

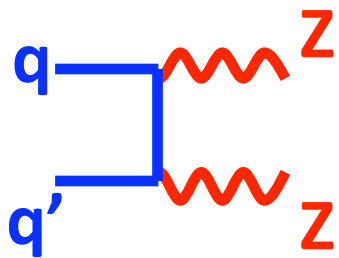
# Search for high-mass ZZ resonances

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University of Glasgow  
for the CDF Collaboration  
EPS, 21 July 2011

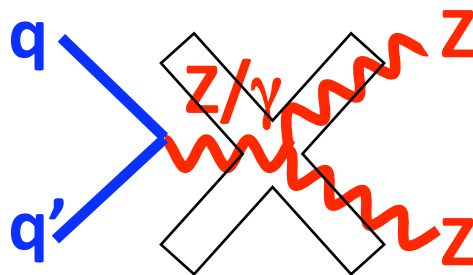


University  
of Glasgow | Experimental  
Particle Physics

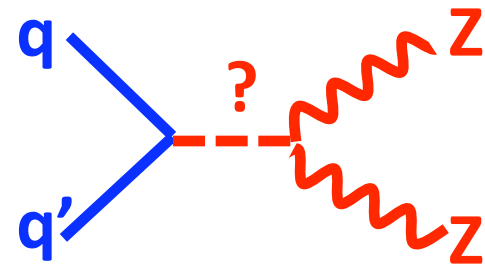




SM



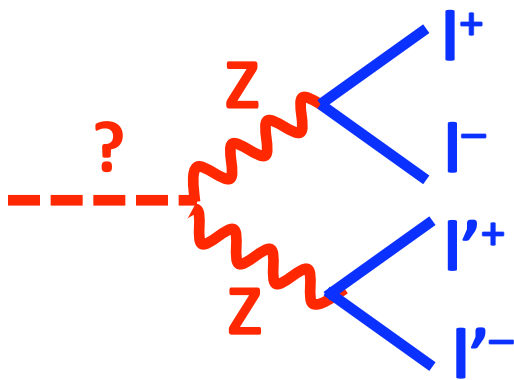
non-SM



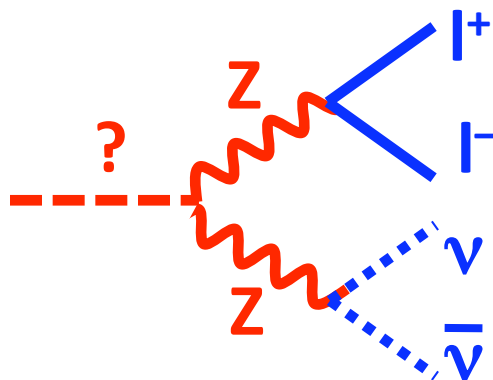
BSM?

- ◆ Higgs?
- ◆ RS graviton?
- ◆ RS graviton in models with SM fields in bulk?  
eg Fitzpatrick, Kaplan, Randall, Wang, JHEP 0709 (2007) 013

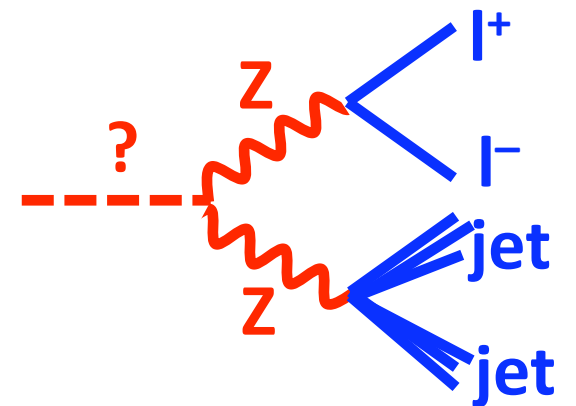
$4l$



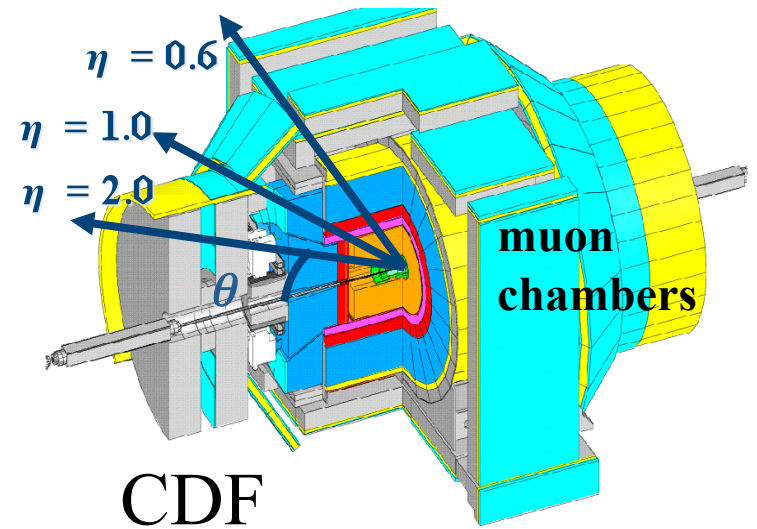
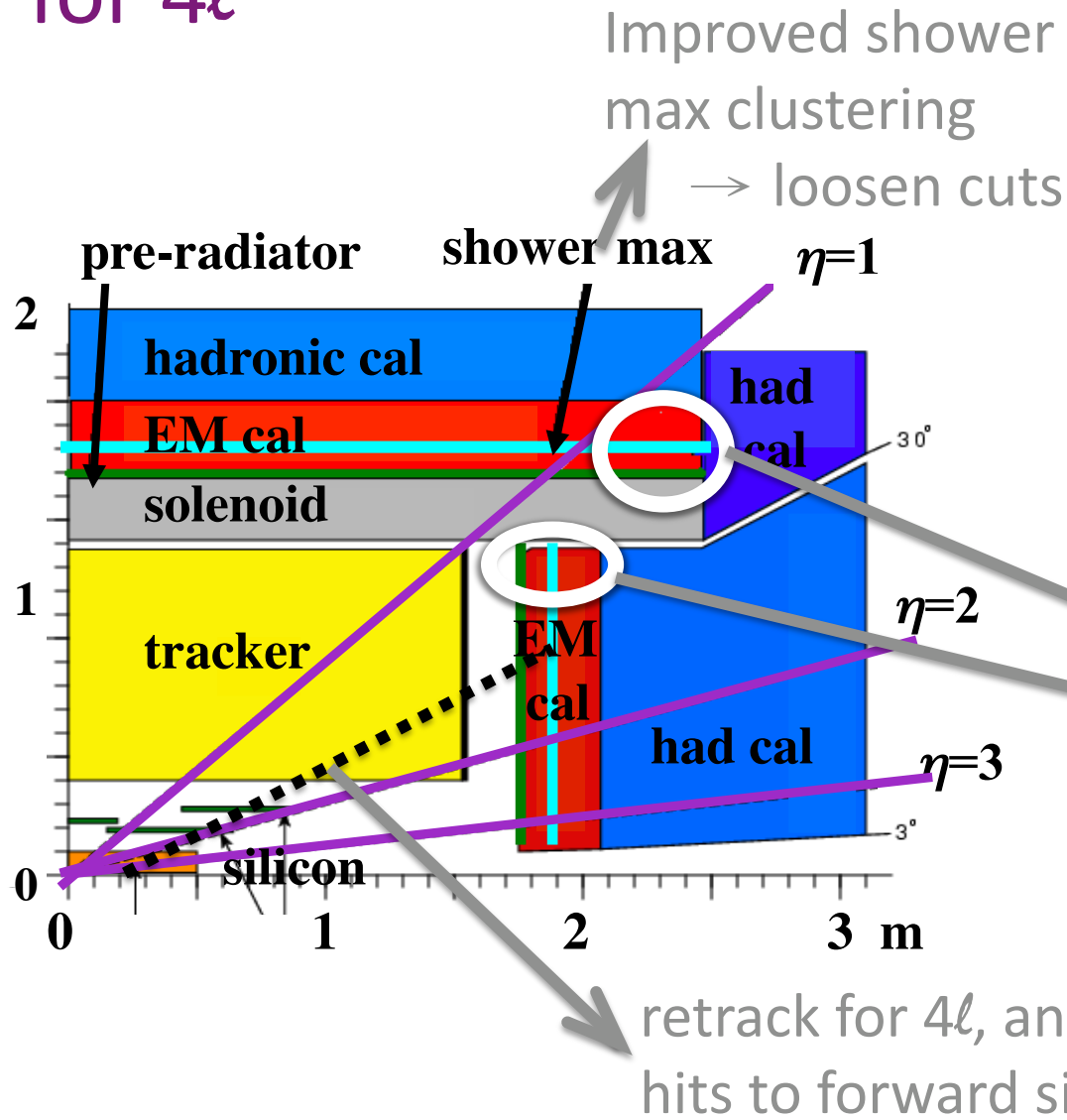
$ll + \cancel{E}_T$



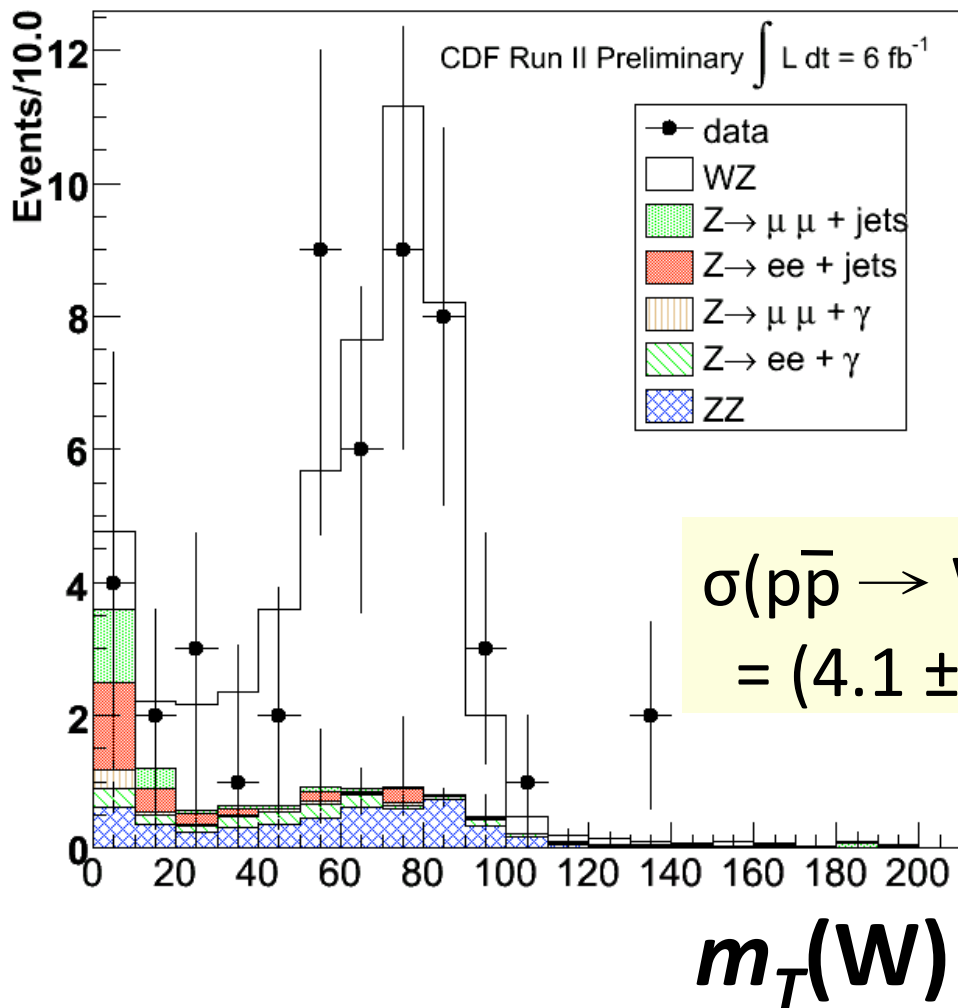
$lljj$



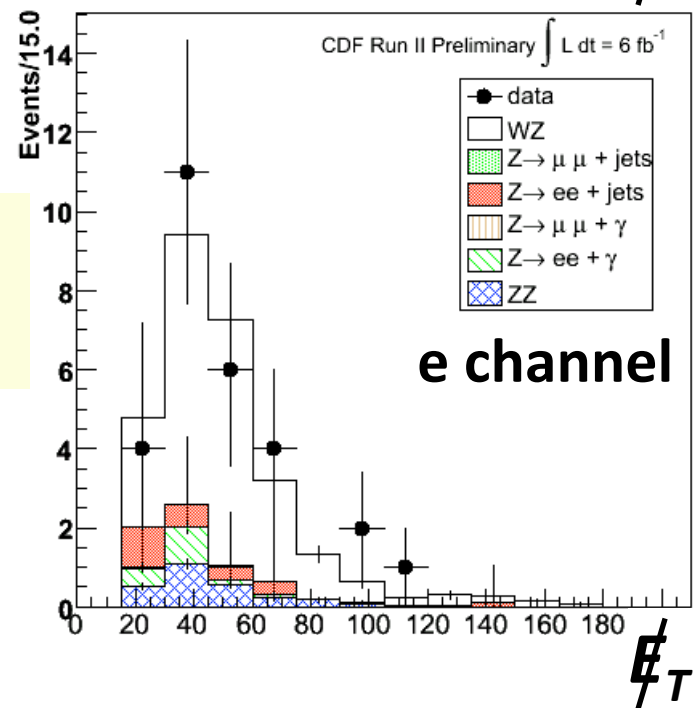
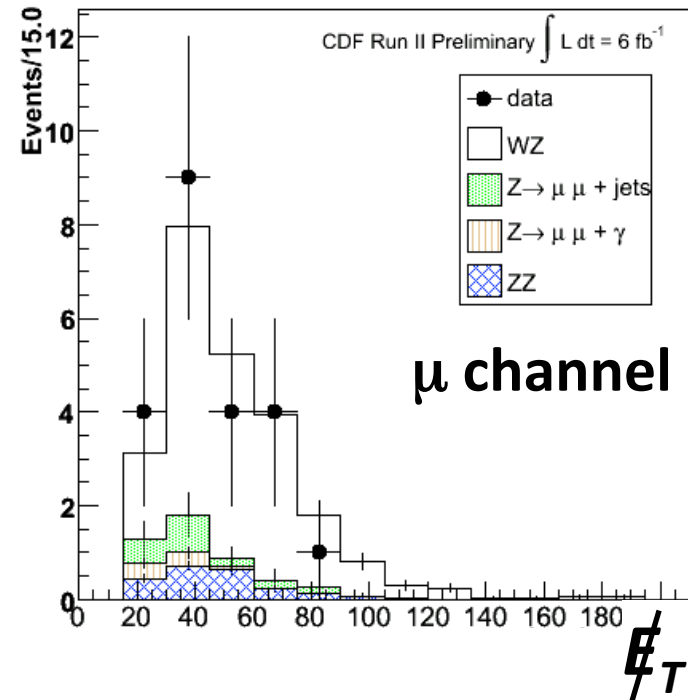
# Acceptance improvements for $4\ell$



