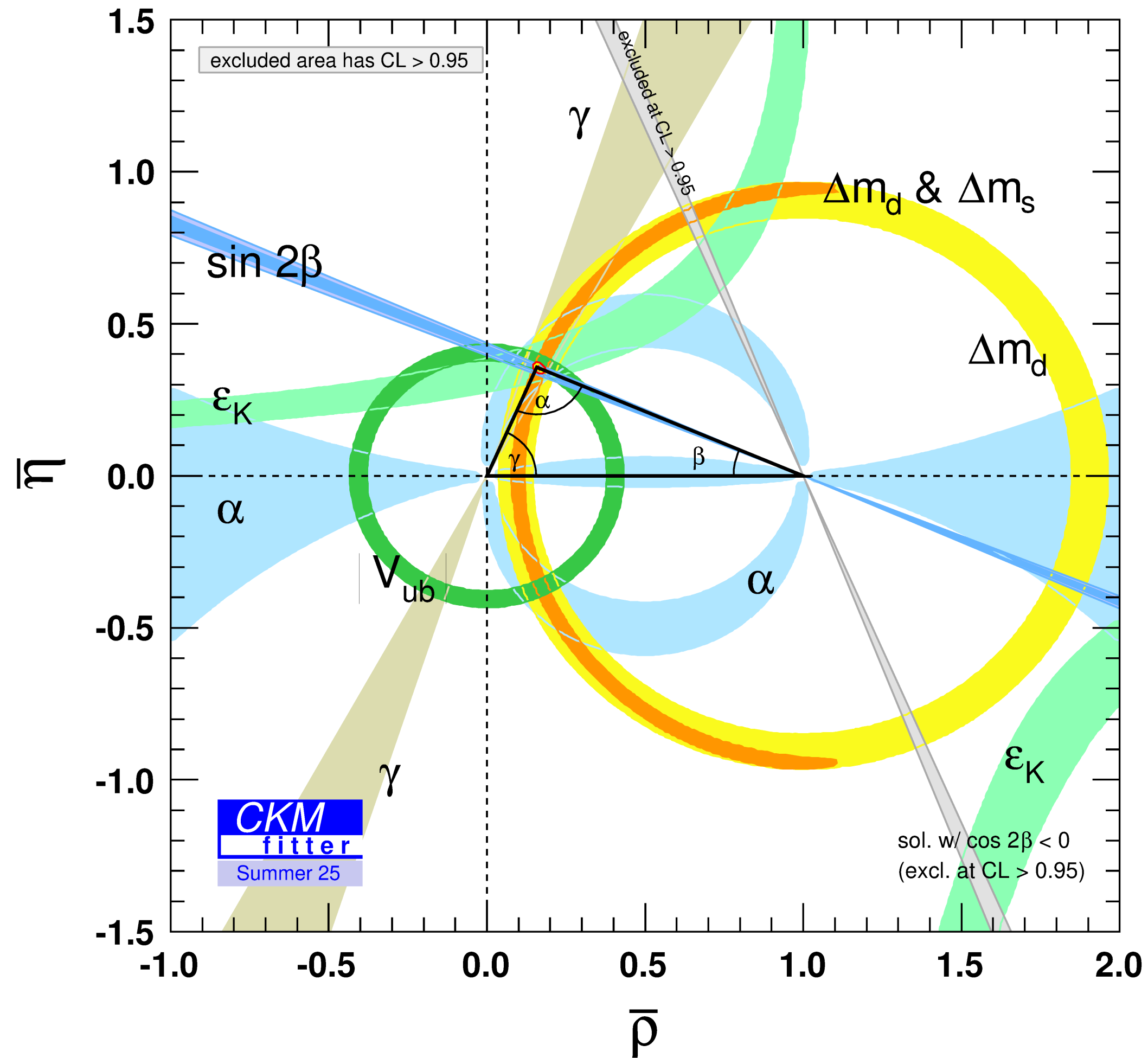


**Flavour-tagged time-dependent analysis of
the $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \eta'$ decay with Run2 + Run3 data**

