

The CTA Computing Grid Project

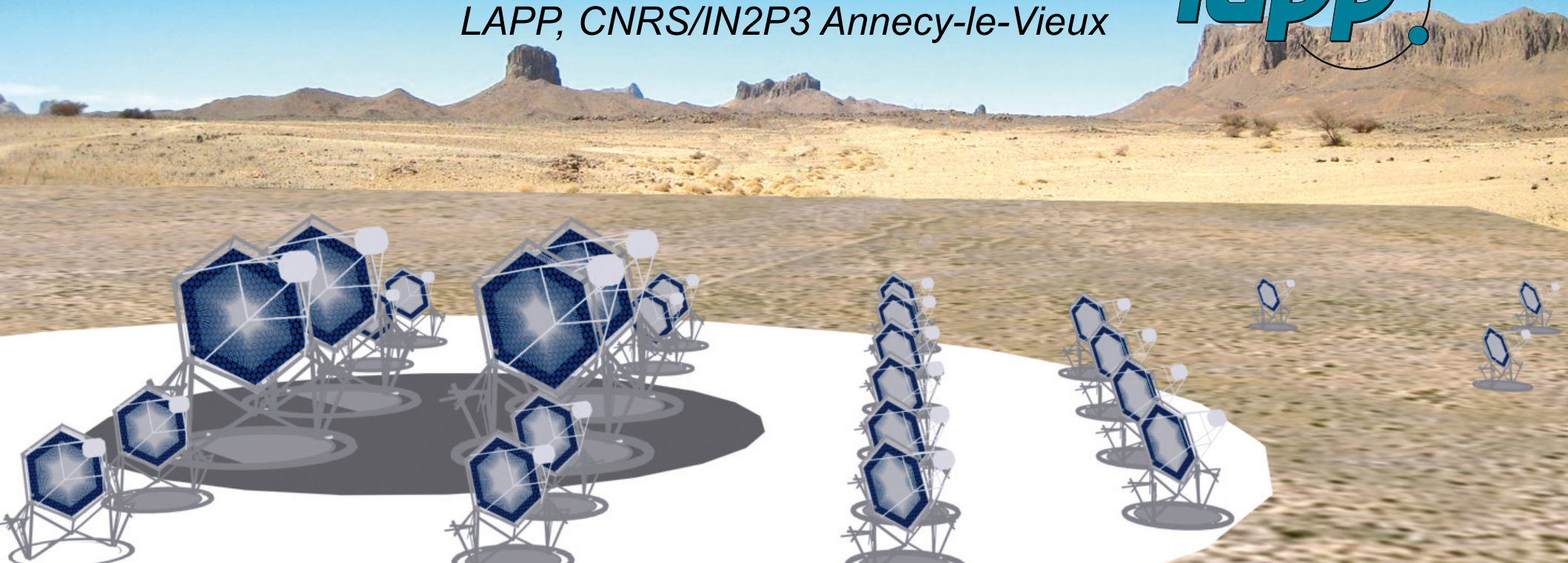


Nukri Komin

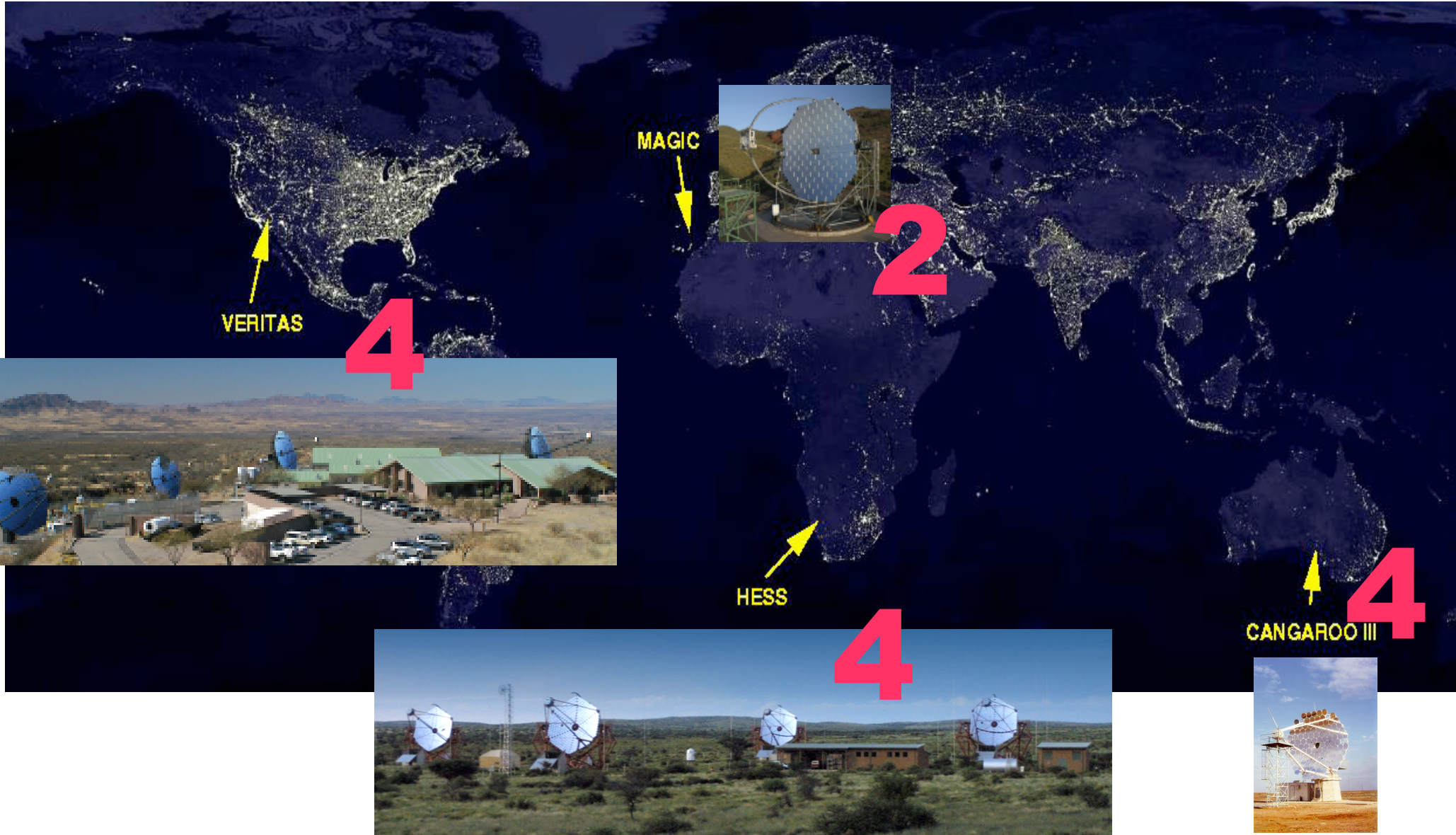
