

# Component separation with learnlets on the sphere

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with A. Gkogkou, J.-L. Starck and P. Tsakalides

Cosmostat days - February 12th 2026



# Component separation

$$X = S_0 + S_1 + S_2$$



# Component separation

Observation



$$X = S_0 + S_1 + S_2$$

Illustration



# Component separation

Observation

$$X = S_0 + S_1 + S_2$$

3 components

Illustration



# Component separation

Observation

Multiple frequencies

$$X_i = a_i.S_0 + b_i.S_1 + c_i.S_2$$

3 components

Illustration



# Component separation

$$\begin{pmatrix} X_0 \\ X_1 \\ \dots \\ X_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_0 & b_0 & c_0 \\ a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ a_n & b_n & c_n \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} S_0 \\ S_1 \\ S_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

n frequencies



Observations

Component separation

$n \times 3$ : « **Mixing matrix** »

$$\begin{pmatrix} X_0 \\ X_1 \\ \dots \\ X_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_0 & b_0 & c_0 \\ a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ a_n & b_n & c_n \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} S_0 & S_1 & S_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Components**

$n$  frequencies

Illustration



Component separation

$$X = A.S$$



# Component separation

$$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{S}$$

1. We know  $\mathbf{A}$

« No problem »

$$\mathbf{S} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{X}$$

- Never the case



# Component separation

$$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{S} + \mathbf{N}$$

Blind Source Separation (BSS)

1. We know  $\mathbf{A}$

« No problem »

$$\mathbf{S} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{X}$$

- Never the case

2. We don't know  $\mathbf{A}$

Problem

→ Prior on  $\mathbf{A}$  or  $\mathbf{S}$

- Sparsity on  $\mathbf{S}$ : GMCA  
(Bobin, Starck et al.,  
2007)

Illustration



# Sparsity-based algorithms

BSS:  $\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S} + \mathbf{N}$





# Sparsity-based algorithms

$$\text{BSS: } \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{S} + \mathbf{N}$$

Two steps iterating algorithm  
(i.e. GMCA):

- 1)  $\min_{\mathbf{S}} \|\mathbf{Y} - \hat{\mathbf{A}} \cdot \mathbf{S}\|_2^2 + \lambda \|\mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{S}}\|_p$   $\longrightarrow$  Impose sparsity on  $\mathbf{S}$
- 2)  $\min_{\mathbf{A}} \|\mathbf{Y}^{\text{no-coarse}} - \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathcal{L}_{\hat{\mathbf{S}}}^{\text{no-coarse}}\|_2^2$



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→ With any denoiser:

- Starlets (GMCA)
- UNet
- Transformers
- Starlets-transformers
- Learnlets



# Sparsity-based algorithms

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- Starlets (GMCA)
- UNet
- Transformers
- Starlets-transformers
- **Learnlets**

$\mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{S}_i}$ : Learnlets are trained priorly on each components  $i$  or global



# What are learnlets?

(Ramzi et al., 2021, Bonjean et al., 2026)

An hybrid **denoiser** combining expressivity of **deep learning** and mathematical properties of **wavelets**



# What are learnlets?

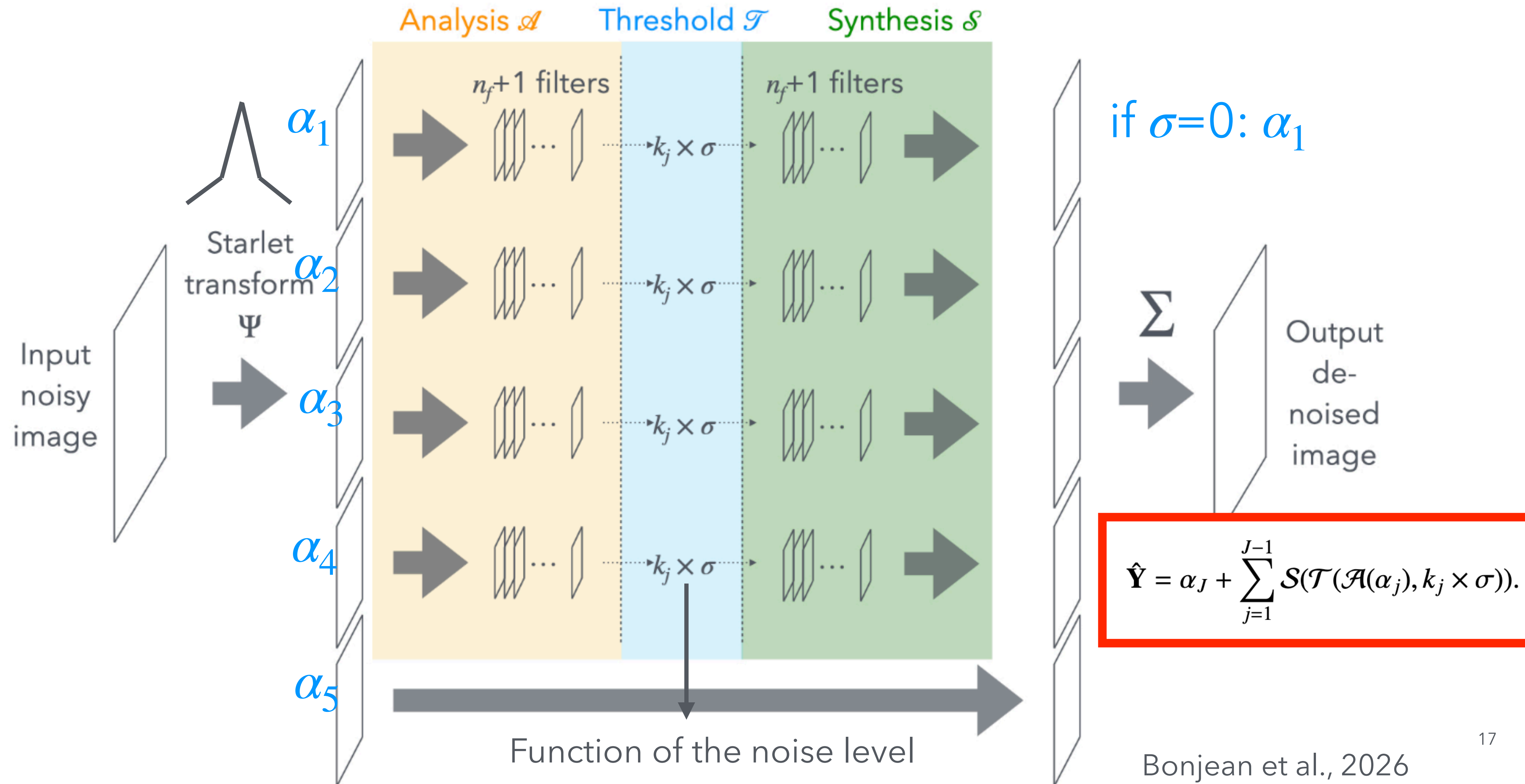
(Ramzi et al., 2021, Bonjean et al., 2026)

An hybrid **denoiser** combining expressivity of **deep learning** and mathematical properties of **wavelets**

- Extension of wavelets (sparse)
- Filters are learned (CNN)
- Mathematical frame (component separation)



# Learnlet network architecture: a denoiser





# Training learnlets



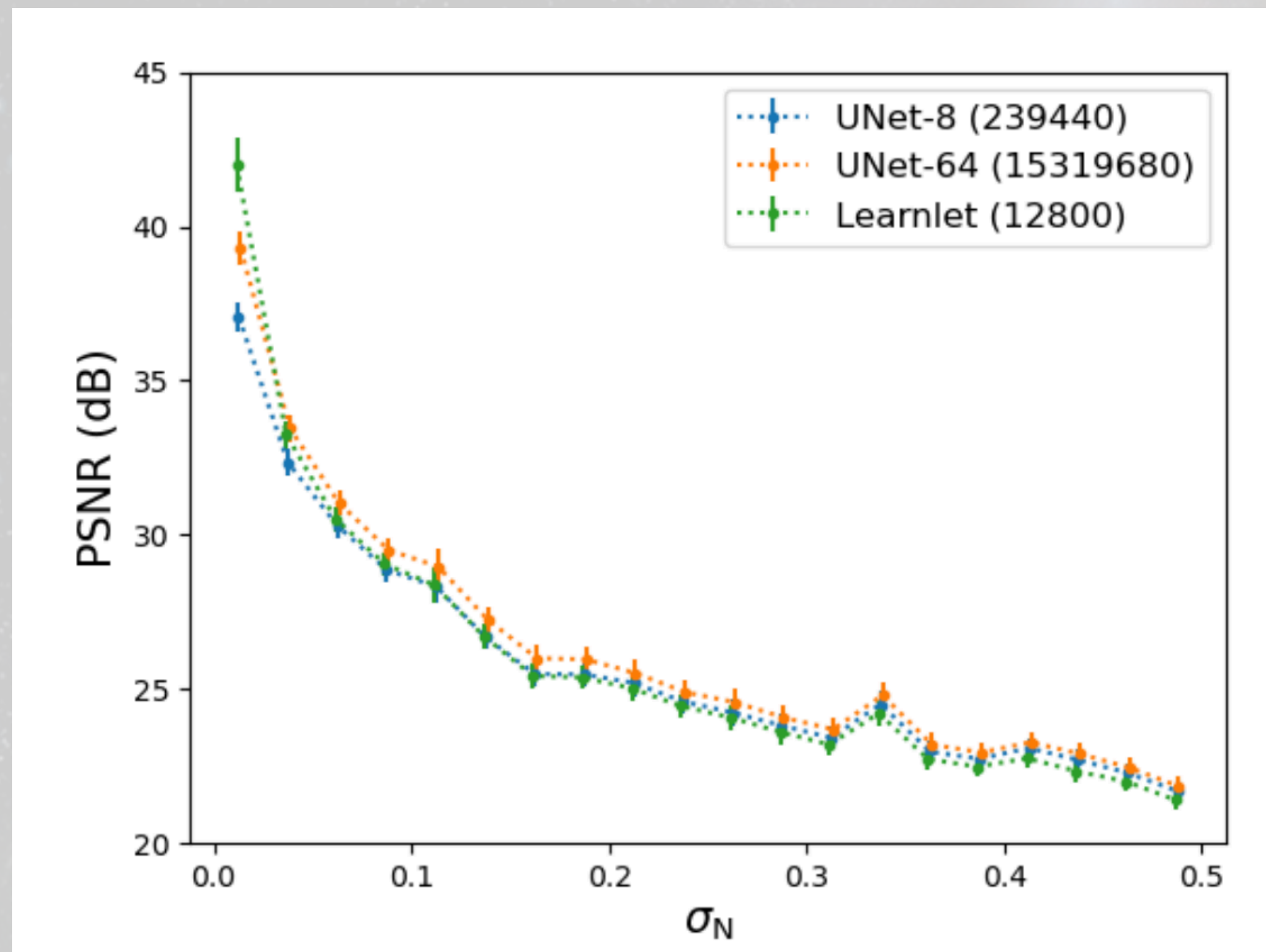
10.000 images from ImageNet:  
8.000 training  
1.000 validation  
1.000 test



# Training learnlets



10.000 images from ImageNet:  
8.000 training  
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Performance of  
networks on the test set

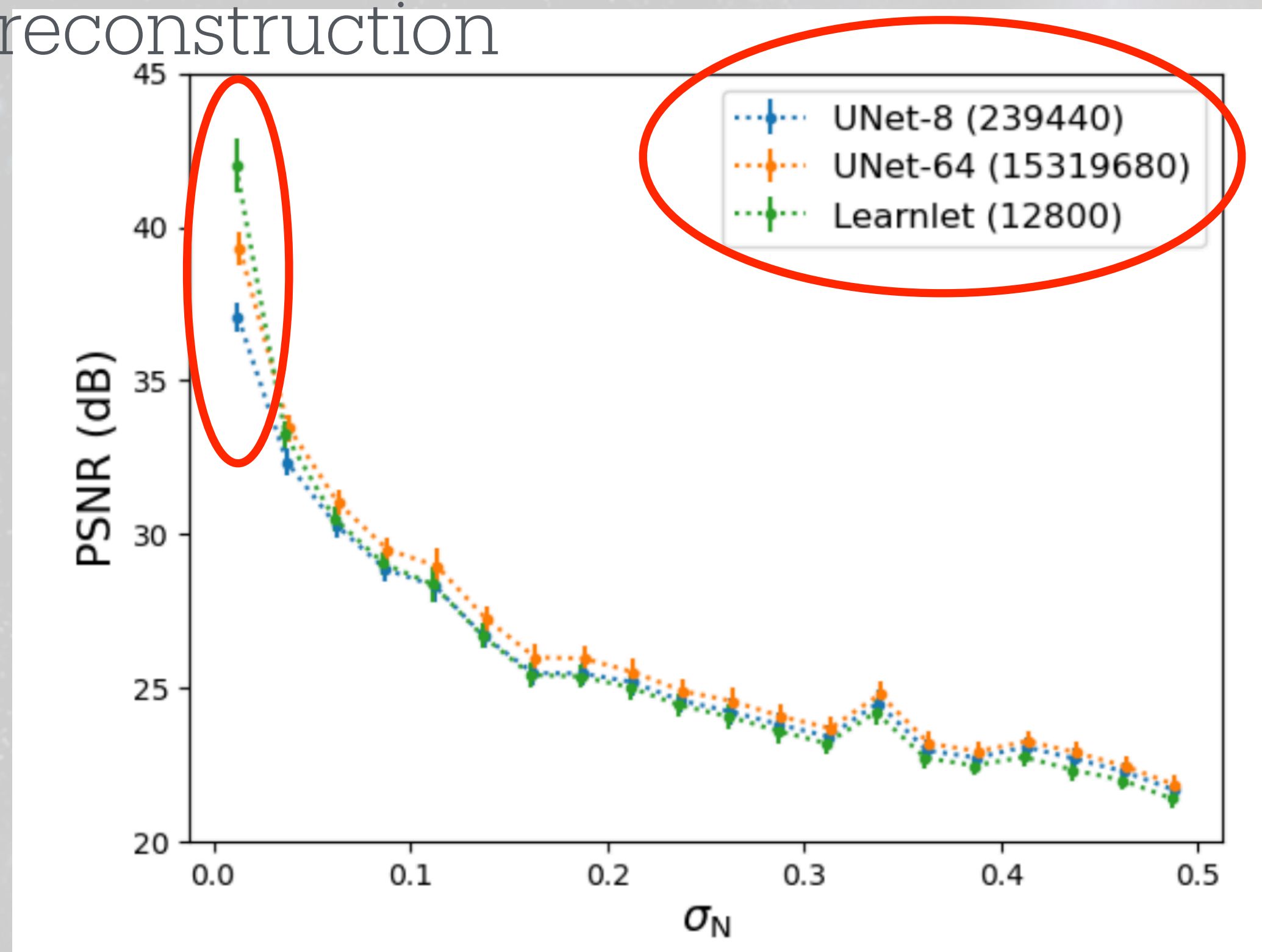


# Training learnlets



10.000 images from ImageNet:  
8.000 training  
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Exact reconstruction



