

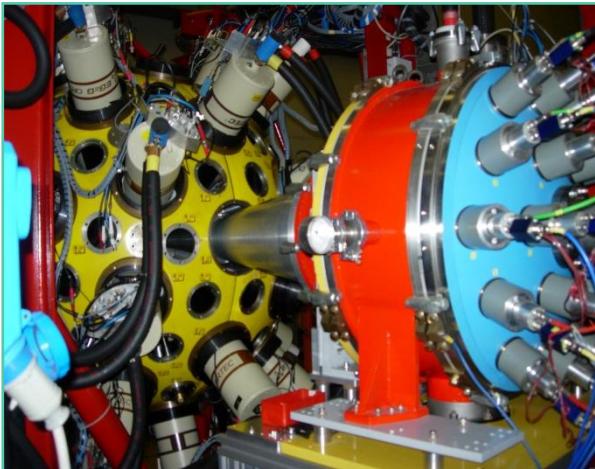
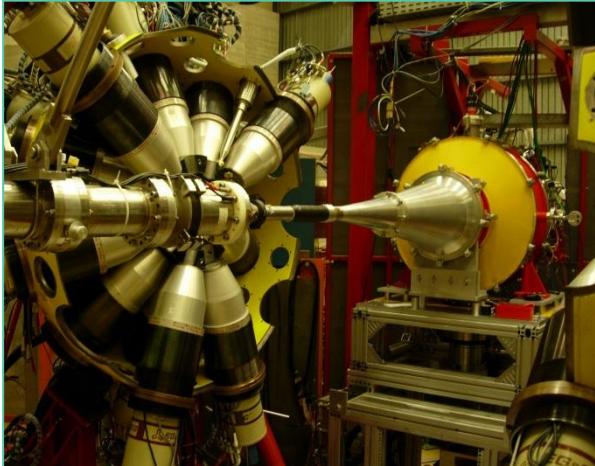
„Lifetime measurement of high-lying short-lived states in ^{69}As ”



Magdalena Matejska-Minda
IFJ PAN Kraków

EGAN 2012 Workshop, 25-28 June

Experiment: GASP + RFD setup



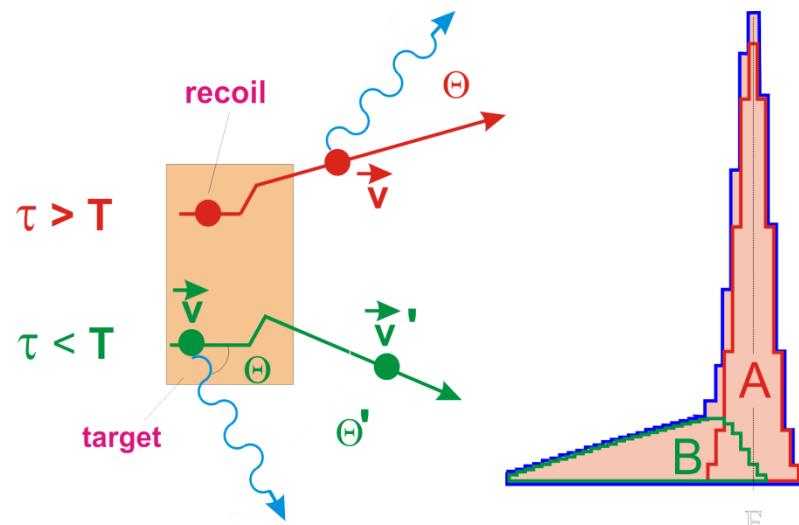
- Reaction: ^{32}S (95MeV) + ^{40}Ca (0.8mg/cm²)
 - Tandem XTU at LNL , pulsing 400ns
 - November 2009
-
- Measured: recoils in coincidence with γ -rays
 - Evaporation residues:
 $^{67,69}\text{As}$, $^{66,68}\text{Ge}$, $^{69,70}\text{Se}$, $^{63,65}\text{Ga}$

Goal:

