

Introduction to Higgs physics

Search for Higgs pair production with the CMS collaboration

Didier-Estève Éva

Institut de Physique des 2 Infinis
Université Claude Bernard - Lyon1

Under the supervision of Maxime Gouzevitch

April 24, 2026



Introduction

Understanding the mechanics of the Higgs boson:

Lets derive together the SM equation:

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + i\bar{\psi}\not{D}\psi + \psi_i y_{ij} \psi_j \phi + h.c + |D_\mu \phi|^2 - V(\phi) \quad (1)$$

Introduction

Understanding the mechanics of the Higgs boson:
Let's derive together the SM equation.

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + i\bar{\psi}\not{D}\psi - \bar{\psi}_i Y_{ij} \psi_j \phi + h.c + |D_\mu\phi|^2 - V(\phi) \quad (2)$$

Higgs physics: if the Higgs boson was a minecraft block, which one would it be?

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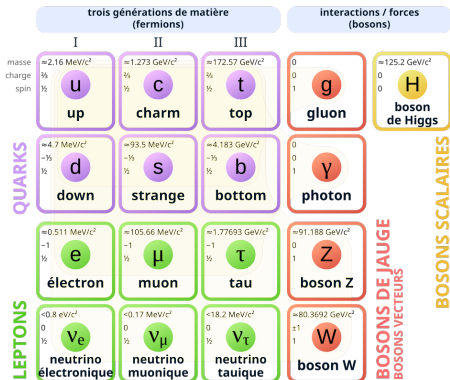
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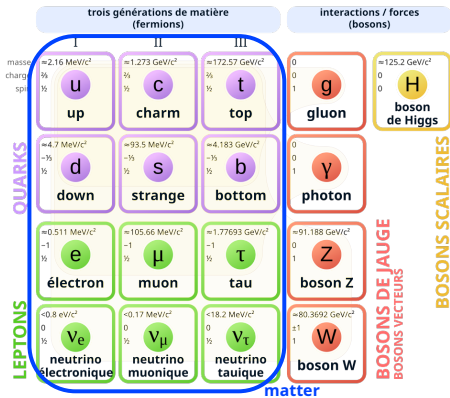
Introduction: the zoology of particles

Modèle standard, particules élémentaires



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Modèle standard, particules élémentaires

		trois générations de matière (fermions)			interactions / forces (bosons)	
		I	II	III		
QUARKS	masse	$\approx 2.16 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.273 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 172.57 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 125.2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
	charge	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	0
	spin	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	0
		u up	c charm	t top	g gluon	H boson de Higgs
		$\approx 4.7 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 93.5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 4.183 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	
		$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	0	
		$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	
		d down	s strange	b bottom	γ photon	
		$\approx 0.511 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 105.66 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.77693 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	
		-1	-1	-1	0	
		$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	
		e électron	μ muon	τ tau	Z boson Z	
		$\approx 0.8 \text{ eV}/c^2$	$\approx 0.17 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 18.2 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 80.3692 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	
		0	0	0	± 1	
		$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	
		ν_e neutrino électronique	ν_μ neutrino muonique	ν_τ neutrino tauique	W boson W	
LEPTONS						

