

Review of flavor in warped models

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Moriond 2011

16/3/2011

- 1) Can we have a sensible flavor sector without an (elementary) Higgs?
- 2) Does it survive the constraints from Kaon physics and the B factories?
- 3) Predictions for the LHC?

Weak scale is unstable

elementary scalar Higgs

$$\mathcal{L}_{Higgs} = \Lambda^2 H^2 + \dots \quad \times$$

Solution: no elementary scalar
composite Higgs (bound-state, like pion in QCD)

$$\mathcal{H} \rightarrow \langle \psi_{TC} \psi_{TC}^c \rangle \quad [\mathcal{H}] \approx 3$$

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$$\mathcal{L}_{Higgs} = \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{H}^2 + \dots \quad \checkmark$$

Flavor without an elementary Higgs

Yukawas (CKM, masses)

$$y_{ij} \bar{\psi}_i H \psi_j$$

SM

Flavor without an elementary Higgs

Yukawas (CKM, masses) $[\mathcal{H}] \approx 3$

$$y_{ij} \bar{\psi}_i H \psi_j \quad \longrightarrow \quad \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} y_{ij} \bar{\psi}_i \mathcal{H} \psi_j$$

SM

composite

Flavor problem

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} y_{ij} \bar{\psi}_i \mathcal{H} \psi_j + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} c_{ijkl} \bar{\psi}_i \psi_j \bar{\psi}_k \psi_l$$

can't be too small,
because **top mass**
large

$$\Lambda = \mathcal{O}(\text{TeV})$$

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can't be too small,
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large

must be **very small**
because this leads to
FCNCs

$K^0 - \bar{K}^0$

$$\Lambda = \mathcal{O}(\text{TeV})$$

$$\Lambda > 10^5 \text{ TeV}$$



Two ways of giving mass to fermions...

Bi-linear (like SM):

$$\mathcal{L} = y f_L \mathcal{O}_H f_R, \quad \mathcal{O}_H \sim (1, 2)_{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Linear:

D.B. Kaplan '91

$$\mathcal{L} = y f_L \mathcal{O}_R + y_R f_R \mathcal{O}_L + m \mathcal{O}_L \mathcal{O}_R, \quad \mathcal{O}_R \sim (3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$$

Partial compositeness

$$|SM\rangle = \cos\phi|elem.\rangle + \sin\phi|comp.\rangle$$

$$|heavy\rangle = -\sin\phi|elem.\rangle + \cos\phi|comp.\rangle$$

Composites are heavy ($m_\rho \approx \text{TeV}$).

Light quarks have very little composite admixture.

