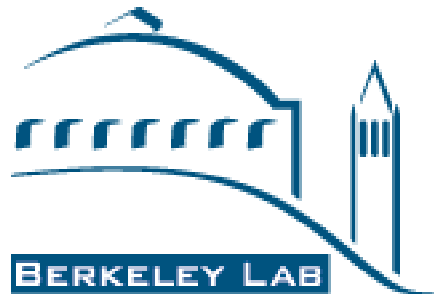
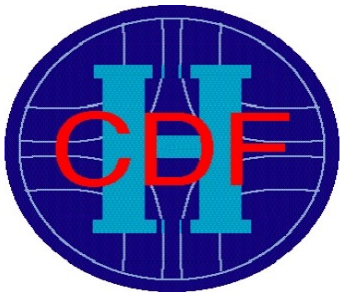


Standard Model Higgs Combination at the Tevatron

Weiming Yao (LBNL)

On behalf of the CDF and D0 Collaborations

HCP 2011, November 14-18, 2011, Paris, France



Outline

- **Higgs Search Analysis Overview**
 - **Searches for “High” Mass Higgs –K. Petridis**
 - **Searches for “Low” Mass Higgs –F. Sforza**
- **Combination Strategies**
- **Tevatron Results**
- **Conclusion**

More Details:

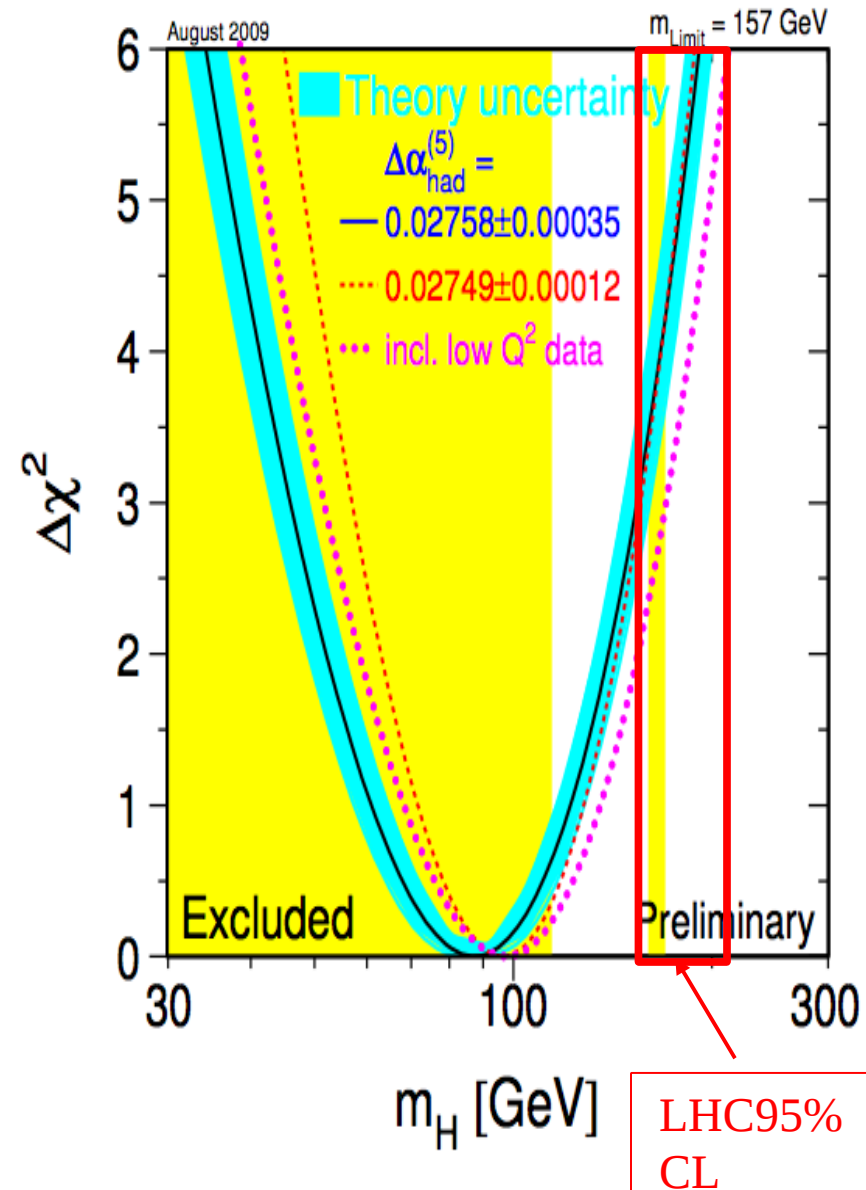
<http://www-cdf.fnal.gov/physics/new/hdg/Results.html>

<http://www-d0.fnal.gov/Run2Physics/D0Summer2011.html>

http://tevnphwg.fnal.gov/results/SM_Higgs_Summer_11

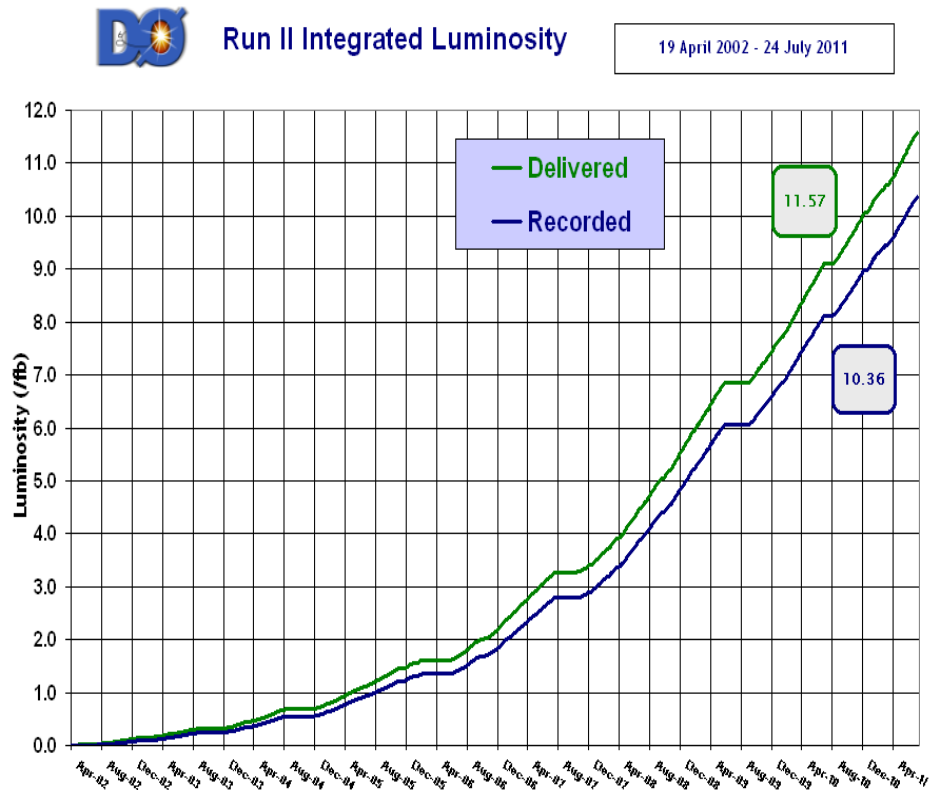
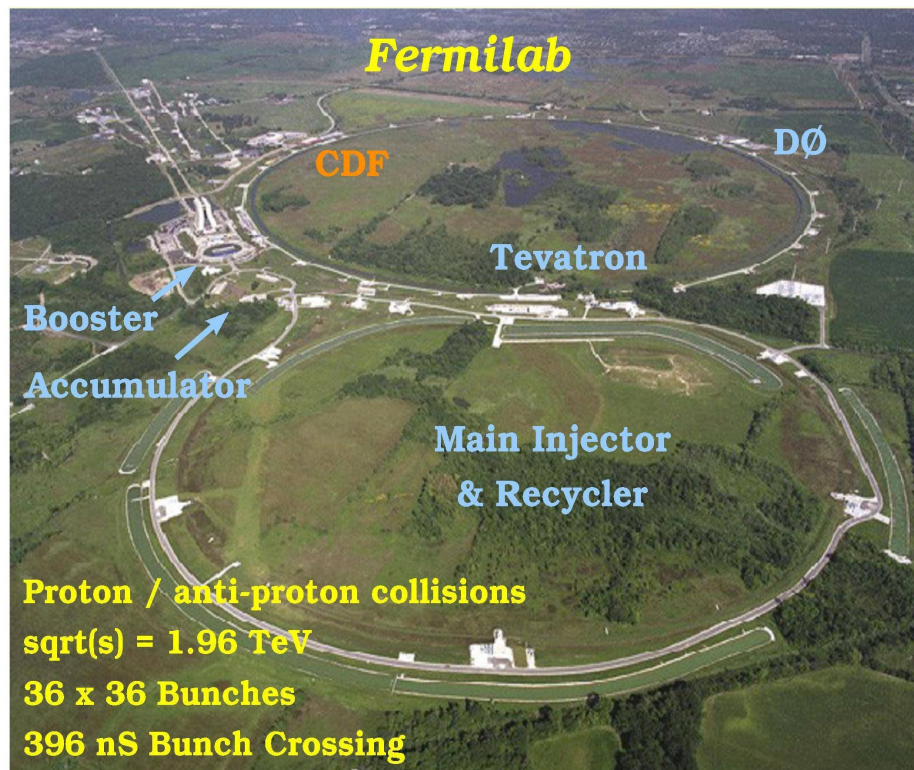
Introduction

- Higgs boson is last unobserved particle postulated in SM to help explain the origin of mass.
- Higgs Mass Limits@95% CL:
 - Indirect: $M_H < 158$ GeV
 - Direct: $114.4 < M_H < 146$ GeV
- With full dataset & improved analyses Tevatron will be still competitive next year and will provide an unique sensitivity to $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ in the remaining mass range.