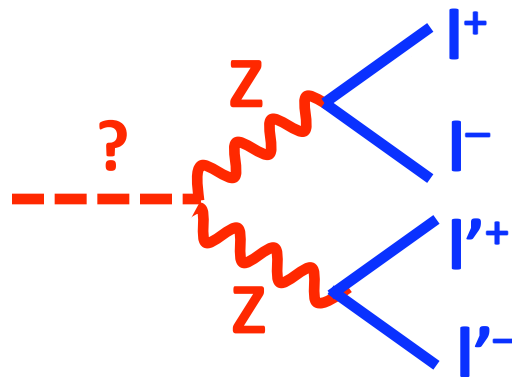
Include outer rings of calorimeters in electron ID



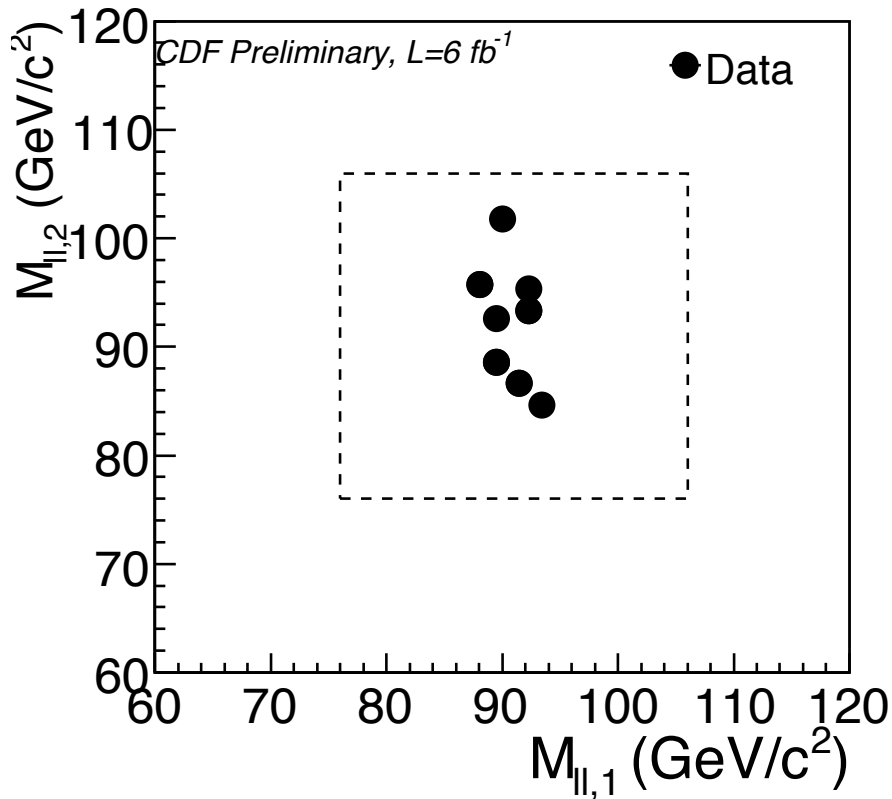
$\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow WZ)$   
 $= (4.1 \pm 0.7) \text{ pb}$



4l



# ZZ $\rightarrow$ 4 $\ell$



Select 4 leptons (e or  $\mu$ )

$p_T(\text{lepton}) > 15 \text{ GeV}/c$   
(one  $> 25 \text{ GeV}/c$ )

10 candidates

$76 < m_{ll} < 106 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ ; 8 remain

All same-flavour, opposite charge

Expected background  $< 0.01$  event

Cross-section assuming standard model source:

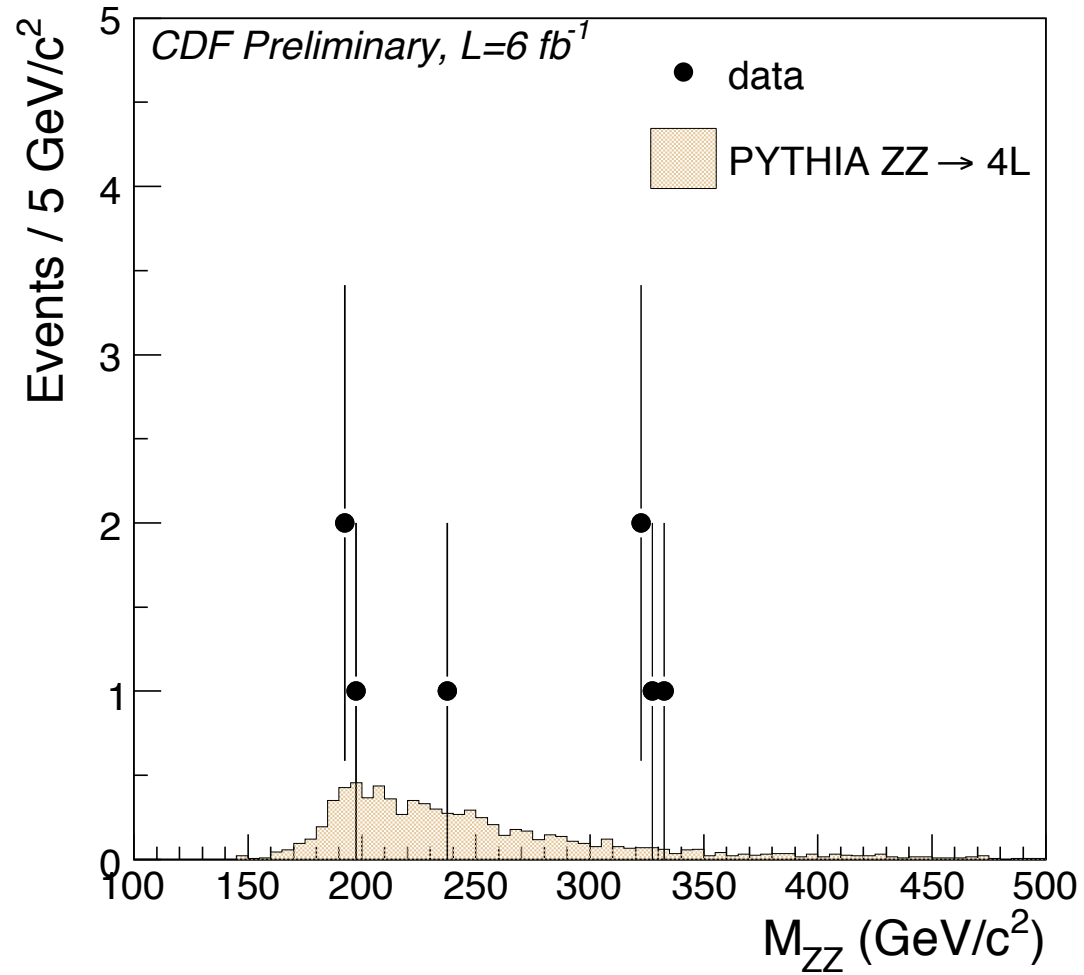
$$\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow ZZ) = (2.8^{+1.2}_{-0.9} \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.3 \text{ (sys)}) \text{ pb}$$

NLO prediction  $(1.4 \pm 0.1) \text{ pb}$

CDF other analysis cross-sec,  $ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell + ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell\nu\nu$

$\ell\ell\nu\nu$  dominates:  $\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow ZZ) = (1.6 \pm 0.3 \text{ (stat)}^{+0.3}_{-0.2} \text{ (sys)}) \text{ pb}$

$$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$$

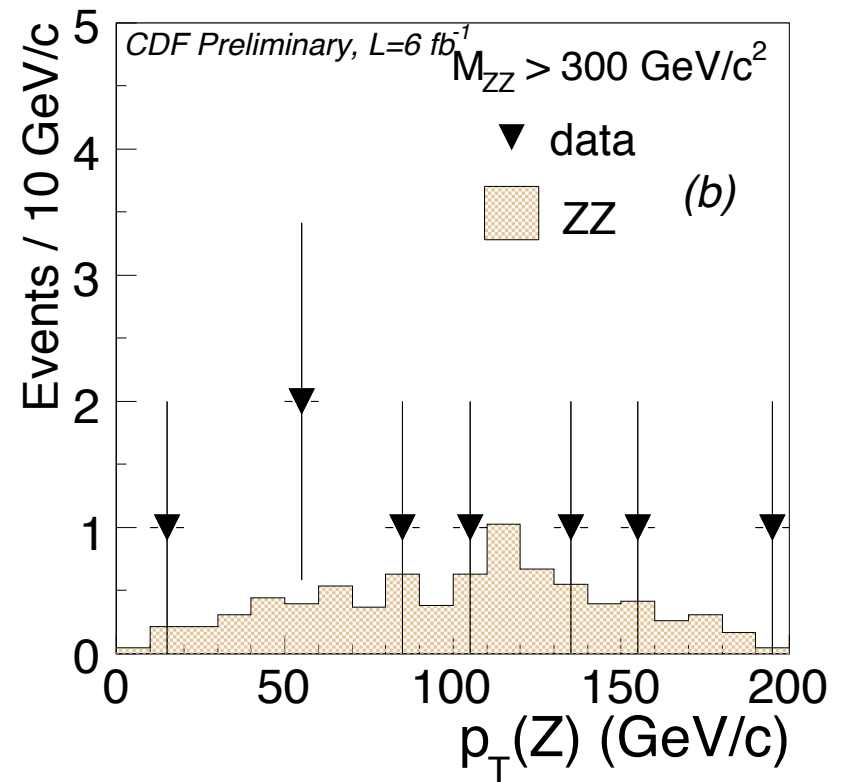
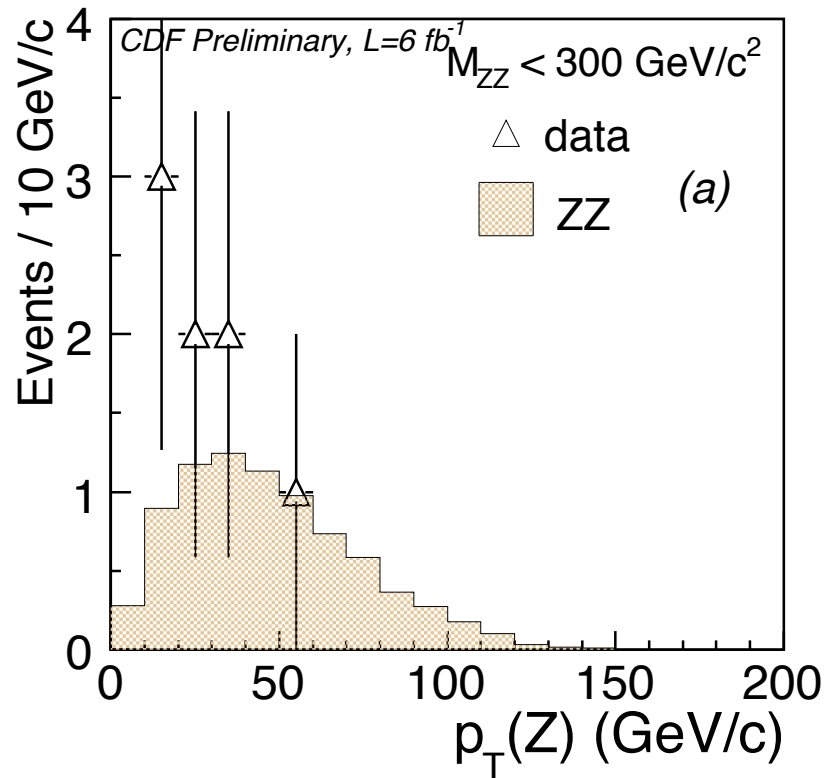


