

# Combined upper limits on SM Higgs

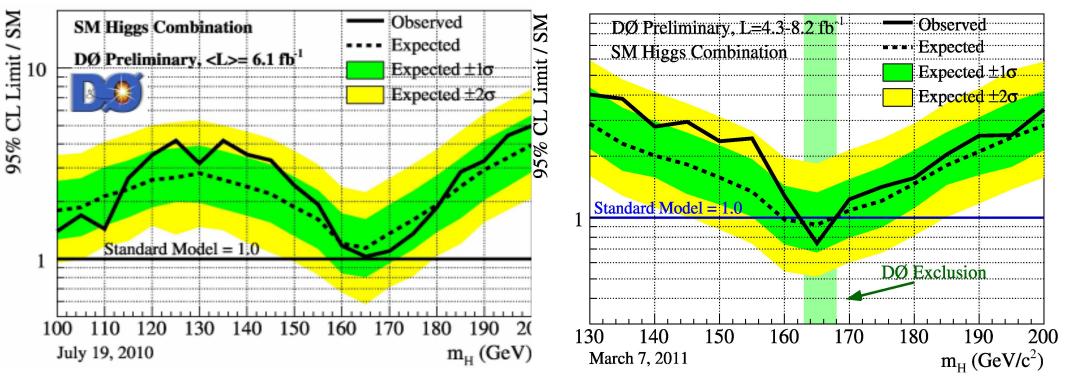
### Sebastien Greder, IPHC / IN2P3-CNRS, Strasbourg on behalf of the D0 collaboration





## Introduction

### **Previous combination:**



#### March 2011, single experiment exclusion: 163 < m<sub>H</sub> < 168 GeV/c<sup>2</sup> at 95% C.L

#### For more details see:

http://www-d0.fnal.gov/Run2Physics/WWW/results/prelim/HIGGS/H105/



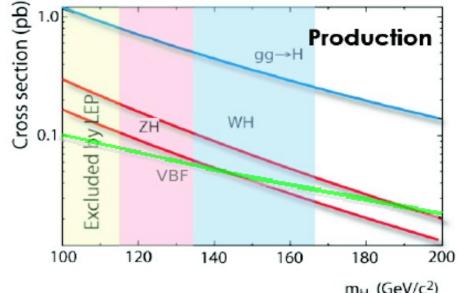
# **Production and decays**

### **Higgs production cross sections**

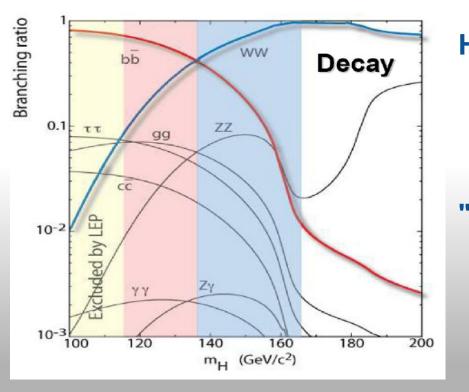
• ~ 0.02 - 1.3 pb

 investigate 3 productions modes Analyzed data correspond to integrated luminosities ranging from 4.3 to 8.6 fb<sup>-1</sup>

~7000 Higgs events



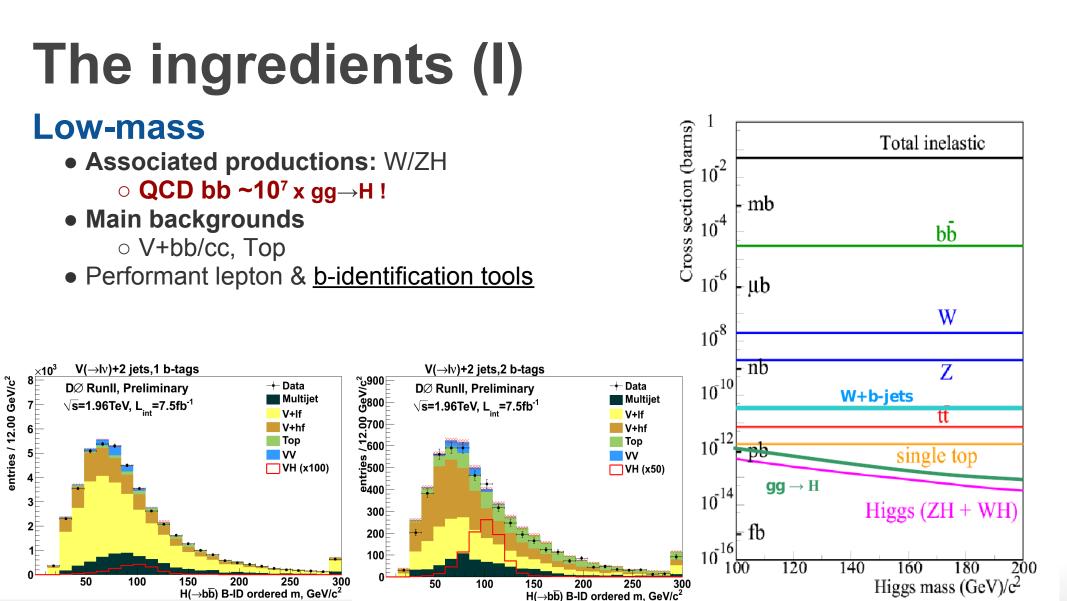
 $m_H$  (GeV/c<sup>2</sup>)



