

The structure of Yang-Mills spectrum for arbitrary semisimple gauge algebras

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Pure Yang-Mills theory is confining for any simple gauge algebra, although the case of $su(3)$, i.e. pure gauge QCD, has logically been the most studied one so far. As for QCD, glueballs are expected to be present in the low-energy spectrum of Yang-Mills theory with an arbitrary simple gauge algebra. In this talk, the general structure of this spectrum will be discussed within a quasigluon picture, where glueballs are seen as bound states of a given number of quasigluons interacting via an instantaneous potential. Such a framework has already proved to be successful in describing the pure gauge $su(3)$ lattice data, both qualitatively and quantitatively. The qualitative features of the low-lying glueball spectrum will be shown to be common to all algebras, excepted the lightest $C=-$ glueballs that only exist when the gauge algebra is $su(N>2)$. The special case of the gauge algebra $su(N)$ at large N will be discussed and compared to recent lattice data.

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