LAPP, CNRS/IN2P3 Annecy-le-Vieux



IN2P3
Les deux infinis



Current Cherenkov Telescopes



Cherenkov Telescope Array

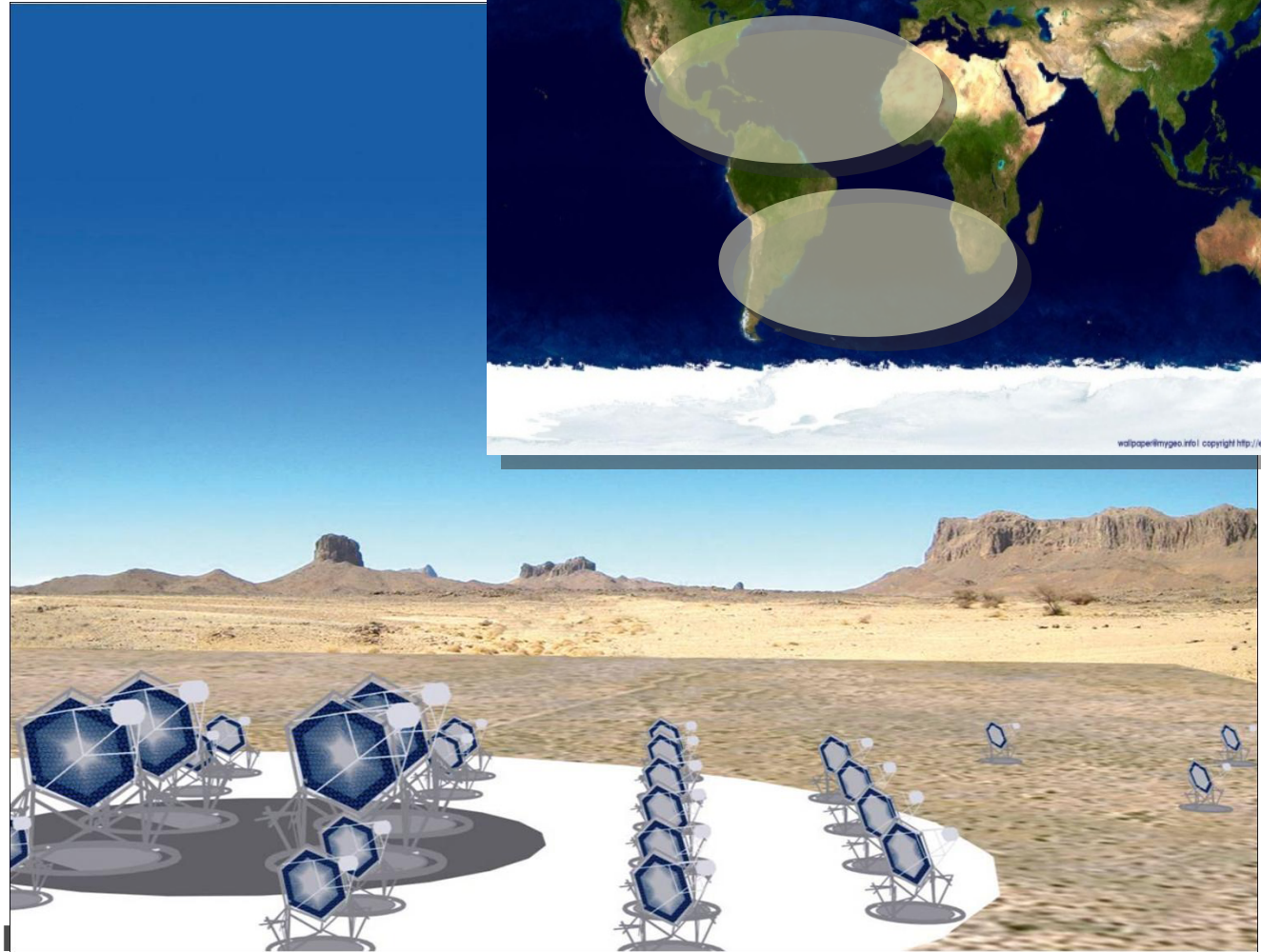
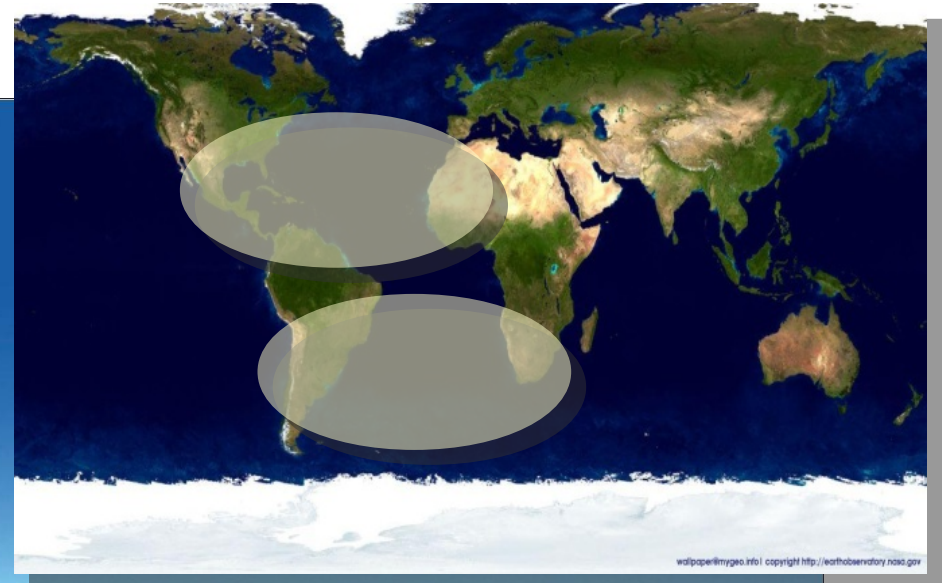
⇒ large array, 30 – 100 telescopes in 3 sizes, 2 sites

