s \frac{\sigma_A^{(0)}}{\sigma_S^{(0)}}$$

- NLO: *Kuhn & Rodrigo '98*



- NNLO? unknown yet, but large log from soft glu' have been resummed!

[NLO+NLL] *Almeida, Sterman & Vogelsang '08*

[NLO+NNLL] *Ahrens et al. '10-11* | *Kidonakis '11*

$\rightarrow$ small effects $\sim \text{NLO} \times 10\%$

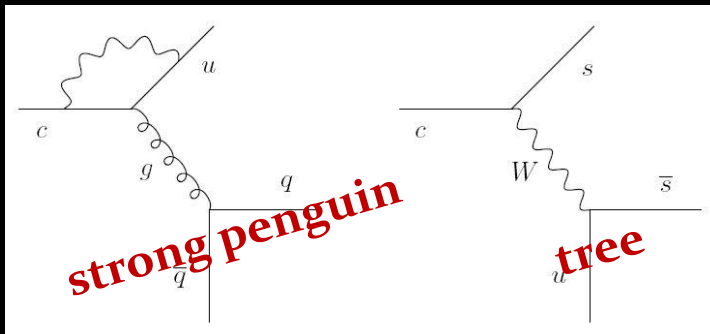
- QCD+EW state of the art: $A_{FB}^{[\text{inclusive}] > 450 \text{ GeV}} \approx [6.6 | 10]\% \rightarrow \sim 3\sigma \text{ tension}$

*CP violation asymmetries
in charmed meson decay*

CP violation in SCS charm decay: Δa_{CP}

- $a_{CP}(ff) = \frac{\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow f^+ f^-) - CP}{+}$, $\Delta a_{CP} = a_{CP}(KK) - a_{CP}(\pi\pi)$
- LHCb+CDF: $\Delta a_{CP} = (-0.656 \pm 0.154)\% = 0 - 4.26 = SM??$
- CPV in 2 generation systems is perturbatively suppressed:

$$\Delta a_{CP}^{SM} \sim \arg[(V_{cd}^* V_{ud}) / (V_{cs}^* V_{us})] \approx 0(10^{-3})$$
- rates are $\propto$ Penguin/Tree $\sim \alpha_s(m_c)/\pi \approx 0.1$



- but $m_c \sim \Lambda_{QCD} \rightarrow$ overwhelming *uncalculable* long distance corrections

data requires $P/T \sim 3$, it seems hard to get, but answer is unknown...*could be NP!*

Implications for the TeV scale

- **Why** new physics @TeV? $\rightarrow$ Naturalness of $G_F \ll G_N$
 $\rightarrow$ *top quark comes with a top sector*
- We built hadron colliders $\rightarrow$ top related anomalies only observable if NP also knows of up quark (...or gluons)
- Top A_{FB} supports sizable NP coupling to **top + up** quarks
- Charm CPV suggests NP knows also of charm quark
- naturalness+ A_{FB} + Δa_{CP} , an interesting paradigm emerges:
 $\rightarrow$ *new physics couples sizably to the (RH) up sector*
Damokles' sword = dijets
- is there a (technically) natural setup realizing this picture?
 $\rightarrow$ $a N_{susy}=0$ dedicated framework:
warped extra-dimension (or 4D composite Higgs)