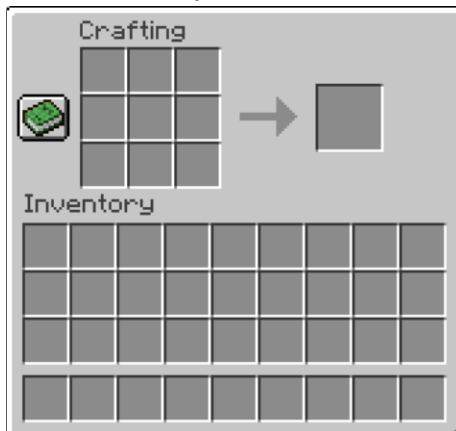
interactions

BOSONS DE JAUGE
BOSONS VECTEURS

BOSONS SCALAIRES

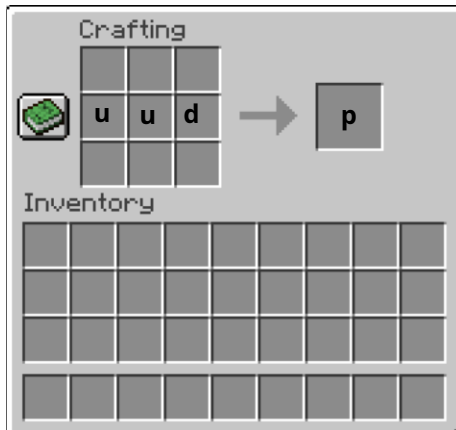
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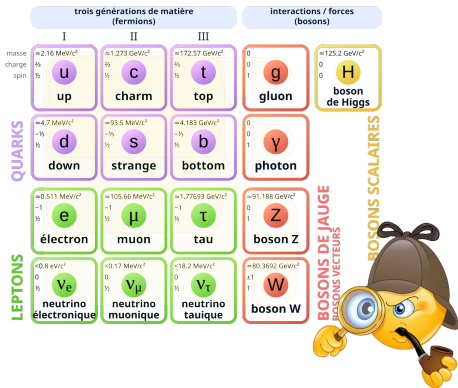
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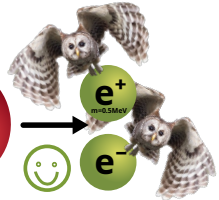
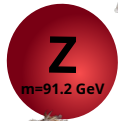
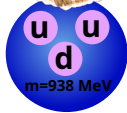
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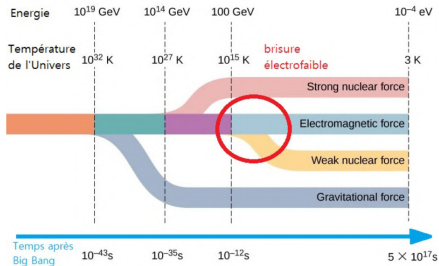


The Higgs mechanism

What gives particles their mass?

The Brout-Englert-Higgs mechanism (BEH), during the Early Universe

(Technically the Englert-Brout-Higgs-Guralnik-Hagen-Kibble mechanism, but i am NOT saying that); 1964

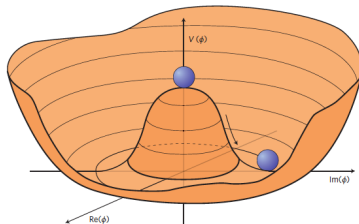
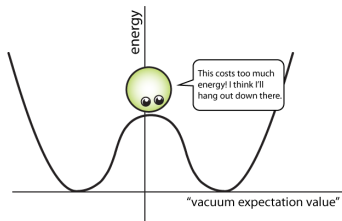
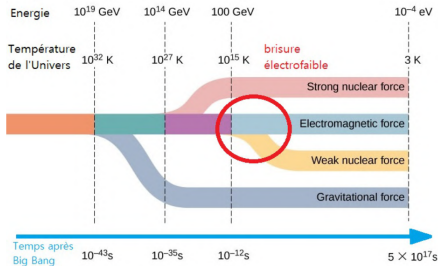


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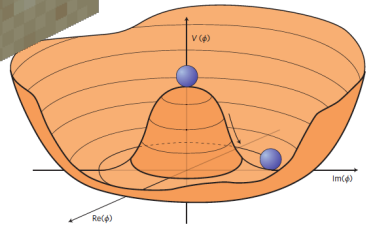
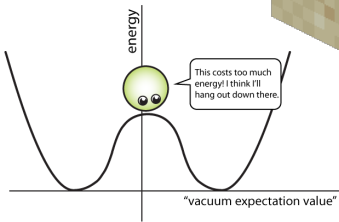
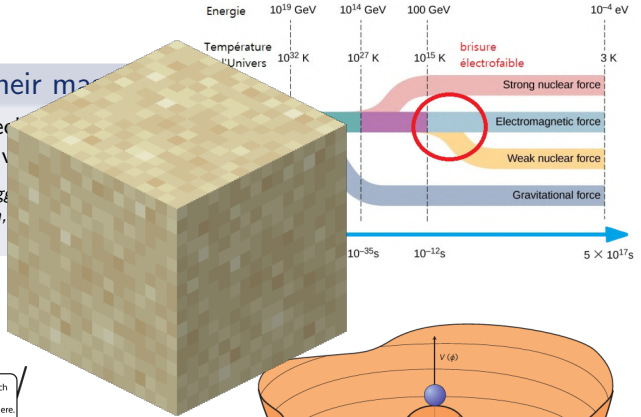