- remote site

⇒ Preparatory Phase 2010-2013

⇒ 100 institutes

- 22 countries



Current Activities

⇒ Preparatory Phase

- investigation of the science possible with CTA
- administrative and technical aspects of building and operating a telescope array

⇒ technical aspect: computation

⇒ we (LAPP Annecy, LUPM Montpellier) propose Grid Computing for

- Monte Carlo simulation
- Data Management and Processing
- CTA Science Gateway

CTA Virtual Grid Organisation

⇒ Why do we use the Grid?

- institutes can provide easily computing power
 - minimal man power needed, usually sites already supporting LHB
- can be managed centrally (e.g. for massive simulations)
- distributed but transparent for all users (compare HESS)

⇒ CTA virtual organisation: `vo.cta.in2p3.fr`

- French name, but open to everyone (renaming almost impossible)
- VO manager G. Lamanna @ LAPP

CTA Virtual Grid Organisation

⇒ 14 CEs in 5 countries

- very heterogeneous (CPUs, RAM, scratch space)
- 3 big sites: CC Lyon, DESY Zeuthen, Cyfronet Poland, PIC
- many small sites (~100 CPUs)
- 30k logical CPUs, shared with other VOs
- ~1000 – 2000 CPUs for CTA at any time (based on experience)

			logical CPUs	for CTA
France	Annecy	IN2P3-LAPP	725	200
	Lyon	IN2P3-CC	9068	200...600
	Paris	GRIF	7495	several 100
		OBSPM	112	
	Bordeaux	M3PEC	384	
	Montpellier	LUPM	152	100
Germany	Zeuthen	DESY-ZN	786	400
	Dortmund	UNI-DORTMUND	1832	
	Munich	MPPMU	856	
Spain	Barcelona	PIC	2368	200
		IFAE	360	
	Madrid	CIEMAT-LCG2	836	
Poland	Cracow	CYFRONET-LCG2	5104	several 100
Greece	Thessaloniki	GR-01-AUTH	230	

CTA Virtual Grid Organisation

- ⇒ LFC catalogue
- ⇒ each site with several 100GB up to 10 TB local disk space
- ⇒ massive storage (several 100 TB):
 - CC Lyon (including tapes), DESY Zeuthen, Cyfronet
- ⇒ massive storage for large temporary files
 - simulations: corsika, will be kept for reprocessing
 - corsika file size 20-30 GB for 100000 proton showers

Grid Monte Carlo Production

⇒ first massive use of Grid: simulations

- corsika (<http://www-ik.fzk.de/corsika/>)
- sim_telarray (K. Bernlöhr [[arXiv:0810.5722](https://arxiv.org/abs/0810.5722)])

⇒ protons, hard spectrum (index 1.5), 275 telescopes

- high requirements
 - up to 4 GB RAM
 - 10 GB local scratch disk space
- only subset of CEs can handle these requirements

⇒ statistics

- 54800 good quality runs, ~ 5TB
- $9.9 \cdot 10^8$ sim_telarray showers
- efficiency: 10^8 sim_telarray showers per month
 - many problems solved, next round much more efficient

Job Configuration and Submission

- ⇒ EasiJob, tool developed in Annecy
 - task configuration, job definition and submission
 - web interface and data base
- ⇒ requirements are based on published parameters
 - e.g. `GLueHostMainMemoryRAMSize > 2000`
 - these requirements are interpreted differently at each site
- ⇒ jdl requirements adapted for each site
 - allows fine tuning adapted to each site
 - close interaction with site admins

Job Configuration and Submission

➔ EasiJob, tool developed by the Aachen Institute of Technology

- task configuration, job submission
- web interface and data management

➔ requirements are based on the user's needs

Analyze parameter tree diagram - 2 ... || timer : 333 5 - send -0 0 5

Select configuration file : 20 - INPUTS_CTA_ULTRA3_gamma

Parameters

- 1 Generic shower parameters
- 10 Random number generator
- 27 Primary particle options
 - 28 PRMPAR
 - 29 ParticleId0
 - 30 ParticleId1
- 31 ESLOPE

Parameter : ParticleId0

ParamIdentifier : #ParticleId0#

Default value : 1

Parameter type : basic type

Parameter basic type : int

Parameter unit : no unit

Save

Save all parameters to DB

Requirements defined in DB :

Select a requirement set : 1 - No_requirements

Selected requirements : ...