Significant lower  
number of free  
parameters

Performance of  
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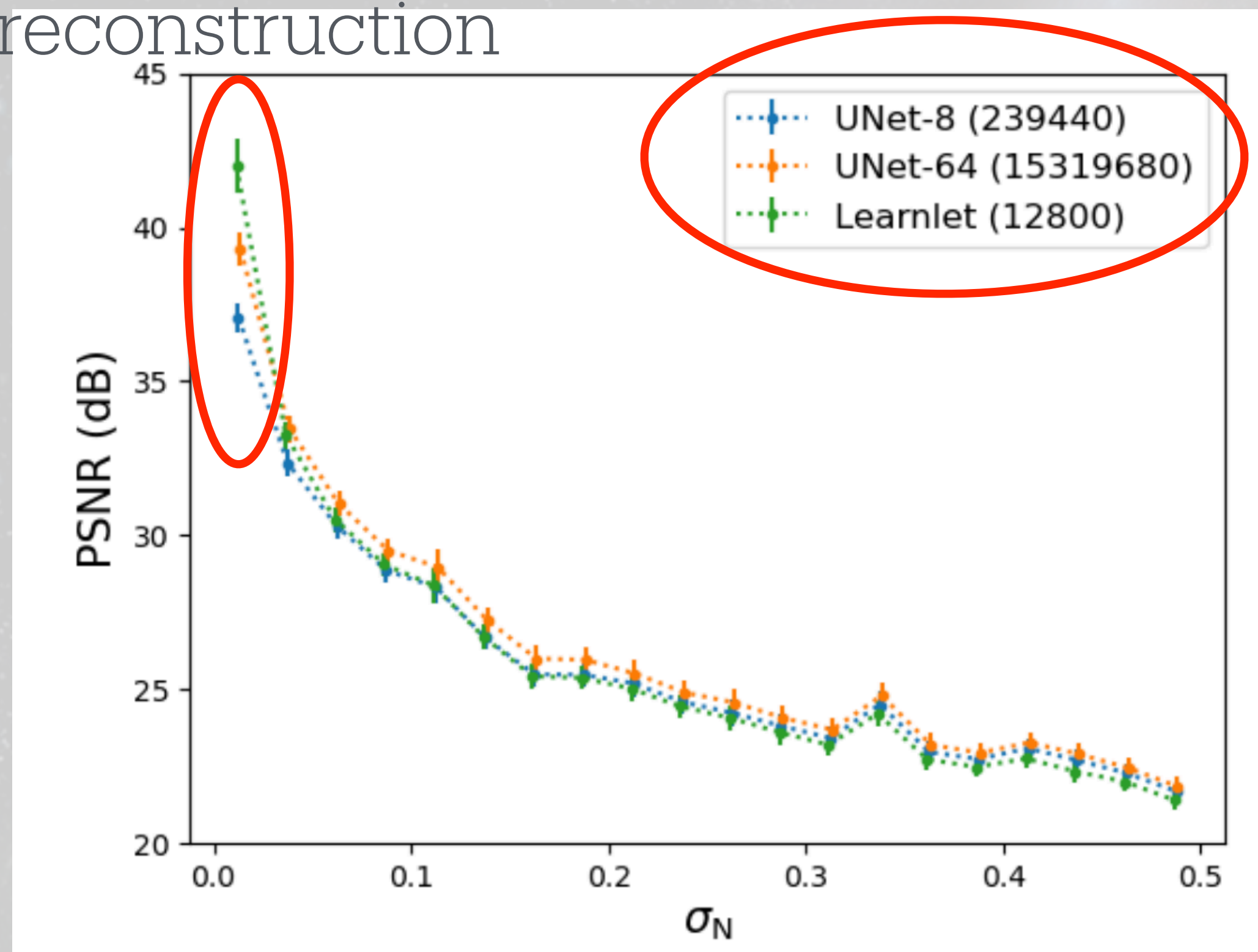


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GitHub:

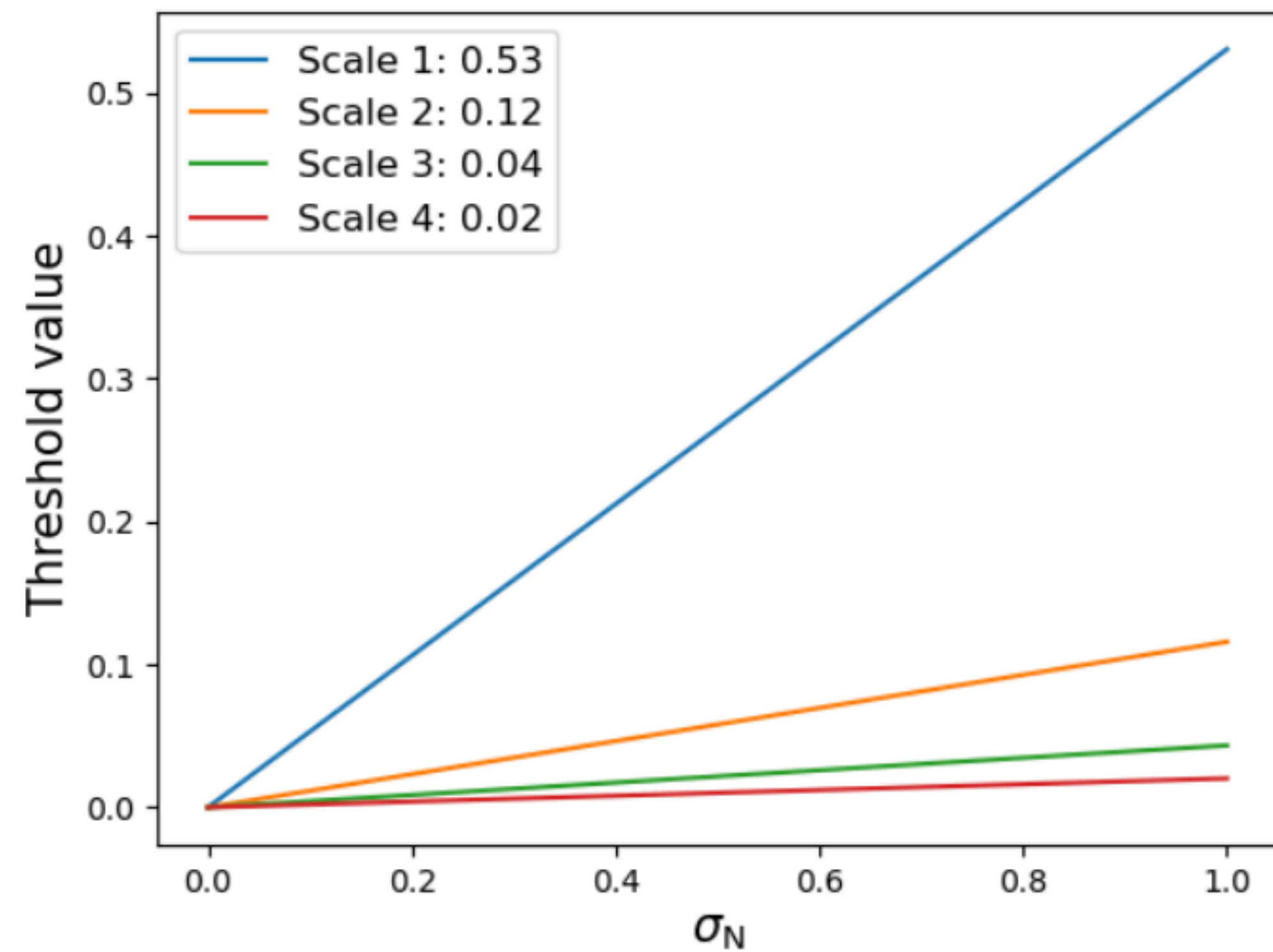
[https://github.com/vicbonj/  
learnlet.git](https://github.com/vicbonj/learnlet.git)