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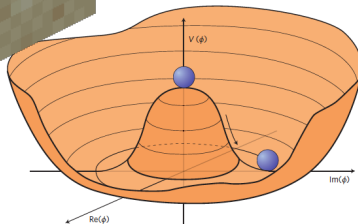
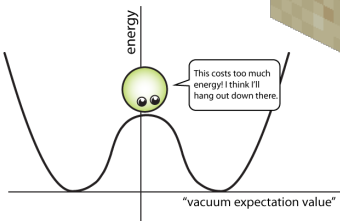
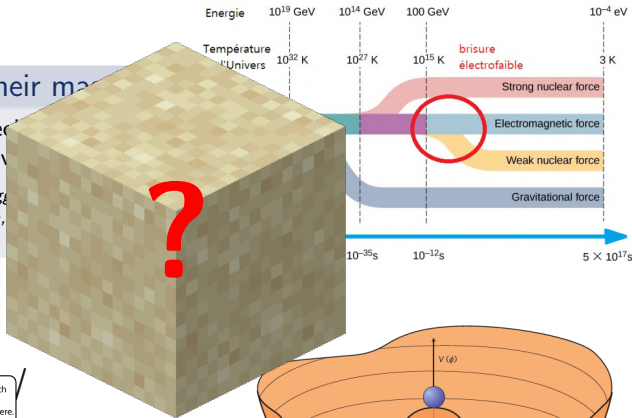


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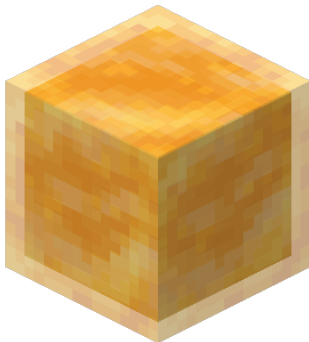
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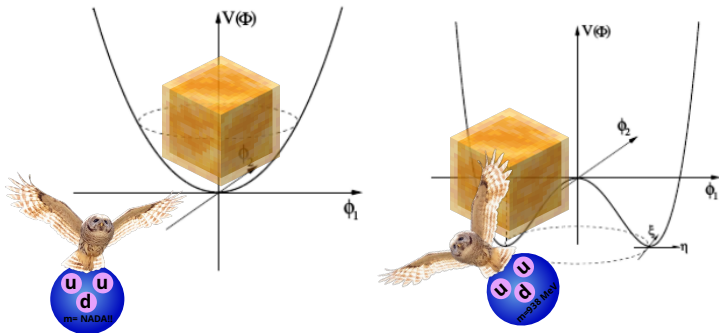
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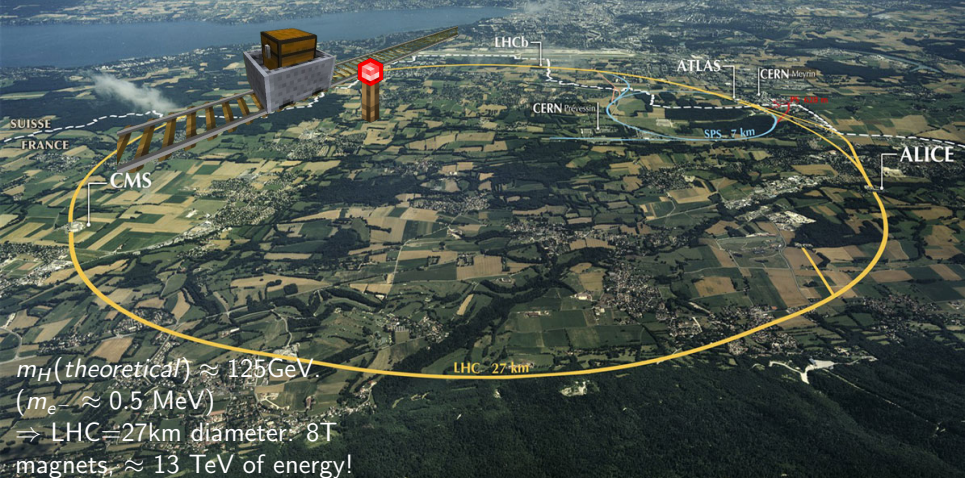