Save to DB

General requirement : _____

Site name	Status	Max/Min CPU (Mo)	Max/Min RAM (Mo)	other requirement
IN2P3-LAPP (1)	undefined	> <	> <	
IN2P3-CC (2)	undefined	> <	> <	
GRIF-IRFU (3)	undefined	> <	> <	
GRIF-LAL (4)	undefined	> <	> <	
GRIF-APC (5)	undefined	> <	> <	
GRIF-LLR (6)	undefined	> <	> <	
GRIF-LPNHE (7)	undefined	> <	> <	
MSFG-OPEN (8)	undefined	> <	> <	
MPPMU (9)	undefined	> <	> <	
DESY-ZN (10)	undefined	> <	> <	
UNI-DORTMUND (11)	undefined	> <	> <	
PIC (12)	undefined	> <	> <	
CIEMAT-LCG2 (13)	undefined	> <	> <	
CYFRONET-LCG2 (14)	undefined	> <	> <	
CAMK (15)	undefined	> <	> <	

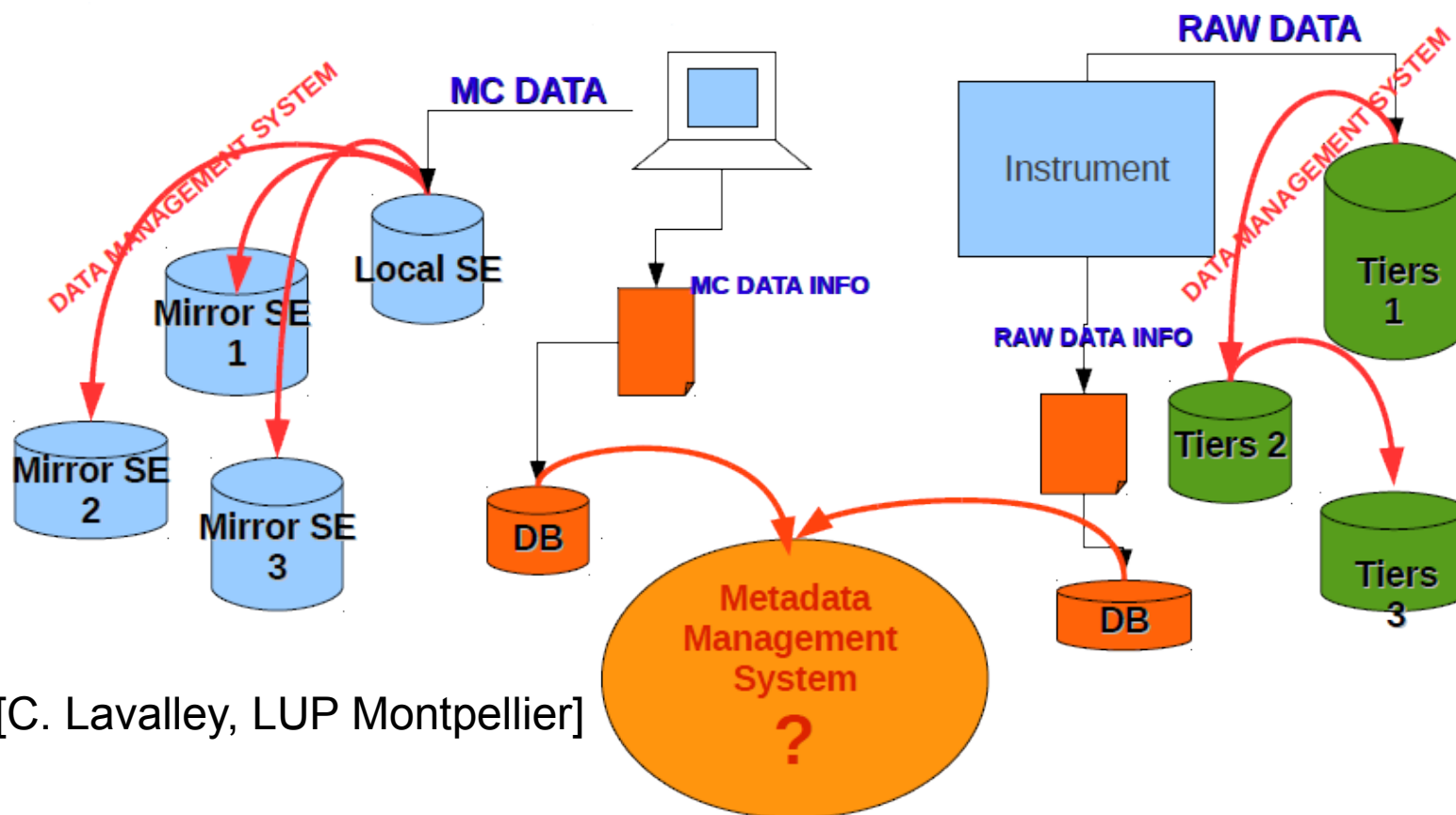
Meta Data Management

⇒ meta data: data about data

- logical and physical file name, production parameters, etc.