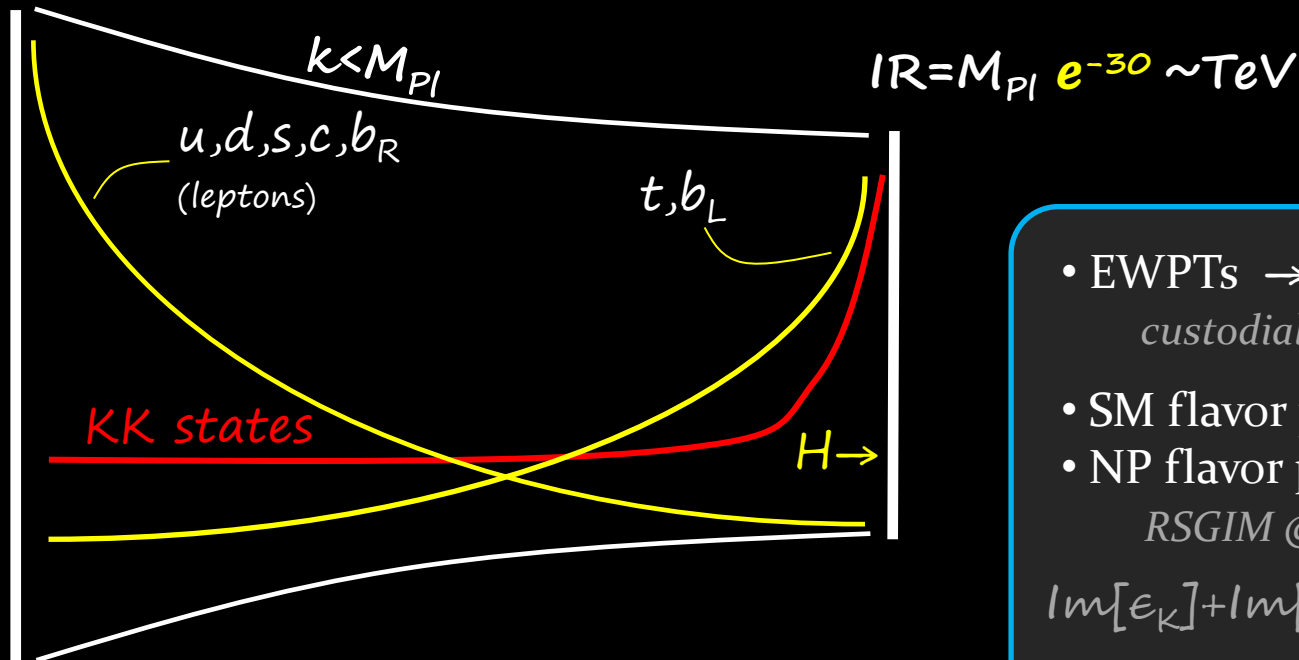
*Predictions of RS model
with flavor anarchy*

Warped essentials

RS'99: « Hierarchy problem is solved in AdS₅ bckg: $ds^2 = e^{-2ky} dx^2 - dy^2$ »

Flavor anarchy = $Y_{u,d}$ & $C_{Q,u,d}$ are generic, structureless flavor matrices