The Higgs mechanism



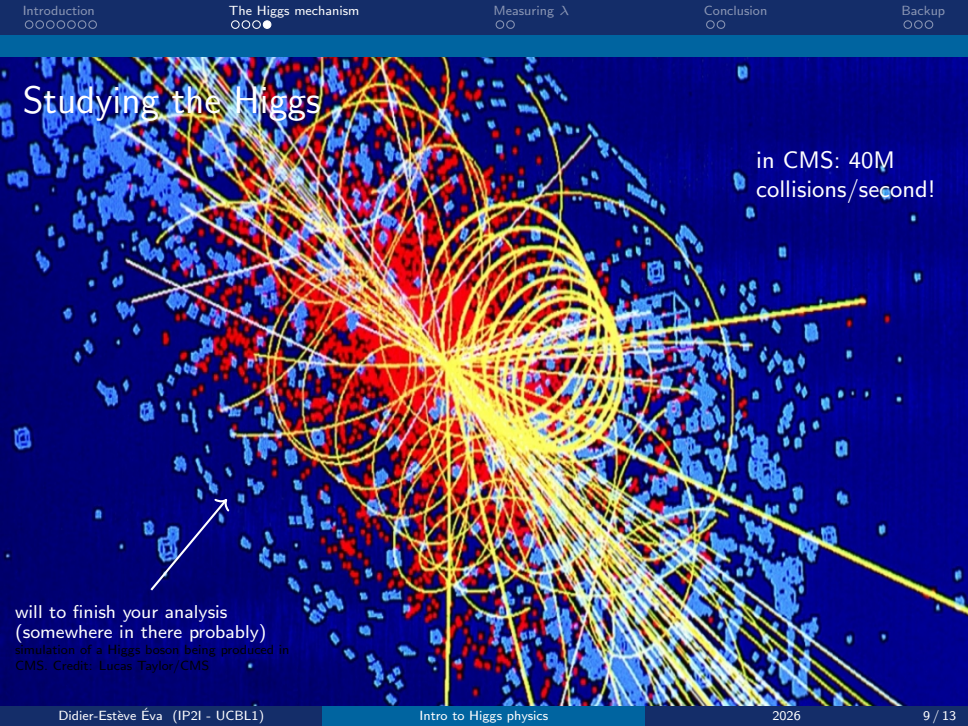
Mass = interaction with the Higgs boson!
The **more** it interacts = the heavier it is.

Discovery of the Higgs at CERN



Studying the Higgs

in CMS: 40M
collisions/second!



will to finish your analysis
(somewhere in there probably)
simulation of a Higgs boson being produced in
CMS. Credit: Lucas Taylor/CMS

A missing piece: λ

Measuring the Higgs boson

- ✓ Measuring its mass
- ✓ Measuring its interaction with other particles

...

- ✗ Measuring coefficient λ

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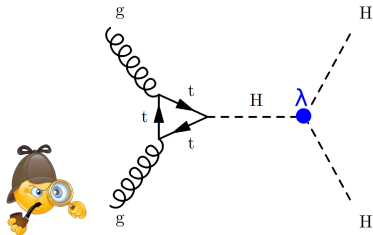
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λ = higgs self-coupling: very rare :(

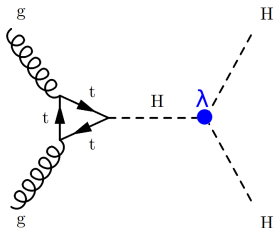
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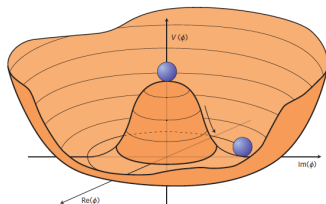
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$\Rightarrow \lambda$ parametrizes **shape** of higgs potential.

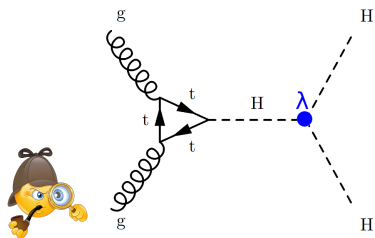
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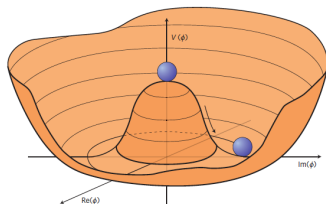
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$\Rightarrow \lambda$ parametrizes **shape** of higgs potential.

Theoretical value: $\lambda_{th} \approx 0.13$.