⇒ meta information can be in several data bases

⇒ we will evaluate AMI (Atlas Meta Data Interface)



Bring the User to the Data

⇒ data on the Grid (simulations), bring the analysis as well

⇒ Grid User Interface needed

- certificate infrastructure
- software to download files and submit jobs
- easy installation on all platforms

⇒ user tasks




- analyse simulation files (no official software yet)
- software development

⇒ we evaluate two ways to make Grid UI available

- Virtual Machine
- Dirac

Virtual Machine

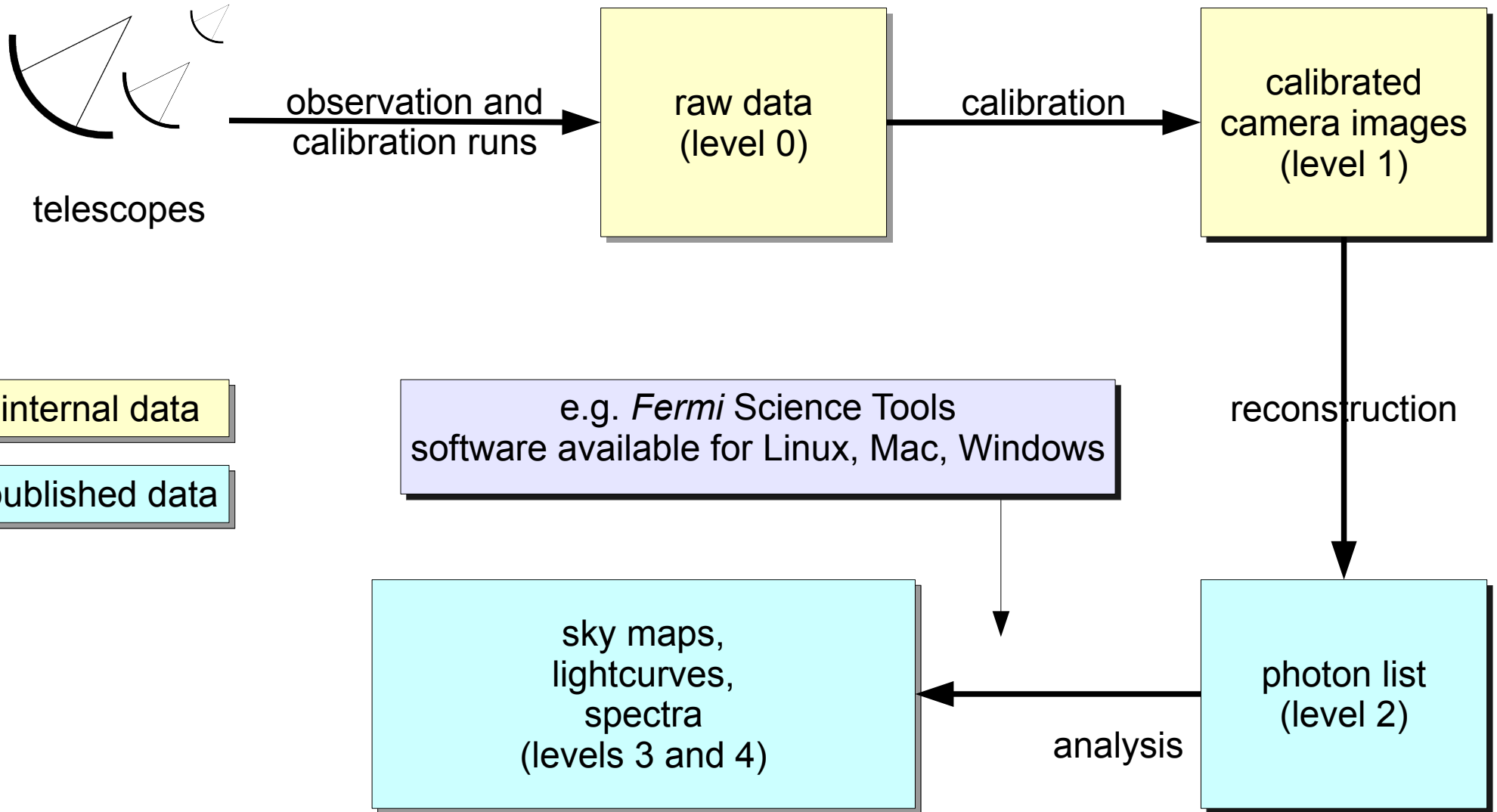
- ⇒ CernVM (<http://cernvm.cern.ch/portal/>)
- ⇒ contains all Grid infrastructure
- ⇒ easy to install ✓
- ⇒ will be distributed for CTA users
- ⇒ will be developed for cloud computing platform

