

The Supersymmetric Higgs bounds at the Tevatron and LHC

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XLVIth Rencontres de Moriond:
Electroweak Interactions and Unified Theories

(based on: J.B. and A. Djouadi, JHEP 1103 (2011) 055 [arXiv:1012.0530]
J.B. and A. Djouadi, arXiv:1012.2748)



Introduction

Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model (MSSM)

Promising extension of the Standard Model (SM) which protects Higgs mass from SM quadratically divergent corrections $\delta M_H \sim \frac{m_t^2 \Lambda^2}{8\pi} \Rightarrow \frac{m_t^2 M_{\text{SUSY}}^2}{8\pi}$

Higgs spectrum

- Anomalies cancellation requires **2 Higgs doublets** ; Higgs spectrum after electroweak symmetry breaking:

2 CP-even h, H , 1 CP-odd A , 1 charged H^\pm Higgses

$$2 \text{ vev } v_1, v_2, \text{ new parameter } \tan \beta = \frac{v_1}{v_2}$$

- In MSSM benchmark scenarios, $h(H)$ SM-like, $H(h)$ A -like
 $\Rightarrow \Phi = A, H(h)$ with same mass, same couplings, same production and decays

Calculation overview for Higgses production

Central cross section

- b -processes dominant at relevant $\tan \beta > 10$:
only b -loop in gg fusion, $b\bar{b}$ fusion comes into the game
- SUSY Δ_b contribution to $\Phi b\bar{b}$ -coupling neglected (cancel out in $\sigma \times \text{BR}$)
- Numerical results presented with $\tan \beta = 1 \Rightarrow$ multiply by $2 \tan^2 \beta$ for actual value

Standard QCD theoretical uncertainties

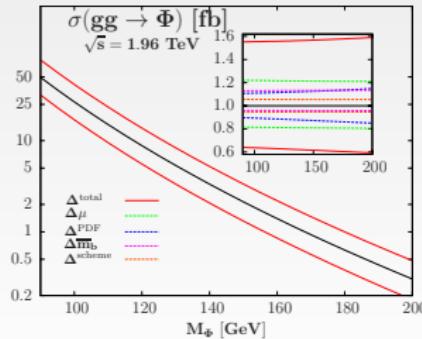
- scale variation $\frac{1}{\kappa} \mu_0 \leq \mu_R, \mu_F \leq \kappa \mu_0$, μ_0 as central scale
- PDF+ $\Delta^{\text{exp+th}}$ α_S uncertainties (equivalent to MSTW PDF4LHC recommendation)
- m_b uncertainties: $\Delta \bar{m}_b$, m_b renormalisation scheme, m_b impact on PDFs



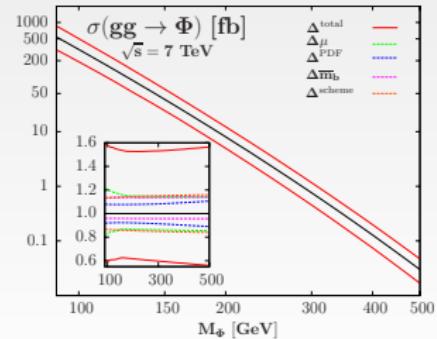
MSSM $gg \rightarrow \phi$ production

- Calculation done at NLO only (no b-loop NNLO calculation available)
[M. Spira et al, Nucl. Phys. B 453 (1995)]
- Central scale $\mu_0 = \frac{1}{2} M_H$, scale variation with $\kappa = 2$
- m_b uncertainties important (mainly m_b renormalisation scheme)

Tevatron: $\sim +58\%, -40\%$.



IHC: $\sim +53\%, -38\%$



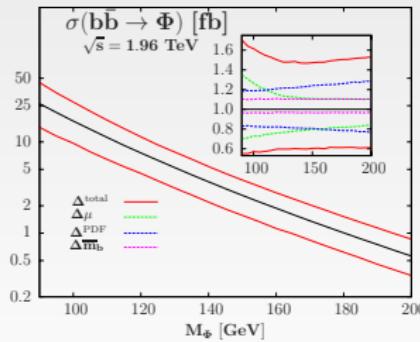
MSSM $b\bar{b} \rightarrow \phi$ production

- Process known at NNLO, central scale $\mu_0 = \frac{1}{4} M_H$

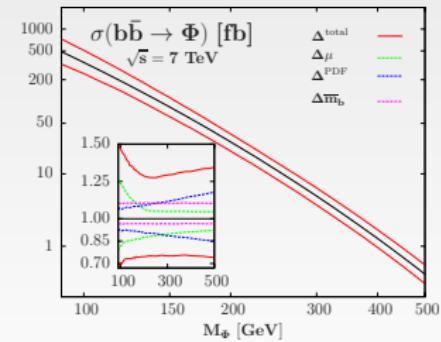
[R. Harlander and W. Kilgore, Phys. Rev. D 68 (2003) 013001]

- Scale variation with $\Rightarrow \kappa = 3$ (include m_b renormalisation scheme)

Tevatron: $\sim +50\%, -40\%$



IHC: $\sim +40\%, -30\%$



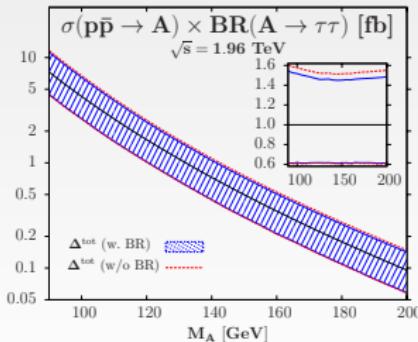
Combinaison of the two channels and with Higgs decay