### Higgs boson decay modes studied: ○ H→bb (cc) $\circ H \rightarrow W^+W^ \circ$ H $\rightarrow$ T<sup>+</sup>T<sup>-</sup> $\circ H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ "Low" vs. "High" mass regions: $\circ$ m<sub>H</sub> < 135 GeV : bb о m<sub>µ</sub> > 135 GeV : WW

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#### See talks from:

- **POTAMIANOS, Karolos:** Search for the Standard Model Higgs boson in final states with b quarks at the Tevatron
- KASMI, Azeddine: Search for the Standard Model Higgs boson in final states with photons or taus at the Tevatron

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# The ingredients (II)

### **High mass**

- H→WW→lvlv + 1,2 jets
- $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow Vqq' (I = e, \mu)$  Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 171802 (2011)
- H $\rightarrow$ WW $\rightarrow$ IvT<sub>had</sub>v + 0, 1, 2 jets

#### Main backgrounds

- multijet
- bosons pairs
- top pairs

### To complete the picture

- $VH \rightarrow WWW \rightarrow II+X$
- $\bullet ~ H \rightarrow \! \gamma \gamma$

#### **Boris Tuchming**

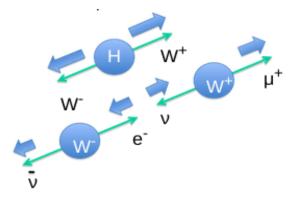
Search for the Higgs boson in the  $W^+W^-$  decay at Tevatron

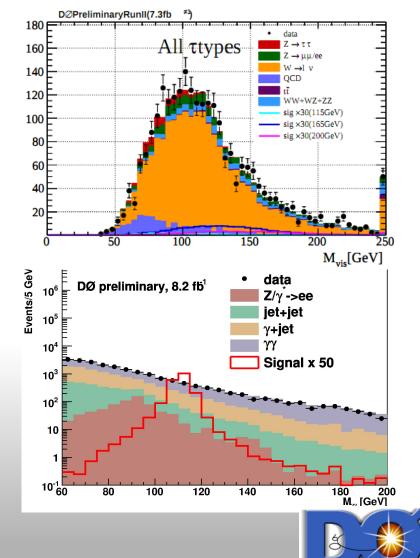
#### Antonio LIMOSANI

*Other searches for a high mass Higgs boson at Tevatron* 

#### **KASMI**, Azeddine

Search for the Standard Model Higgs boson in final with photons or taus at Tevatron





# The ingredients (III)

### Improving sensitivity

• Most of analyses improve their overall sensitivity by splitting e.g jet multiplicities,

lepton flavors, 1/2 b-jet(s), ...

40 exclusive subsets

• Multivariate techniques e.g Neural Networks, Decisions Trees

• Analyses updated with > 8fb<sup>-1</sup> datasets

Channel	Luminosity $(fb^{-1})$	Final Variable	# Sub-Channels	
$WH \rightarrow \ell \nu b \bar{b}$ , ST/DT, 2/3 jet	8.6	DTree discriminant	24	
$ZH \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu} b \bar{b}$ , ST/DT	8.6	DTree discriminant	6	
$ZH \rightarrow \ell \ell b \bar{b}$ , ST/DT	8.6	DTree discriminant	30	
$H \rightarrow W^+ W^- \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \nu \ell^{\mp} \nu, \ 0/1/2 + \text{ jet}$	8.1	DTree discriminant	18	
$H \rightarrow W^+ W^- \rightarrow \ell \nu q \bar{q}$	5.4	DTree discriminant	4	
$H + X \rightarrow \mu^{\pm} \tau_{had}^{\mp} + \leq 1j$	7.3	NN discriminant	3	
$ \begin{array}{l} H + X \to \mu^{\pm} \tau_{had}^{\mp} + \leq 1j \\ H + X \to \ell^{\pm} \tau_{had}^{\mp} jj \end{array} $	4.3	DTree discriminant	2	
$VH \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} + X$	5.3	DTree discriminant	6	
$H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$	8.2	DTree discriminant	1	



