

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t} Z'$$
$$Z' \rightarrow \textit{inv.}$$

Etat des lieux

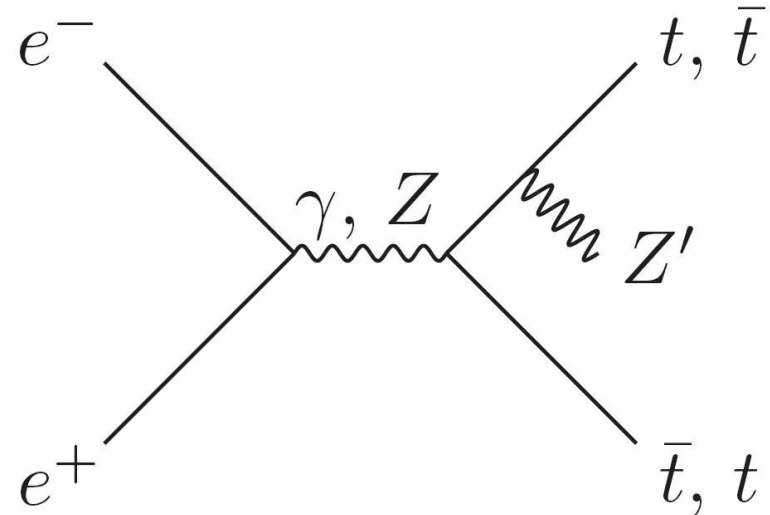
Outline

- Description du problème
- Méthode d'approche
- Résultats
- Suite de l'étude

Description du problème

- Canal : $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t} Z'$ ($Z' \rightarrow inv.$)

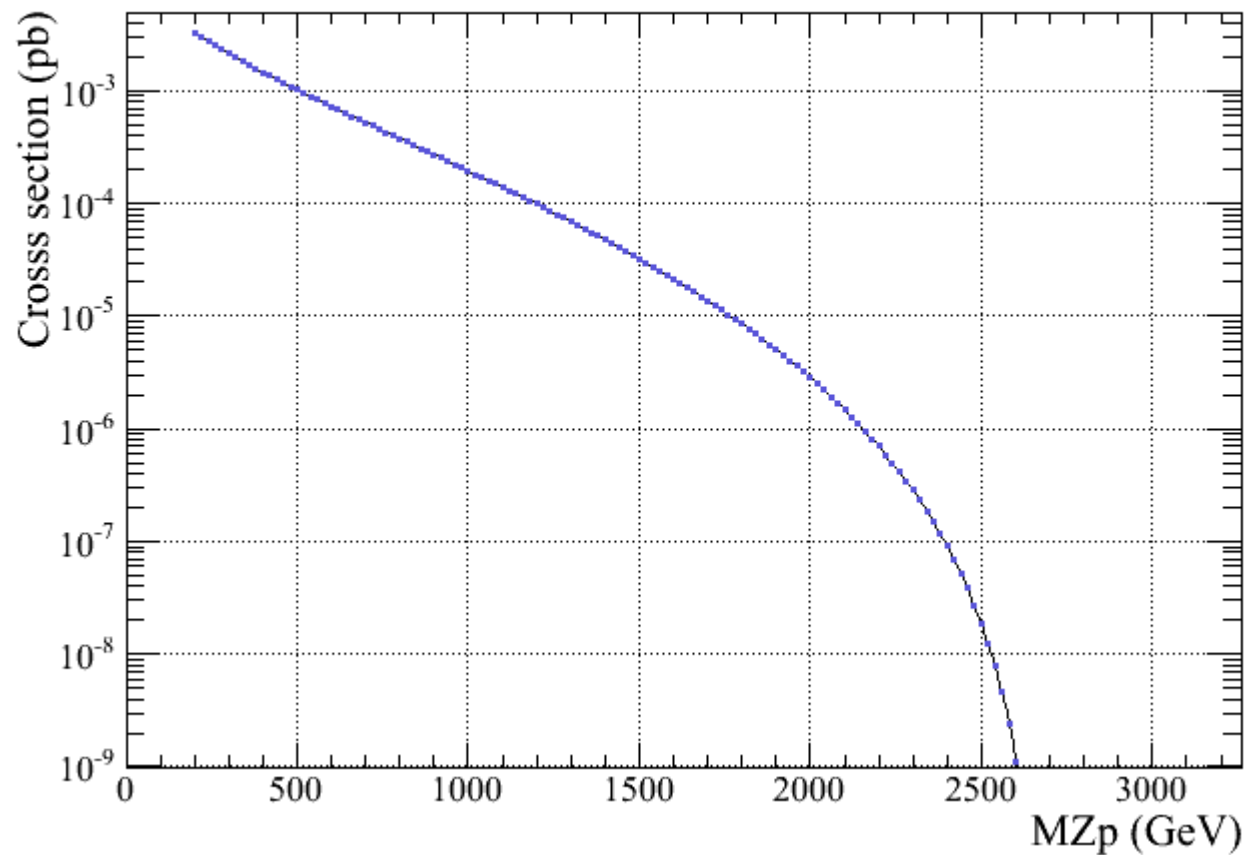
- Masse du Z' ? ($M_{Z'}$)
- Couplage v ? ($g_{Z'}$)



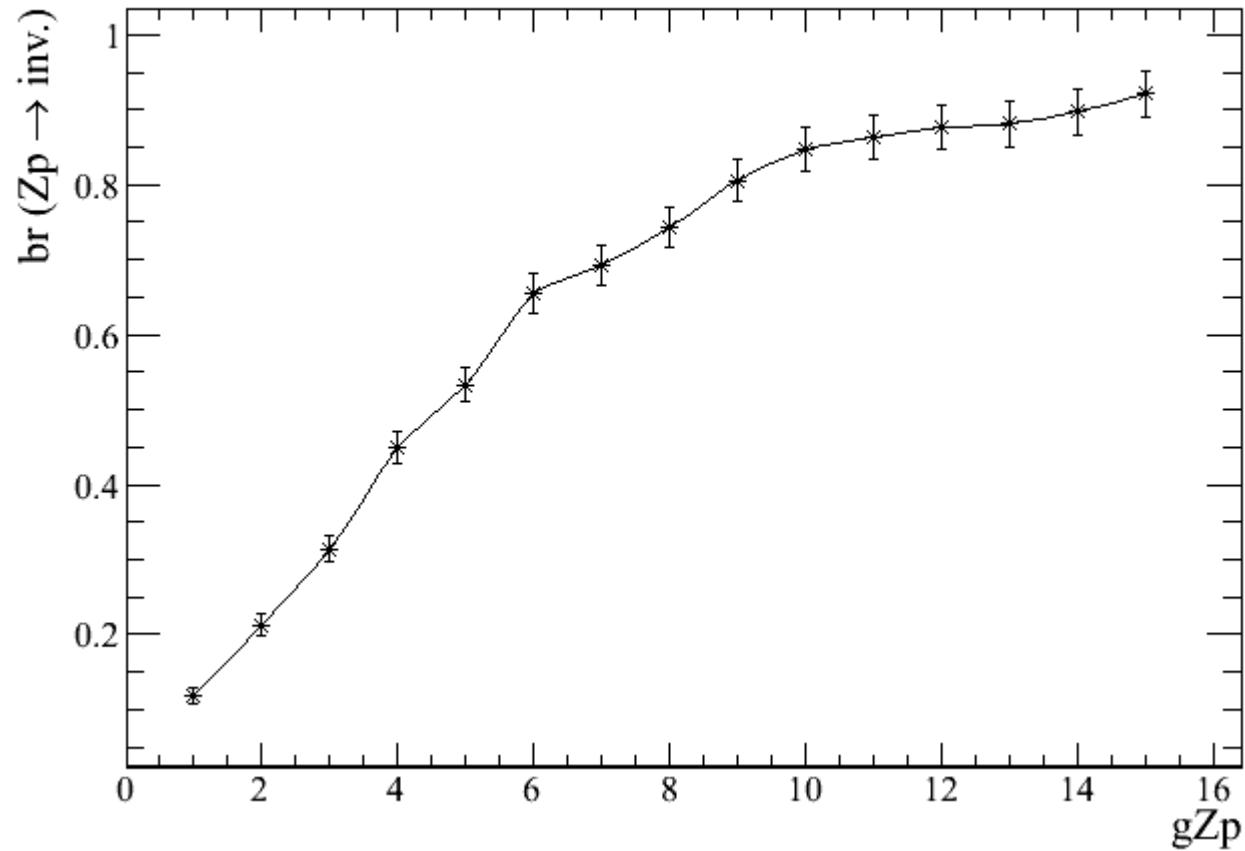
Description du problème

- Bruit de fond :
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (~ 20 fb)
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{inv.}$ (~ 5 fb)
- Signal :
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t} Z'$ (~ 1 fb) ($\ll MZ_p$)
 - $\text{Br}(Z' \rightarrow \text{inv.}) \sim 10\%$ ($\ll gZ_p$)