LHCb @ LPCA Interns Meeting

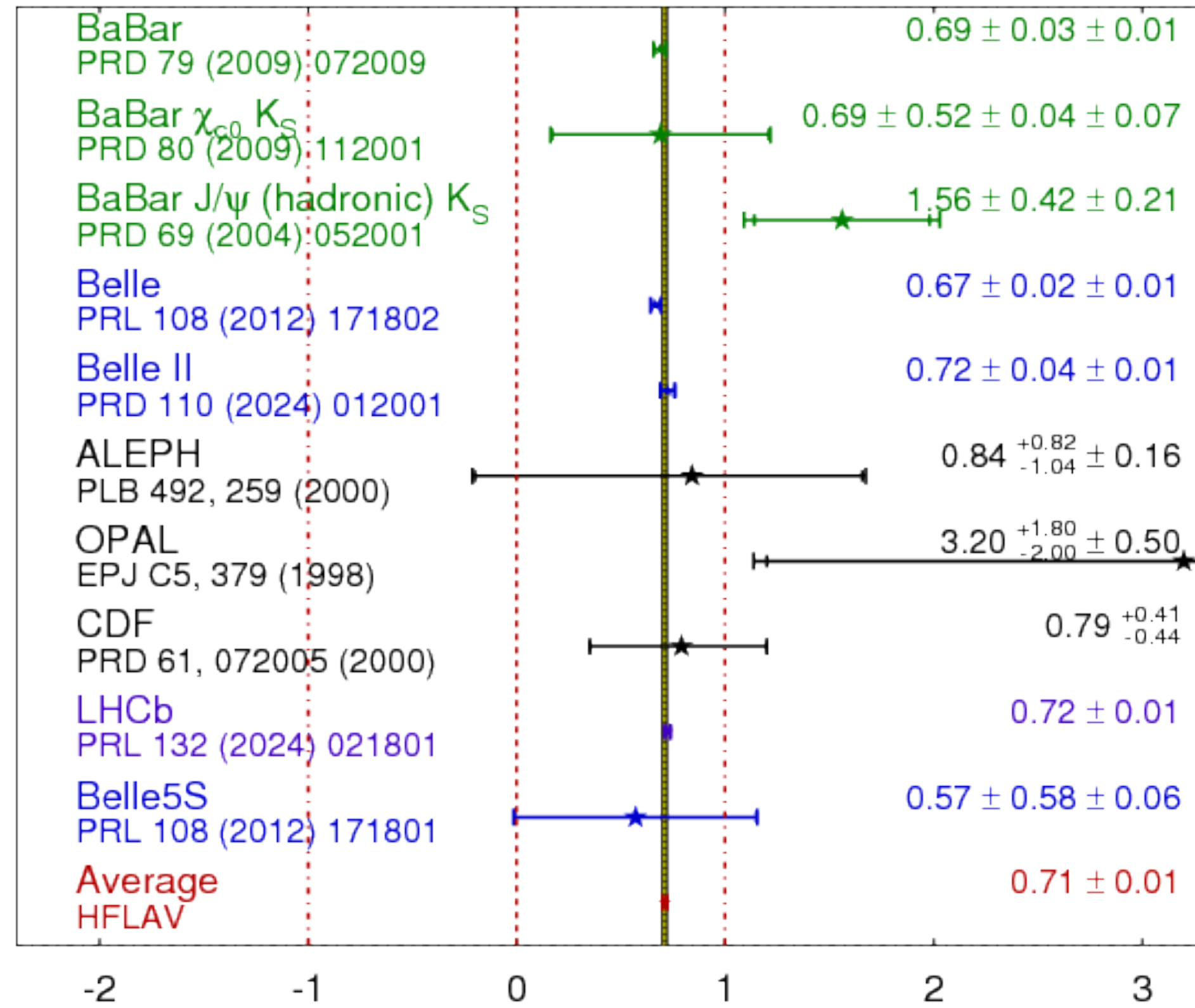
Unitary Triangle



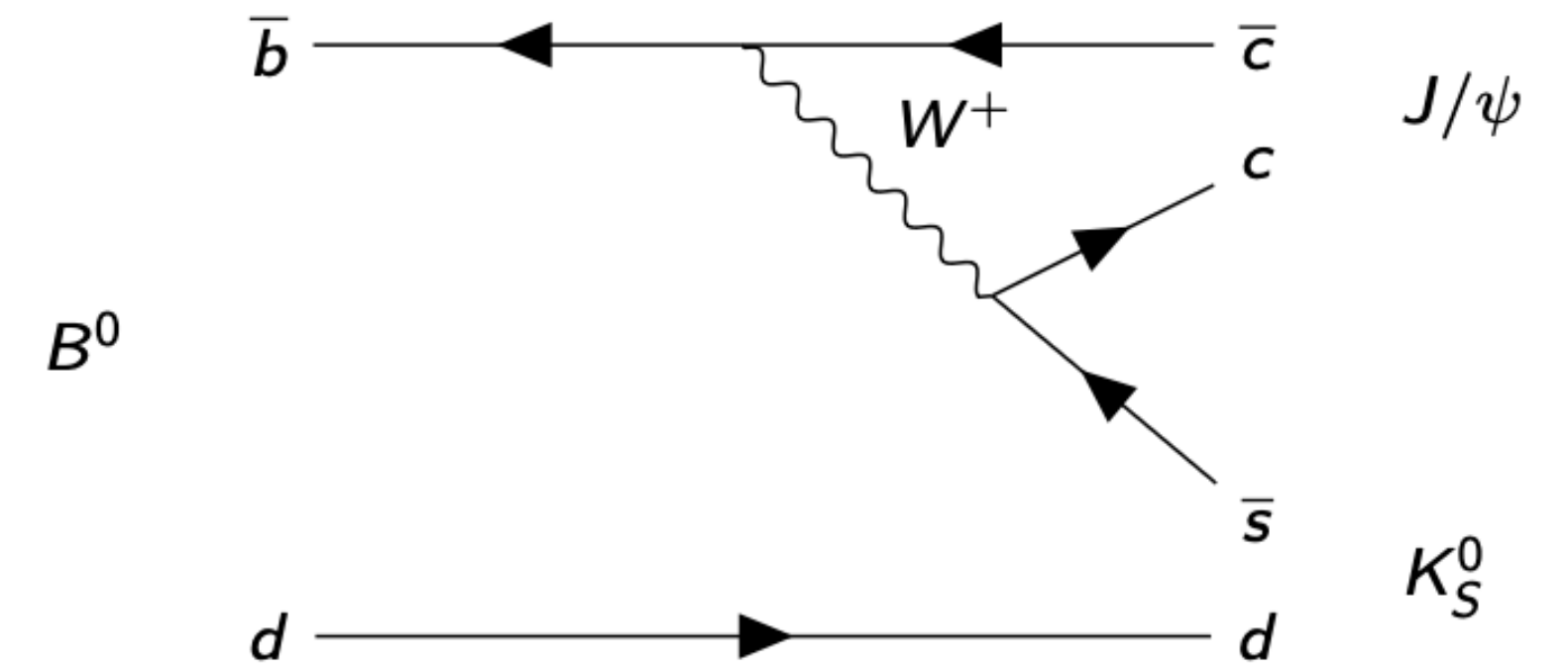
- Test the internal consistency of the CKM matrix and hence of the SM (Standard Model)
- Contributions from Physics beyond the SM entering loop diagrams