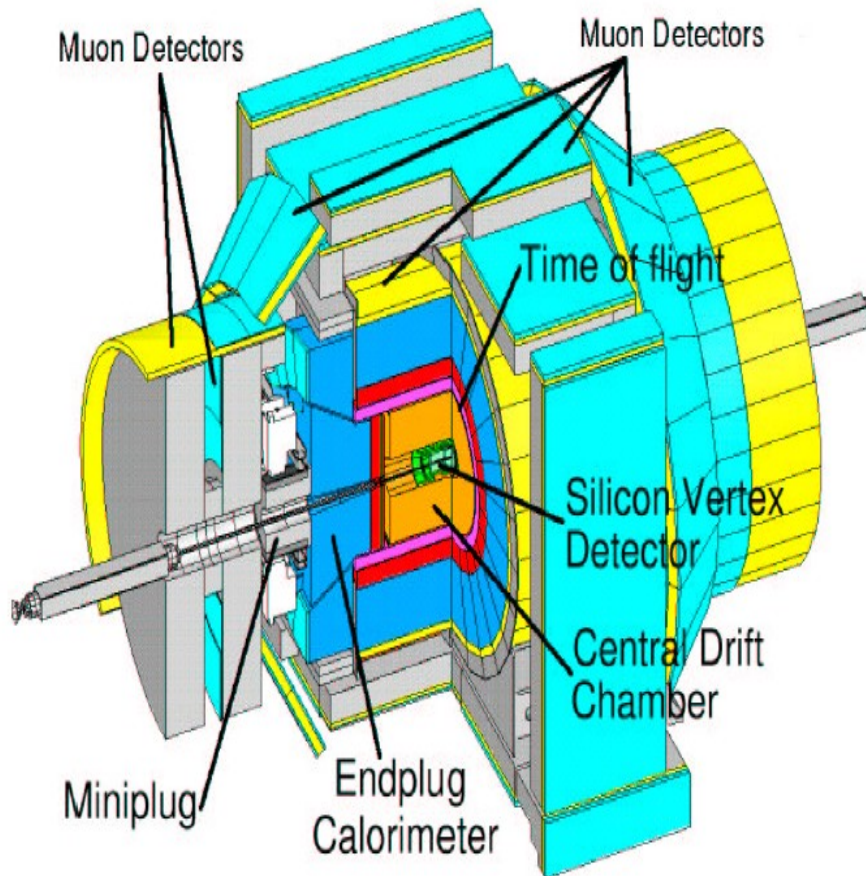
The Tevatron

- Tevatron: p-pbar collision@1.96TeV, $L_{\text{peak}} = 4.3 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Delivered $\sim 12 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ data before shutdown on 9/30/2011.
- **Most results presented here are based on 8.6 fb^{-1}**
- **Full dataset update will be ready for the winter conferences.**



General-purpose Detectors

CDF II Detector



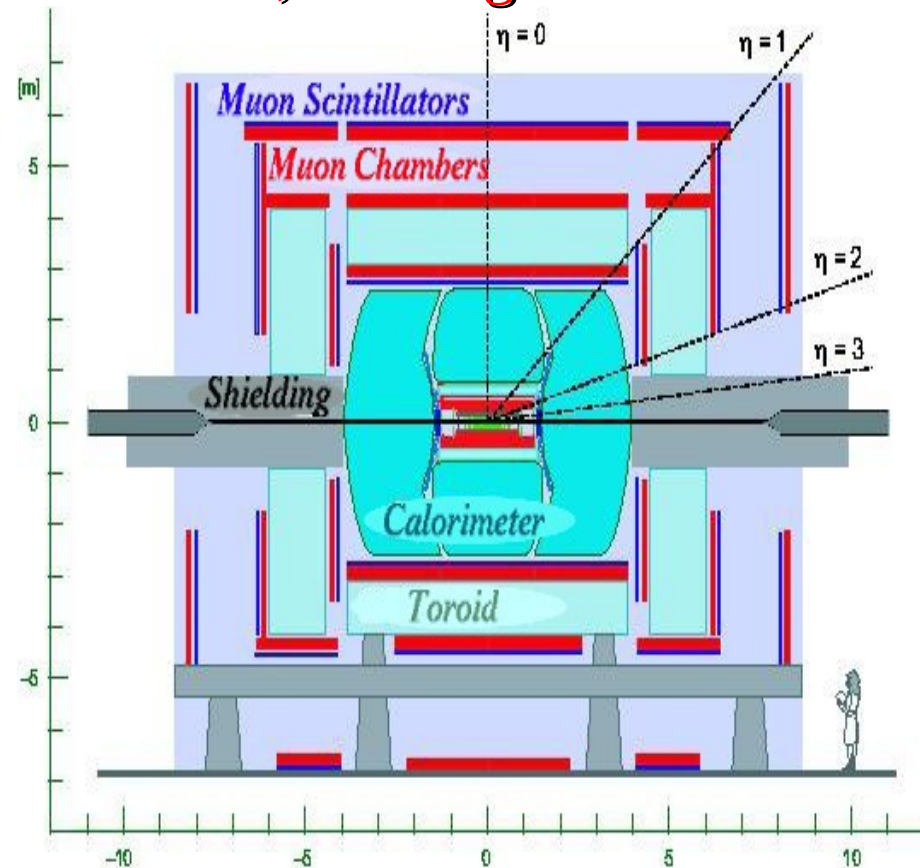
Excellent:

Lepton ID

Tracking, Vertexing

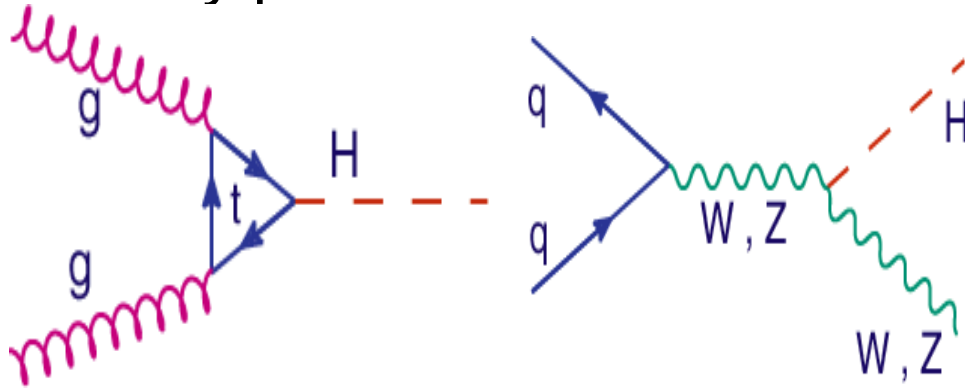
Jets, Missing Et

D0 Detector

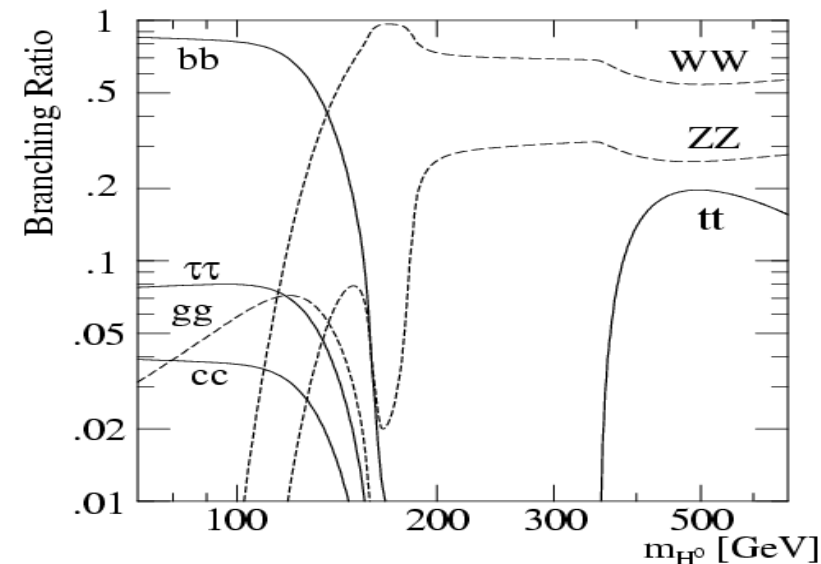
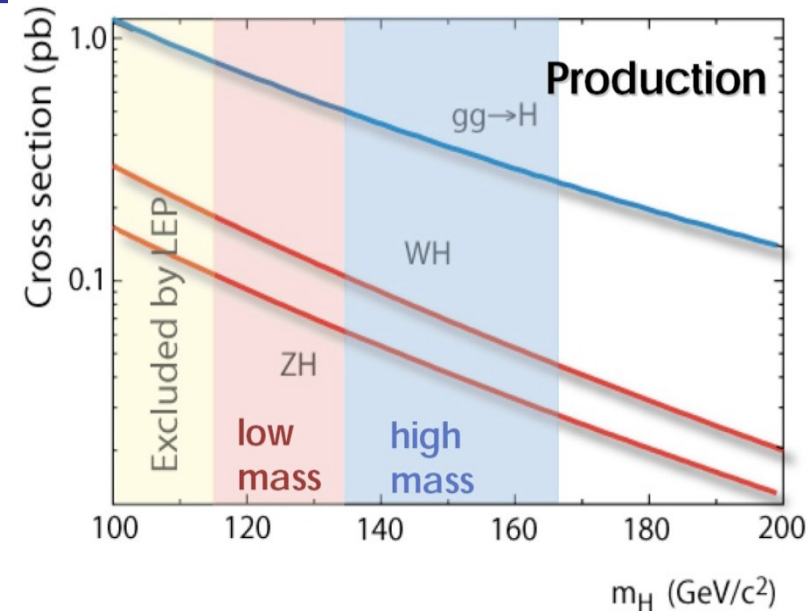


SM Higgs Production and Decay @ Tevatron

- Primary production modes are:

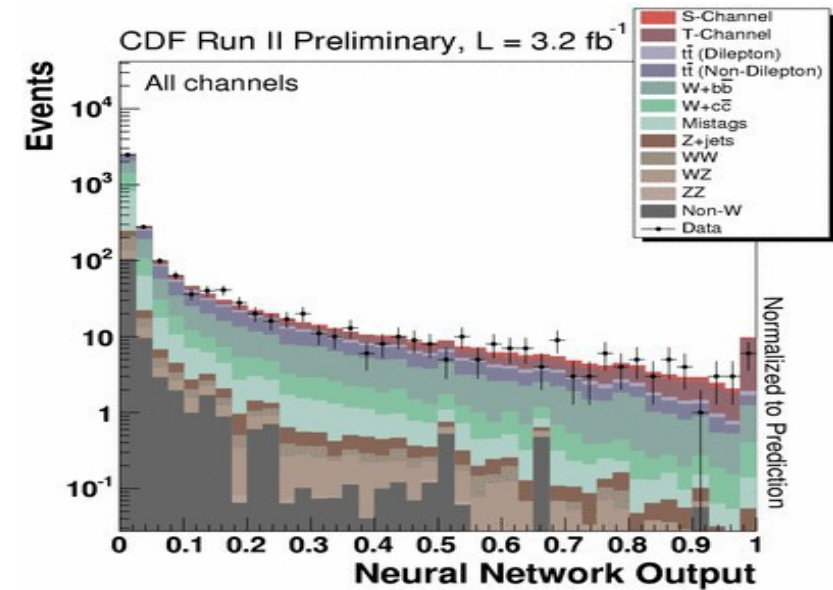
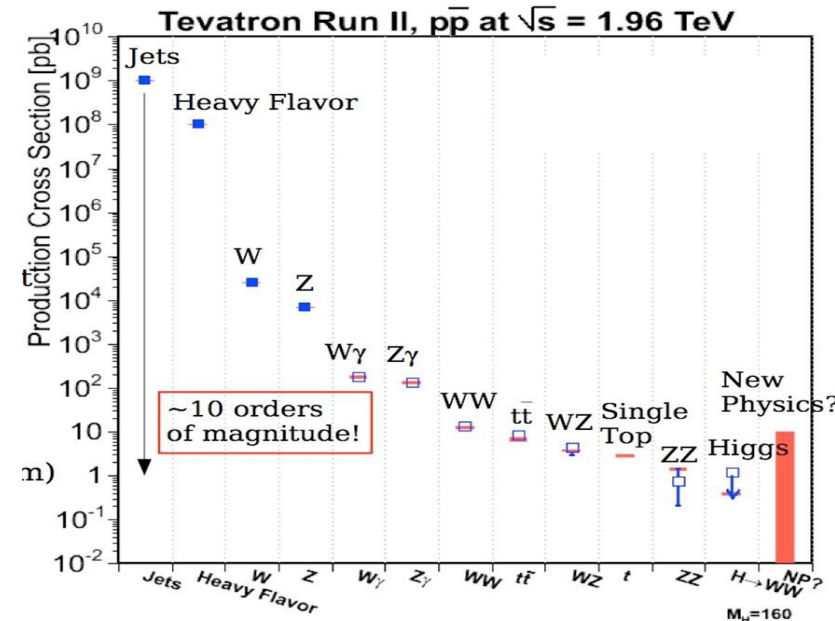


- For lower mass ($M_H < 135$ GeV):
 - Main decay: $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ in WH/ZH
 - Direct production $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ is limited by multi-jet QCD.
- For higher mass ($M_H > 135$ GeV):
 - Mainly decays: $H \rightarrow WW, ZZ$
- Best to combine all channels.

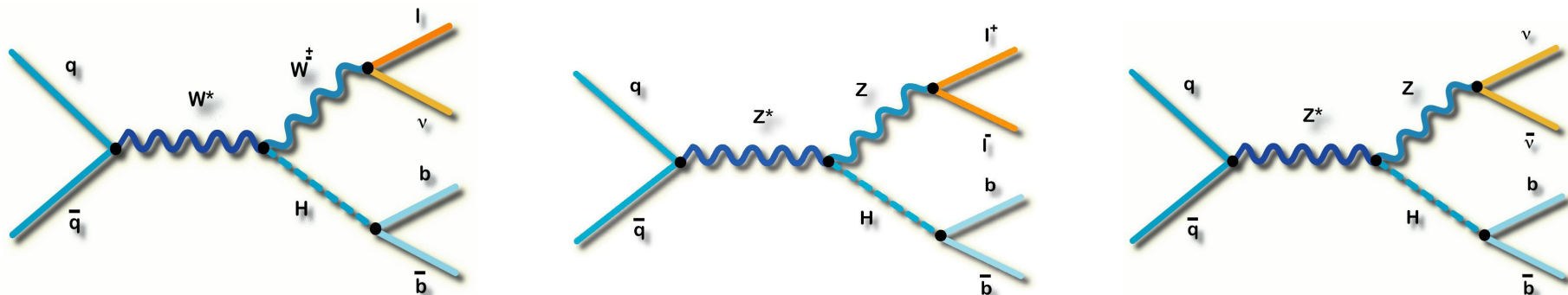


The Challenges

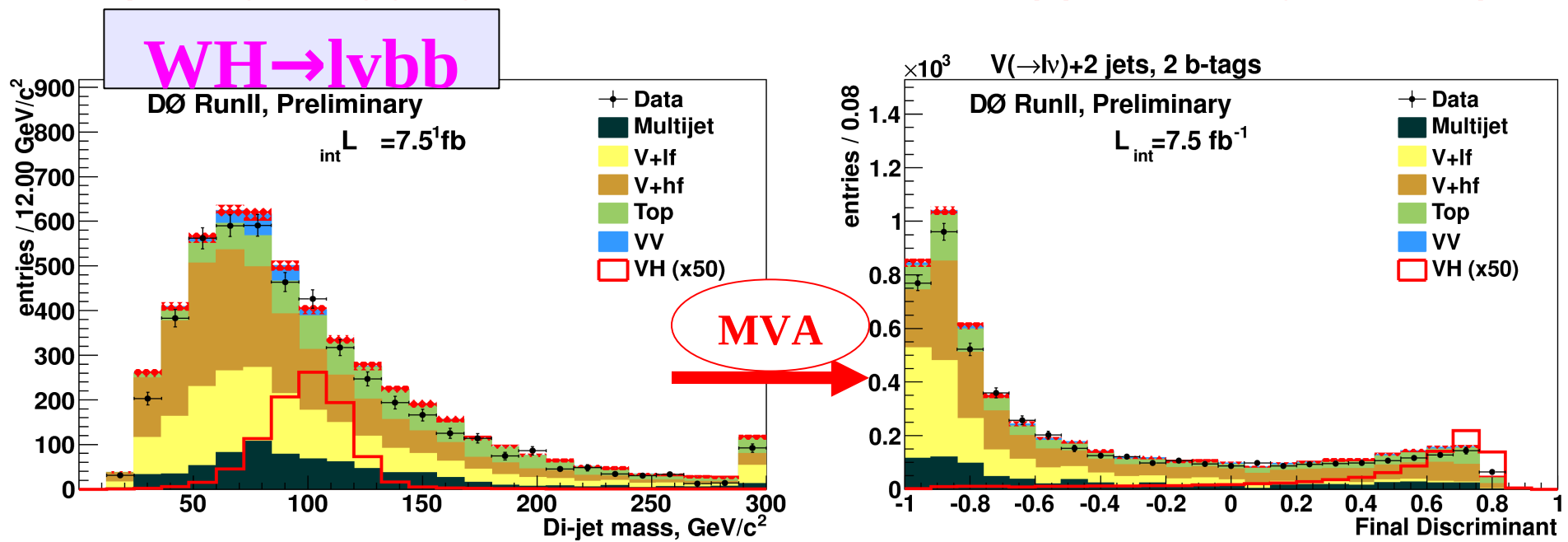
- Unfortunately, there are many backgrounds produced more copiously than the Higgs signal.
- The challenge is how to use advanced multivariate analysis tools(MVA) to separate signal from backgrounds based on full event kinematics(NN, ME, BDT).
- Observations of single top and diboson provide solid ground that these tools do improve search sensitivity by $\sim 25\%$ more than without.



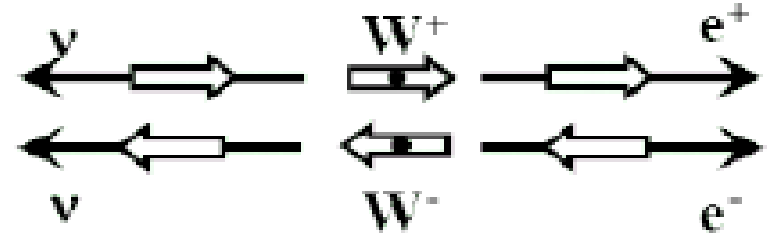
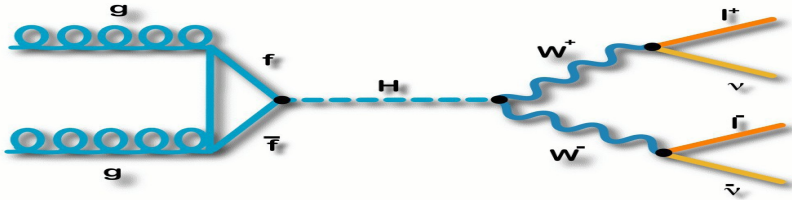
Low Mass Higgs Signatures



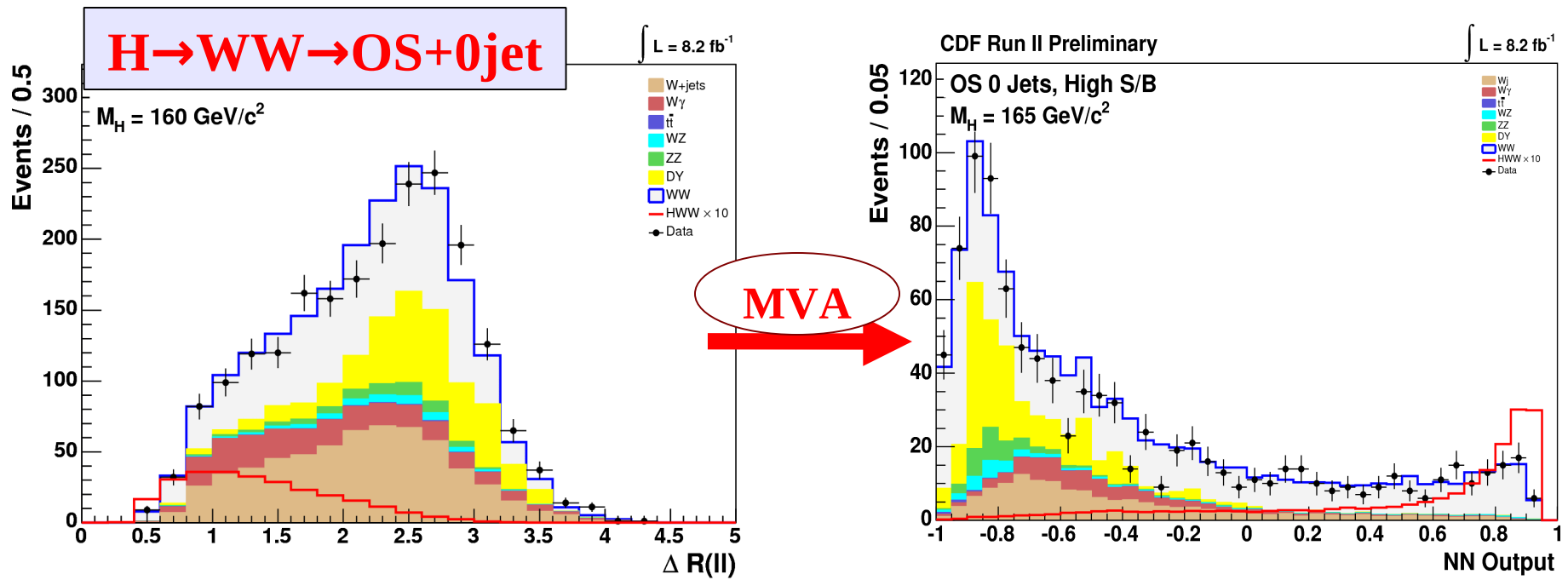
- Search for $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ resonance in association with W, Z .
- Requiring btagging & advanced MVA to suppress W +jets & top.



