



Royal Holloway  
University of London

# HIGGS SEARCH IN THE $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ CHANNEL IN ATLAS

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on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

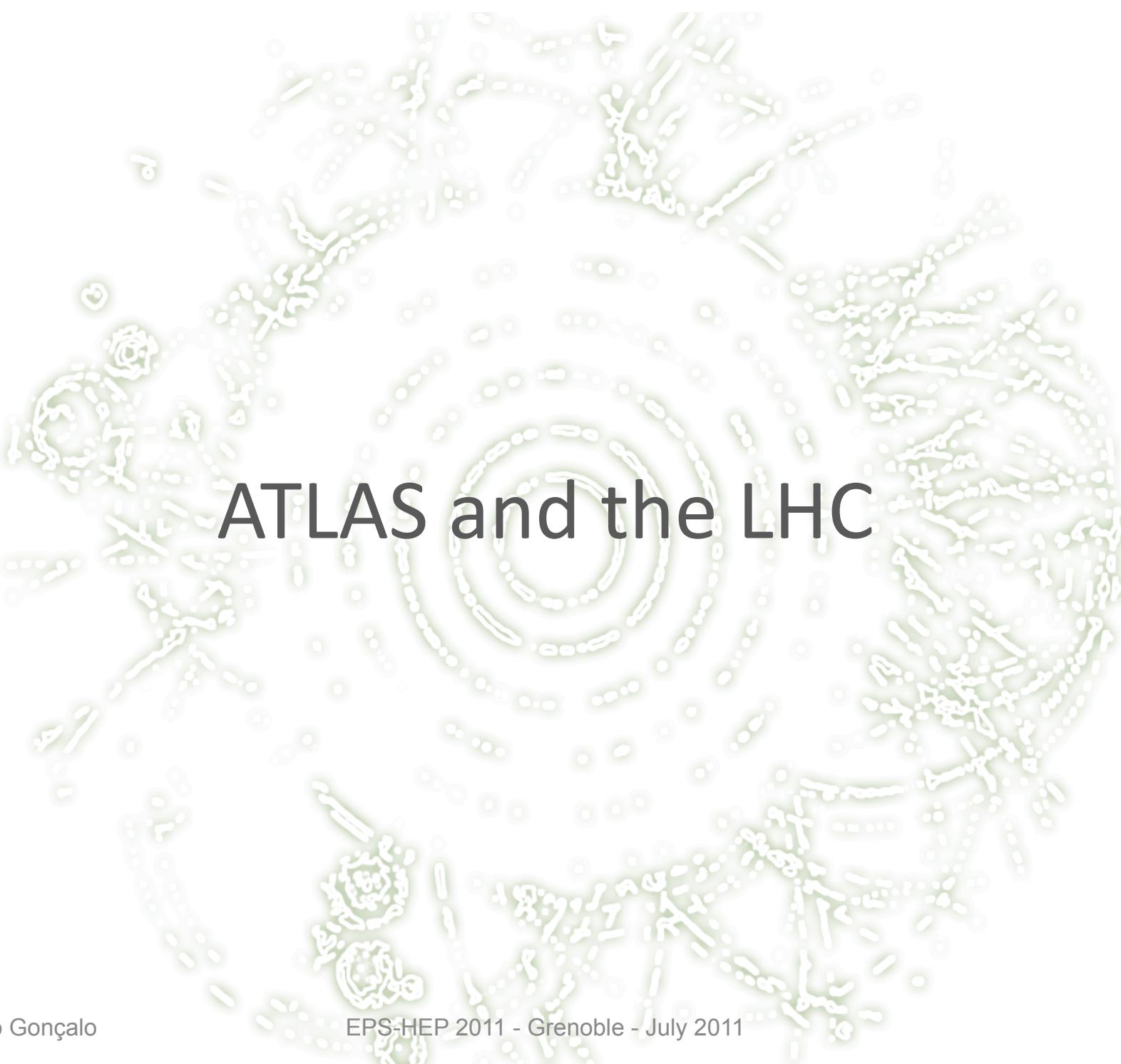


International Europhysics Conference on High Energy Physics, Grenoble, July 21-27 2011

# Outline

- ATLAS and the LHC
- Higgs physics at the LHC
- ZH/WH  $H \rightarrow bb$  in ATLAS
  - Event selection
  - Backgrounds
  - Systematic errors
  - Results
- Boosted VH
- Summary and Outlook



A complex, multi-layered visualization of the ATLAS particle detector. It consists of numerous thin, light blue lines forming a dense, organic-looking structure. The lines represent the paths of particles as they pass through various detectors and calorimeters. The overall shape is roughly circular, with more concentrated areas of lines towards the center and more sparse, radiating lines towards the edges.

# ATLAS and the LHC

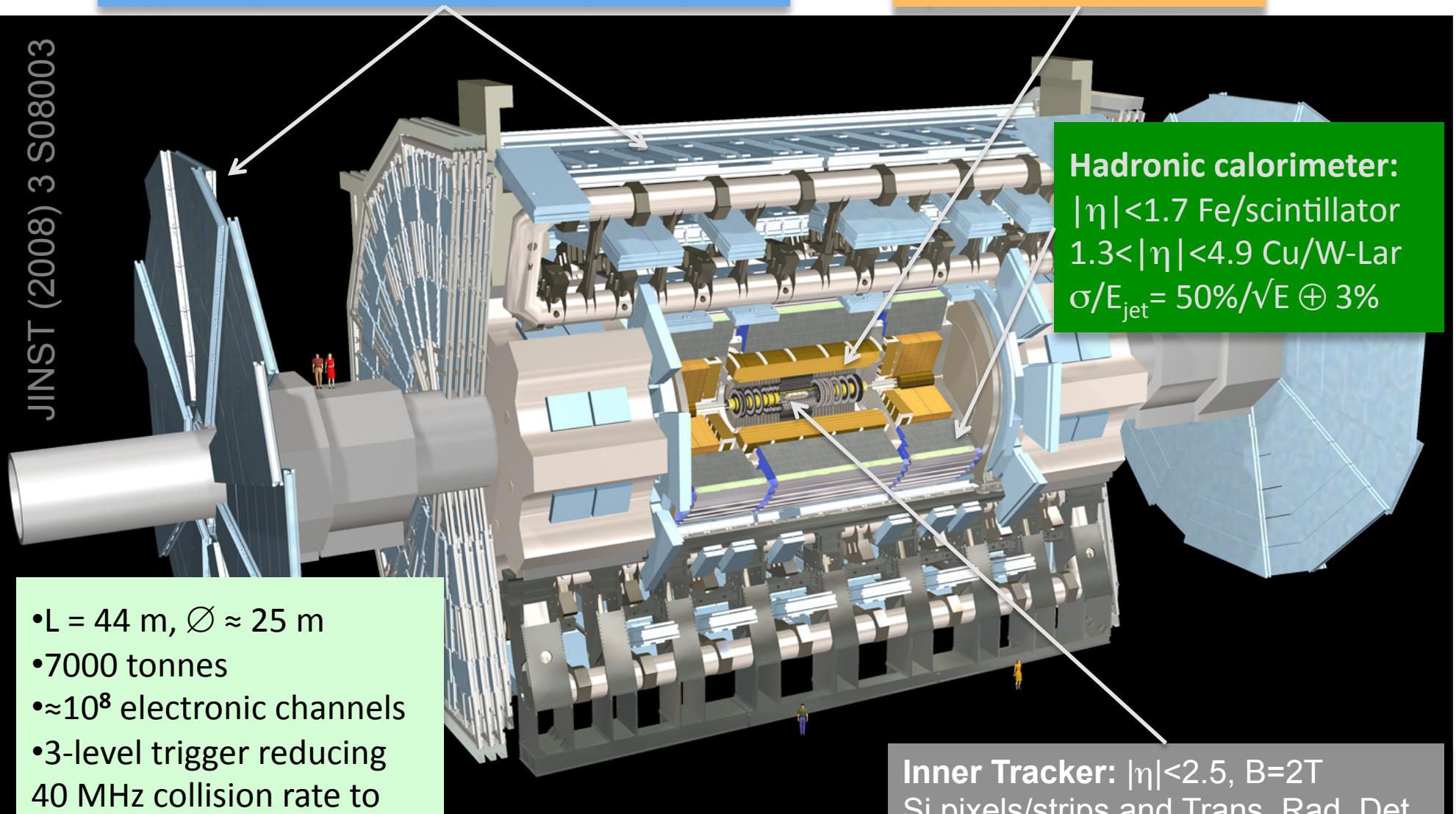
**Muon Spectrometer:  $|\eta| < 2.7$** 

Air-core toroids and gas-based muon chambers  
 $\sigma/p_T = 2\% @ 50\text{GeV}$  to  $10\% @ 1\text{TeV}$  (ID+MS)

**EM calorimeter:  $|\eta| < 3.2$** 

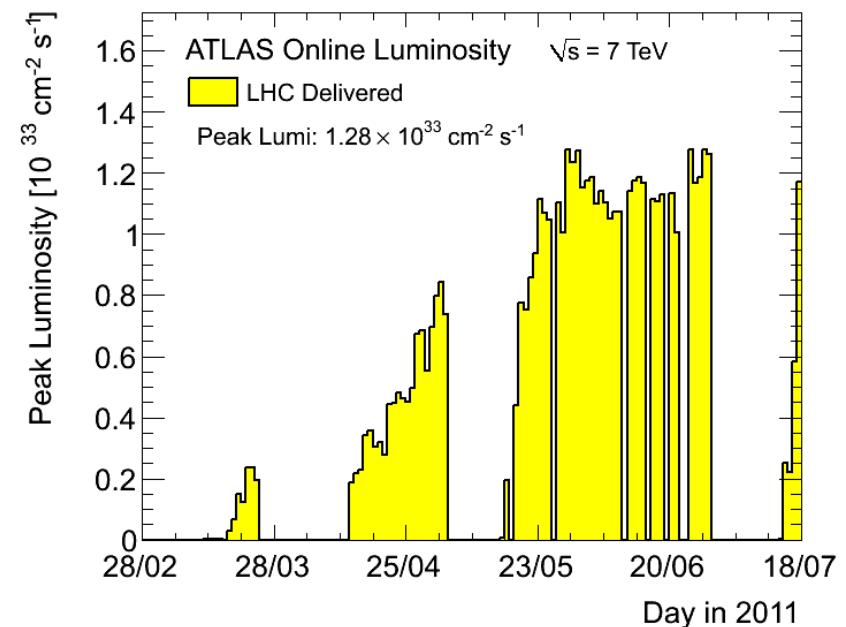
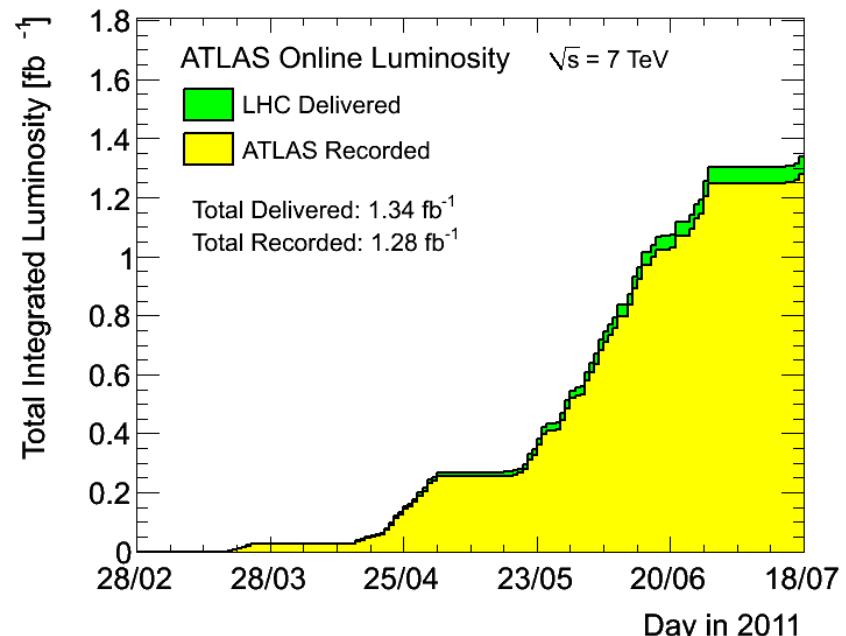
Pb-LAr Accordion  
 $\sigma/E = 10\%/\sqrt{E} \oplus 0.7\%$

**Hadronic calorimeter:**  
 $|\eta| < 1.7$  Fe/scintillator  
 $1.3 < |\eta| < 4.9$  Cu/W-Lar  
 $\sigma/E_{jet} = 50\%/\sqrt{E} \oplus 3\%$