(PyTorch, pre-trained loaded weights)<sup>21</sup>



# Training learnlets

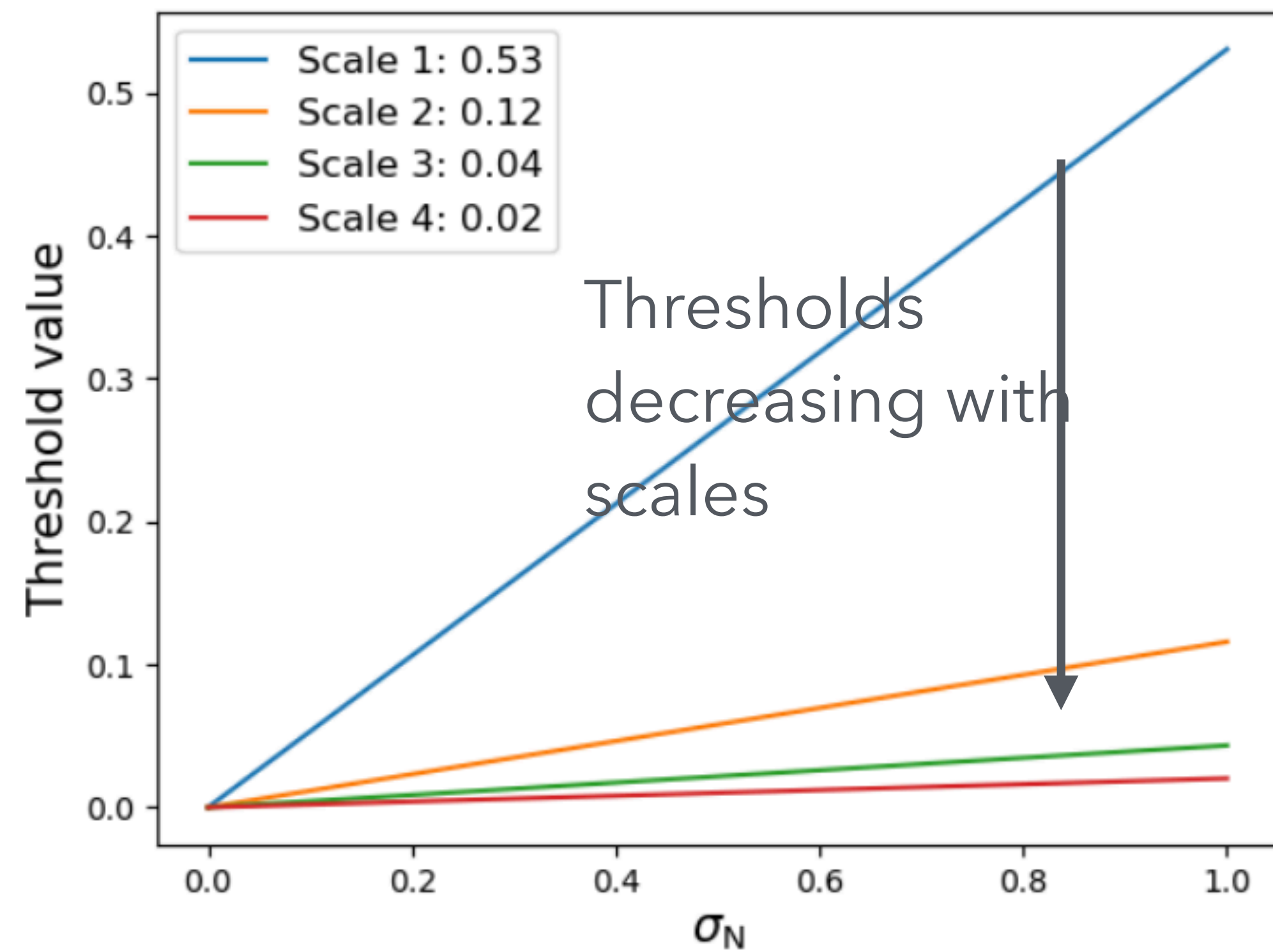
Thresholds  $k_j$  learned





# Training learnlets

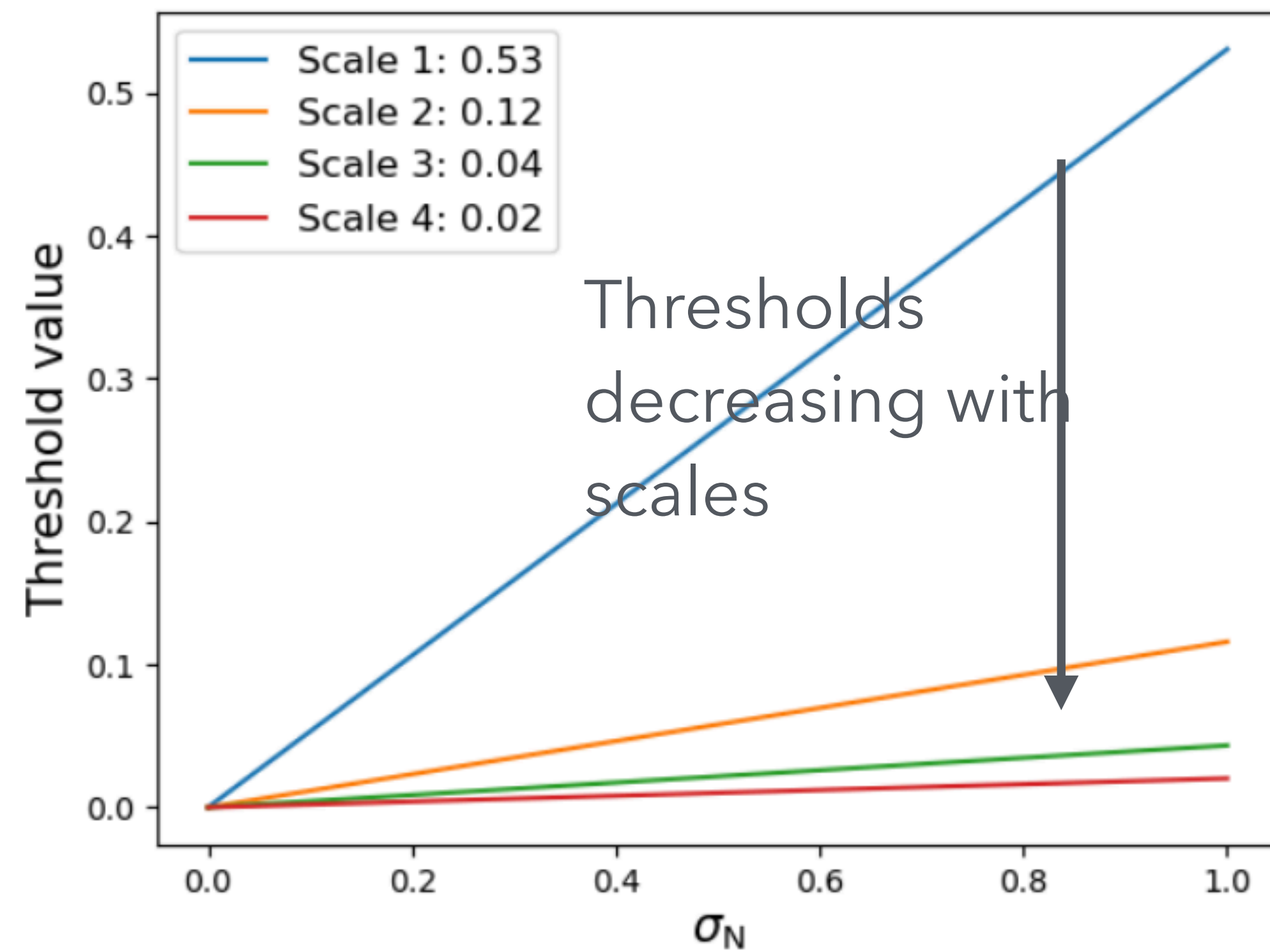
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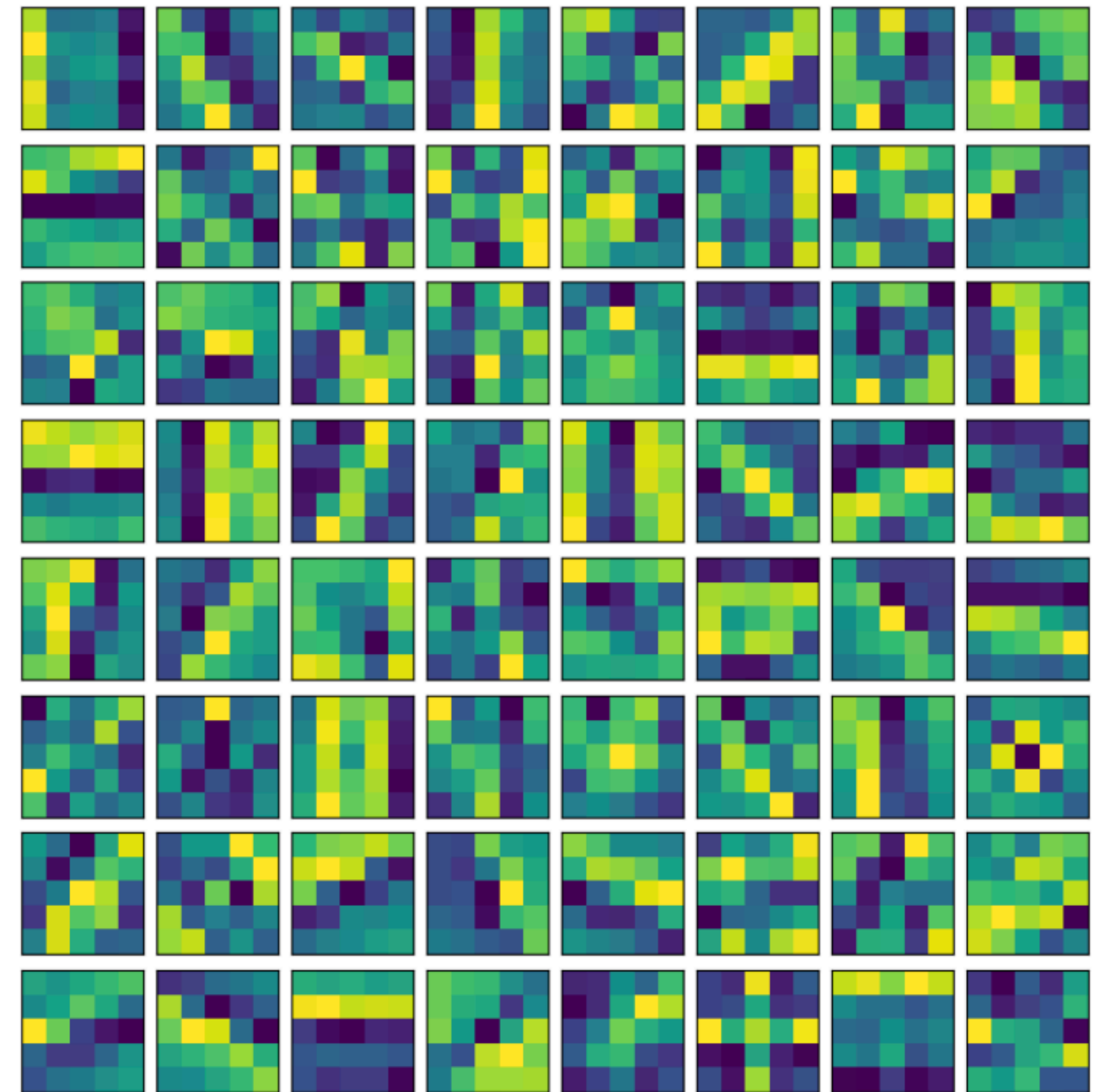


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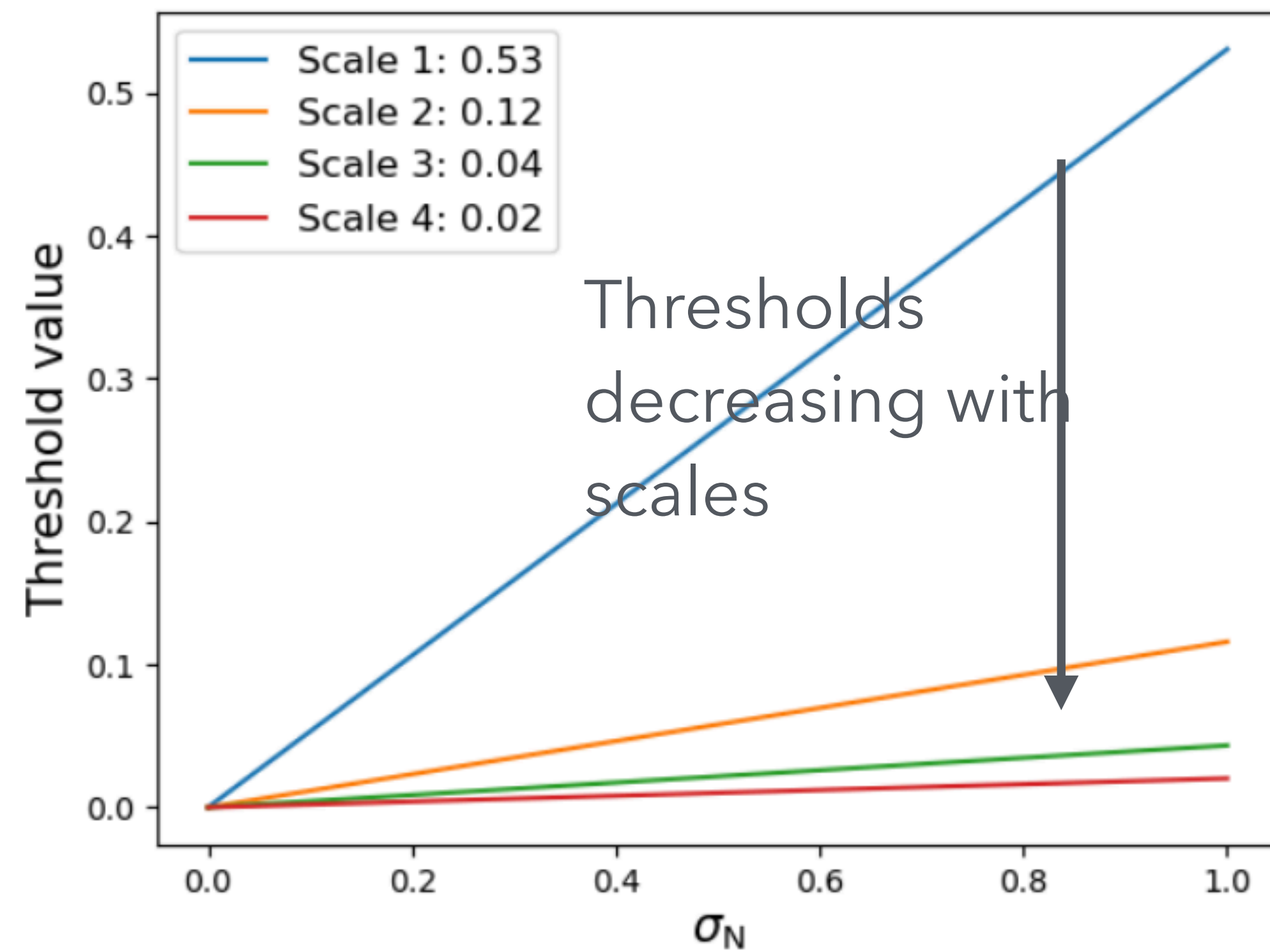
1st scale filters learned