Status of $\sin(2\beta)$ measurements

$\sin(2\beta) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1)$ **HFLAV**
 PDG 2025
 PRELIMINARY



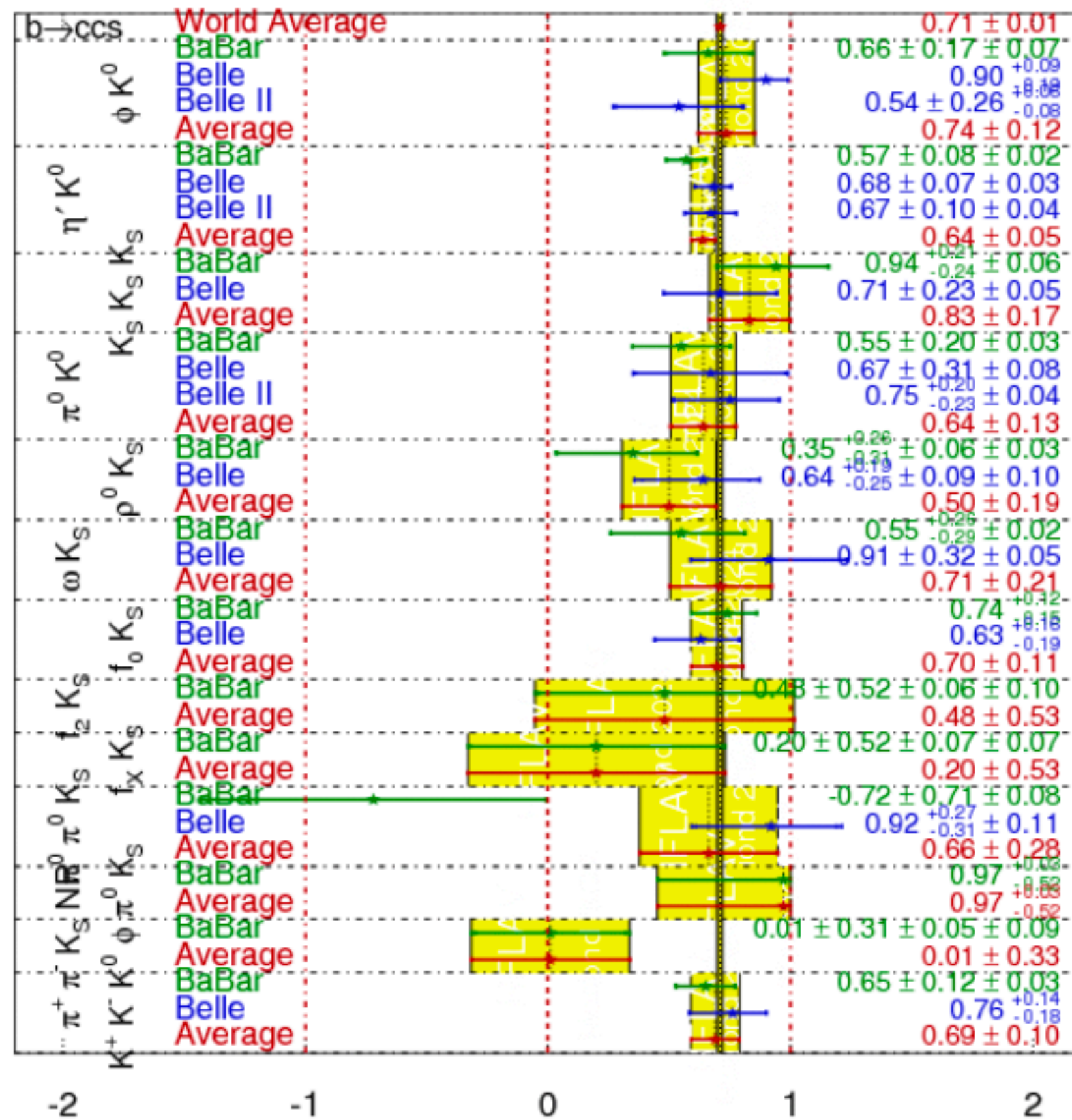
- $\sin(2\beta)$ measurements via the Golden channel: $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$
- LHCb is the most precise actor
- $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$ mode is tree-level dominated