High Mass Higgs Signatures



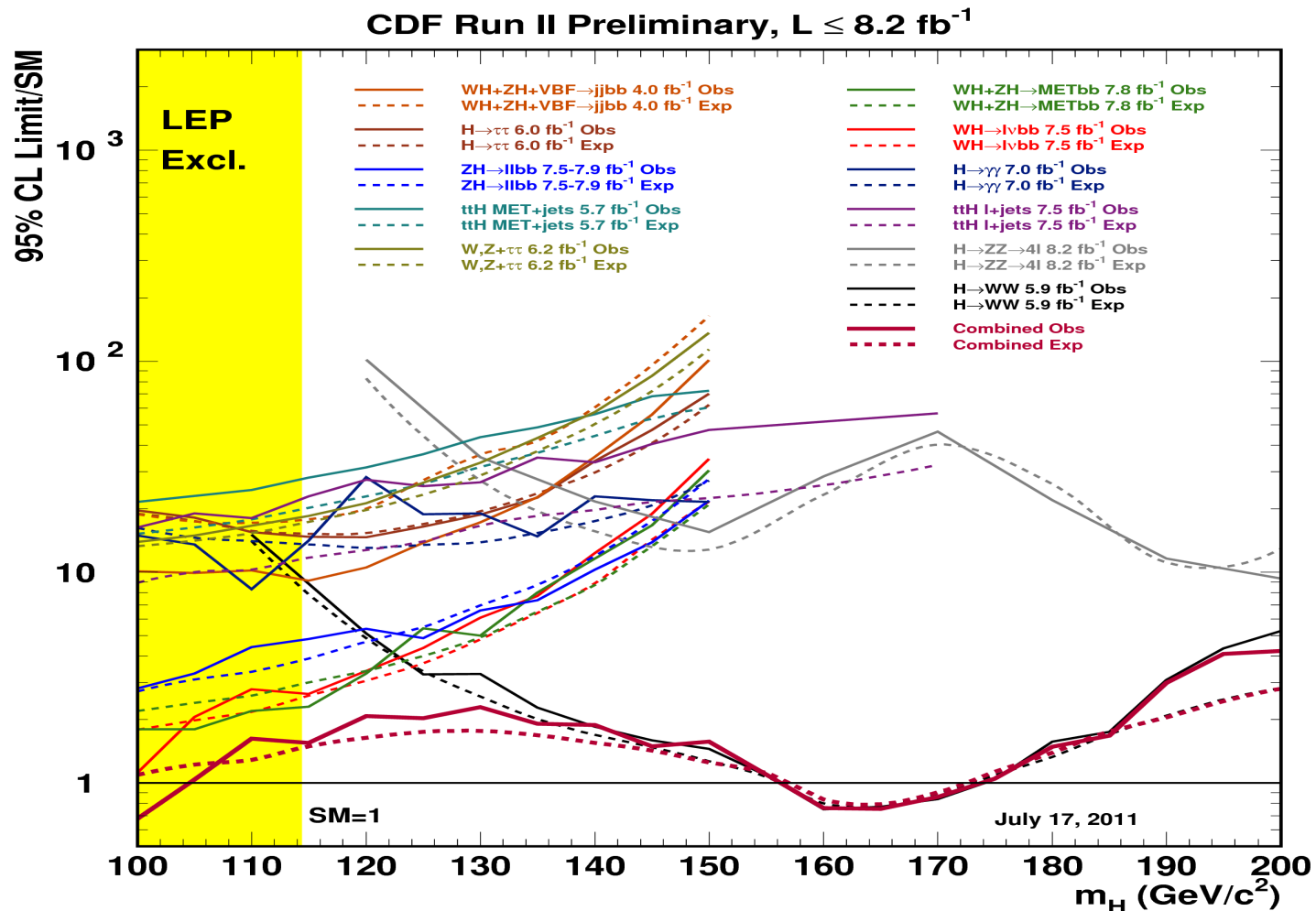
- Search for $H \rightarrow WW$ that leads to many interesting final states.
- Most sensitive channel is $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow ll\nu\nu$: OS Dilepton + MET + 0,1,2 Jets.
- Requiring MVA to separate signal from main backgrounds (WW and top).



Combining Individual Channels

- Many mutually exclusive final states that can be combined statistically to improve the Tevatron Higgs sensitivity.

$WH \rightarrow lvbb$
 $ZH \rightarrow vvbb$
 $ZH \rightarrow llbb$
 $WH/ZH \rightarrow jjbb$
 $ttH \rightarrow WbWb\ bb$
 $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
 $VH \rightarrow (lv, ll)\tau\tau$
 $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow lvlv$
 $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow lvjj$
 $VH \rightarrow VWW$
 $H \rightarrow ZZ$



Systematic Uncertainties

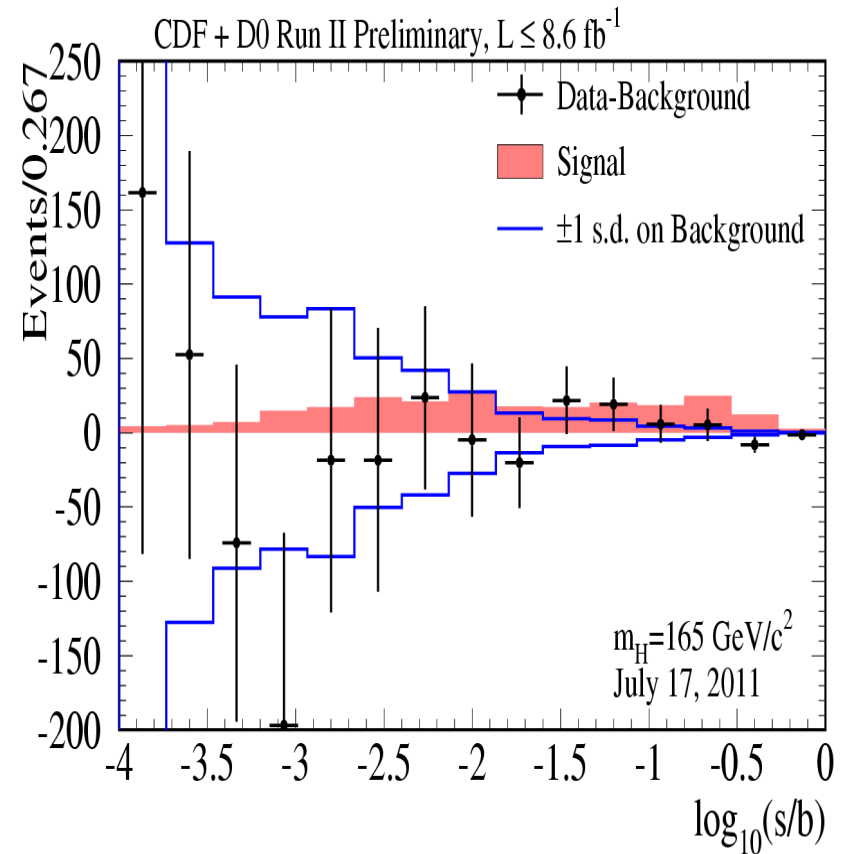
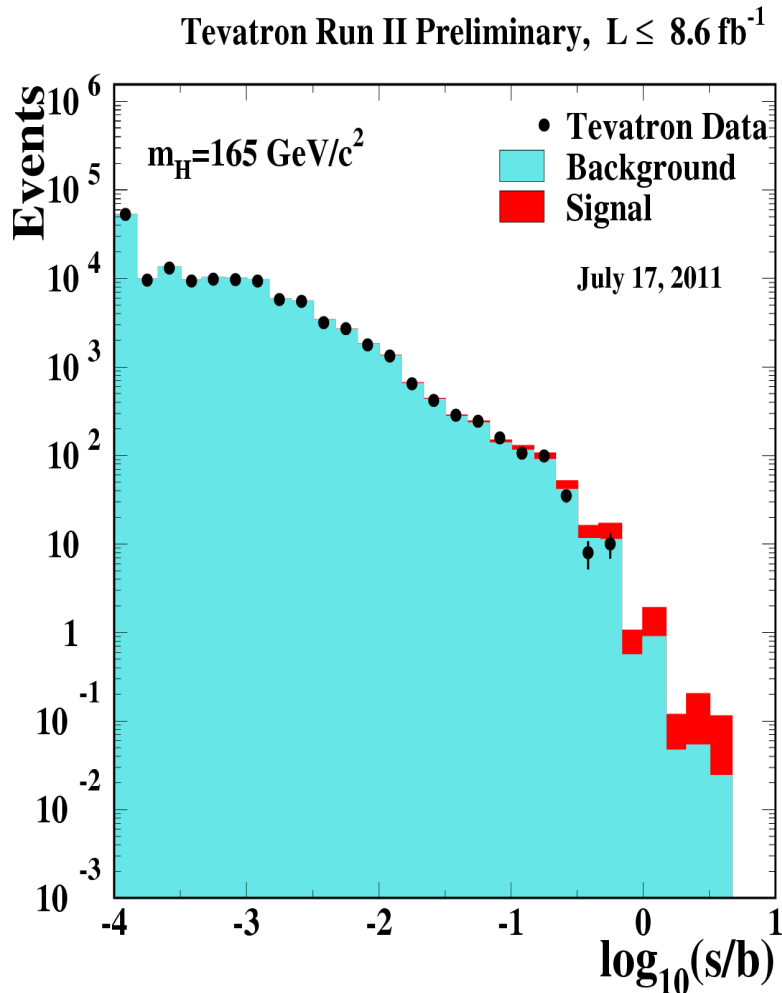
- Two types of systematic on estimated signal and background:
 - Rate systematic: only affect overall normalization
 - Shape systematic: change differential distribution, i.e. due to JES, MC modeling
- Systematic correlated between CDF and D0:
 - Integrated luminosity
 - Theoretical cross sections for signal and backgrounds
- Other Sources correlated within experiment:
 - Lepton ID
 - Btag SF, JES, FSR/ISR
 - Jet/Missing Et modeling
 - MC simulated backgrounds (W/Z+HF)
 - instrumental backgrounds(non-W, mistag)