strong sector

elementary fields

Higgs, top,
resonances

ρ_μ

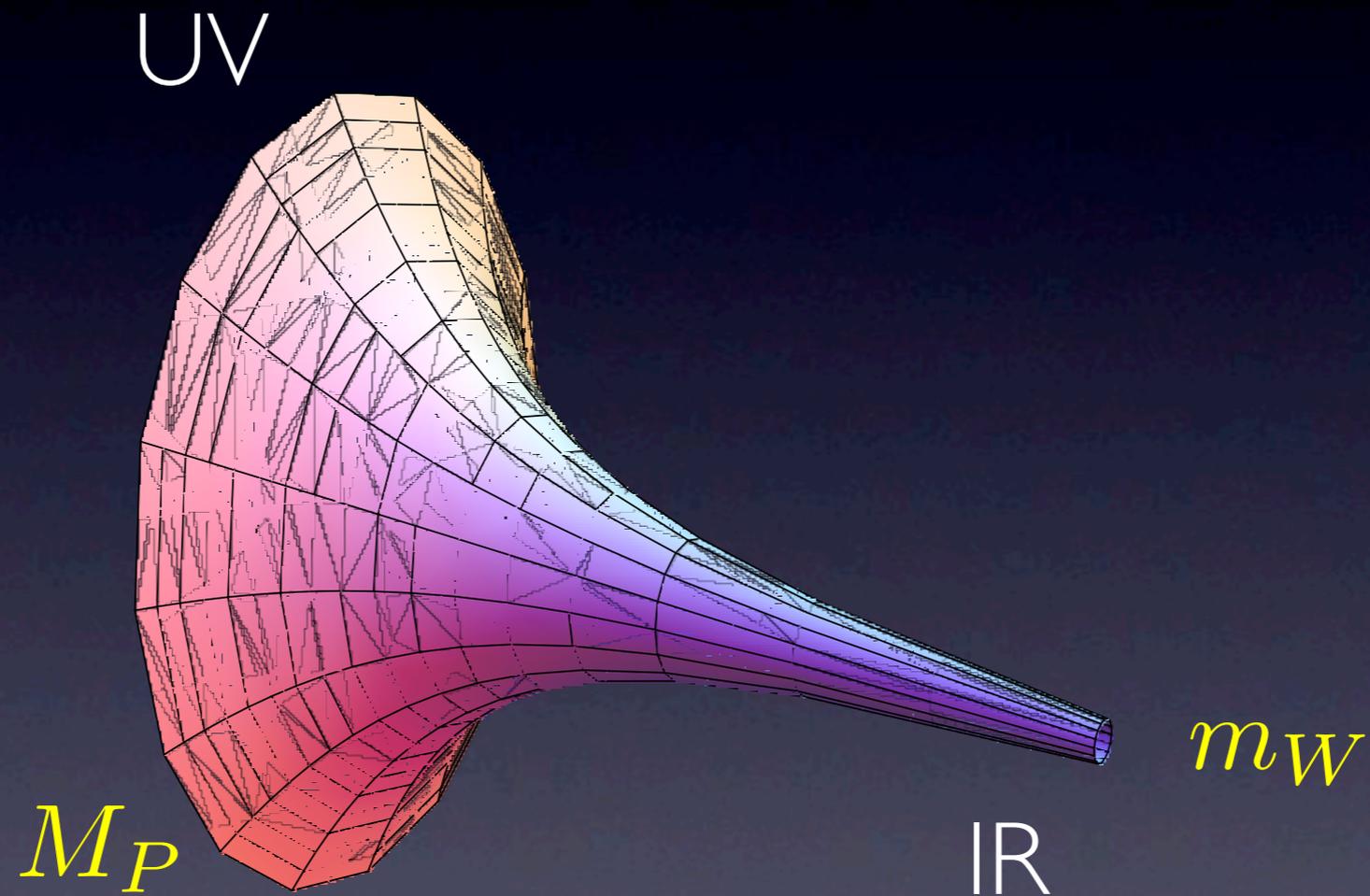
u, d, c, s, b, A_μ

g_*, m_ρ

$1 \lesssim g_* \lesssim 4\pi$

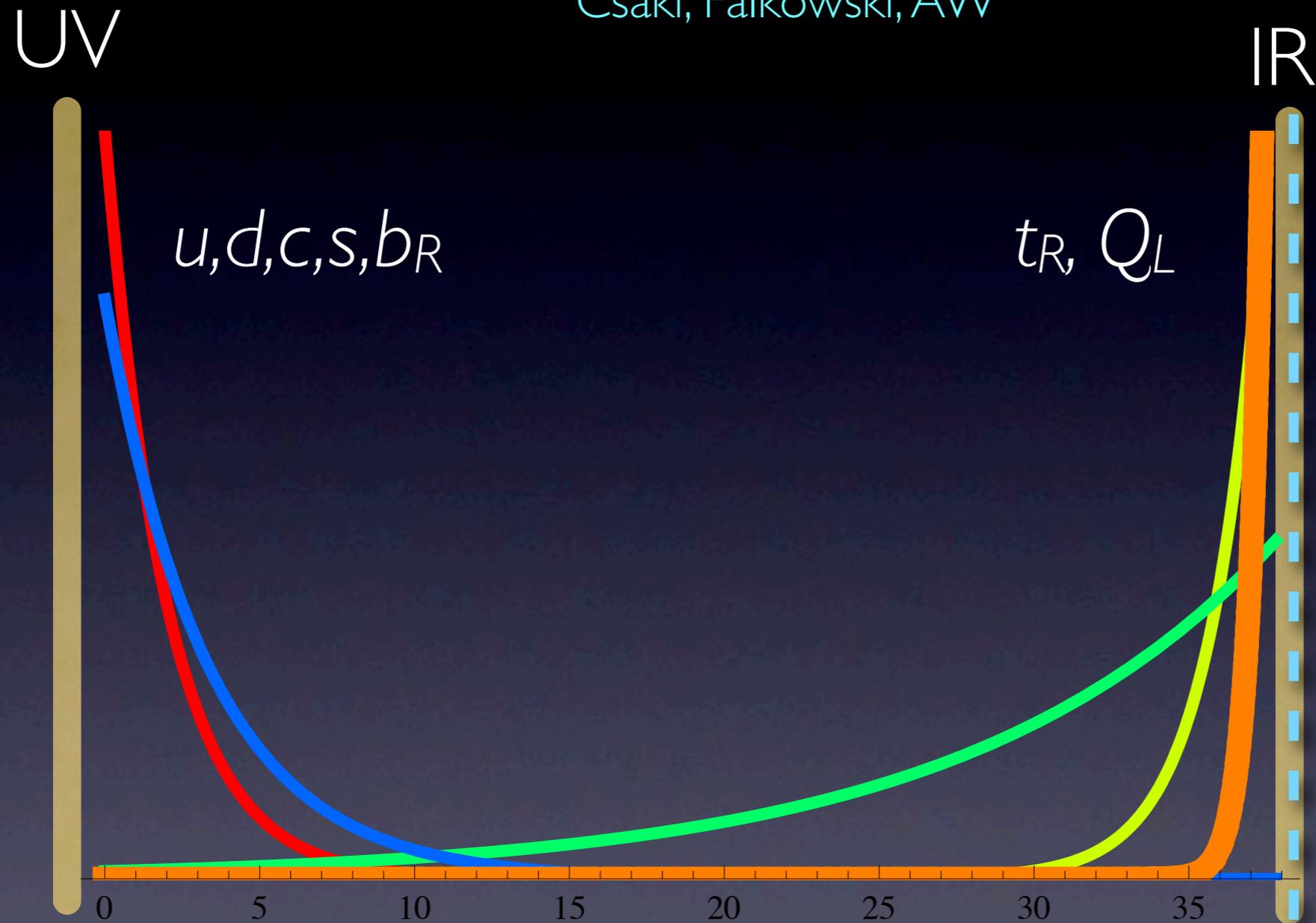
AdS/CFT \Rightarrow Randall Sundrum

$$ds^2 = \left(\frac{R}{z}\right)^2 (dx_\mu dx_\nu - dz^2)$$



Geometrical sequestering in RS

Gherghetta, Pomarol; Huber, Shafi; Agashe et. al
Csaki, Falkowski, AW



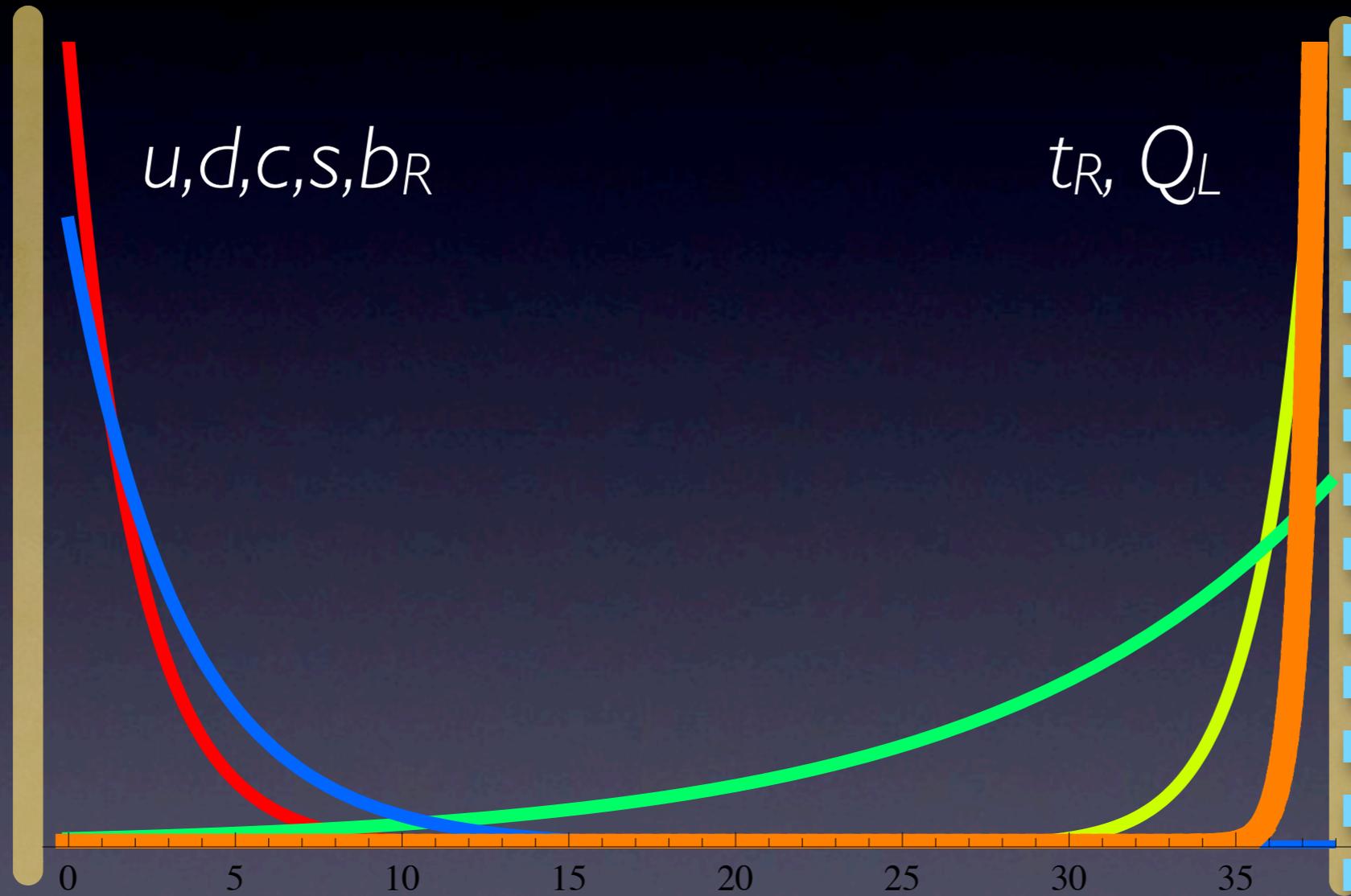
UV

IR

u, d, c, s, b_R

t_R, Q_L

Higgs



UV

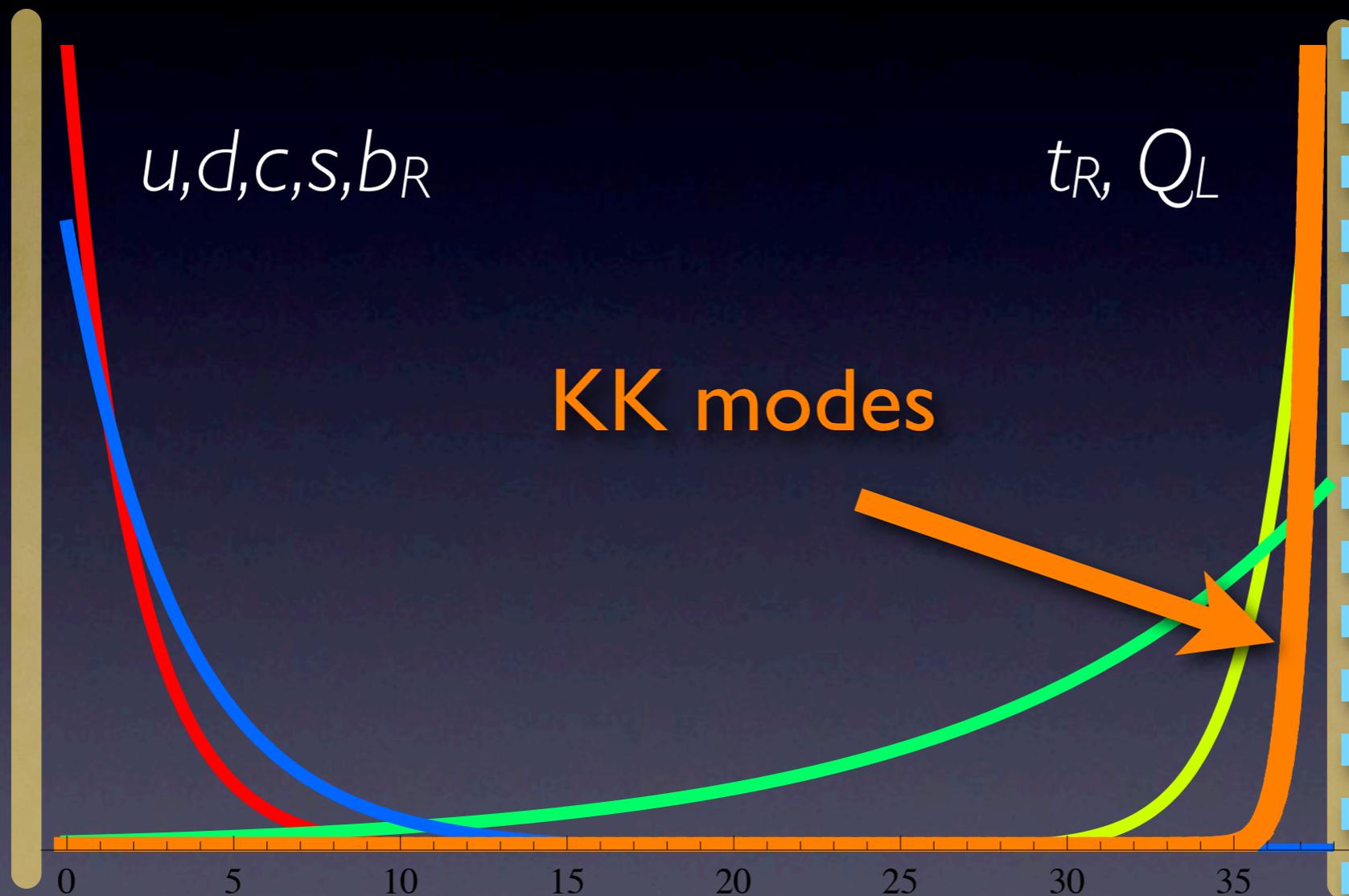
IR

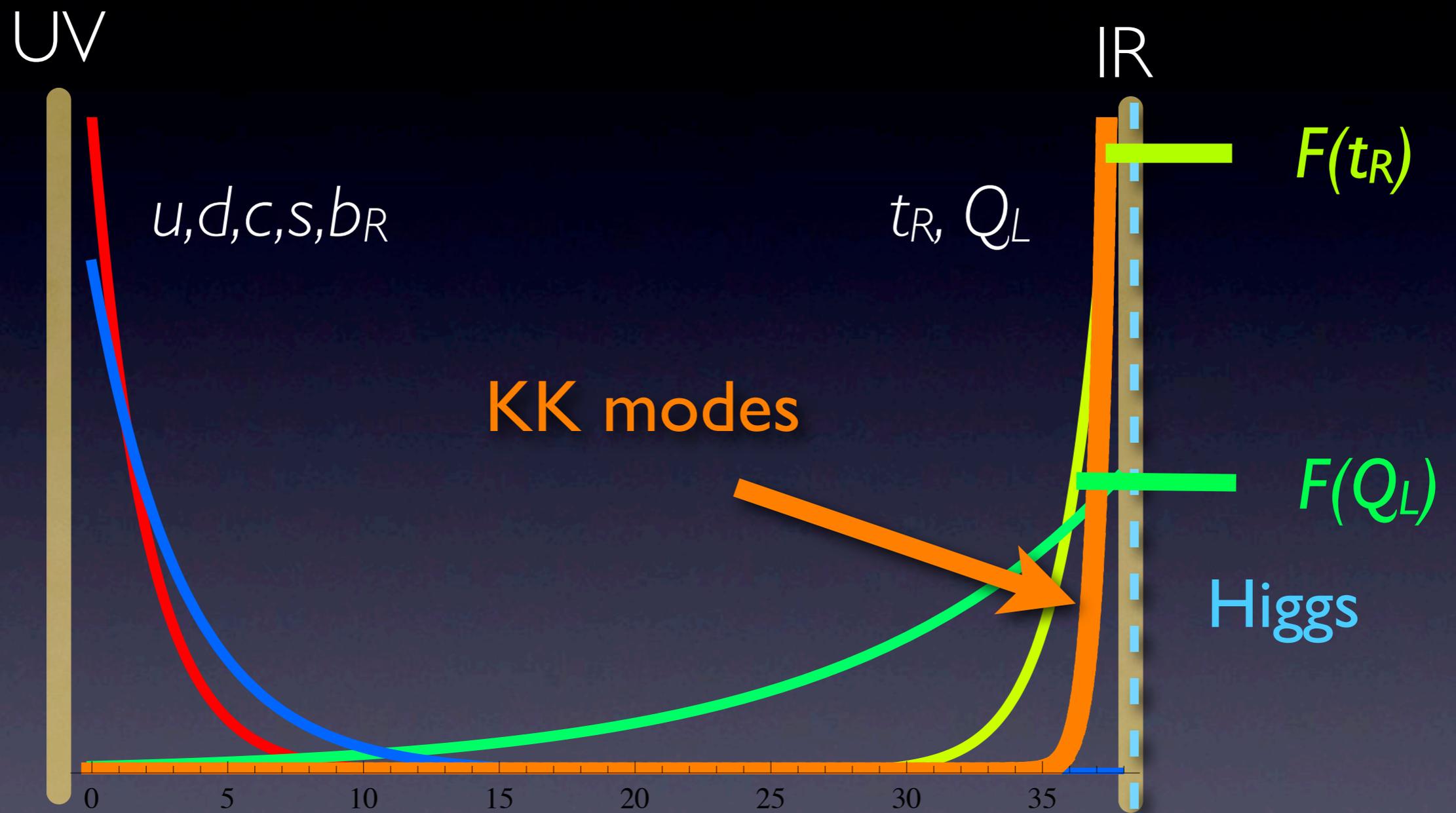
u, d, c, s, b_R

t_R, Q_L

KK modes

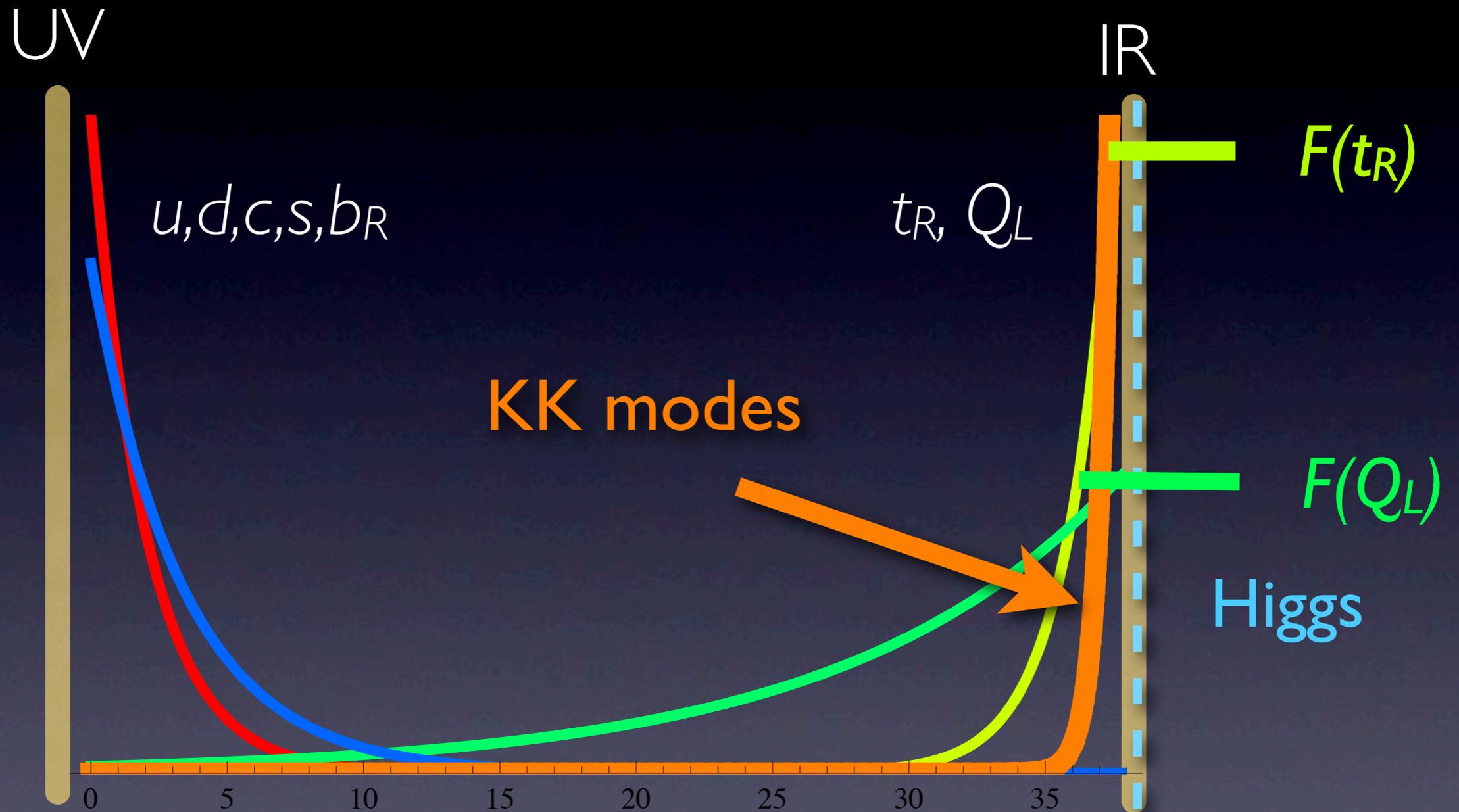
Higgs





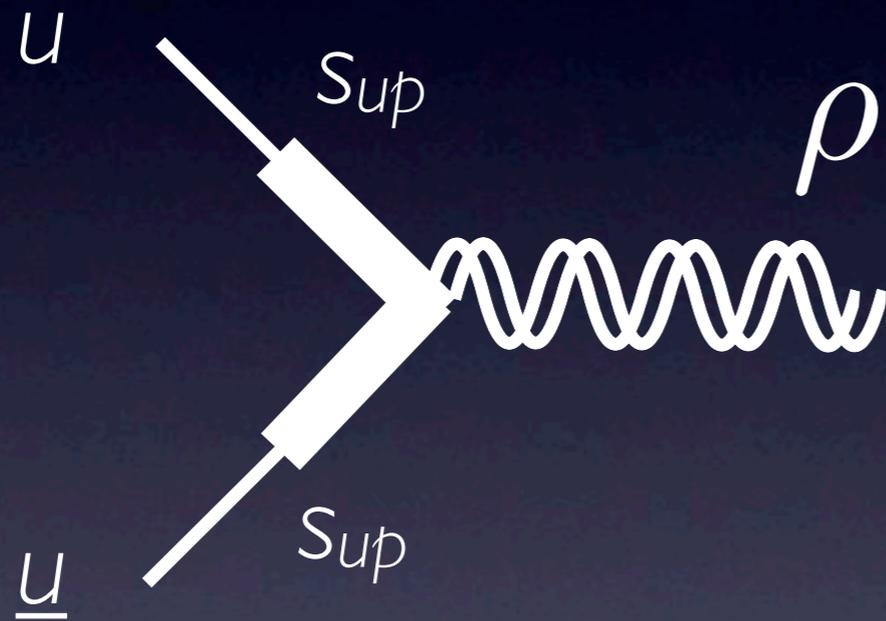
Degree of compositeness:

$$\sin \phi = F(c) \sim \left(\frac{\text{TeV}}{M_{\text{pl}}} \right)^{c - \frac{1}{2}}$$