$UV \sim M_{Pl}$



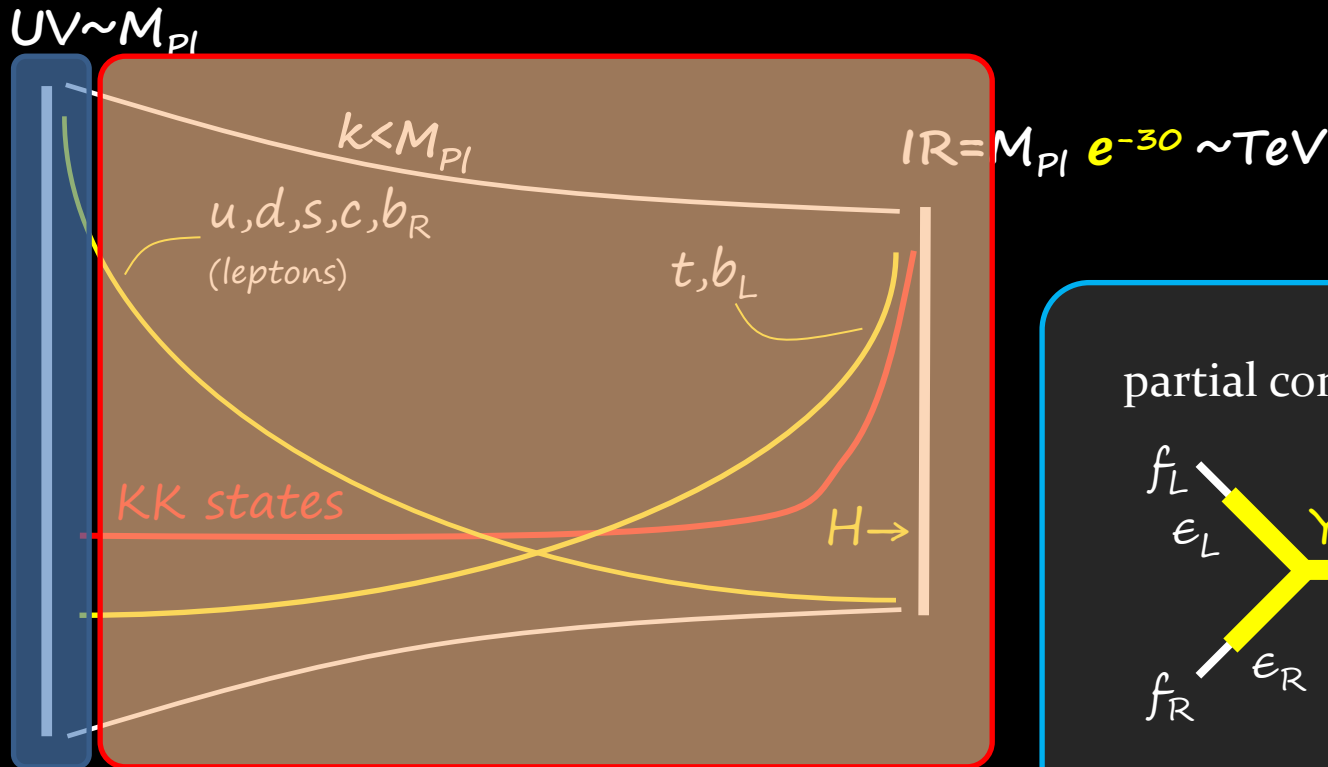
- EWPTs $\rightarrow m_{KK} > 3-4 \text{ TeV}$
custodial symmetry @work
- SM flavor puzzle addressed
- NP flavor problem almost solved
RSGIM @work, yet:
 $\text{Im}[\epsilon_K] + \text{Im}[\epsilon'/\epsilon] \rightarrow m_{KK} > 5 \text{ TeV}$
- a way out (supported by Daya bay):
down alignment, but up anarchy

thanks to color strength couplings
KK-gluon is the main player @ hadron collider

Warped essentials

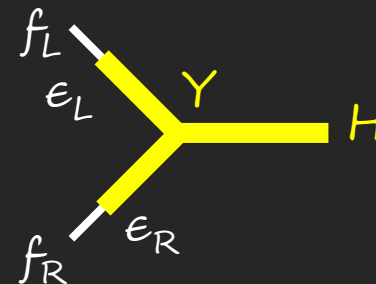
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elementary sector $\leftarrow$ linear mixing $\rightarrow$ strong sector

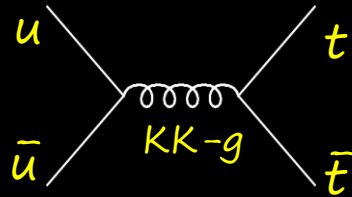
partial compositeness in 4D:



$$Y_{SM} = \epsilon_L Y \epsilon_R$$

RS + flavor anarchy

✓ top AFB? we need $(\bar{u}u)_A(\bar{t}t)_A$ w/ $\Lambda \approx \text{TeV}$ e.g. Weizmann group '11



elementary up has suppressed vector-like coupling to KK-g $\rightarrow$ **no AFB!**

✓ charm CPV? two possible NP routes:

$\rightarrow (\bar{u}c)_{V+A}(\bar{q}q)_{V+A}$ w/ $\Lambda_{4f} \approx 15 \text{ TeV}$ (potential $DD\bar{b}$ issue Isidori et al '11)

$q=u, d \text{ or } s \rightarrow$ elementary light quarks $\rightarrow \Lambda_{4f} \gg 15 \text{ TeV} \dots \text{hopeless}$