High mass:

eeee  
eeμμ  
μμμμ  
μμμμ

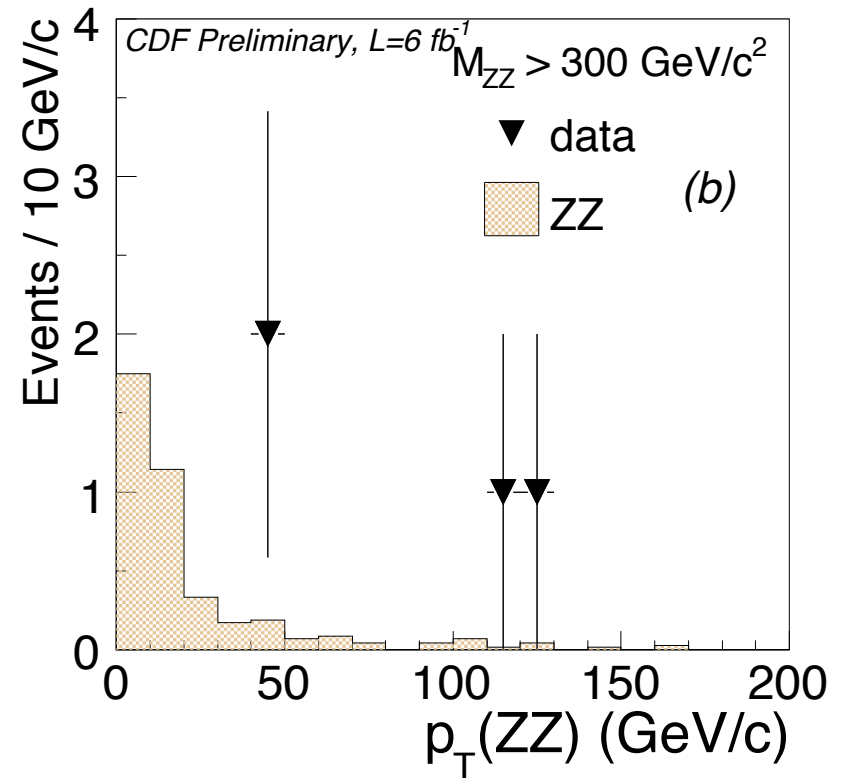
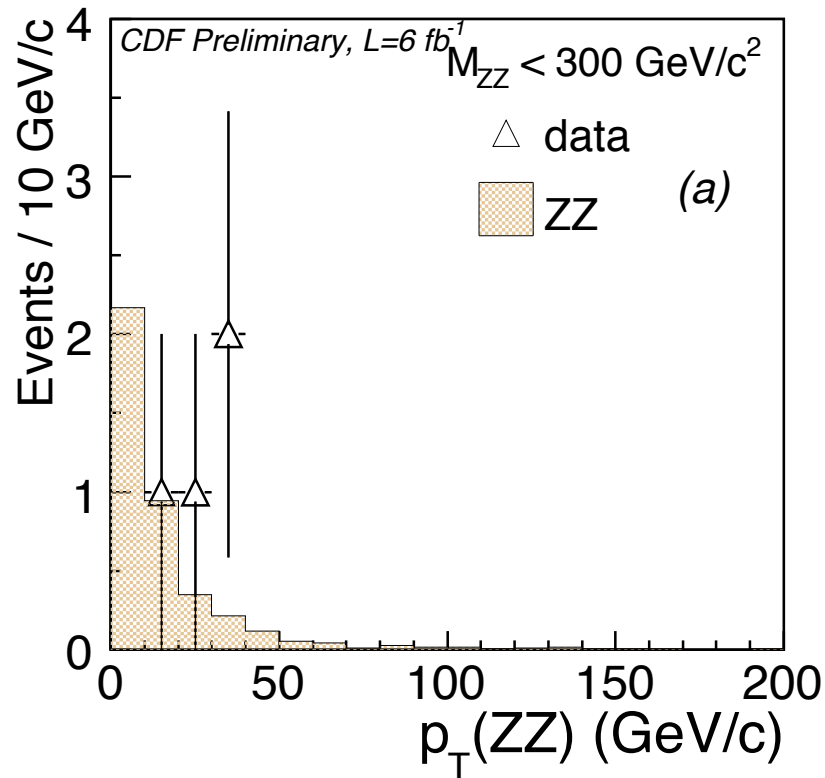


$$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$$



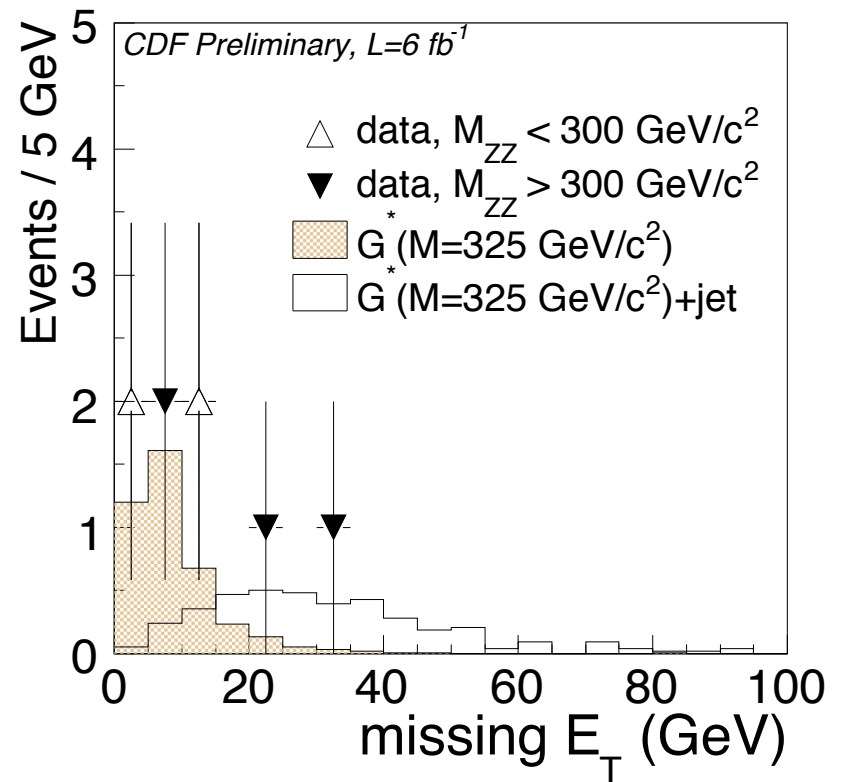
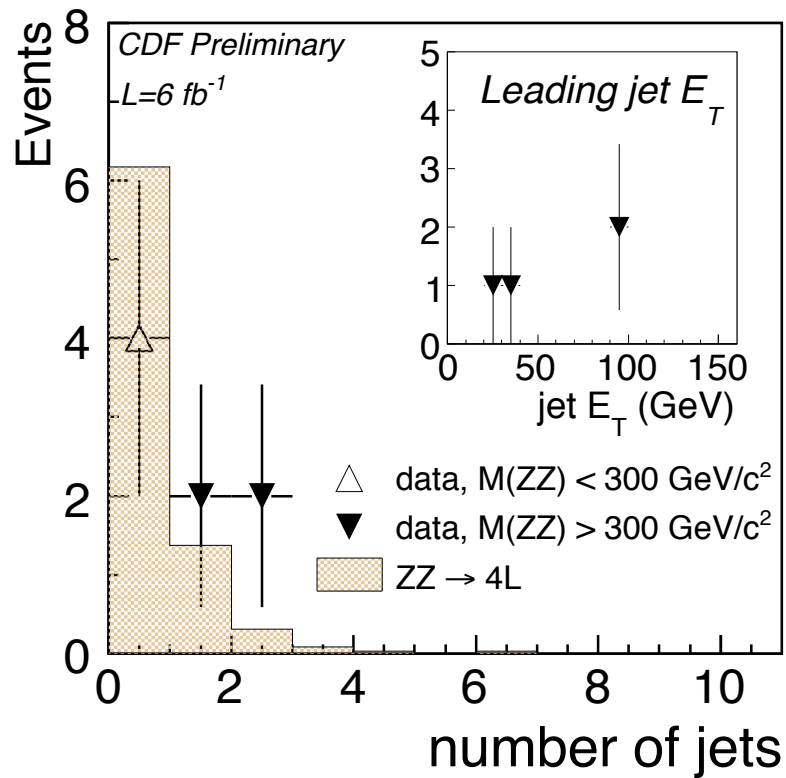
Most kinematic properties are as expected from SM prediction

$$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$$

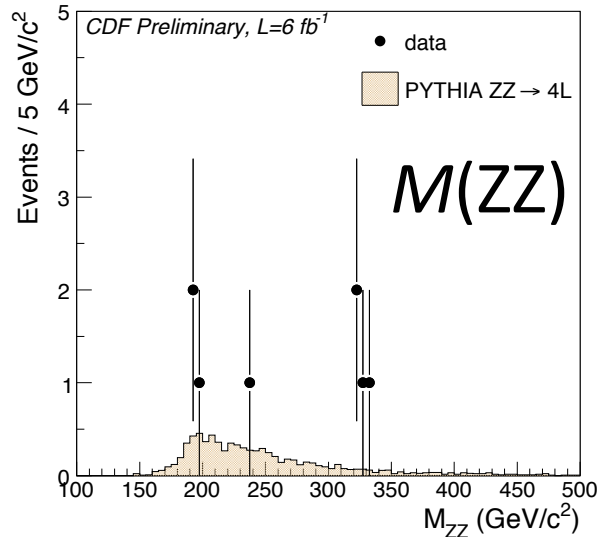


For the high-mass events  $p_T(\text{ZZ})$  is not like SM prediction

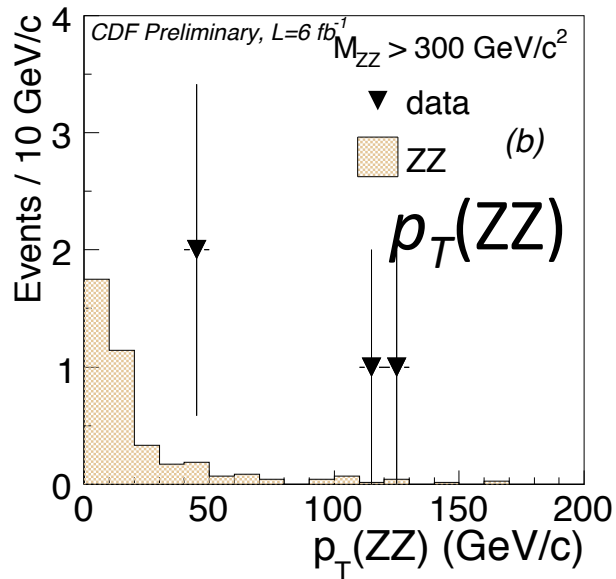
$$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$$



$$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$$



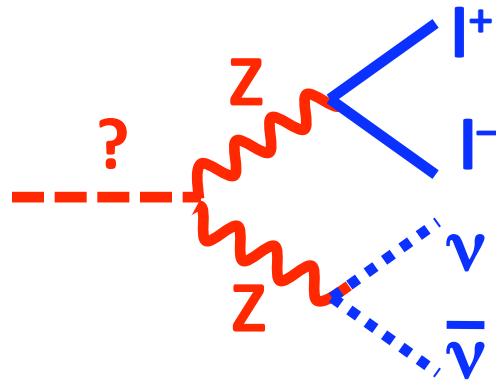
For mean expected events  
 prob. to observe  $\geq 4$  events with  $M_{ZZ} > 300 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
 where  $M_{ZZ}$  of at least 4 within any  $20 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  window:  
 $O(10^{-4})$  (a range, depends Pythia/MC@NLO+Herwig)