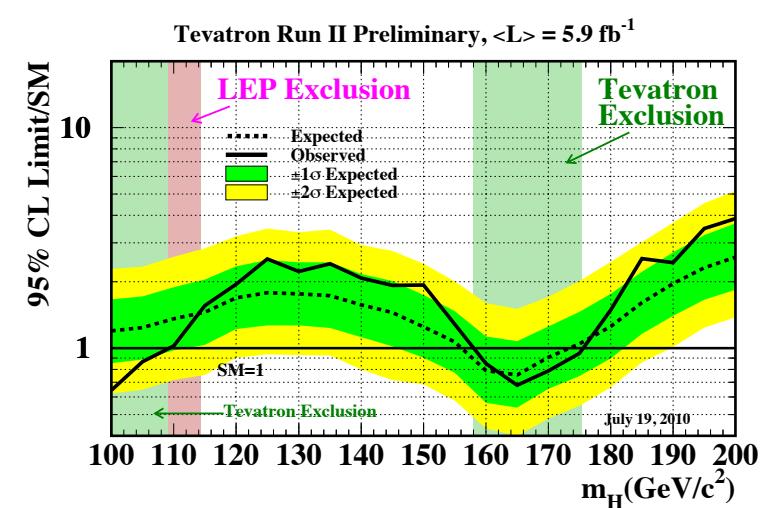
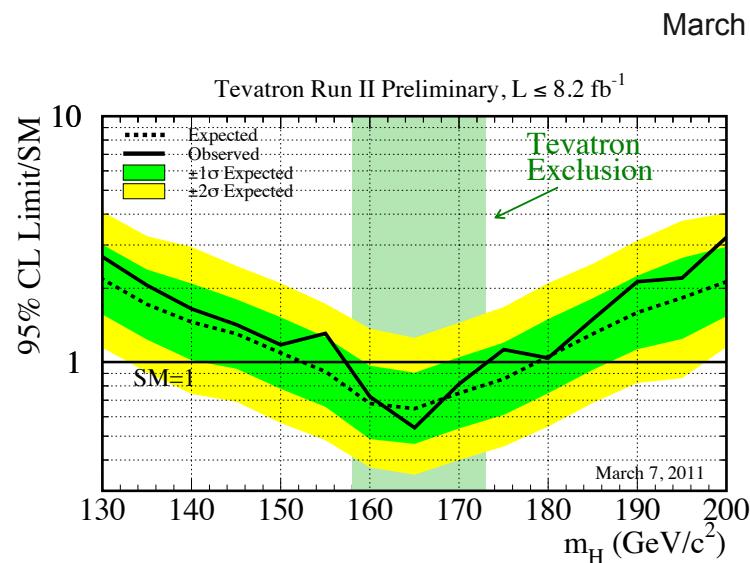
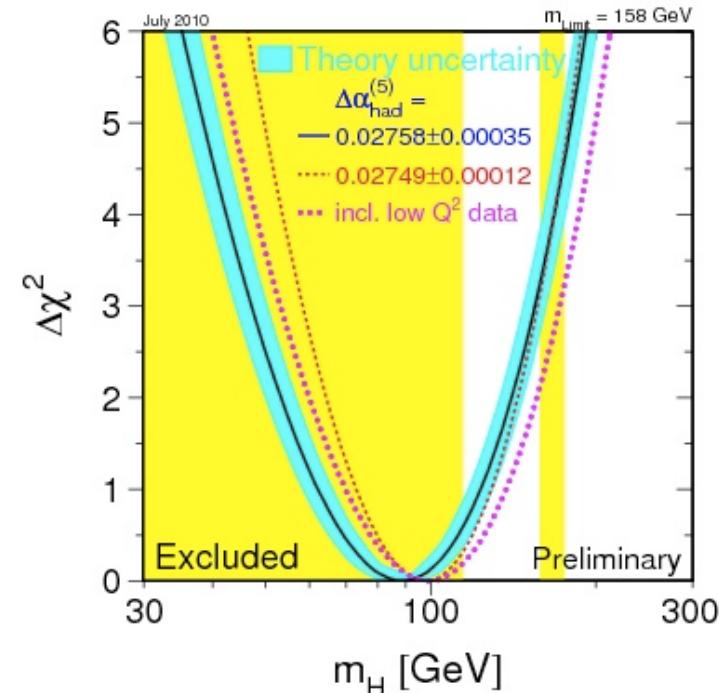
**Inner Tracker:  $|\eta| < 2.5$ ,  $B=2\text{T}$**   
Si pixels/strips and Trans. Rad. Det.  
 $\sigma/p_T = 0.05\% p_T(\text{GeV}) \oplus 1\%$

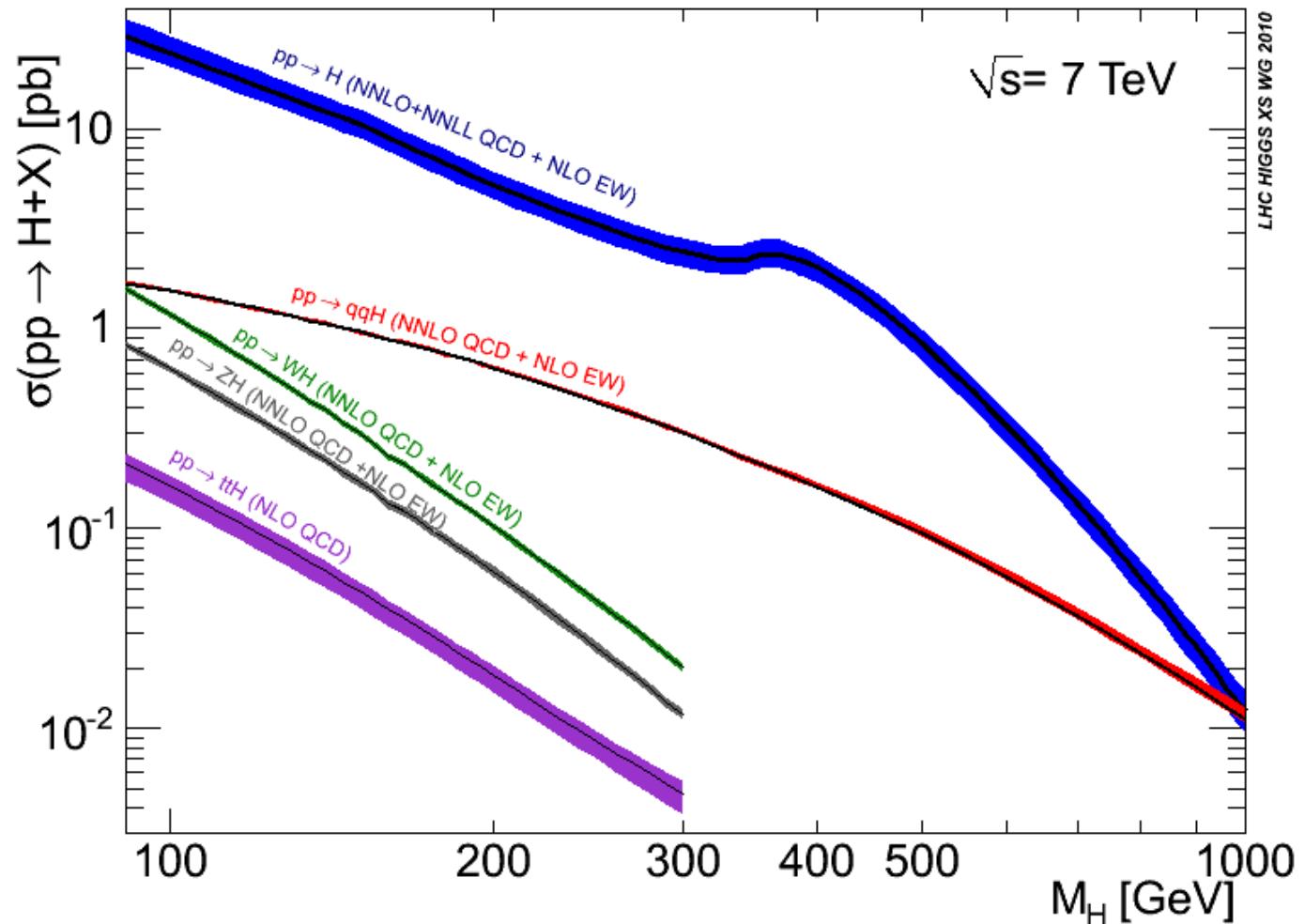
- Very successful operation in 2011!
- Running @  $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{TeV}$  and 50ns bunch crossing
- Peak instantaneous luminosity  $1.28 \times 10^{33} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Average pileup  $\langle \mu \rangle \approx 6$  but peak up to 14
- Collected 20 – 60  $\text{pb}^{-1}$  per day before tech. stop
- Continue run until end of 2012
- Then shutdown and upgrade to higher  $\sqrt{s}$