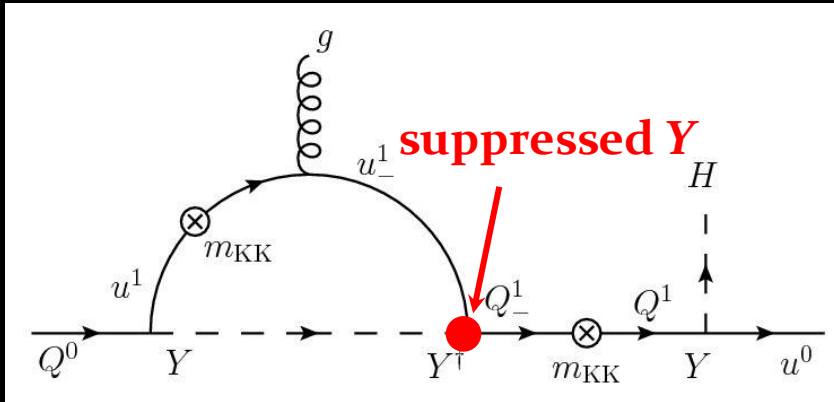
$\rightarrow g_s m_c \bar{u}_L \sigma_{\mu\nu} G^{\mu\nu} c_R$ w/ $\Lambda_g \approx 20 \text{ TeV}$ (chirality flipping $\rightarrow$ no $D\bar{d}$ tension
Grossman, Kagan, Nir '06)

light quark compositeness is swallowed in $m_c \rightarrow \text{hope!}$

Charm CPV from a chromo-dipole operator

CD, Kamenik, Perez & Randall '12

- flavor changing dipole induced at 1-loop by Yukawa int.
- **bulk Higgs:** «wrong» chirality KK fermions dominate



$$C_8 = \frac{\lambda_c Y_5^2}{16\pi^2 m_{KK}^2} \boxed{O_\beta} \text{ H overlap corr. } \approx 0.1 \text{ for } \beta=0$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta a_{CP} = 0.6\% \text{ for } m_{KK}=3\text{TeV}, Y_5=6$$

- First implications:
 - overlap suppression requires a larger Y than in generic 4D duals
 $\rightarrow$ DDbar mixing in 5D is typically more suppressed
 - gluon coupling is flavor blind $\rightarrow a_{CP}(KK) \sim a_{CP}(\pi\pi)$

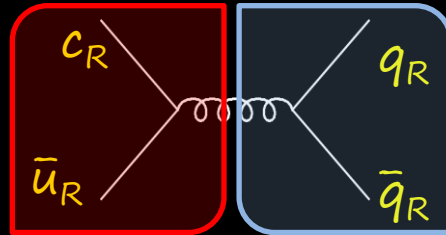
*Predictions of RS model
with RH quark compositeness*