# Limit setting

### **Frequentist approach: modified CL**<sub>s</sub>

generate ensemble of pseudo-experiments with Poisson statistics

 test 2 hypotheses: background (B) and signal+background (S+B)
 compute negative log likelihood ratio (LLR):

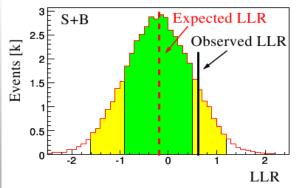
$$\frac{L(B)}{\prod_{i} \frac{b_{i}^{d_{i}} \exp(b_{i})}{d_{i}!}} \qquad \frac{L(S+B)}{\prod_{i} \frac{(s_{i}+b_{i})^{d_{i}} \exp(s_{i}+b_{i})}{d_{i}!}}{2 \cdot \sum_{i} s_{i} - d_{i} \cdot \log(1+s_{i}/b_{i})}$$

where  $d_i$  events observed in bin *i* with S and B expectations  $s_i$  and  $b_i$ .

- systematics are introduced through nuisance parameters
  - constrained by data (*i.e profiling technique*)
- Confidence Levels (C.L.) are defined as the fraction of pseudo-experiments with LLR above the observed LLR
   <sup>3</sup>E SUB - The Expected LLR

• 
$$CL_s = CL_{s+b}/CL_b$$

Exclude a signal cross section at x% C.L. with: CL<sub>s</sub> = 1 - x





## **Systematics**

### 2 types for background and signal

- rate: only affect absolute normalization, *e.g luminosity*
- **shape:** change differential distribution, *e.g due to jet energy scale corrections, MC modeling, b-tagging, ...*

### Sources

depend on the final state

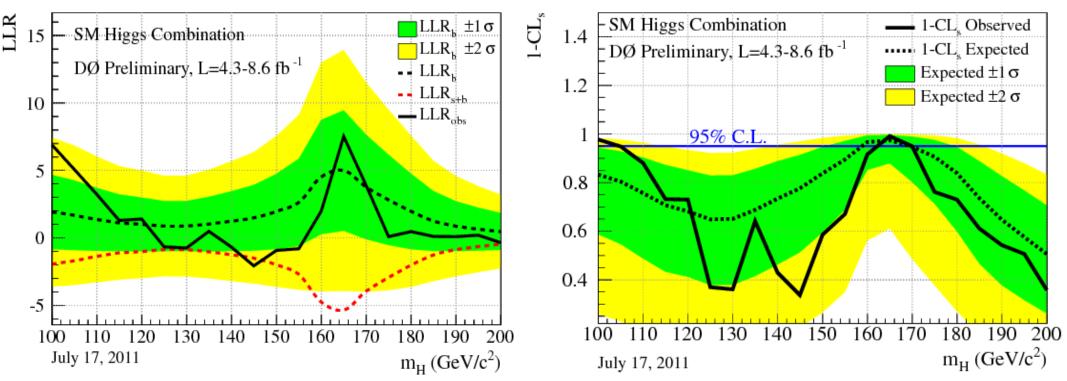
<ul> <li>Iuminosity</li> </ul>	~6%
<ul> <li>lepton identification</li> </ul>	1-9%
<ul> <li>Jet-ID, Jet energy scale, FSR/ISR</li> </ul>	~7%
<ul> <li>b-tagging</li> </ul>	1-10%
<ul> <li>cross-sections</li> </ul>	4-30%

See back-up slides for detailed low/high mass analyses examples + correlation tables

