

Search for Low Mass Higgs Boson at the Tevatron

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On behalf of the
CDF and DØ collaborations

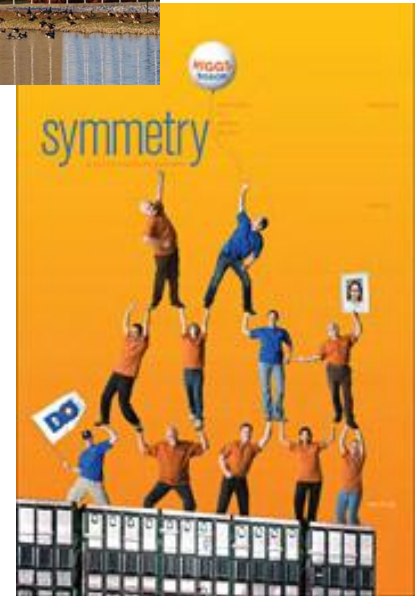


46th Rencontres de Moriond (Electroweak)

La Thuile, 3/14/2011

Outline

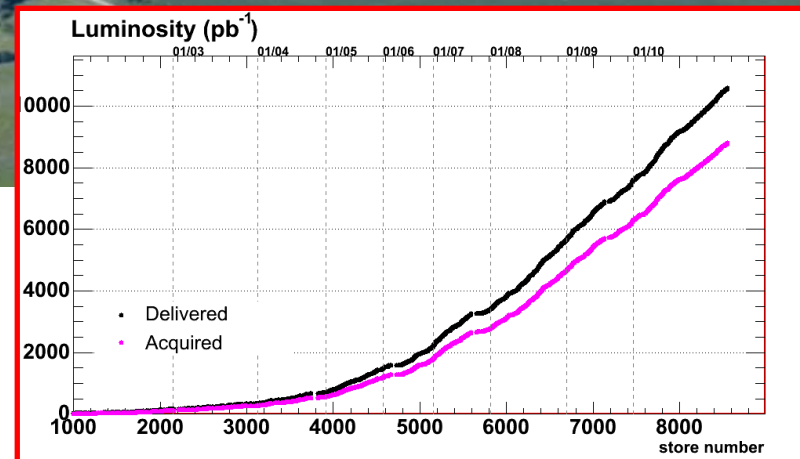
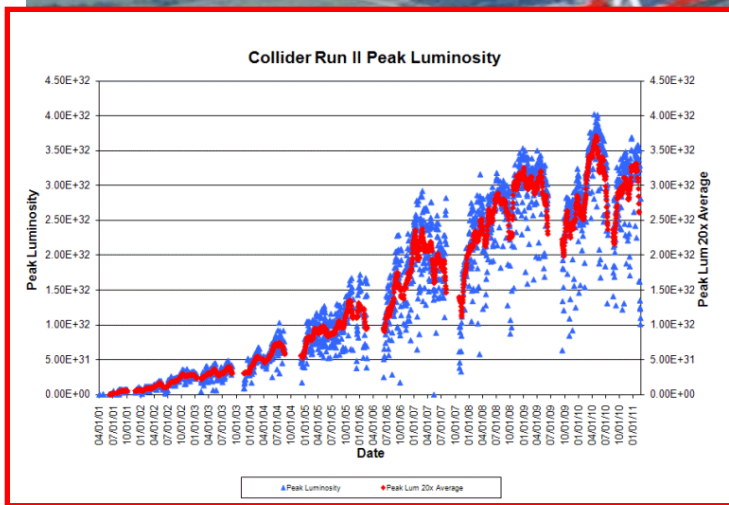
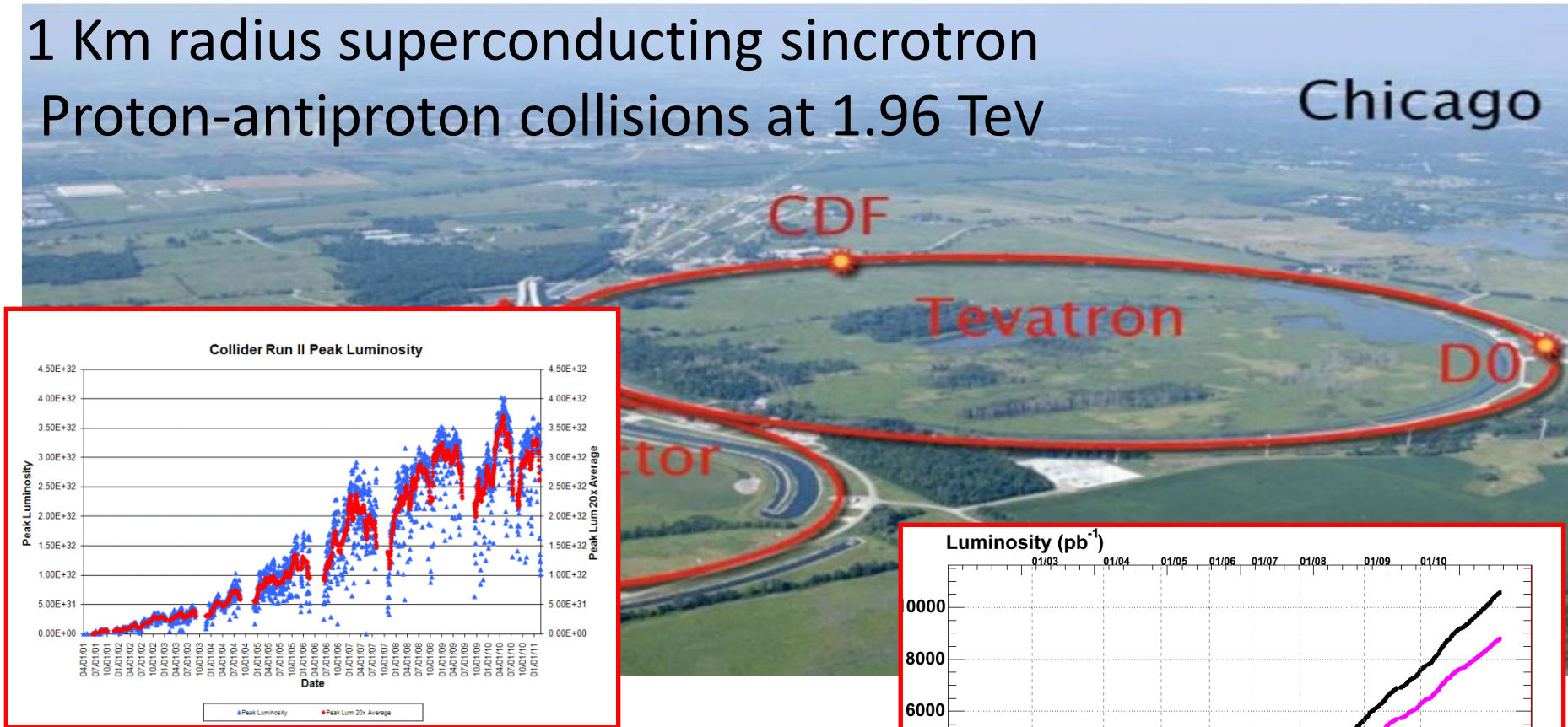
- The Tevatron collider
- The CDF and D0 detectors
- Low Mass Higgs searches at Tevatron: State of the Art
- Strategies for improvements
- Latest results and prospects for the near future