see *e.g.* CD, Gedalia, Lee, Perez, Ponton '10
& Redi, Weiler '11

Charm CPV from composite RH light quarks

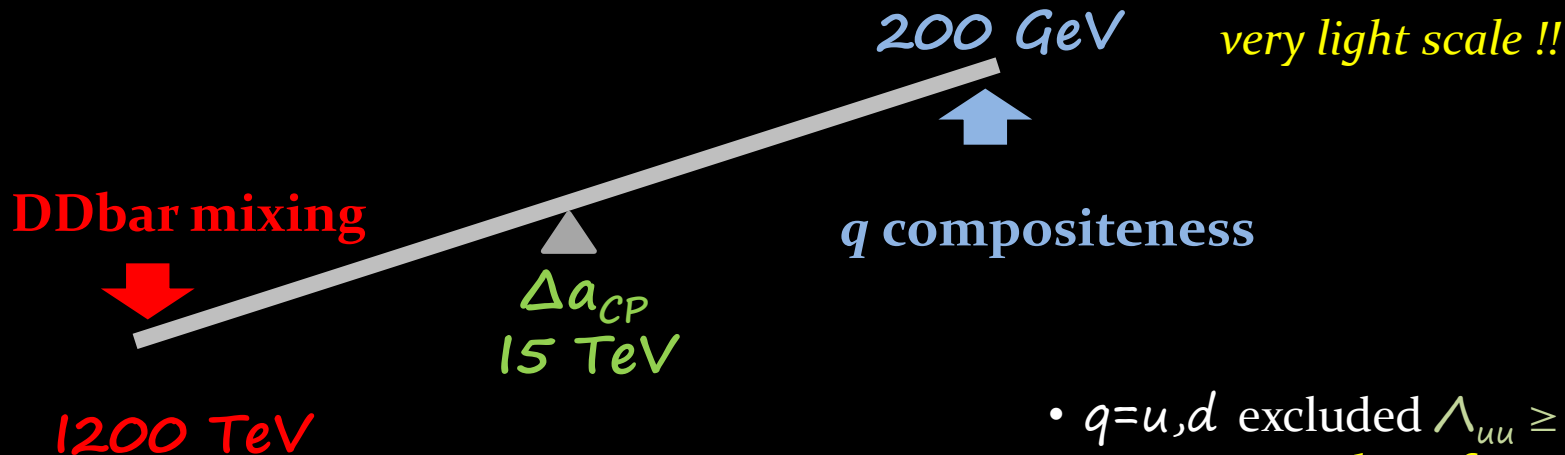
Da rold, CD, Grojean & Perez '12

- for S-channel mediated $u\text{bar } c \rightarrow q\text{bar } q$ transitions:



$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{\Lambda_{uc}} \times \frac{1}{\Lambda_{qq}} \approx \frac{1}{(15 \text{ TeV})^2}$$

- The D meson see-saw: $\Lambda_{\Delta c=2} \approx 1200 \text{ TeV} \gg \Lambda_{\Delta c=1} \approx 15 \text{ TeV}$

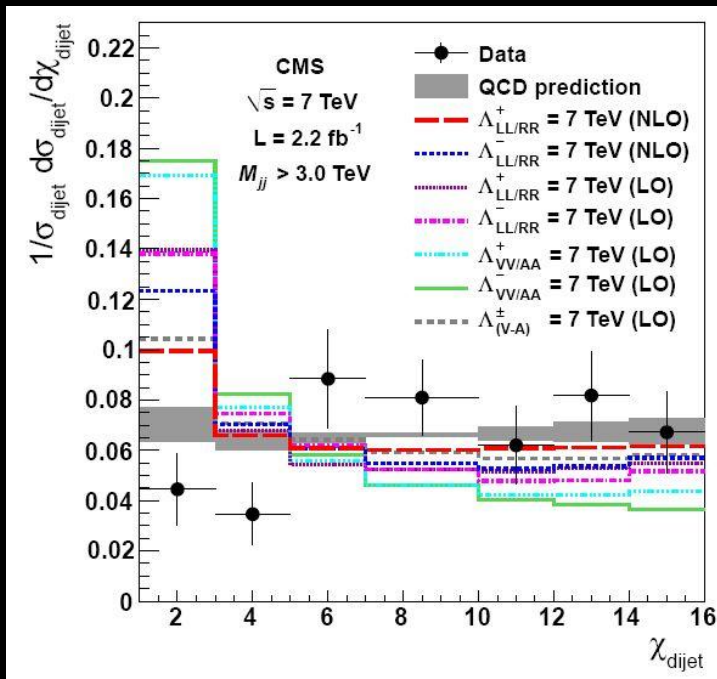


- $q=u, d$ excluded $\Lambda_{uu} \geq 3 \text{ TeV}$
 $\rightarrow$ what if $q=s$?
- 200 GeV implies strong coupling:
 $\Lambda_{\text{NDA}} \sim 200 \text{ GeV} \times 4\pi \approx 2.5 \text{ TeV}$