LHC implications

Resonance production (option 1)

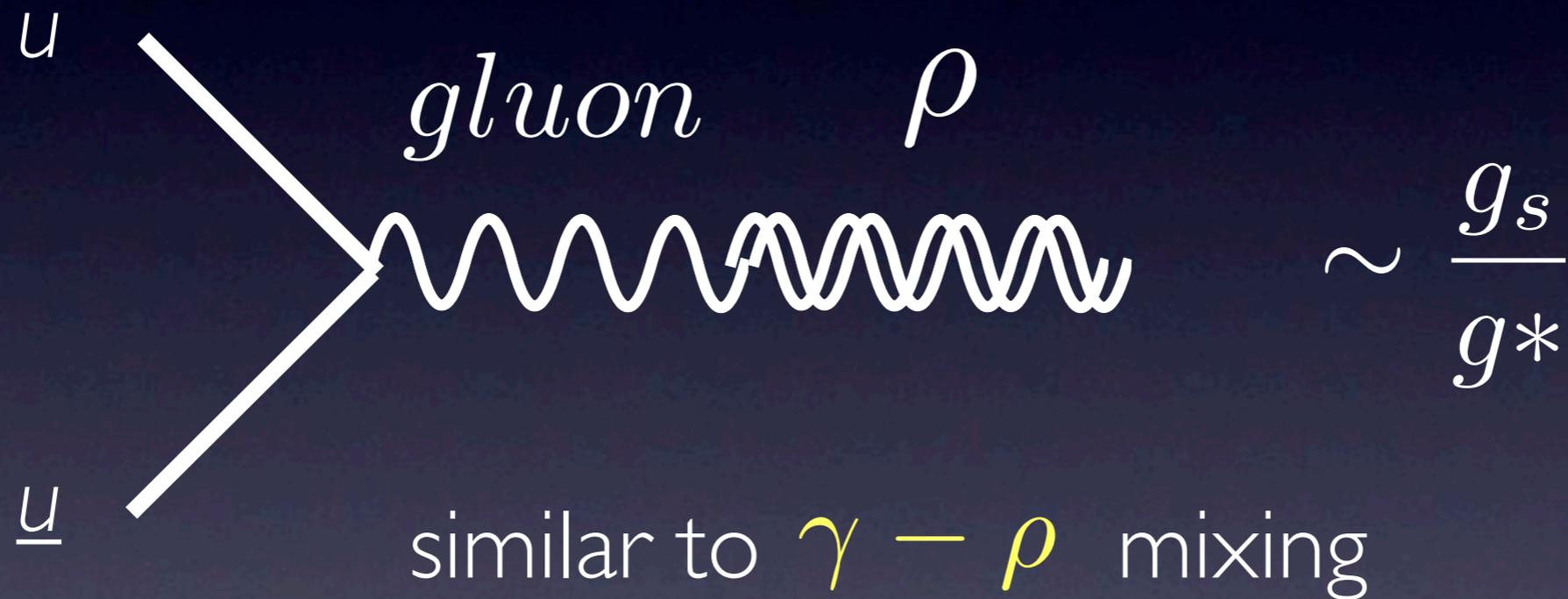


$$\sim g_*^2 \sin^2 \theta_{u_R}$$

strongly suppressed for
light quarks!

LHC implications

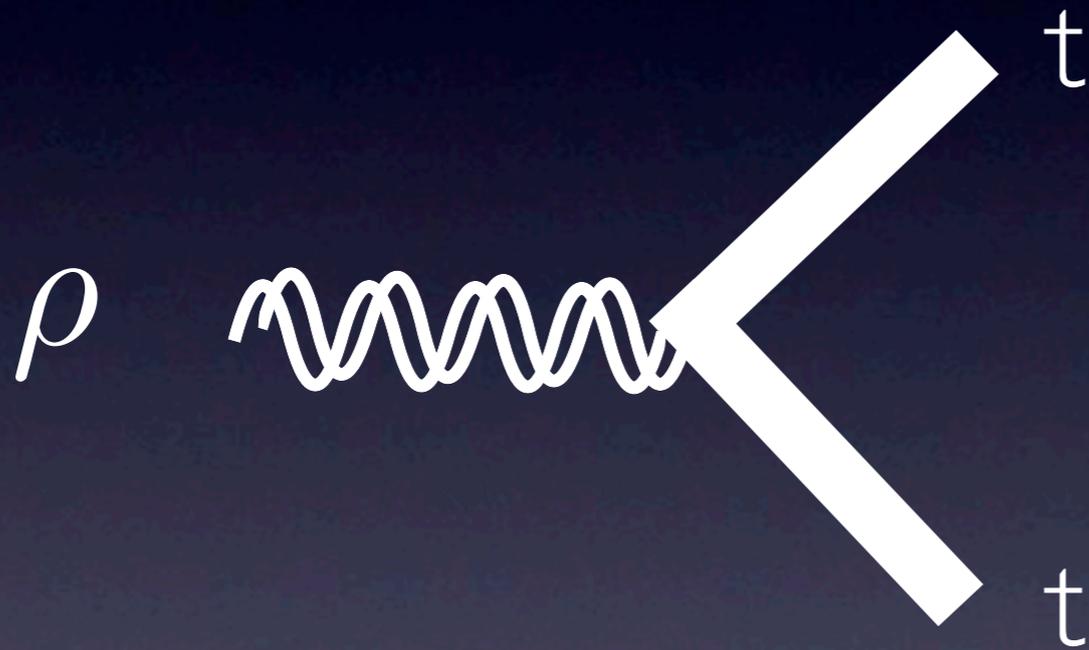
Resonance production (option 2)



NB, gluon-rho-rho = 0

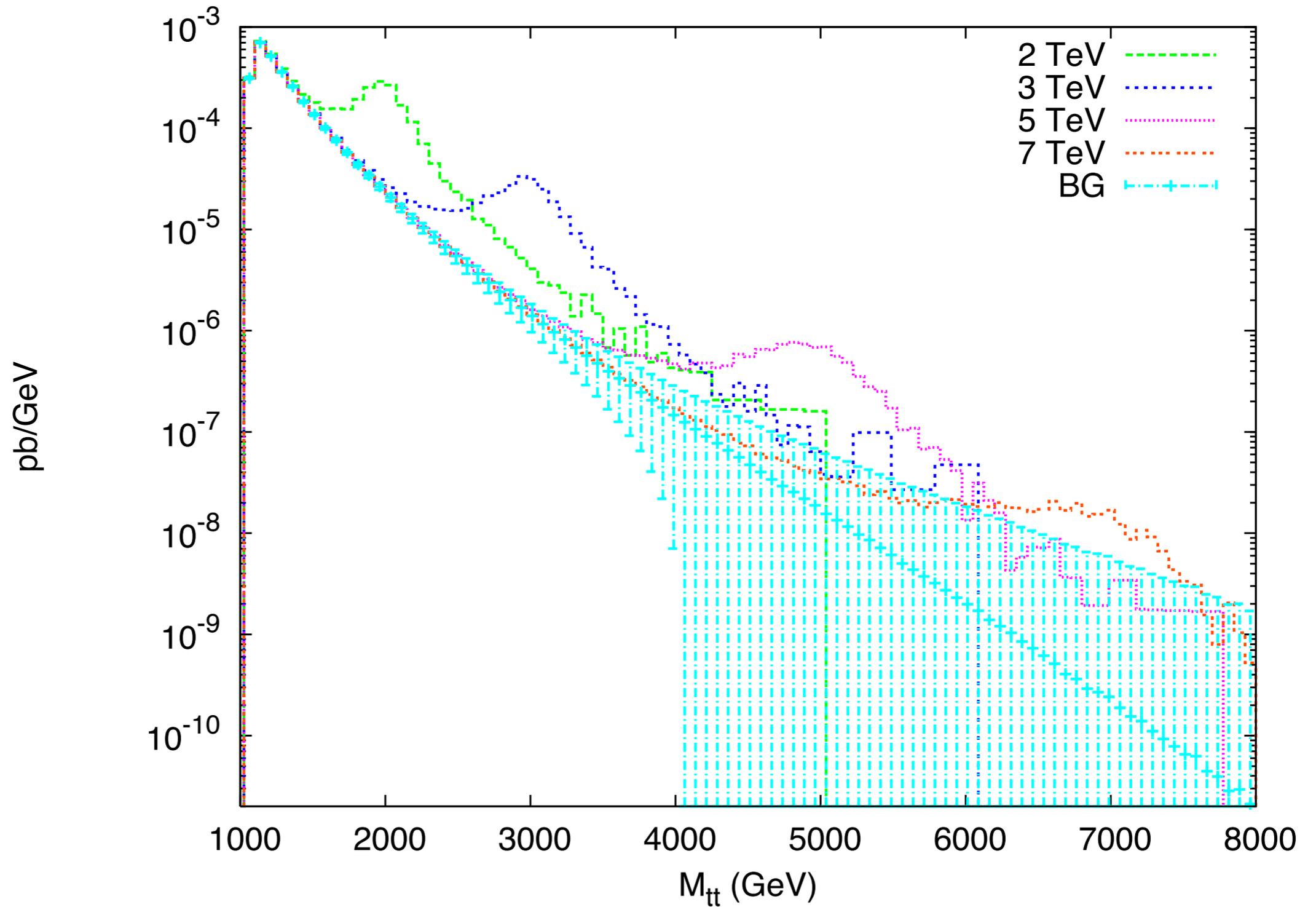
LHC implications

Resonance decay



decays dominantly
into 3rd generation
($t\bar{t}$, $b\bar{t}$, $b\bar{b}$)

tops mostly collimated, need sub-jet top tagger



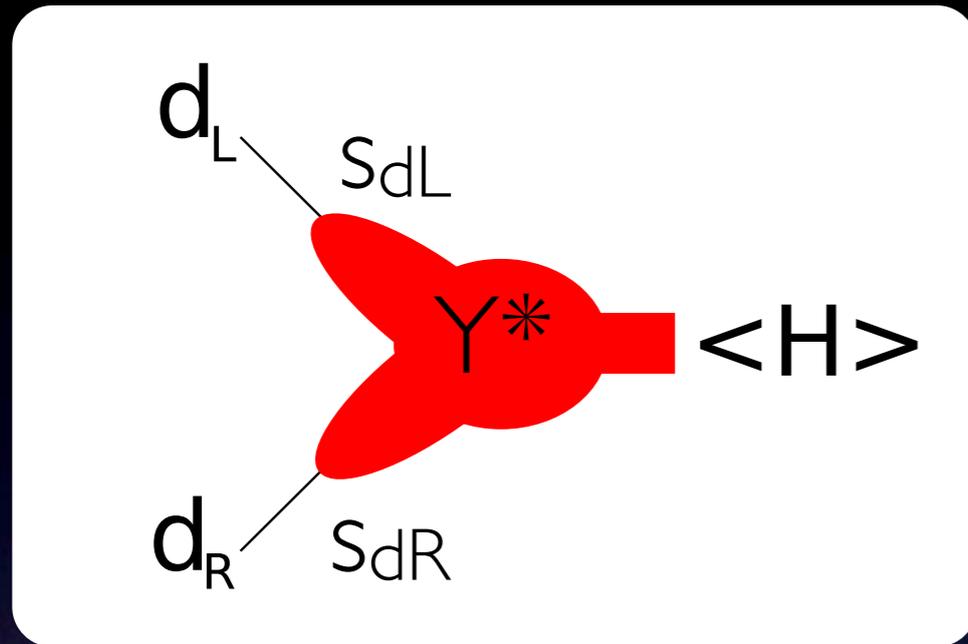
FCNCs

FCNC protection

Gherghetta, Pomarol; Huber; Agashe, Perez, Soni;