The Tevatron

1 Km radius superconducting sincrotron
Proton-antiproton collisions at 1.96 TeV

Chicago

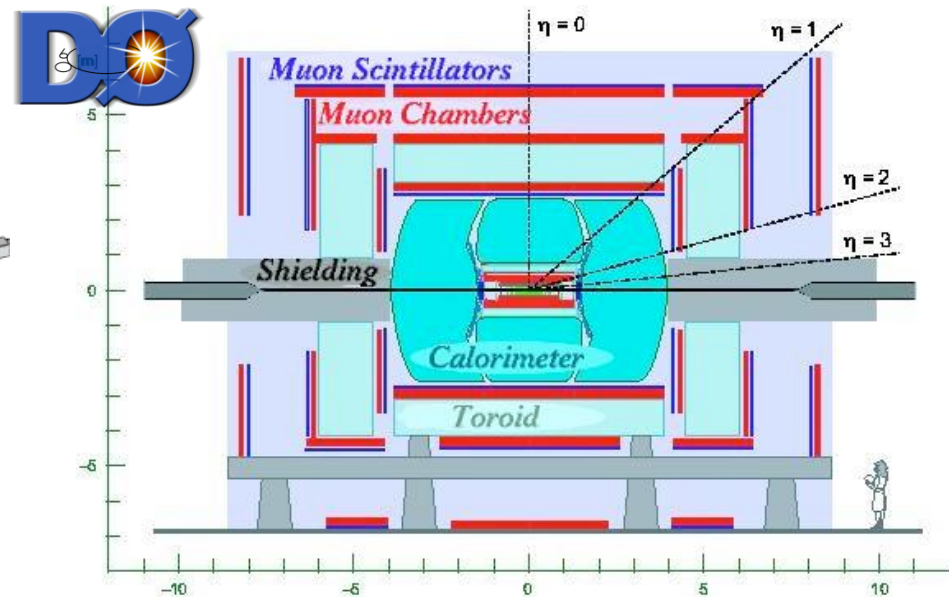
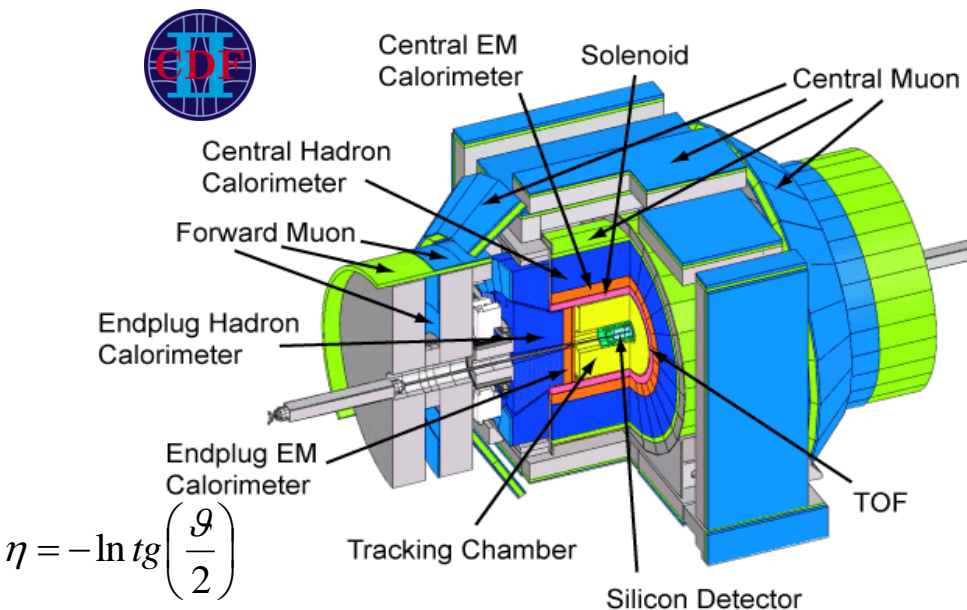


- peak luminosity $4 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$;
- Delivering $\sim 60 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{week}$
- Over 10 fb^{-1} delivered per experiment

CDF and D0 detectors

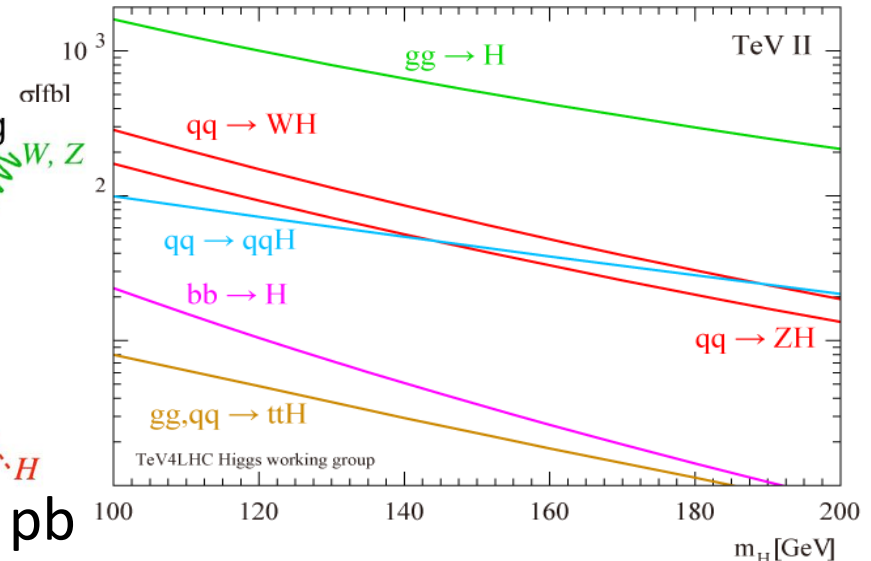
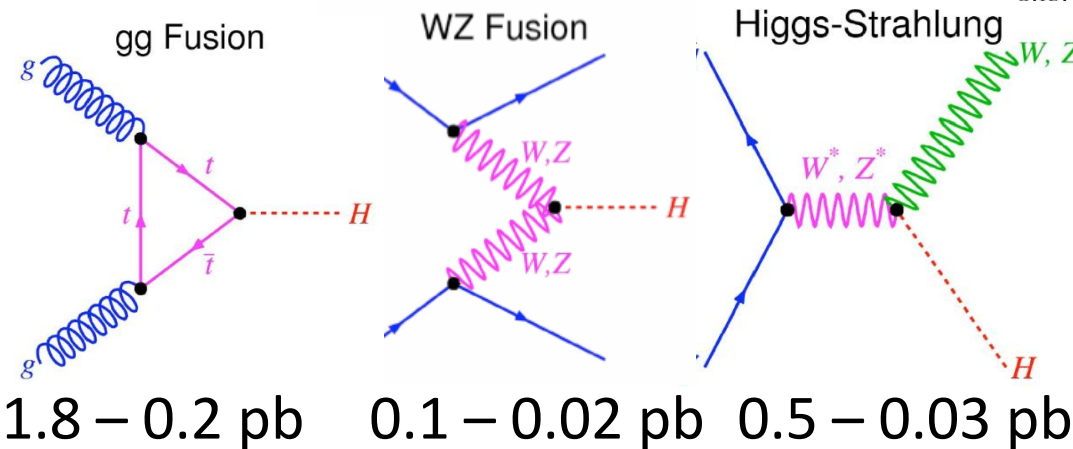
General purpose detectors, axial and forward-backward symmetric

	CDF		D0	
High precision tracking	Silicon Drift cell	$ \eta < 2-2.5$ $ \eta < 1.1$	Silicon Fiber	$ \eta < 3$ $ \eta < 1.7$
EM/HAD calorimeters	Scintillators	$ \eta < 3.6$	LAr/DU	$ \eta < 4$
Muon chambers	Drift/scint	$ \eta < 1.5$	Drift/scint	$ \eta < 2.0$



SM Higgs production and decay

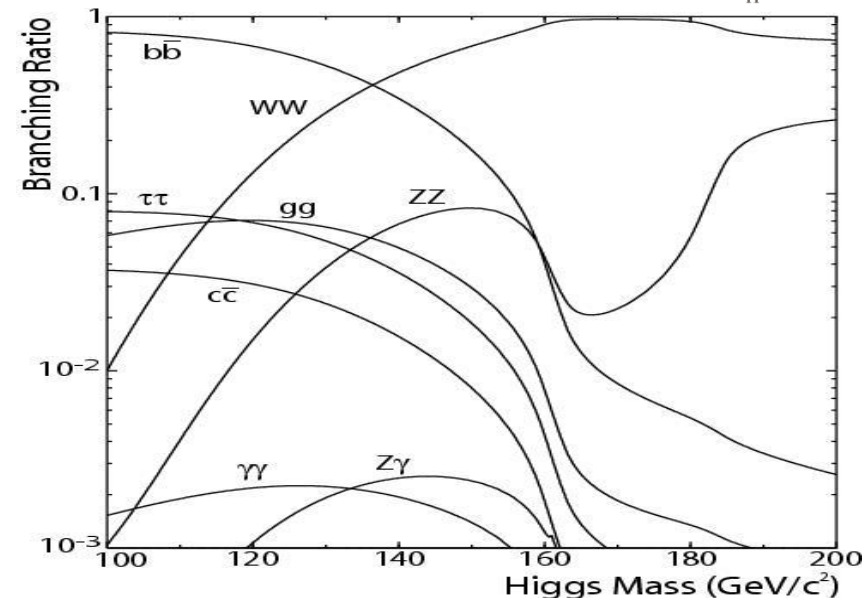
Primary production modes:



Principal decay modes:

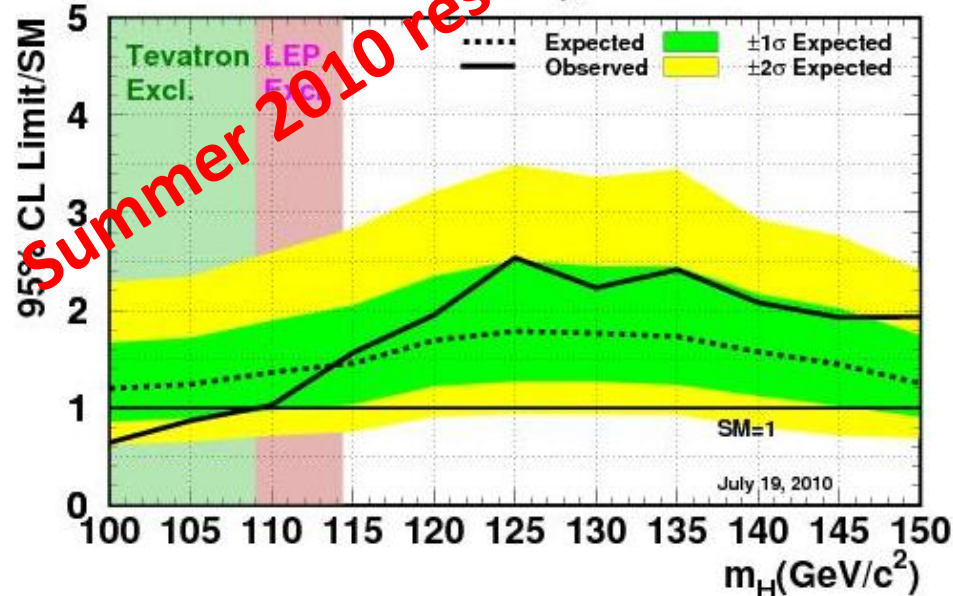
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ for $M_H < 135 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

$H \rightarrow WW^*$ for $M_H > 135 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

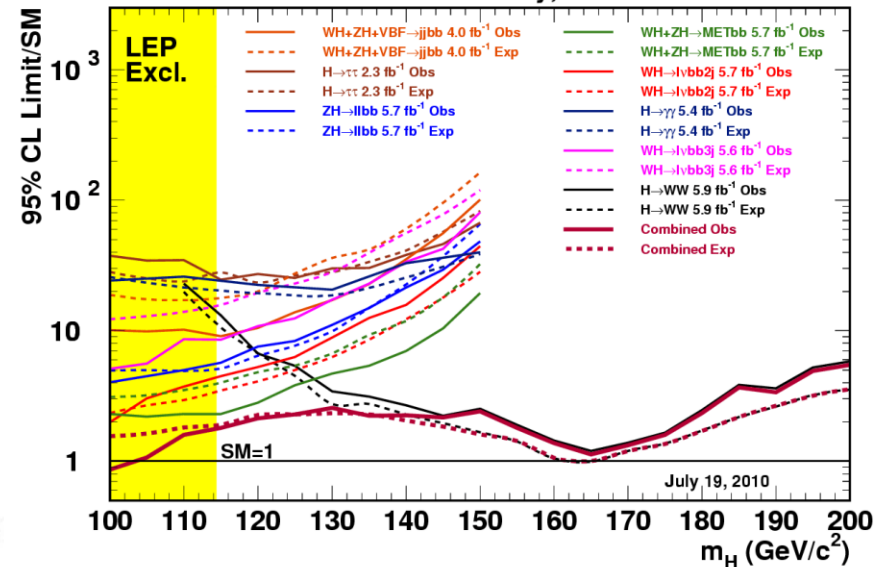


Low Mass Higgs searches: State of the Art

Tevatron Run II Preliminary, $\langle L \rangle = 5.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



CDF Run II Preliminary, $\langle L \rangle = 5.6-5.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



- Combined CDF and D0 searches
- Bayesian and modified frequentist methods for the limit calculation
- **SM Higgs excluded between 100 and 109 GeV/c^2 at 95% C.L.**
- **95% C.L. Limit: 1.45 (1.58) X SM Expected (observed) @ 115 GeV/c^2**

Low Mass Higgs searches: State of the Art

Analyses included in the Summer 2010 Tevatron limit combination

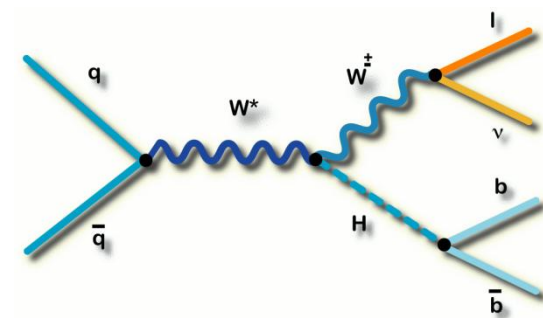
	CDF		D0	
	Lum	Exp. Limit(115 GeV/c ²)	Lum	Exp. Limit (115 GeV/c ²)
WH→lvbb	5.7	3.5	5.3	4.8
ZH→vvbb	5.7	4.0	5.2-6.4	4.2
ZH→llbb	5.7	5.5	4.2-6.2	5.7
VH/VBF→bb jet jet	4.0	17.8		
VBF/VH/ggH→ττ+jets	2.3	24.5	4.9	15.9
H→γγ	4.2	20.8	4.2	18.5
ttH→ttbb			2.1	45.3

Covered up to 6 fb⁻¹ of data

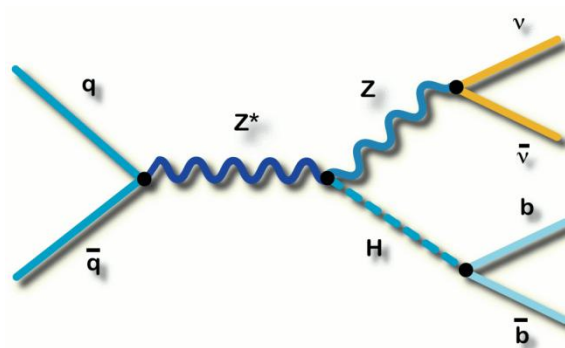
**Many efforts ongoing to extend data luminosity and
improve overall sensitivity**

Main channels: associated production

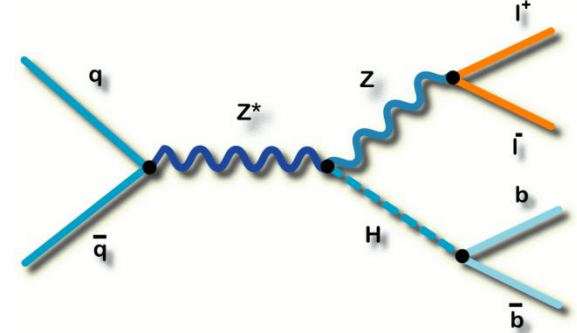
3 dominant final states with comparable sensitivities



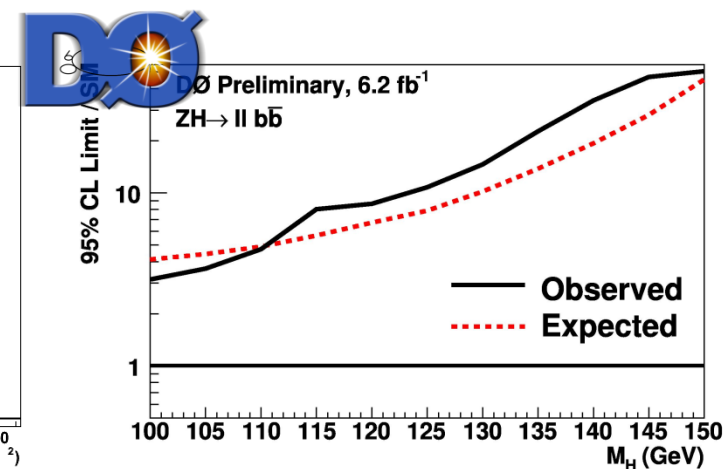
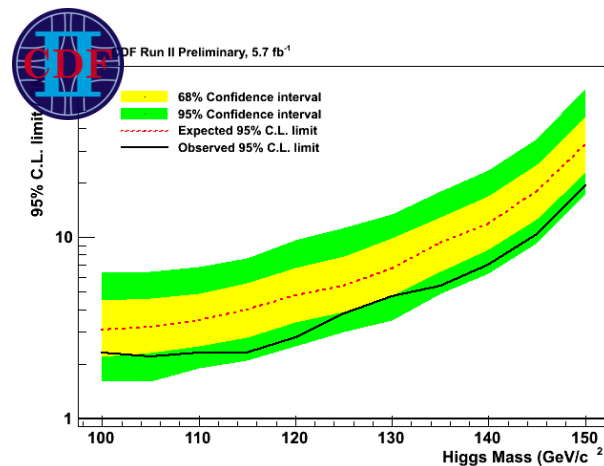
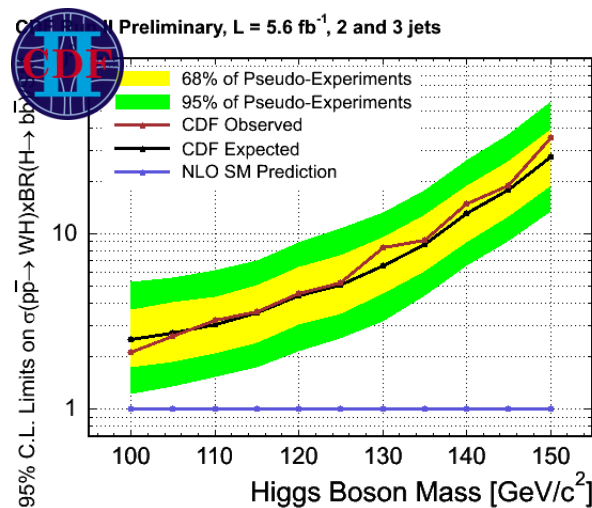
$WH \rightarrow \nu l b \bar{b}$