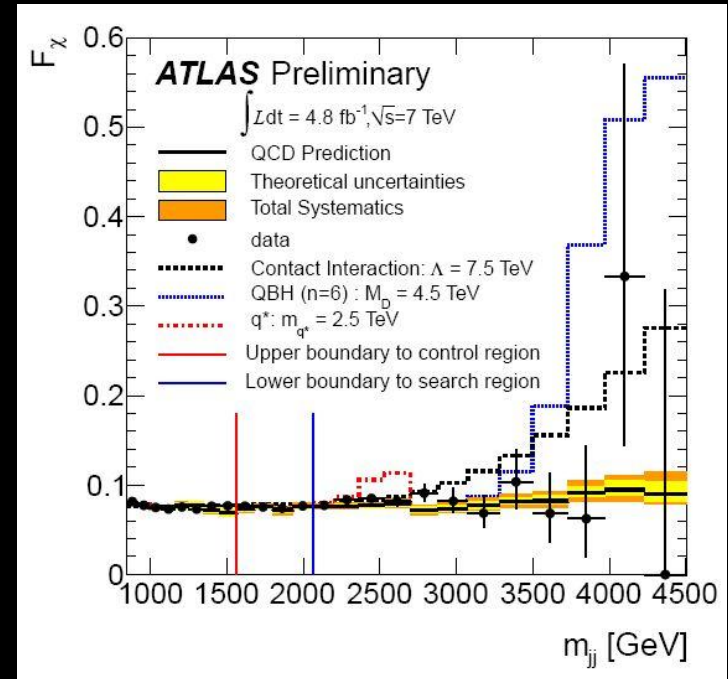
Dijet searches & compositeness scale

- Dijet searches sensitive to 4F operators involving light quarks
- strategy:
 - QCD mostly produces forward jets (exchange of massless particles in t-channel)
 - Contact interactions produce more isotropic jets → dominates @low y
 - construct angular variable $\chi = \exp(2y)$ to exploit the different kin.