$\sin(2\beta)$ measurements via other modes

$$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}})$$

HFLAV
Moriond 2024
PRELIMINARY



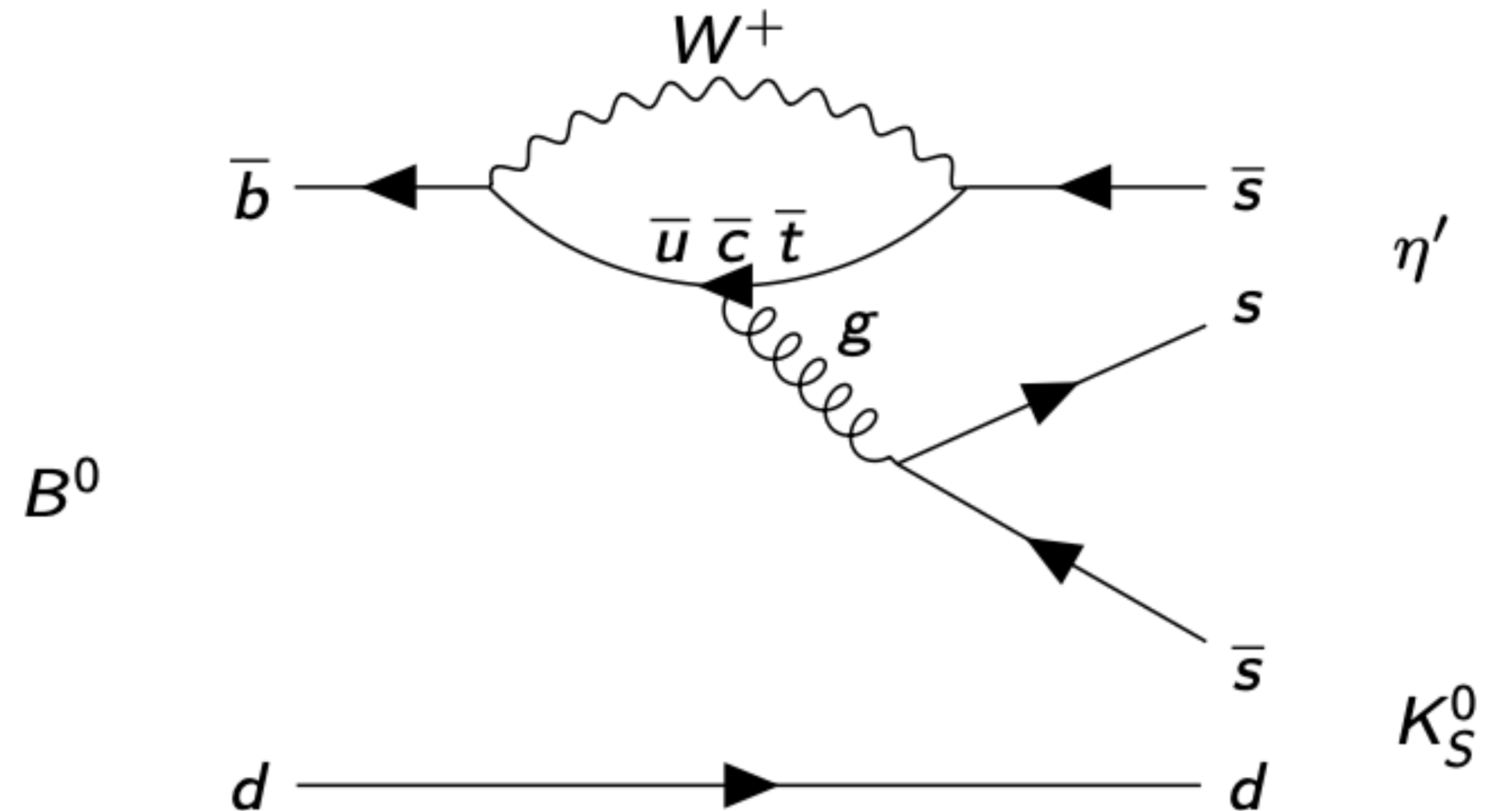
- LHCb non competitive on other modes
- $B^0 \rightarrow K_S \eta'$ is the most precise channel
- $B^0 \rightarrow K_S \eta'$ is a channel historically dominated by B-factories

Why $\sin(2\beta)$ with $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \eta'$ decay?

- Recent Belle II difficulties
- $B^0 \rightarrow K_S \eta'$ is dominated by loop-level transitions

$$\beta_{eff} = \beta + \Delta\phi_{NP}$$

- Potential contributions from BSM amplitudes
- Search for NP in a $\Delta F = 1$ transition



How to measure $\sin(2\beta)$?

Consider CP Violation arising from the decay-mixing interference

$$A_{CP}(t) = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0(t) \rightarrow f) - \Gamma(B^0(t) \rightarrow f)}{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0(t) \rightarrow f) + \Gamma(B^0(t) \rightarrow f)} = S_f \sin(\Delta m_d t) - C_f \cos(\Delta m_d t)$$