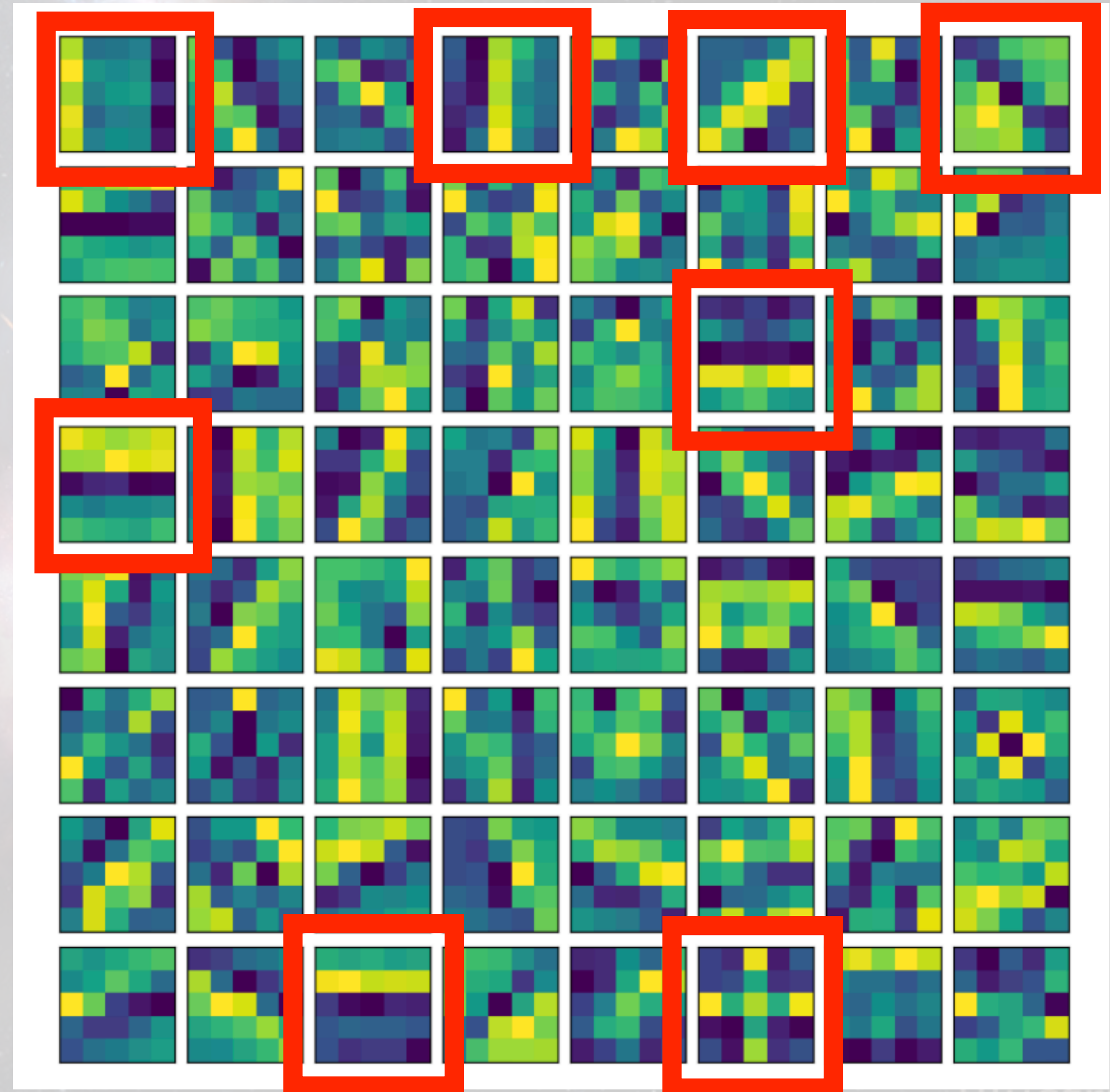


# Training learnlets

Thresholds  $k_j$  learned

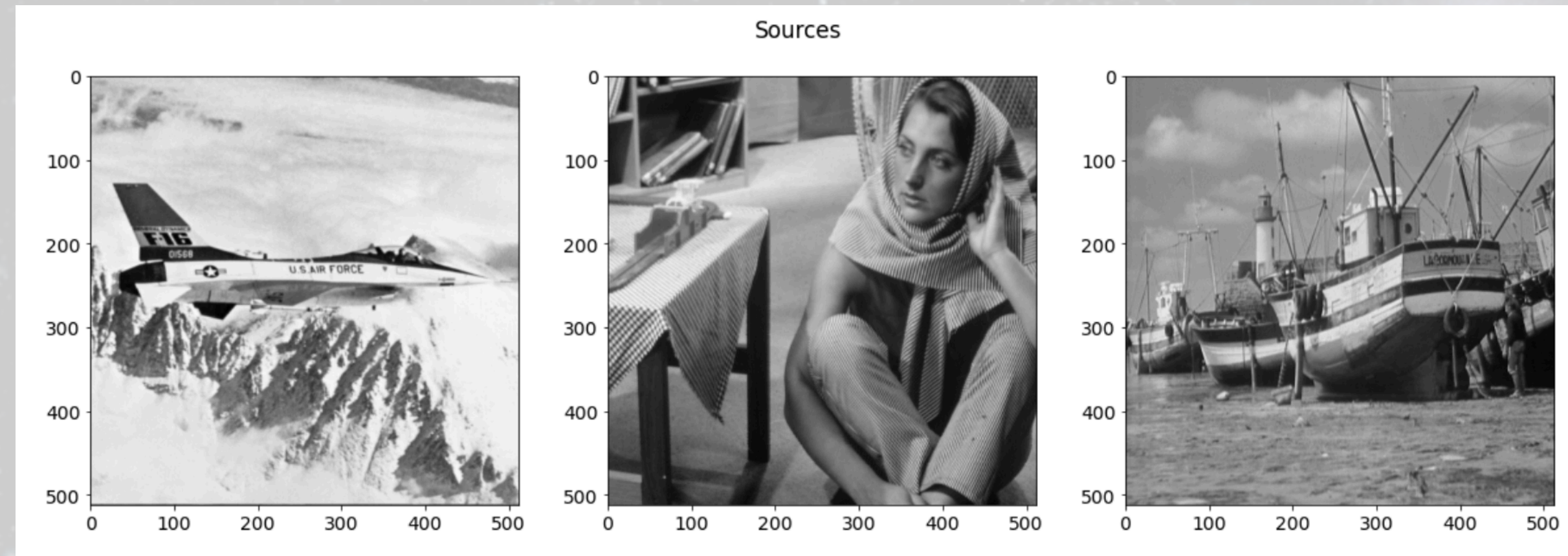


1st scale filters learned





# Learnlet Component Separator (LCS): results



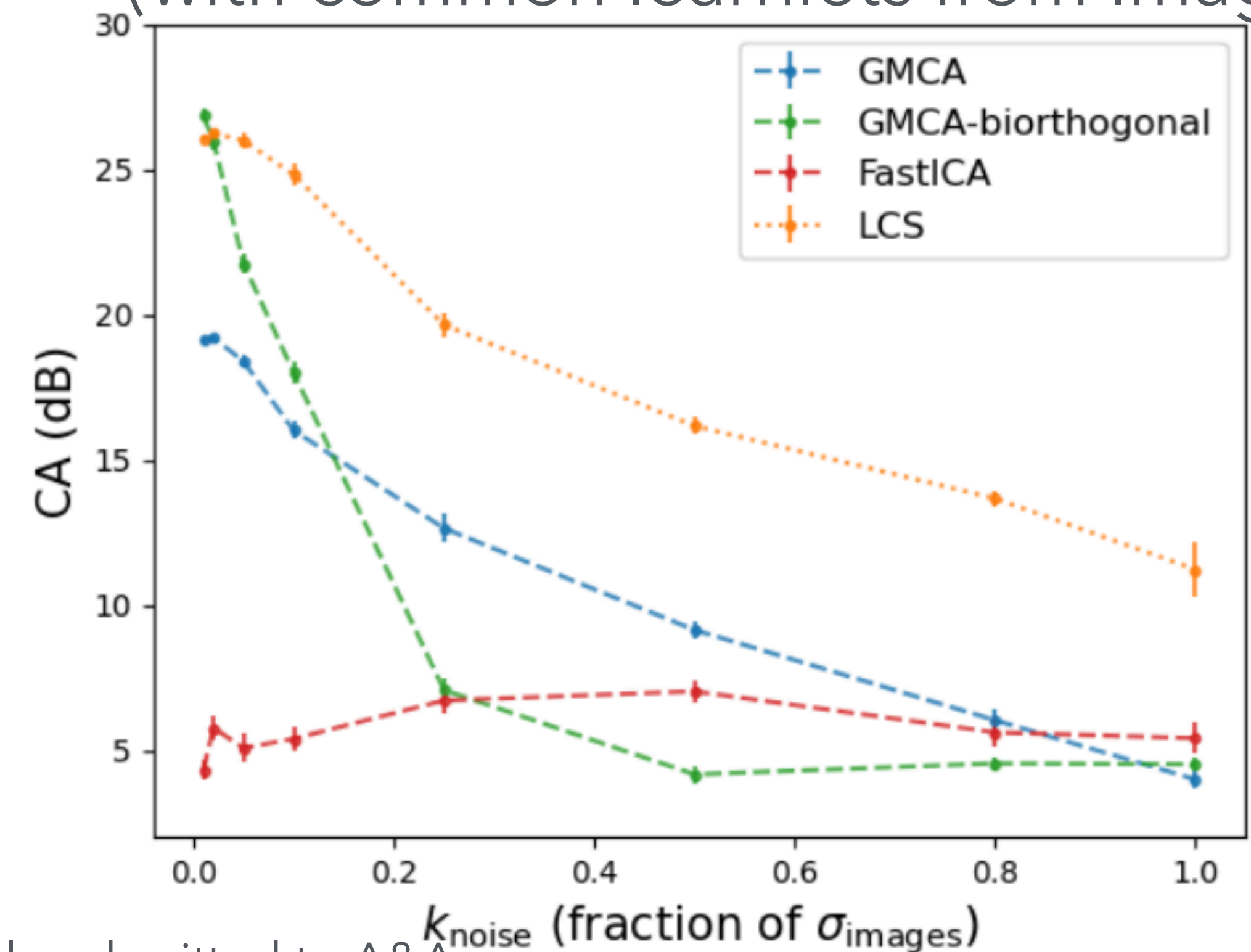
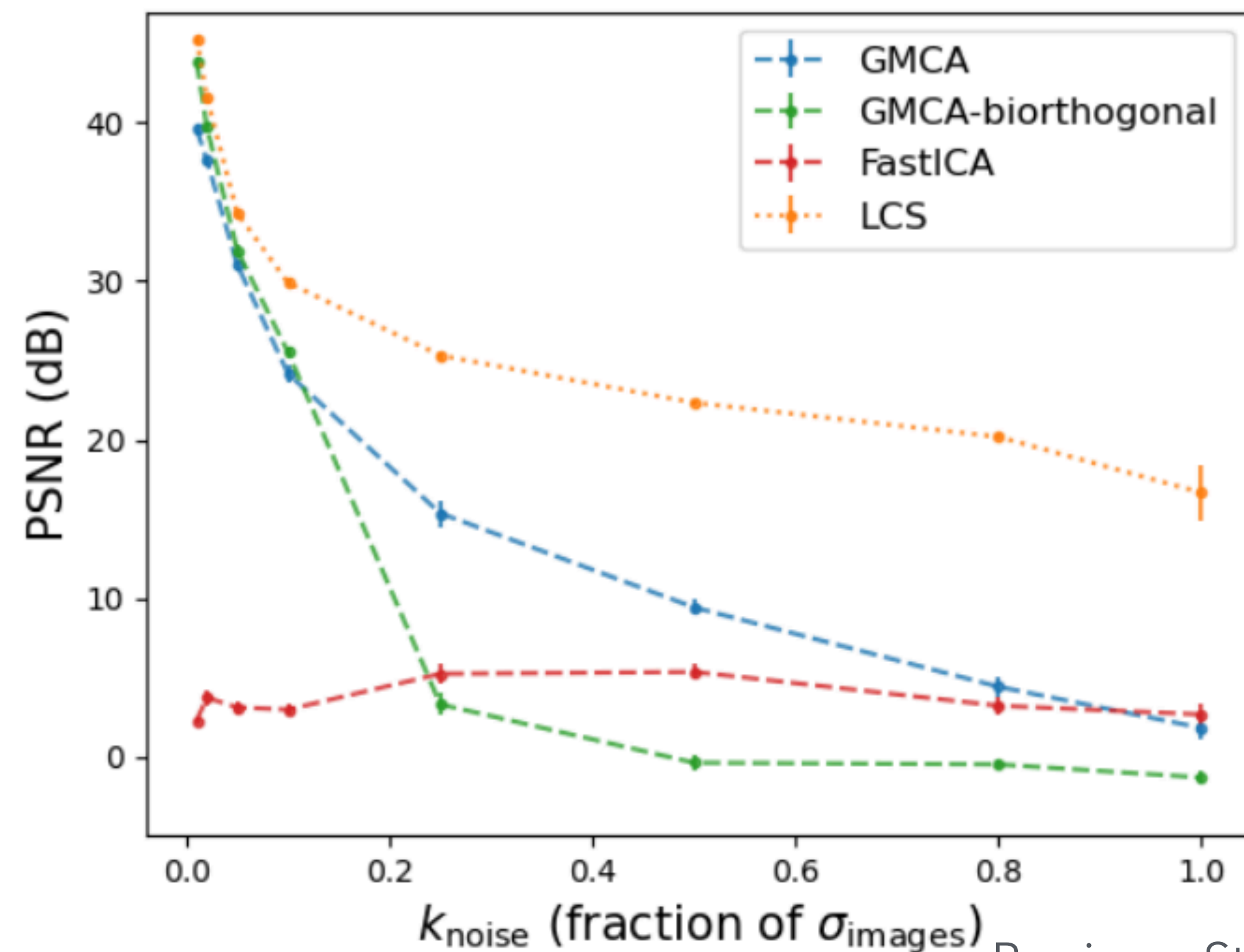
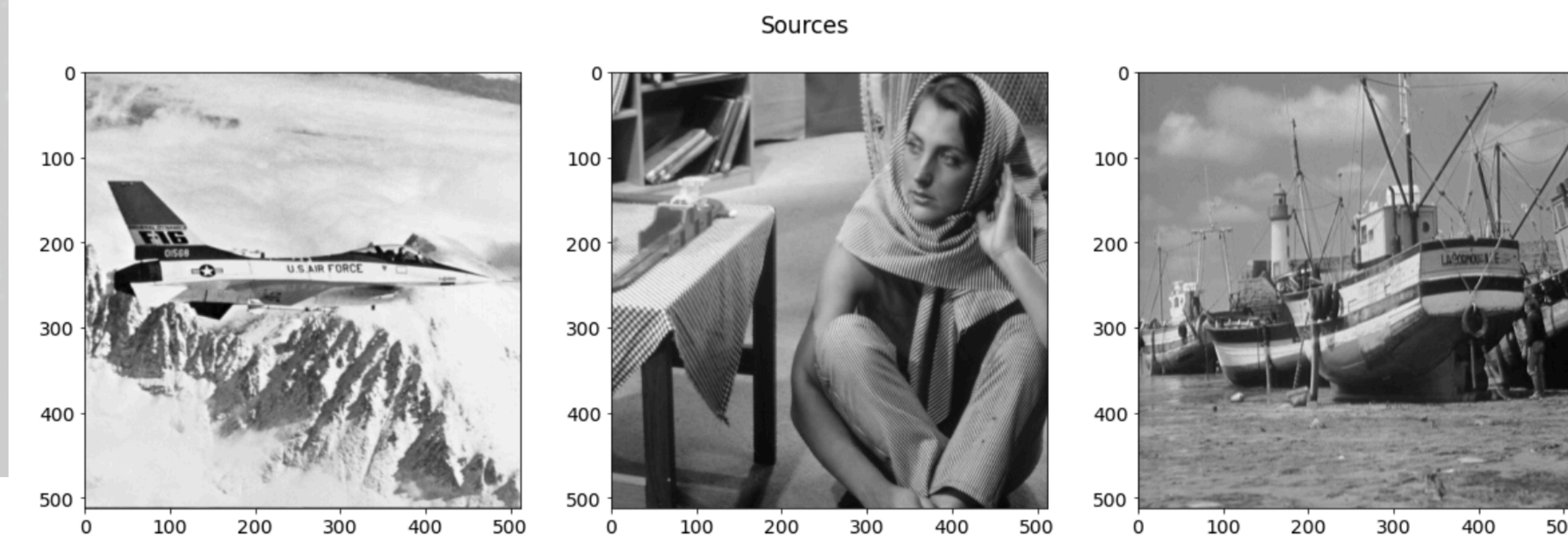
Toy model with multiple realizations of  $A$  (6 channels) and  $N$  (gaussian white) with evolving  $\sigma$



# Learnlet Component Separator (LCS): results

Toy model with multiple realizations of  $A$  (6 channels) and  $N$  (gaussian white) with evolving  $\sigma$

(with common learnlets from ImageNet)