Add the decay $A \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ and combining the two production channels together

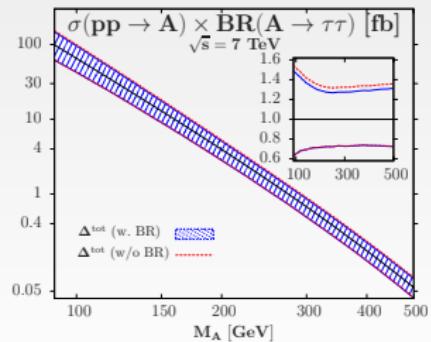
Addition of production channels weighted according to their importance

m_b —uncertainties between production and decay anti-correlated:
nearly vanish during the combinaison

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IHC: $\sim +35\%, -30\%$

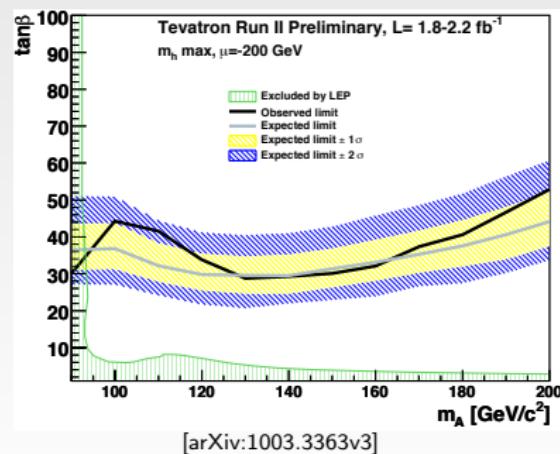
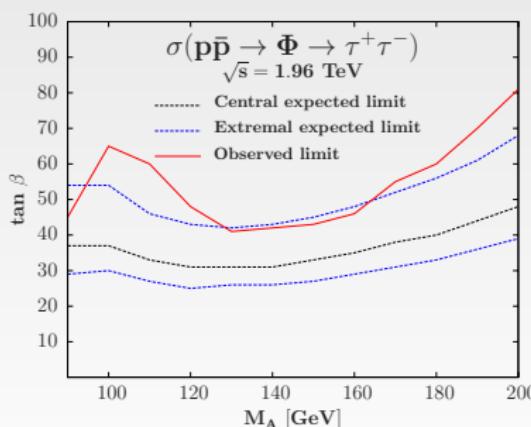


Limits on the MSSM parameter space

$p\bar{p} \rightarrow \Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ gives limits on the $\tan\beta - M_A$ parameter space

- Some parametric uncertainties (Δm_b , etc..) cancel out in $\sigma \times \text{BR}$
- Limits model dependent (Δ_b^{SUSY}) cancel out in $\sigma \times \text{BR}$

Theoretical uncertainties extremely important:



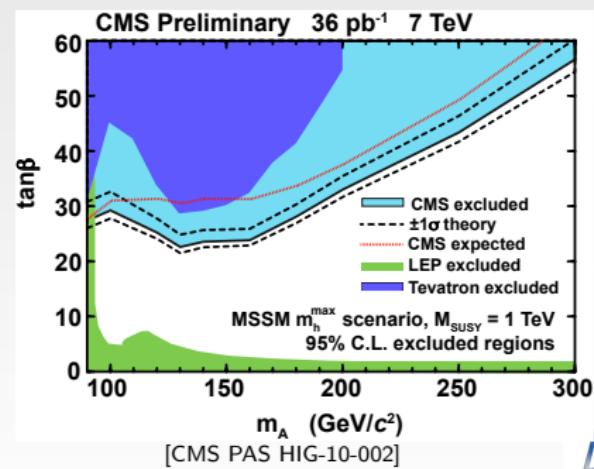
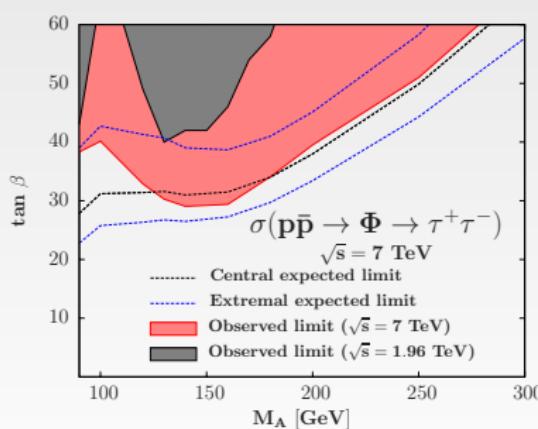
With theoretical uncertainties, $\tan\beta > 45$ excluded

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Theoretical uncertainties extremely important:



With theoretical uncertainties, $\tan\beta > 29$ excluded

Summary and conclusion

Higgs production in the MSSM:

- The Higgs mechanism is a key point in the understanding of the electroweak symmetry breaking, hence a quest of utmost importance for particle physics
- Higgs production enhanced in the MSSM: more chances to find the elusive particle
- **Theoretical uncertainties have to be included ; ours reopen a large part of the $\tan \beta - M_A$ parameter space excluded by CDF/D0**
- At the IHC it opens a small part of the parameter space excluded by CMS (see their theory uncertainty)

Scale uncertainty in $b\bar{b}$ fusion

Two reasons why use $\kappa = 3$ for scale variation interval:

- Put in the calculation the renormalisation scheme uncertainty on m_b
- Process unstable against scale variation: use the compromise of $\kappa = 3$ with the restriction $\frac{1}{\kappa} \leq \frac{\mu_R}{\mu_F} \leq \kappa$ (see also LHCHXSWG, arXiv:1101.0593)