Description du problème



Description du problème



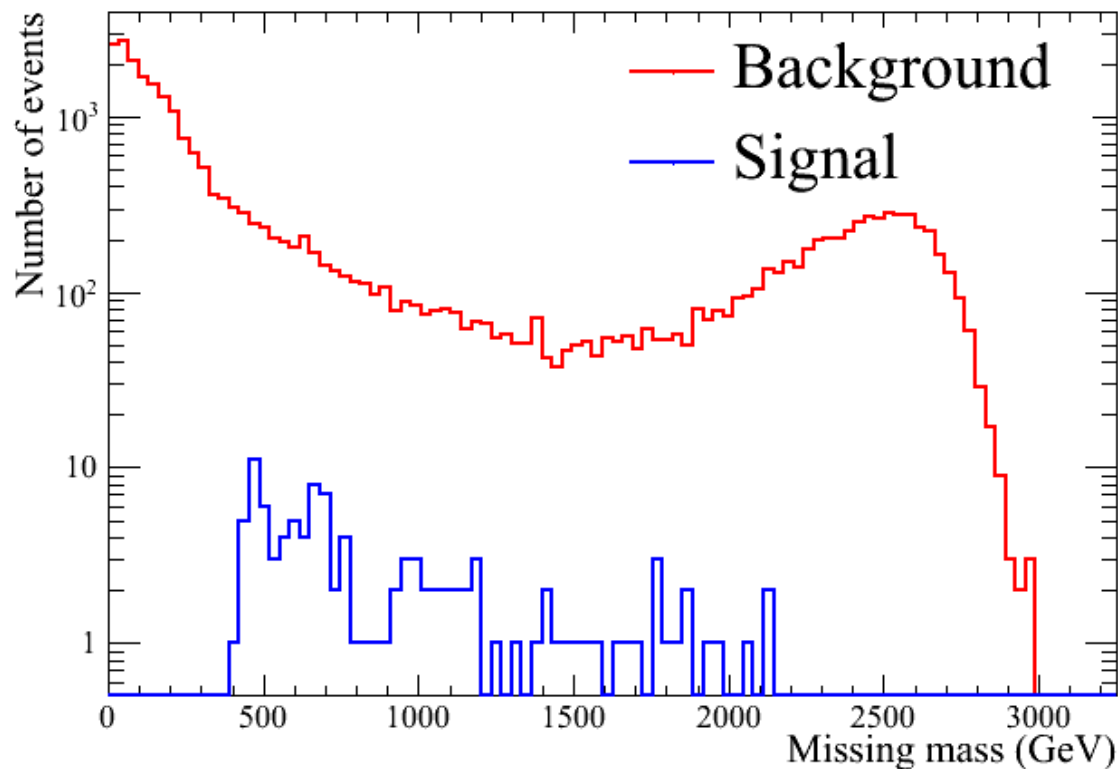
Description du problème

- Domaine (MZp,gZp) autorisé (Geneviève) ?
- Domaine (MZp,gZp) observable ?

Méthode d'approche

- MZp mesurée *via* la masse manquante :

$$\text{missM} = \sqrt{\text{missE}^2 - \text{missP}^2}$$



MZp = 400 GeV
gZp = 1

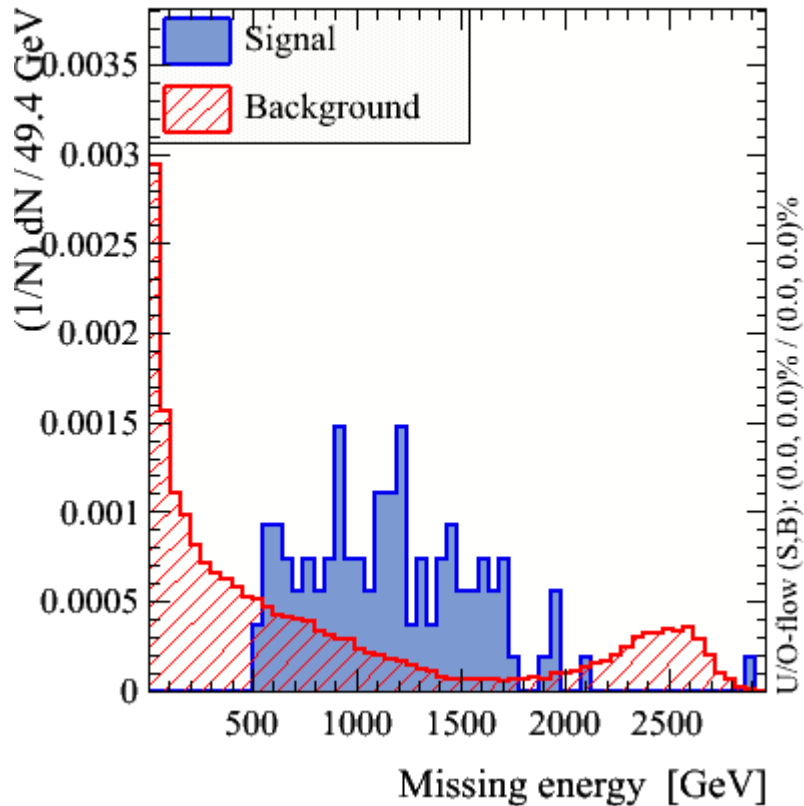
Besoin d'une
coupure ...

Méthode d'approche

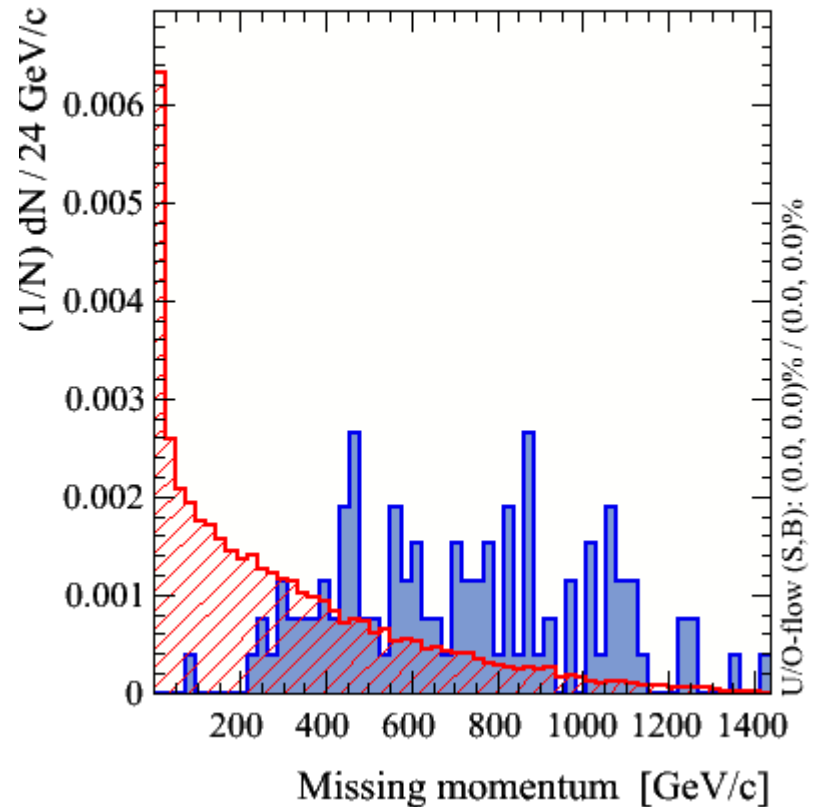
- Couper sur des des variables discriminantes de l'état final.
- 8 variables retenues :
 - Energie manquante
 - Impulsion manquante
 - Angle θ de l'impulsion manquante
 - Impulsion transverse manquante
 - Spéricité
 - Aplanarité
 - Energie du 1er jet
 - Impulsion transverse du 1er jet