masses from mixing in composites

$$m_d \sim v \sin \theta_{d_L} Y^* \sin \theta_{d_R}$$



$$K^0 - \bar{K}^0$$

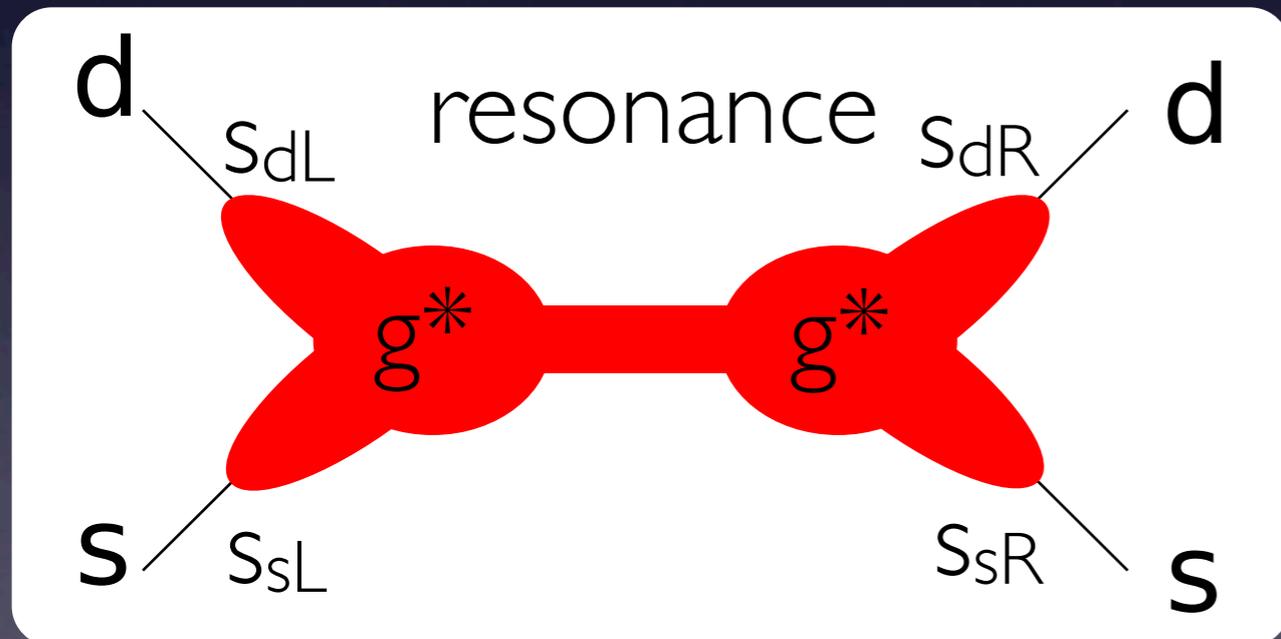
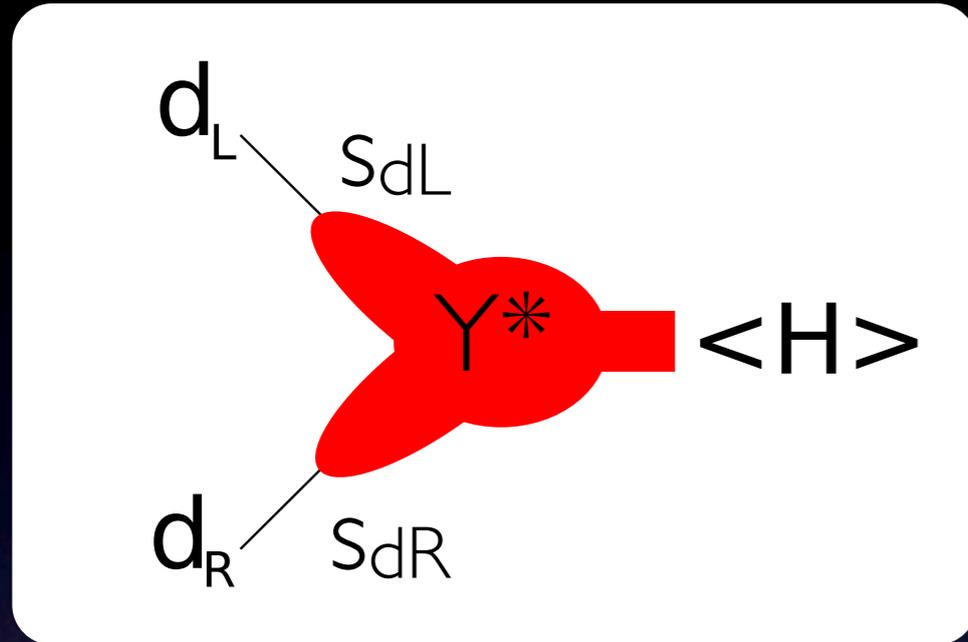
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$$m_d \sim v \sin \theta_{d_L} Y^* \sin \theta_{d_R}$$

FCNCs suppressed by the same mixings



$$K^0 - \bar{K}^0$$

$$\sim \frac{g_*^2}{M_\rho^2} s_{d_L} s_{d_R} s_{s_L} s_{s_R}$$

$$\sim \frac{g_*^2}{M_\rho^2} \frac{m_d m_s}{v Y_*^2}$$

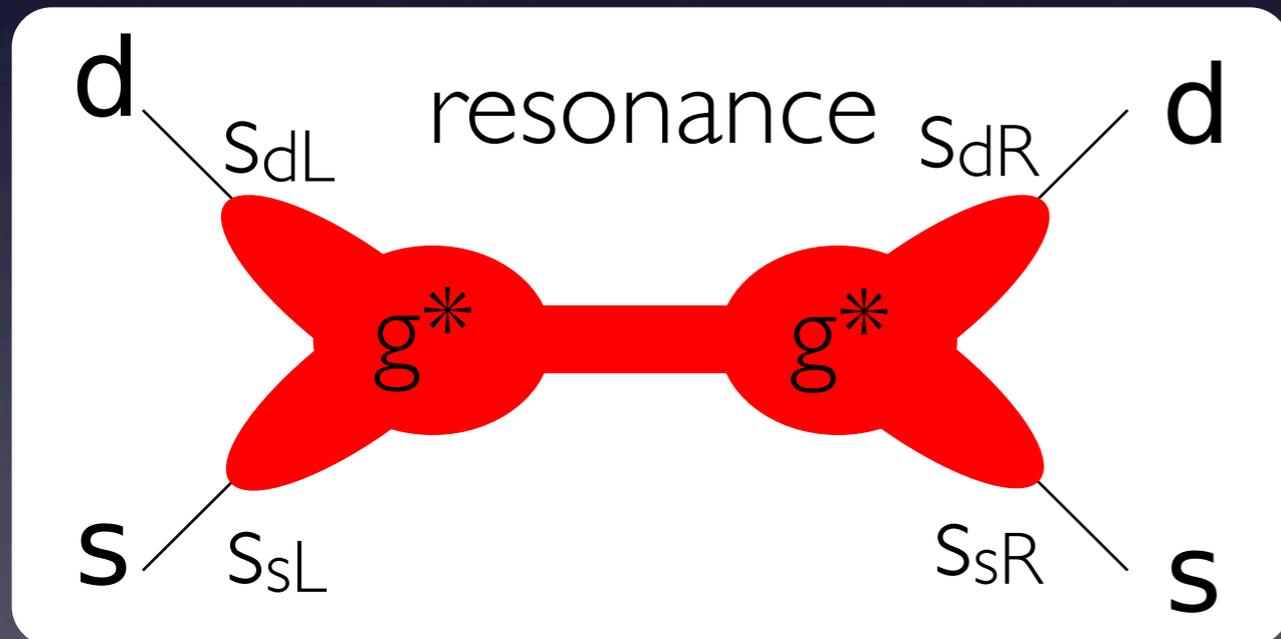
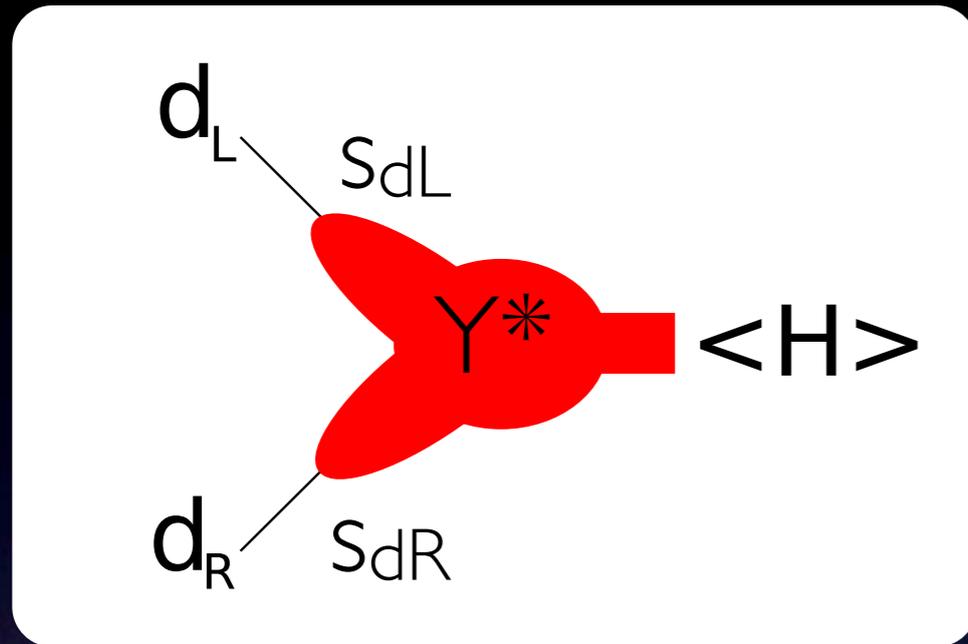
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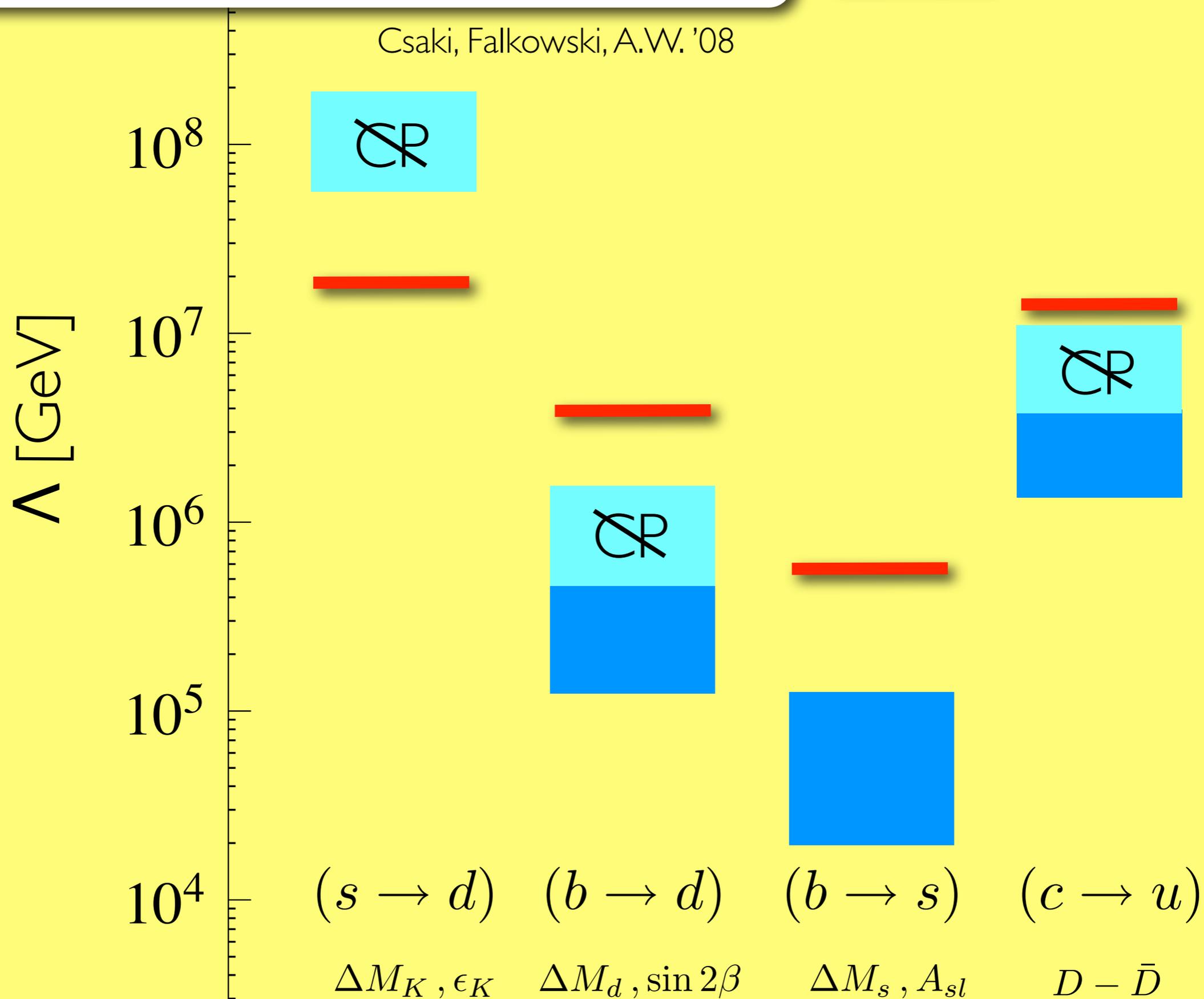
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RS-GIM