	 Windows	 Linux	 Mac
 VirtualBox	✓	✓	✓
 vmware	✓	✓	✓
 KVM	-	✓	-
 Xen	-	✓	-

DIRAC as User Interface

- ⇒ easy to install ✓
- ⇒ user does not need to understand all grid details
- ⇒ easy job creation, submission and monitoring
- ⇒ where are we?
 - currently being tested (me with help of Ricardo)
 - DST production for simulated files
- ⇒ want to open it soon to collaboration
 - analysis tasks of individual CTA users

Analysis Chain



Data Rates

⇒ Raw Data: 1 GB/s, 1..3 PB/year (level 0)

- production during night time, max. 8..10h per day
- 29 day cycle with peak at new moon

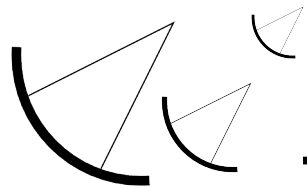
⇒ Reconstructed Data (level 2, available to public)

- about 10% of raw data
- computing requirements:
 - 1h of raw data needs ~200 CPUs*days (today)
 - based on HESS Model++, 28min of 4 telescopes needs 3x 1Ms [M. de Naurois]

⇒ Results (level 3 and 4, available to public)

- requirements: to be evaluated

Data Flow



telescopes

raw data

on-site or nearby computing centre

Tier

0

remote site:

- local computing centre or
- fast internet link

two or three powerful computing centres

1

computer cluster at participating institutes

2



3

local machines, scientist's desktop

Tier 0...3

⇒ Tier 0

- data source, at the telescopes

⇒ Tier 1

- backup of raw data
- calibration, reconstruction
- 2 or 3 sites

⇒ Tier 2: participating institutes

⇒ Tier 3: scientist's machine

⇒ will be set up soon for MC data chain

Summary

⇒ Cherenkov Telescope Array

- future, large array for gamma-ray astronomy
- preparatory phase 2010 – 2013

⇒ Grid Computing

- 14 CEs, $O(1000)$ CPUs, very heterogeneous
- massive Monte Carlo simulations
- data pipeline to be set up

⇒ current needs (Dirac?)

- meta data base
- user interface

⇒ nothing is decided, may be no Grid at all!!