ID de Contribution: 1027

Type: Parallel session talk

## Hadronic and semileptonic b-hadron decays at LHCb

jeudi 21 juillet 2011 18:15 (15 minutes)

In a data sample corresponding to ~36 pb-1 of pp collisions at a centre-of-mass energy sqrt(s) = 7 TeV, we make the first observation of the decay Lambda\_b -> Lambda\_c+Ds- and measure its branching fraction relative to that of Lambda\_b -> Lambda\_c+ $\pi$ -. We also present related measurements of B hadron decays. In a data sample corresponding to ~36 pb-1 of pp collisions at a centre-of-mass energy sqrt(s) = 7 TeV, we observe for the first time the decay Bs -> D0 K\*0. A clear

signal of  $34.5 \pm 6.9$  events is obtained with a statistical significance over 9 standard deviations

and we measure its branching ratio relative to that of  $B0 \rightarrow D0$  rho0: B(Bs -> D0K\*0)/B(B0 ->D0 rho0)

= 1.39 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.18, where the first uncertainty is statistical, the second systematic

and the third is due to uncertainty in the hadronisation fraction fd/fs.

We report first observations of the Cabibbo-suppressed decays  $B^{-}, 0$  ->  $D^{0}, -K\pi\pi$ , and measure their branching fractions relative to the  $B^{-}, 0$   $\rightarrow D^{0}, -K\pi\pi$  Cabibbo-favoured modes. The measurements are conducted with the LHCb experiment using 35 pb-1 of data collected at sqrt(s) = 7 TeV.

The LHCb experiment is pursuing a broad programme of measurements of  $B_S$  and

Lb semileptonic decays, with the goal of identifying exclusive hadronic final states and measuring their form factor shapes. We report first measurements of  $B_S \rightarrow D_S \mu \nu X$ ,  $B_S \rightarrow DK \mu \nu X$ , and  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda_c \mu \nu X$  based on the 2010 and early 2011 LHCb data samples.

Author: Dr LANFRANCHI, Gaia (LNF INFN)

Orateur: Mme ARTUSO, Marina

Classification de Session: Flavour Physics and Fundamental Symmetries

Classification de thématique: Flavour Physics and Fundamental Symmetries