$ZH \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu} b \bar{b}$



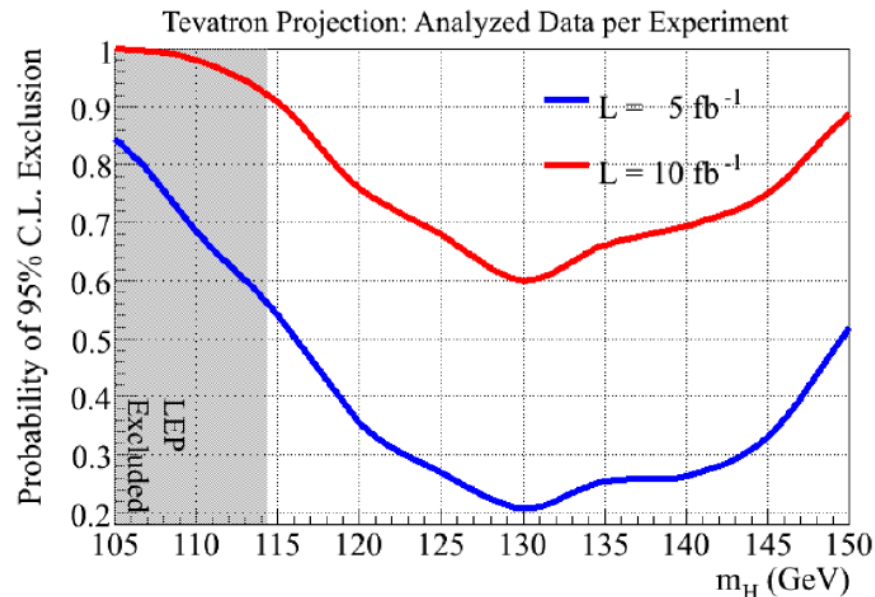
$ZH \rightarrow l \bar{l} b \bar{b}$



TeVatron Prospects

Tevatron will run up to September 2011:

- about 12 fb^{-1} of data delivered per experiment
- about 10 fb^{-1} of data available for the analyses
- **Tevatron could exclude the Higgs in the entire mass range and have a chance for 3 sigma evidence:**

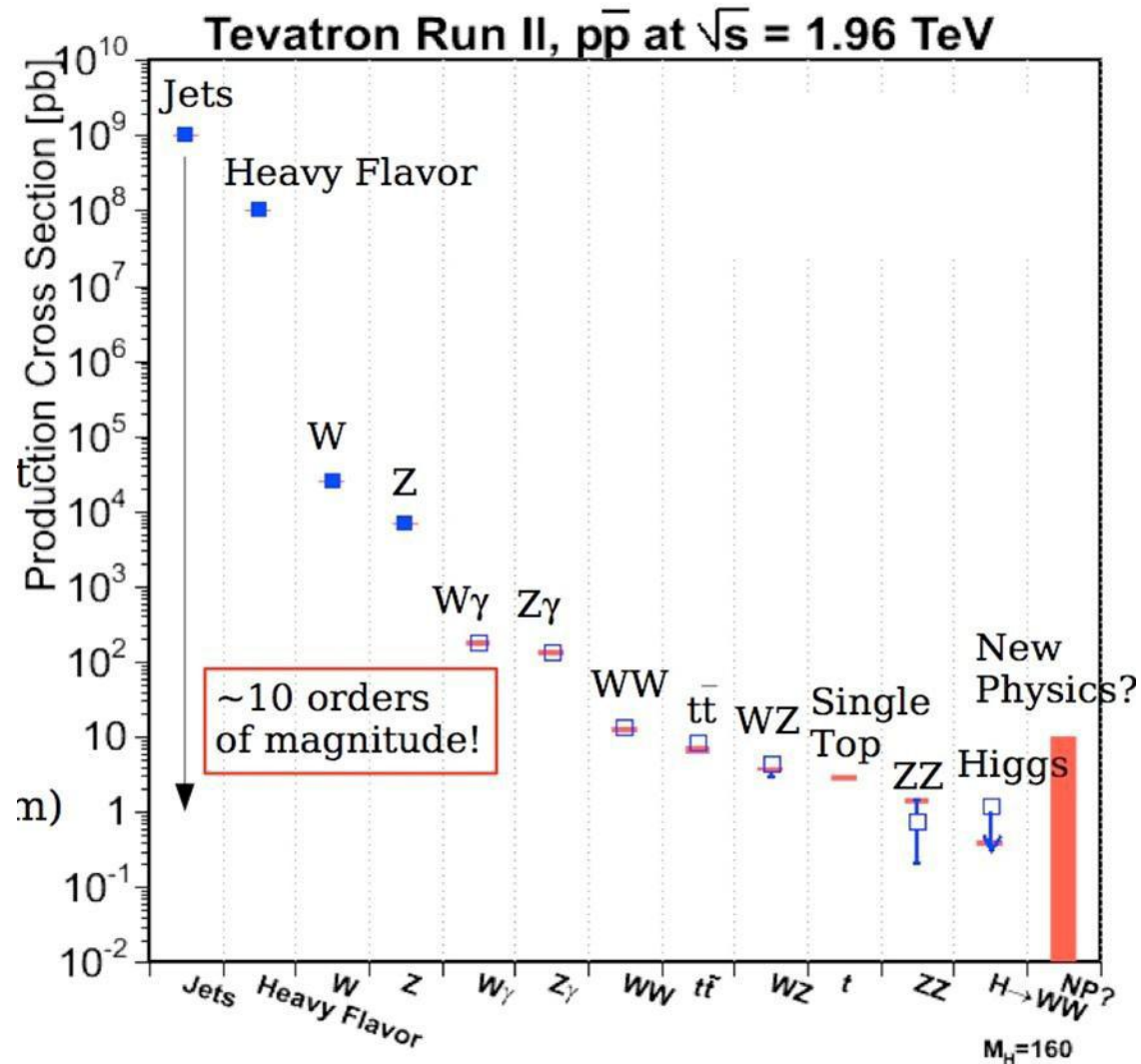


Doubling the statistics is not enough: these results are achievable only with search improvements

The challenge

Higgs searches:

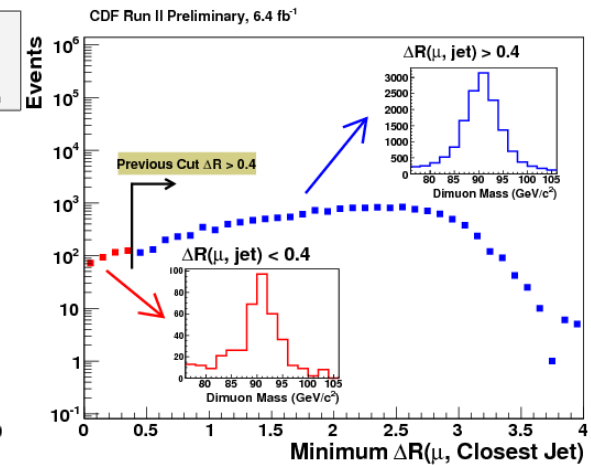
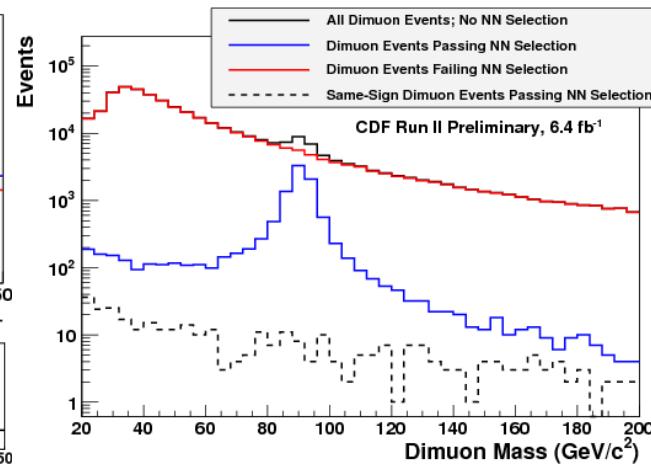
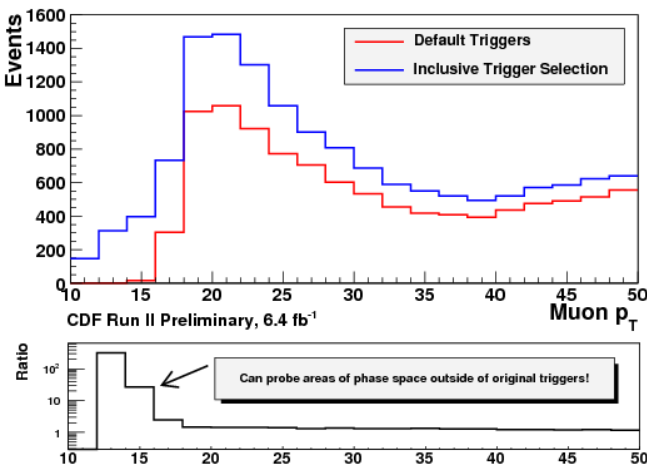
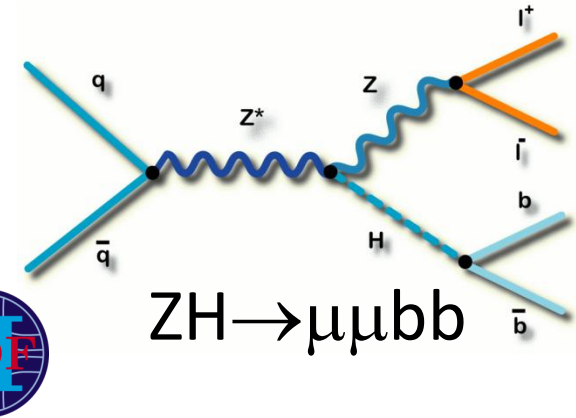
**Look for a very
tiny signal, with
backgrounds
several order of
magnitude larger**



Strategies for search improvements

Maximize the signal acceptance

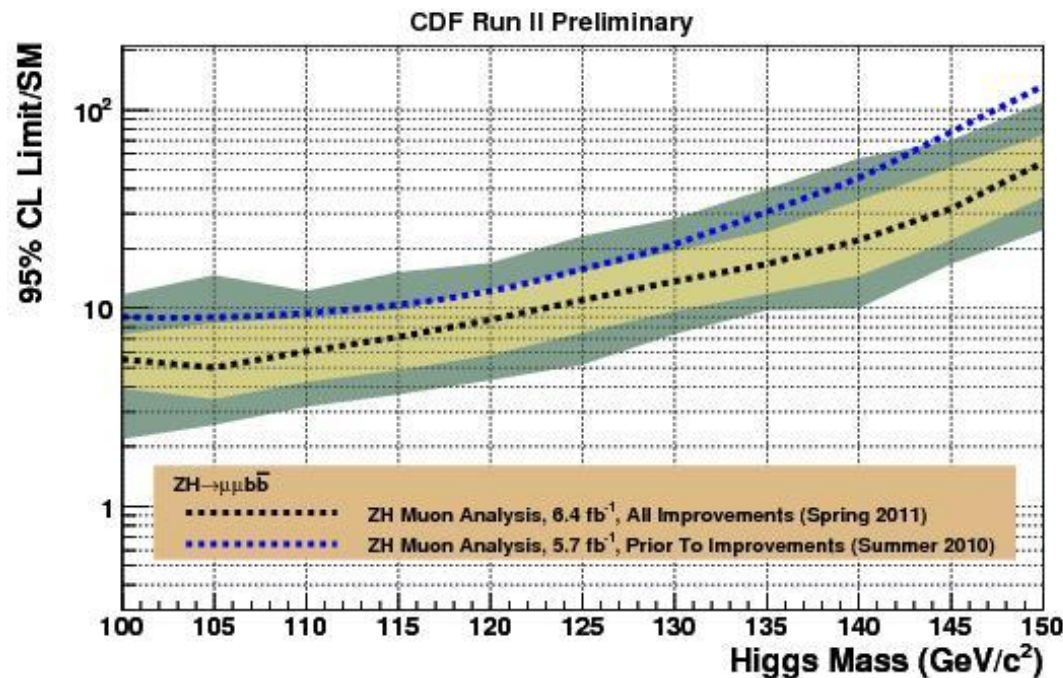
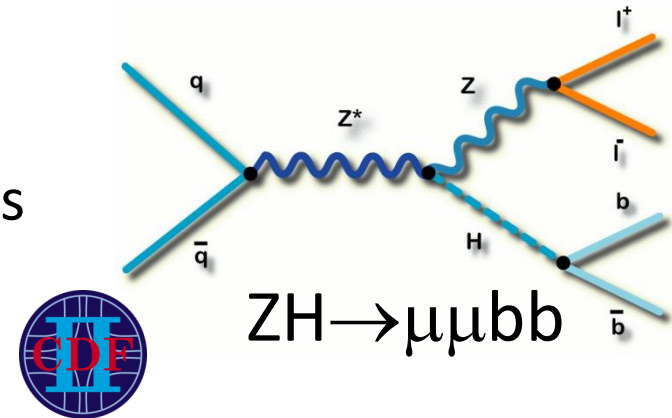
- Including new triggers
- Improving lepton ID: loose pT
- Releasing kinematic cuts
- multivariate selections



Strategies for search improvements

Maximize the signal acceptance

- Including new triggers
- Improving lepton ID: loose pT
multivariate selections
- Releasing kinematic cuts



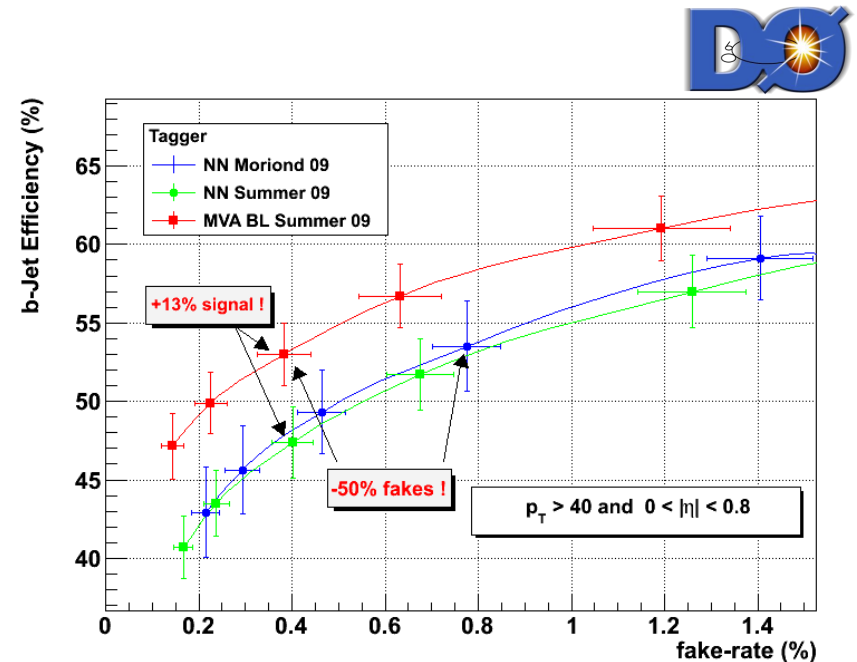
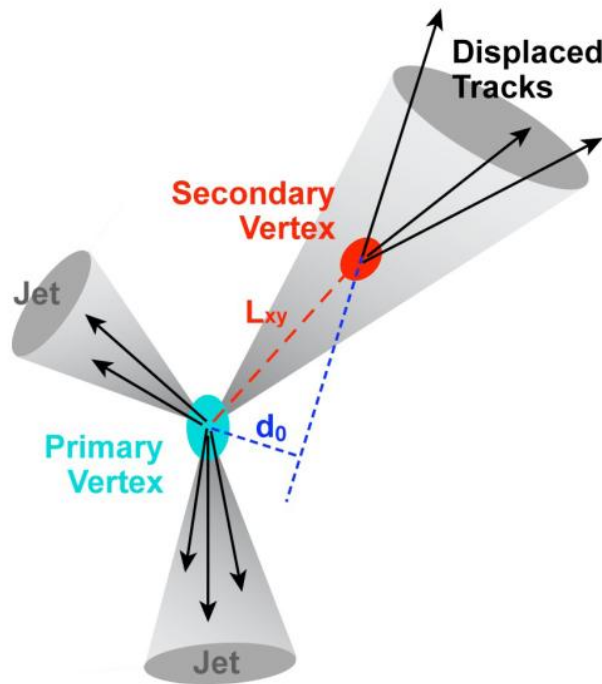
Sensitivity improvements:
from 30% up to 60%