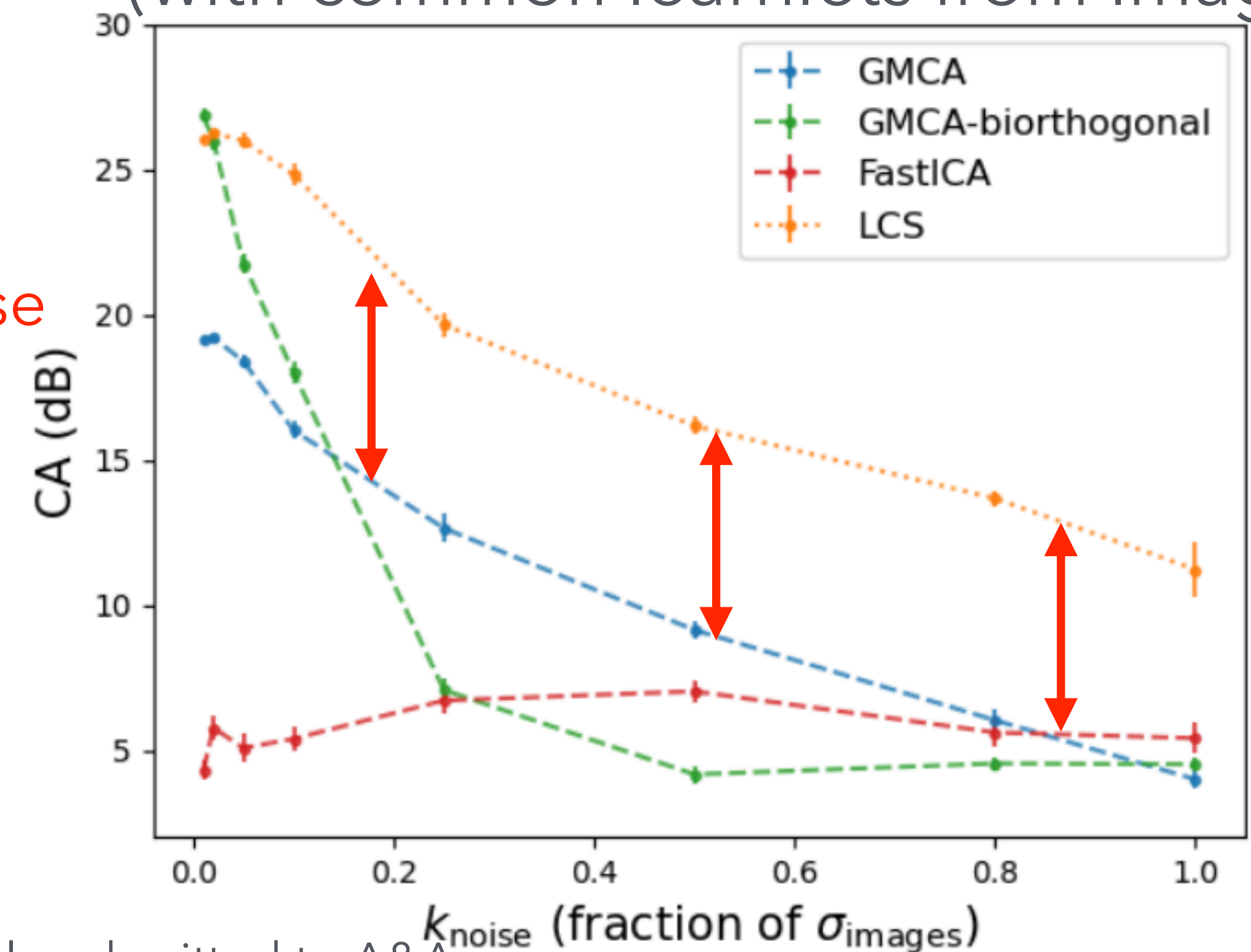
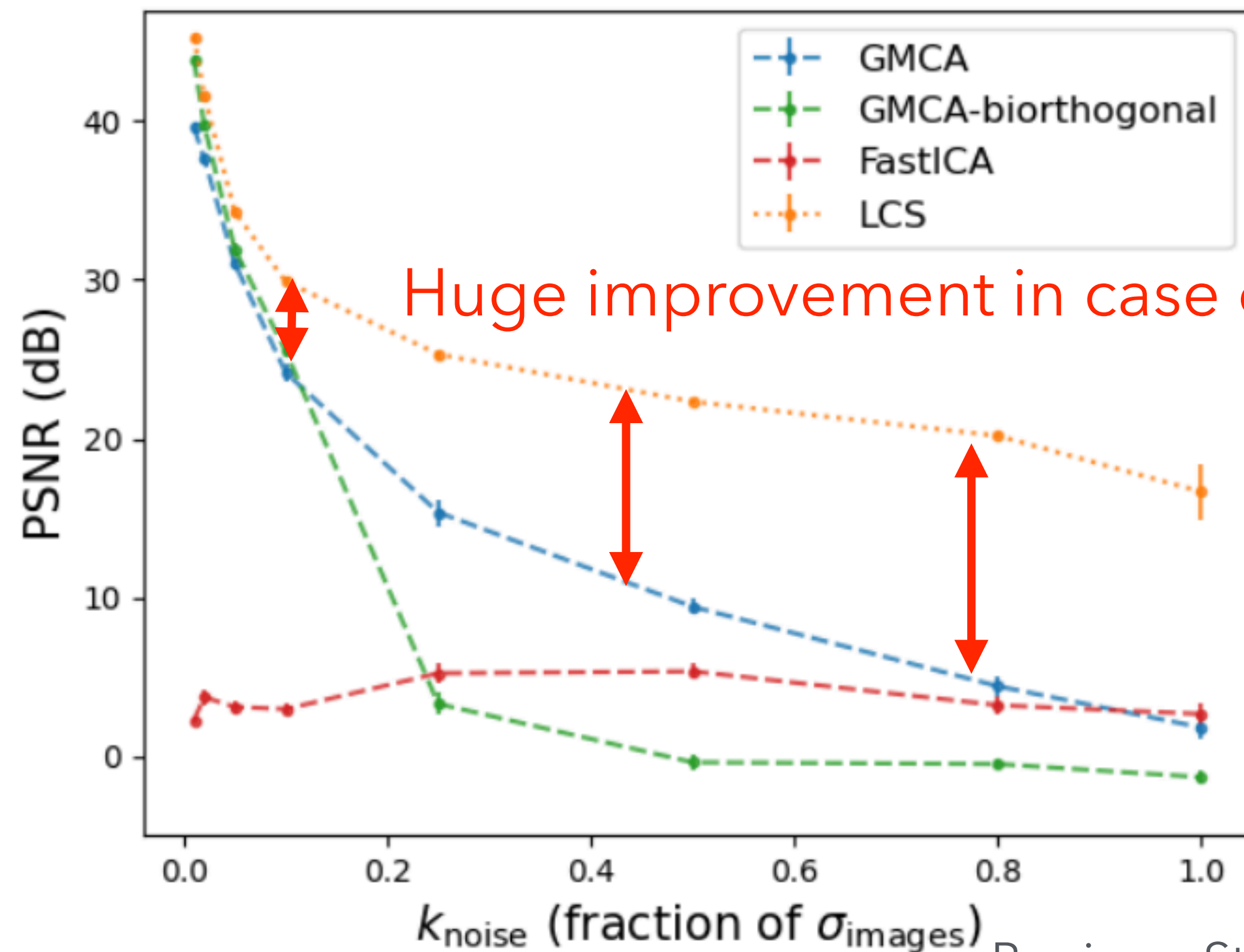
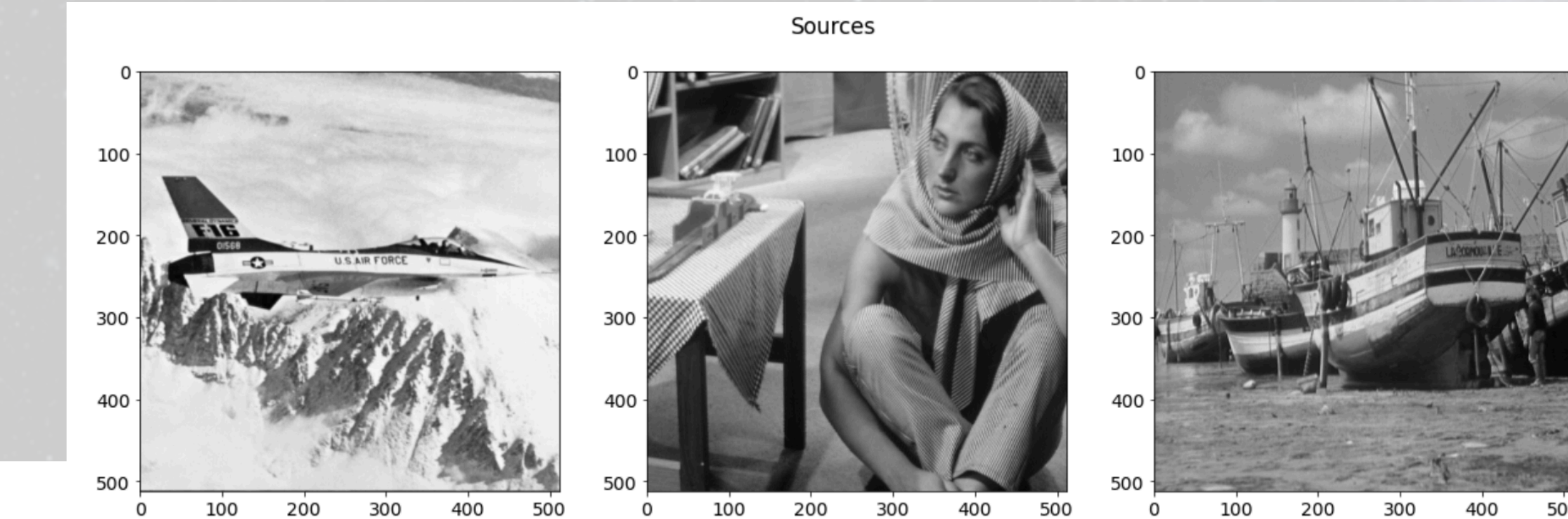




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Toy model with multiple realizations of  $A$  (6 channels) and  $N$  (gaussian white) with evolving  $\sigma$

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# Learnlet Component Separator (LCS): results

Learnlets trained for each components  $i$ :





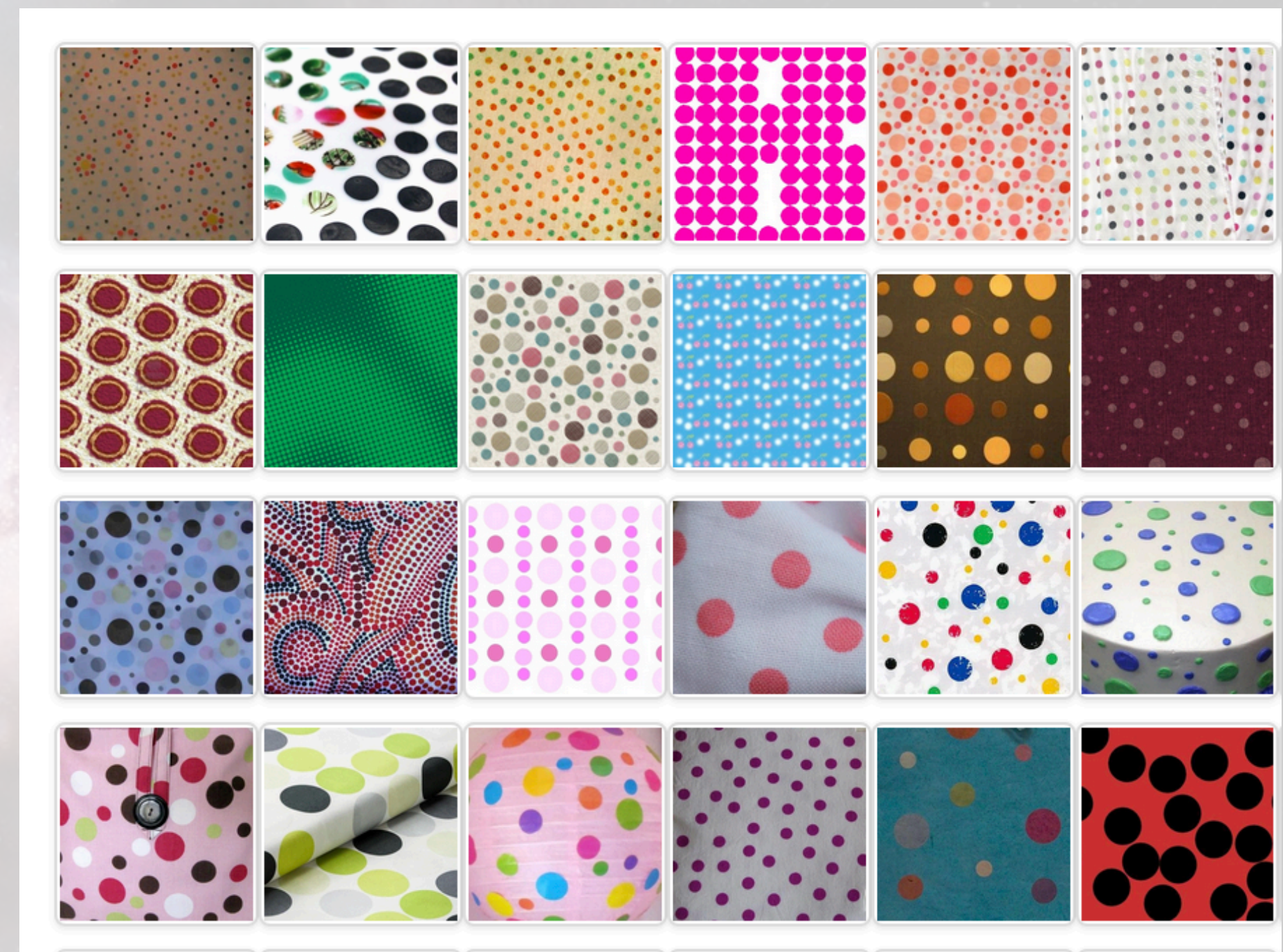
# Learnlet Component Separator (LCS): results

Learnlets trained for each components  $i$ :