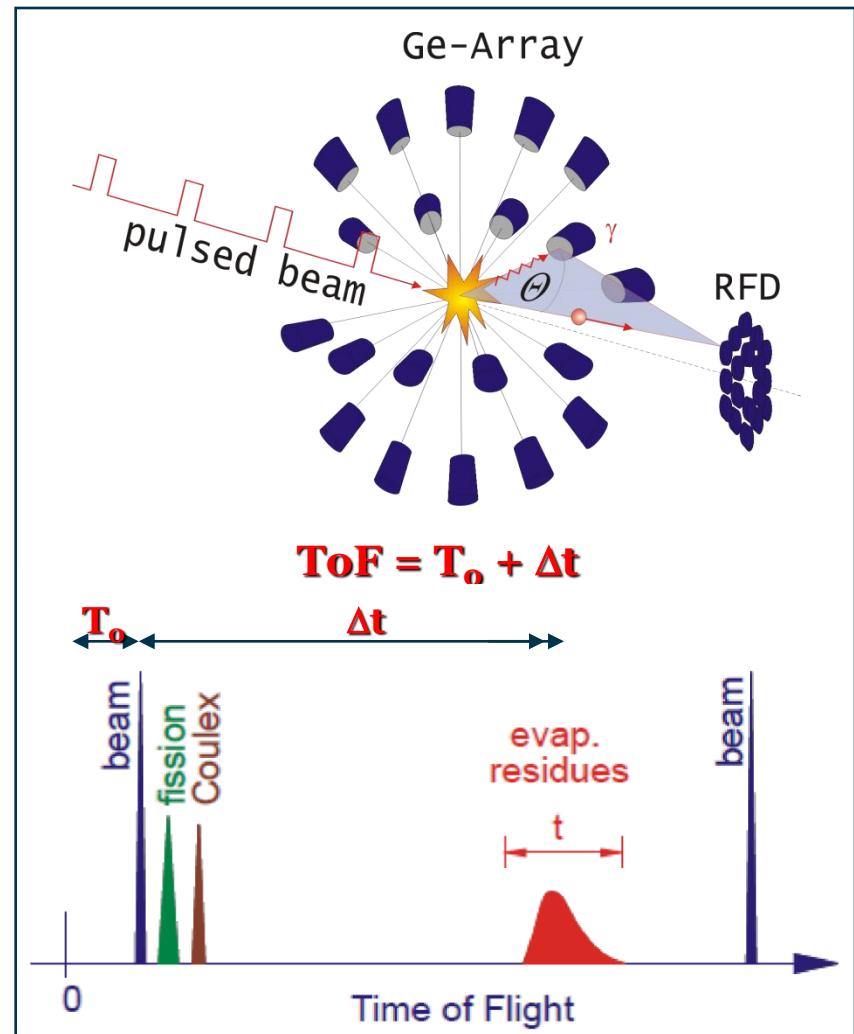
- measure the lifetimes of excited states in the vicinity of A~70
- verify predictions of various theoretical models

Measurement technique

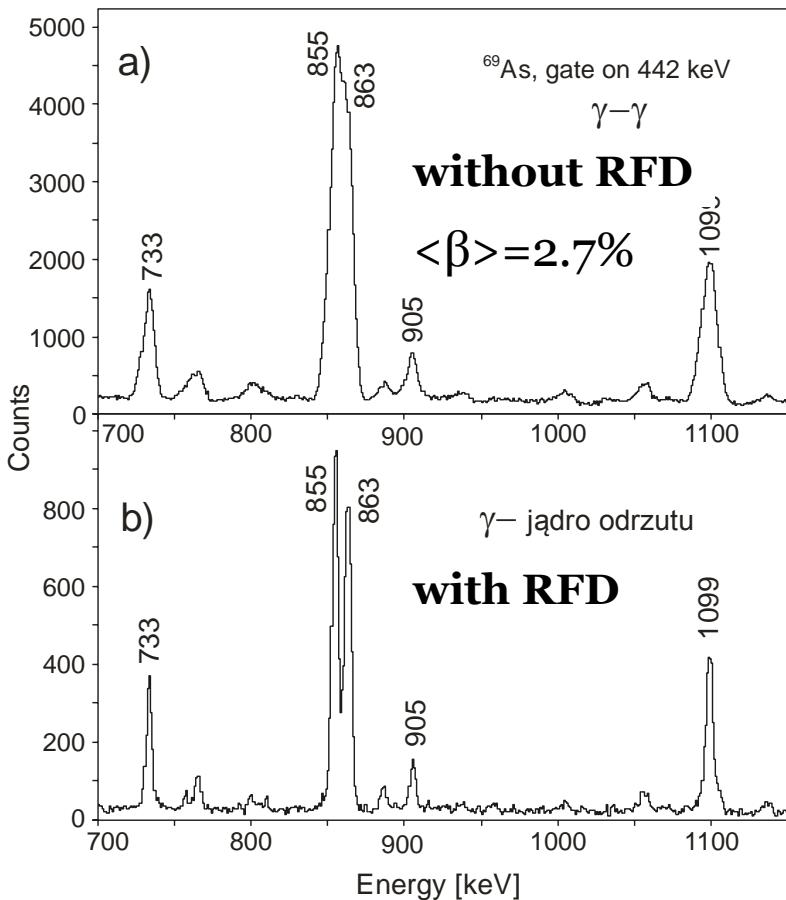
Lifetime estimation based on the recoil velocity measurement