Variables Discriminantes

Input variable: Missing energy

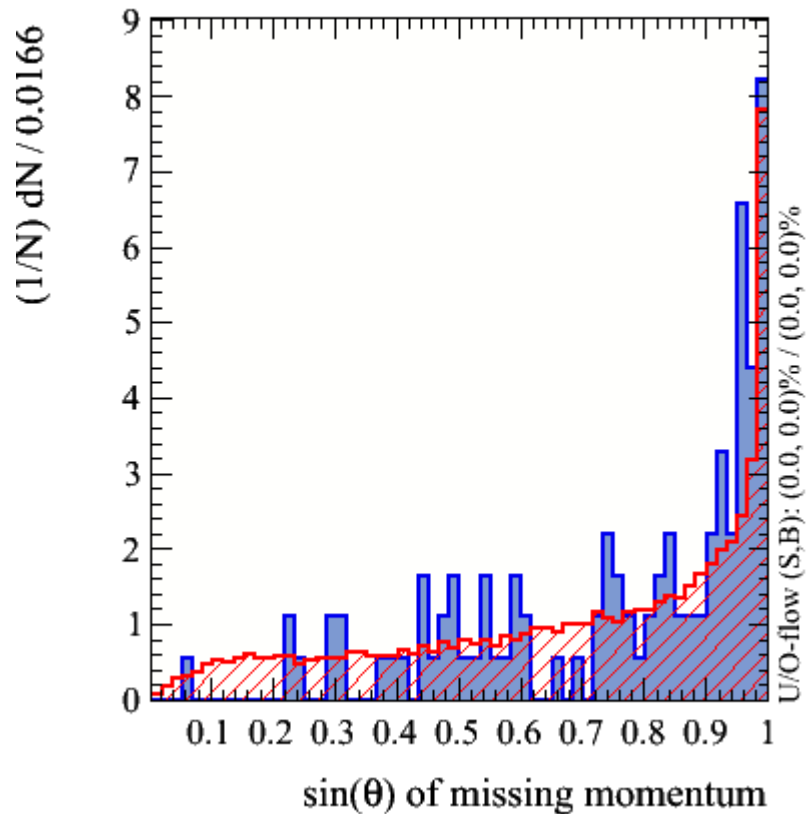


Input variable: Missing momentum

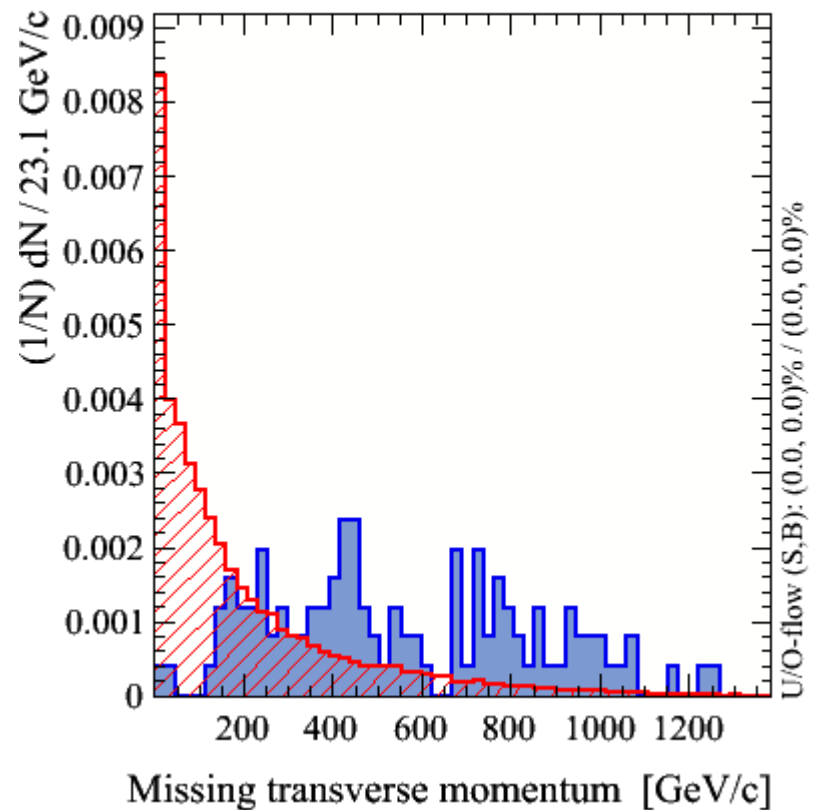


Variables Discriminantes

Input variable: $\sin(\theta)$ of missing momentum

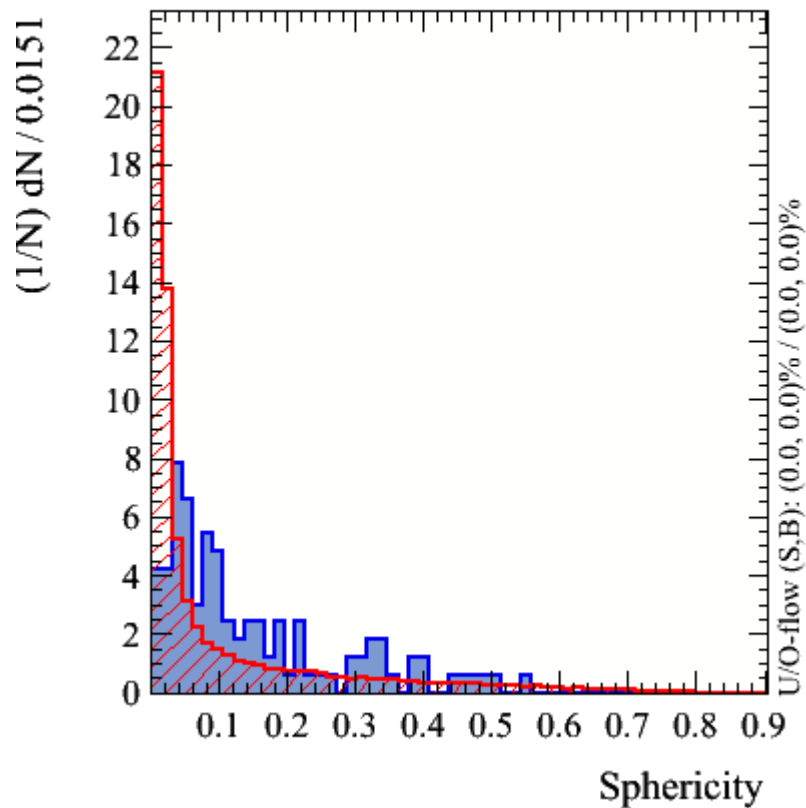


Input variable: Missing transverse momentum

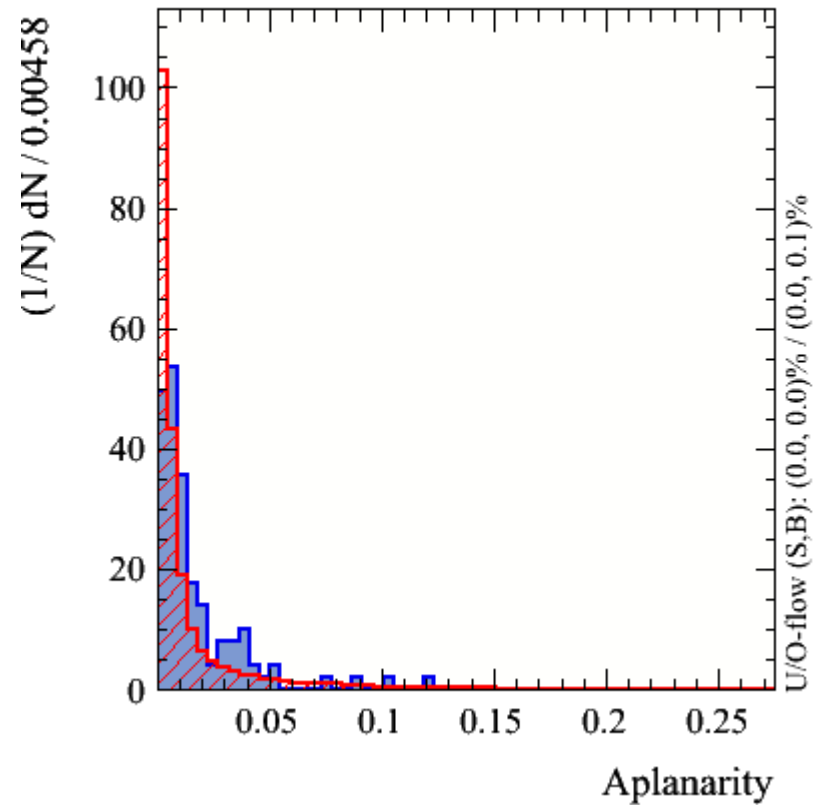


Variables Discriminantes