Theoretical Uncertainties

- Since we combine searches in different Higgs production/decay modes, cross section limits are given with respect to nominal SM predictions.
- This requires to incorporate latest theoretical predictions and uncertainties for signal cross section and branching ratios.
- Changes in each iteration to reflect the progresses made in theory and development of MC generators over many years, for example:
 - the new prescription of PDF by LHC Higgs cross section WG
 - BNL accord to estimate $H \rightarrow WW$ uncertainties in each jet bin.
 - the interference between $H \rightarrow WW$ & WW needs to be included next time.

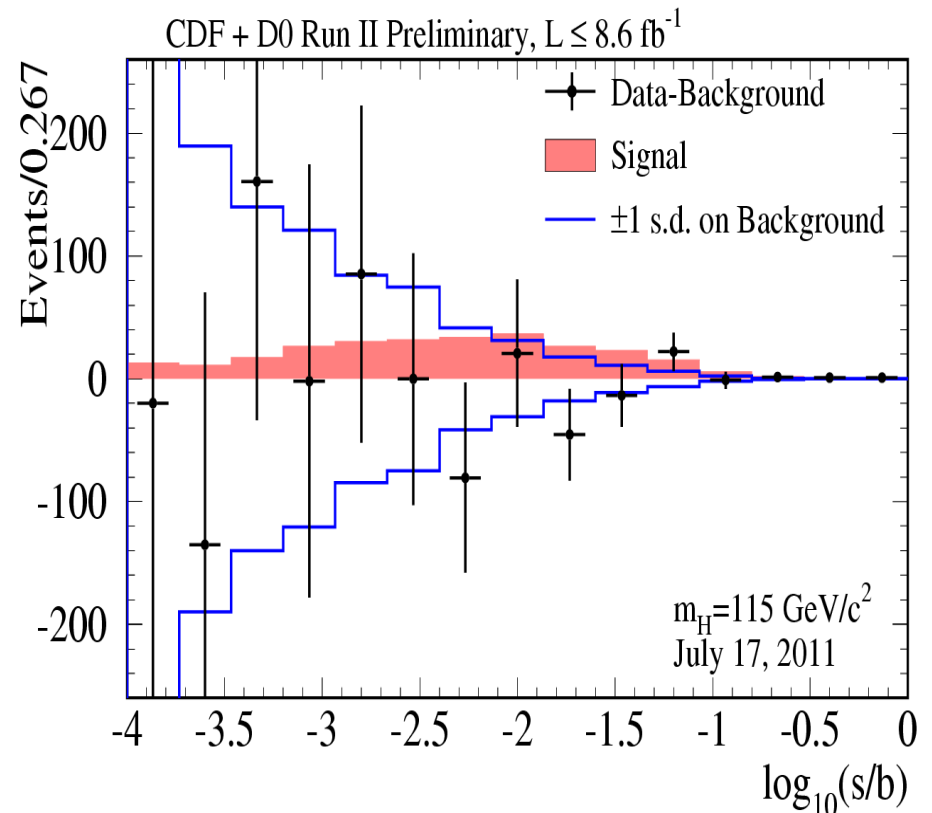
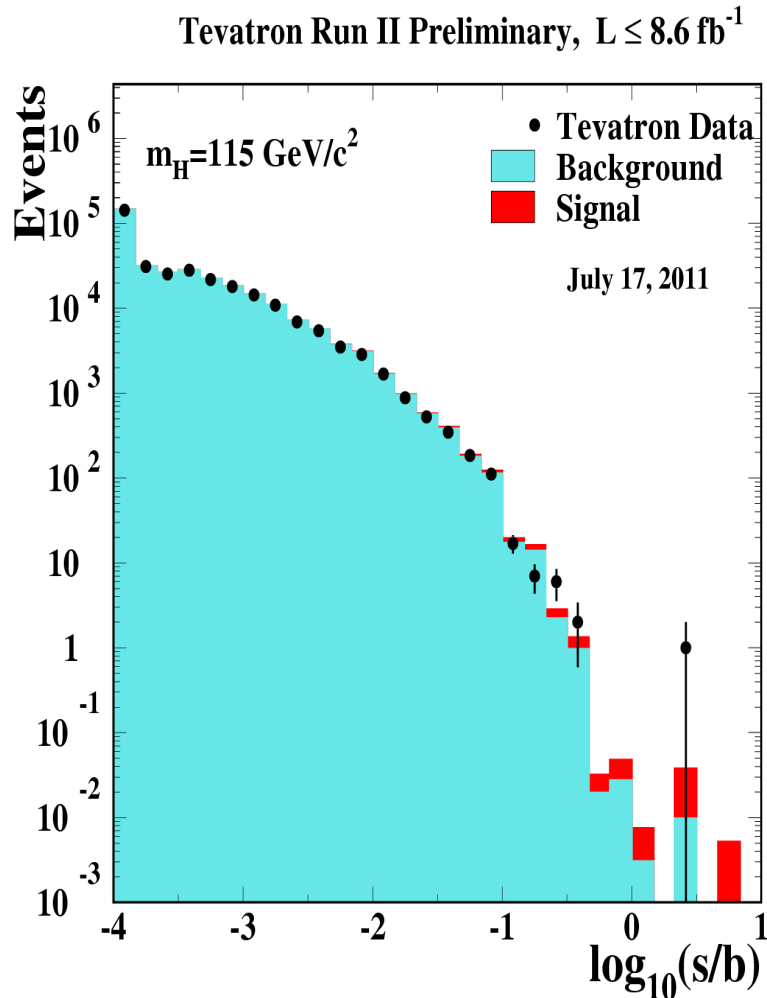
Cumulative Discriminant

- Sum events from all channels, ordered by S/B for $M_H=165$ GeV.



Cumulative Discriminant

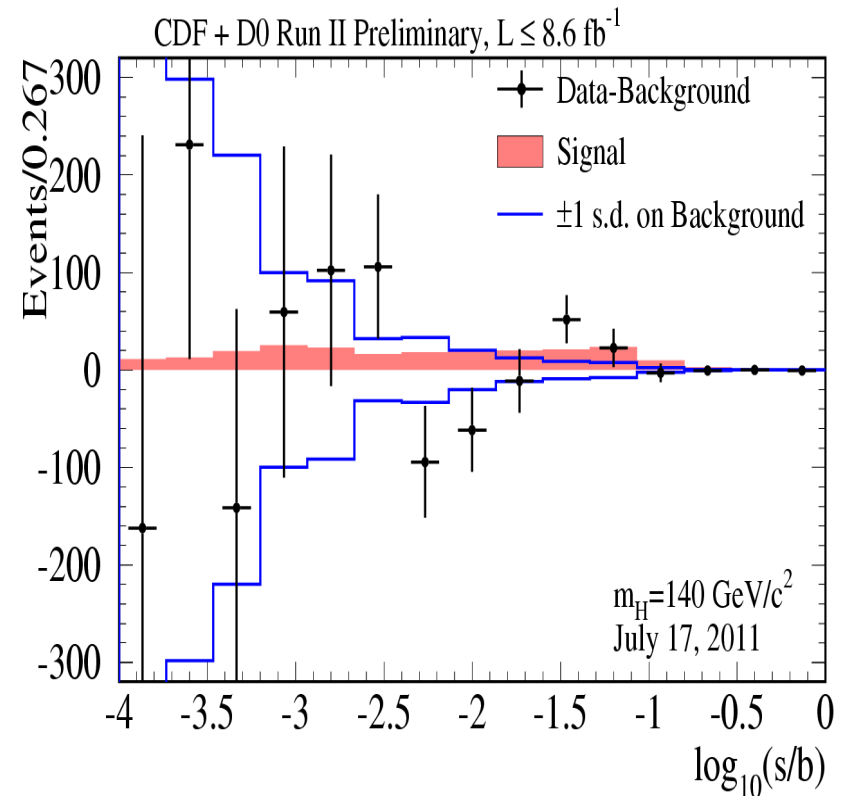
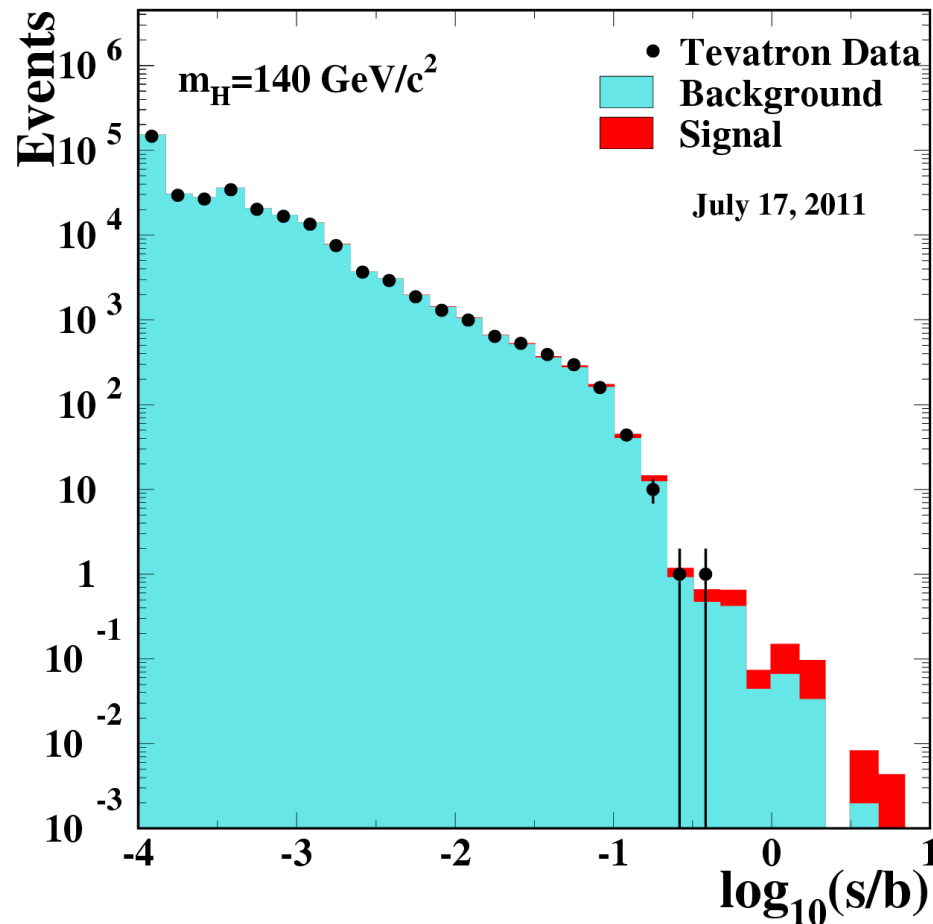
- Sum events from all channels, ordered by S/B for $M_H=115$ GeV.