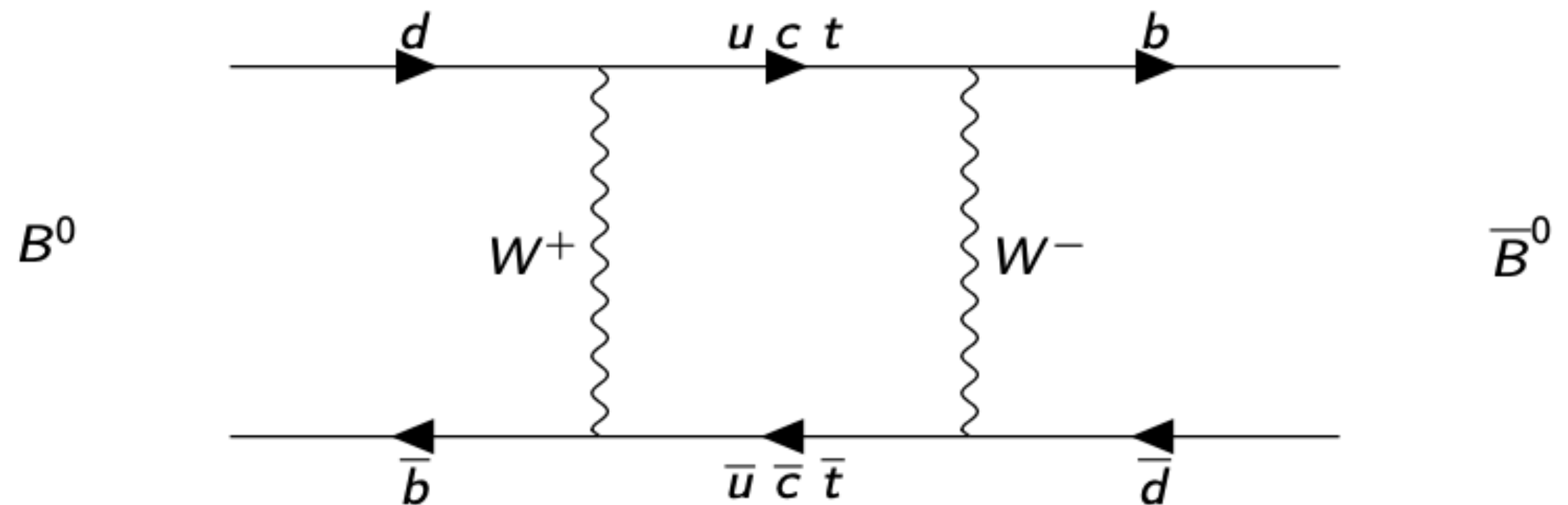
$$A_{CP}(t) = S_f \sin(\Delta m_d t)$$

How to measure $\sin(2\beta)$?

Consider CP Violation arising from the decay-mixing interference

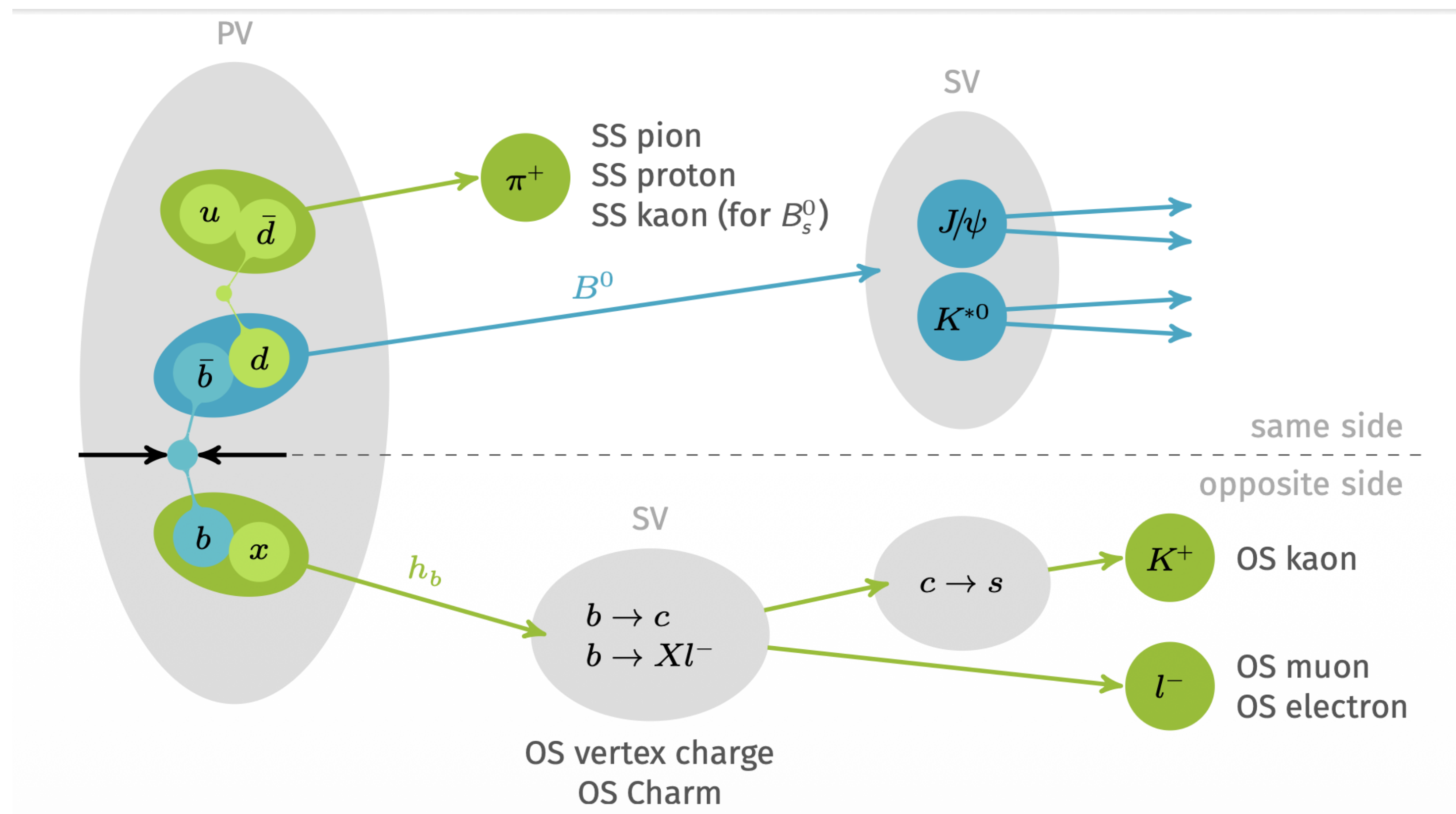
$$A_{CP}(t) = S_f \sin(\Delta m_d t)$$

$$\frac{N(B^0) - N(\bar{B}^0)}{N(B^0) + N(\bar{B}^0)}$$



How to disentangle the B^0/\bar{B}^0 at production ?