$$R = \frac{A}{A + B} \rightarrow \tau$$

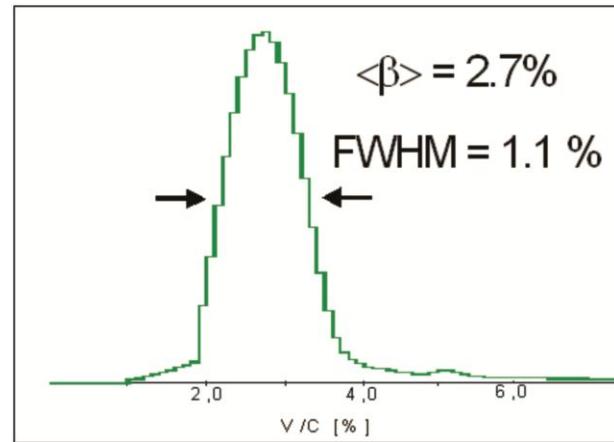


Experimental spectra



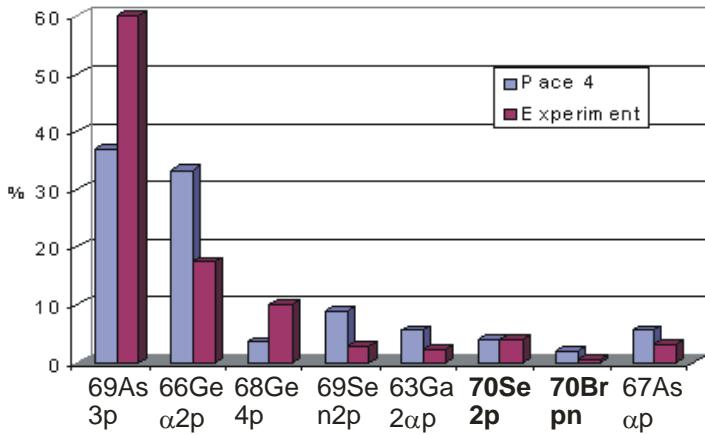
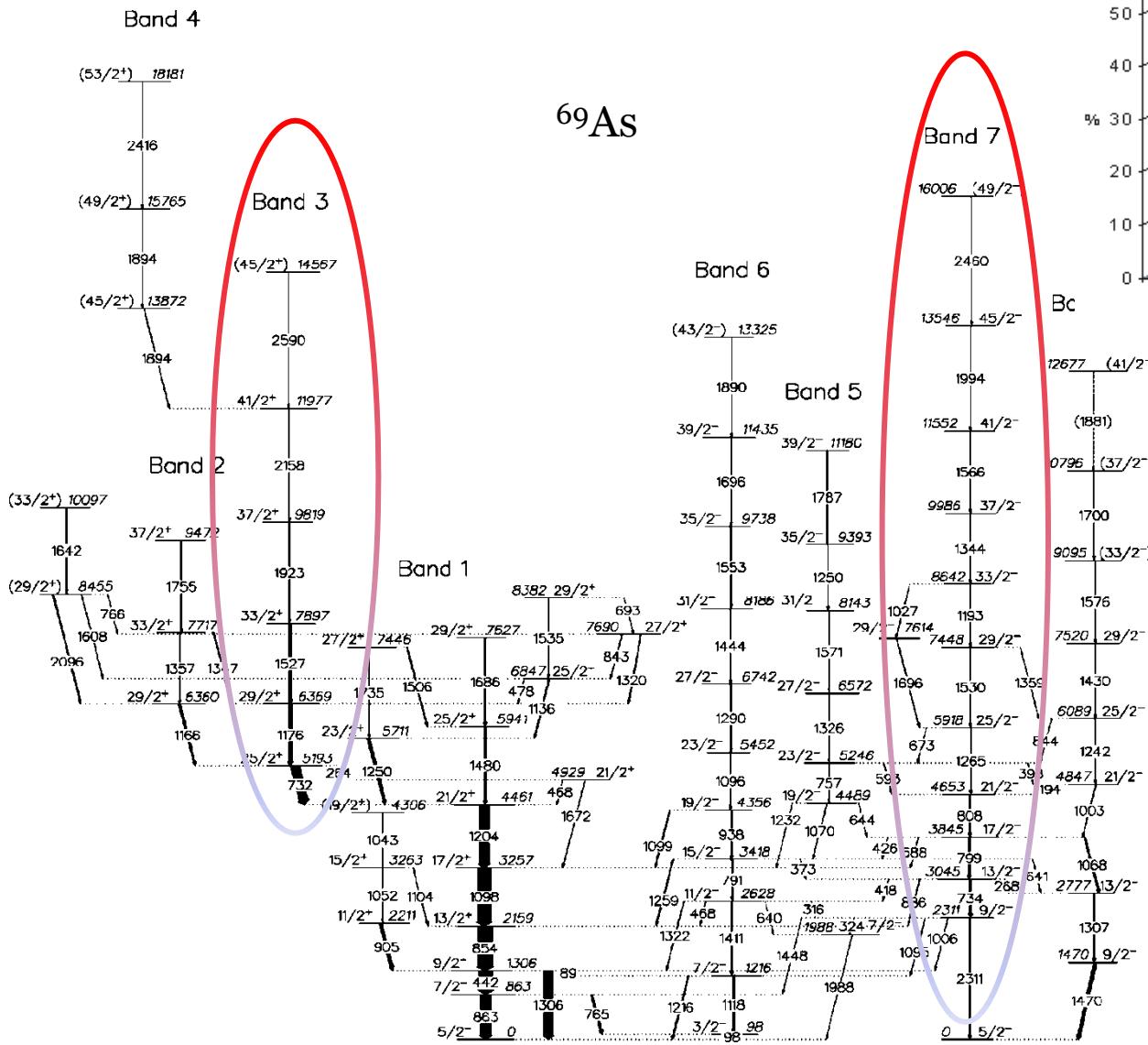
Upper panel: average correction
Lower one: event-by-event correction