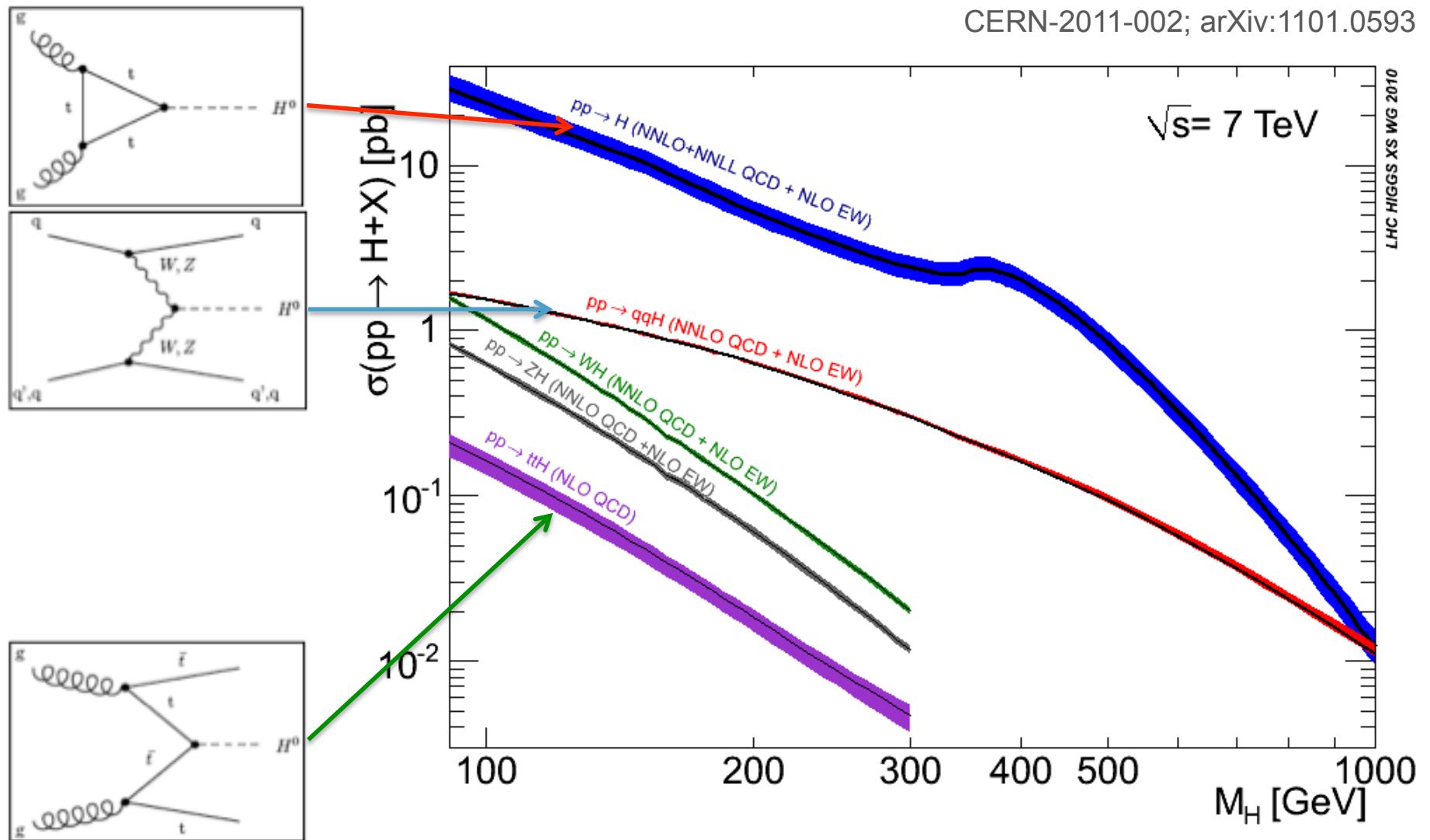


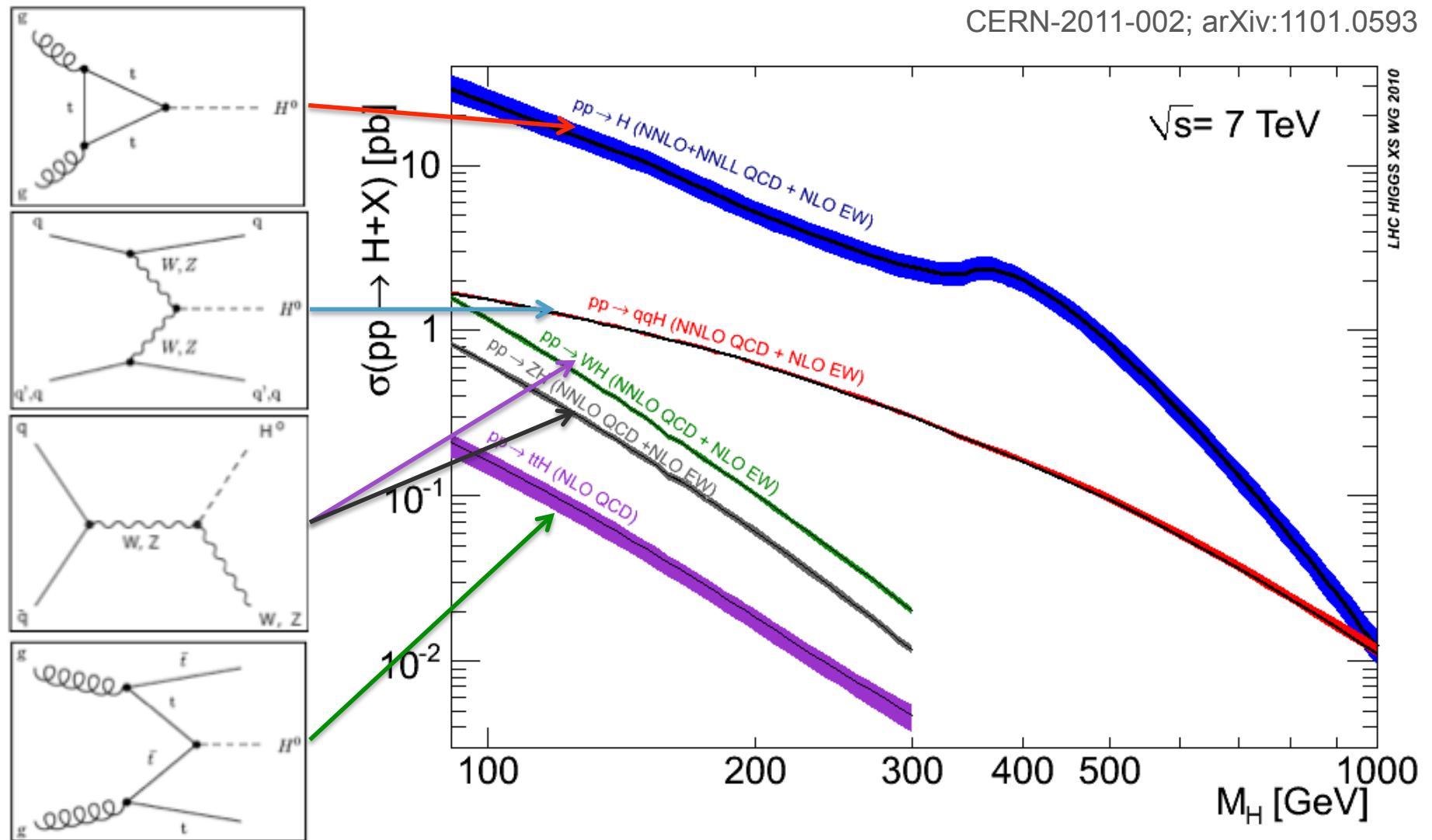
# Higgs Physics at the LHC

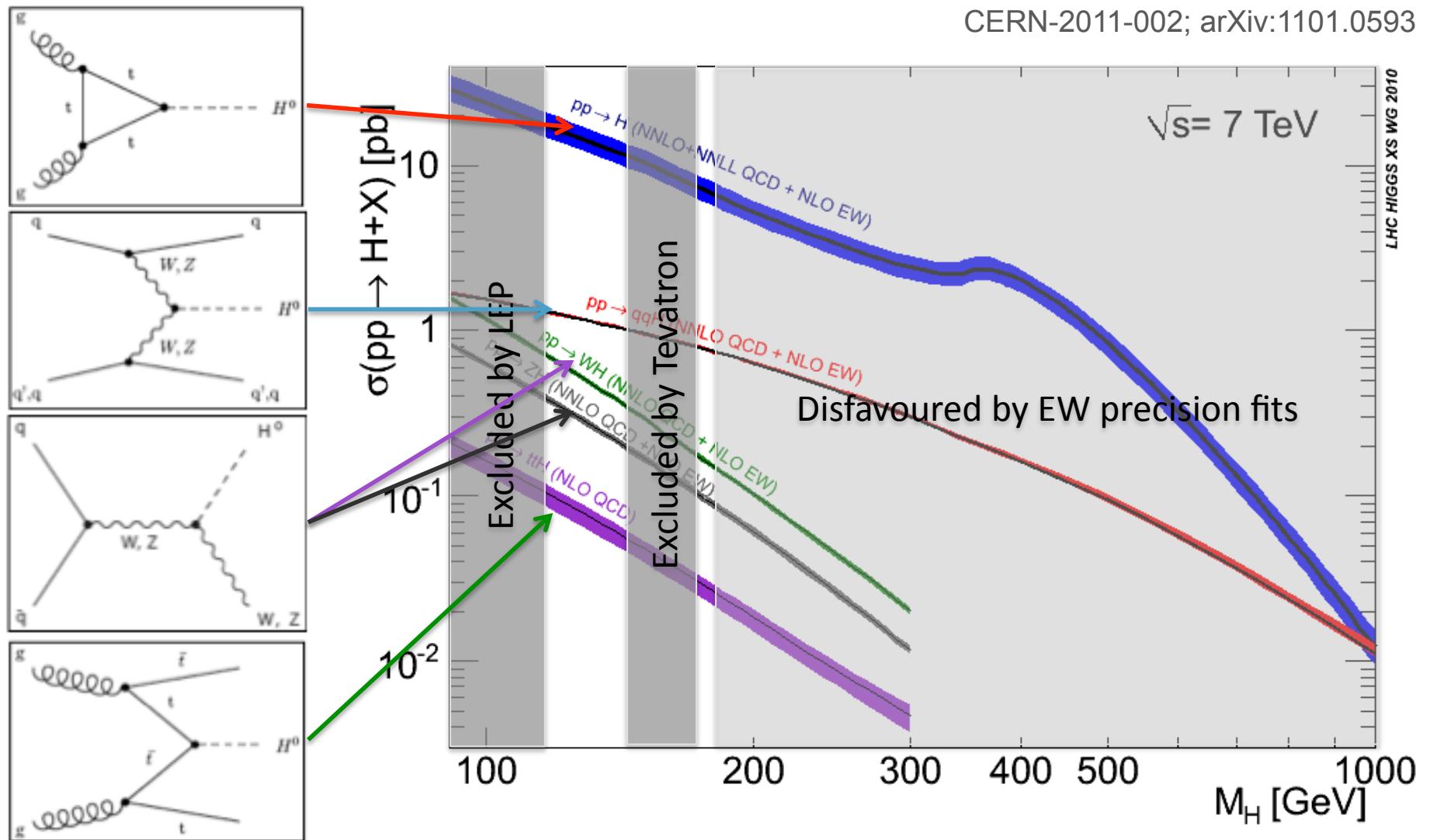
- The **simplest model** of electroweak symmetry breaking predicts one **Higgs scalar**
  - The Higgs boson mass is the only free parameter
- Current mass limits:
  - LEP **excluded** mass range below **114.4 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>**
  - EW fit:  $m_H = 89^{+35}_{-26}$  GeV/c<sup>2</sup> (July 2010)
  - Including LEP:  $m_H < 185$  GeV/c<sup>2</sup> (July 2010)
  - Tevatron **excluded** range of **158 – 173 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>**



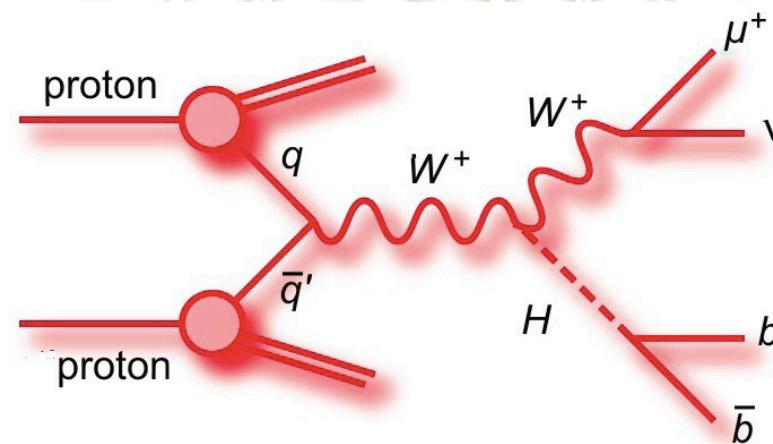






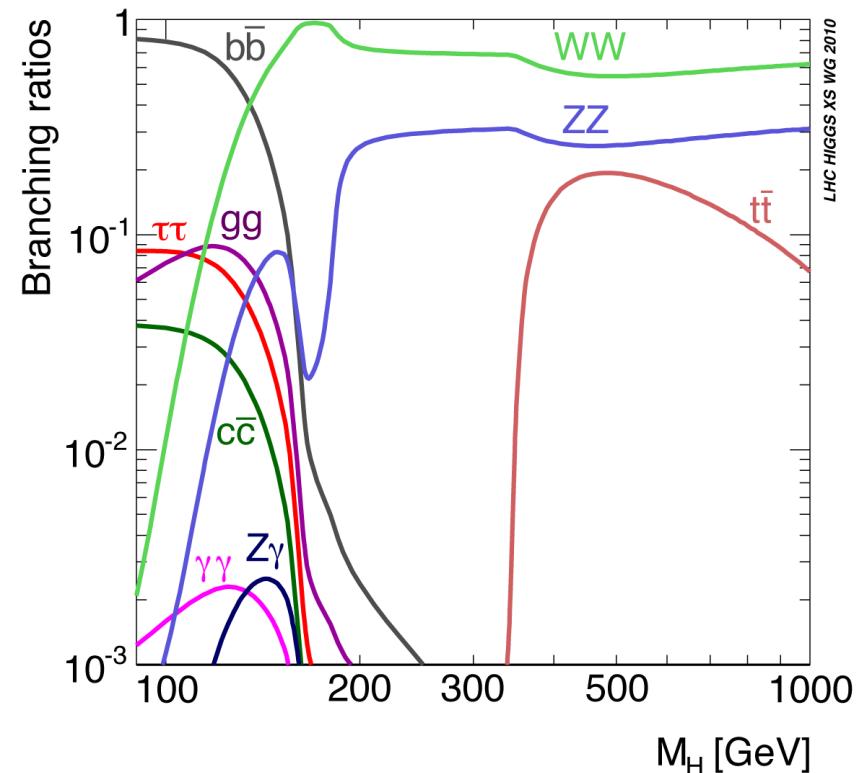


# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ Searches in ZH/WH production



- This talk:  $ZH \rightarrow llbb$  and  $WH \rightarrow lvbb$ 
  - $1.04 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  analyzed
- $H \rightarrow bb$  dominant at low mass
  - $WH$  cross section factor  $\approx 2x$  higher than  $ZH$ , but important top background
  - $ZH$  less affected by top background
- Simple, robust cut-based analysis for first LHC direct search for  $H \rightarrow bb(*)$ 
  - Select Z or W and search for 2 additional b jets
  - Search Higgs in  $m_{bb}$  spectrum