DTD texture dataset (Cimpoi et al, 2014), 120 images per 47 classes, here focused on 2 classes:



banded



dotted



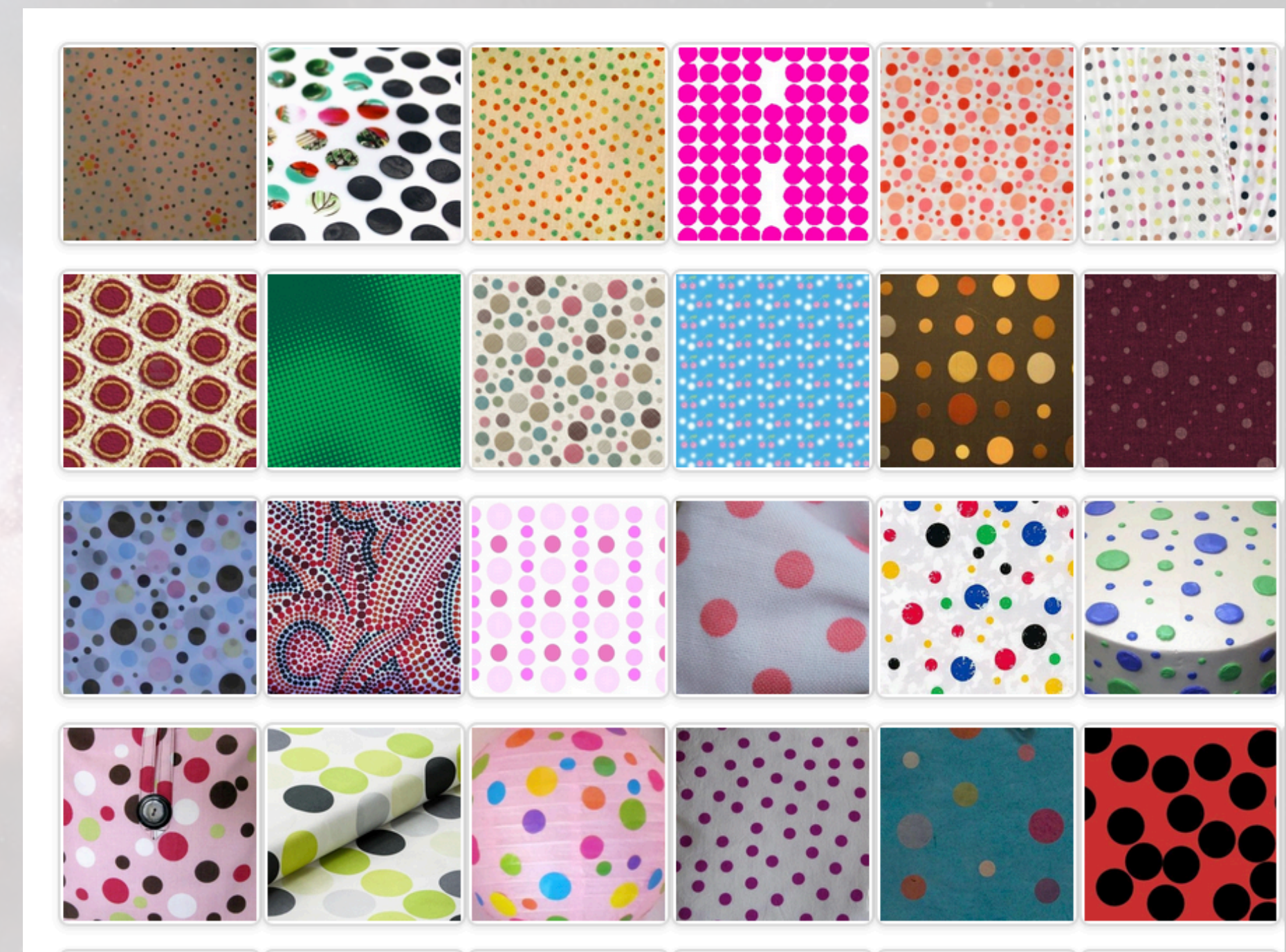
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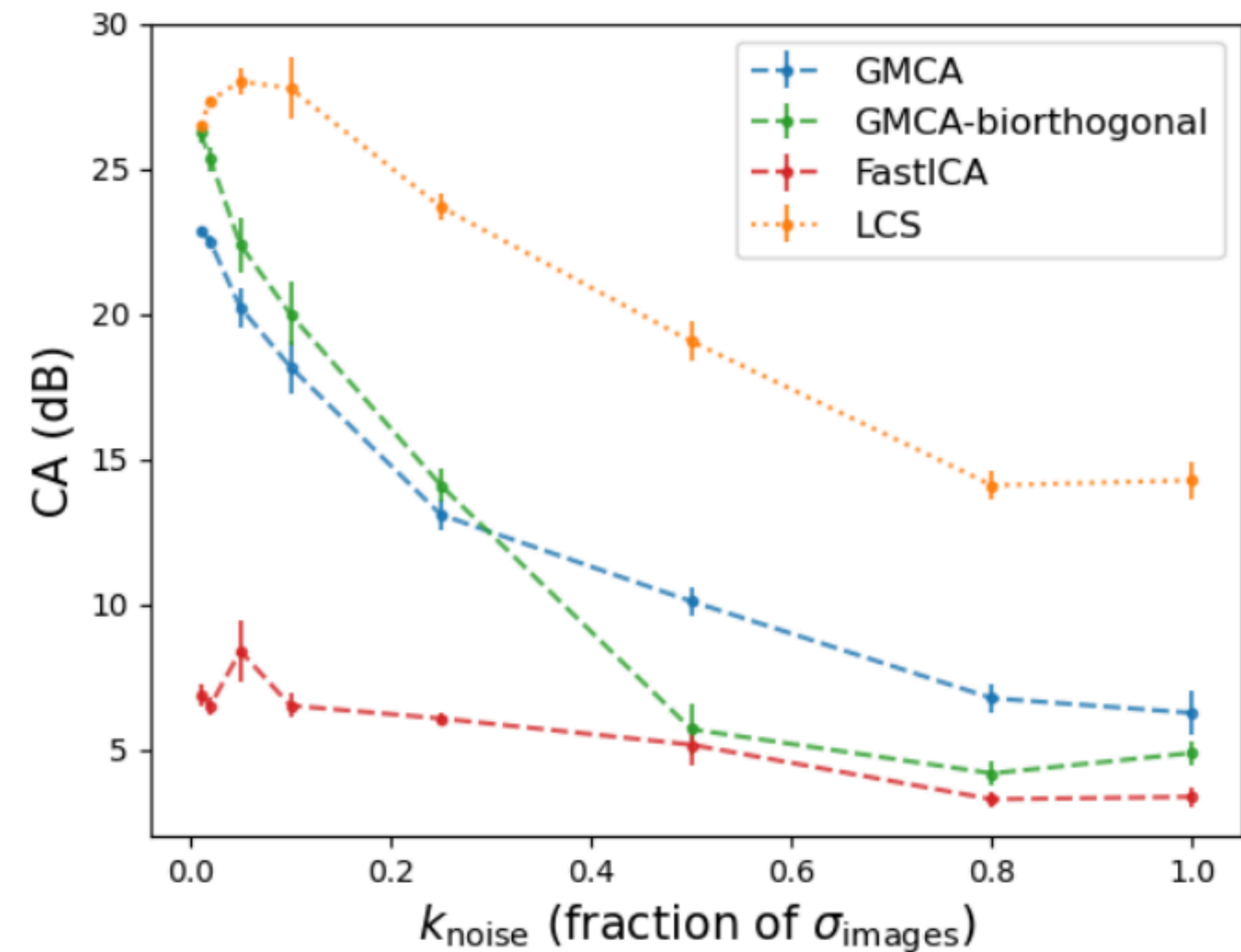
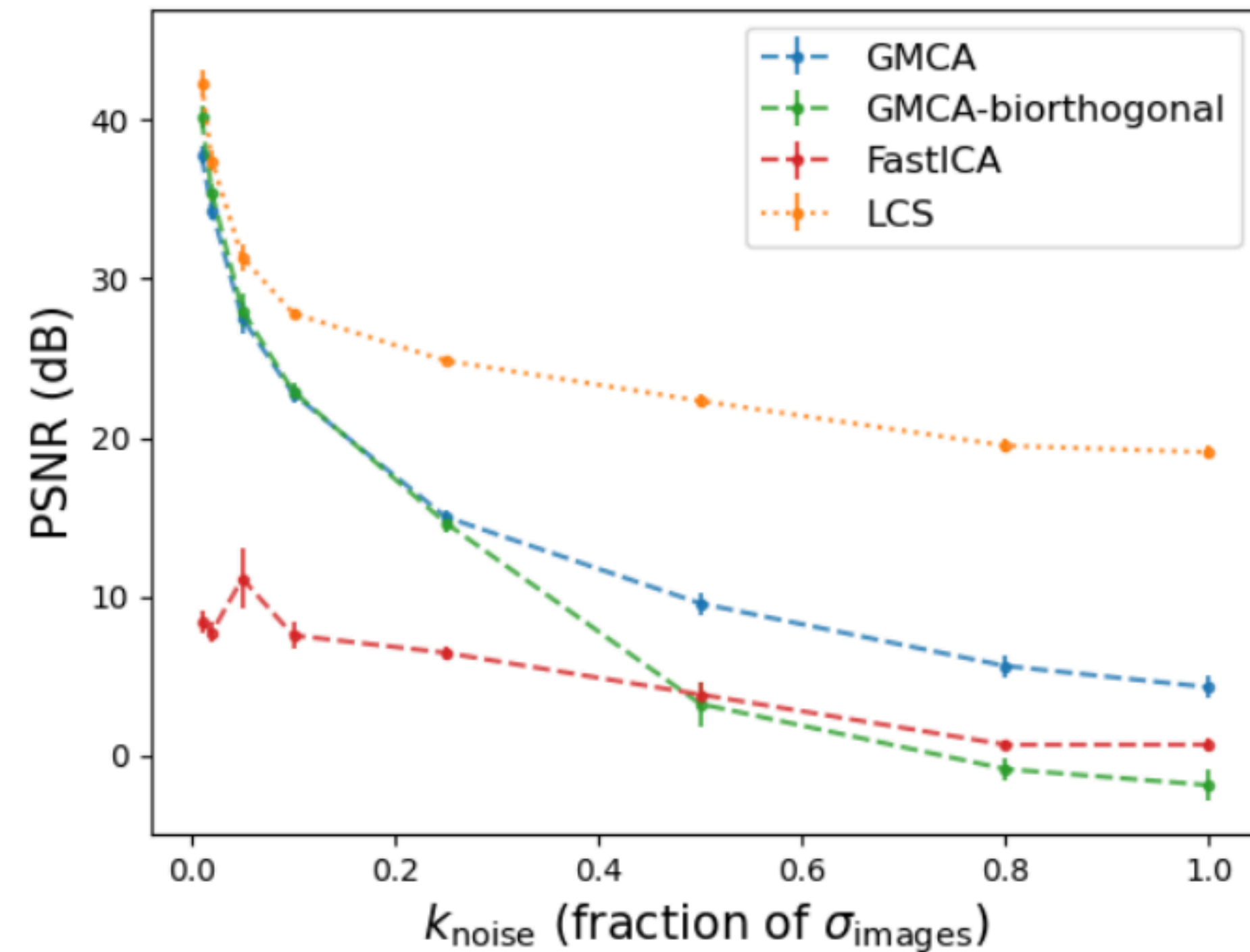
→ One training per class:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{banded}}$  and  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{dotted}}$  with 119 images (transfer learning from ImageNet)



# Learnlet Component Separator (LCS): results

Learnlets trained for each components  $i$ :

Different realizations of  $A$  and  $N$  for different  $\sigma$  with the 120th images of the classes