Exp.Limit @115 GeV/c^2
before updates: 10.4
after updates: 7.1

Strategies for search improvements

Reduce W/Z+jets background with b-quark jets identification

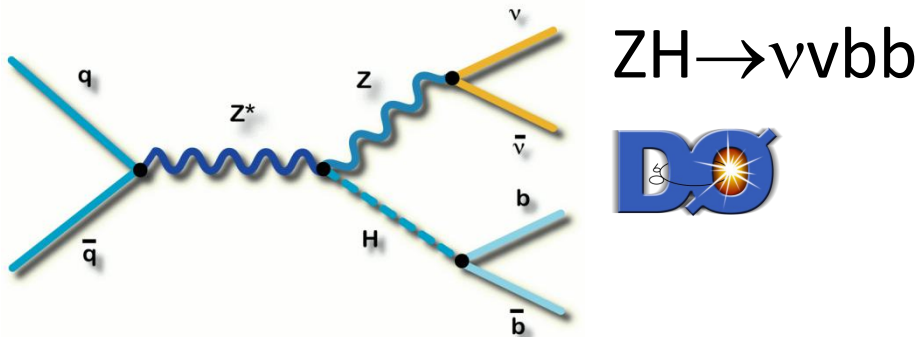
Exploit the long lifetime of B-hadrons: jets with displaced vertexes from the interaction point



- New tagging algorithms
- Different training techniques
- Optimized operating points

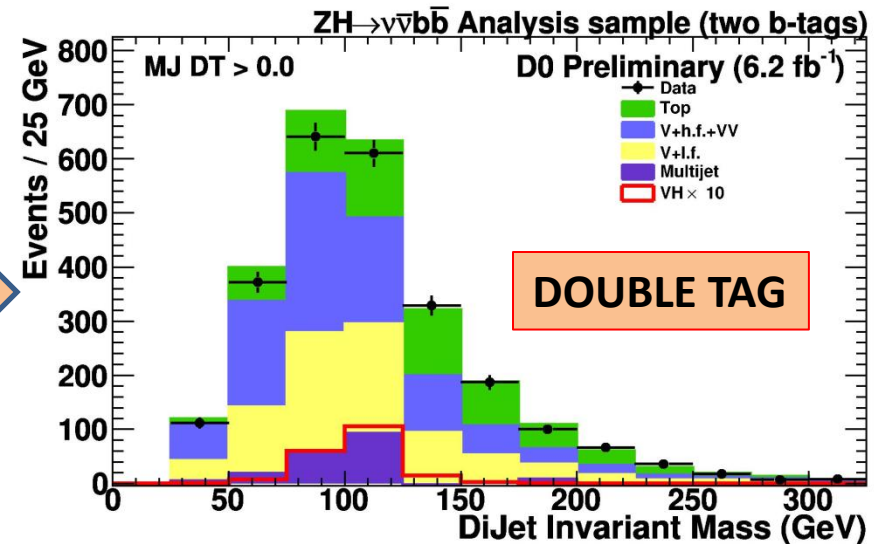
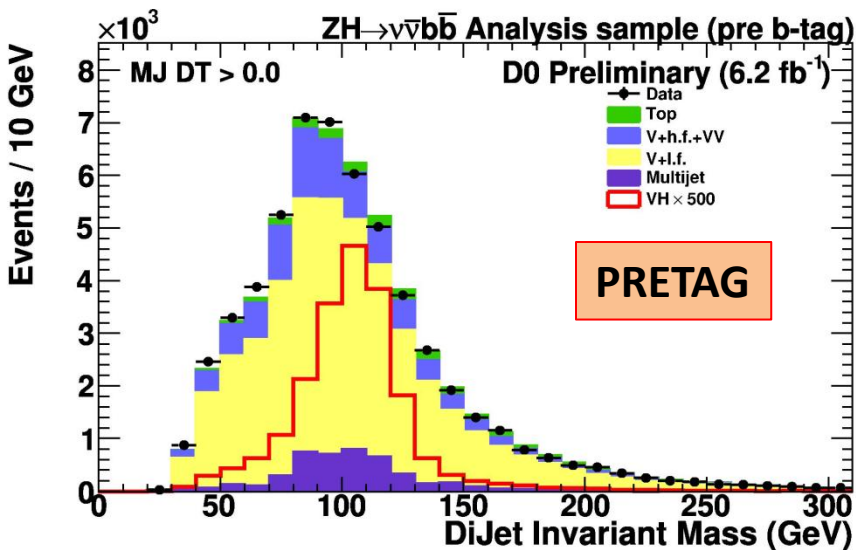
Strategies for search improvements

Reduce W/Z+jets background
with b-quark jets identification



NN replaced by a new MVA tagger

Pre-tag $S/B \sim 10^{-4}$
Two b-tagged jets: $S/B \sim 10^{-2}$

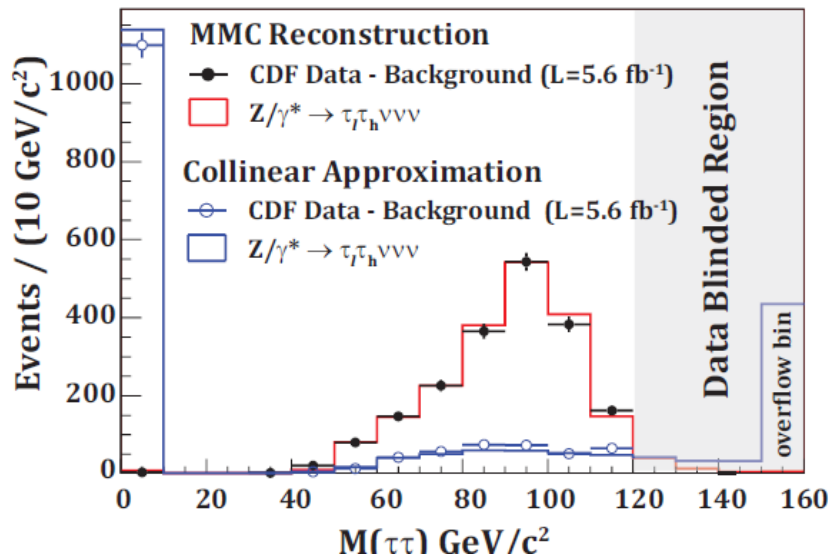
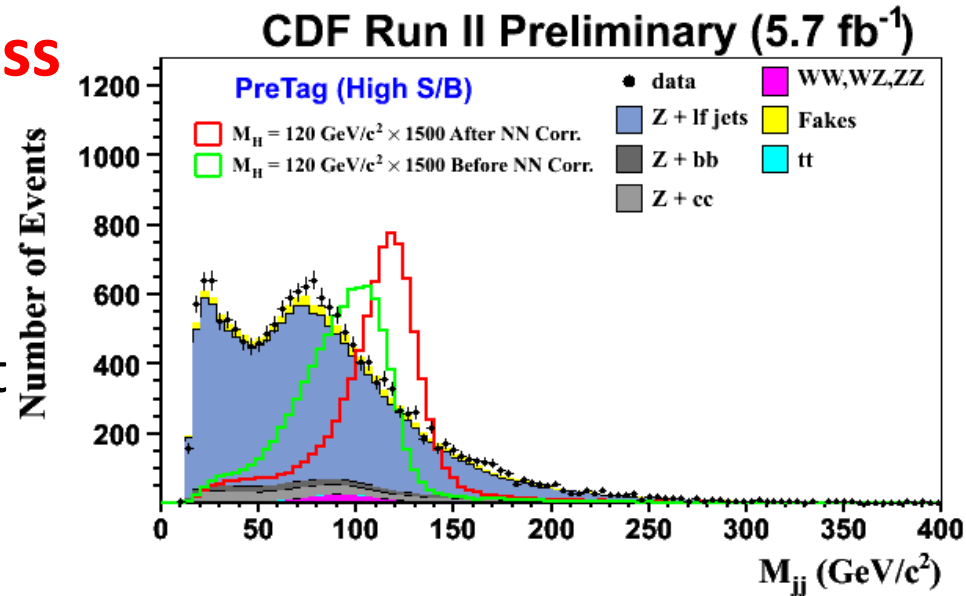


Strategies for search improvements

Improving dijet invariant mass

Implement a **Neural Network**
and exploit all tracking and
calorimeter information