$\sigma^{-1} d\sigma/d\chi$ from CMS



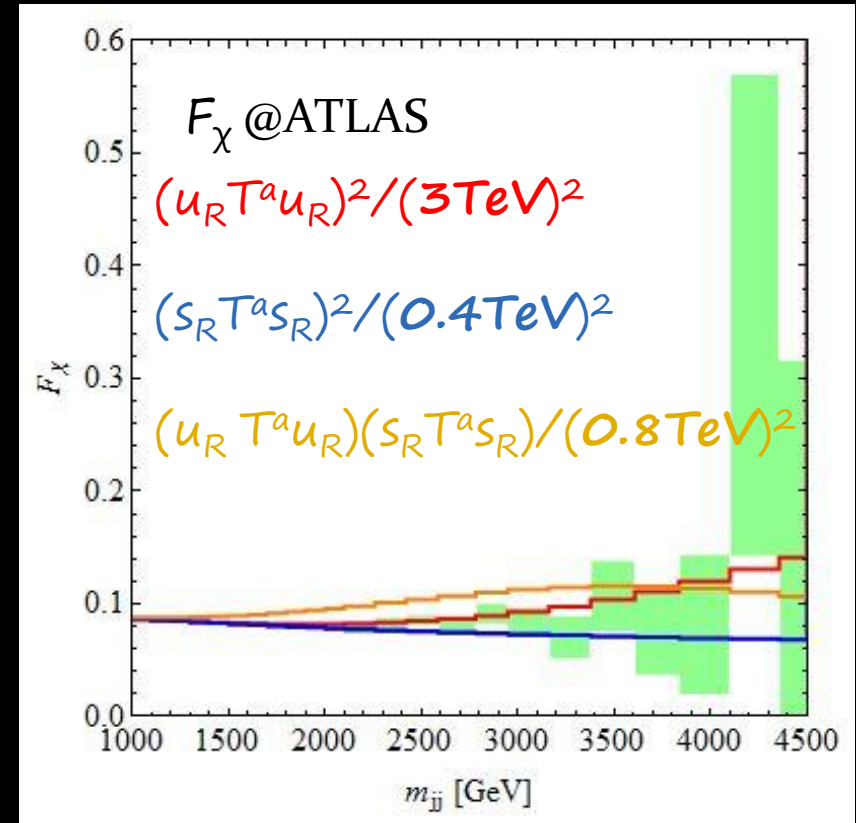
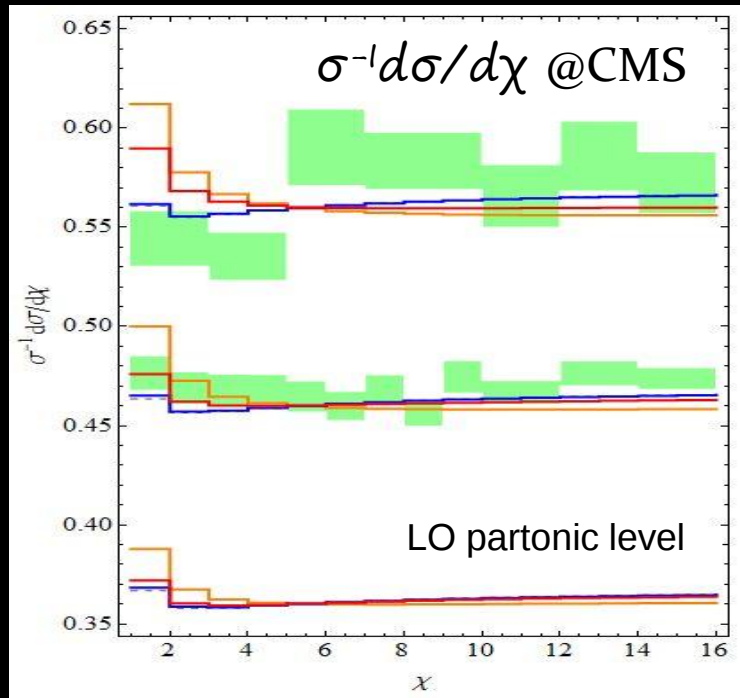
$F_\chi = \sigma(y < 0.6)/\sigma(y < 1.7)$ from ATLAS



Light quark compositeness vs. dijet searches

Da rold, CD, Grojean & Perez '12

Δa_{CP} from s-channel FCNC $\rightarrow (s_R s_R)^2 / (200 \text{ GeV})^2$



- color octet favored bounds for singlet is $\sim \sqrt{3}$ stronger
- typically negative Wilson coefficient induced

mild tension but:

- NP matrix elem. for charm direct CPV are unknown
- NLO QCD corr. applied to NP weakens bounds by $\mathcal{O}(20\%)$

Large A_{FB} from RH compositeness

Da rold, CD, Grojean & Perez '12

- composite $u_R \rightarrow$ large A_{FB} , but from a «chiral» KK-gluon

$$(uu)_{V+A}(tt)_{V-A} \rightarrow \text{@interference level: } \delta A_{FB}^{>450} \approx -0.2 \times \delta \sigma_{700-800} < 10\%$$