Use of Same Side (SS) or Opposite Side (OS) particle information to **tag** the B flavour



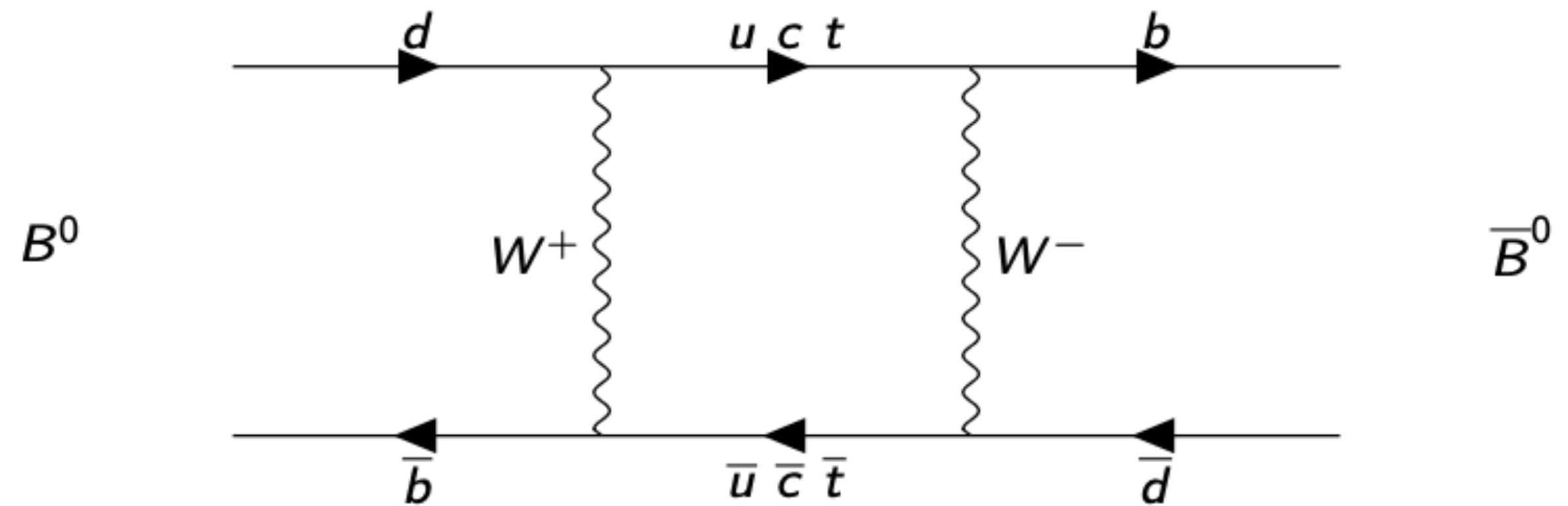
How to measure $\sin(2\beta)$?