Input variable: Sphericity

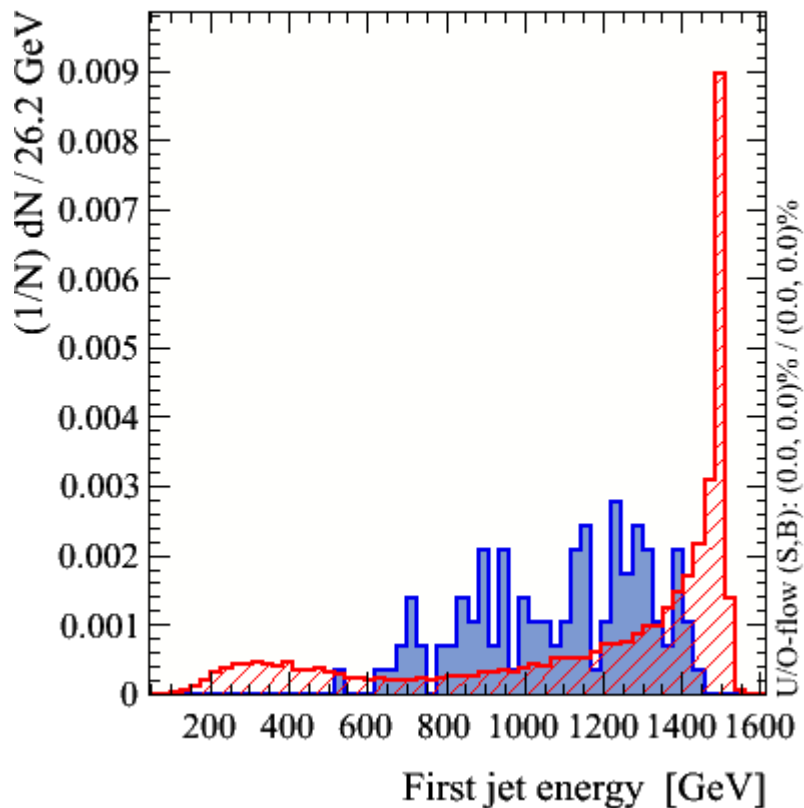


Input variable: Aplanarity

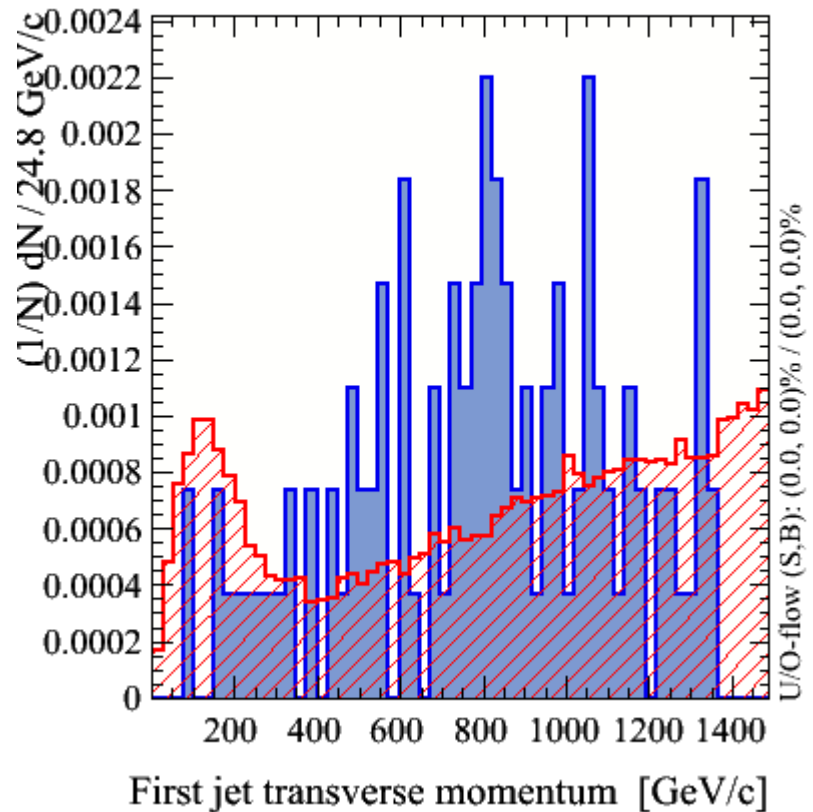


Variables Discriminantes

Input variable: First jet energy

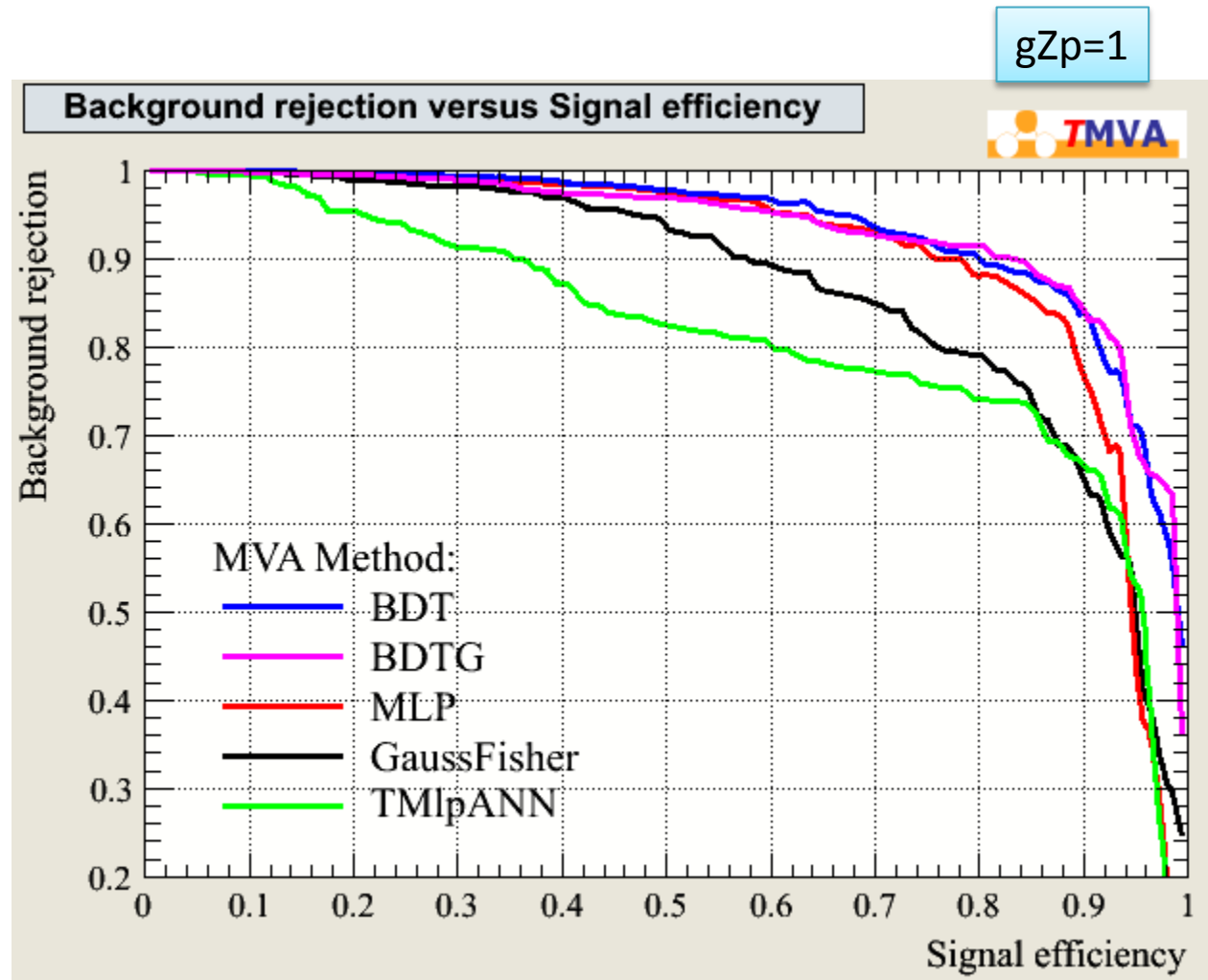


Input variable: First jet transverse momentum



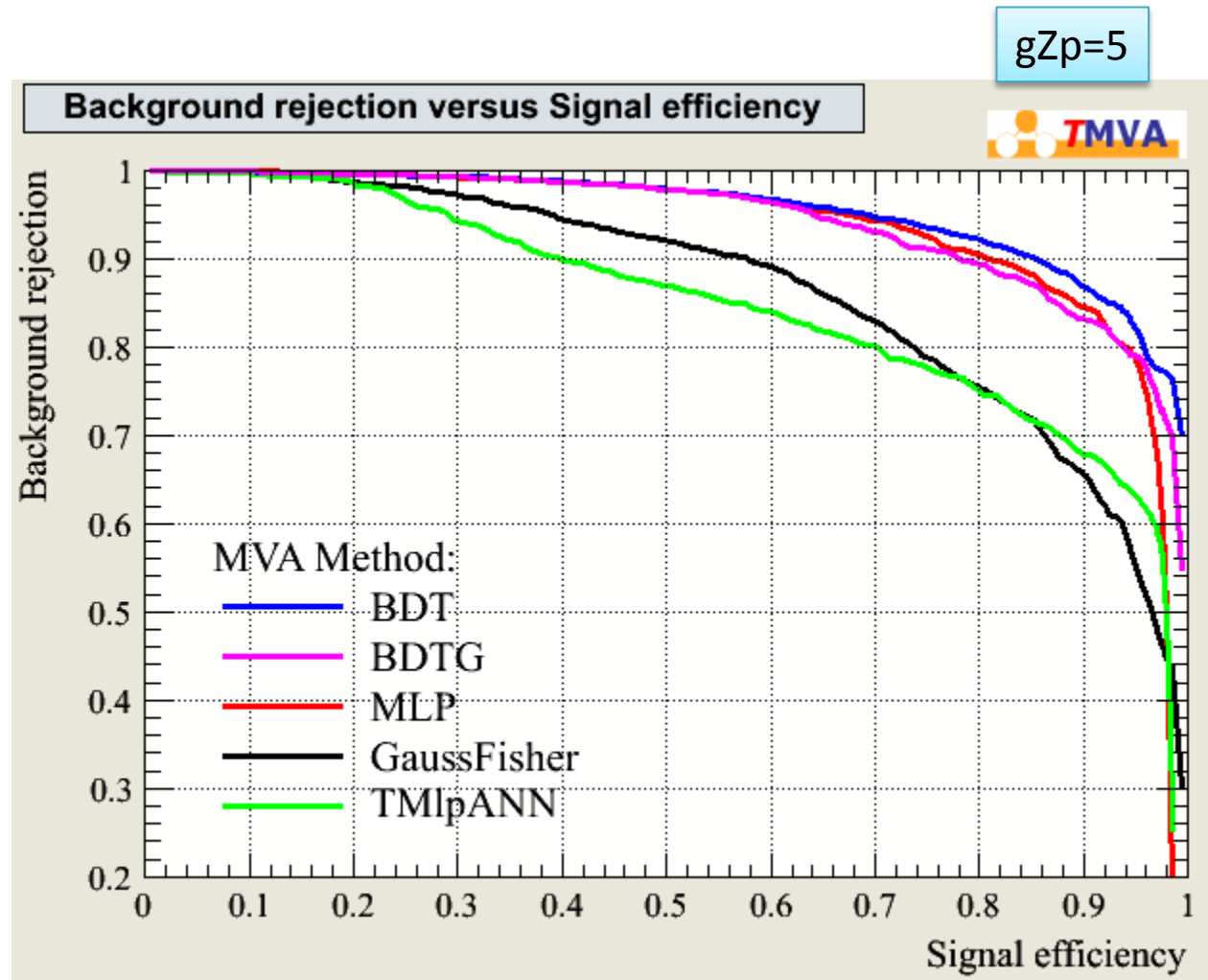
Méthode d'approche

- Coupure “à la main” imprécises
- Outils d'analyse multivariable (TMVA)