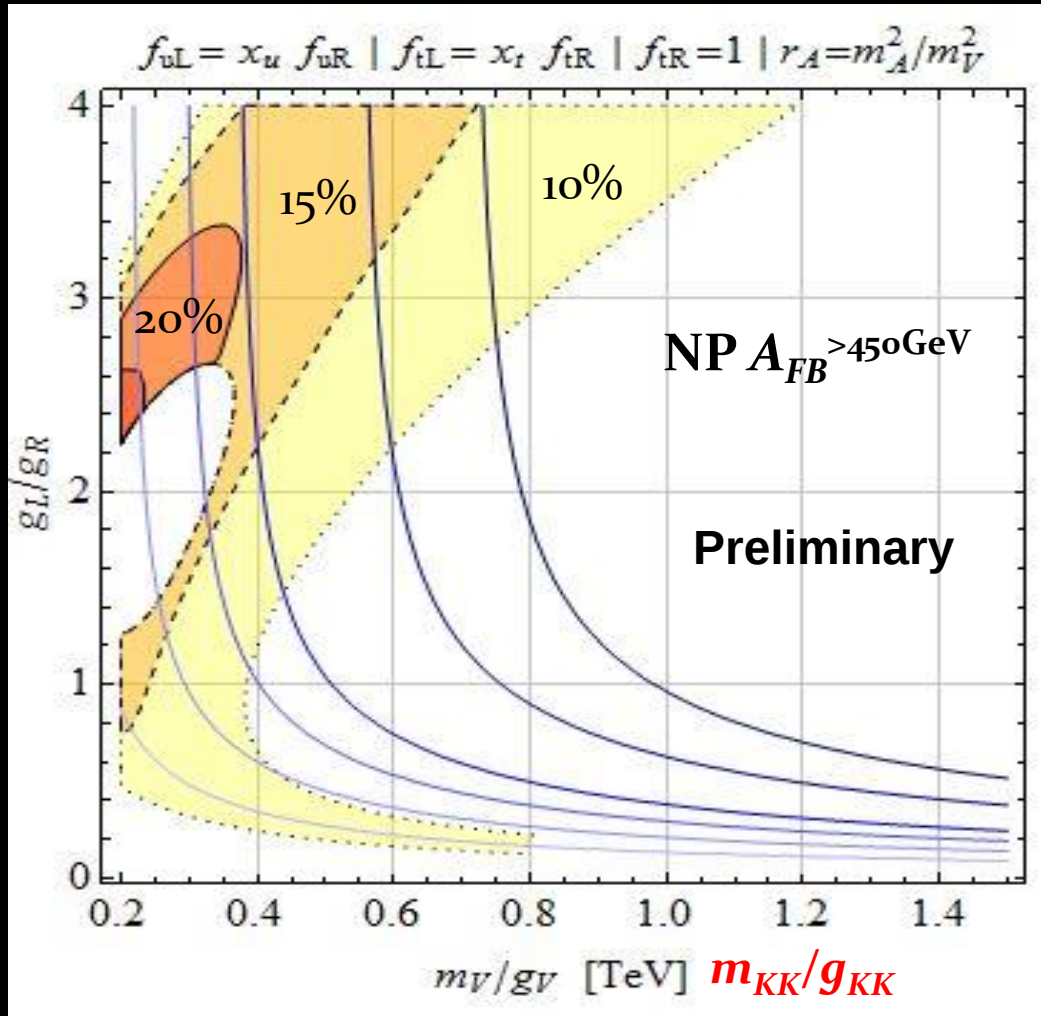
could be good enough but recall Damocles' sword!

$$\text{CMS: «} u_R \text{ composite scale} > 3\text{TeV} \text{»} \rightarrow \max \delta A_{FB}^{>450} \approx 6\% \quad (m_{KK}=3\text{TeV} \mid g_5=7)$$

- larger AFB? need an axigluon-like state
one way is to extend color to $SU_{3L} \times SU_{3R}$
which breaks down to QCD in the IR by $\langle \phi \rangle \sim (3^*, 3)$

RS + color $SU_3 \times SU_3$

Da rold, CD, Grojean & Perez '12



+ charm CPV? also available
from composite strange

→ this setup can accomodate
large $NP A_{FB} + a_{CP} \dots$
... and it's technically natural

Conclusions/outlook

- Naturalness+ a_{CP} +Daya bay supports RS (or composite Higgs) with flavor anarchy in the up-sector and alignment in the down-sector.

flavor implications $\rightarrow$ no $DDbar$ mixing
+ AFB is QCD-like
+ $a_{CP}(KK) \sim a_{CP}(\pi\pi)$

- Naturalness+ A_{FB} + a_{CP} leads to an interesting alternative flavor paradigm @TeV: « RH quarks are composite objects »

implications $\rightarrow$ $DDbar$ mixing + dijets right around the corner + $a_{CP}(KK) \gg a_{CP}(\pi\pi)$