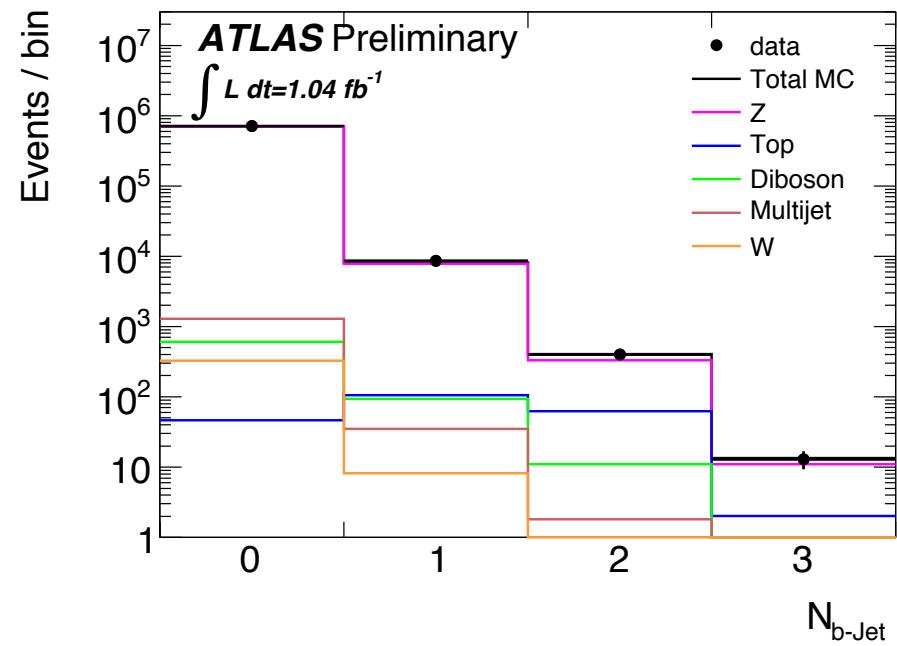
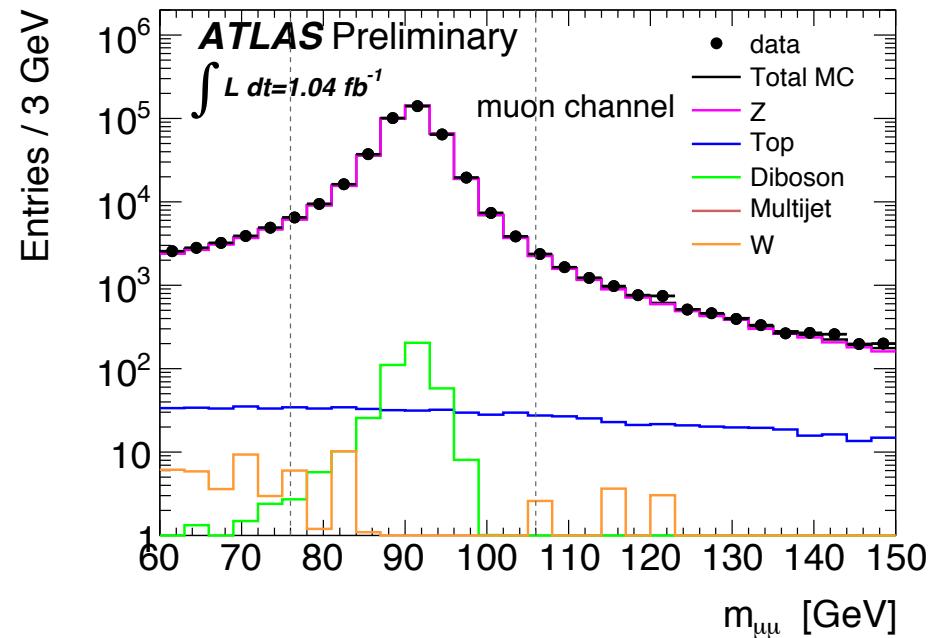
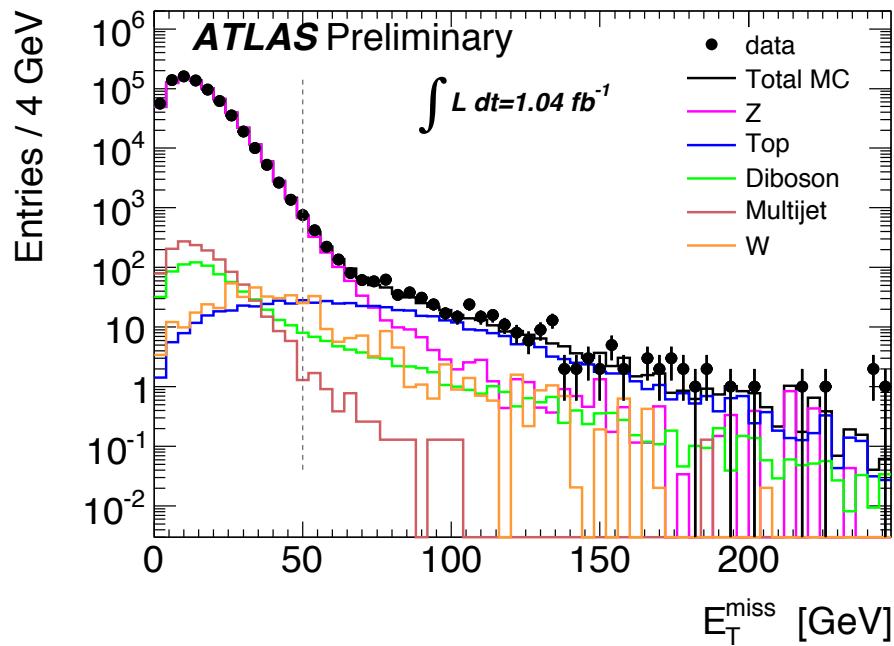
(\*) Using newly commissioned advanced taggers. See posters by Kirika Uchida and Nicolas Bousson on b-tagging



$m_H$ (GeV)	$\sigma(WH)$ (pb)	$\sigma(ZH)$ (pb)	Branching Ratios $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
110	0.8754	0.4721	0.745
115	0.7546	0.3598	0.705
120	0.6561	0.3158	0.649
125	0.5729	0.2778	0.578
130	0.5008	0.2453	0.494

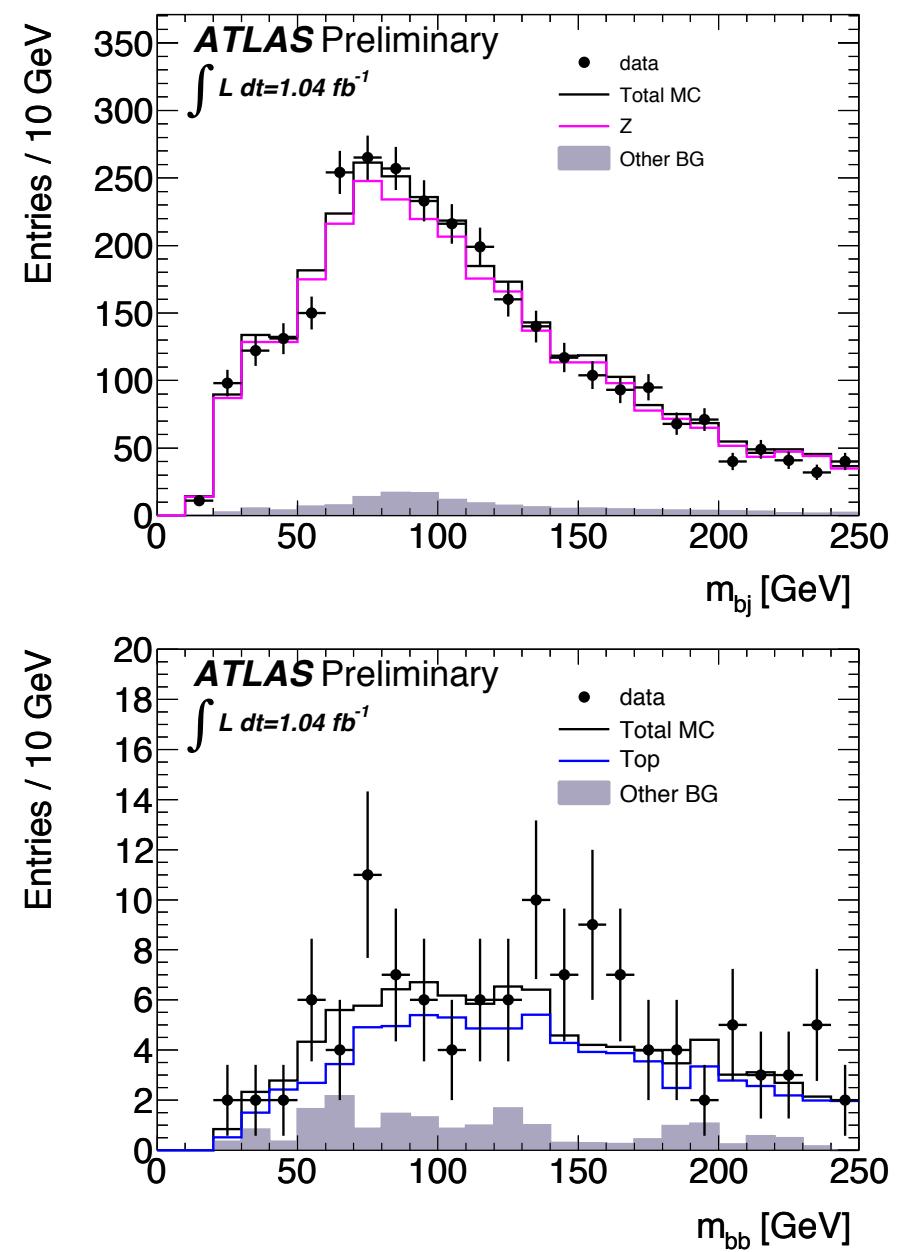
# ZH $\rightarrow$ llbb Selection

- Trigger:
  - $e$  ( $p_T^e > 20\text{ GeV}$ ) or  $\mu$  ( $p_T^\mu > 18\text{ GeV}$ )
  - $2e/2\mu$  trigger ( $p_T > 12\text{ GeV}$ )
- Exactly 2 leptons  $p_T > 20\text{ GeV}$ 
  - Opposite charge for  $\mu$
- Z mass cut:  $76 < m_{ll} < 106\text{ GeV}$
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 50\text{ GeV}$
- Two leading jets b tagged



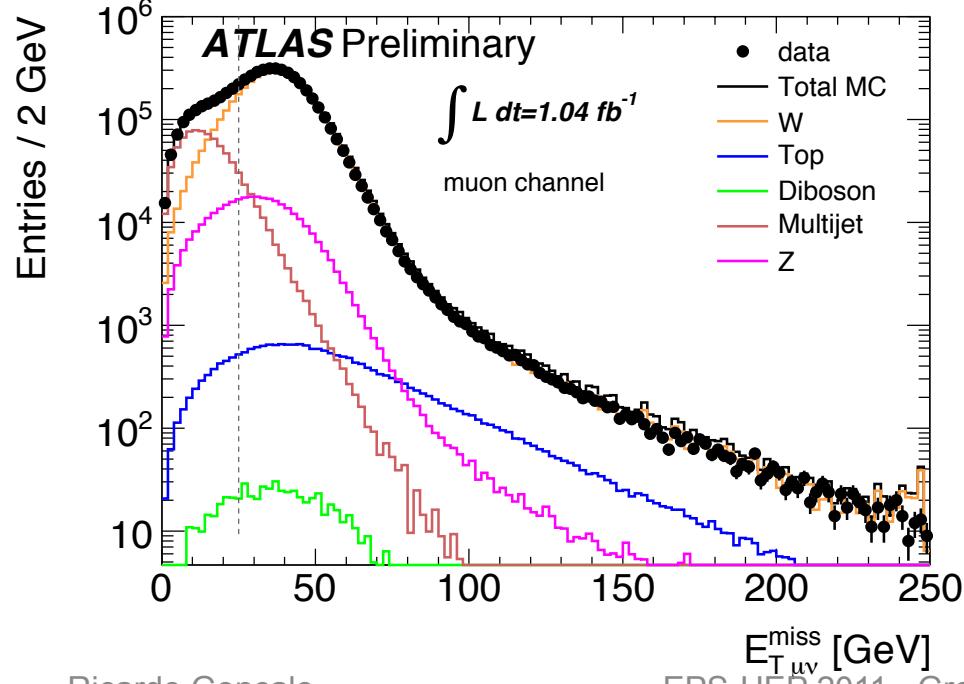
# ZH $\rightarrow$ llbb Backgrounds

- Z + b(b $\bar{b}$ ) dominates:
  - Shape from MC
  - Normalization from sideband ( $m_{bb} < 80\text{GeV}$ );
  - Cross check in single-b control region  $m_{bj}$
- Top:
  - From MC
  - Cross check in  $m_{ll}$  control regions: [60GeV, 76GeV] or [106GeV, 150GeV]
- Multijet:
  - e channel: multijet sample from reverting electron quality cuts
  - $\mu$  channel: negligible (from MC)
- Diboson ZZ, WZ: from MC