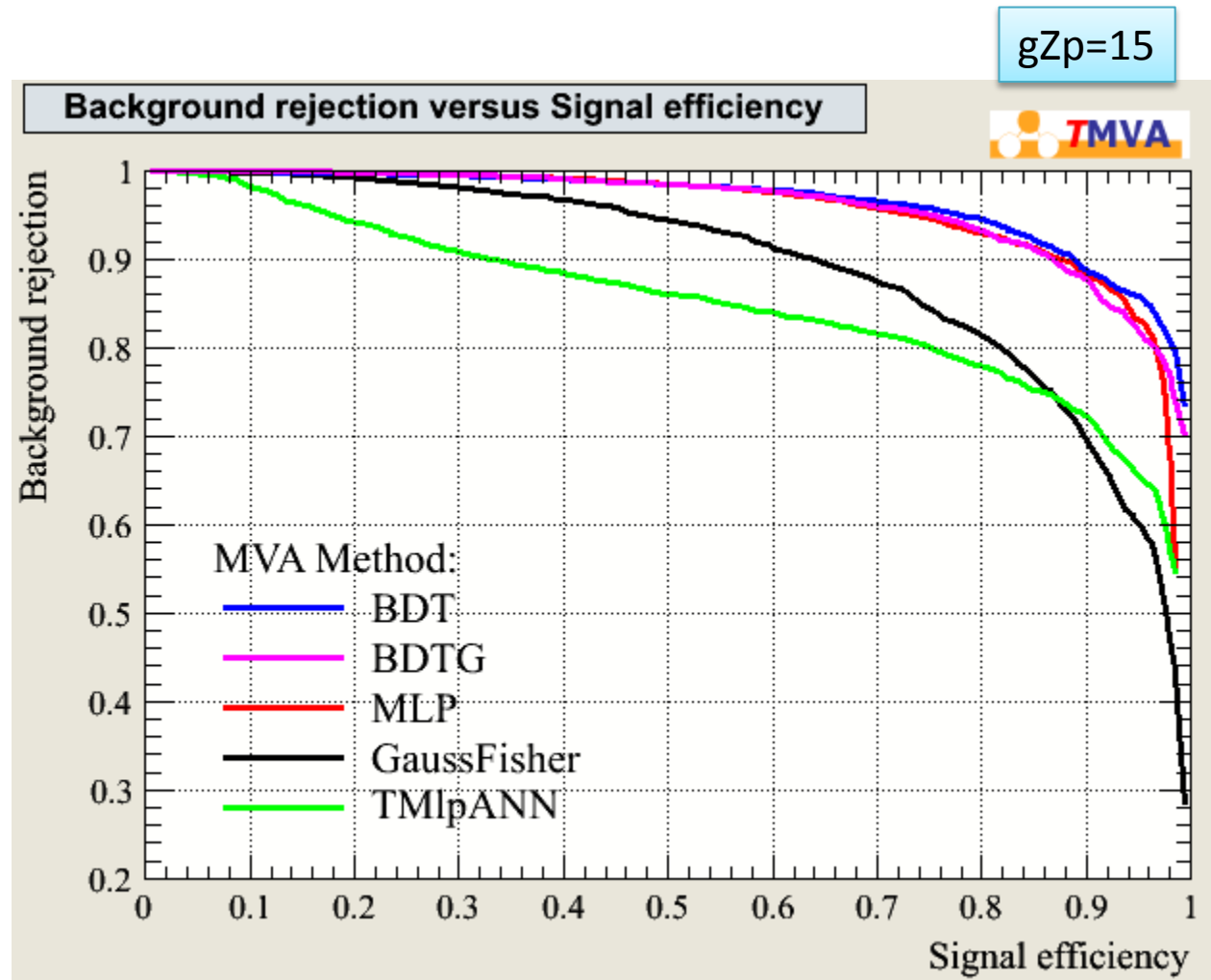
Méthode d'approche

- Coupure “à la main” imprécises
- Outils d'analyse multivariable (TMVA)



Méthode d'approche

- Coupure “à la main” imprécises
- Outils d'analyse multivariable (TMVA)



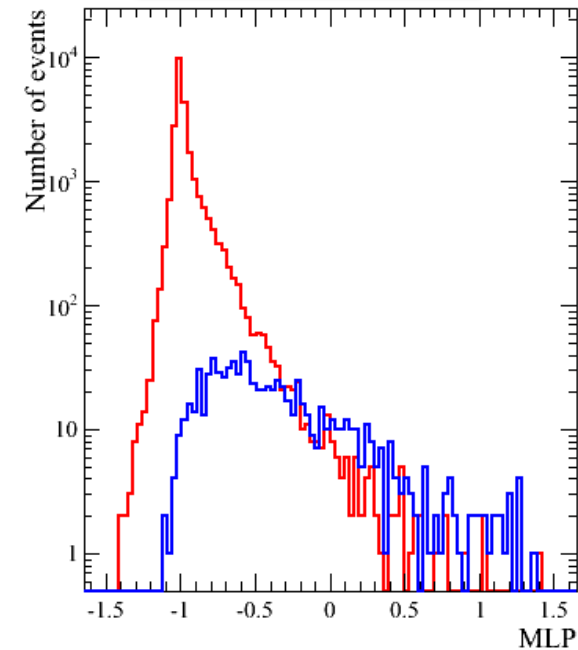
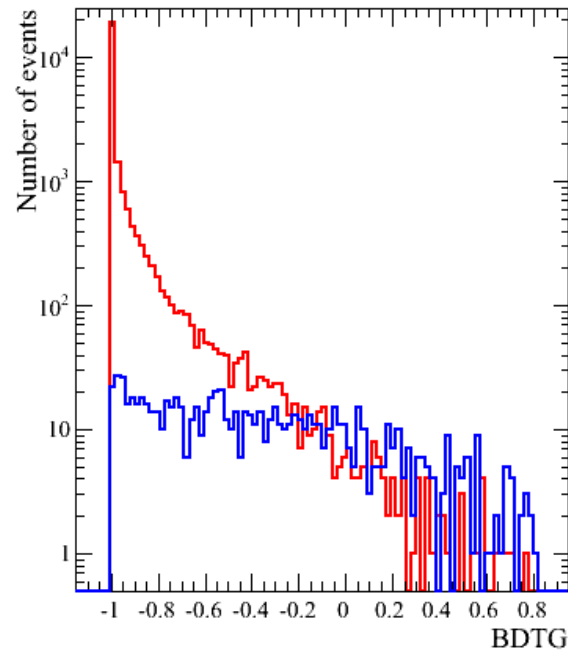
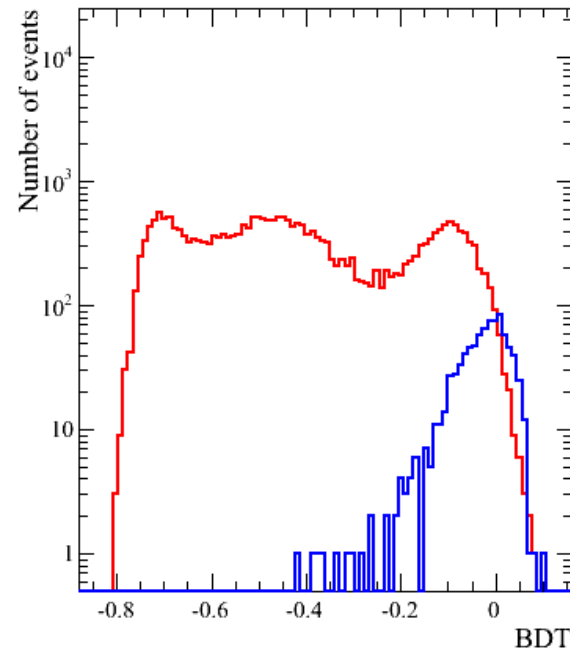
Méthode d'approche

- 3 algorithmes retenus:
 - Boosted Decision Tree (BDT)
 - Gradient Boosted Decision tree (BDTG)
 - Multi Layer Perceptron (MLP)

Méthode d'approche

- Variables de sortie :

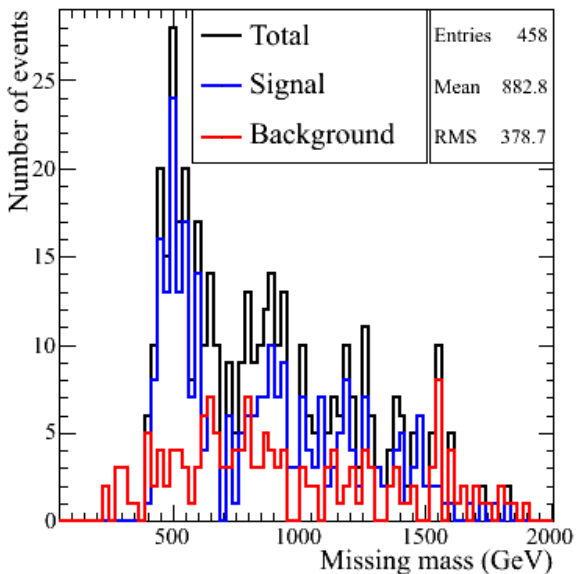
$M_{Zp} = 400 \text{ GeV}$
 $g_{Zp} = 10$



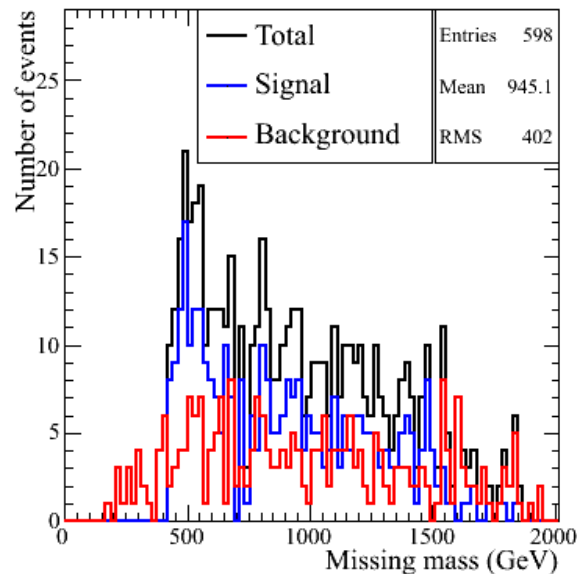
Méthode d'approche

- Coupure grossière (exemple)