# LCS on the sphere: application to CMB data

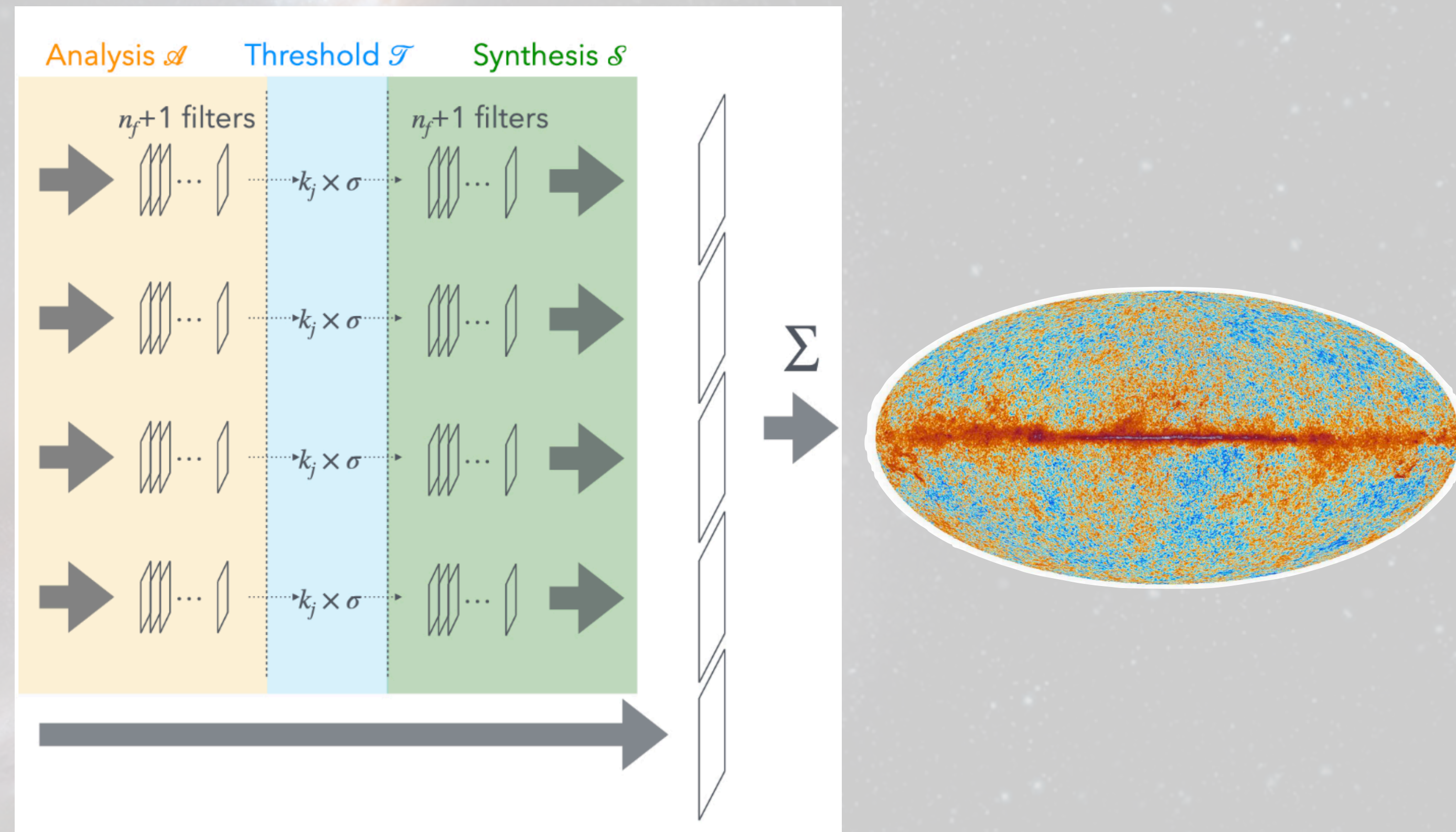
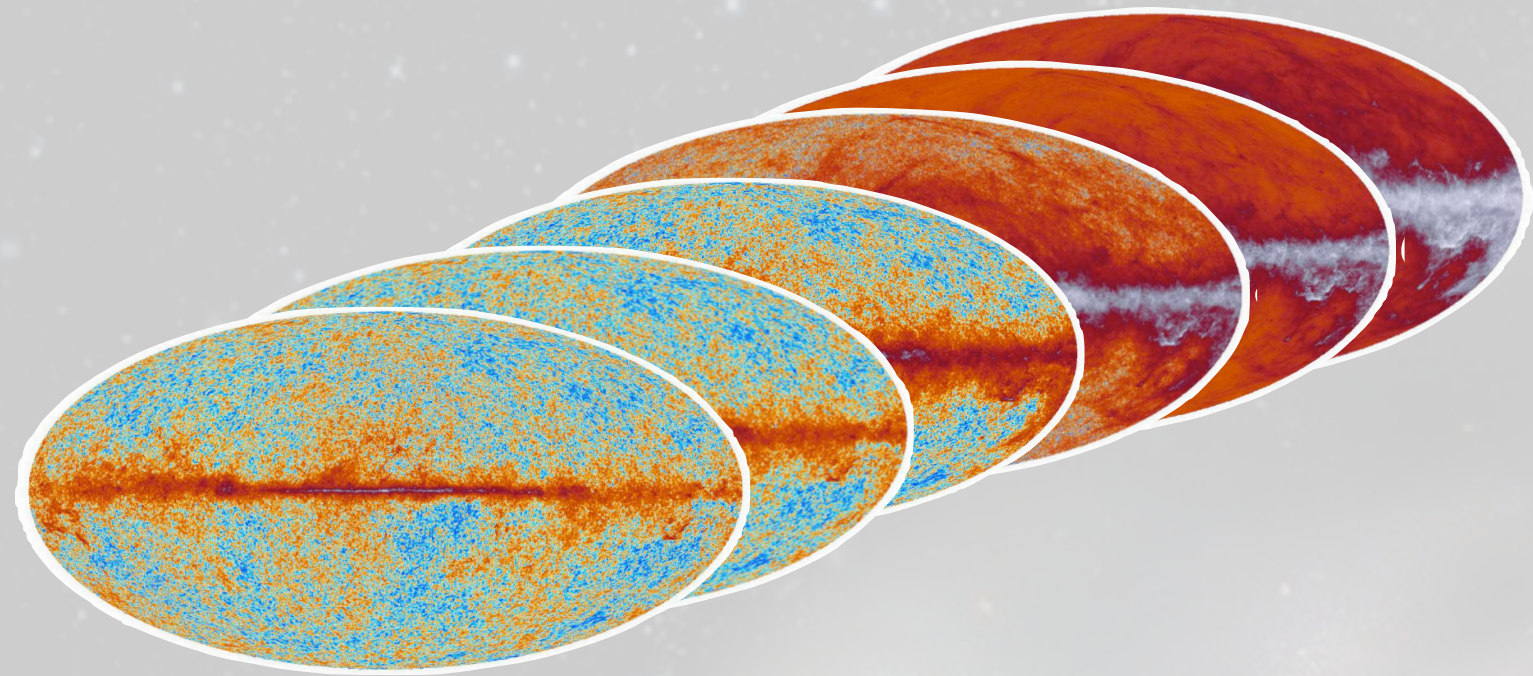


Illustration



# LCS **on the sphere**: application to CMB data

Starlets transform computed on the sphere with alms at each iteration (or not?)





# LCS **on the sphere**: application to CMB data

WebSky numerical simulations (Stein et al., 2020) of the millimetre sky in HEALPIX at Nside=512 in 5 Planck HFI Frequencies:

3 components: **CMB**, **SZ**, **CIB**    ⚠ Invalid linear model!



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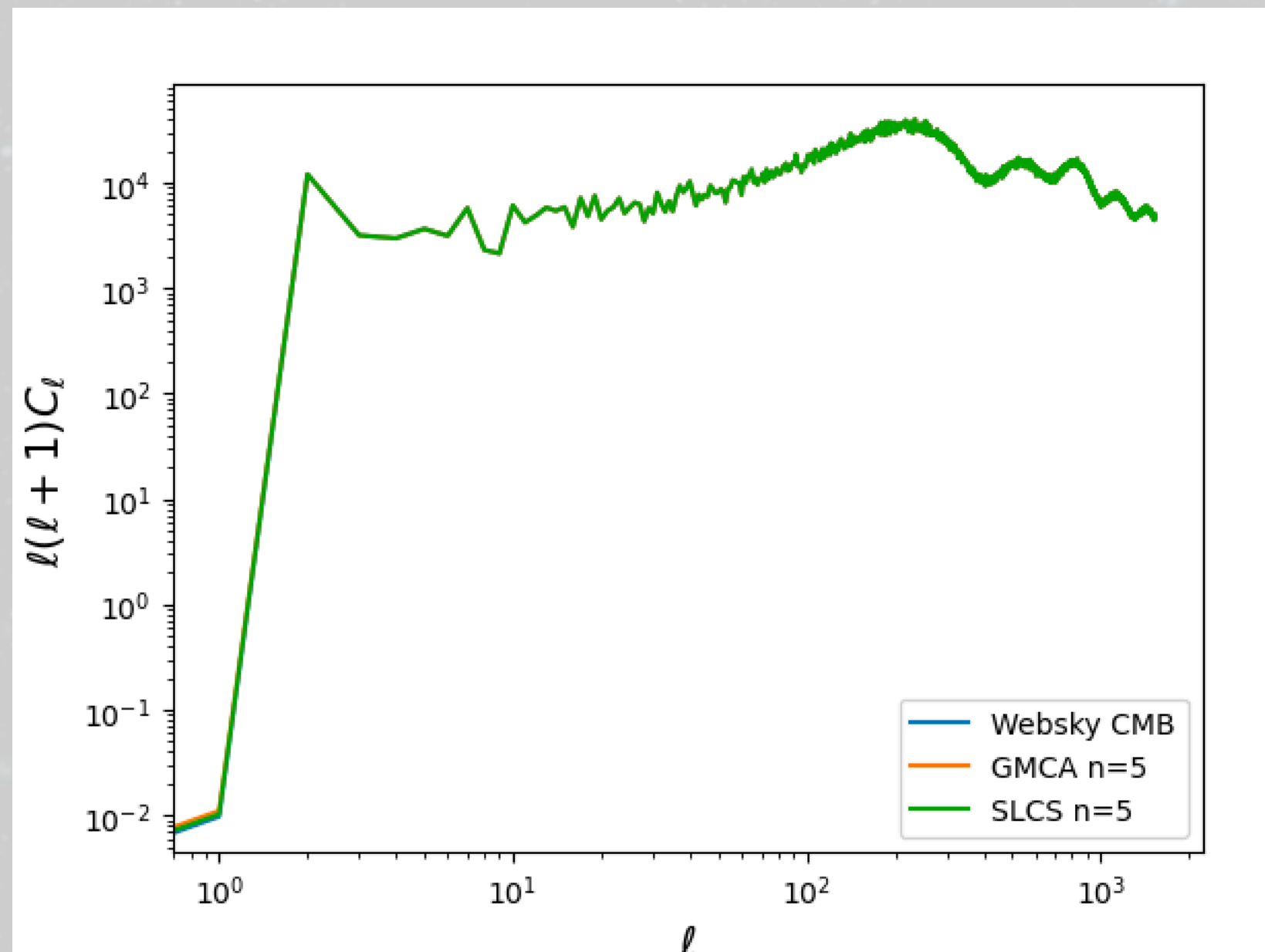
3 components: **CMB**, **SZ**, **CIB**    ⚠ Invalid linear model!

One training per class:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{CMB}}$ ,  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{SZ}}$  and  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{CIB}}$  (transfer learning from ImageNet)

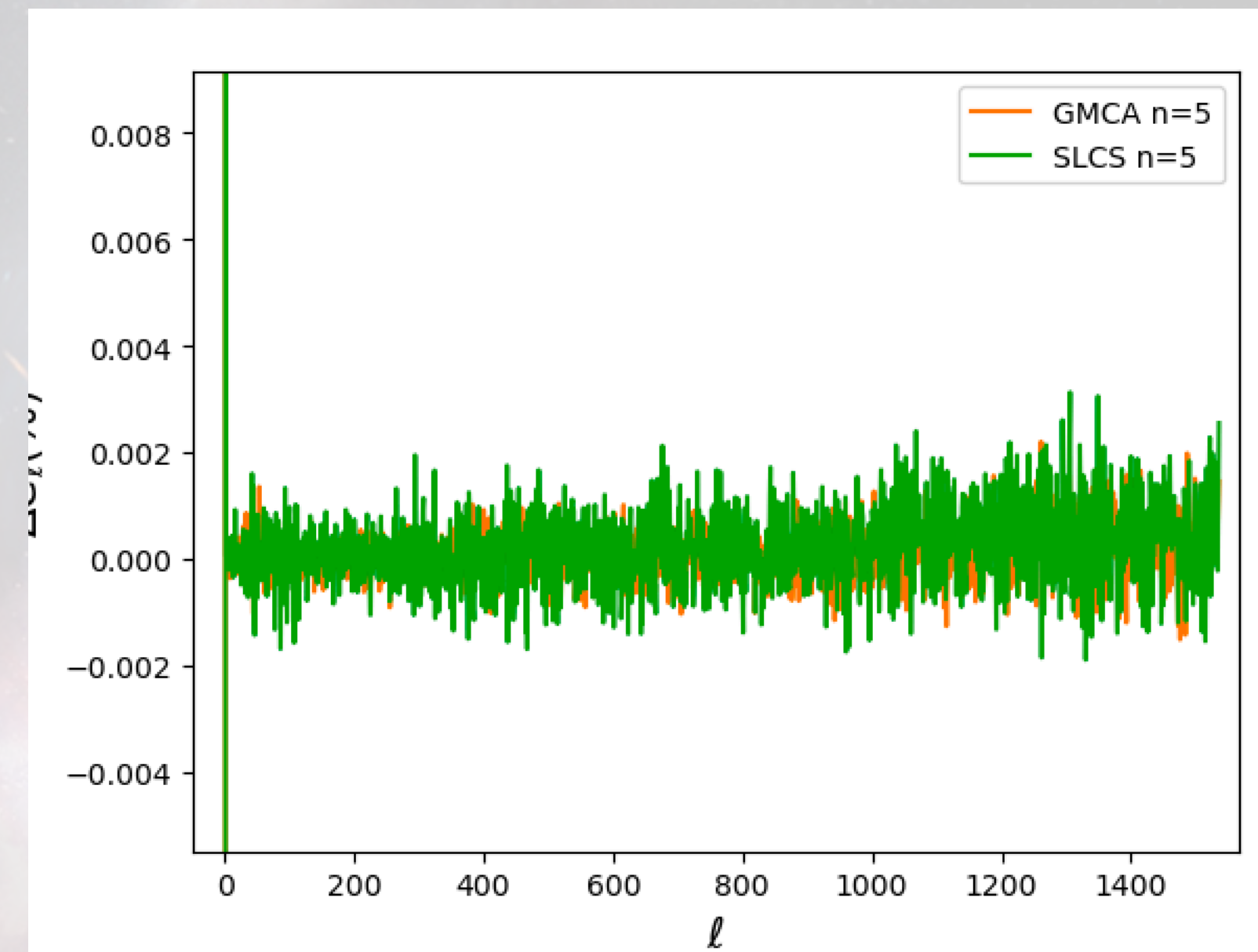


# LCS on the sphere: application to CMB data

Results on CMB (« easy » component):



