

Measurements of diboson production in lepton plus jets decays at the Tevatron

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Physics goals



- Diboson physics at hadron colliders
 interesting by itself: precise cross-section predictions in the SM (NLO), new physics search via TGC enhancement,...
- WW, WZ and ZZ cross sections
- ➔ all measured in leptonic final states
- In the last years, interest turned to the lepton+jets decays
- exact same topology as the Higgs boson associated production

In this presentation: focus only on the leptons+jets decays



Tevatron: pp̄ Collisions collider

- E(c.m.) = 1.96 TeV
- average luminosity : ~1-1.5 1032 cm-2.s-1
- dataset: ~8 fb⁻¹ available for analysis (expect ~10 fb⁻¹ by end of September 2011)



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Past results



3 published results

 Evidence of WW and WZ Production with lepton +jets Final States in pp̄ Collisions at √s=1.96 TeV
 [Phys. Rev. Lett. 102, 161801 (2009)]

4.4 σ for *WW+WZ*

 First Observation of Vector Boson Pairs in a Hadronic Final State at the Tevatron Collider
 [Phys. Rev. Lett. 103, 091803 (2009)]

5.3 σ for *WW+WZ+ZZ*

 Measurement of the WW+WZ Production Cross section using the Lepton+jets final state at CDF II
 [Phys.Rev.Lett. 104, 101801 (2010)]





The ultimate low mass Higgs benchmark at the Tevatron





Let's replace the Higgs boson by our well-known Z boson

WZ→*lvbb*: σ = 105 fb *ZZ*→*vvbb*: σ = 81 fb *ZZ*→*llbb*: σ = 27 fb **Total VZ: 213 fb**

 $\sigma(VZ \rightarrow leptons+bb) \sim 5 \sigma(VH[115] \rightarrow leptons+bb)$

But more challenging *WW* background in the *Z* case \rightarrow dijet mass resolution too large to distinguish the hadronic decays of *W* and *Z*

The observation of this process is the last milestone to demonstrate the Tevatron capability to observe the Higgs in the *bb* channel

3 preliminary results

 \rightarrow all these new results consider *b*-tagged jets in the final state



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<u>Selection</u>: 2 leptons (electron/muon, 20 GeV), 76<M_{*ll*}<106 GeV and at least 2 jets (20 GeV)

- Define three samples: a heavy-flavor tagged sample, a light-flavor tagged sample and an untagged sample
- Z+jets background shape adjusted using a modified jet energy scale for gluon jets (correction derived from the Z-jet p_T balance)

Yields	no-tag	LF-tag	HF-tag
Signal	80	87	16
Backg.	5690	3600	770
S/√B	1.1	1.5	0.6

The final discriminant used is the dijet invariant mass: combination of three samples



- Distributions after a global fit of the background normalizations and of the systematic uncertainties
- Sensitivity not yet sufficient to observe the signal

→ expected limit: 2.6 σ_{SM}





Selection: 1 lepton (electron/muon, 20 GeV), MET>20 GeV and exactly 2 jets (20 GeV)

Background models

Rejection of the multijet background using a multivariate discriminant
 → R_B~90% / ε_S~95%



 W + LF jets: normalization in the tagged samples from the pretag sample using mistag-rates derived from data

Other backgrounds extracted directly from simulation

Yields	1-tag	2-tag	
Signal	215	11	In 1-tag: WW ~74% of the signal
Backg.	5514	396	In 2-tag: WZ ~88% of the signal
S/√B	2.9	0.6	

Most of the sensitivity of this search comes from the W decay into a charm-strange quark pair





The final discriminant used is the dijet invariant mass

→ combination of four samples: central leptons/non-central muon, 1-tag/2-tag



LLR for the B-only and S+B hypotheses



 $WW+WZ \rightarrow lv + HF$ jets observed with a significance of 3.0 S.D. from the **B-only hypothesis**

 $\sigma(WW + WZ) = 1.1^{+0.3}_{-0.4} \cdot \sigma_{SM}$

Bayesian posterior







<u>Selection</u>: high missing transverse energy (40 GeV) and exactly 2 jets acoplanar (20 GeV) A lepton veto is applied to keep orthogonality with the similar search in the *lvbb* channel but important *WZ* contribution from events with a non-identified lepton

This analysis is a copy of the analogous low mass Higgs search in the same final state: the only difference is the signal used for the training of the final discriminant, *VZ* instead of *VH*







Control samples are used to validate and improve the background modeling:

- multijet control sample (loosening of the MET cut)
- electroweak control sample (inversion of the isolated muon veto)

Example: validation of the trigger simulation and of the *b*-tagging algorithms in the electroweak control sample





Relatively loose tagging requirements to define the 1-tag/2-tag samples but full *b*-tag output injected in the final discriminant



WZ+ZZ search in MET + HF jets (3/3)

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Yields	1-tag	2-tag
Signal	252	77
Backg.	18883	2725
S/√B	1.8	1.5



Final discriminants in the 1-tag and 2-tag samples after a global fit to the data in the S+B hypothesis with marginalization of the systematic uncertainties





WZ+ZZ→MET+HF jets observed with a significance of 2.8 S.D. from the B-only hypothesis (1.9 S.D. expected)

Cross-section measurement: $\sigma(WZ+ZZ)_{mes} = 6.9 \pm 2.2 \text{ pb}$ $\sigma(WZ+ZZ)_{th} = 4.6 \text{ pb}$

3 preliminary results presented

• WZ+ZZ search in dilepton plus jets

→ expected limit: 2.6 σ_{SM}

- WW+WZ search in lepton-neutrino plus heavy-flavor jets
 production observed with a significance of 3.0 S.D. from the B-only hypothesis
- WZ+ZZ search in missing transverse energy plus heavy-flavor jets

➔ production observed with a significance of 2.8 S.D. from the B-only hypothesis

In preparation: a Tevatron combination for the WZ+ZZ search in lepton plus heavy-flavor jets