Exp. recoil velocity spectrum - wide



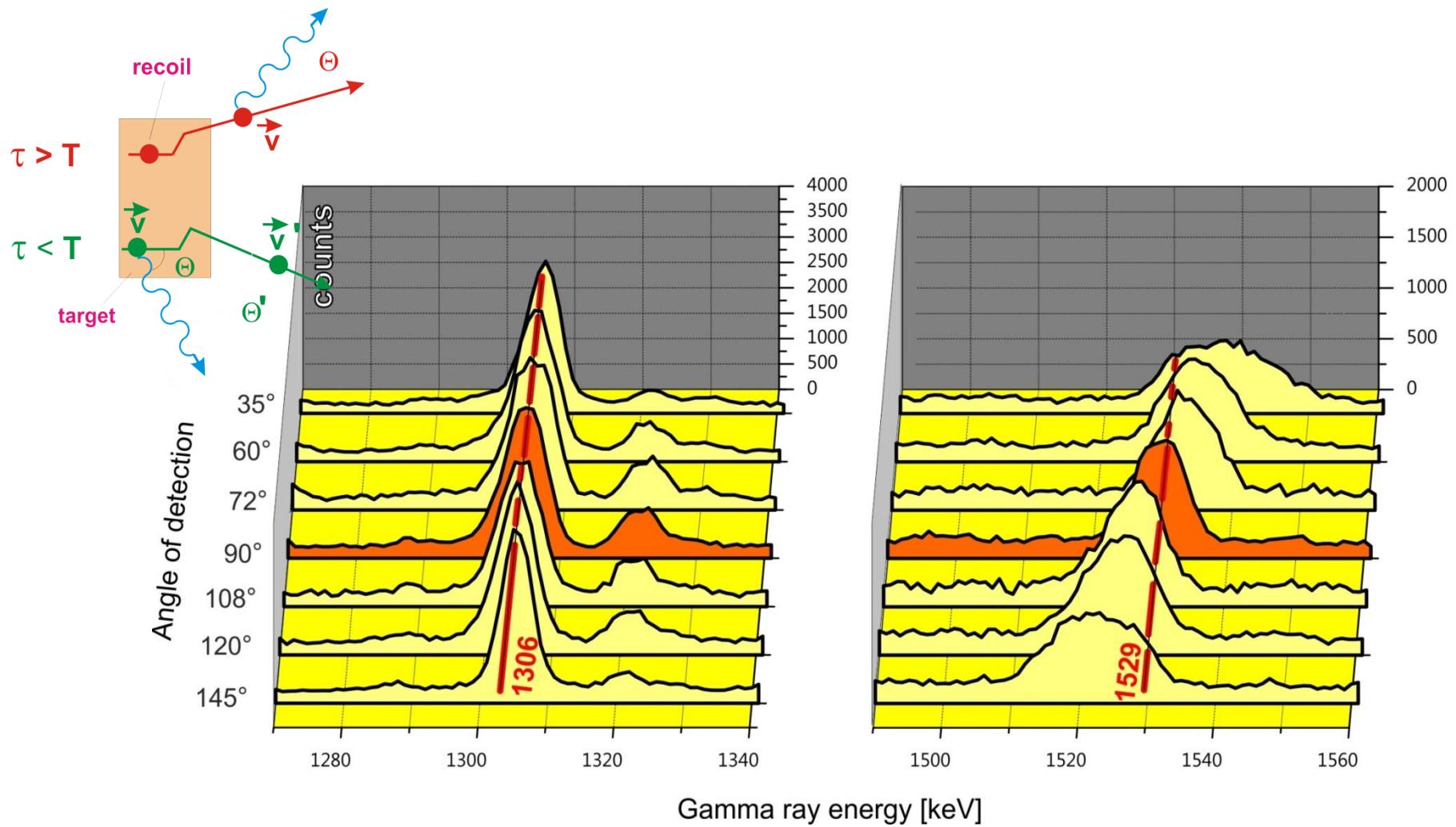
Only by measuring recoil velocity -
Energy resolution – gain by factor 2!