Cumulative Discriminant

- Sum events from all channels, ordered by S/B for $M_H=140$ GeV.

Tevatron Run II Preliminary, $L \leq 8.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

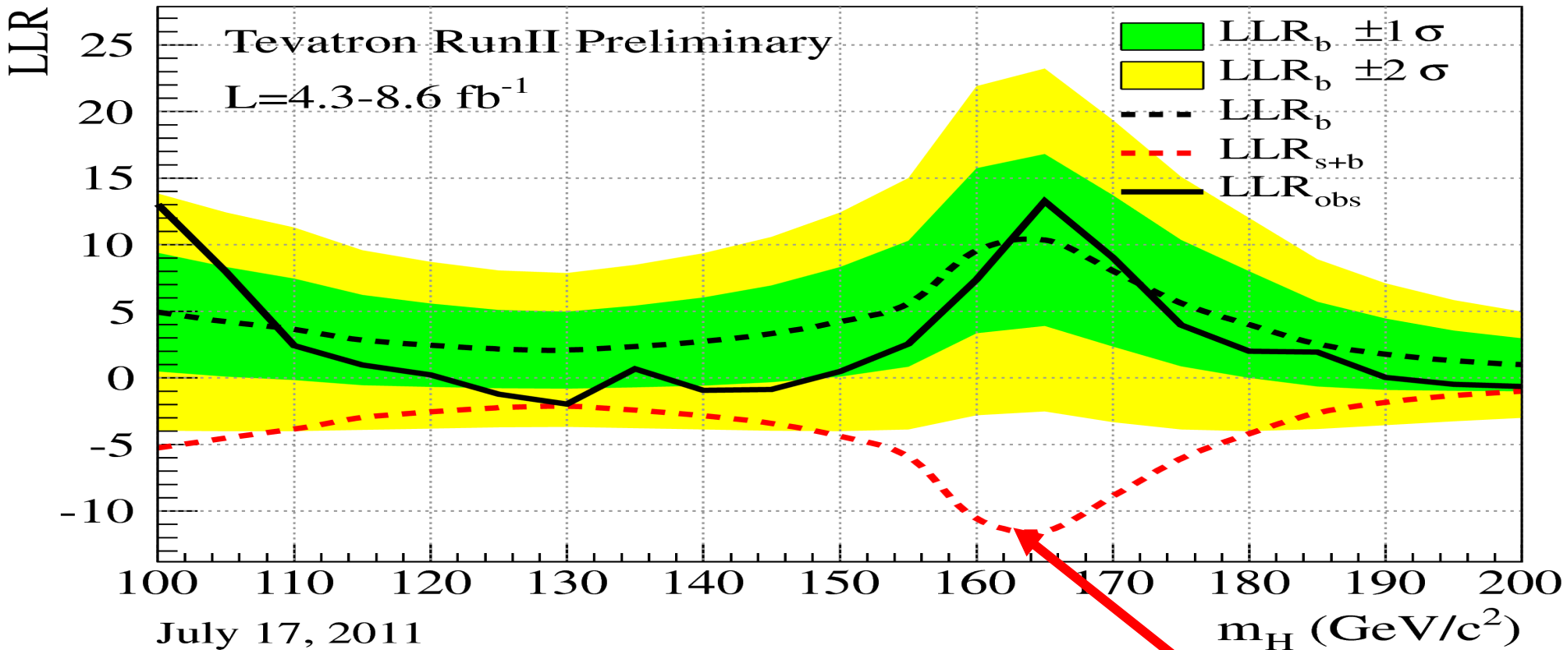


Combination Methods

- **Two limit setting methods used and provide cross check.**
 - Using distributions of final discriminant, not just event yields.
 - Using Poisson statistics for all bins.
 - Systematic as nuisance parameters with truncated Gaussian.
- **Bayesian Method (CDF), integrating over likelihoods:**
 - based on credibility, uses a prior
 - “How likely is the real value below limit?”
- **Modified Frequentist Method (DØ), CLs test statistics:**
 - comparing 'b-only' & 's+b' hypotheses
 - based on coverage, using pseudo-experiments
 - “How likely is the limit above the real value?”

Tevatron Sensitivity

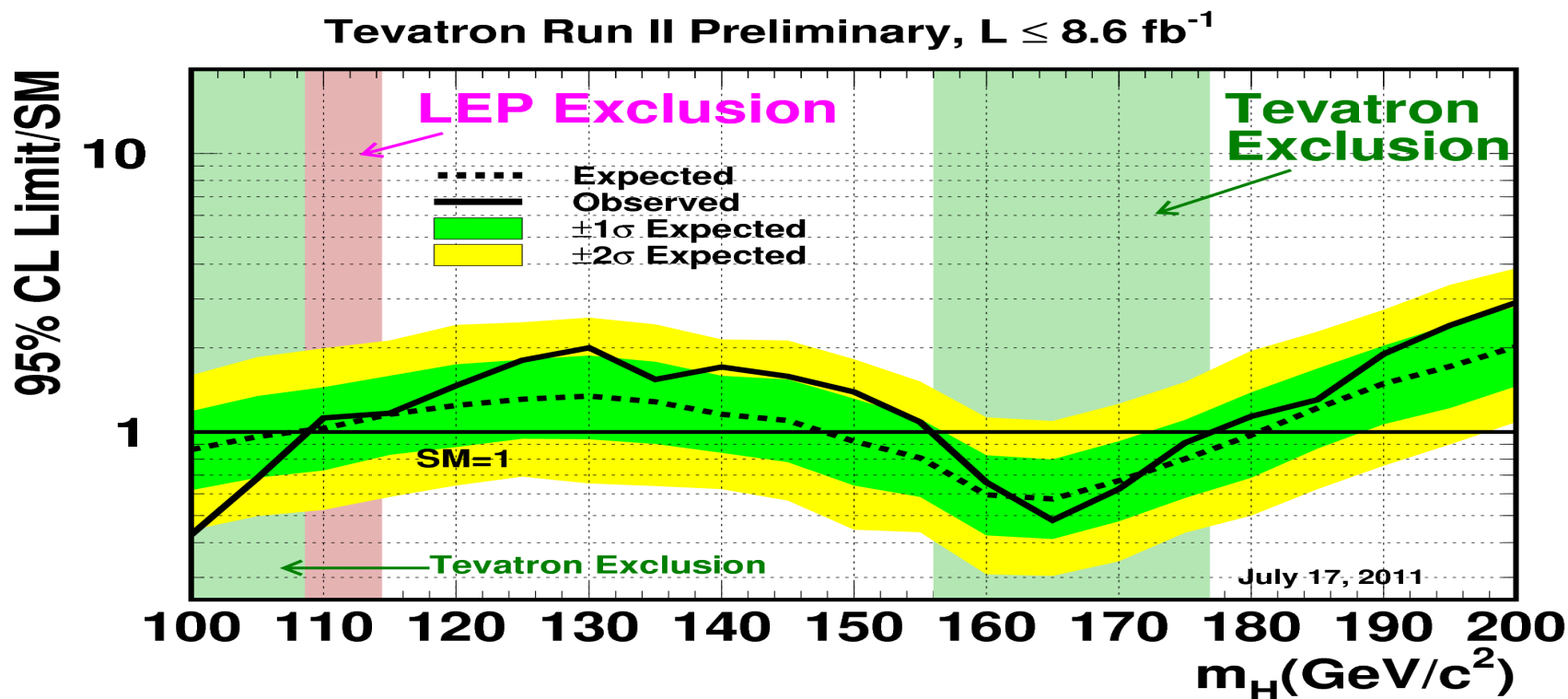
- Log-likelihood Ratios (LLR): LLR_b , LLR_{s+b} , LLR_{obs}
- Separation between LLR_b and LLR_{s+b} is the search sensitivity



We could be seeing a $\sim 3 \sigma$ excess if Higgs was at 165 GeV!