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# **Results (I)**



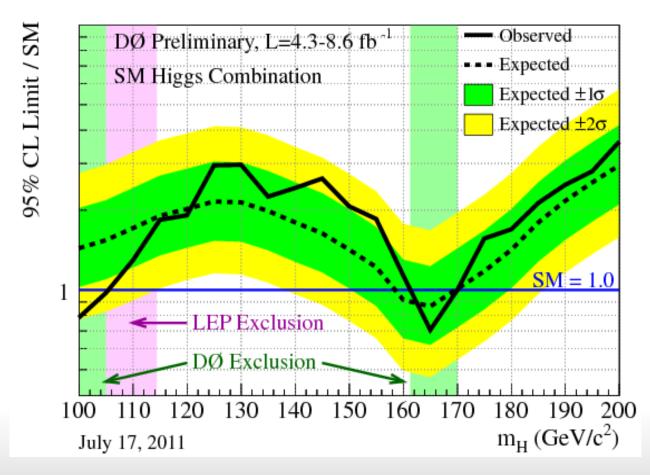
#### **Sensitivity of Higgs search**

- $\bullet$  Separation between  $\text{LLR}_{\rm b}$  and  $\text{LLR}_{\rm s+b}$  translates to sensitivity of the analysis
- Maximum around ~165 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>
- Observation consistent with background only hypothesis
   set exclusion limits at 95% CL



# **Results (II)**

### 95% C.L upper cross section limits as ratio to SM cross section



~25% improvements accross the whole mass range since last combination !

- 162 < m<sub>H</sub> < 170 GeV is excluded at 95% C.L (*expected:* 159 < m<sub>H</sub> < 169 GeV)
- m<sub>H</sub>(115 GeV): 2.05 (1.90) xSM, m<sub>H</sub>(165 GeV): 0.71 (0.87) xSM



# Summary

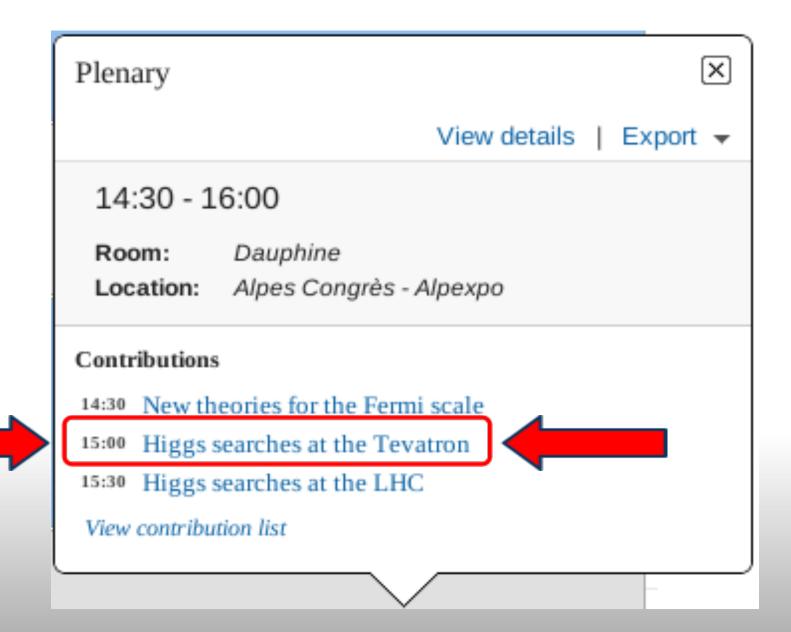
- Searches for SM Higgs boson production in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV were carried out for Higgs boson masses in the range 100 < m<sub>H</sub> < 200 GeV
  - o no excess seen ...
  - exclude: 162 < m<sub>H</sub> < 170 GeV at 95% C.L</li>
  - o < ~2x SM (expected) accross whole mass range !</p>
  - More: <u>http://www-d0.fnal.gov/Run2Physics/WWW/results/higgs.htm</u>

### But ...

- More data to analyze (>10fb<sup>-1</sup> on tape)
- More analyses improvements in line
- Exciting times !
- Stay tuned for future updates !