The nuclei of interest

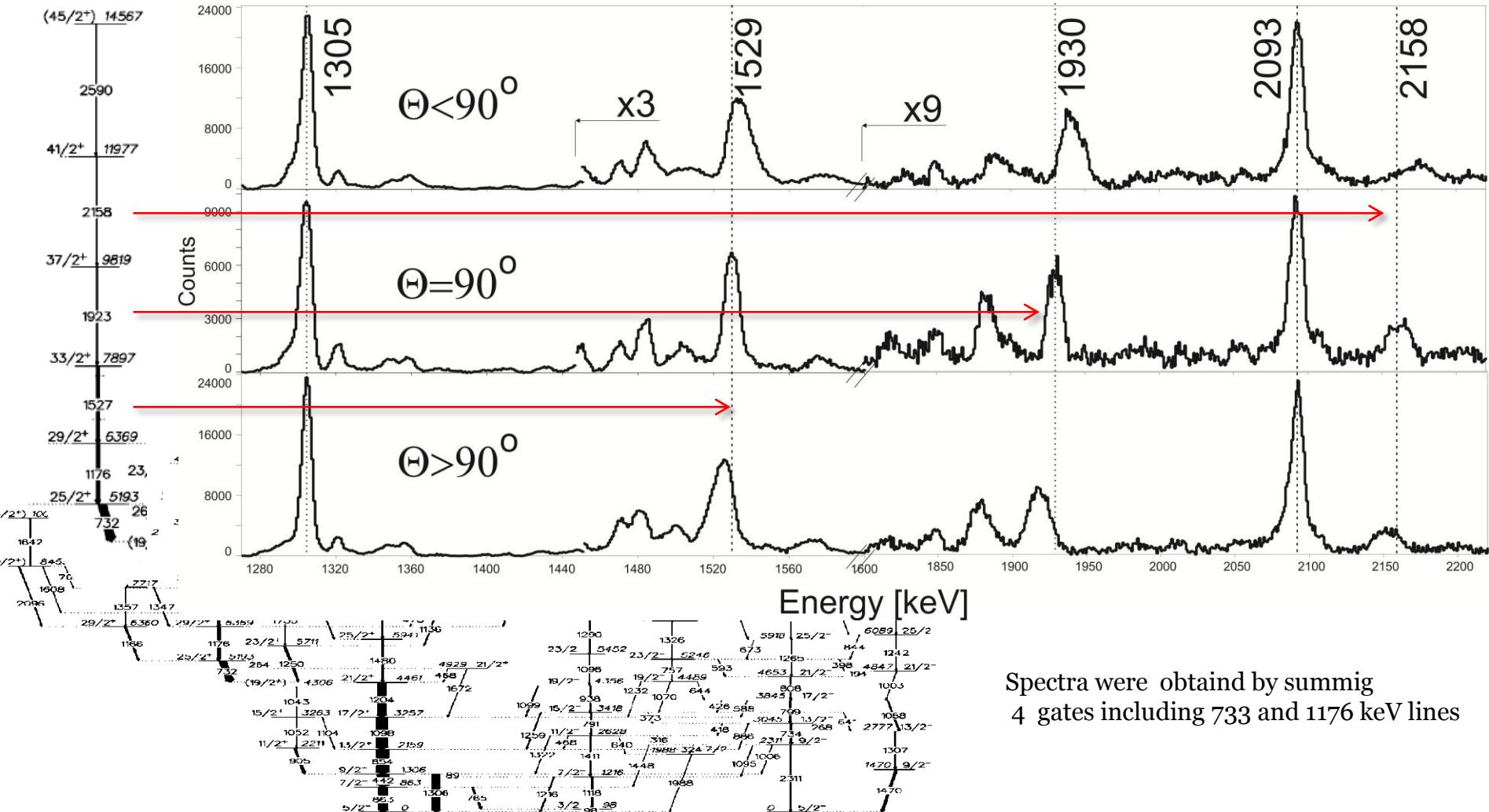


Stefanescu et al., Phys. Rev. C 70, 044304 (2004)