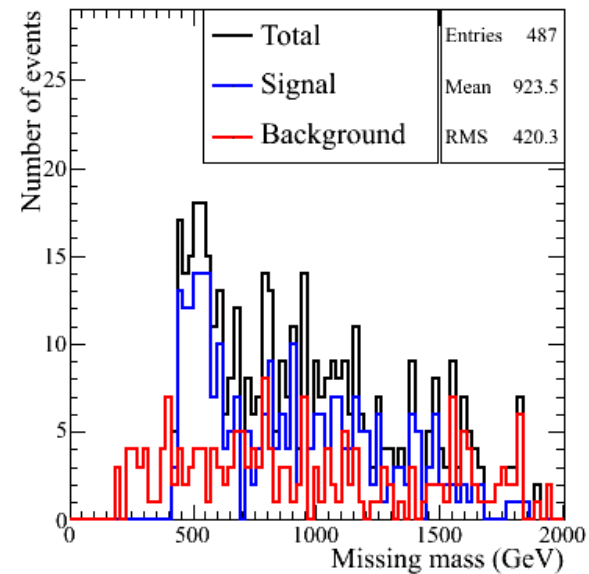
BDT>0



BDTG>-0.3



MLP>-0.3



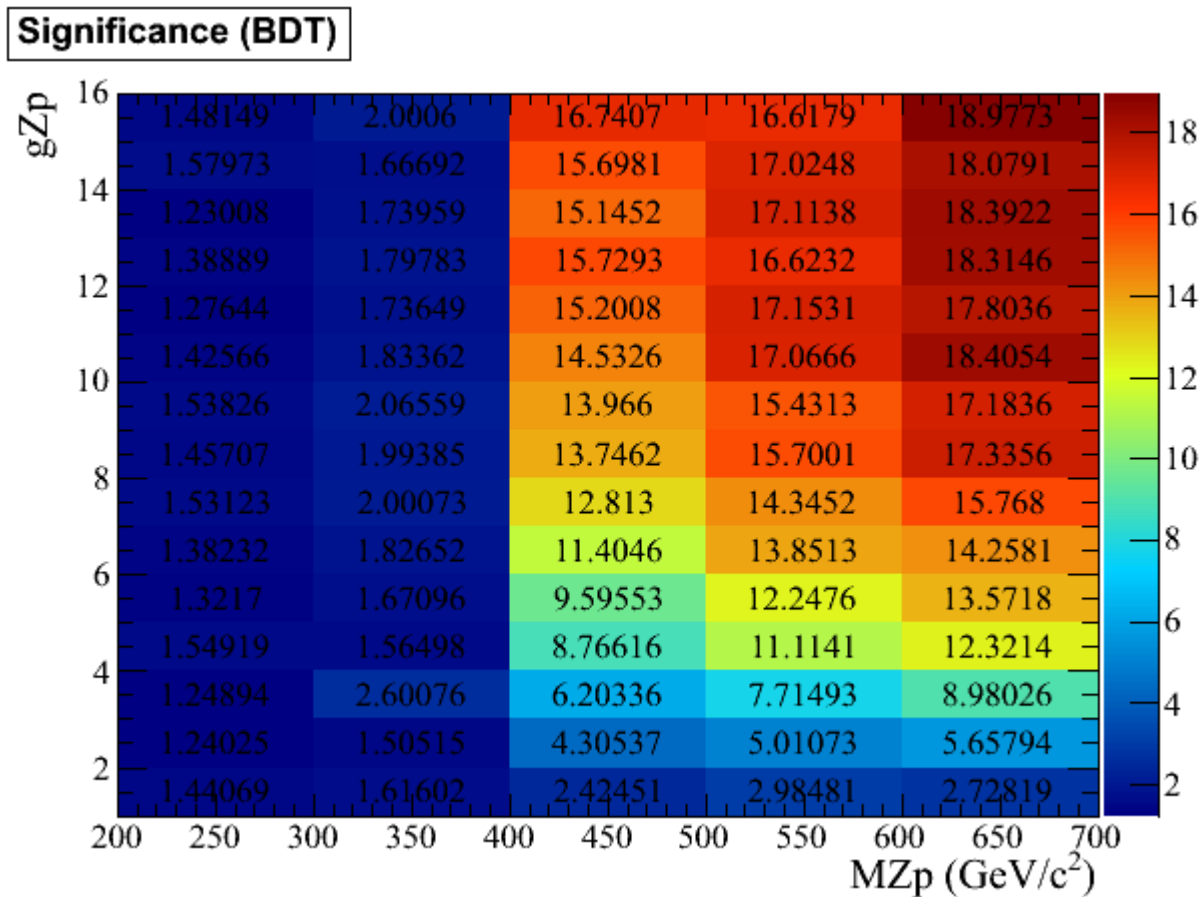
Méthode d'approche

- Pertinence de la coupure :

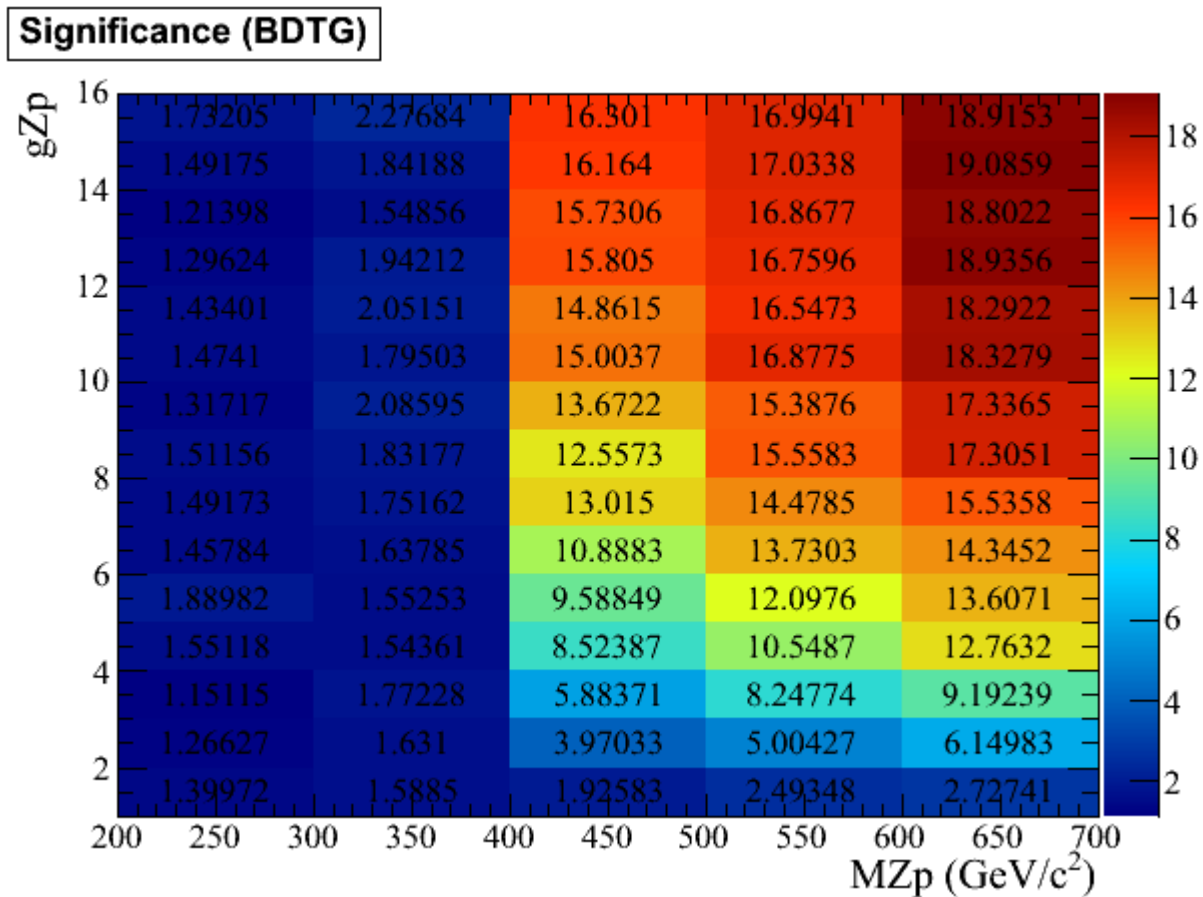
$$\text{Significance} = S/\sqrt{S+B}$$

- Optimiser Coupure $\Leftrightarrow$ maximiser Significance
- Scanner (MZp;gZp)