Additionally include  $p_T(ZZ)$  in likelihood:  
 $O(10^{-5})$

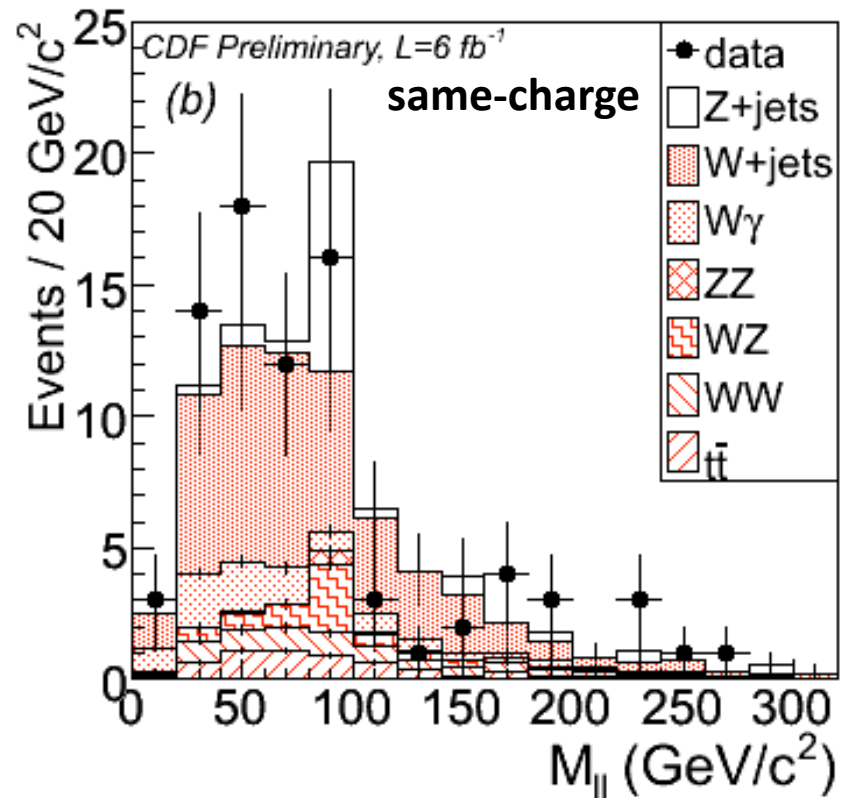
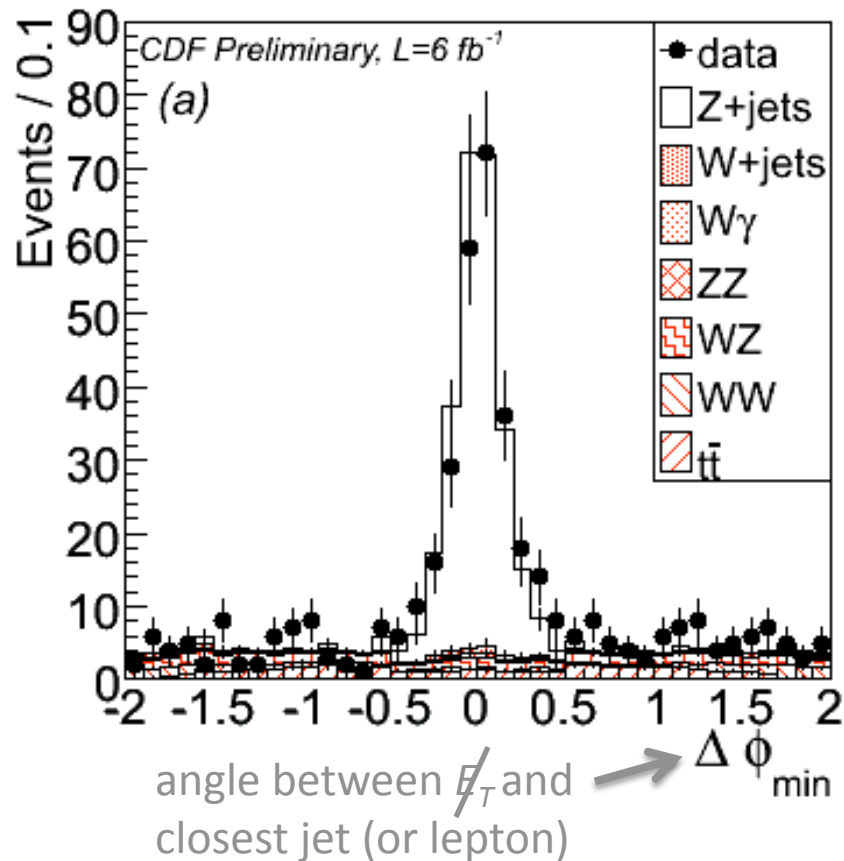
Prob. of likelihood of  $p_T(ZZ)$  distribution alone  
 being less than that of the data for high-mass events:  
 $O(10^{-4})$

$ll + \cancel{ET}$



Expected yield:  $10 \times ZZ \rightarrow 4l$

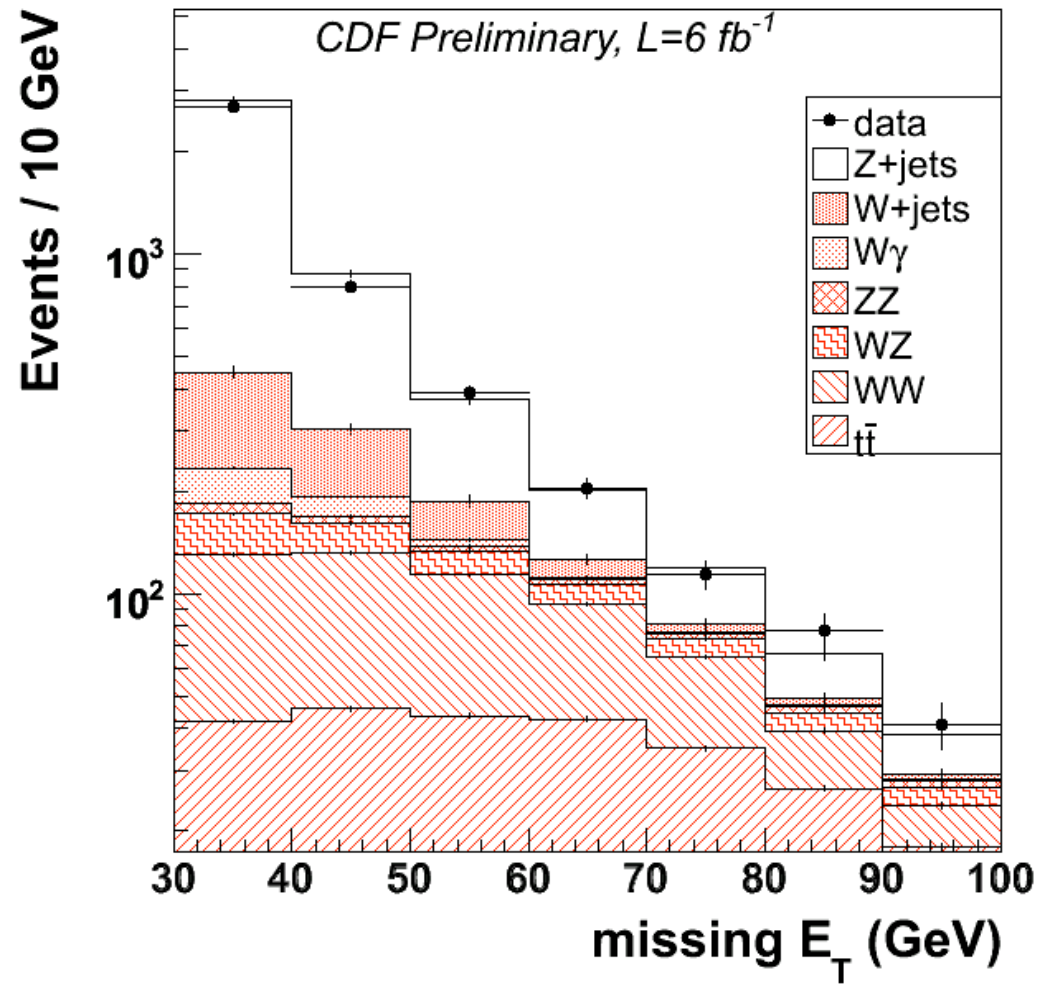
$$\ell\ell + \cancel{E}_T$$



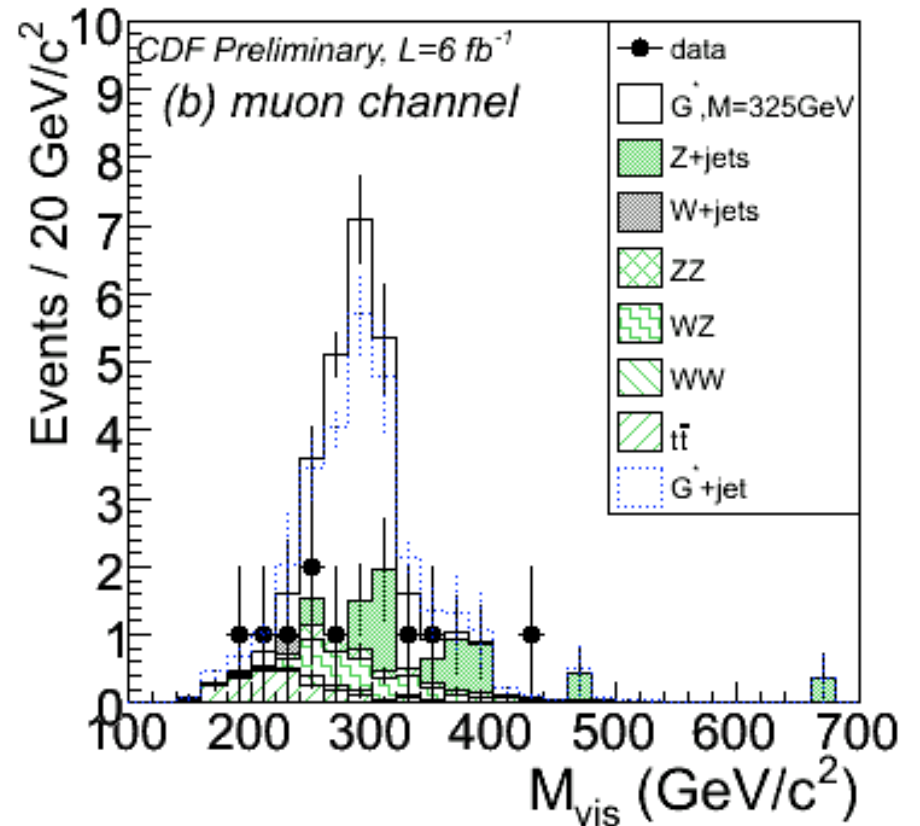
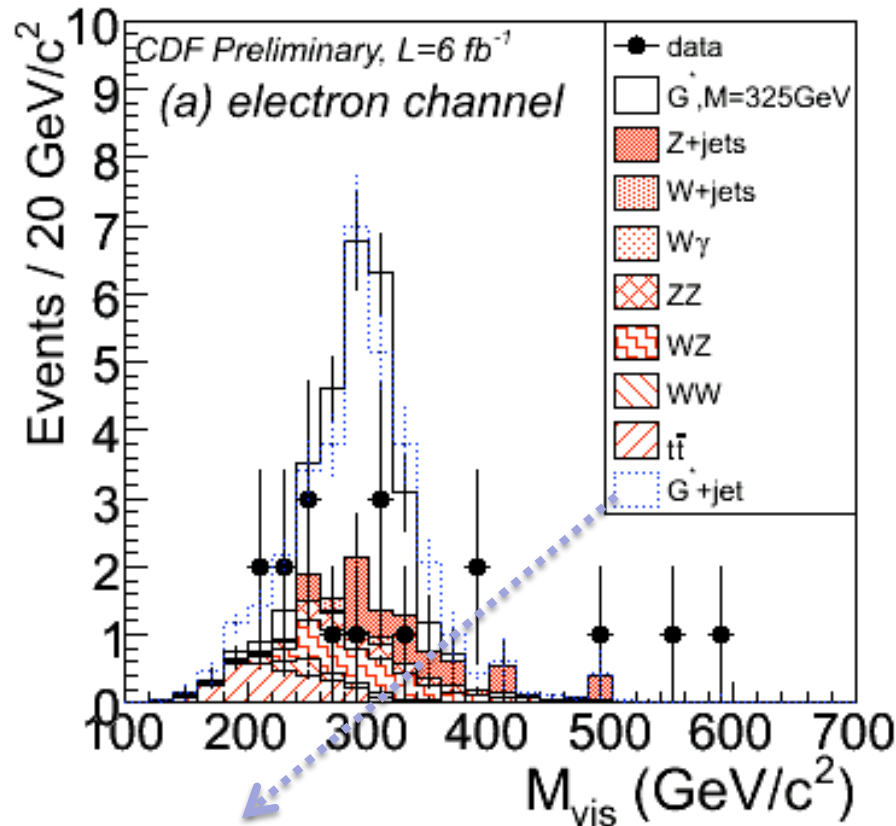
Select  $Z \rightarrow ee$  &  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  as for  $llll$  channel  
 Signal region defined as  $\cancel{E}_T > 100\text{ GeV}$   
 Here normalising Z+jets using:  
 $50 < \cancel{E}_T < 100\text{ GeV}$  and  $|\Delta\phi_{\min}| < 0.5$

Here cross-checking W+jets  
 jet  $\rightarrow$  lepton misidentification method  
 using same-charge events with  
 $50 < \cancel{E}_T < 100\text{ GeV}$

$$\ell\ell + \cancel{E}_T$$



$$e\bar{e} + \cancel{E}_T$$



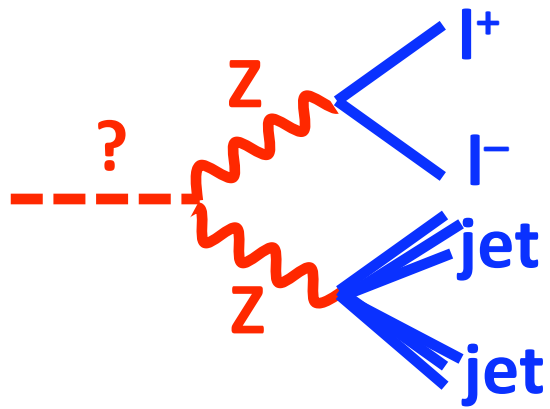
RS graviton,  $M(G^*)=325 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ , recoiling against a parton with  $E_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$

$$M_{\text{vis}} = | (E, \mathbf{p})_{\text{lep } 1} + (E, \mathbf{p})_{\text{lep } 2} + (|\cancel{E}_T|, \cancel{E}_x, \cancel{E}_y, 0) |$$

	electron channel	muon channel
standard model	$13.6 \pm 1.8$	$12.4 \pm 1.8$
data	18	9
expected $M(G^*)=325\text{GeV}/c^2$ , 1pb signal	$17 \pm 1$	$18 \pm 1$