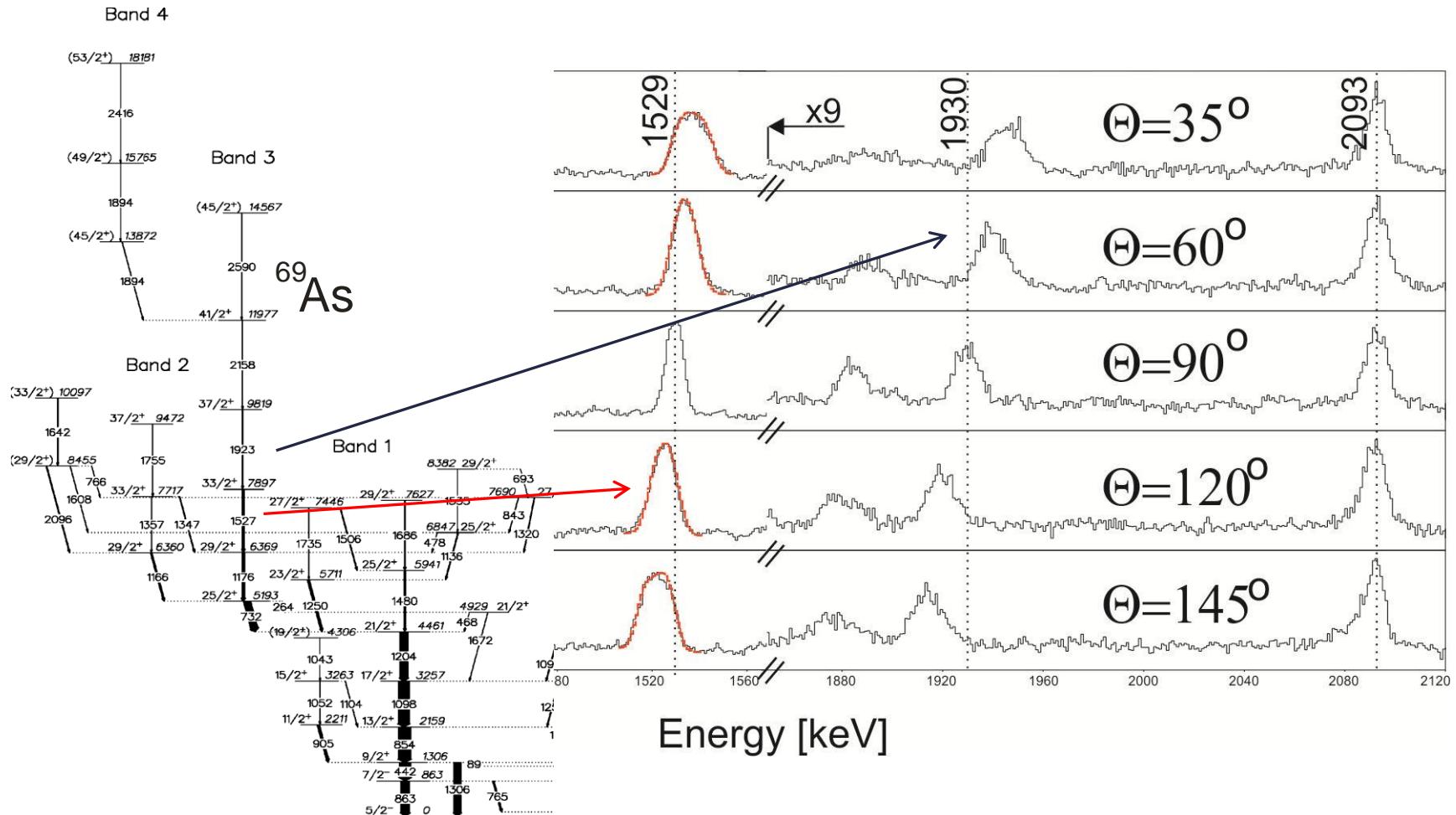
Lifetime effect



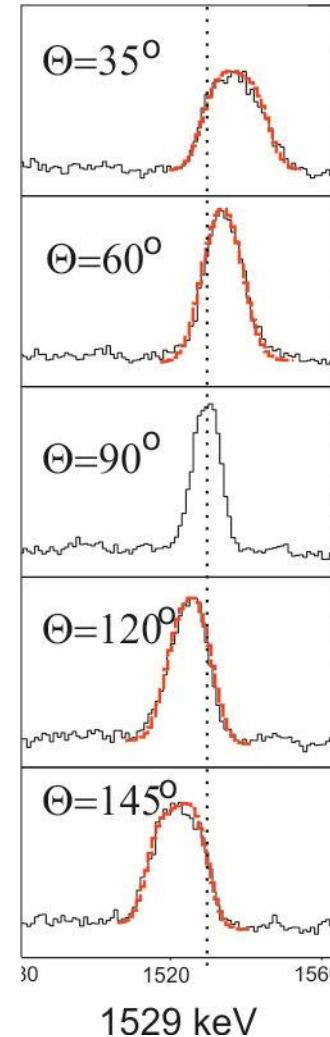
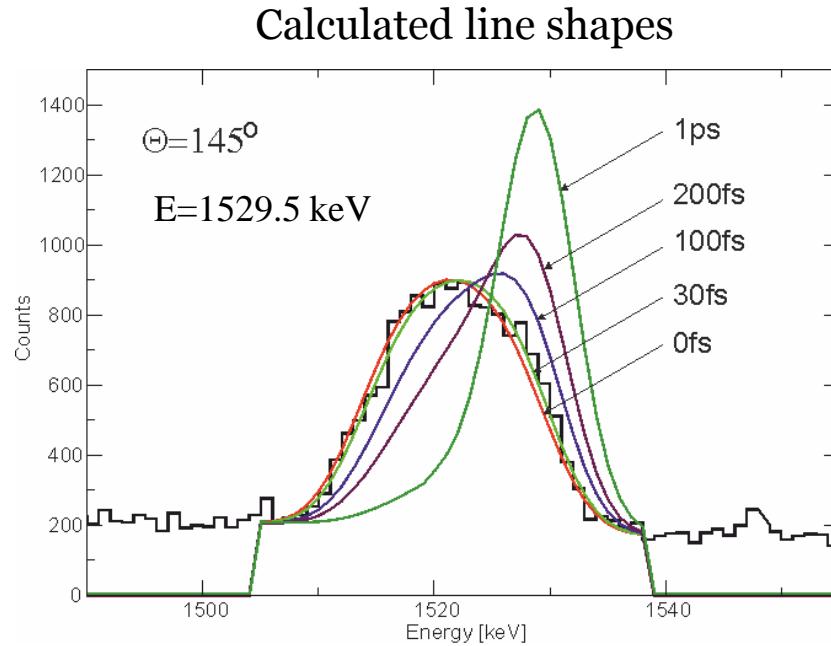
Short lifetimes for all lines in band „3”