Tevatron Combination

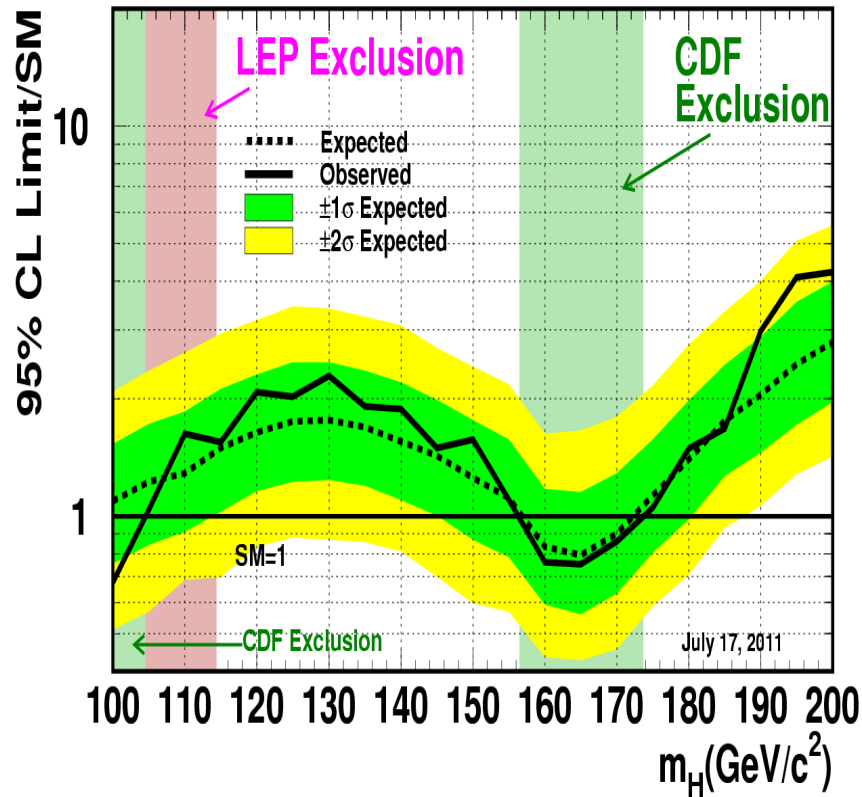
- **Observed Exclusion:** $100 < M_H < 109$ & $156 < M_H < 177$ GeV/c^2 @95%CL.
- **Expected Exclusion:** $100 < M_H < 108$ & $148 < M_H < 181$ GeV/c^2 @95%CL.



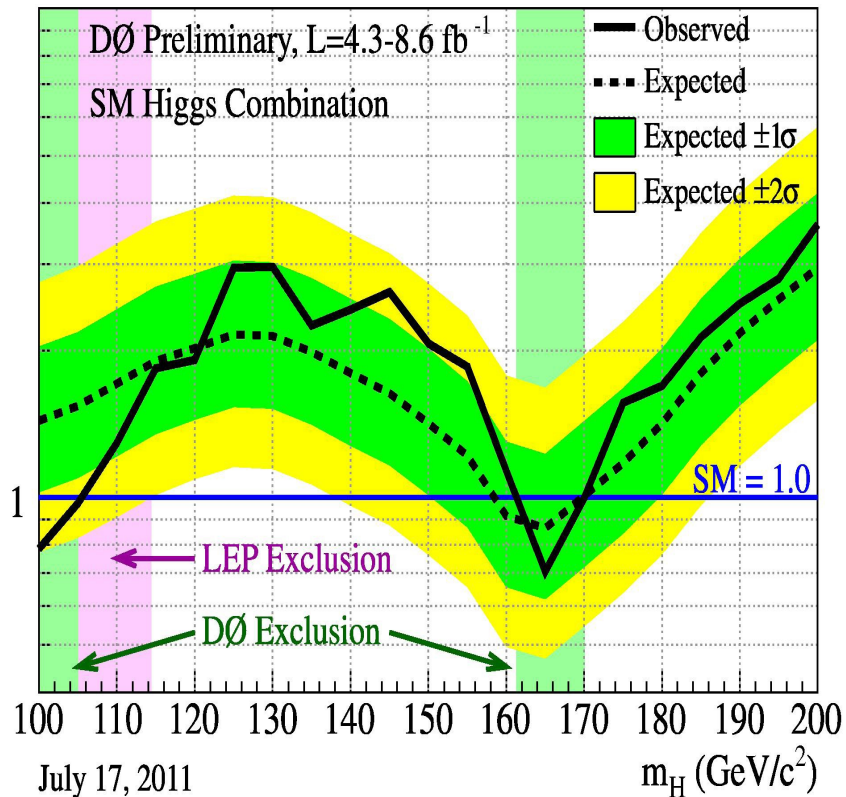
CDF/D0 Limits

- Comparable sensitivity and Consistent results

CDF Run II Preliminary, $L \leq 8.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

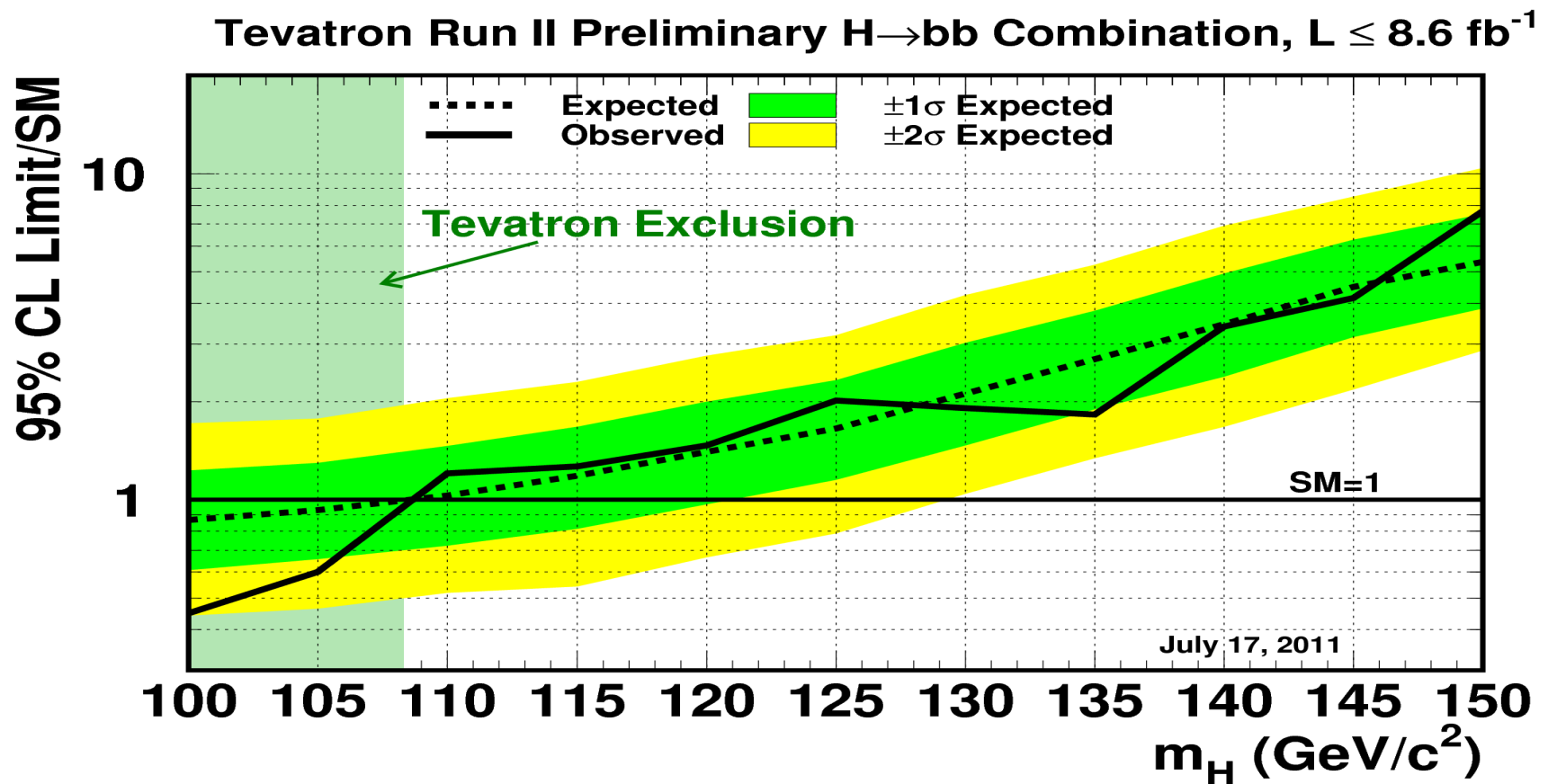


95% CL Limit / SM



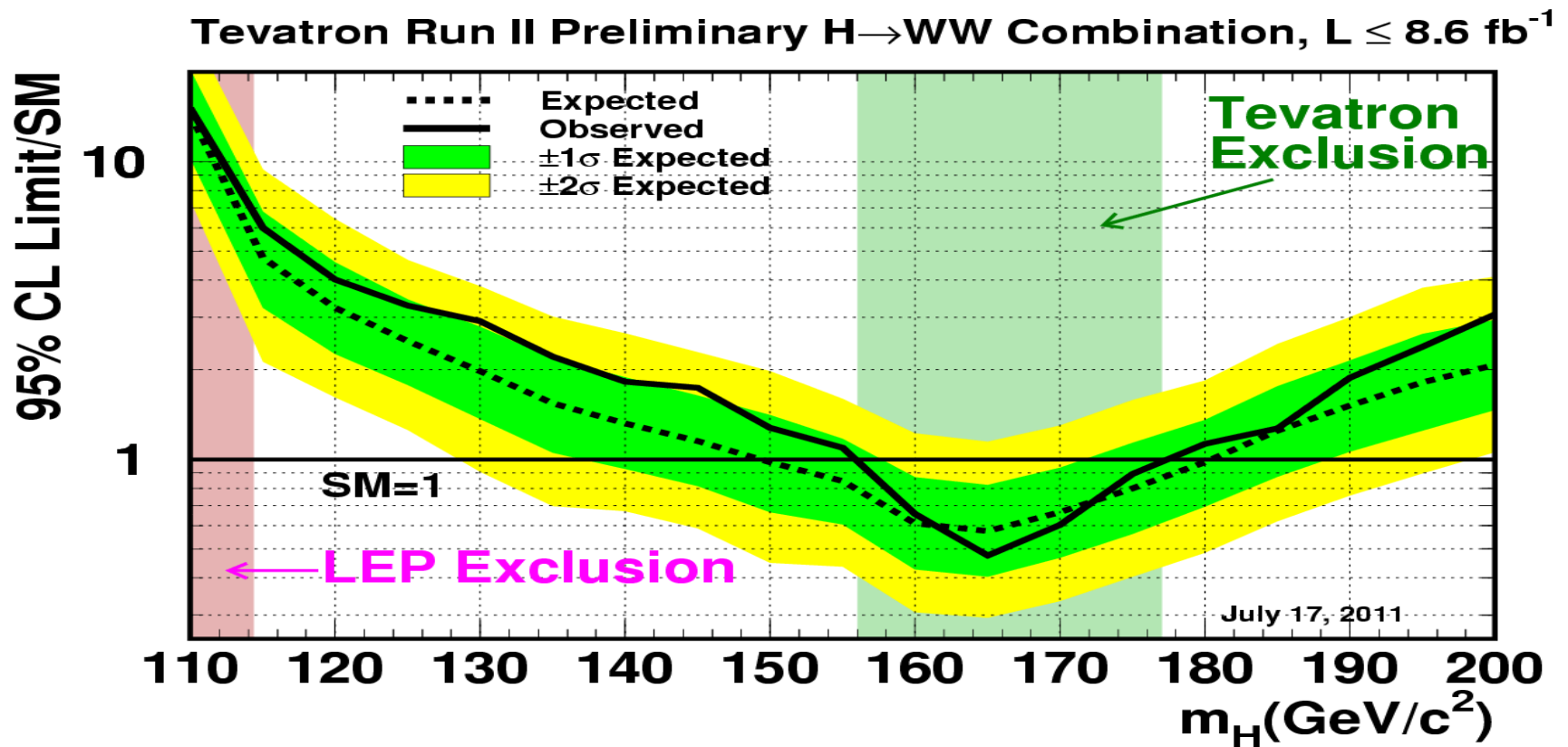
Tevatron $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ Combination

- Combining $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ channels only.