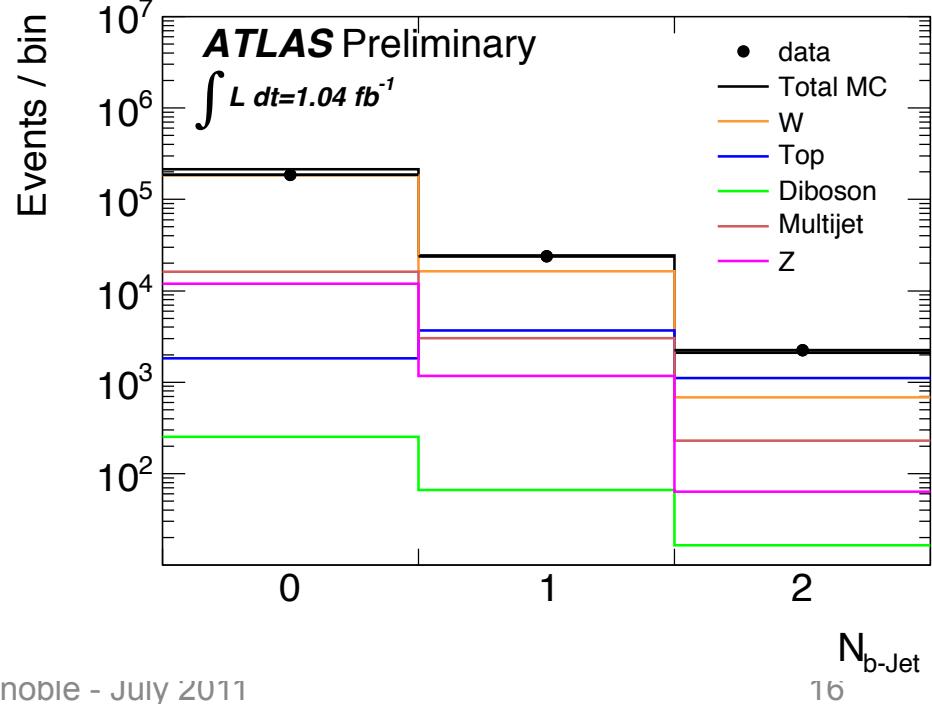
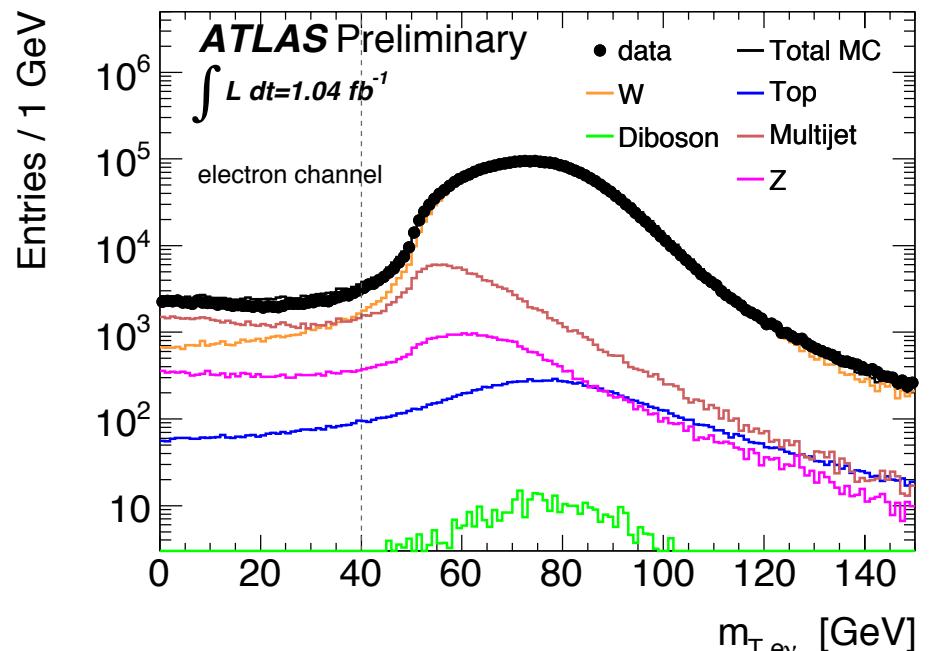
# WH $\rightarrow$ l $\nu$ bb Selection

- Trigger: e ( $p_T^e > 20\text{ GeV}$ ) or  $\mu$  ( $p_T^\mu > 18\text{ GeV}$ )
- Exactly 1 lepton –  $p_T > 25\text{ GeV}$
- $M_T = \sqrt{2} p_T^l p_T^\nu (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{l\nu}) > 40\text{ GeV}$
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 25\text{ GeV}$
- Exactly 2 jets (anti- $k_T$  0.4;  $E_T > 25\text{ GeV}$ ) to reduce top background
- Both jets b tagged



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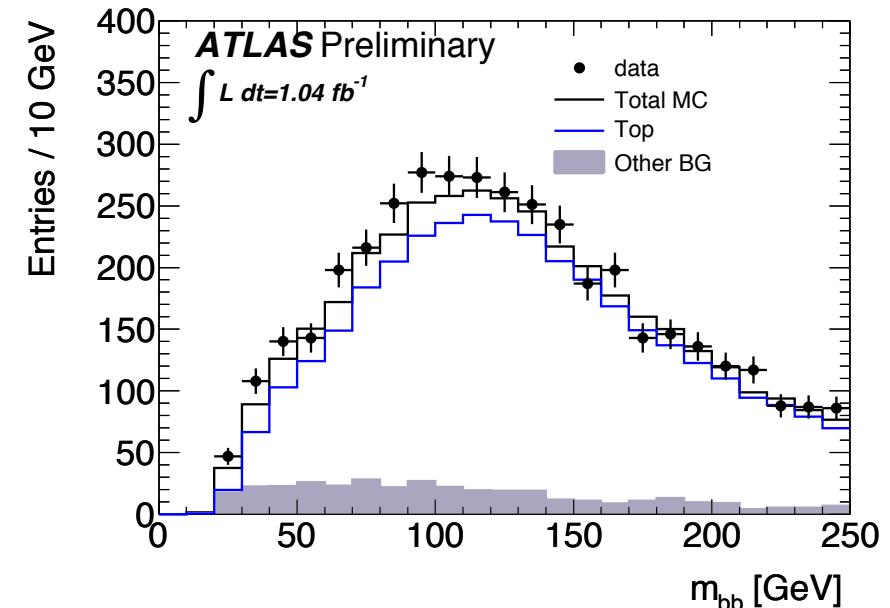
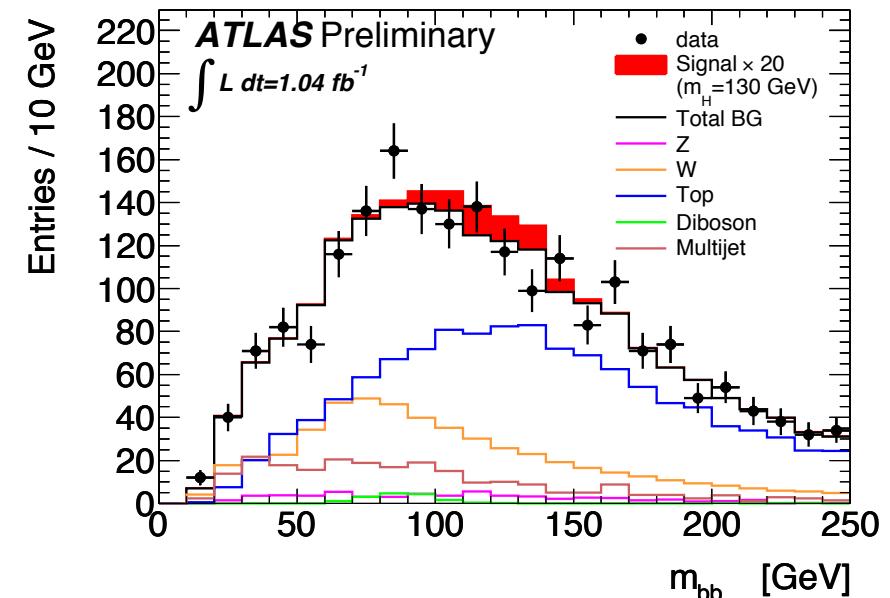
EPS-HEP 2011 - Grenoble - July 2011



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# WH → lνbb Backgrounds

- W+jets and top dominant:
  - W+jets important at low  $m_{bb}$ :
    - Use  $m_{jj}$  from data as template
  - Top dominant at high  $m_{bb}$ :
    - Describe shape with MC
    - Cross check  $m_{bb}$  in 3-jet bin
  - Normalisation from  $m_{bb}$  sidebands [40GeV, 80 GeV] and [140GeV, 250GeV]
- Z+jets: use same normalisation of MC as measured in ZH
- Multijet Data templates from QCD enhanced samples (anti-isolation)
- Diboson WW , WZ from Monte Carlo



# Systematic Uncertainties

- Dominant systematic errors from b-tagging efficiency in both analyses
- Followed by jet energy scale
- Points at the next things to improve!

Source of Uncertainty	Effect on the signal	
	$m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}$	$m_H = 130 \text{ GeV}$
Electron Energy Scale	< 1%	< 1%
Electron Energy Resolution	< 1%	< 1%
Muon Momentum Resolution	1%	3%
Jet Energy	9%	7%
Jet Energy Resolution	< 1%	< 1%
Missing Transverse Energy	2%	2%
b-tagging Efficiency	16%	17%
b-tagging Mis-tag Rate	< 1%	< 1%
Electron Efficiency	1%	1%
Muon Efficiency	1%	1%
Luminosity	4%	4%
Higgs Cross-section	5%	5%

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Missing Transverse Energy	2%	3%
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b-tagging Mis-tag Fraction	3%	3%
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$ZH \rightarrow llbb$

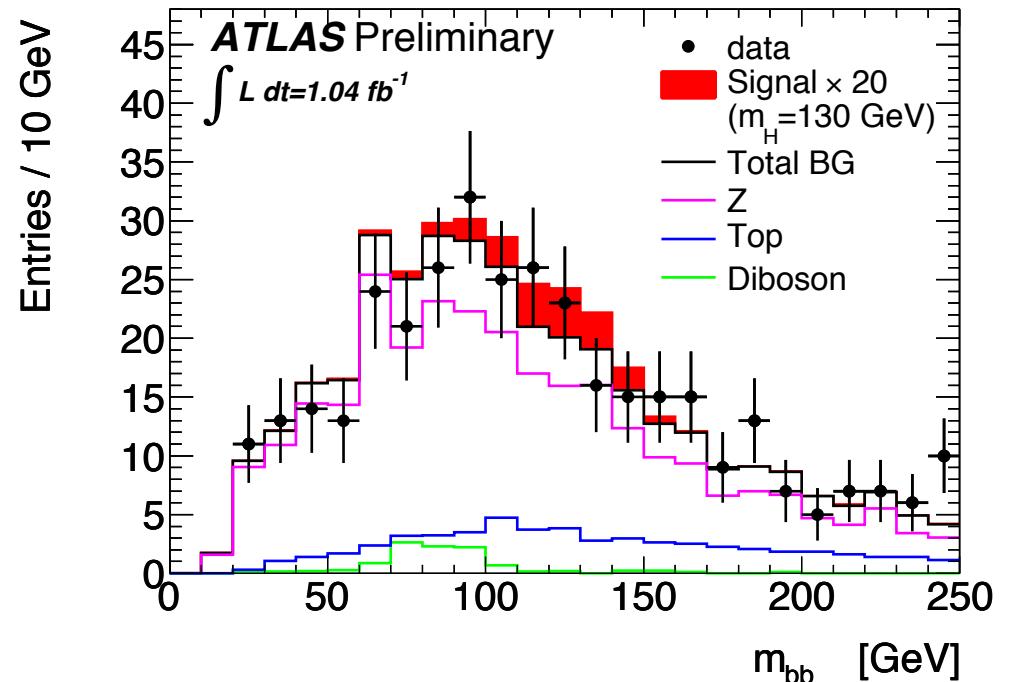
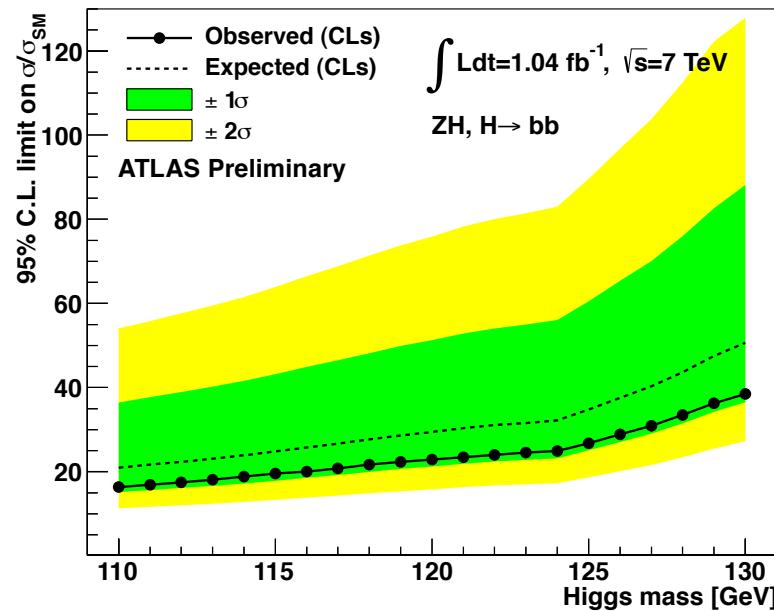
$WH \rightarrow l\bar{v}bb$