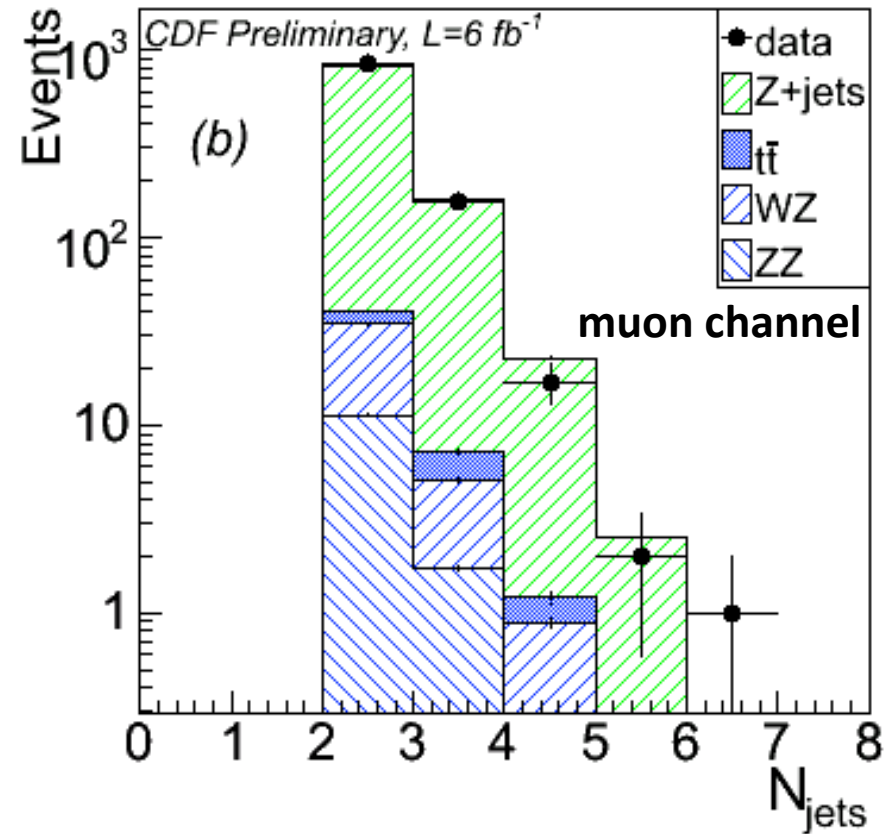
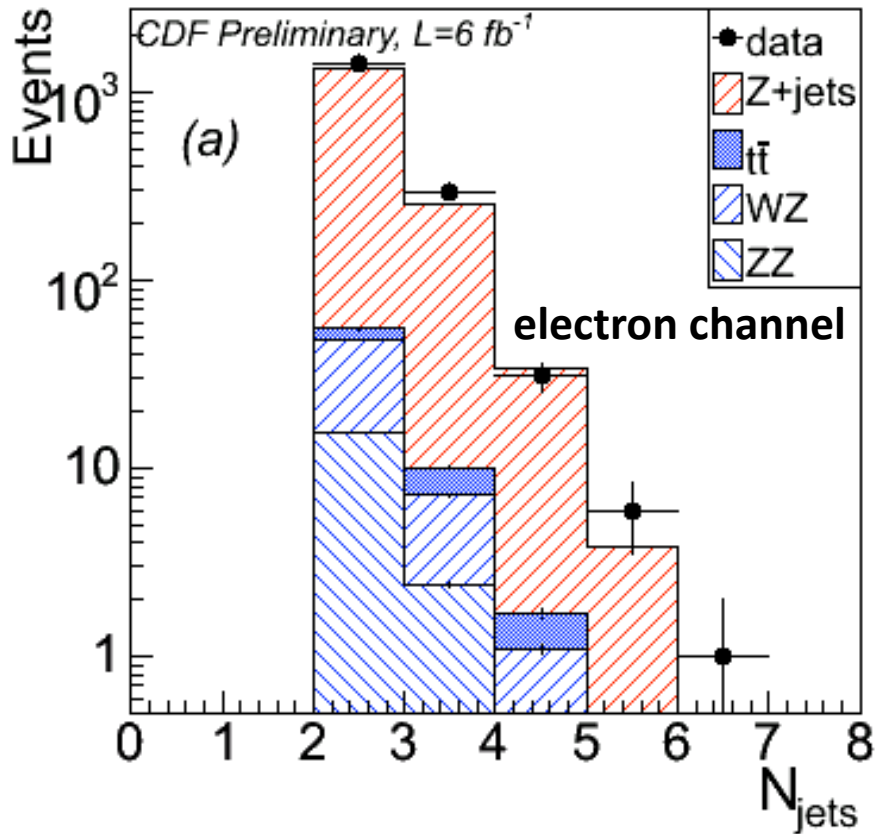


$lljj$



Expected yield:  $20 \times ZZ \rightarrow 4l$

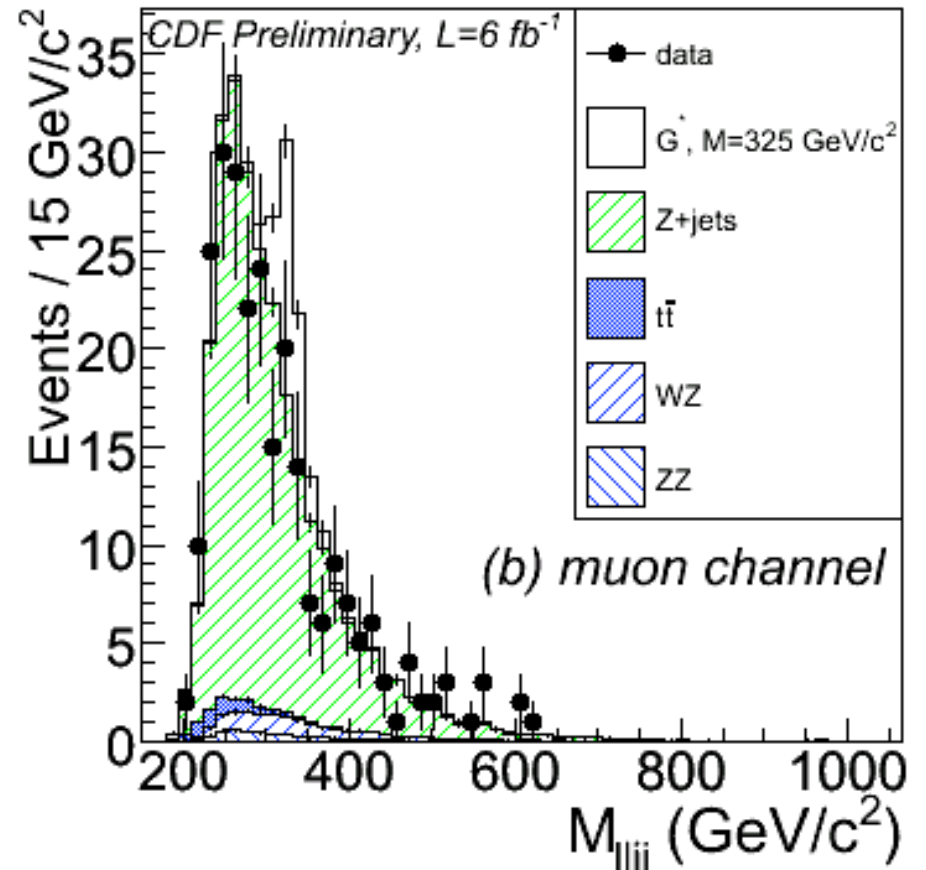
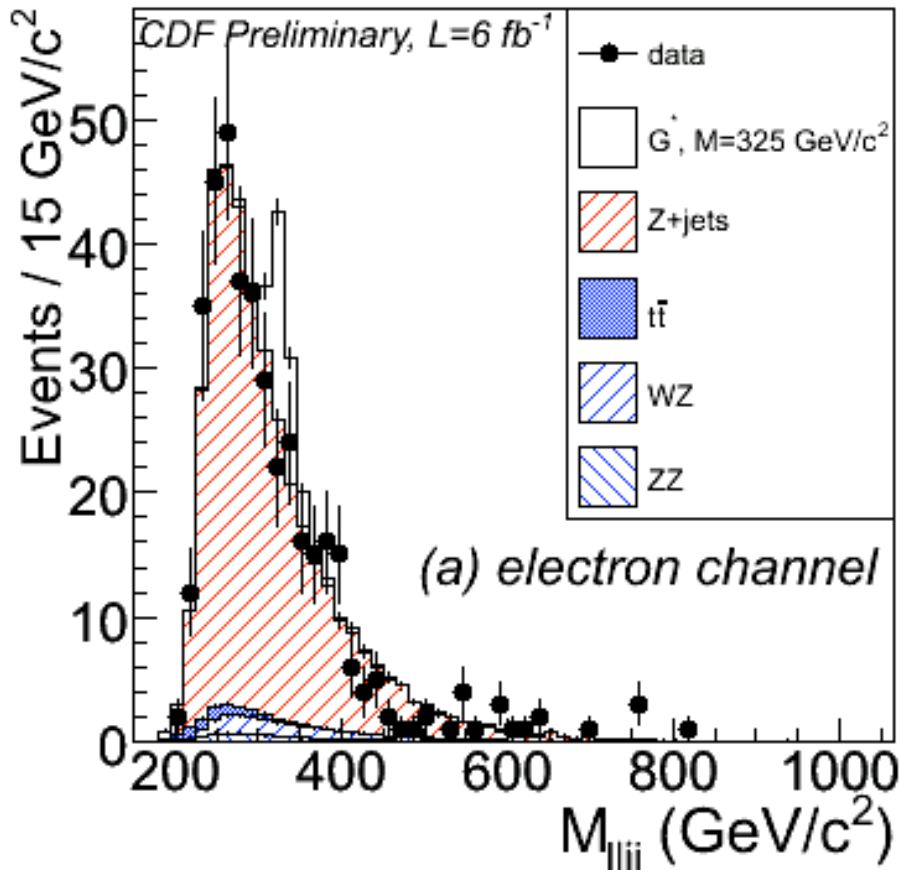
# $lljj$



Select  $Z \rightarrow ee$  &  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  as for  $lll$  channel  
Additionally,  $\geq 2$  jets  $E_T > 25\text{ GeV}$   
 $70 < M_{jj} < 110$  accepted as a Z candidate

Here,  $M(lljj) < 300\text{ GeV}/c^2$  defines control region for Alpgen Z+jets normalisation

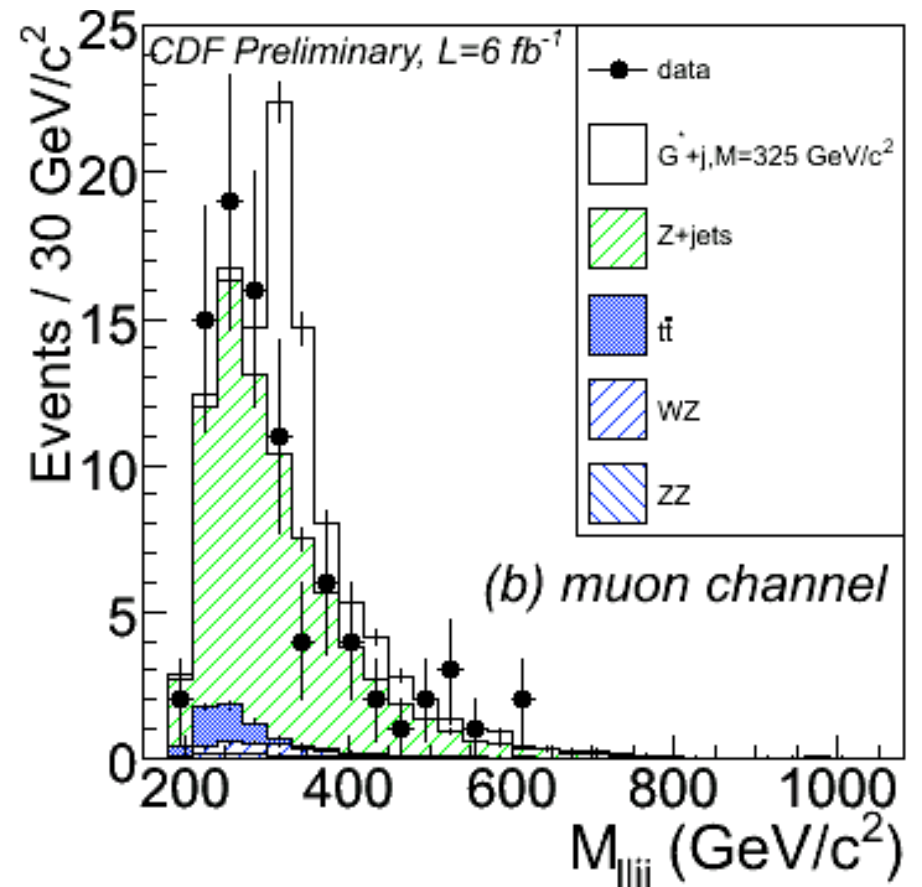
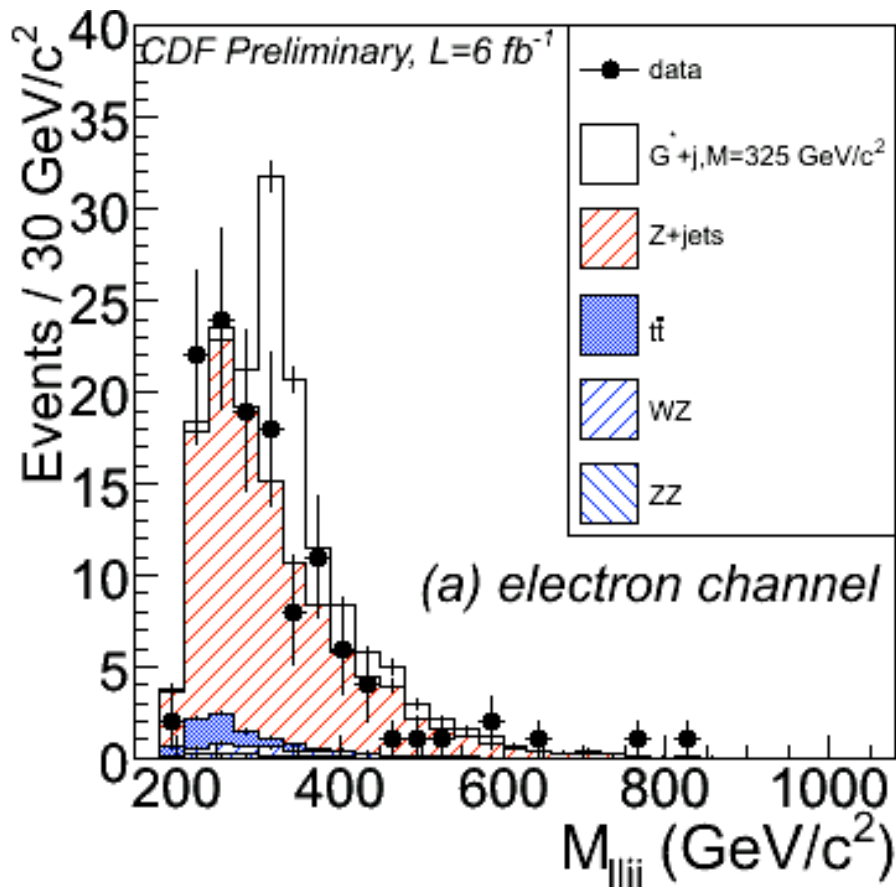
# lljj