Consider CP Violation arising from the decay-mixing interference

$$A_{CP}(t) = S_f \sin(\Delta m_d t)$$

$$\frac{N(B^0) - N(\bar{B}^0)}{N(B^0) + N(\bar{B}^0)}$$

+ Flavour Tagging

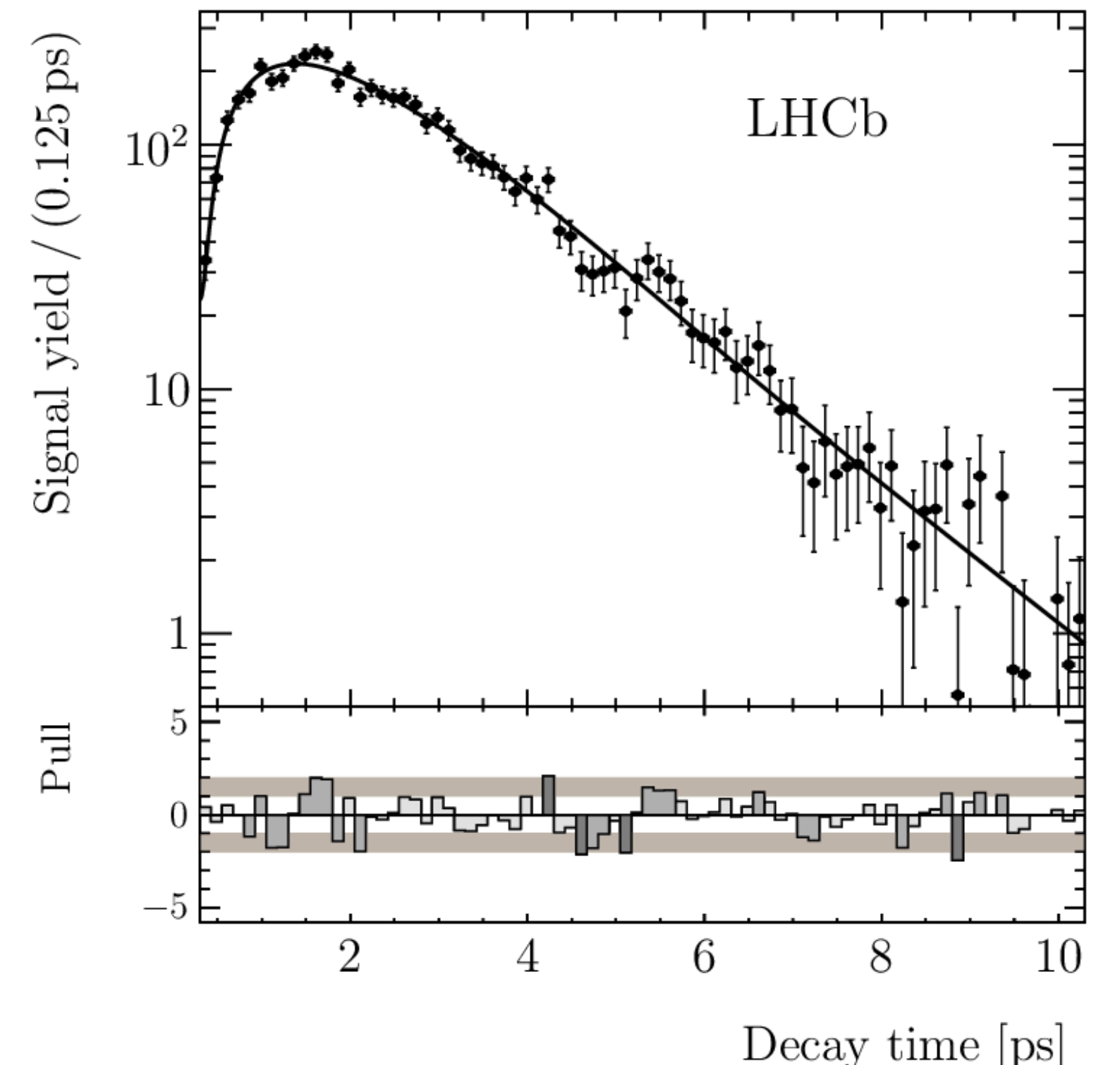


How to measure $\sin(2\beta)$?

Consider CP Violation arising from the decay-mixing interference

$$A_{CP}(t) = S_f \sin(\Delta m_d t)$$

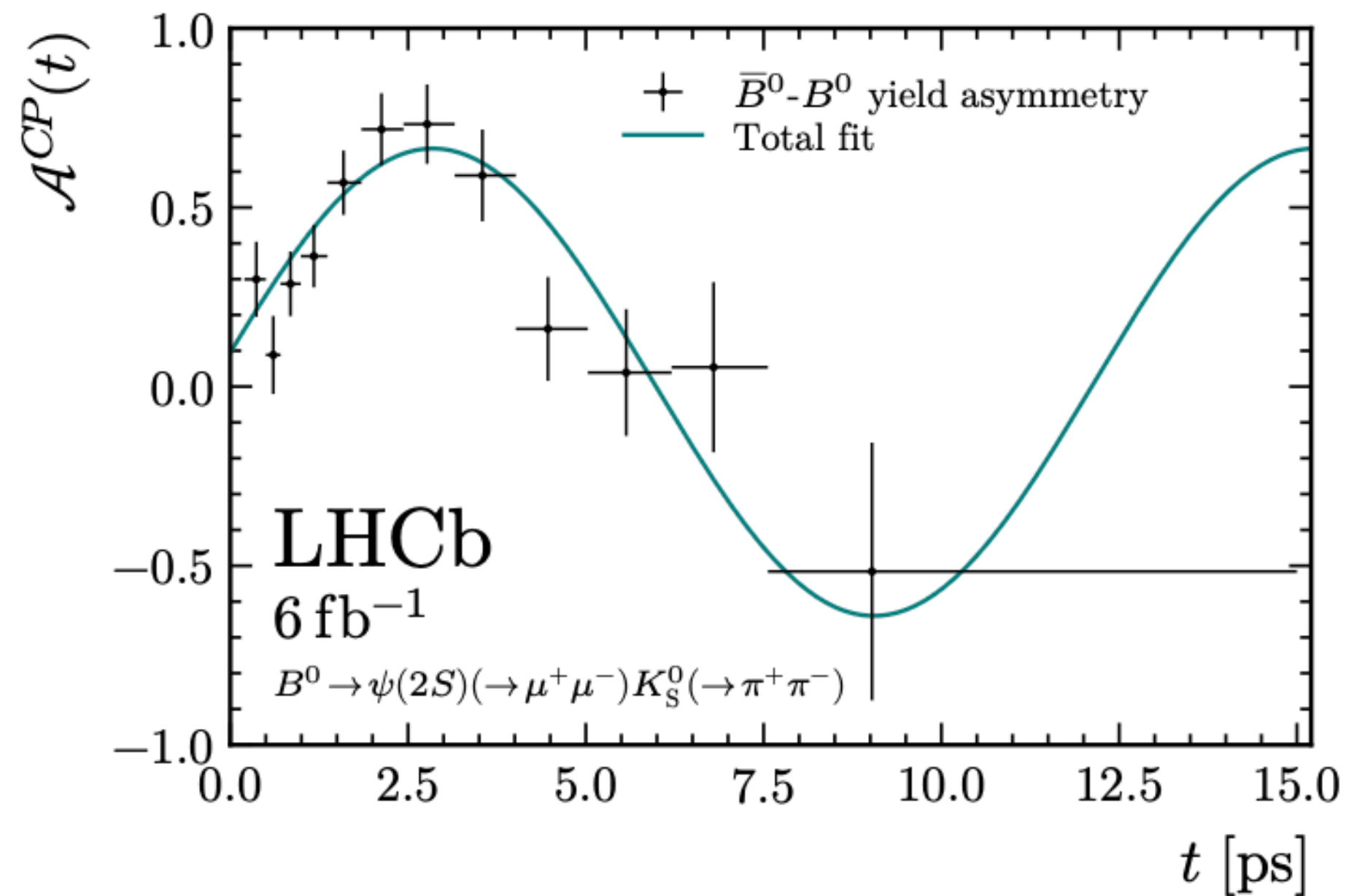
- Oscillations from decay-mixing interference
- Use of decay time to resolve the oscillations $\sin(\Delta m t)$



