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## Reactor Anti-Neutrino Anomaly

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Recently new reactor antineutrino spectra have been provided for  $^{235}\text{U}$ ,  $^{239}\text{Pu}$ ,  $^{241}\text{Pu}$  and  $^{238}\text{U}$ , increasing the mean flux by about 3 percent. To good approximation, this reevaluation applies to all reactor neutrino experiments. The synthesis of published experiments at reactor-detector distances  $\leq 100$  m leads to a ratio of observed event rate to predicted rate of  $0.979(0.029)$ . With our new flux evaluation, this ratio shifts to  $0.937(0.027)$ , leading to a deviation from unity at 98.4% C.L. which we call the reactor antineutrino anomaly. The compatibility of our results with the existence of a fourth non-standard neutrino state driving neutrino oscillations at short distances is discussed. The combined analysis of reactor data, gallium solar neutrino calibration experiments, and MiniBooNE-neutrino data disfavors the no-oscillation hypothesis at 99.93% C.L. The oscillation parameters are such that  $|\Delta m^2| \geq 1.5\text{eV}^2$  (99% C.L.) and  $\sin^2(2\theta) = 0.17(0.1)$  (95% C.L.). Constraints on the  $\theta_{13}$  neutrino mixing angle are revised.

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**Classification de Session:** Flavour Physics - Lepton Flavour - Neutrinos

**Classification de thématique:** Experiment