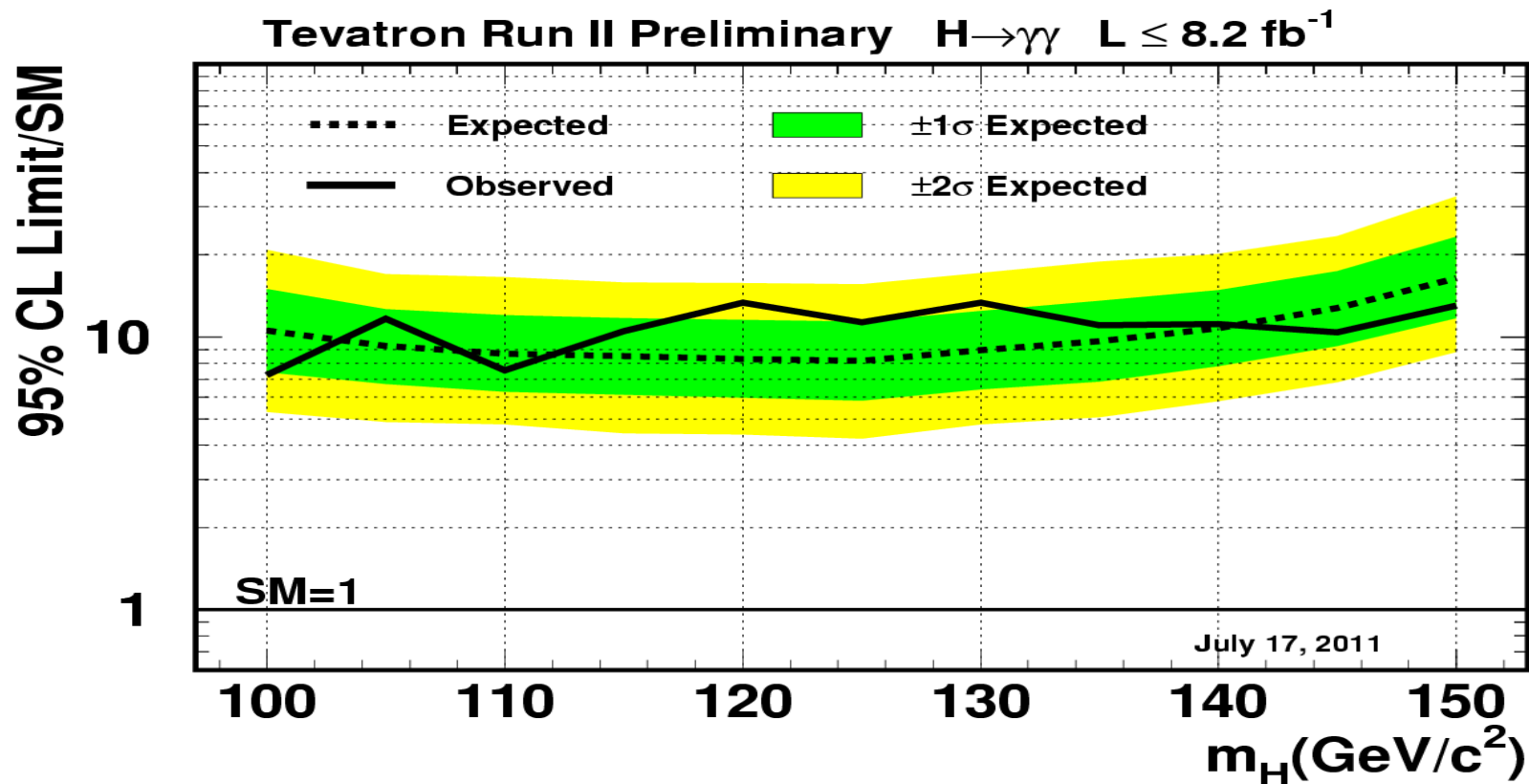
Tevatron $H \rightarrow WW$ Combination

- Combining $H \rightarrow WW$, channels only.



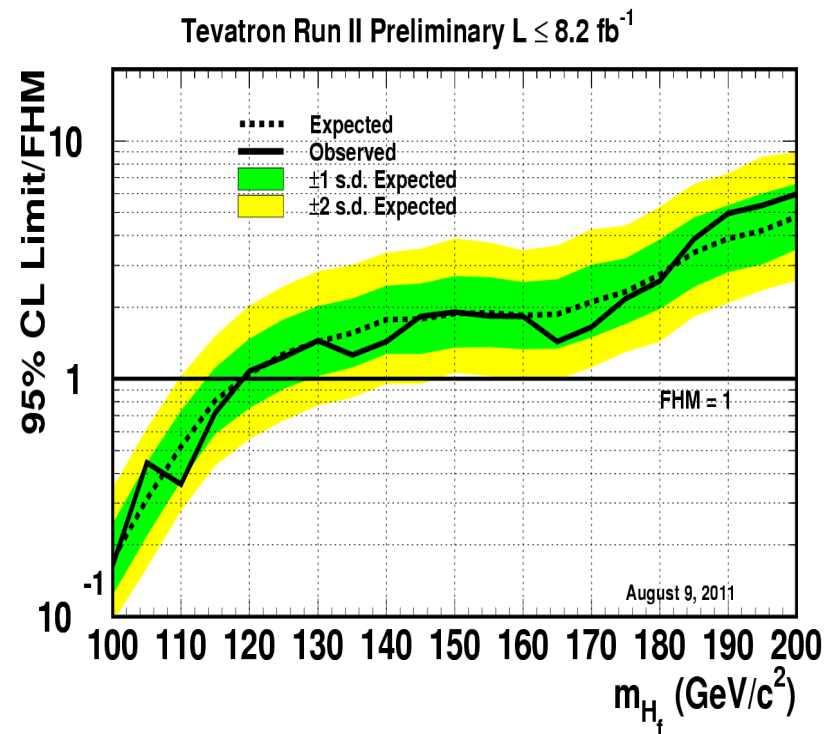
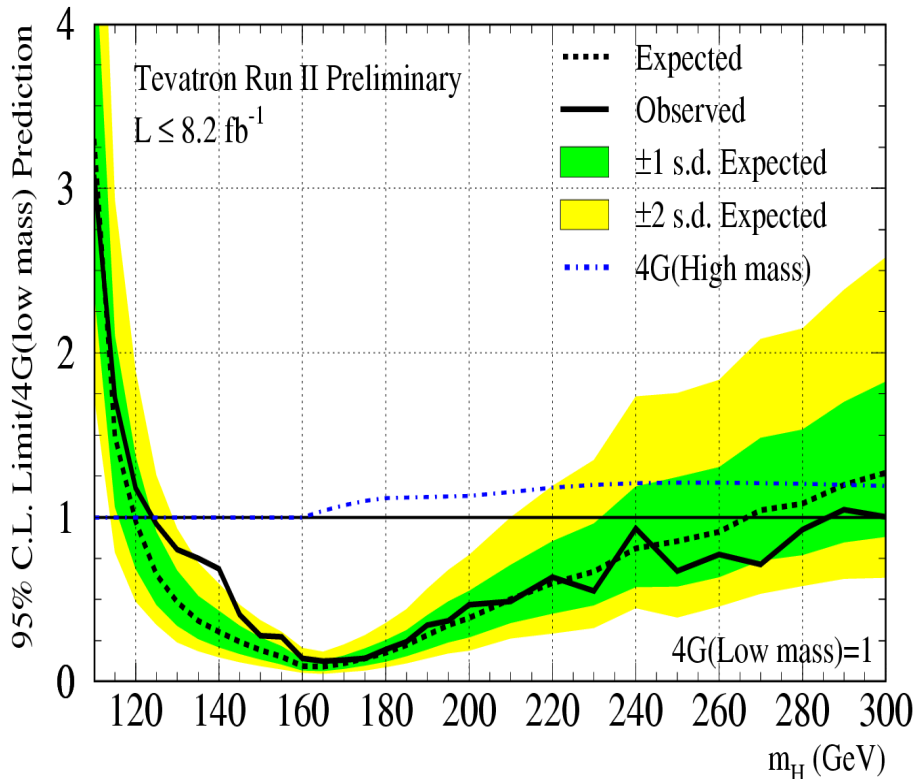
Tevatron $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ Combination

- Combining $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, channels only.



Constraints on 4th Generation, Other Exotic Models

- 4th Gen model enhanced production $\sigma(\text{gg} \rightarrow \text{H})$ by a factor of 9, reinterpret $\text{H} \rightarrow \text{WW}$ limit, exclude $124 < M_{\text{H}} < 286 \text{ GeV} @ 95\% \text{C.L.}$
- Combining $\text{H} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, WW limit in fermiophobic model, exclude $M_{\text{H}} < 119 \text{ GeV} @ 95\% \text{CL.}$



Conclusion

- Tevatron had a great run for last 28 years operation.
- **With 10 fb^{-1} analyzable dataset and anticipated improvement, Tevatron will remain competitive to reach 95% CL exclusion sensitivity over the M_H range up to $185 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ next year.**