# H $\rightarrow$ bb Analysis Results

# ZH $\rightarrow$ llbb

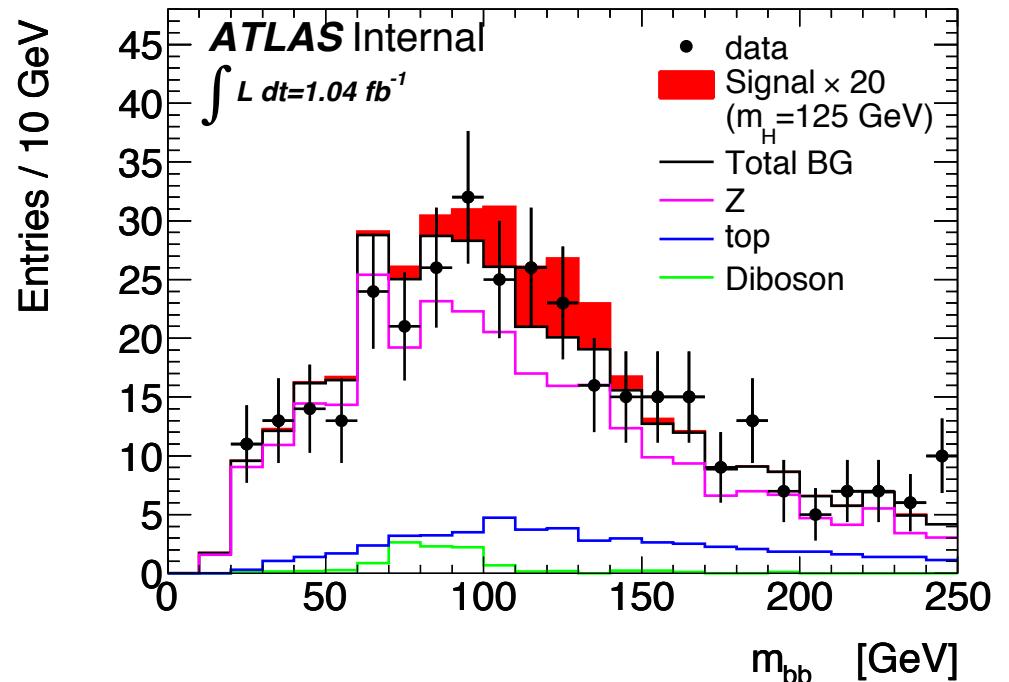
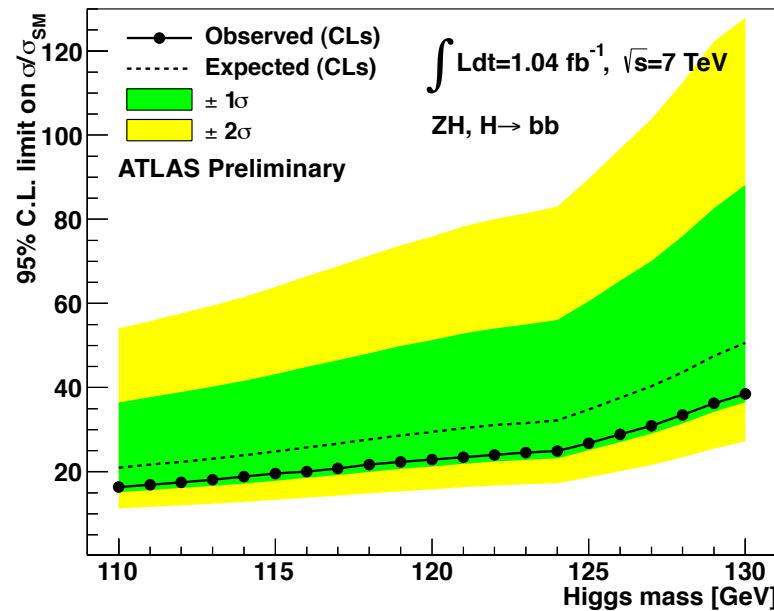
- Good description of the background
- No excess observed
- Single-channel exclusion of  $\approx 20 \times$  Standard Model



Source	expected		
	events	(stat.)	(sys.)
Z+jets	261.0	$\pm 7.8$	$\pm 24.6$
Top-quark	52.0	$\pm 1.3$	$\pm 10.6$
Multijet	1.4	$\pm 0.4$	$\pm 1.4$
ZZ	9.2	$\pm 1.1$	$\pm 2.3$
WZ	1.1	$\pm 0.3$	$\pm 0.3$
Total background	324.8	$\pm 8.0$	$\pm 27.9$
Data	329		
Signal $m_H = 110 \text{ GeV}$	2.22	$\pm 0.09$	$\pm 0.43$
Signal $m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}$	1.91	$\pm 0.07$	$\pm 0.38$
Signal $m_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$	1.58	$\pm 0.06$	$\pm 0.32$
Signal $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$	1.44	$\pm 0.05$	$\pm 0.28$
Signal $m_H = 130 \text{ GeV}$	1.02	$\pm 0.04$	$\pm 0.20$

# ZH → llbb

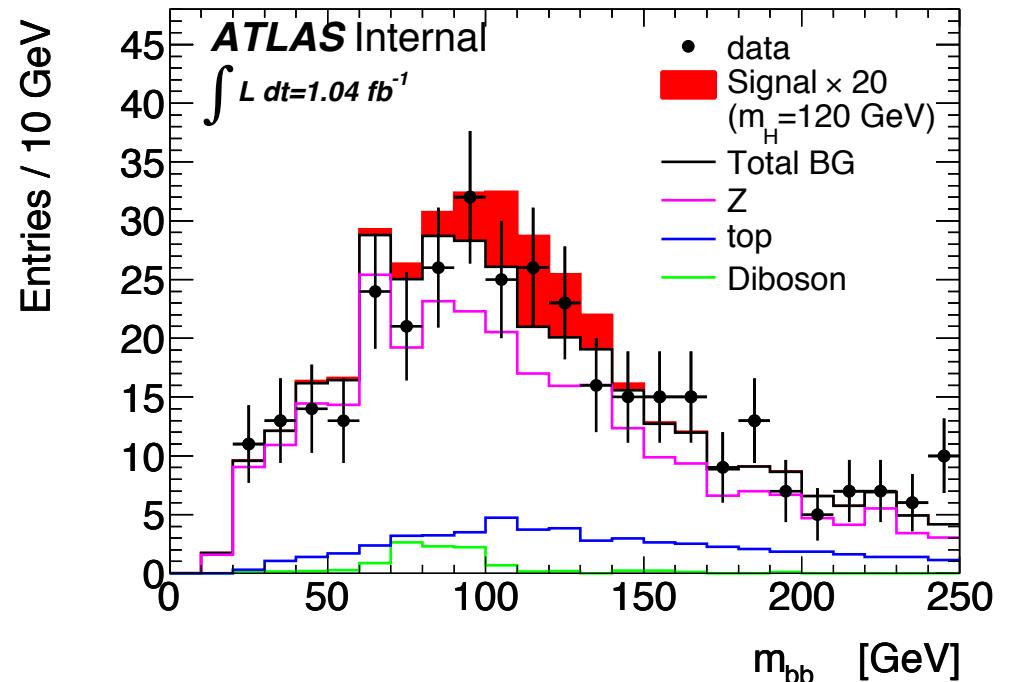
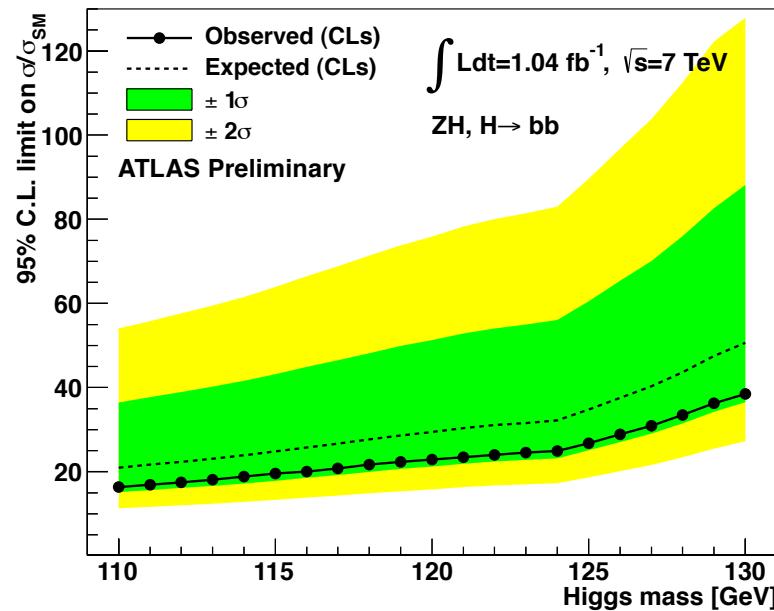
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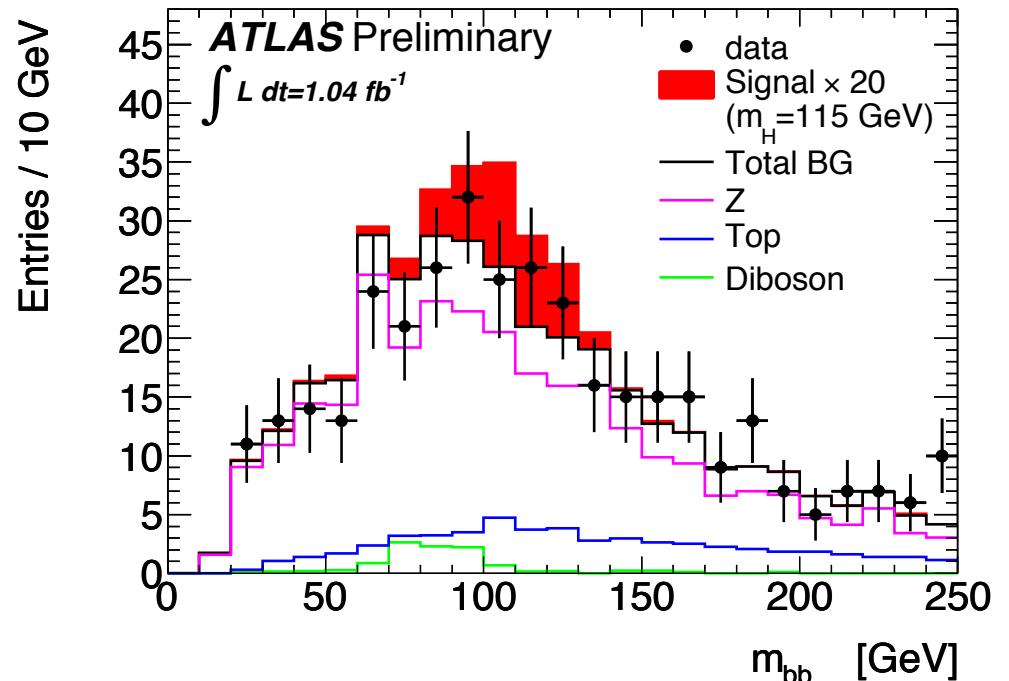
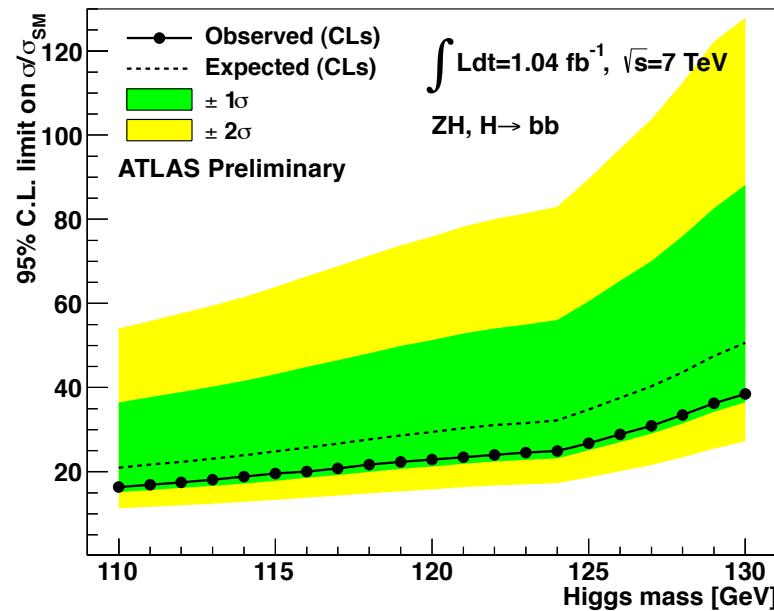
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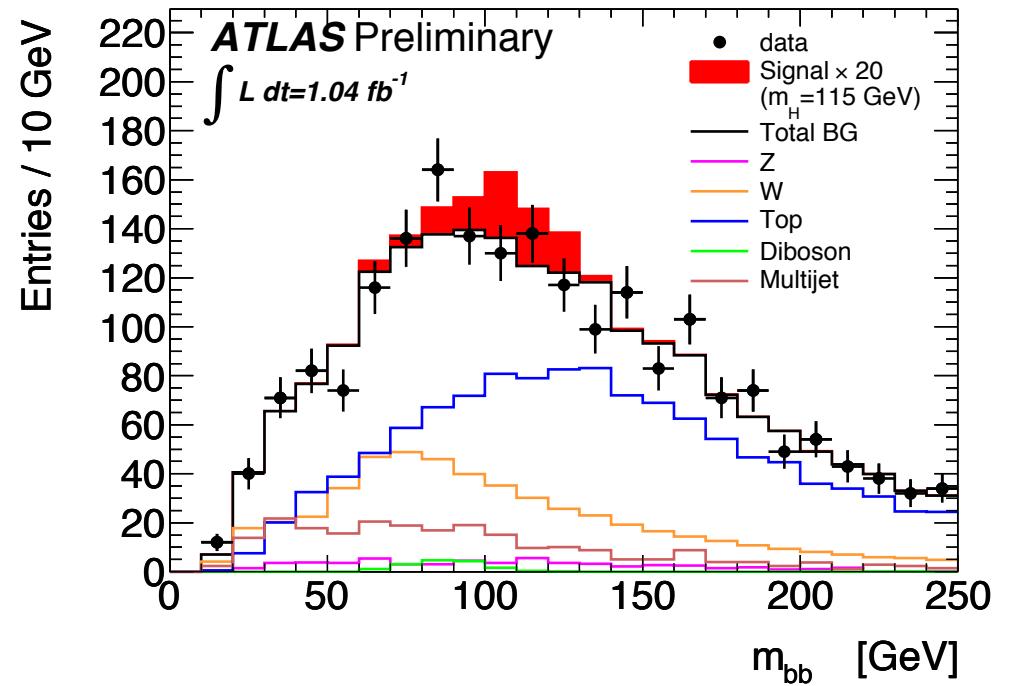
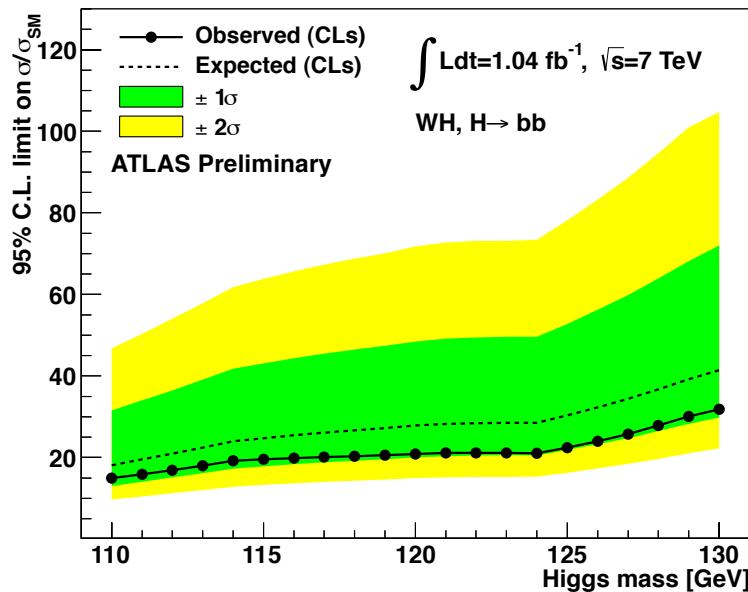
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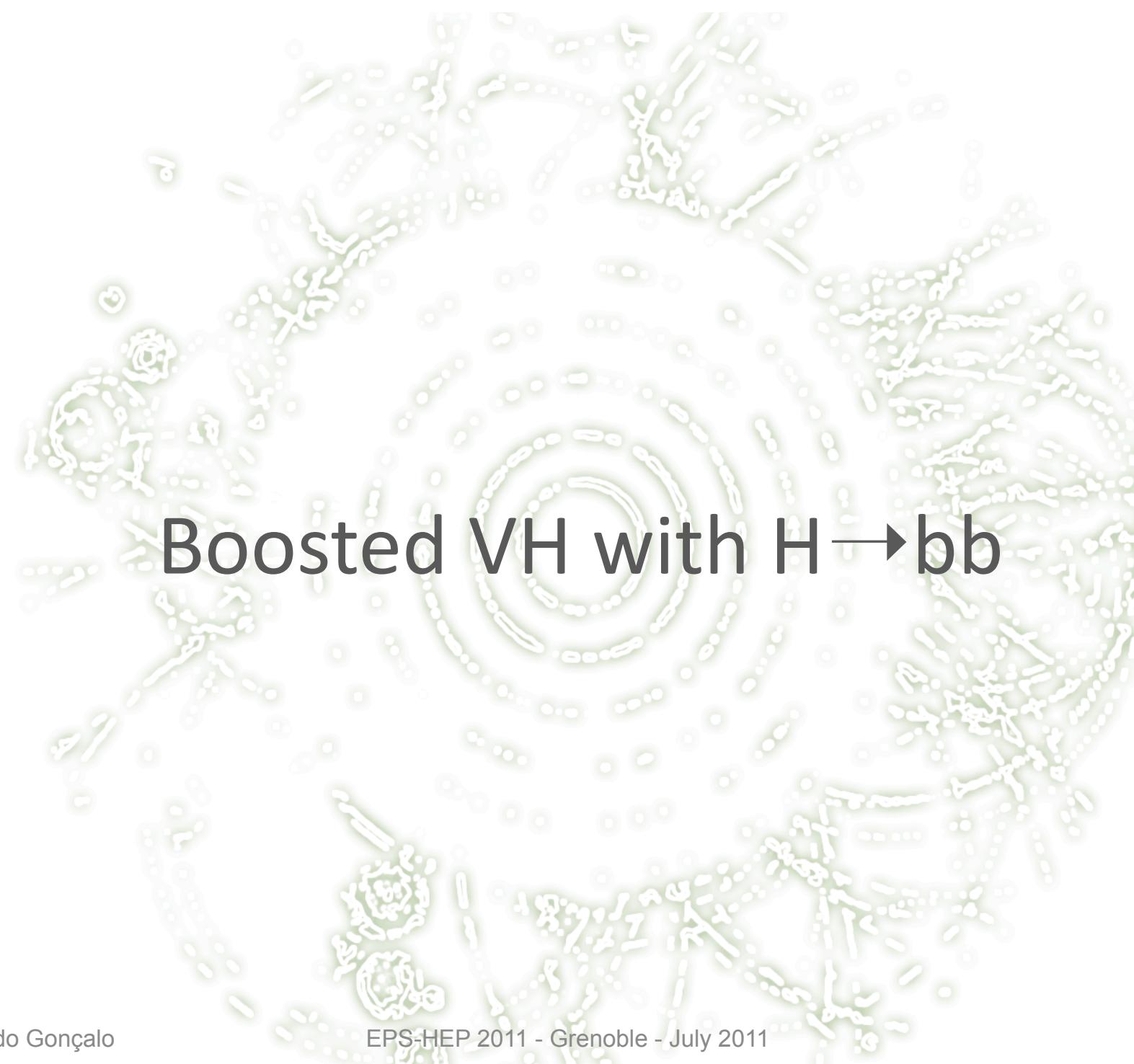
# WH → lνbb