How to measure $\sin(2\beta)$?

Consider CP Violation arising from the decay-mixing interference

$$A_{CP}(t) = S_f \sin(\Delta m_d t)$$



$$S_f \propto \sin(2\beta)$$

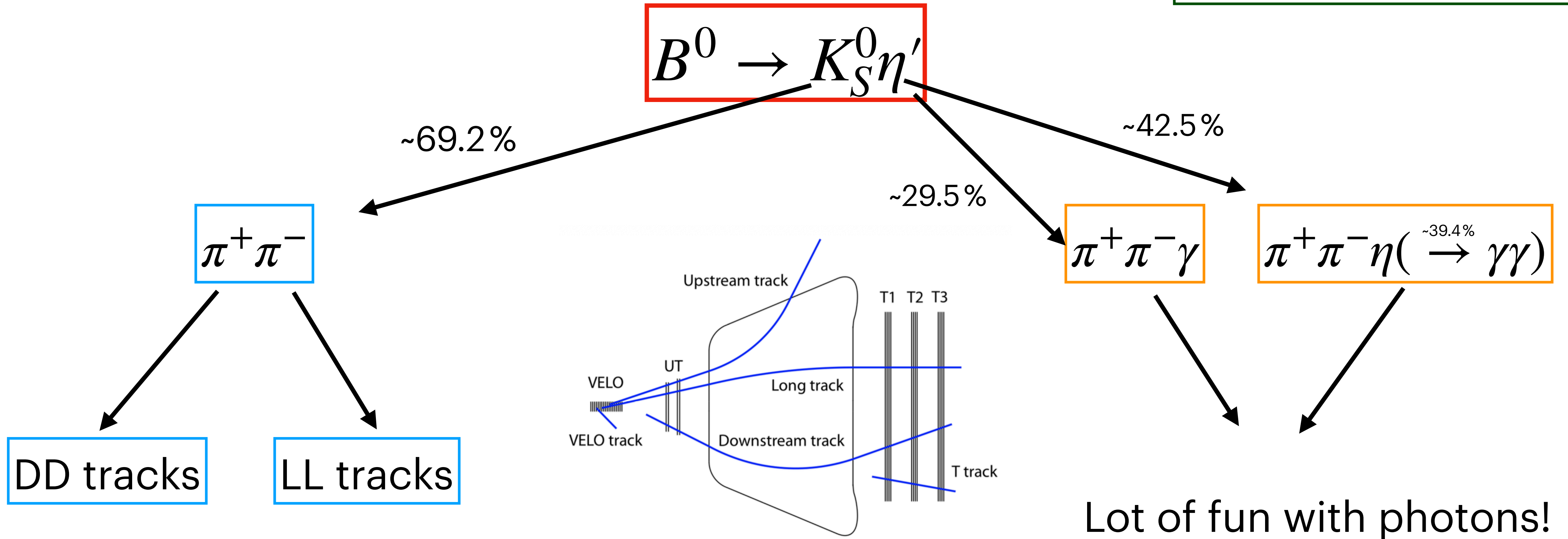


...we put all together...hoping it works

How do you reconstruct the $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \eta'$ decay ?

Sense of considered final states

$$\text{BR}(B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \eta') = (6.6 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$$



What sensitivity do you expect on $\sin(2\beta)$?

LHCb (Run 2)

- Signal yield: ~ 4600
- FT power ~ 3%

Belle II

- Signal yield: ~ 800
- FT power ~ 30%

- with Run 2 data only we are not competitive, need to use Run3 dataset

What sensitivity do you expect on $\sin(2\beta)$?

LHCb Run 3 prospect

LHCb (Run 2)

- Signal yield: ~ 4600
- Int Lumi: 5.9 fb^{-1}
- FT power $\sim 3\%$
- $780 \text{ yields}/\text{fb}^{-1}$



LHCb (Run 3)

- Factor 1.5 improvement by the L0 trigger removal
- GFP Int Lumi expected: 11.81 fb^{-1} (2025) + 4 fb^{-1} (2026)
- $\sim 18\,700$ yields expected for Run 3

GFP = Good For Physics

What sensitivity do you expect on $\sin(2\beta)$?

LHCb Run 2+3 prospects over Belle II

LHCb (Run 2+3)

- Signal yield: ~ 23 300
- Assuming FT power ~ 3%

Belle II

- Signal yield: ~ 800
- FT power ~ 30%

—————> Factor 3 better than Belle II in the yields

$\sin(2\beta)$?



Factor $\sqrt{3}$ improvement expected