CI

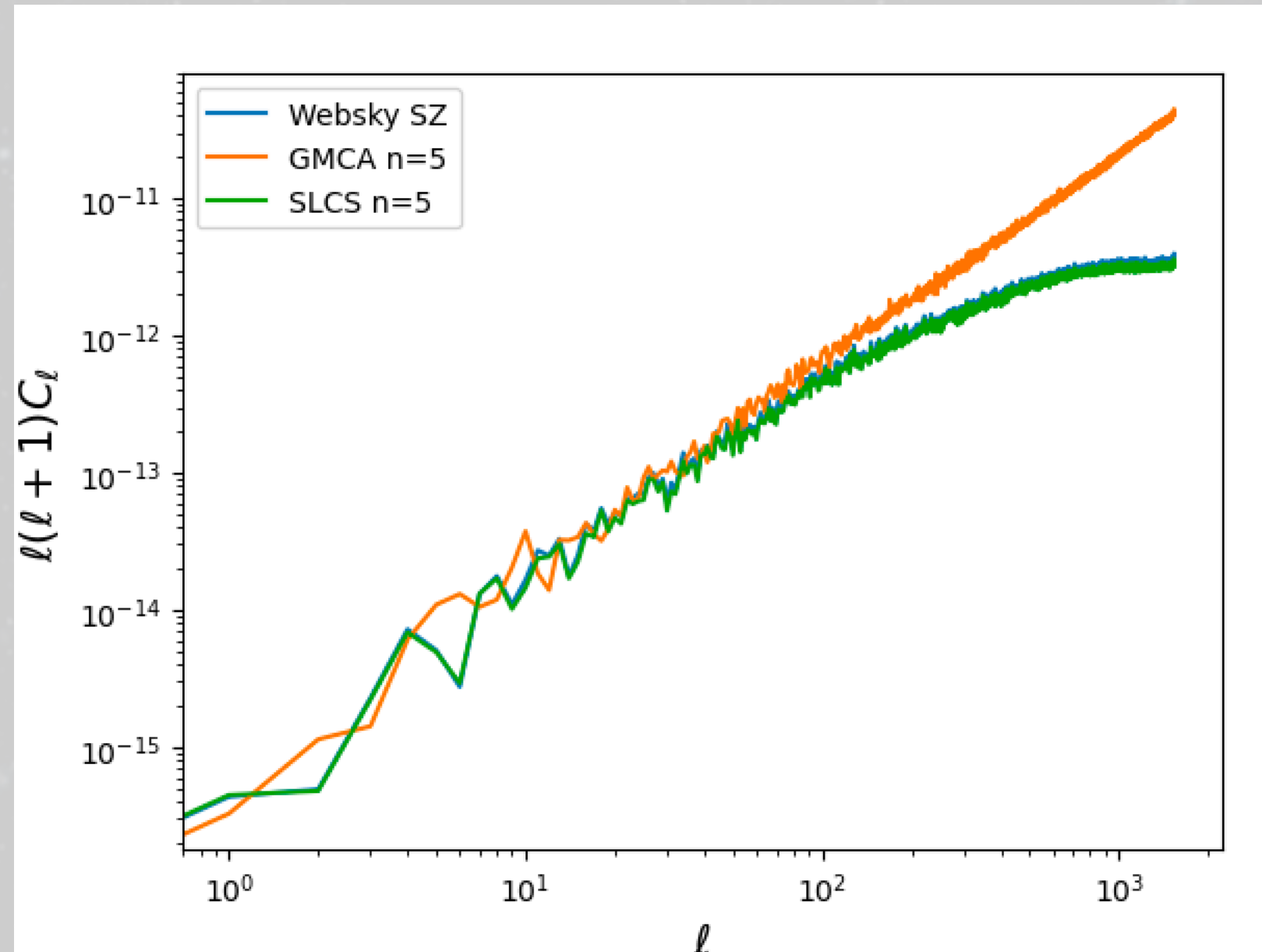


Residuals

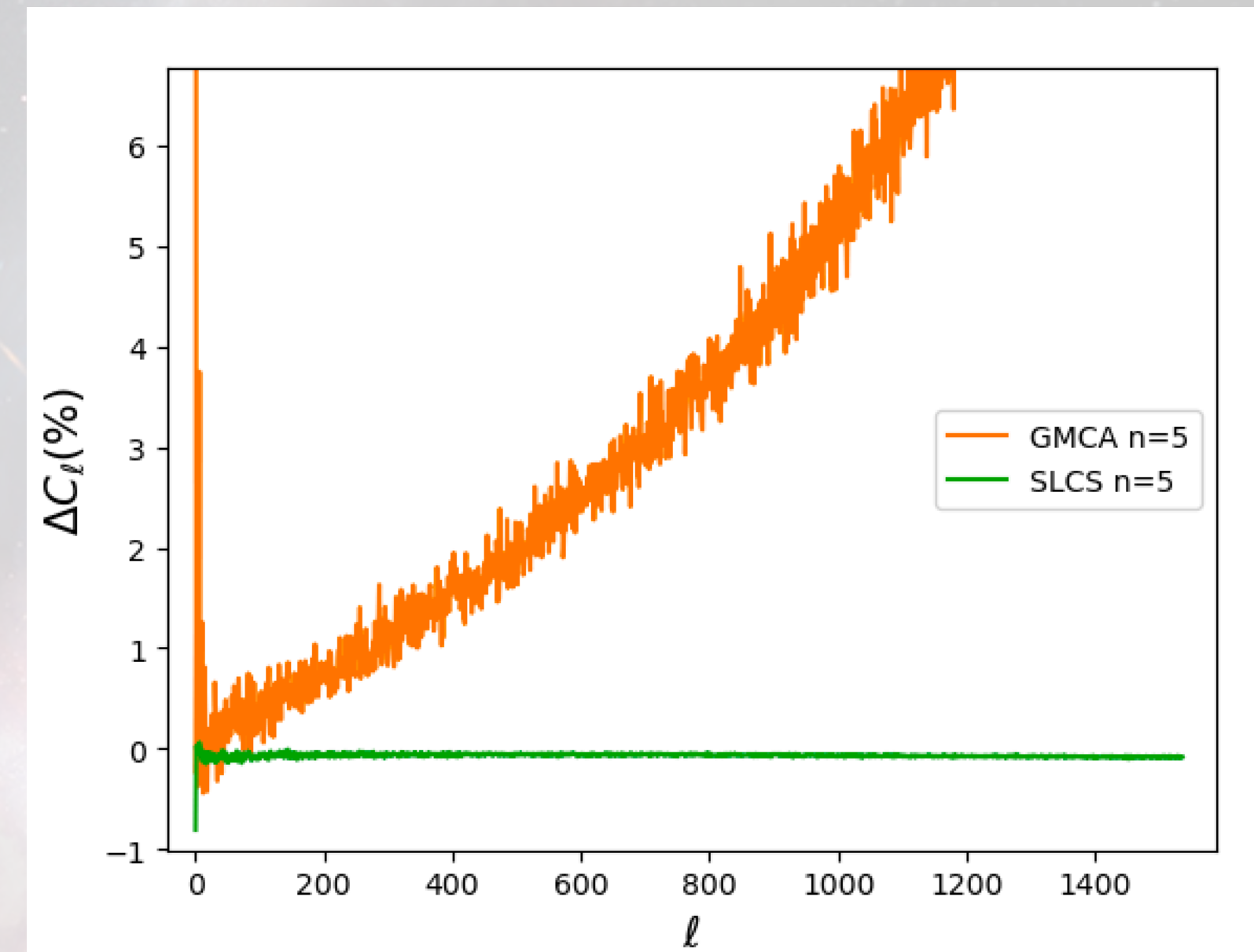


# LCS on the sphere: application to CMB data

Results on SZ (challenge):



Cl



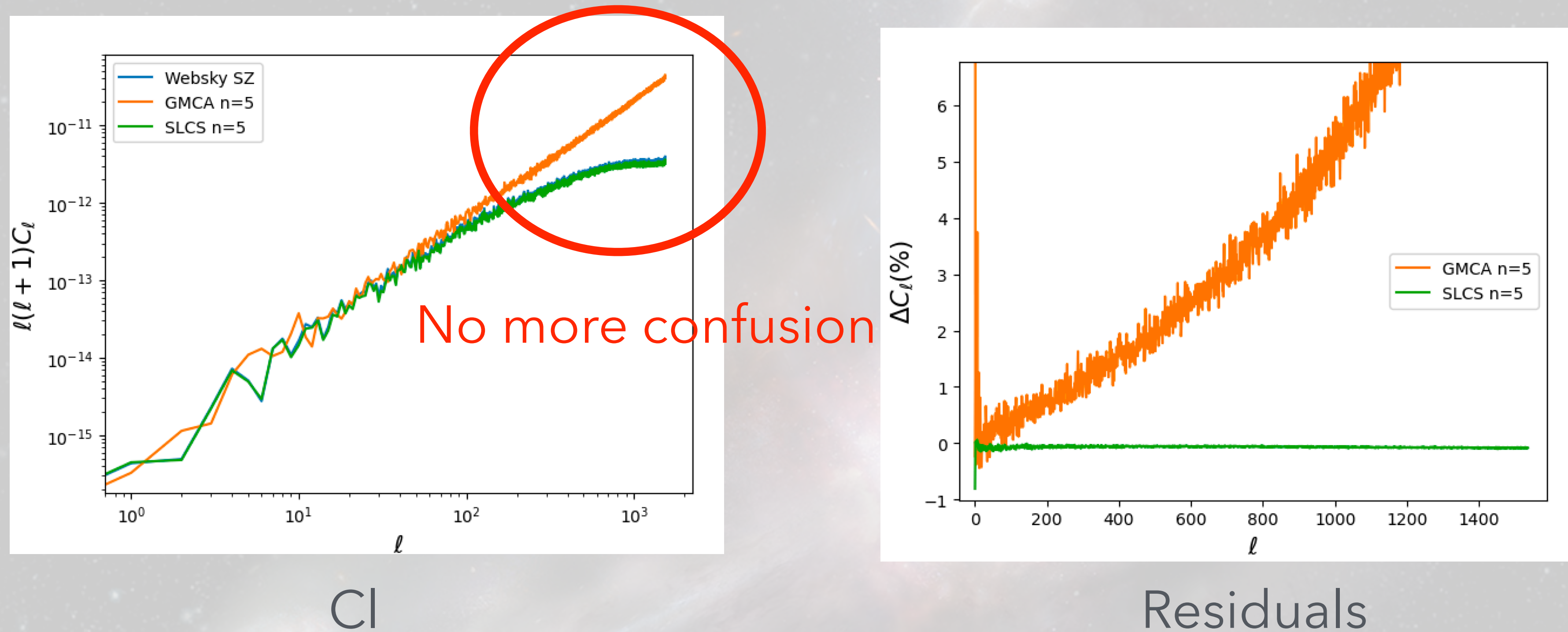
Residuals

3 components: CMB, SZ, CIB ⚠ Invalid model!



# LCS on the sphere: application to CMB data

Results on SZ (challenge):



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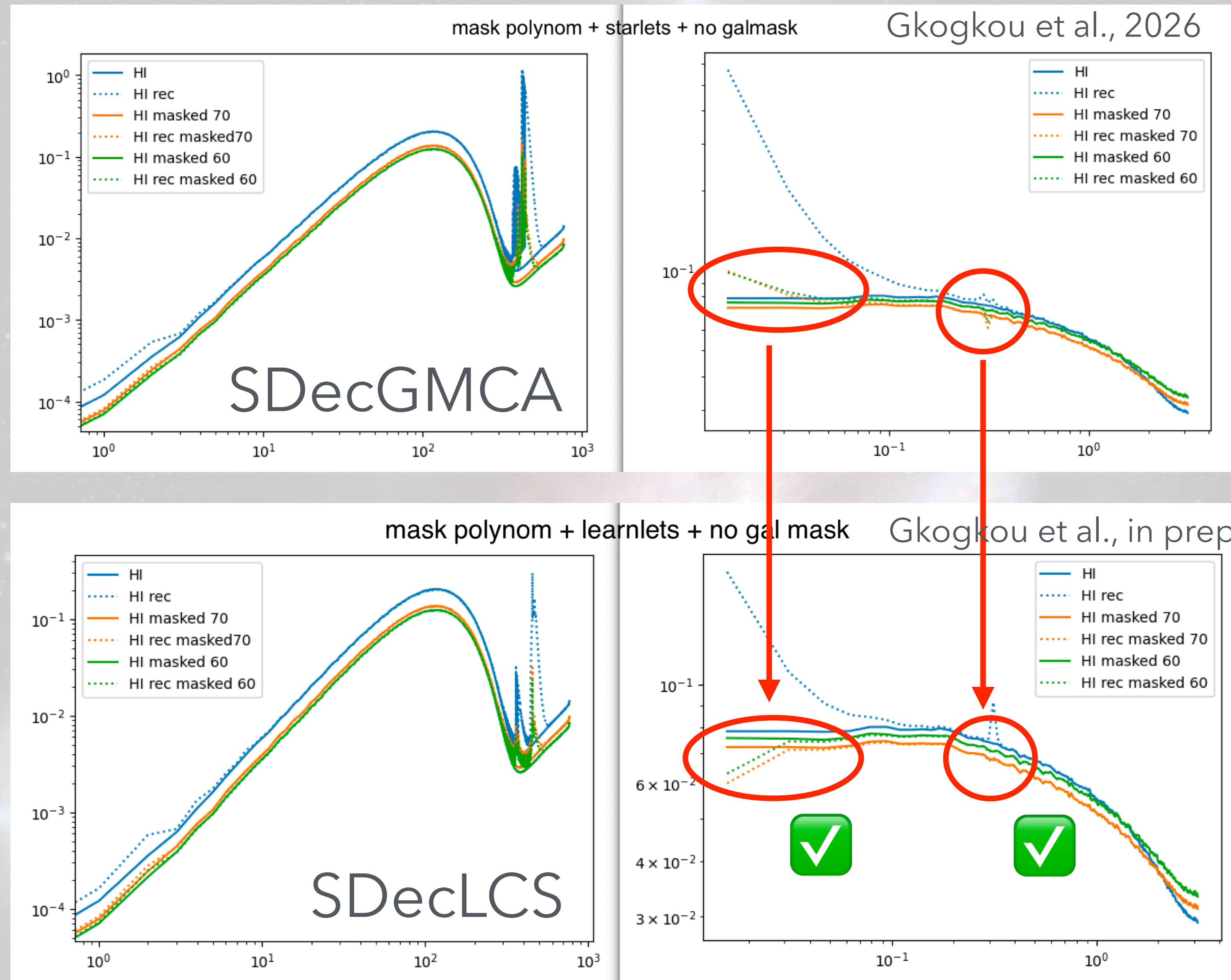
More results to come: with noise, beam, and foregrounds



# Adaptation on LCS **on the sphere**, with **deconvolution**, application to radio data:

HI recovery:

See Sia's talk  
tomorrow!





# Summary

- New BSS algorithm based on learnlets: LCS (combining expressivity of deep learning and mathematical properties of wavelets)
- Outperforms state-of-the-art BSS algorithms
- To the sphere
- Combined with deconvolution (**Sia's talk**)
- Promising for SKA (HI extraction) and SO, Litebird (CMB, SZ, dust)

## Next steps

- Error estimation?
- Include beams, foregrounds and deconvolution in CMB data