FCNCs from 3 TeV resonances

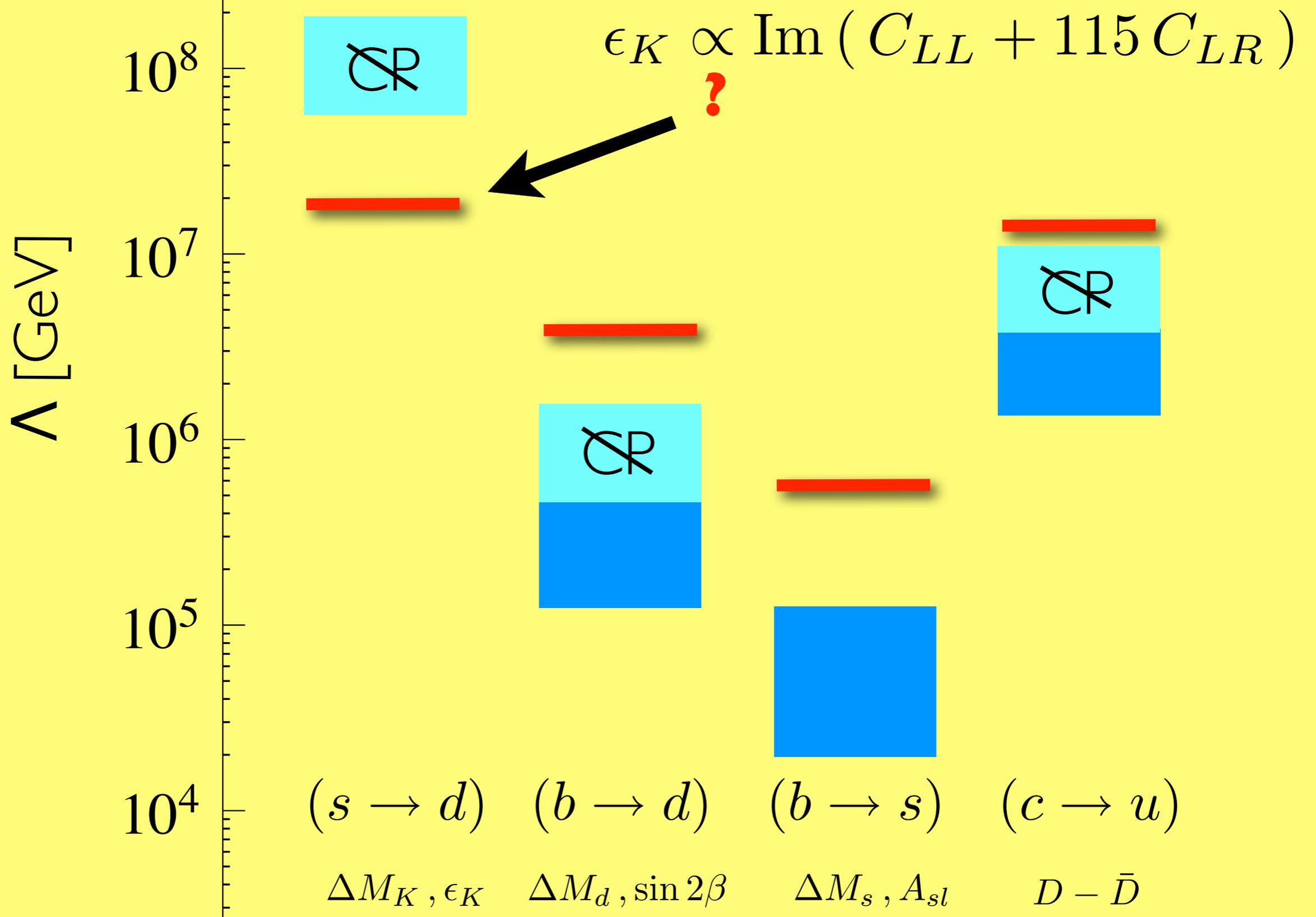
Csaki, Falkowski, A.W. '08



FCNCs from 3 TeV resonances

— RS result

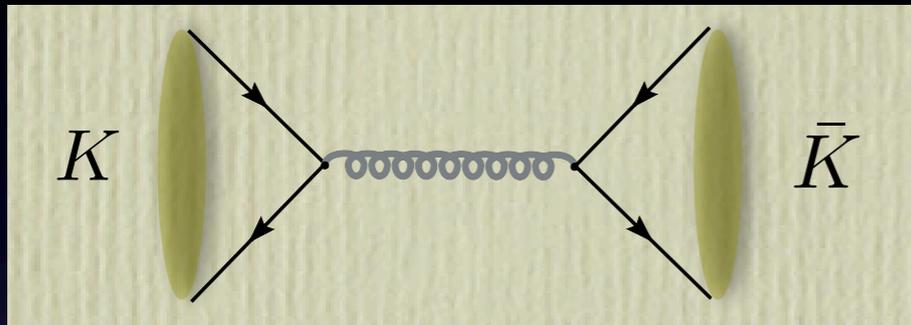
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CP constraints on composite mass

Csaki, Falkowski, AW; Buras et al; Casagrande et al

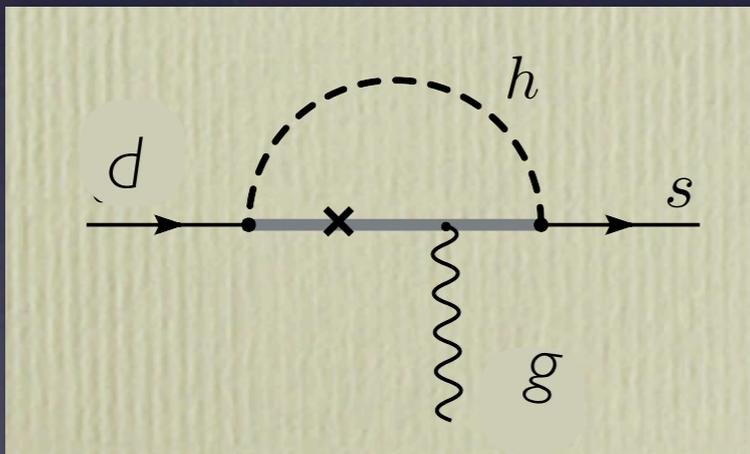
$\Delta F = 2$ (strongest constraint from ϵ_K)



$$M_* \gtrsim 10 \left(\frac{g_*}{Y_*} \right) \text{TeV}$$

$\Delta F = 1$ (strongest constraint from ϵ'/ϵ)

Gedalia et. al



$$M_* \gtrsim 1.3 Y_* \text{TeV}$$

$\Delta F = 0$ neutron EDM

$$M_* \geq 2.5 Y_* \text{TeV}$$

Agashe et. al, Delaunay et. al, Redi, AW

Flavor triviality: dynamical MFV

Cacciapaglia, Csaki, Galloway, Marandella, Terning, A.W.

strong sector $SU(3)_Q \times SU(3)_u \times SU(3)_d$



Delaunay et al

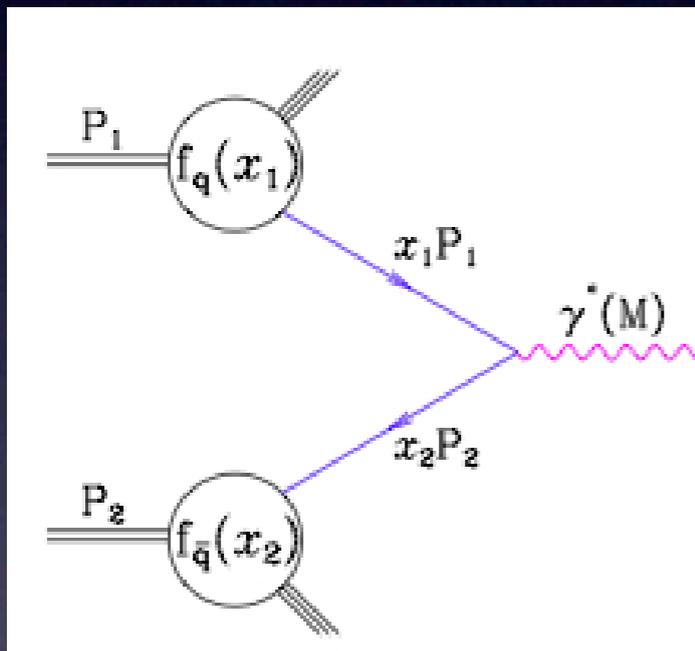
sweet spot if MFV “shines” into the bulk, $m_\rho \approx 2 \text{ TeV}$

\Rightarrow flavor gauge bosons predicted

Flavor gauge bosons at LHC

$$g_{\text{eff}} G_{\mu}^{(1)KK} \bar{\psi} \psi$$

flavor gauge bosons do not have massless modes (flavor is broken)



no $\gamma - \rho$ mixing!

But quark composite mixing can be flavor universal & large

$$\sim g_*^2 \sin^2 \theta_{u_R}$$

Flavor gauge bosons at LHC

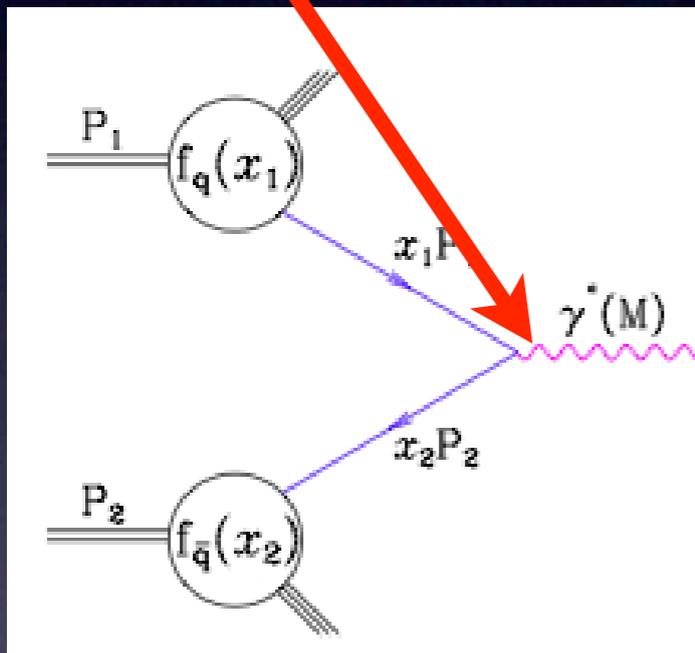
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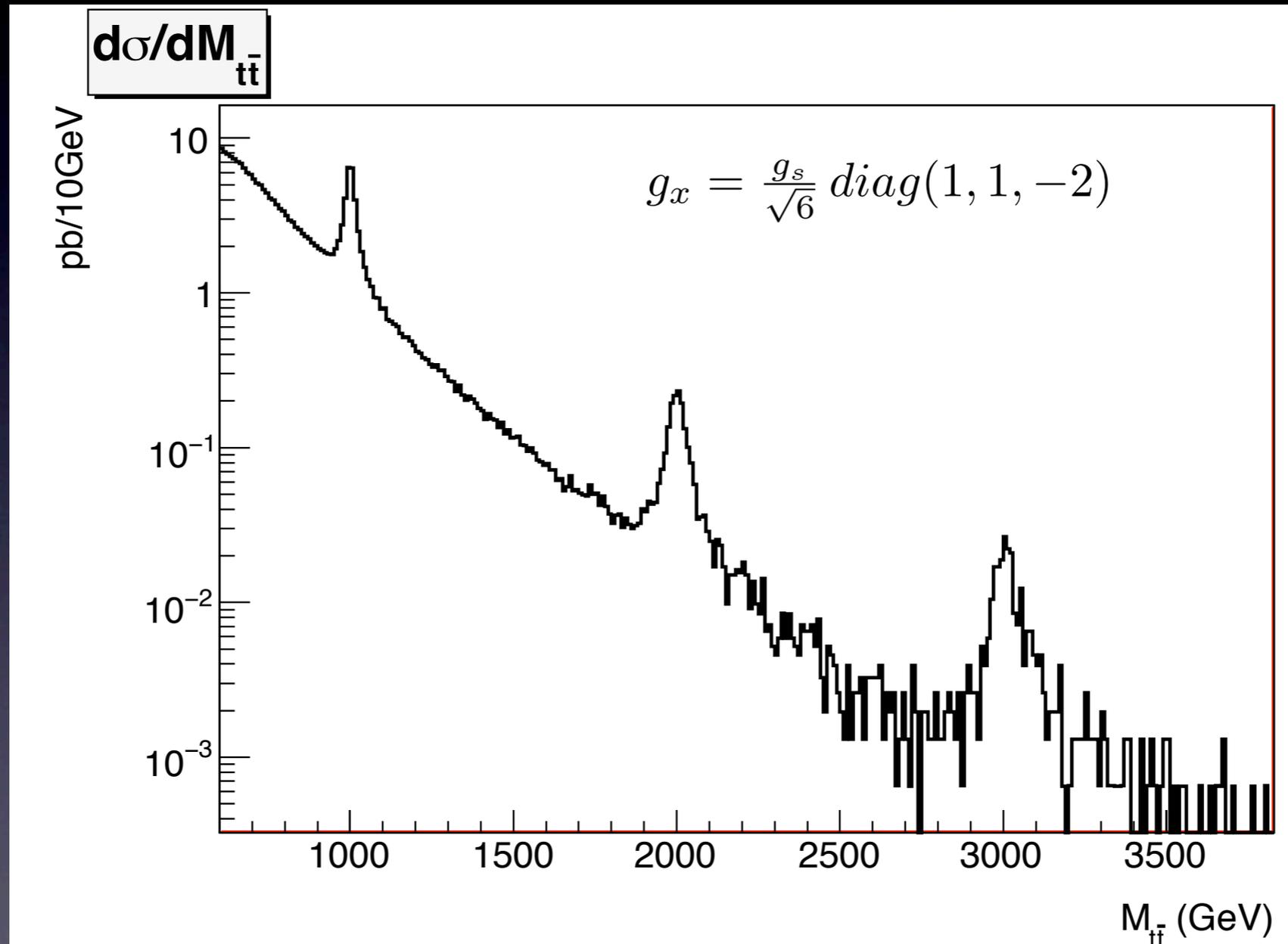
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$$\sim g_*^2 \sin^2 \theta_{u_R}$$