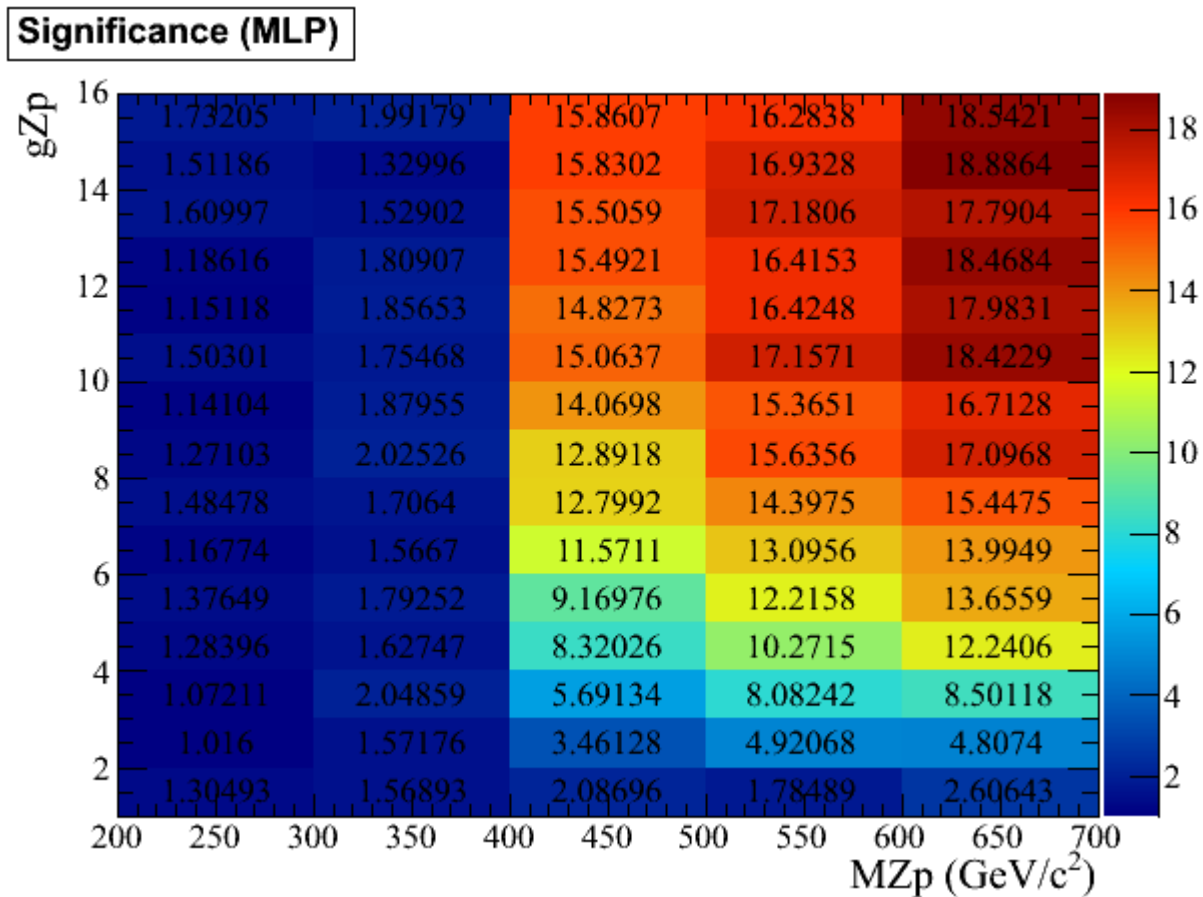
Résultats



Résultats

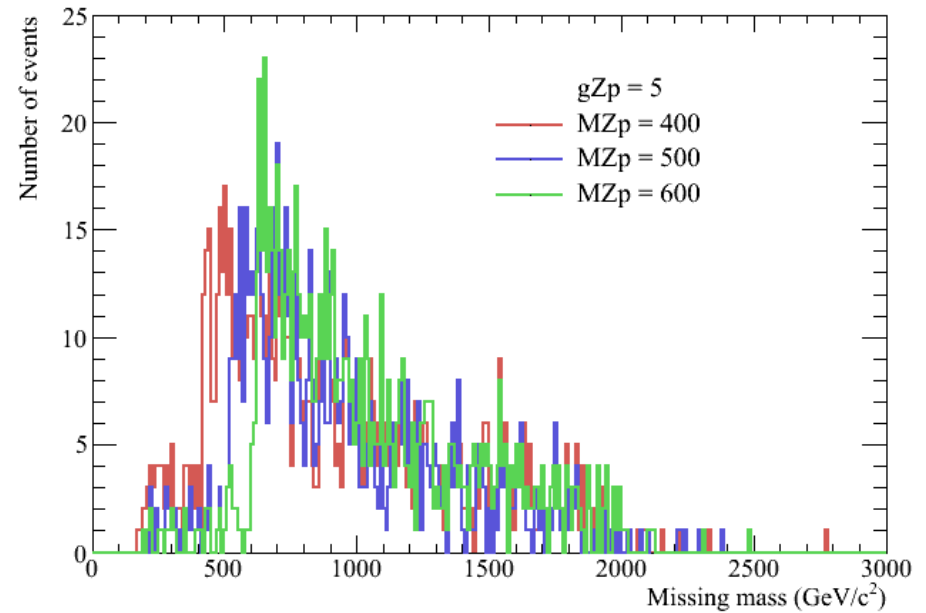
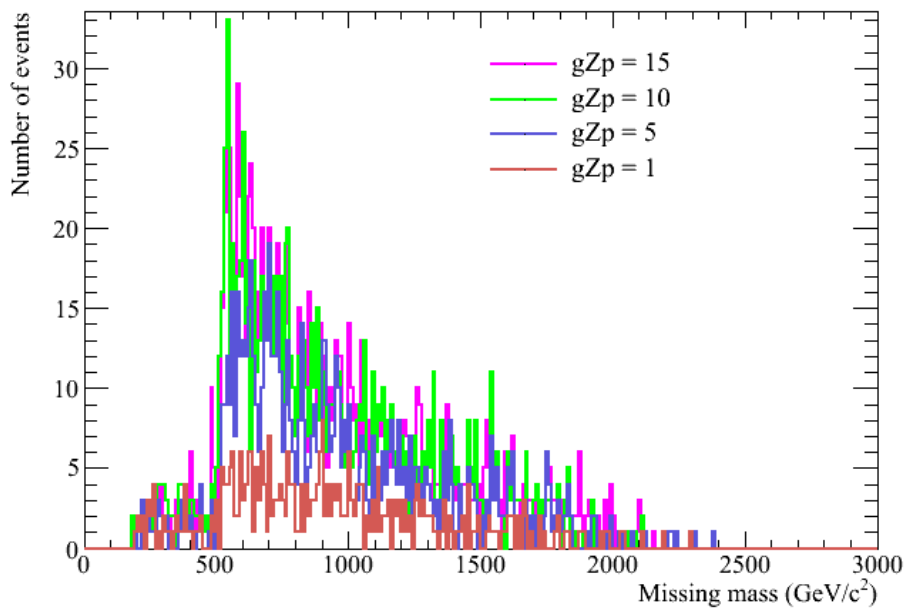


Résultats



Résultats

- Spectres en masse manquante, après coupure :



Suite de l'étude

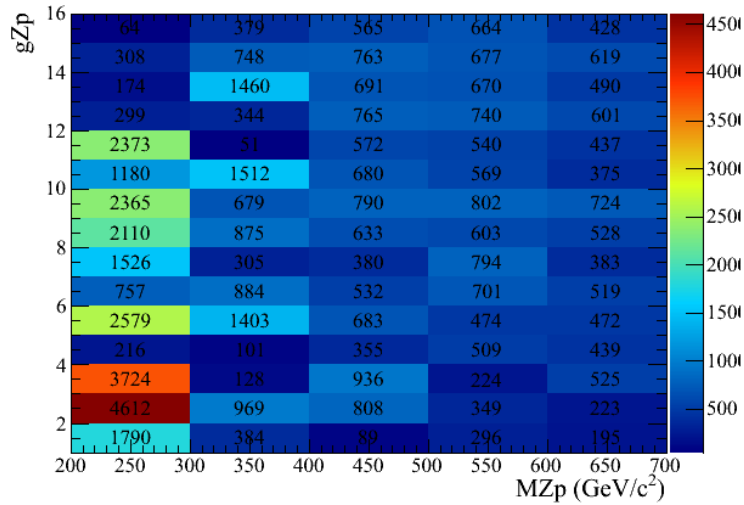
- “Initial state radiation”
⇒ Régénérer les données ...
- Résolution détecteur
→ Contraintes ...

Discussion

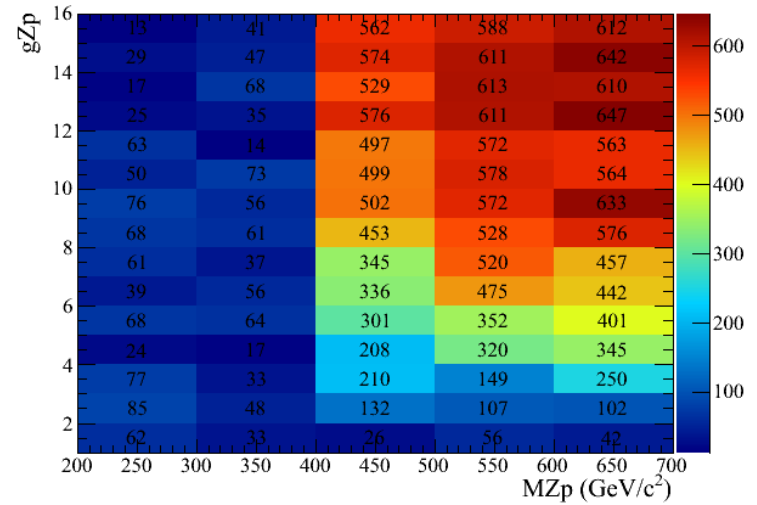
- TMVA ?
- Fit signal et bruit de fond
- Coupures optimisées / coupure unique
- Parametre ajustable ? (gZp, MLZP ...)
- CDR CLIC?

Backup

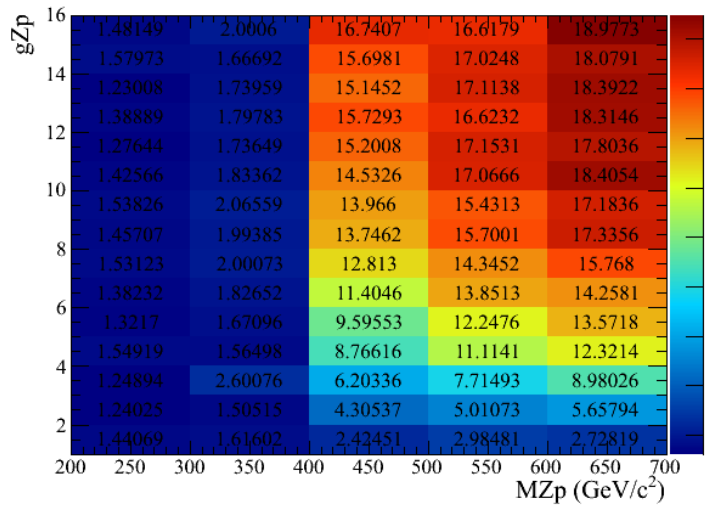
Background (BDT)