~15% of resolution improvement



Improving di-tau invariant mass

- Difficult, because of the presence of neutrinos
- Recovering the information from missing energy
- Need to separate $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ from $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ resonance peak

Strategies for search improvements

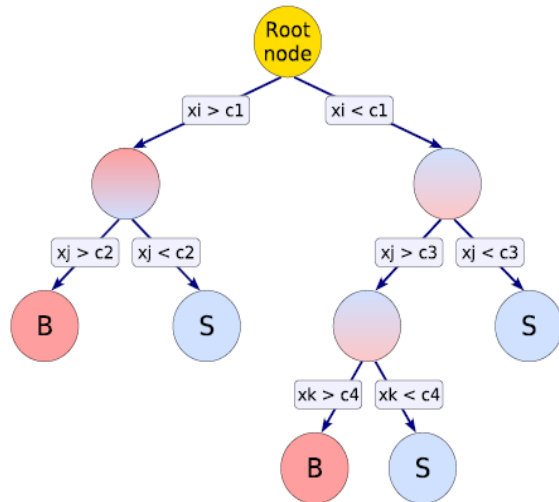
Multivariate techniques: Improve signal vs bkg separation by combining different kinematic variables

MATRIX ELEMENT METHOD

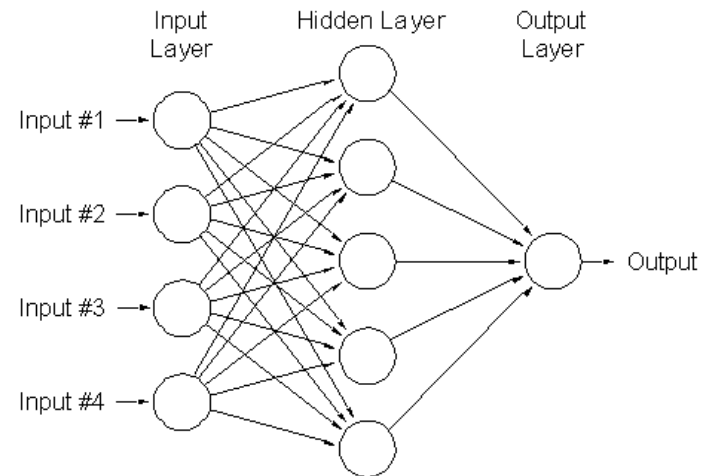
$$P(p_l, p_{jet}) = \frac{1}{\sigma} \int d\rho_{jet} dp_\nu \sum_{\phi_4} |M(p_i)|^2 \frac{f(q_1)f(q_2)}{|q_1||q_2|} W_{jet}(E_{parton}, E_{jet})$$

ME **PDFs** **Transfer functions**

BOOSTED DECISION TREES

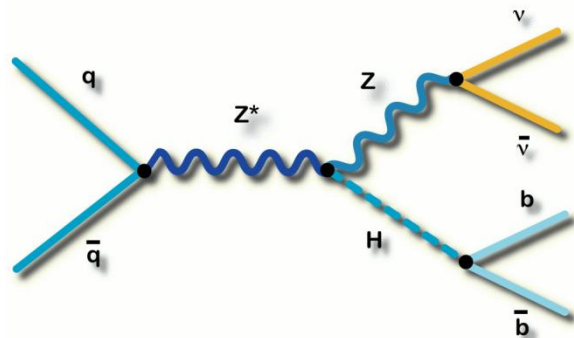


NEURAL NETWORKS

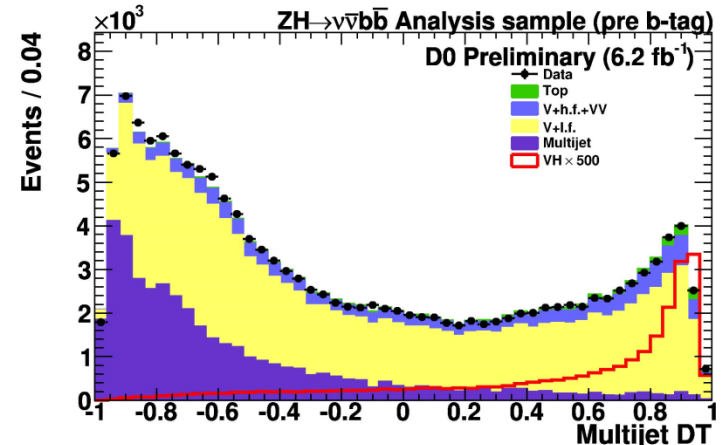


Strategies for search improvements

Multivariate techniques: Improve signal vs bkg separation by combining different kinematic variables

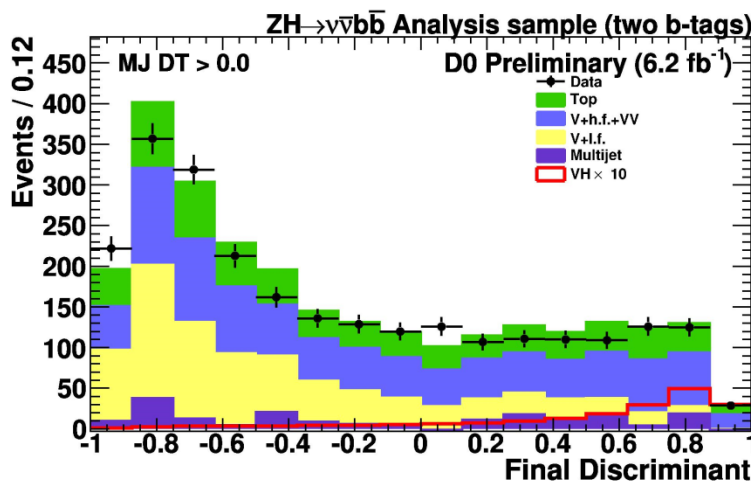


$ZH \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}b\bar{b}$



BDT trained against QCD multijet

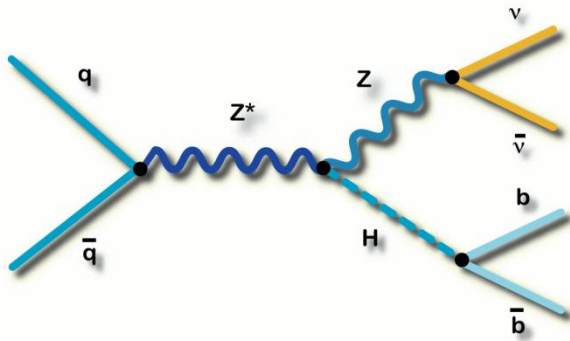
- cut on the output: keep >70% signal
remove >90% QCD



Final discriminant

- After loosening b-tagging operating points use NN b-tagging output as a new BDT input variable

Strategies for search improvements

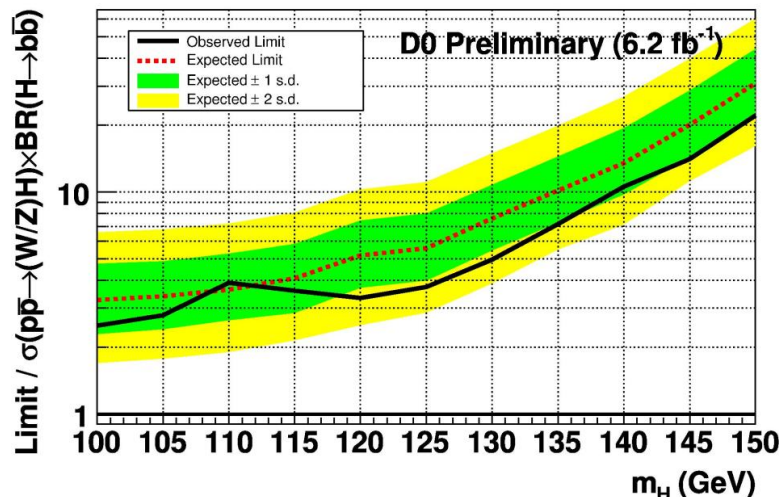


$ZH \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu} b \bar{b}$



- Looser b-tagging selection: acceptance increase
- Optimized multivariate techniques: more statistics for training, new input variables

15% sensitivity improvement






Exp.(obs)Limit @115 GeV/c²:
4.0(3.4) x SM

Strategies for search improvements

Including as many Higgs channels as possible:

- A lot of help in increasing the sensitivity can come from secondary channels, complementary to $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
- Most of the contribution can be provided at the intermediate masses, around $135 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Latest CDF and D0 results are:

	Lum	Exp. Limit($115 \text{ GeV}/c^2$)	Obs. Limit($115 \text{ GeV}/c^2$)
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau + \text{jets}$ 	6.0	15.2	14.6
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau + \text{jets}$ 	4.3	12.8	32.8
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ 	8.2	11.0	19.9