- Good description of the background
- No excess observed
- Single-channel exclusion of  $\approx 20\text{-}30$  times Standard Model



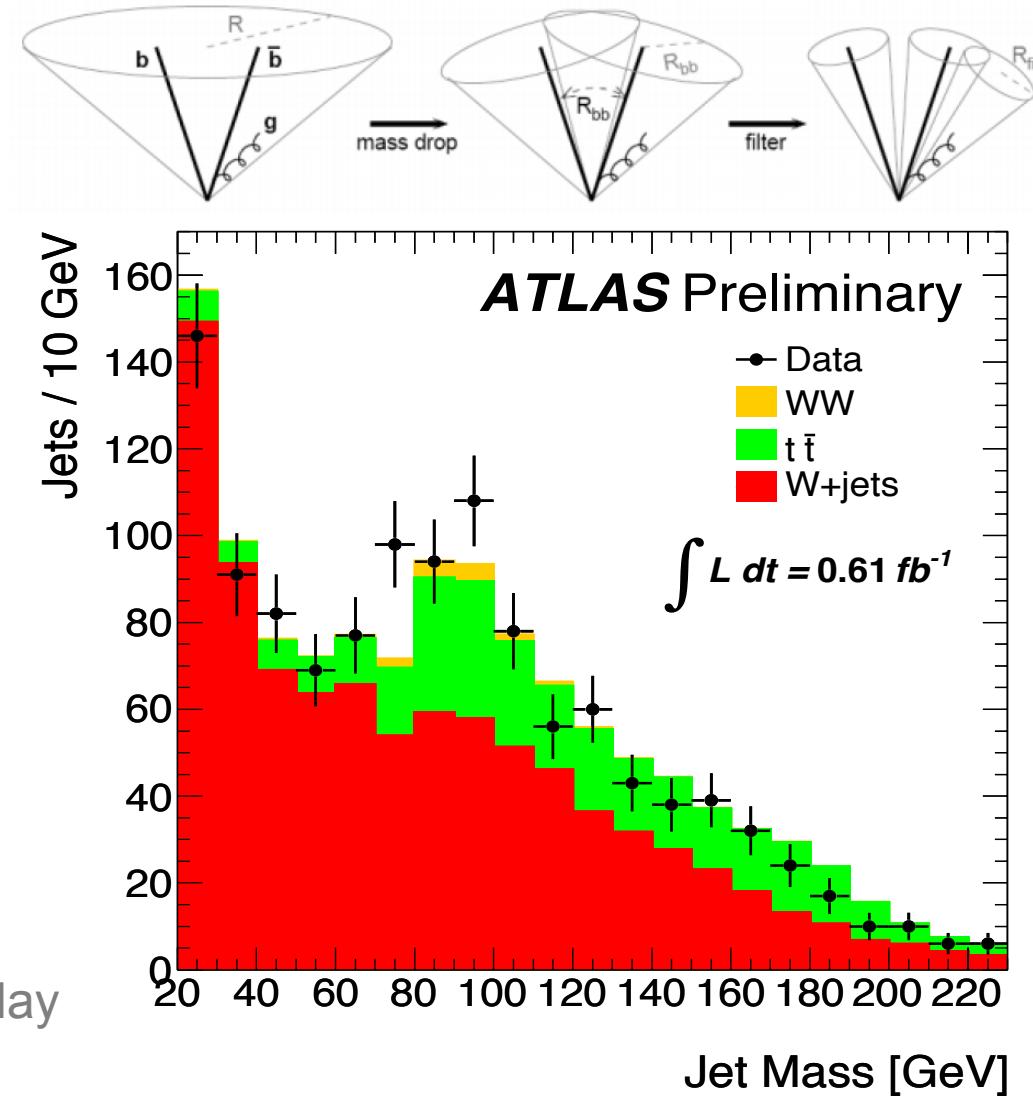
Source	expected events	(stat.)	(sys.)
Z+jets	54.4	$\pm$ 3.9	$\pm$ 12.3
W+jets	466.7	$\pm$ 1.4	$\pm$ 67.1
Top-quark	1141.8	$\pm$ 8.8	$\pm$ 81.2
Multijet	193.0	$\pm$ 9.4	$\pm$ 96.5
WZ	16.1	$\pm$ 2.2	$\pm$ 3.5
WW	4.8	$\pm$ 1.1	$\pm$ 1.4
Total background	1876.6	$\pm$ 13.7	$\pm$ 150.7
Data	1888		
Signal $m_H = 110 \text{ GeV}$	6.72	$\pm$ 0.31	$\pm$ 1.20
Signal $m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}$	5.25	$\pm$ 0.30	$\pm$ 0.97
Signal $m_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$	4.54	$\pm$ 0.25	$\pm$ 0.83
Signal $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$	4.08	$\pm$ 0.21	$\pm$ 0.77
Signal $m_H = 130 \text{ GeV}$	3.28	$\pm$ 0.17	$\pm$ 0.62

# Boosted VH with $H \rightarrow bb$



- Alternative to inclusive channels: search for high-p<sub>T</sub> Higgs to bb:
  - J. M. Butterworth, A. R. Davison, M. Rubin, and G. P. Salam, Phys. Rev. Lett. 100 (2008) 242001, arXiv:0802.2470 [hep-ph]
- $p_T^H > 200\text{GeV} \approx 5\%$  of inclusive cross section but improved significance
- Select  $W \rightarrow l\nu$  events and search for a  $H \rightarrow bb$  jet
  1. Search for high-p<sub>T</sub> jet (Cambridge-Aachen algorithm,  $R=1.2$ )
  2. Search jet clustering history in reverse and look for large mass drop
  3. Re-cluster with small R parameter to find sub jets
- Peak consistent with  $W \rightarrow jj$  in  $t\bar{t}$  events
- Proof of principle for future analysis