Flavor scalars & gauge bosons

Csaki, Kagan, Lee, Perez, AW in preparation



see also Grinstein et. al.

possible explanation of FB asymmetry at Tevatron

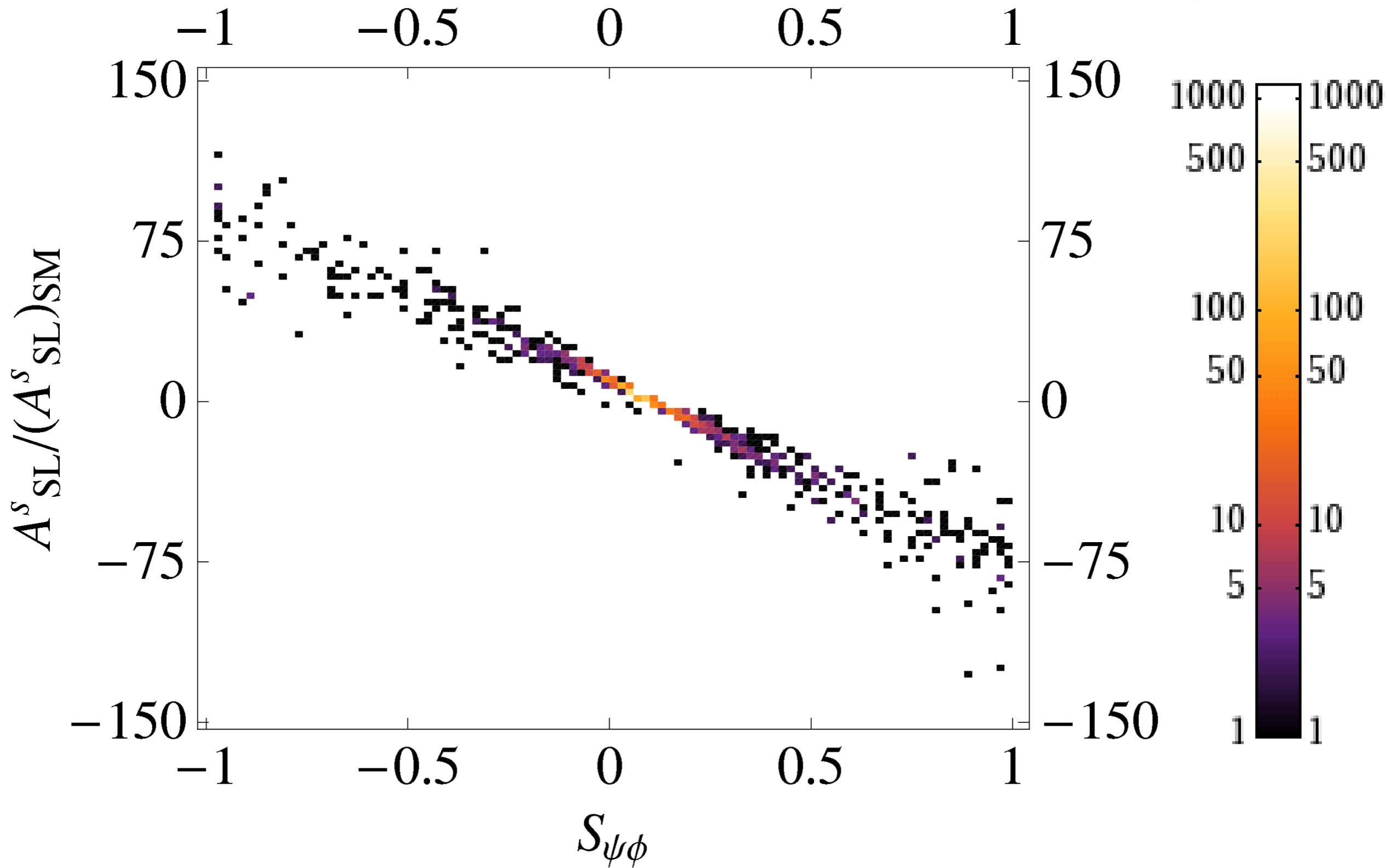
Outlook

more on warped Models:

Suzanne Westhoff - Top FB Asymmetry (next)

Florian Goertz - Higgs physics (YSF2)

Torsten Pfoh - CPV in B_s (YSF3)



Indirect tests: new physics C.S.I.

SM has accidental symmetries (B, L), e.g.

$$\mathcal{L}_{SM} + \frac{C_B}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{u}^c u) (\bar{e}^+ d)$$

$b \rightarrow e^+ \pi^0$

⇒ **absence** of violation probes very high scales

Flavor symmetries are only weakly broken (except top) & FCNCs require 1-loop

$$\mathcal{L}_{SM} + \frac{C_{\text{flavor}}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{b} d) (\bar{b} d)$$

$\bar{B}^0 \leftrightarrow B^0$

⇒ **smallness** of violation probes high scales

The SM flavor puzzle

$$Y_D \approx \text{diag} (2 \cdot 10^{-5} \quad 0.0005 \quad 0.02)$$

$$Y_U \approx \begin{pmatrix} 6 \cdot 10^{-6} & -0.001 & 0.008 + 0.004i \\ 1 \cdot 10^{-6} & 0.004 & -0.04 + 0.001i \\ 8 \cdot 10^{-9} + 2 \cdot 10^{-8}i & 0.0002 & 0.98 \end{pmatrix}$$

Why this structure? Small & hierarchical.

Other dimensionless parameters of the SM:

$$g_s \sim 1, \quad g \sim 0.6, \quad g' \sim 0.3, \quad \lambda_{\text{Higgs}} \sim 1, \quad |\theta| < 10^{-9}$$

Operator	Bounds on Λ in TeV ($c_{ij} = 1$)		Bounds on c_{ij} ($\Lambda = 1$ TeV)		Observables
	Re	Im	Re	Im	
$(\bar{s}_L \gamma^\mu d_L)^2$	9.8×10^2	1.6×10^4	9.0×10^{-7}	3.4×10^{-9}	$\Delta m_K; \epsilon_K$
$(\bar{s}_R d_L)(\bar{s}_L d_R)$	1.8×10^4	3.2×10^5	6.9×10^{-9}	2.6×10^{-11}	$\Delta m_K; \epsilon_K$
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$(\bar{c}_R u_L)(\bar{c}_L u_R)$	6.2×10^3	1.5×10^4	5.7×10^{-8}	1.1×10^{-8}	$\Delta m_D; q/p , \phi_D$
$(b_L \gamma^\mu d_L)^2$	5.1×10^2	9.3×10^2	3.3×10^{-6}	1.0×10^{-6}	$\Delta m_{B_d}; S_{\psi K_S}$
$(\bar{b}_R d_L)(\bar{b}_L d_R)$	1.9×10^3	3.6×10^3	5.6×10^{-7}	1.7×10^{-7}	$\Delta m_{B_d}; S_{\psi K_S}$
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Very strong suppression! New flavor violation must either **approximately follow SM** pattern...

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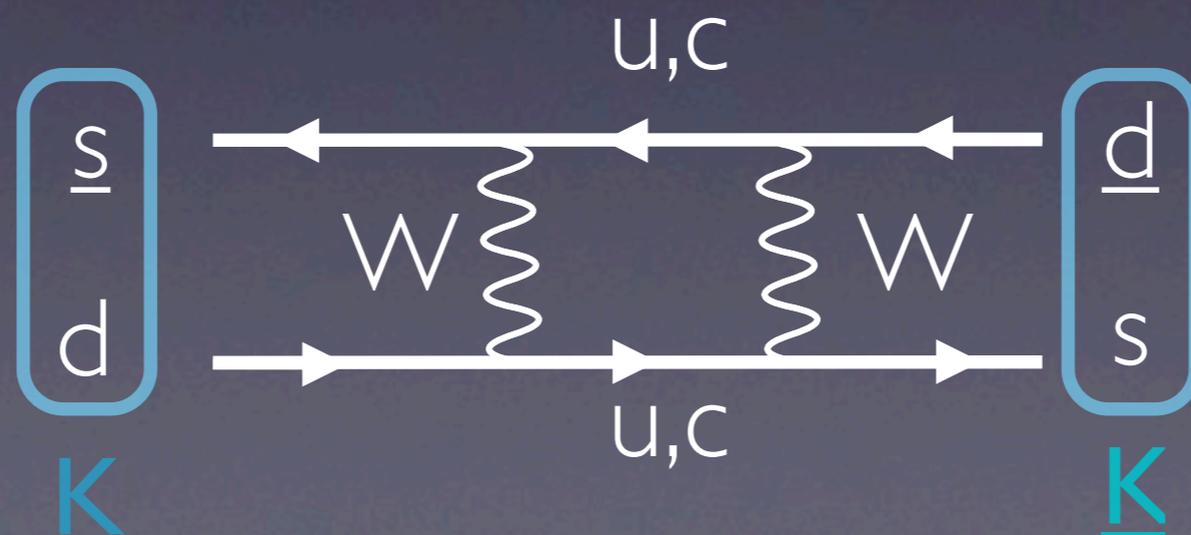
... or exist only at **very high scales** ($10^2 - 10^5$ TeV)

Why are FCNCs so suppressed in the SM?

no tree FCNCs: $g^4 / (4\pi)^2 \sim (1/30)^2$

mixing & GIM: $\frac{m_c^2 - m_u^2}{m_W^2} \sin^2 \theta_C \sim \underline{(1/400)^2}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{(30 \cdot 400)^2} \frac{1}{m_W^2} \sim \frac{1}{(10^3 \text{ TeV})^2}$$



Flavor and CP in the SM

Experimental picture

- + spectrum, BR , A_{CP} , particle-antiparticle oscillations
- + determine masses, mixing angles and phases

Theorist's view

- + In the absence of Yukawas, SM globally

$SU(3)_{Q_L} \times SU(3)_{u_R} \times SU(3)_{d_R}$ symmetric

$$v Y_u = U_u \begin{pmatrix} m_u & & \\ & m_c & \\ & & m_t \end{pmatrix} V_u \quad v Y_d = U_d \begin{pmatrix} m_d & & \\ & m_s & \\ & & m_b \end{pmatrix} V_d$$