Short lifetimes in band „3”



Lifetime estimation for 1529 keV line



Taking into account all spectra we get:

$$E=1529.5 \text{ keV} \rightarrow \tau=20 \text{ (-20, +30) fs}$$

Lifeteime vs deformation

$$B(E2) = \frac{8.196 \cdot 10^{-10}}{E^5 [MeV] \cdot \tau [s]} [e^2 fm^4] \rightarrow \beta_2$$

Experimental B(E2) and β_2 values

➤ E=1529.5 keV, $\tau < 50$ fas

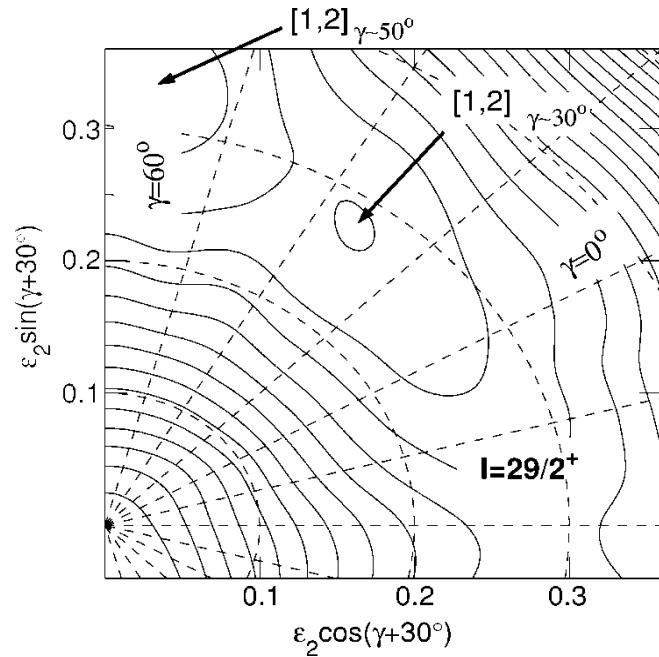
- ✓ **B(E2)> 1958 e²fm⁴ (115 W.u.)**
- ✓ Q_s > 108 fm²
- ✓ Q₀ > 236 fm²
- ✓ $\beta_2 > 0.5$

➤ E=1930 keV, $\tau < 40$ fas

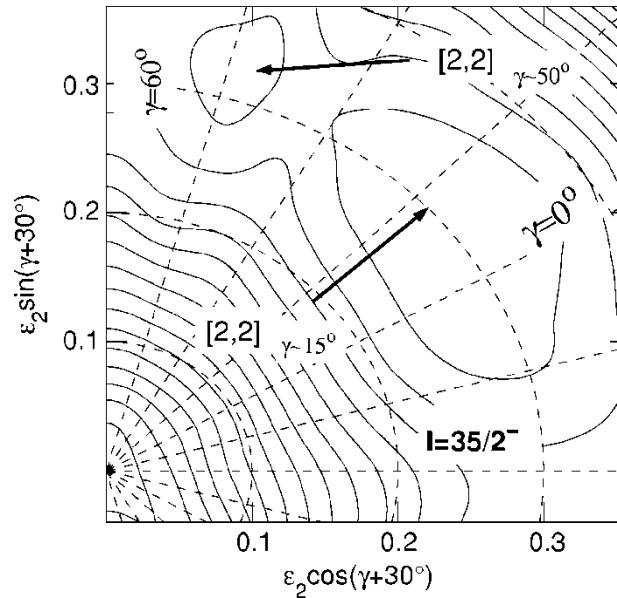
- ✓ **B(E2)> 1015 e²fm⁴ (60 W.u.)**
- ✓ Q_s > 78 fm²
- ✓ Q₀ > 169 fm²
- ✓ $\beta_2 > 0.4$

Theoretical predictions for ^{69}As - CNS cal.