$E_T(\text{leading jet}) > 50 \text{ GeV}$

	electron channel	muon channel
standard model	$424 \pm 40$	$266 \pm 24$
data	392	253
expected $M(G^*) = 325 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ , 1pb signal	$41 \pm 1$	$32 \pm 1$

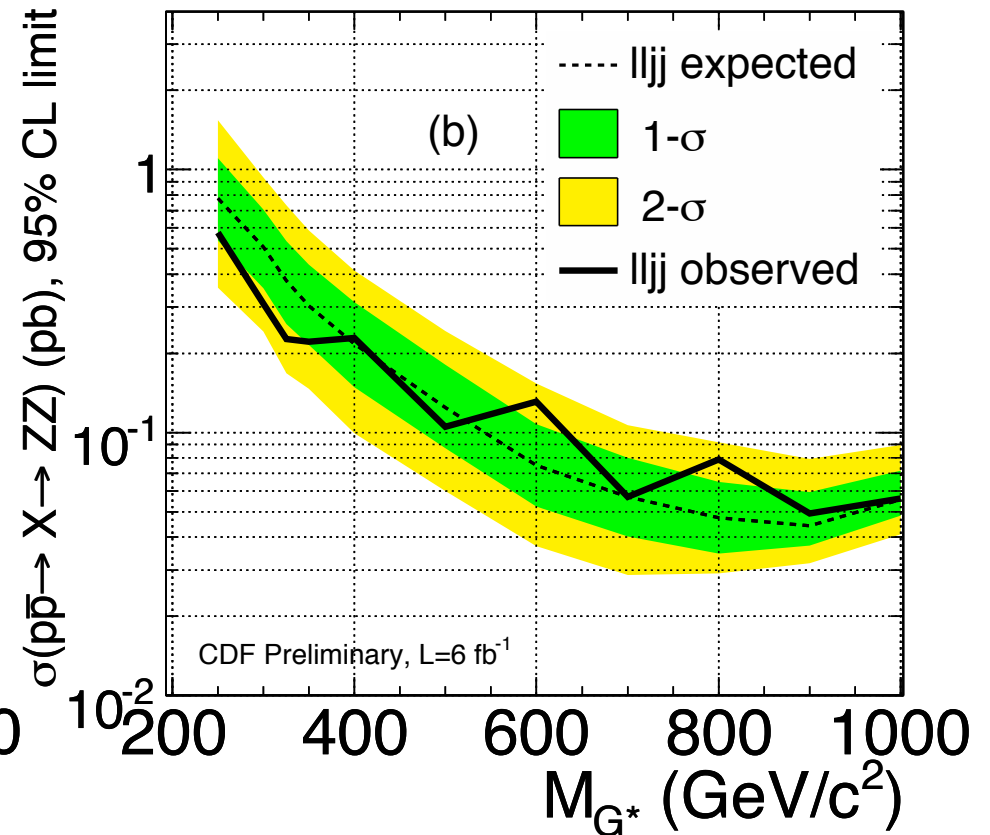
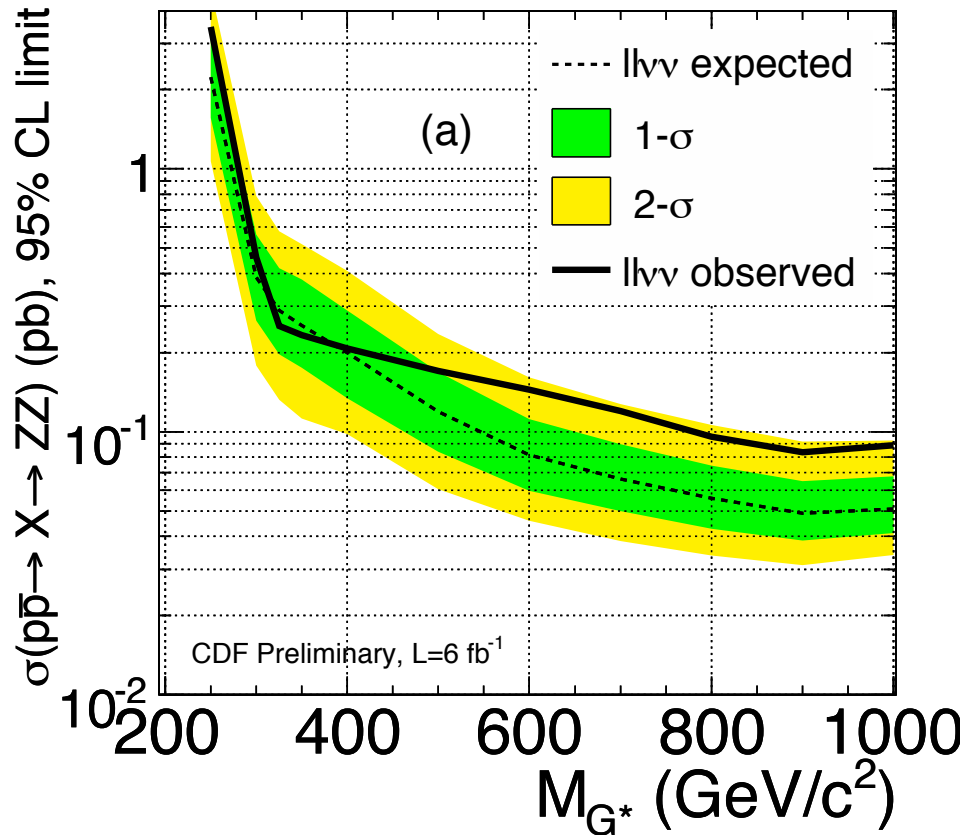
# $lljj$



$E_T(\text{leading jet}) > 50\text{ GeV}$   
and  $p_T(l)$  or  $p_T(jj) > 40\text{ GeV}/c$

$ll + \cancel{E}_T$

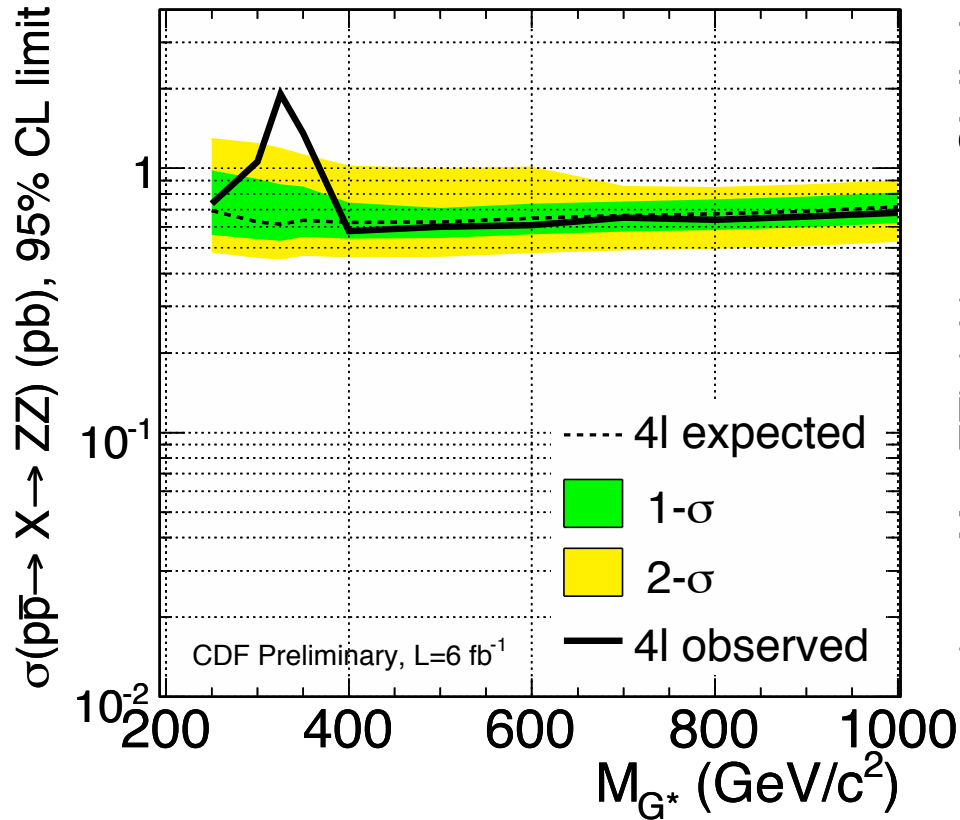
$lljj$



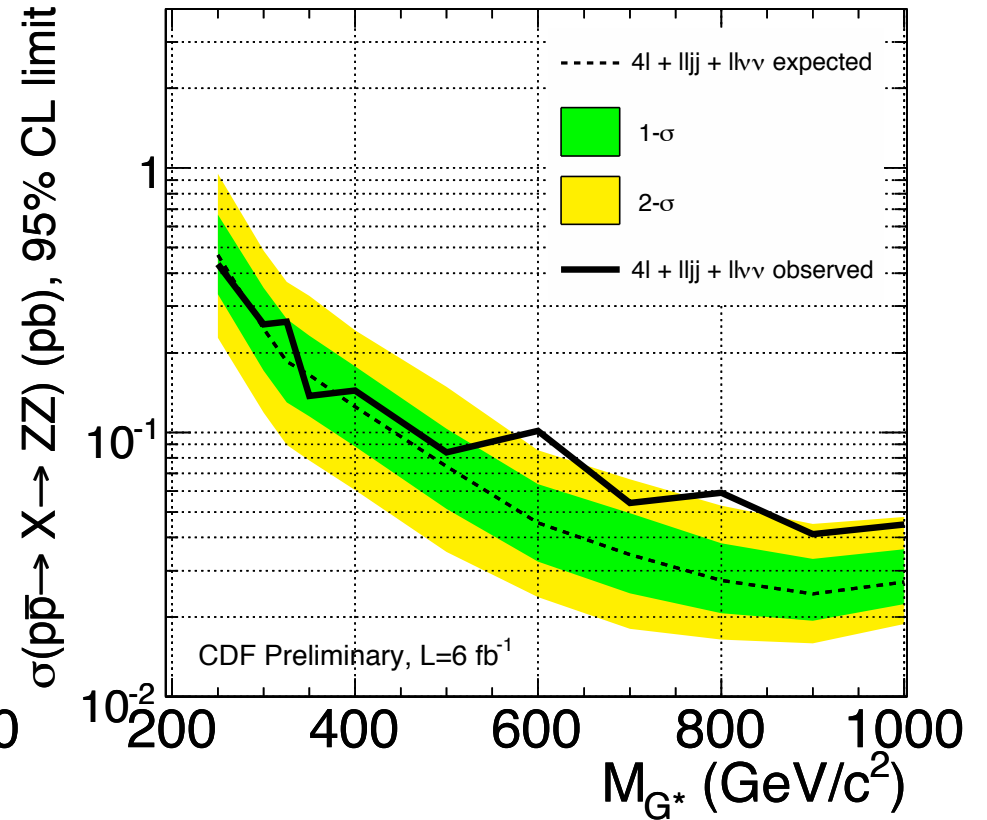
$M(G^*)=325\text{GeV}/c^2$

	expected	observed	expected	observed
RS:	0.29 pb	0.25 pb	0.38 pb	0.23 pb
Boosted RS:	0.30 pb	0.30 pb	0.27 pb	0.26 pb

