### Yukawa Unification in SO(10) SUSY GUTs

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- SO(10) SUSY GUTs are highly motivated.
  - All matter fields in 16-dim irreduciible repr (includes  $v_R$ ); two Higgs doublets in 10-dim irreducible repr.
  - Neutrino sector leads to successful theory of baryogenesis
  - Left-right symmetric: solves strong CP problem, naturally induces R parity conservation
- Yukawa unification in SO(10) SUSY GUTs:
  - Superpotential contains the following term  $\hat{f} \supset y\psi(16)_3\phi(10)_H\psi(16)_3 + ...$
  - At tree level Yukawa couplings are unified at the GUT scale:  $y_t = y_b = y_\tau = y_{v_\tau} \equiv y$
  - At loop level there are a few % corrections
  - Yukawa unification is an important signature!

### SO(10) input parameters and outcome



### MCMC: Compatible regions for GSH

We used the Markov Chain Monte Carlo technique to search for regions with

- Good Yukawa unification R < 1.1 where  $R = max(y_t, y_b, y_\tau)/min(y_t, y_b, y_\tau)$
- WMAP compatible DM relic density: 0.094 < Ωh<sup>2</sup> < 0.136</li>



 $R \le 1.10, R \le 1.05, R \le 1.10 \& \Omega \le 0.136, R \le 1.05 \& \Omega \le 0.136$ 

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## Results: LHC signatures

#### **GSH**:

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# Results: LHC signatures

#### **GSH**:

- 1st / 2nd generation scalar masses  $\geq 2 \ TeV$
- 3rd generation scalars and heavy Higgses ~1 - 3 TeV
- Gluino mass ~ 300 400 GeV
- Light neutralinos/chargino masses
  ~ 100 400 GeV



- Gluino pair production with  $\sigma \sim 100 \text{ pb}$
- Gluino 3-body decays to b-rich final states via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow tb \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, b\overline{b} \tilde{\chi}_1^0, b\overline{b} \tilde{\chi}_2^0$
- Dilepton edge from  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow l \overline{l} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays at  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \sim 50 75 GeV$

**WSH:** Good R + good  $\Omega$  solutions have light pseudoscalar higgs, so they are excluded by latest D0/CDF  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$  measurements.



## Results: Dark matter in SO(10)

- In general SO(10) SUSY GUTs predict high  $\Omega_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} h^2$
- In some cases relic density can be reduced by:
  - assuming that  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  is unstable and decays to photon + axino
  - raising GUT scale  $M_1$  to allow for bino-wino coannihilation
  - lowering  $m_{16}(1,2)$  so that neutralinos annihilate via light  $\tilde{q}_R$  exchange and neutralino-squark coannihilation
- MCMC finds a new class of solutions with m<sub>16</sub> ~ 3 TeV where neutralinos annihilate via light higgs resonance.
- Direct detection cross sections for studied benchmarks are generally  $\sigma_{sc}(p\tilde{\chi}_1^0) \sim 10^{-9} \, pb$