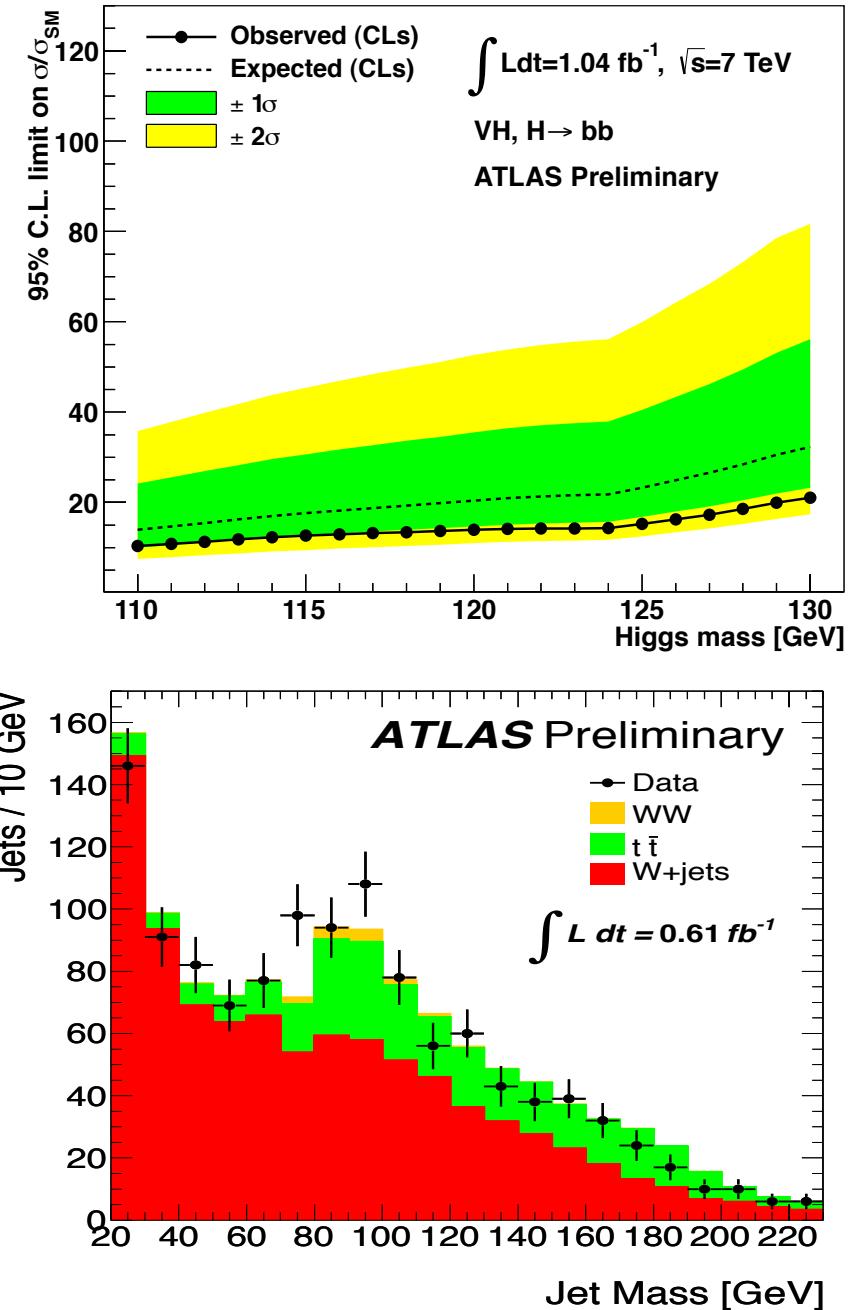
See talk by D.Miller in QCD yesterday



# Conclusions & Outlook

- First direct search for  $H \rightarrow bb$  at the LHC in WH and ZH channels
- Combined sensitivity to  $\approx 10\text{-}20$ x Standard Model
- Room for improvement!
  - Reduce systematics
  - New channels to explore
  - Multivariate analyses
  - Lots of data expected!
- Proof of principle for boosted Higgs analysis
- **Watch this space!**

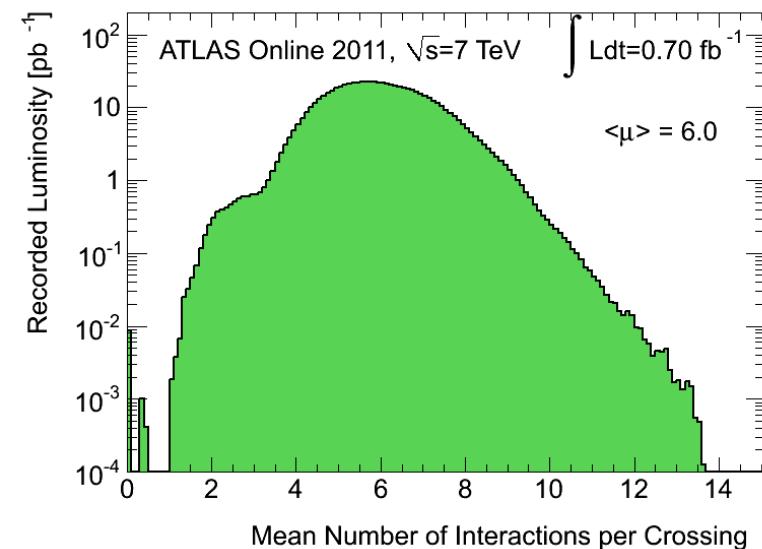
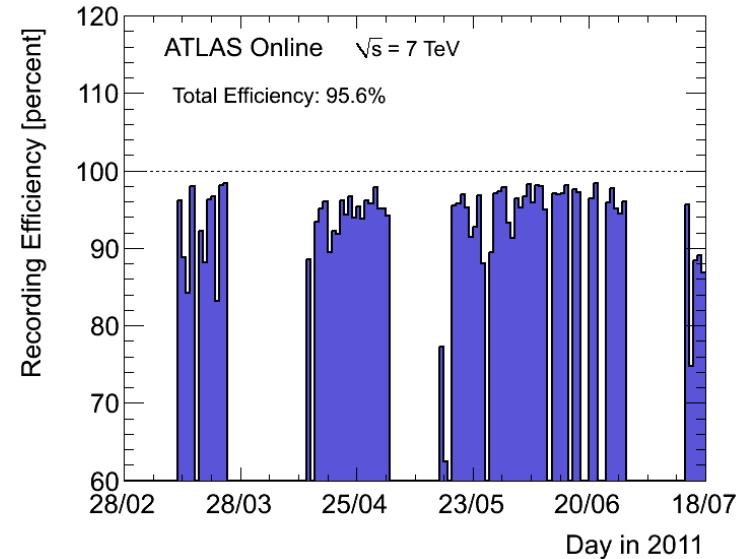
Ref.: ATLAS-CONF-2011-103



# BACKUP

# ATLAS & LHC: Efficiency and Pileup

- Very good ATLAS performance
    - Data-taking efficiency above 95%
  - Luminosity-weighted distribution of the mean number of interactions per crossing for 2011
  - Calculated from the instantaneous luminosity as:
- $$\mu = L \times \sigma_{\text{inel}} / (n_{\text{bunch}} \times f_r)$$
- $L$ : instantaneous luminosity
  - $\sigma_{\text{inel}}$  : inelastic cross section (71.5 mb)
  - $n_{\text{bunch}}$ : number of colliding bunches
  - $f_r$ : LHC revolution frequency
- Entries at  $\mu \approx 0$  from pilot bunches
  - See: arXiv:1101.2185



# Monte Carlo Samples

Process	Generator	$\sigma \times BR$
$WH$	PYTHIA	See Tab. 1
$ZH$	PYTHIA	See Tab. 1
$W \rightarrow \ell\nu$	ALPGEN	10.46 nb [36, 37]
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \ell\ell$	ALPGEN, PYTHIA	
$m_{\ell\ell} > 40$ GeV		1.07 nb [36, 38]
$m_{\ell\ell} > 60$ GeV		0.989 nb [36, 38]
$WW$	MC@NLO+gg2WW	46.23 pb [32, 33]
$WW \rightarrow l\nu qq$	HERWIG	46.23 pb [32, 33]
$WZ$	MC@NLO	
$66 < m_{\ell\ell} < 116$ GeV		18.0 pb [33]
$ZZ$	MC@NLO, PYTHIA	
$66 < m_{\ell\ell} < 116$ GeV		5.96 pb [33]
Top quark		
$t\bar{t}$	MC@NLO	164.6 pb [39]
$t$ -channel	MC@NLO	58.7 pb [33]
$s$ -channel	MC@NLO	3.94 pb [33]
$Wt$ -channel	MC@NLO	13.1 pb [33]
$b\bar{b} \rightarrow \mu\mu$	PYTHIA	73.9 nb
$c\bar{c} \rightarrow \mu\mu$	PYTHIA	28.4 nb

Table 2: Monte Carlo programs used for modeling signal and background processes and the cross-sections times branching ratio (BR) used to normalize the different processes. Branching ratios correspond to the decays shown. Where two generators are given the second is used to estimate systematic uncertainties.

- Common event selection:

	$ZH \rightarrow \ell\ell b\bar{b}$	$WH \rightarrow \ell\nu b\bar{b}$
<b>Trigger</b>	single/dilepton	single lepton
<b>Primary vertex</b>	primary vertex with $> 3$ tracks	
<b>Number of leptons</b>	exactly two	exactly one
<b>Invariant/transverse mass</b>	$76 < m_{ll} < 106$ GeV	$m_T > 40$ GeV
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} < 50$ GeV	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 25$ GeV
<b>Jets</b>	at least two	exactly two
<b>b-tagged jets</b>	exactly two	exactly two

- Lepton Identification:
- Jet reconstruction:

	$ZH \rightarrow \ell\ell b\bar{b}$		$WH \rightarrow \ell\nu b\bar{b}$	
	<i>e</i> channel	<i>μ</i> channel	<i>e</i> channel	<i>μ</i> channel
<b>Kinematic cuts</b>	$E_T^e > 20$ GeV $ \eta_{\text{cluster}}^e  < 2.47$	$P_T^\mu > 20$ GeV $ \eta^\mu  < 2.5$	$E_T^e > 25$ GeV $ \eta_{\text{cluster}}^e  < 2.47$	$P_T^\mu > 25$ GeV $ \eta^\mu  < 2.4$
<b>impact parameter</b>	$ d_0  < 1$ mm $ z_0  < 10$ mm		$ d_0  < 0.1$ mm $ z_0  < 10$ mm	
<b>Track isolation</b>	$\sum_{\text{tracks}} P_T^{\text{track}}(\Delta R < 0.2) / p_T^\mu < 0.1$			

<b>Constituents</b>	Topological jets
<b>Identification</b>	Anti- $K_T$ $R = 0.4$
<b>Kinematic cuts</b>	$P_T^{\text{jet}} > 25$ GeV $ \eta^{\text{jet}}  < 2.5$
<b>Pile-Up conditions</b>	$ JVF  > 0.75$

# Detector related uncertainties

Source of Uncertainty	Treatment in analysis
Jet Energy Scale (JES) [61]	2 – 7% as a function of $p_T$ and $\eta$
Jet Pile-up Uncertainty	2 – 7% as a function of $p_T$ and $\eta$
b-quark Energy Scale	2.5%
Jet Energy Resolution [62]	5 – 12%
Electron Selection Efficiency	0.7 – 3% as a function of $p_T$ , 0.4 – 6% as a function of $\eta$
Electron Trigger Efficiency	0.4 – 1% as a function of $\eta$
Electron Reconstruction Efficiency	0.7 – 1.8% as a function of $\eta$
Electron Energy Scale	0.1 – 6% as a function of $\eta$ , pileup, material effects etc.
Electron Energy Resolution	Sampling term 20%, a small constant term has a large variation with $\eta$
Muon Selection Efficiency	0.2 – 3% as a function of $p_T$
Muon Trigger Efficiency	< 1%
Muon Momentum Scale	2 – 16% $\eta$ -dependent systematic on scale
Muon Momentum Resolution	$p_T$ and $\eta$ -dependent resolution smearing functions, systematic $\leq 1\%$
$b$ -tagging Efficiency	5 – 14% as a function of $p_T$
$b$ -tagging Mis-tag Fraction	8 – 12% as a function of $p_T$ and $\eta$
Missing Transverse Energy	Add/subtract object uncertainties in $E_T^{\text{miss}}$

# Normalization Systematic Uncertainties

Source of Uncertainty	Treatment in analysis	
	ZH	WH
Luminosity	3.7%	3.7%
Higgs cross-section	5%	5%
Background norm. and shape:		
Top	9%	6%
Z+jets	11% plus shape	11%
W+jets	negligible	14% plus shapes
ZZ	11%	negligible
WZ	11%	11%
WW	negligible	11%
QCD multijets	100%	50%