$llll$



$llll + ll + \cancel{E}_T + lljj$



$M(G^*)=325\text{GeV}/c^2$

RS:

Boosted RS:

expected observed

0.7 pb 1.9 pb

expected observed

0.19 pb 0.26 pb

0.17 pb 0.28 pb

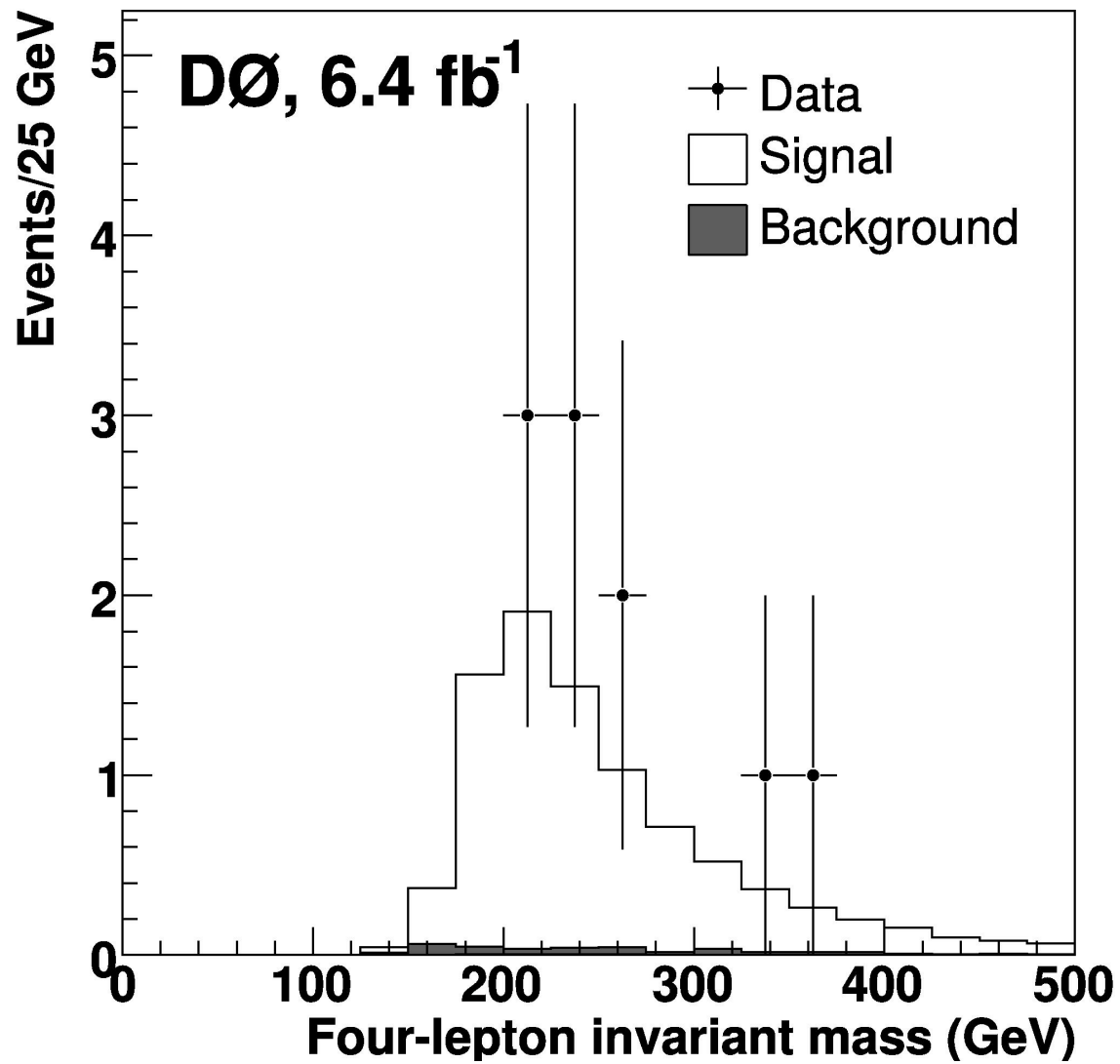
Searched for heavy resonances decaying to Z pairs

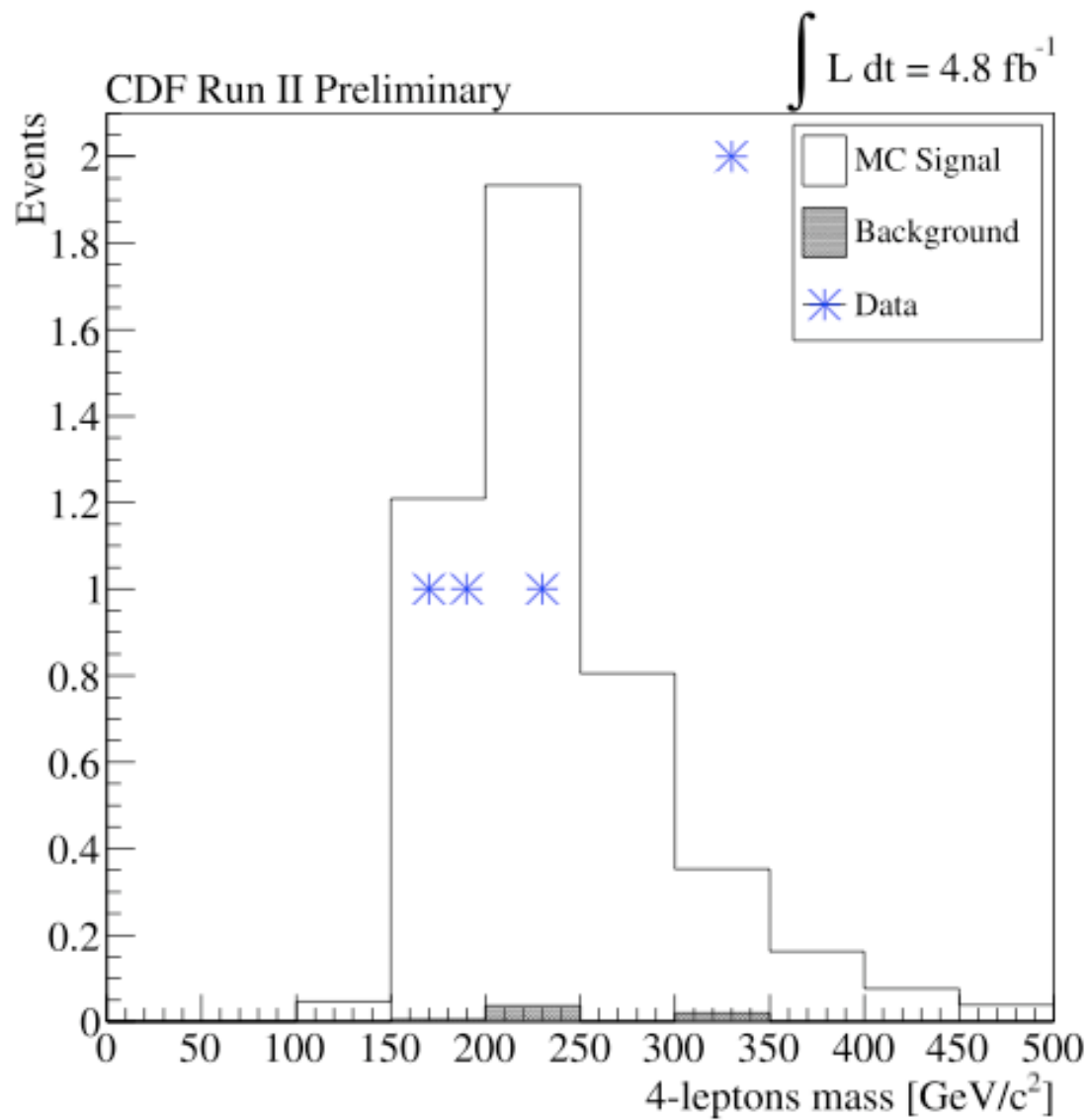
- ◆  $M_{ZZ}$  and  $p_T(ZZ)$  distributions in 4 lepton channel are different from those expected from standard model
- ◆ Four events have  $M_{ZZ}$  consistent with  $327\text{GeV}/c^2$
- ◆  $\ell\ell+E_T$  and  $\ell\ell jj$  channels do not confirm a new resonance
- ◆ limits set at level of 0.3pb in RS graviton models