I. Stefanescu et al., Phys. Rev. C 70, 044304 (2004)

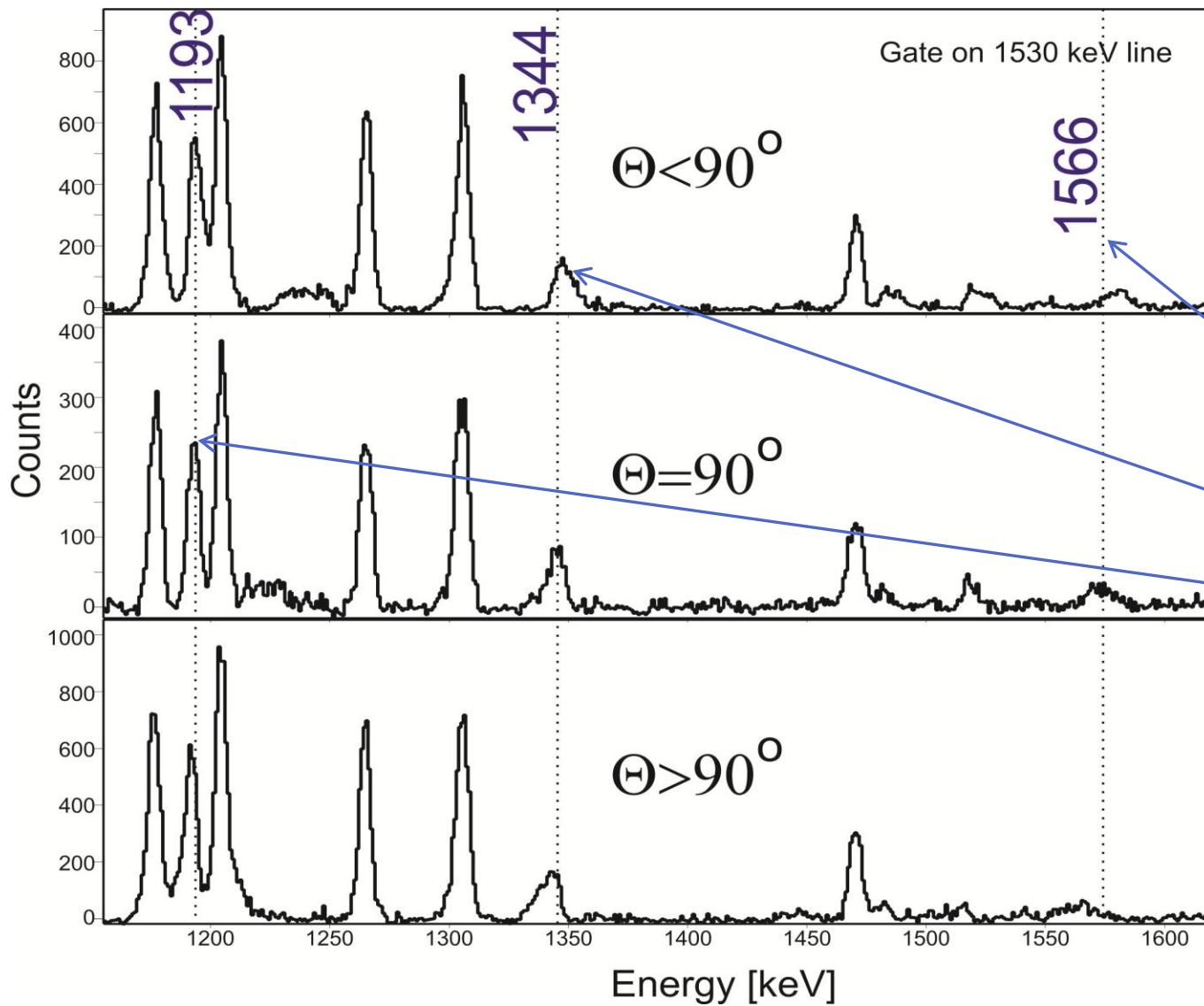


$\beta_2 \approx 0.28, \gamma \approx 30^\circ$ – band „3”



$\beta_2 \approx 0.3, \gamma \approx 15^\circ$ – band „7”

Band „7”



Band 7

16006 (49/2⁻)

2460

13546 45/2⁻

1994

11552 41/2⁻

1566

9986 37/2⁻

1344

8642 33/2⁻

27

7614 1193

596

7448 29/2⁻

673

1265 398

4653

3845 17/2⁻

588

3045 799

886

2311 1006

1095

2311 1307

1470

14.70

Band 8

12677 (41/2⁻)

(1881)

10796 (37/2⁻)

1700

9095 (33/2⁻)

1576

7520 29/2⁻

14.30

6089 25/2⁻

1003

4847 21/2⁻

1068

2777 13/2⁻

1307

14.70

14.70

Summary

- This experiment shows that very interesting physical problems can be investigated with that type of setup
- Measurement of very short excited states lifetimes is possible when using Ge array with RFD
- Our results offer unique opportunity for testing various micro- and macroscopic theoretical models that are used to interpret the variety of collective bands known in the ^{69}As nucleus

Collaboration

M. Matejska-Minda, P. Bednarczyk, M. Ciemała, B. Fornal, M. Kmiecik, A. Maj,
W. Męczyński, S. Myalski, J. Styczeń, M. Ziębliński

The Henryk Niewodniczański Institute of Nuclear Physics PAN, Kraków, Poland

G. de Angelis, T. Huyuk, C. Michelagnoli, E. Sahin
INFN, Laboratori Nazionali di Legnaro, Legnaro, Italy

S. Aydin, E. Farnea, R. Menegazzo, F. Recchia, C. Ur
Dipartimento di Fisica e INFN Padova, Italy

S. Brambilla, S. Leoni, D. Montanari
Dipartimento di Fisica e INFN Milano, Italy

G. Jaworski, M. Palacz
Heavy Ion Laboratory, University of Warsaw, Poland

R. Wadsworth
University of York, United Kingdom