## **Conclusions / Outlooks**



# **Back-up slides**

Contribution	WZ/WW	Wbb/Wcc	Wjj/Wcj	$t\bar{t}$	single top	Multijet	WH
Luminosity	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	n/a	6.1
EM ID/Trigger eff. (S)	2-5	2 - 3	2-3	1 - 2	1 - 2	n/a	1 - 2
Muon Trigger eff. (S)	2-4	1 - 2	1 - 2	2-4	1 - 3	n/a	2-5
Muon ID/Reco eff./resol.	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	n/a	4.1
Jet ID/Reco eff. (S)	2-8	2-5	4 - 9	3 - 7	2-4	n/a	3 - 7
Jet Resolution (S)	4-7	2 - 7	2-7	2 - 9	2-4	n/a	4-6
Jet Energy Scale (S)	4-7	2-6	2-7	2-6	2-7	n/a	4-6
Vertex Conf. Jet (S)	4 - 10	5 - 12	4 - 10	7 - 10	5 - 10	n/a	4-6
b-tag/taggability (S)	3-7	4-6	3 - 10	5 - 10	4 - 10	n/a	4 - 9
Heavy-Flavor K-factor	n/a	20	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
InstWH $e\nu b\bar{b}$ (S)	1-2	2-4	1-3	1-2	1 - 3	15	1-2
InstWH $\mu\nu b\bar{b}$	n/a	2.4	2.4	n/a	n/a	20	n/a
Cross Section	6	9	9	10	10	n/a	6.1
Signal Branching Fraction							1-9
ALPGEN MLM pos/neg(S)	n/a	SH	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
ALPGEN Scale (S)	n/a	SH	ŚН	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Underlying Event (S)	n/a	SH	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
PDF, reweighting	2	2	2	2	2	n/a	$\overset{\prime}{2}$

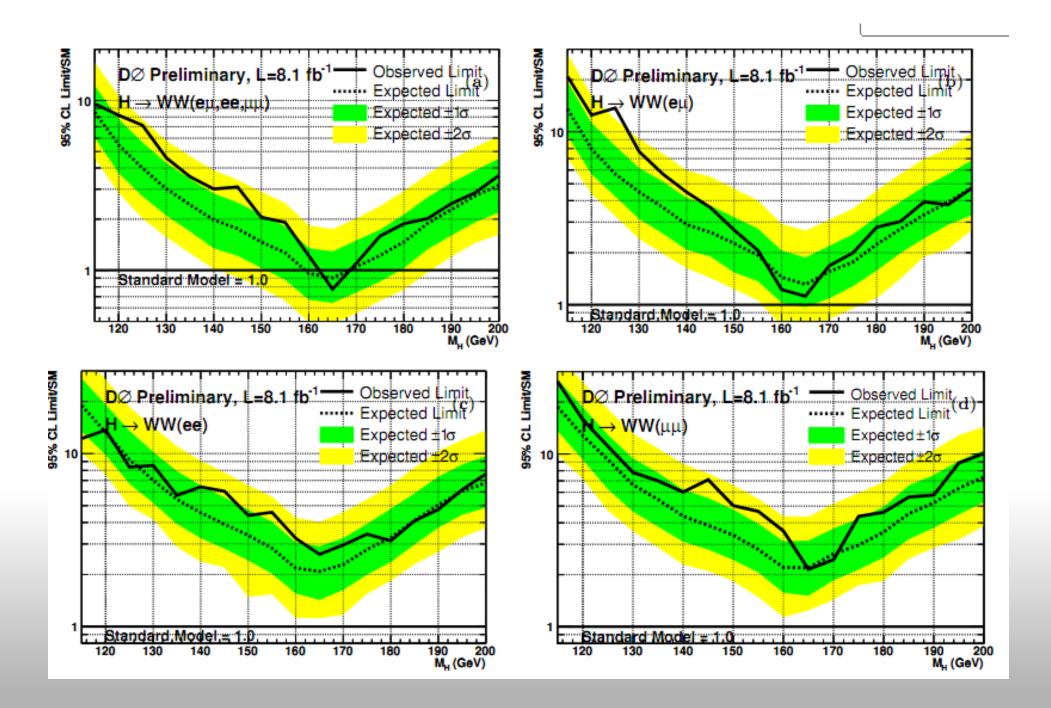
Double Tag (DT)  $WH \rightarrow \ell \nu b \bar{b}$  channel relative uncertainties (%)

Contribution	Diboson	$Z/\gamma^* \to \ell \ell$	$W + jet/\gamma$	$t\bar{t}$	Multijet	$gg \to H$	$qq \to qqH$	VH
Luminosity/Normalization	6	6	6	6	30	6	6	6
Cross Section (Scale/PDF)	7-8	5	6	10	n/a	13 - 33 / 7.6 - 30	4.9	6.1
Signal Branching Fraction	Ν	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0-7.3	0-7.3	0-7.3
PDF	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	n/a	8-30		
EM Identification	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	n/a	2.5		
Muon Identification	4	4	4	4	n/a	4		
Vertex Confirmation (s)	2-6	1-7	1-6	1-8	n/a	1-8		
Jet identification (s)	2-5	2-5	2-5	2-5	n/a	2-5		
Jet Energy Scale (s)	2-3	1-4	1-8	1-4	n/a	1-10		
Jet Energy Resolution(s)	1-4	1-4	1-12	1-3	n/a	1-12		
B-tagging	10	10	10	5	n/a	10		