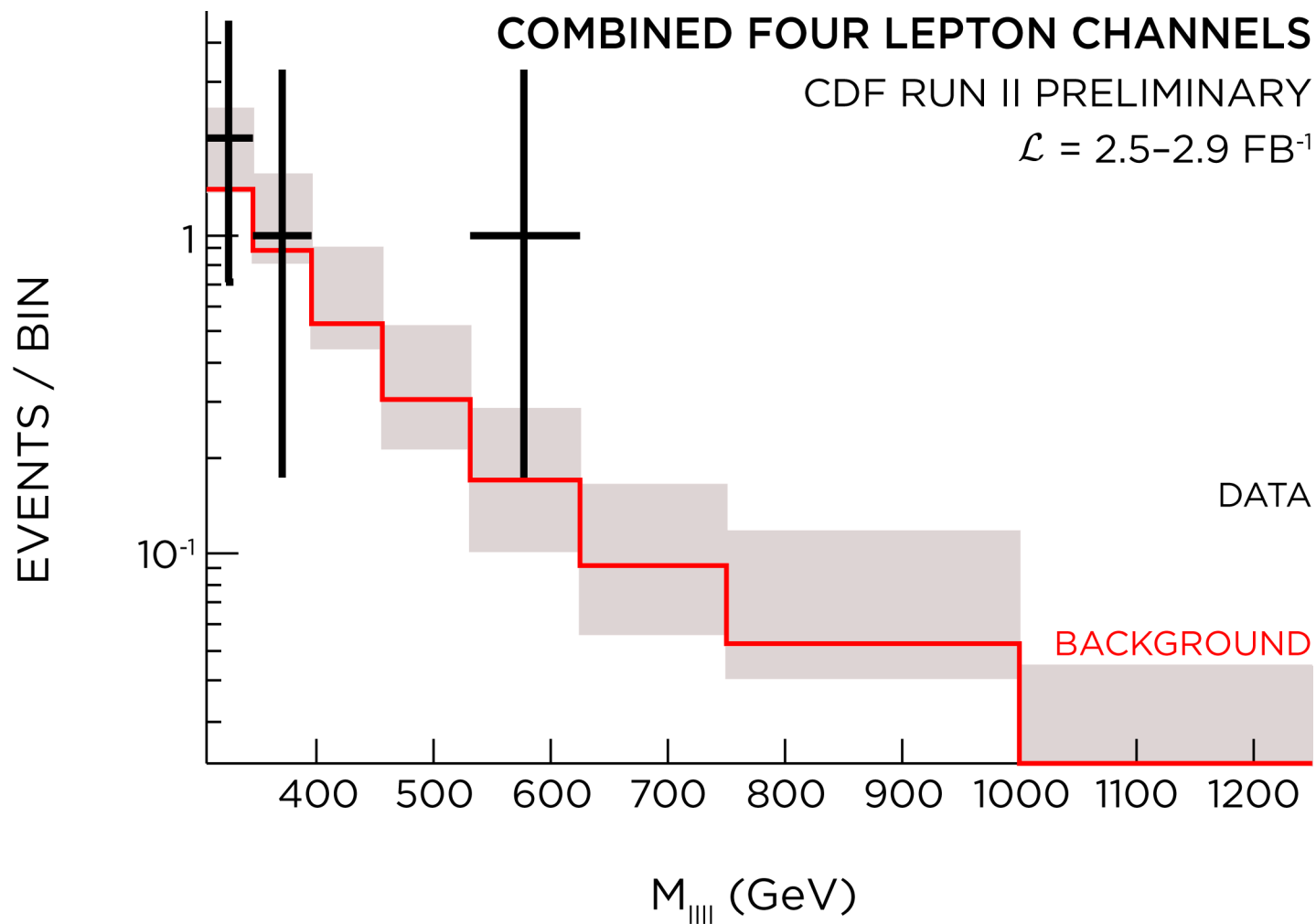


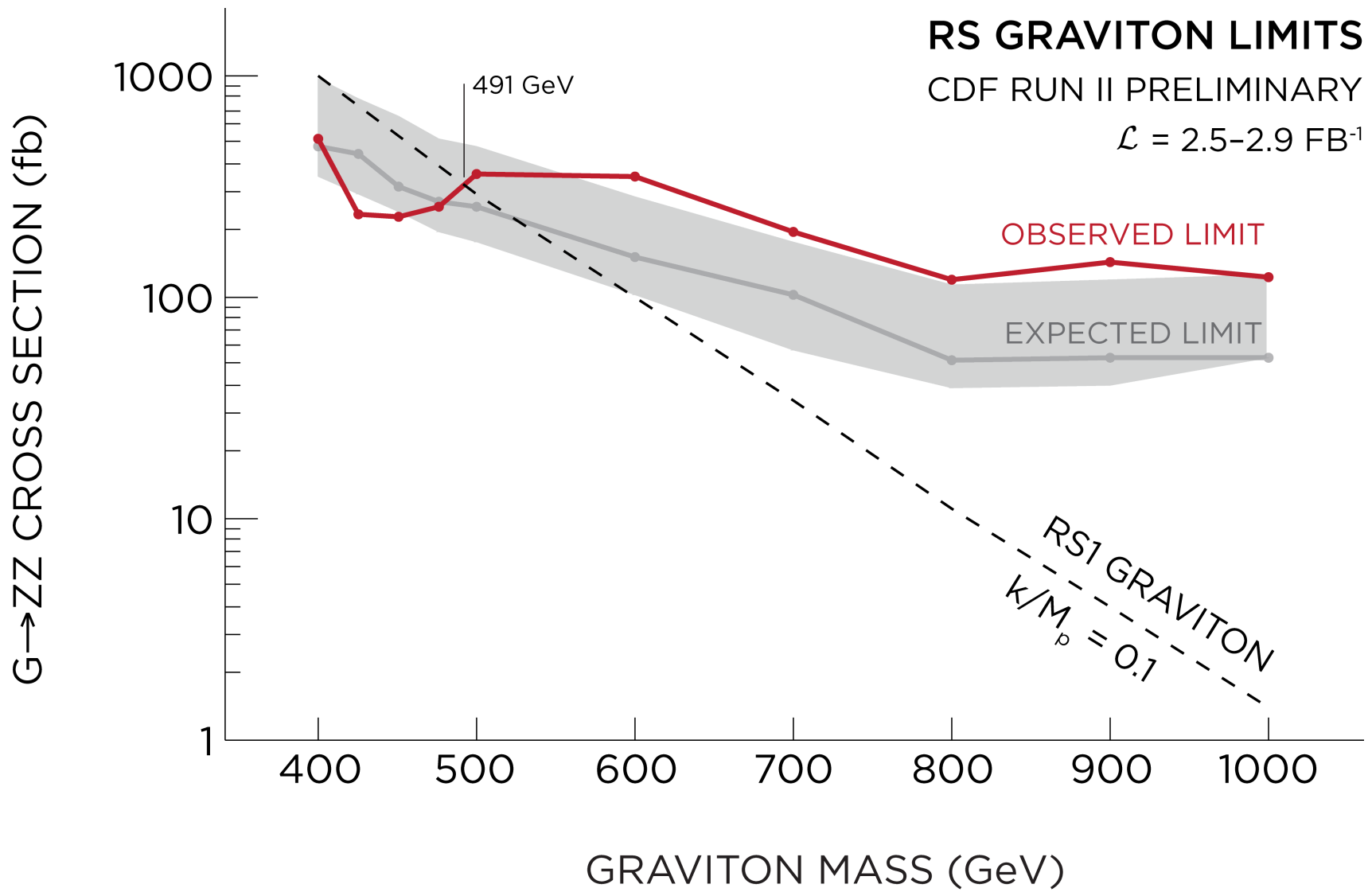










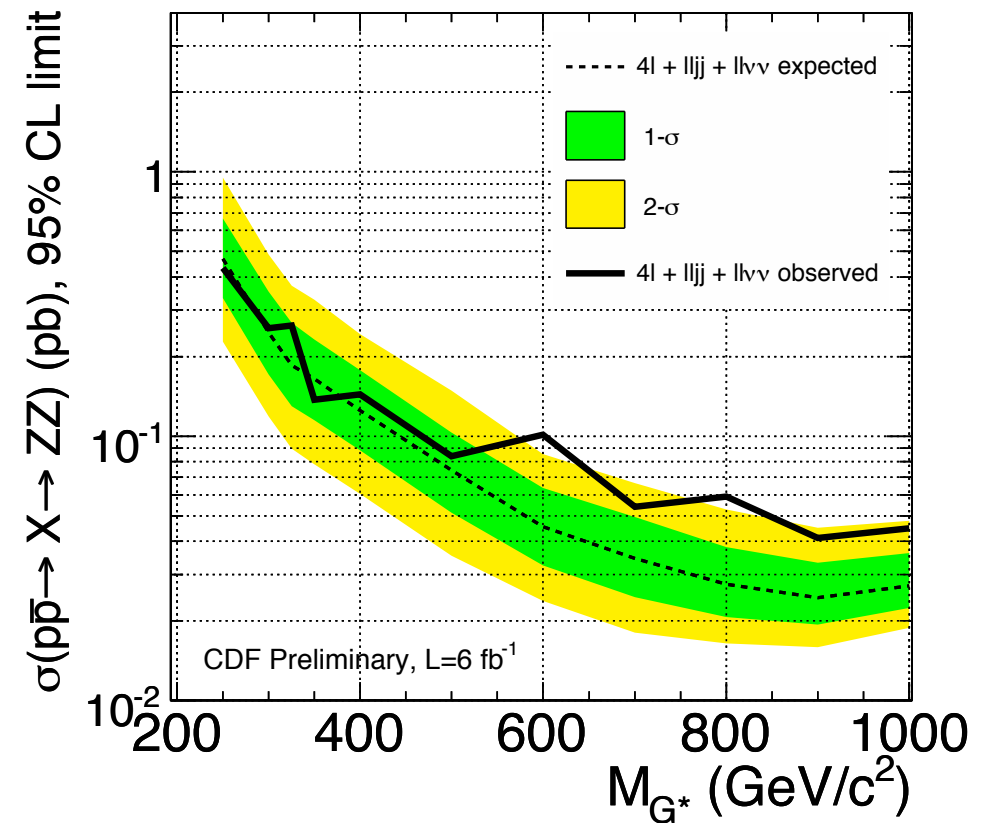


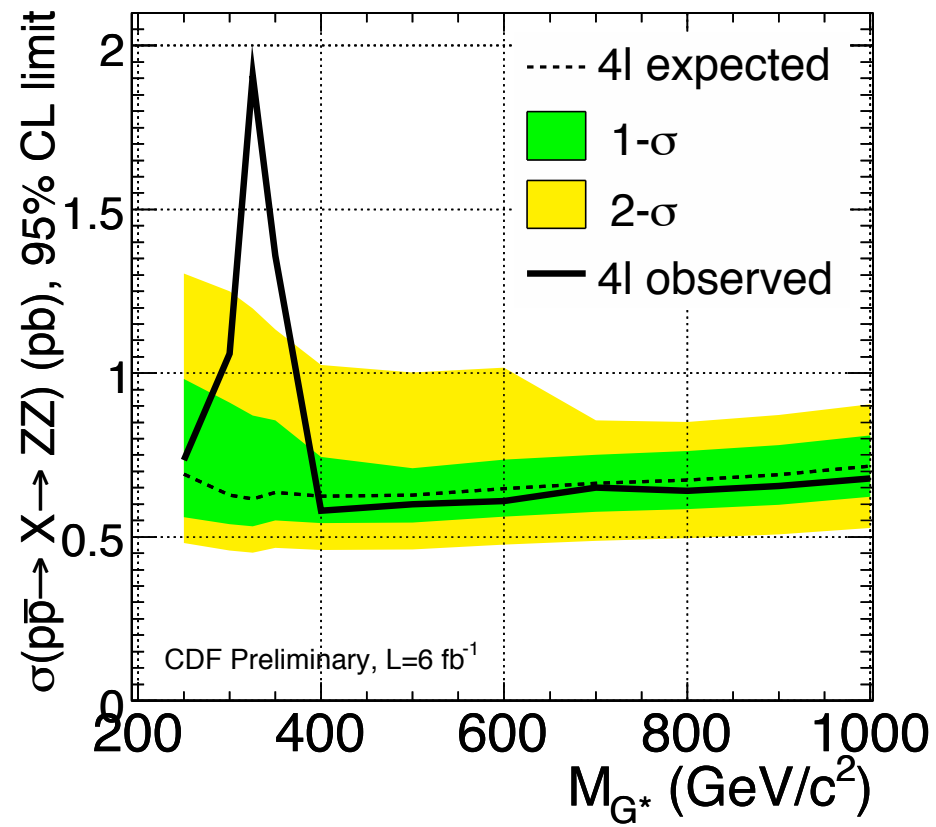
RS1 graviton,  $k/M_p=0.1$

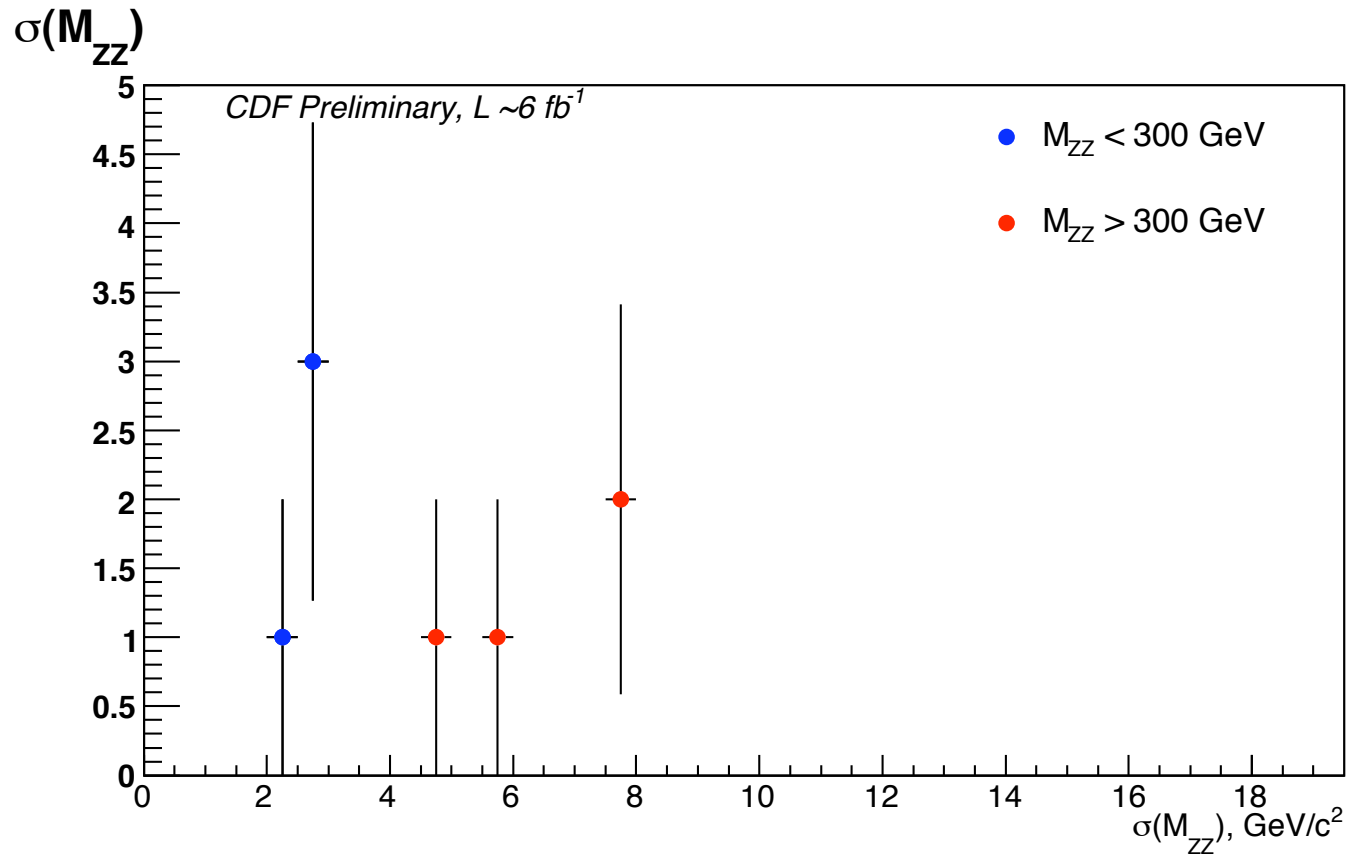
$M=600 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ ,  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow G \rightarrow ZZ) \approx 1 \text{ pb}$

$M=700 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ ,  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow G \rightarrow ZZ) \approx 0.1 \text{ pb}$

Previous CDF limit  $491 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ .







leptons	$M_{Z_1}, p_T(Z_1)$ (GeV/ $c^2$ ), (GeV/ $c$ )	$M_{Z_2}, p_T(Z_2)$ (GeV/ $c^2$ ), (GeV/ $c$ )	$M_{ZZ}$ (GeV/ $c^2$ )	$p_T(ZZ)$ (GeV/ $c$ )	$\cancel{E}_T$ (GeV)	$N_{jets}$	Jet $E_T$ (GeV)
$eeee$	93.3, 18.2	92.9, 17.4	196.6	35	14	0	
$\mu\mu\mu\mu$	85.9, 101.9	92.1, 54.8	321.1	47.4	8.4	1	36.7
$ee\mu\mu$	92.0, 156.0	89.9, 139.7	324.7	126.8	31	2	97.4, 40.0
$eeee$	101.3, 57.8	91.6, 13.2	334.4	44.7	9.9	1	22.7
$ee\mu\mu$	87.9, 17.7	91.8, 29.8	191.8	31	10.5	0	
$\mu\mu\mu\mu$	95.9, 197.9	92.0, 87.2	329.0	110.9	23.3	2	97.2, 24.7
$ee\mu\mu$	95.2, 36.7	89.7, 38.8	237.5	10.2	1.2	0	
$\mu\mu\mu\mu$	88.4, 51.0	89.8, 26.6	194.1	25.9	3.3	0	



