



Electron Spectroscopy at the Limit

Mikael Sandzelius

25 June 2012

EGAN, Orsay 25-27 June 2012

Conversion Electron Detection







Conversion Electron Distribution



Central pixels are more exposed than outer ones, typical count rates are 25-35 kHz per pixel/ch



Why do we need it?







Identification of Recoils



A ToF-ΔE 2D gate would not be clean enough



Gamma-ray Selectivity



- A clean tag is vital for γ-ray identification
- The selectivity allows γ-ray spectroscopy to be performed at a ~17 nb level !





Identification of Recoils II





Recoils sufficiently separated for a clean ToF-ΔE 2D gate

Conversion Electron Spectra





A tag necessary for distinguishing any features in the spectrum



Singles Electron Spectrum





The recoil gated electron spectrum is sufficiently clean

Singles Gamma-ray Spectrum





Transitions are visible from the favoured signature band build on the 1/2⁻ ground state



Gamma-Electron Coincidences



With the gamma-electron coincidences the low-lying members of the gs band can be elucidated

Gamma-Electron Coincidences





Are essential!



Electron-Gamma Coincidences





Prompt conversion-electron and gamma-ray spectroscopy is possible down to ~250 nb level!



When there's more Statistics





 Possible to extract highly converted E0 transitions

M. Scheck et al. Phys. Rev. C 83, 037303 (2011)







- Prompt conversion-electron and gamma-ray coincidences are essential in order to unveil low-lying transitions in heavy nuclei
- A cross section of several hundreds of nb needed for establishing coincidences
- With a clean tag prompt gamma-ray spectroscopy is feasible down to a few tenth of nb with currents state-of-the-art techniques