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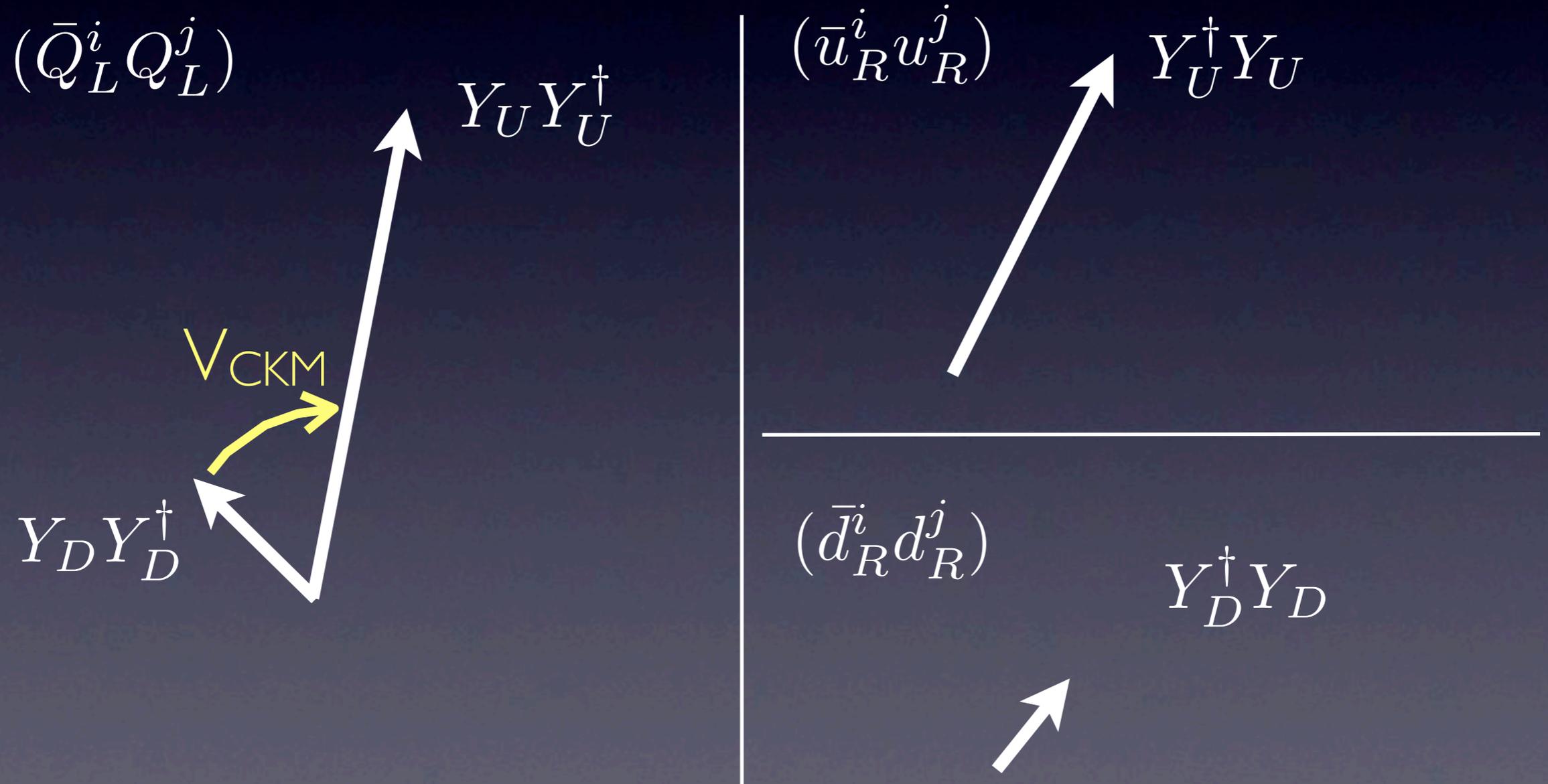
\Downarrow

V_{ckm}

unphysical due to $SU(3)^3$!

Flavor and CP in the SM

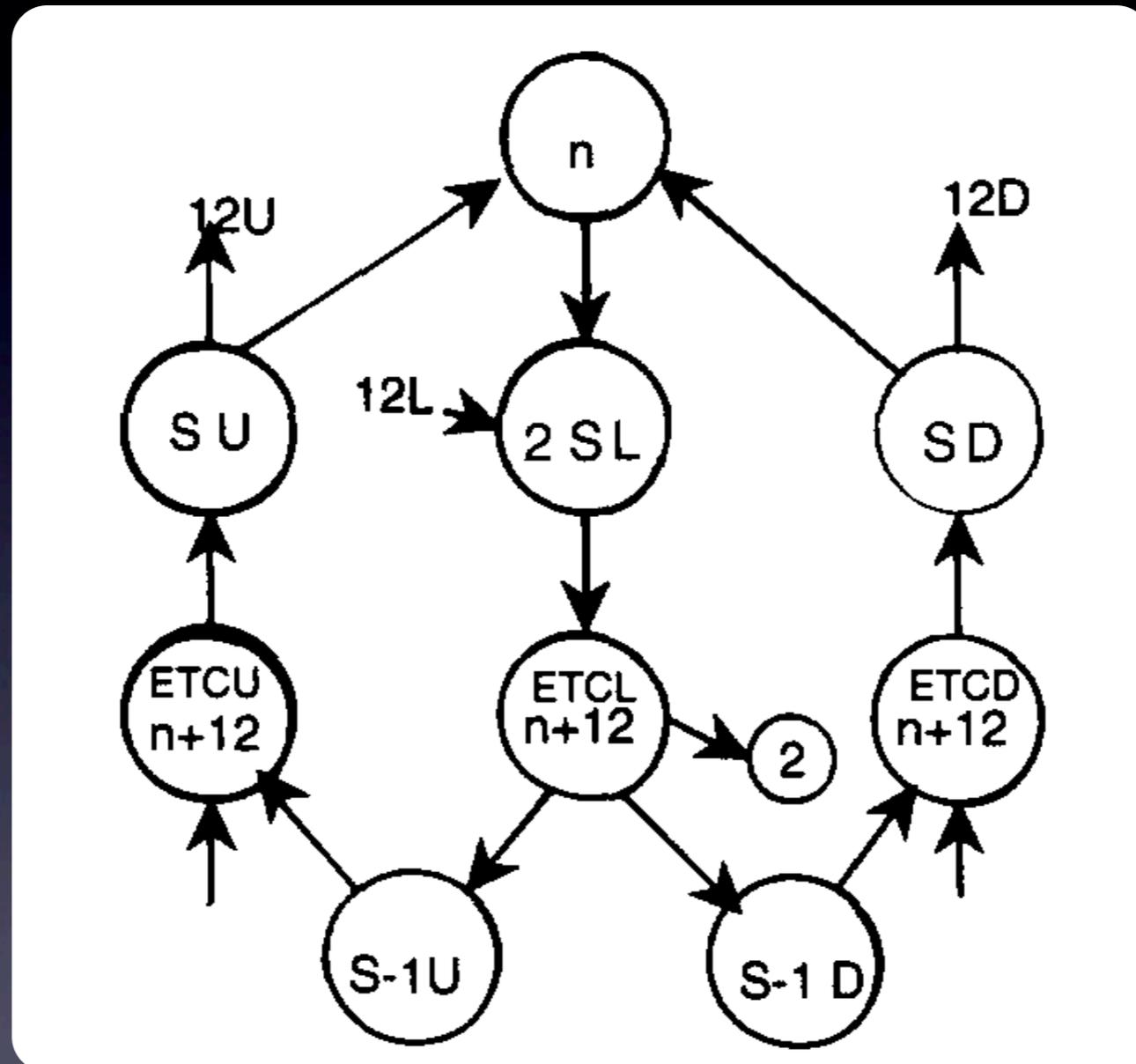
Yukawa matrices Y_U & Y_D encode flavor violation



+ LR, RL

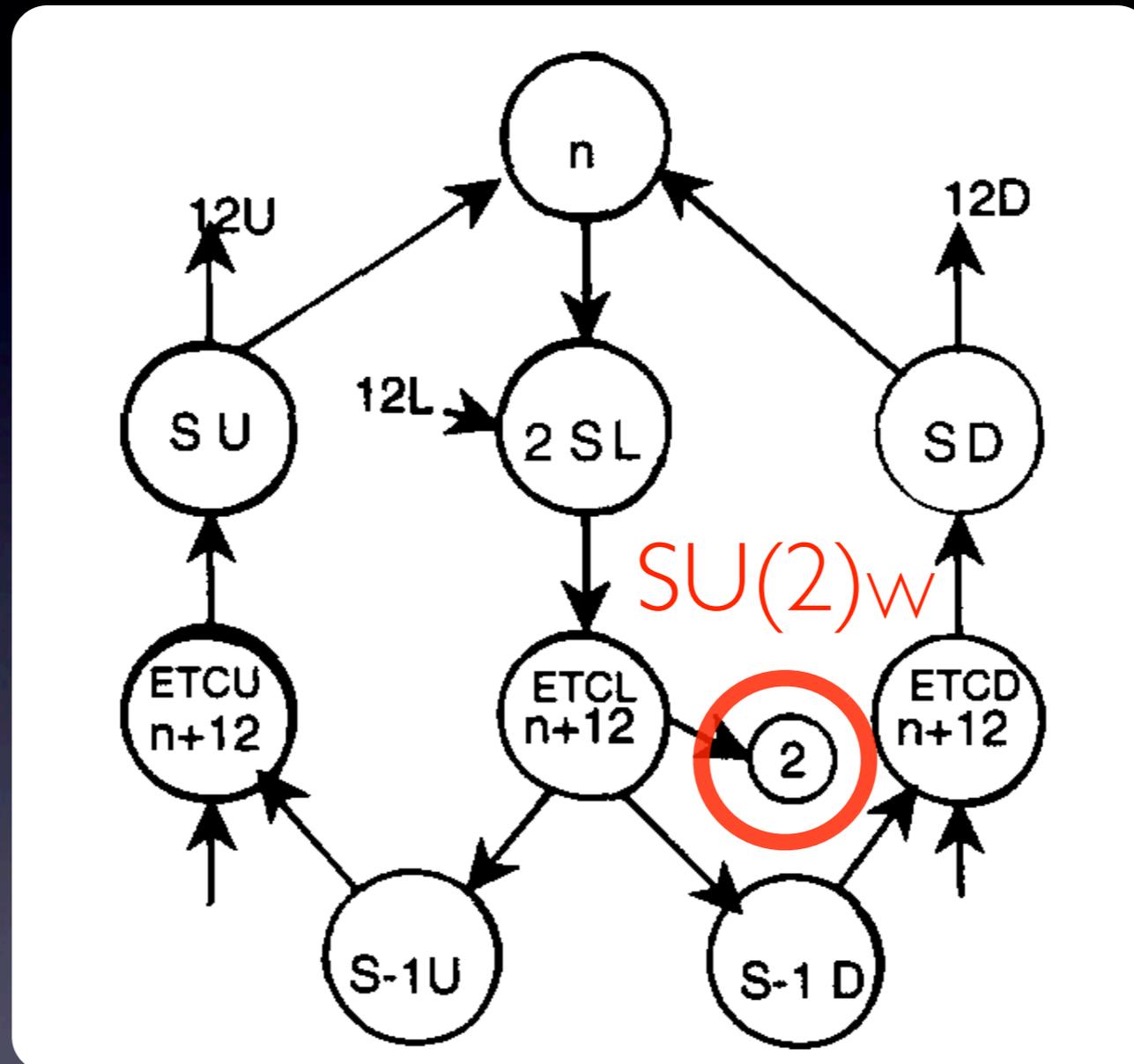
MFV Technicolor?

Chivukula, Georgi '87; Chivukula, Georgi, Randall '87; Randall '93; Georgi '94, Skiba '96