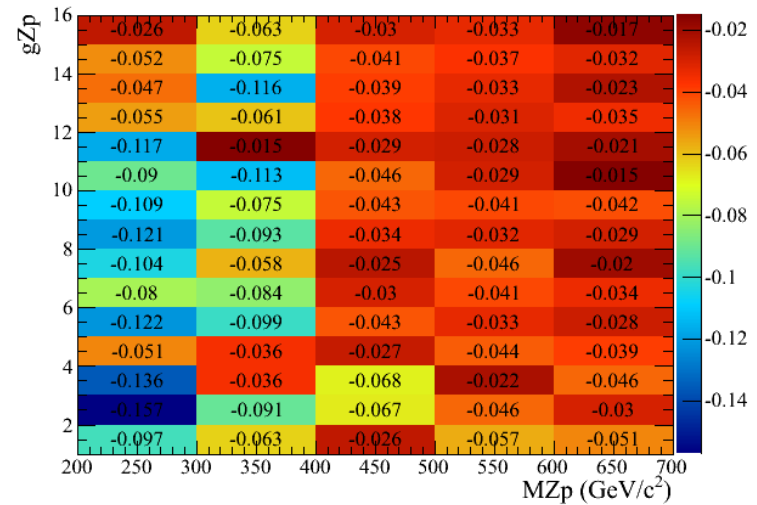
Signal (BDT)



Significance (BDT)

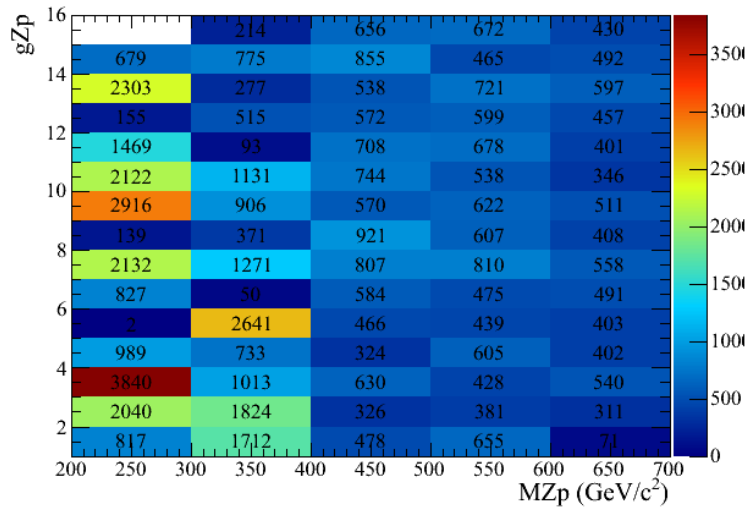


cut (BDT)

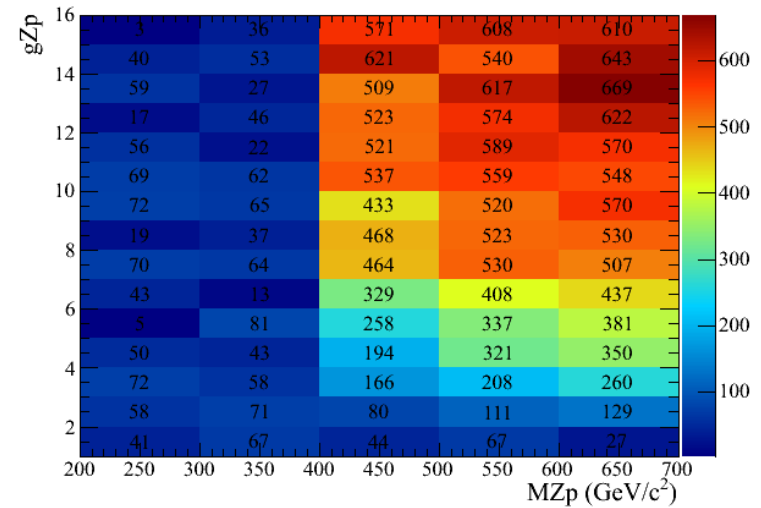


Backup

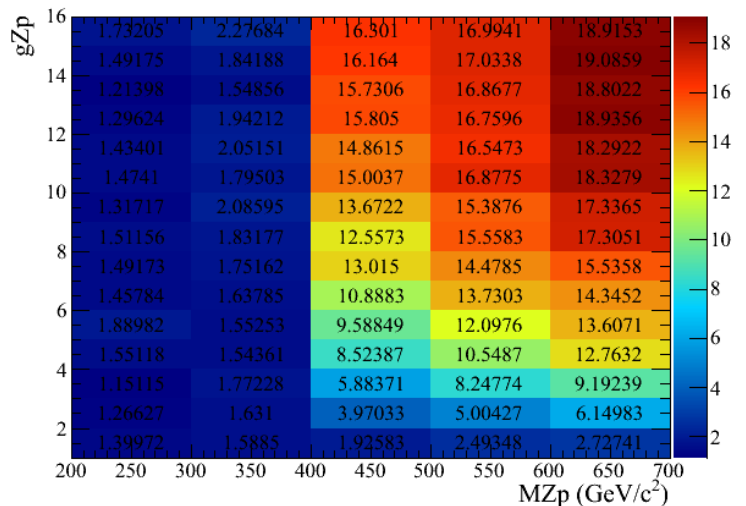
Background (BDTG)



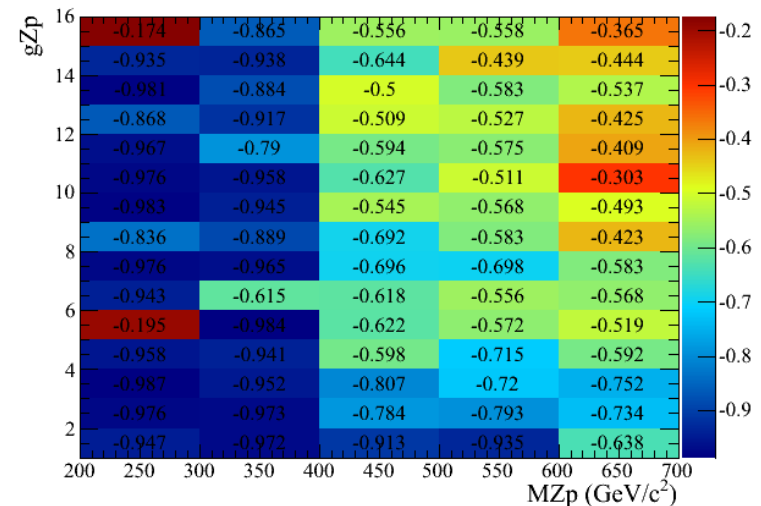
Signal (BDTG)



Significance (BDTG)

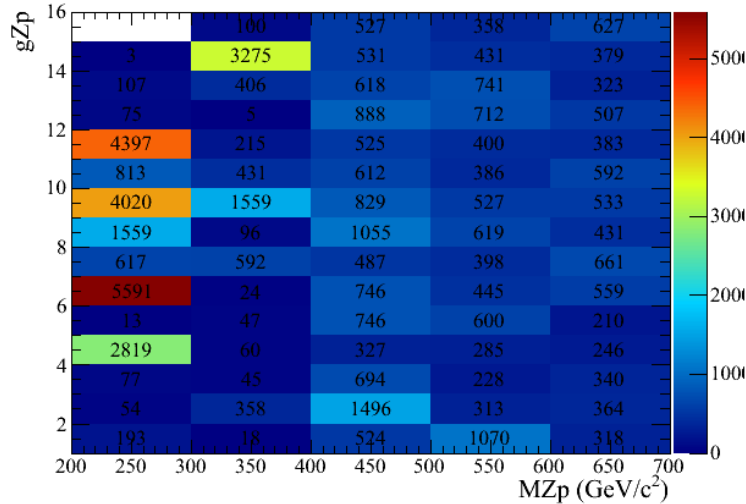


cut (BDTG)

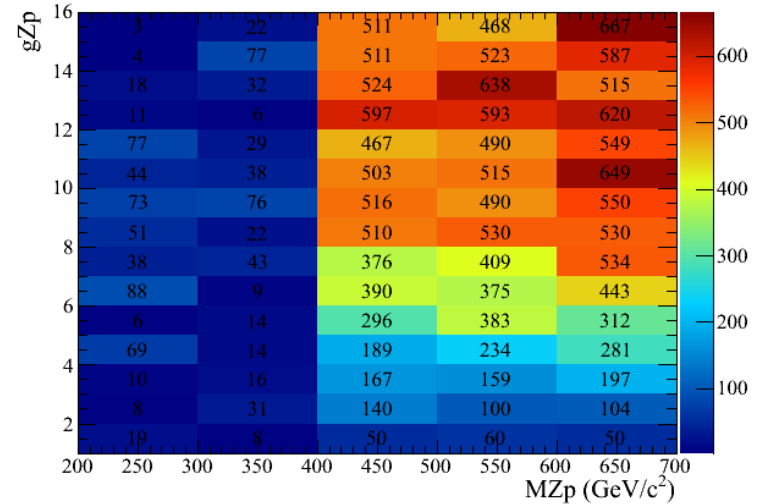


Backup

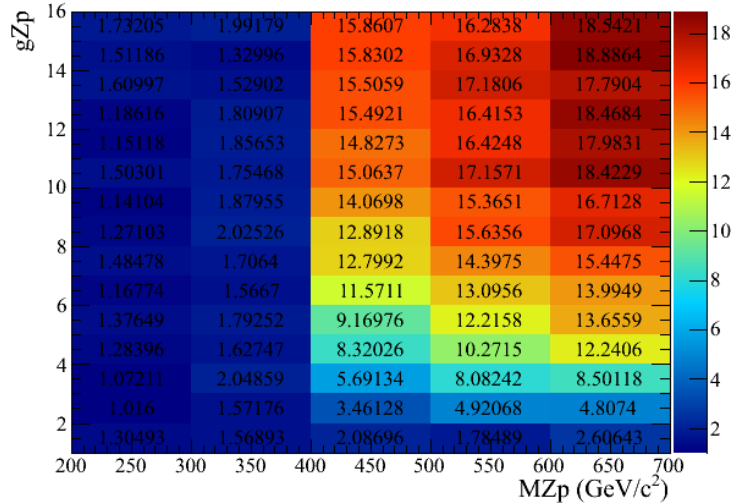
Background (MLP)



Signal (MLP)



Significance (MLP)



cut (MLP)