 $H \to W^+ W^- \to \ell^\pm \ell^\mp$  channels relative uncertainties (%)

 $\frac{H \rightarrow W^+ W^- \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \nu \ell^{\mp} \nu}{\times}$  $ZH \rightarrow \ell \ell b \bar{b}$ Source  $WH \rightarrow \ell \nu b\bar{b}$  $ZH \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu} b\bar{b}$ Luminosity ×  $\times$ Х Normalization Jet Energy Scale Х ×  $\times$  $\times$ Jet ID  $\times$  $\times$  $\times$  $\times$ Tau Energy Scale/ID Electron ID/Trigger  $\times$  $\times$  $\times$  $\times$ Muon ID/Trigger  $\times$  $\times$  $\times$ × Photon ID/Trigger b-Jet Tagging  $\times$  $\times$  $\times$ Background  $\sigma$ × ×  $\times$ х Background Modeling Multijet Signal  $\sigma$  $\times$ Signal modeling  $\times$  $\frac{H + X \to \mu^{\pm} \tau_{had}^{\mp} + \leq 1j \quad H + X \to \ell^{\pm} \tau_{had}^{\mp} jj \quad H \to W^{+} W^{-} \to \ell \nu jj}{\times}$  $VH \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm} + X$ Source  $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ Luminosity  $\times$ Normalization Jet Energy Scale  $\times$ ×  $\times$ × Jet ID × ×  $\times$ × Tau Energy Scale/ID  $\times$ × Electron ID/Trigger  $\times$  $\times$  $\times$  $\times$ Muon ID/Trigger  $\times$ × ×  $\times$ Photon ID/Trigger Х b-Jet Tagging Background  $\sigma$  $\times$ X Х Х Background Modeling Multijet Signal  $\sigma$ Х  $\times$ Х х х Signal modeling × х  $\times$  $\times$ ×

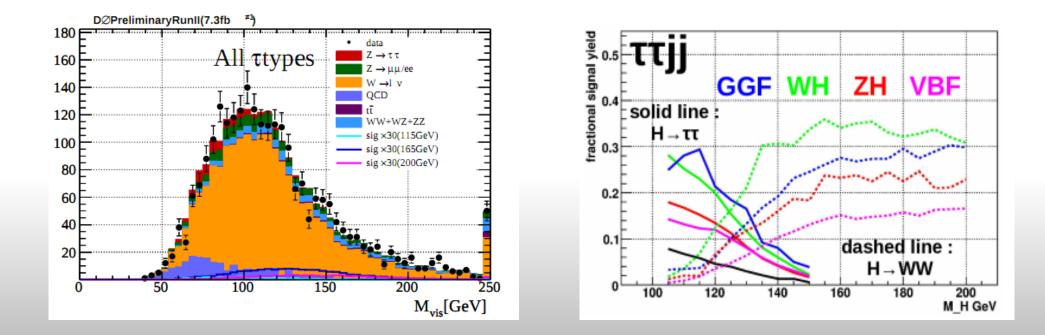
TABLE XII: The correlation matrix for the analysis channels. All uncertainties within a group are considered 100% correlated across channels. The correlated systematic uncertainty on the background cross section ( $\sigma$ ) is itself subdivided according to the different background processes in each analysis.



## High mass final states with taus

Exclusive analysis according to the number of reconstructed jets

- $\ell$  + T + 0, 1 jet ( $\ell$  =  $\mu$  only) mainly sensitive to H  $\rightarrow$  WW  $\rightarrow$   $\ell$ vTV
- $\tau \ell + \tau + \ge 2$  jets allows to benefit from  $\Rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau \tau$  decay at low mass  $\Rightarrow$  several production modes providing a flat sensitivty over the whole range mass



### **Tabulated limits**

 $m_H$  100 105 110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 Expected: 1.43 1.54 1.71 1.90 2.02 2.15 2.14 1.98 1.79 1.63 1.42 1.22 0.92 0.87 1.01 1.18 1.42 1.79 2.17 2.55 2.95 Observed: 0.88 1.09 1.45 2.05 2.14 3.29 3.32 2.51 2.71 2.94 2.06 1.85 1.13 0.71 1.00 1.56 1.69 2.13 2.49 3.49 3.61