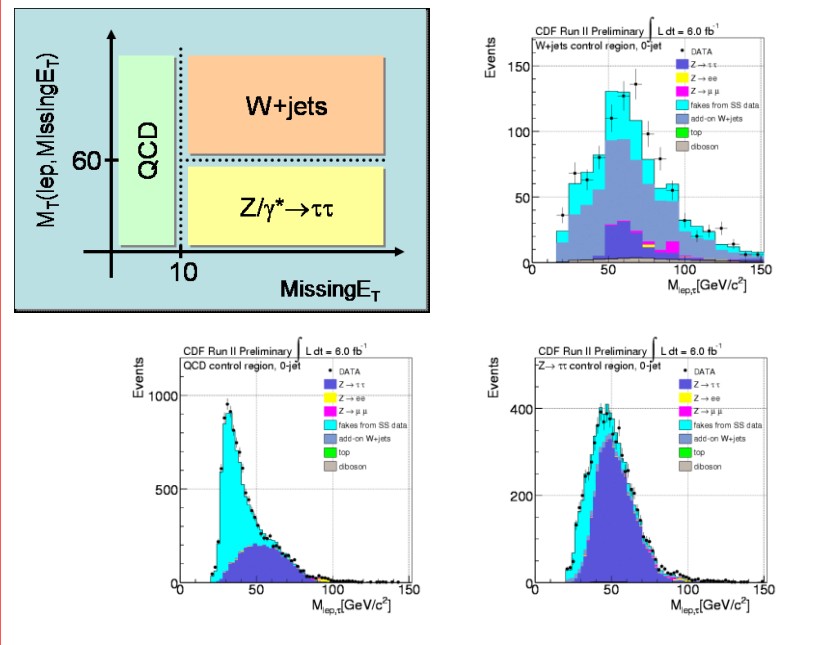
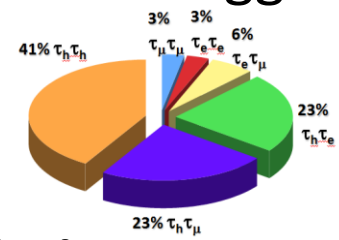
See Kathryn Tschann-Grimm's talk for $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ D0 results

Highest luminosity Higgs search!

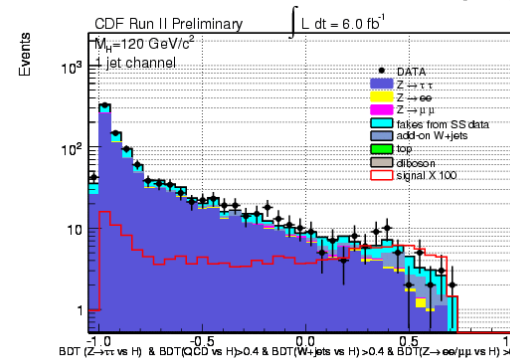
Latest results: $H \rightarrow \tau\tau + \text{jets}$



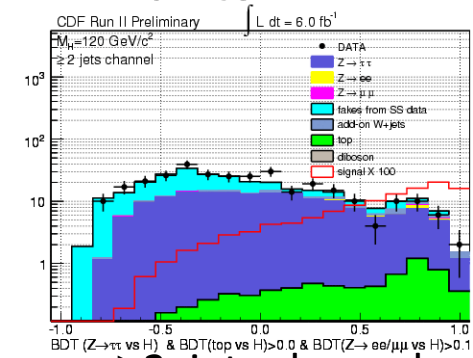
- Different channels simultaneously studied: WH/ZH/VBF and $gg \rightarrow H$
- leptonic+hadronic tau decay considered: 46% B.R.
- 0 jet control samples:



BDT discriminants

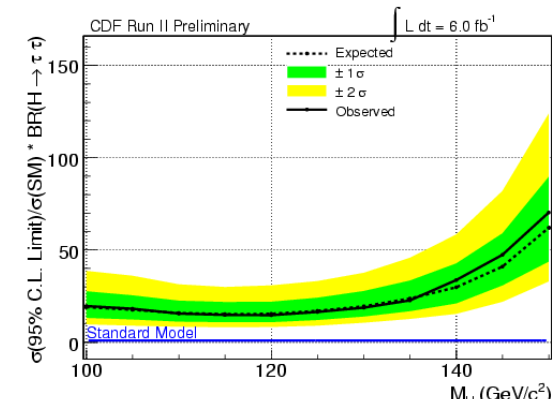


1 jet channel



≥ 2 jets channel

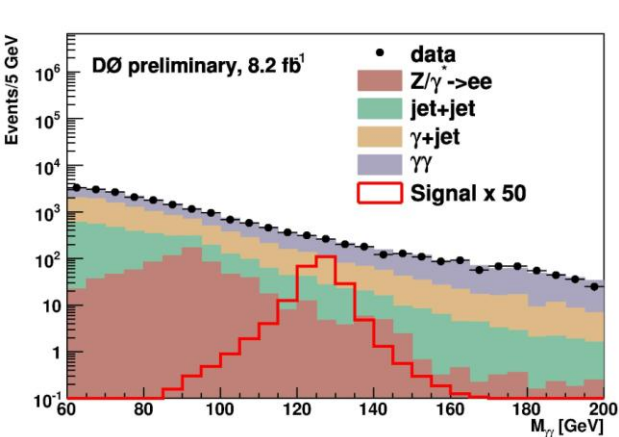
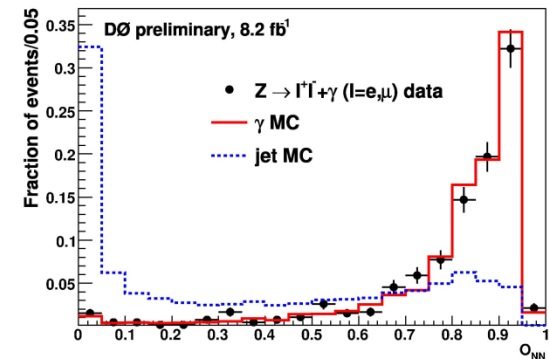
Exp.(obs)Limit @115 GeV/c^2 : 15.3(14.6) X SM



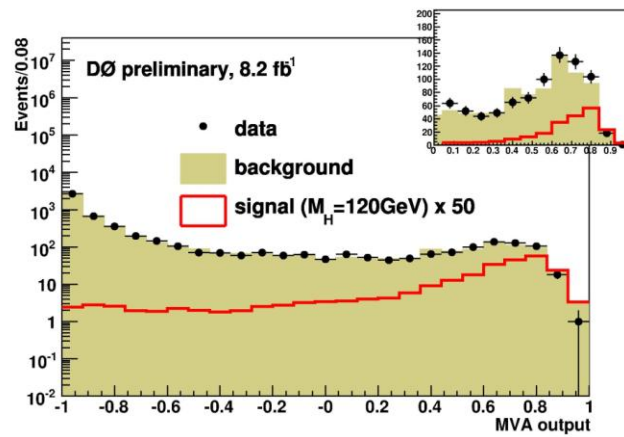
Latest results: $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

Fundamental ingredients of the search:

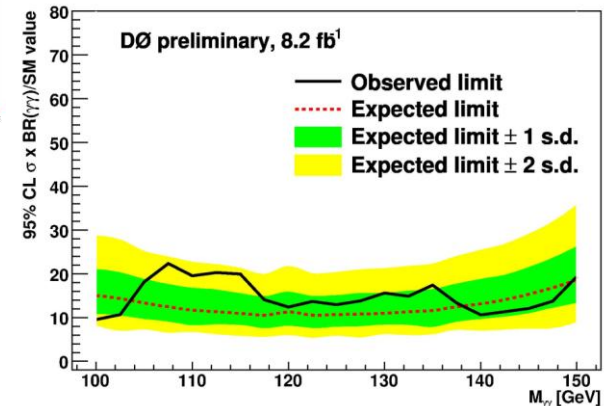
- Calorimeter resolution : up to 2%
- Photon identification: improved by a NN selection



Di-photon mass



BDT discriminant



Exp.(obs)Limit @115 GeV/c²: 11.0(19.9) x SM

Conclusions

- We have presented the current status of the Higgs Tevatron searches in the low mass region
- We have shown the ongoing efforts to increase the analysis' sensitivity
- Current combined expected limit is $1.45 \times \text{S.M. @ } 115 \text{ GeV}/c^2$, but most of the analyses could almost double their data luminosity very soon.
- We project that the improvements in the search techniques will potentially allow to be sensitive to the Higgs signal across the entire allowed mass range
- Stay tuned with next Tevatron results!