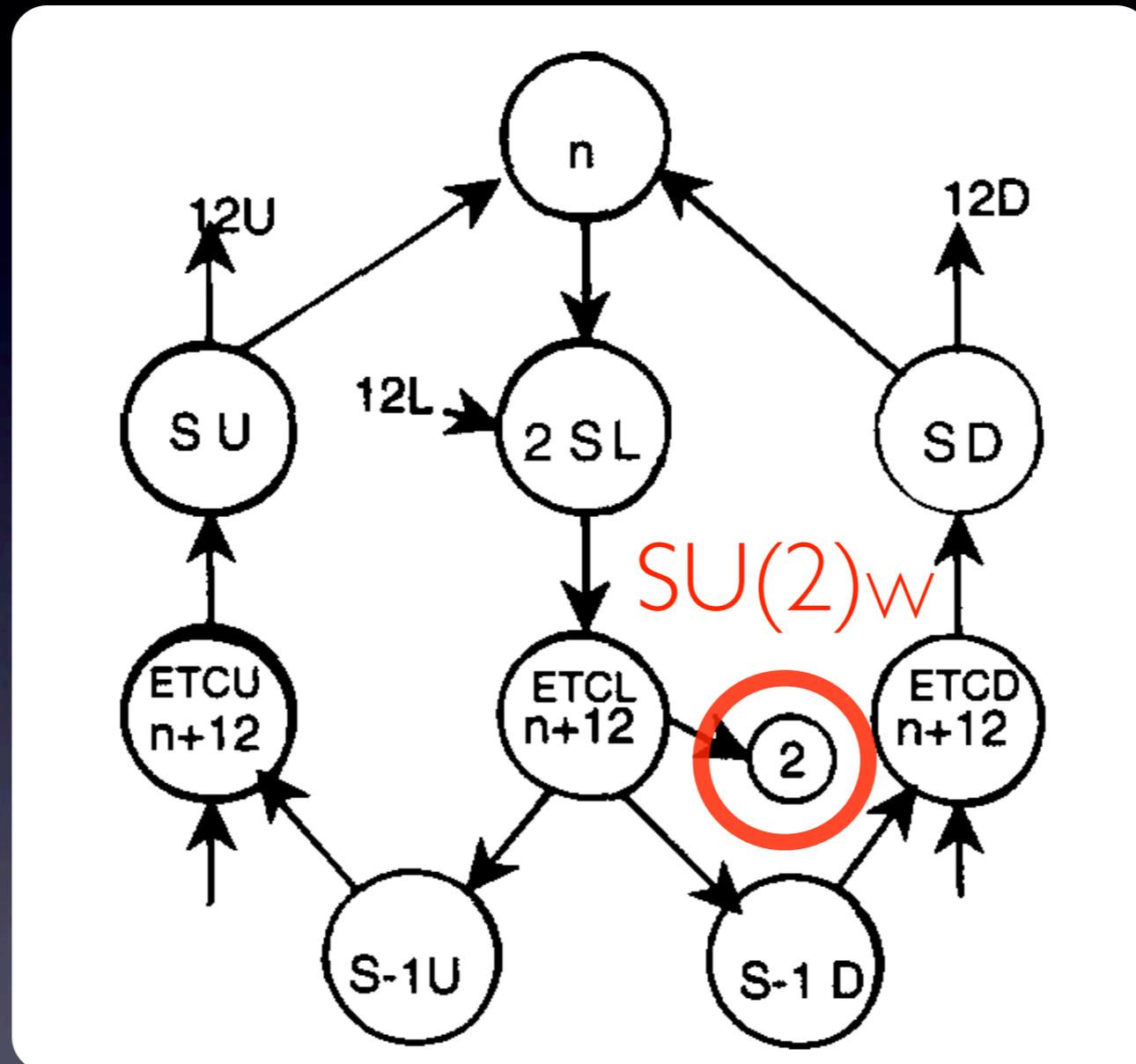
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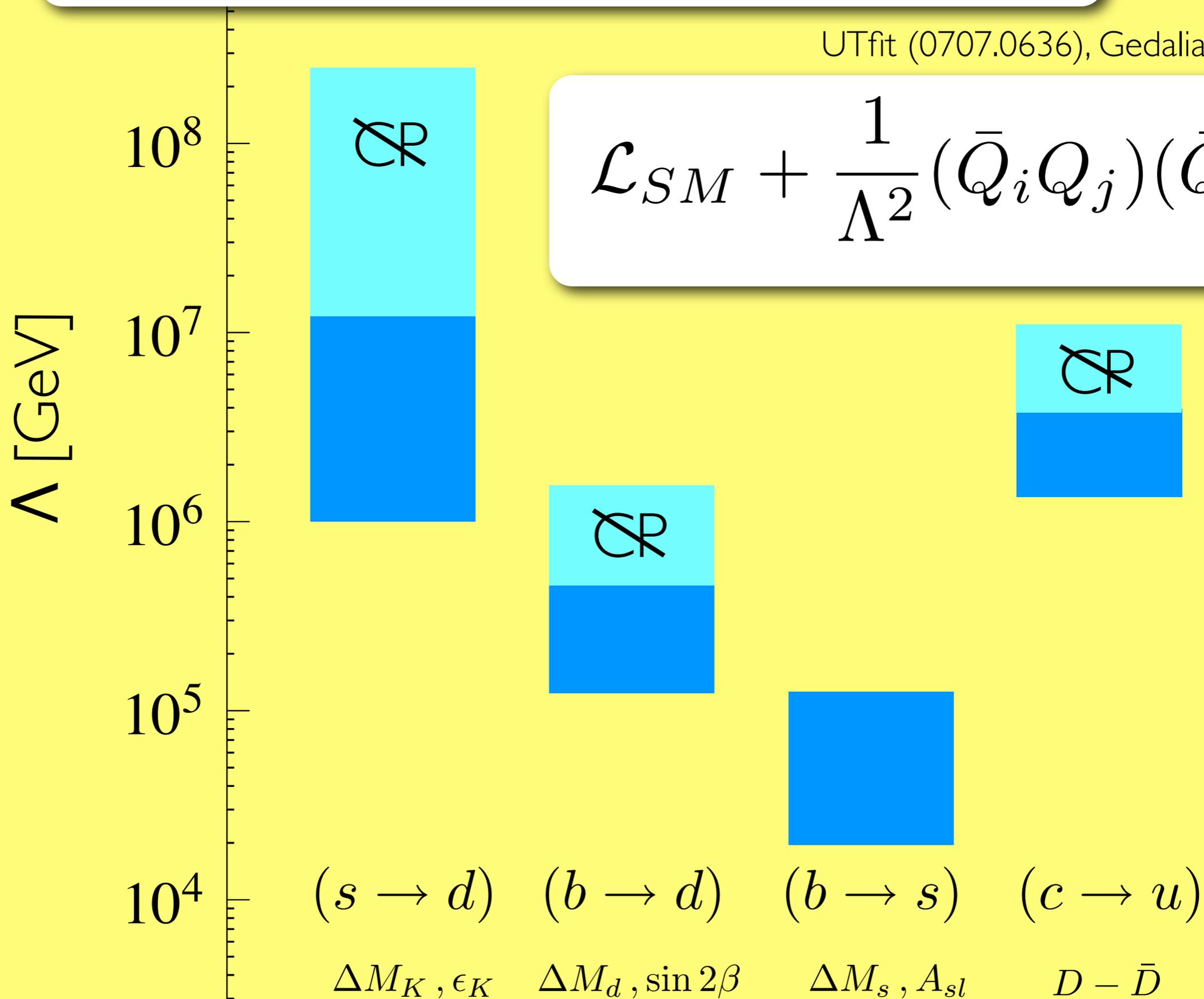
Simpler proposal:

AdS/CFT construction : 5D GIM mechanism

Cacciapaglia, Csaki, Galloway, Marandella, Terning, A.W., '08

Bounds on generic flavor violation

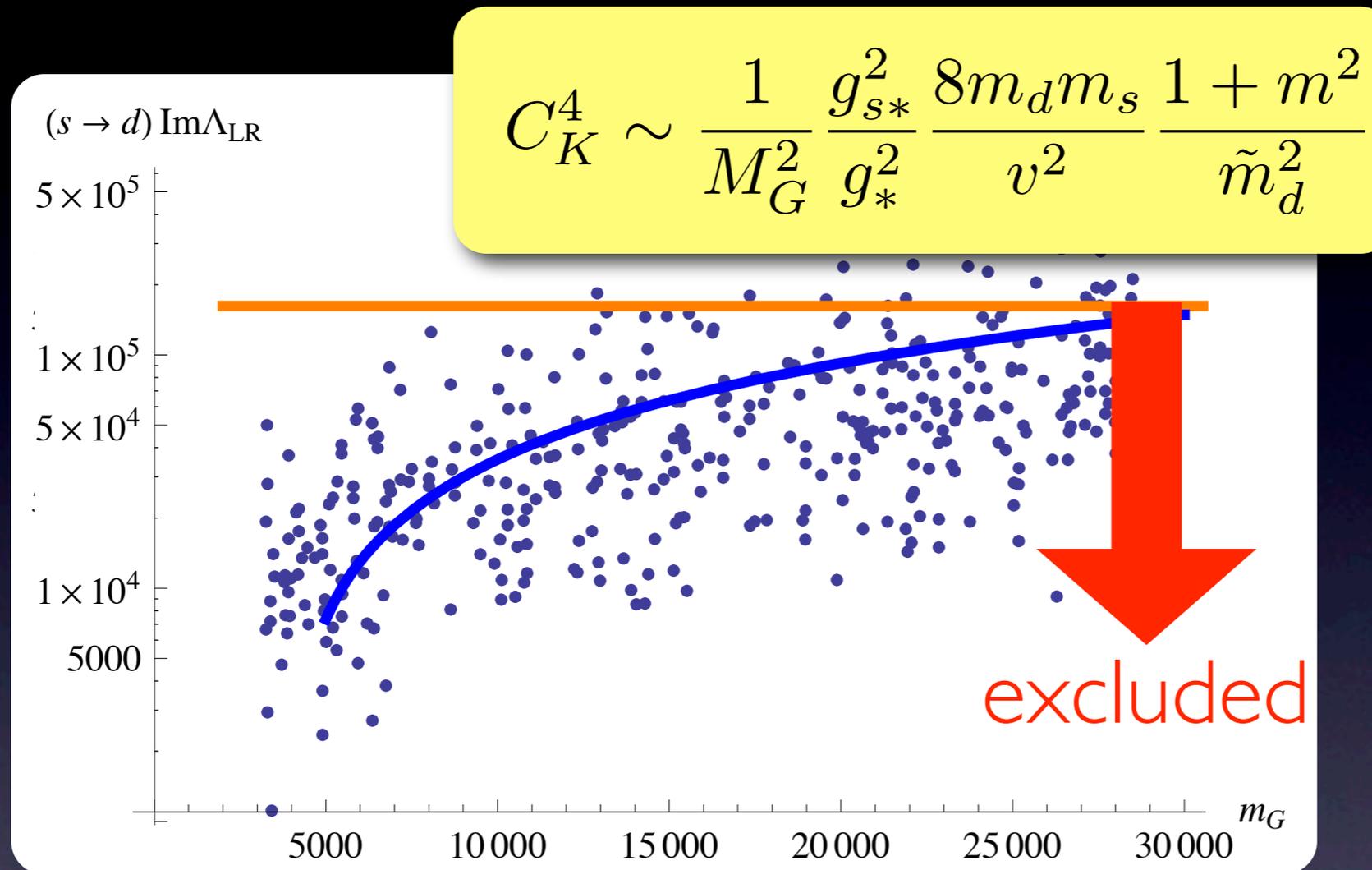
UTfit (0707.0636), Gedalia et al '09



$$\mathcal{L}_{SM} + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{Q}_i Q_j) (\bar{Q}_i Q_j)$$

Bound for pGB Higgs

Csaki, Falkowski, A.W.;



$$C_K^4 \sim \frac{1}{M_G^2} \frac{g_{s*}^2}{g_*^2} \frac{8m_d m_s}{v^2} \frac{1 + m^2}{\tilde{m}_d^2}$$

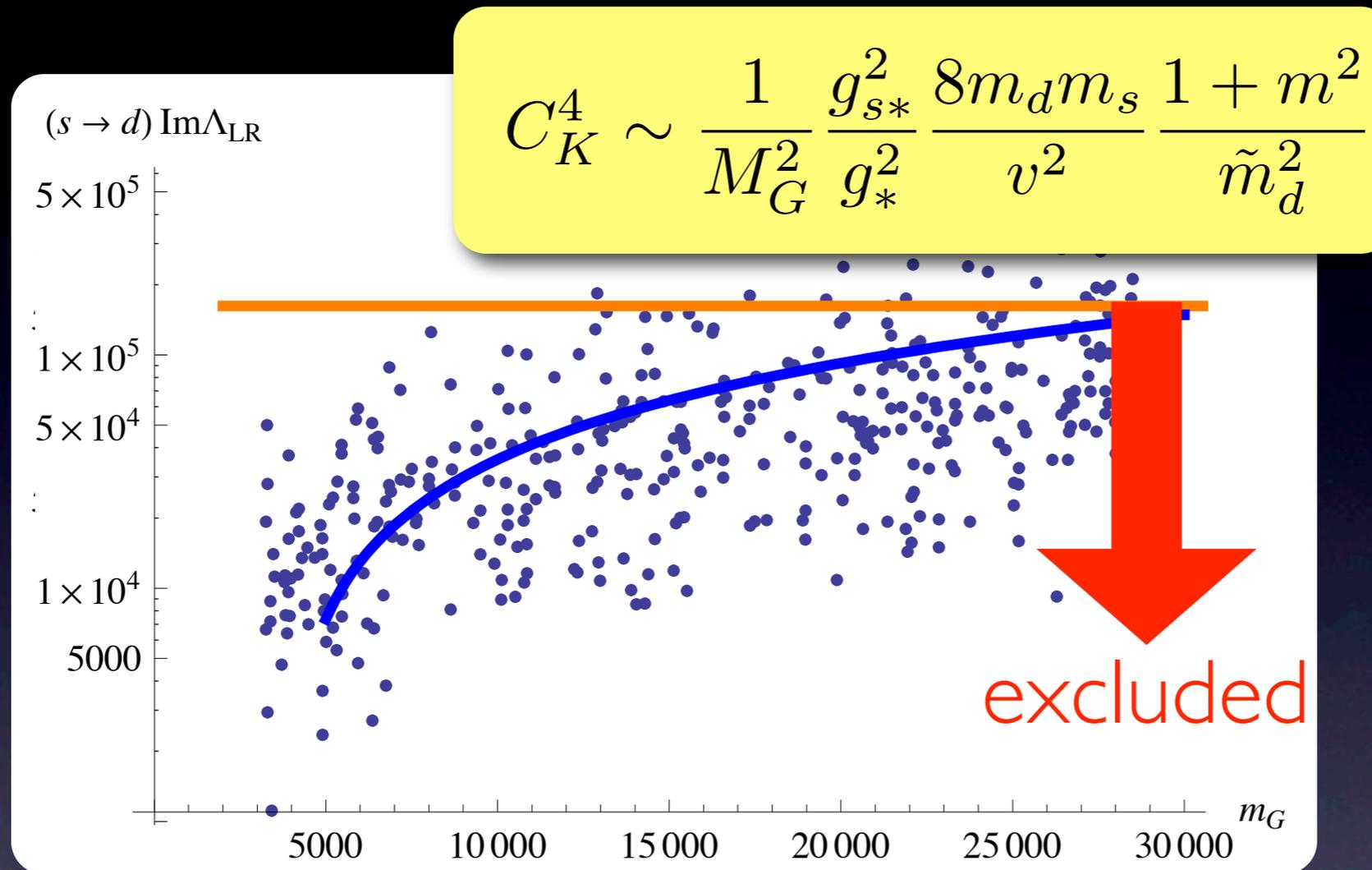
$M_{KK} > 30 \text{ TeV}$

FCNC constraint more severe in composite pGB!

Why? $Y^* \rightarrow g^*/2$ & fermionic kinetic mixings

Bound for pGB Higgs

Csaki, Falkowski, A.W.;



$$C_K^4 \sim \frac{1}{M_G^2} \frac{g_{s*}^2}{g_*^2} \frac{8m_d m_s}{v^2} \frac{1 + m^2}{\tilde{m}_d^2}$$

$$M_{KK} > 30 \text{ TeV}$$

FCNC constraint more severe in composite pGB!

Why? $Y^* \rightarrow g^*/2$ & fermionic kinetic mixings