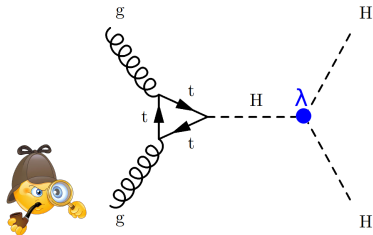
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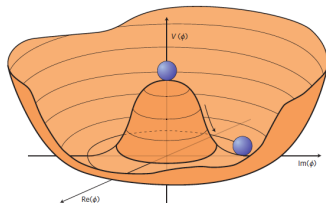
- ✓ Measuring its mass
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...

- ✗ Measuring coefficient λ



λ = higgs self-coupling: very rare :(



⇒ λ parametrizes **shape** of higgs potential.

Theoretical value: $\lambda_{th} \approx 0.13$.
If $\lambda_{th} \neq \lambda$: **missing piece in our understanding of the Universe.**

My PhD: studying $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$

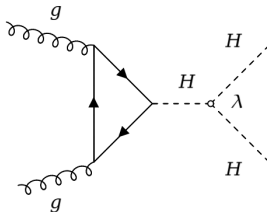
End goal:

Learn to measure Higgs self-interaction λ .

My PhD: studying $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$

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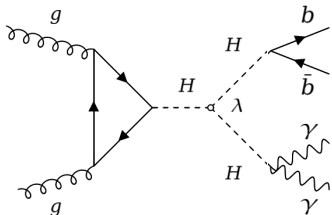
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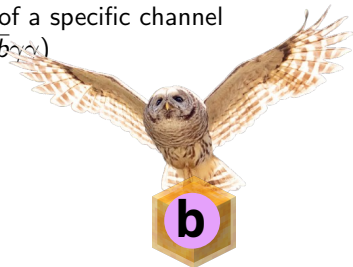
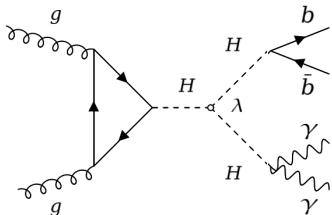


My PhD: studying $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$

\Rightarrow Choice of a specific channel
($HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$)

End goal:

Learn to measure Higgs self-interaction λ .

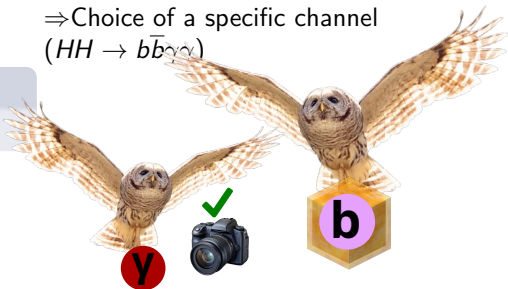
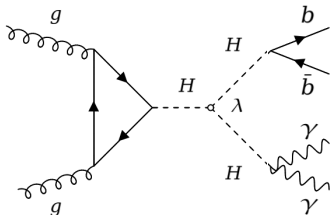


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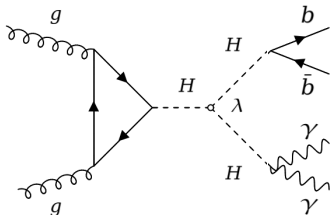
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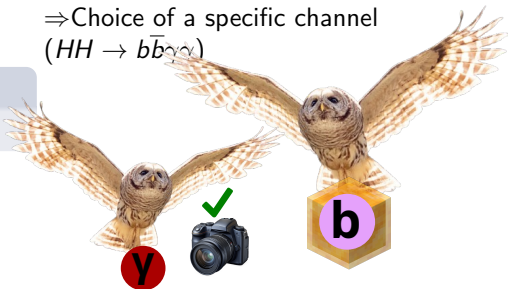
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\Rightarrow Choice of a specific channel
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\Rightarrow Data analysis: train Deep Neural Network (DNN) on LHC data to separate background from signal.

\Rightarrow Data simulation: generate LHC-like events, with a Higgs boson pair. Use it to see if we can extract signal.

Conclusion

- Interaction with the Higgs boson: how particles get masses (Higgs mechanism).
- The more they interact = the heavier !
- Particles get masses during the Early Universe.
- Higgs mechanism dependant on a factor: λ
- λ only accessible with Higgs doublet: very rare. Need to prepare for measures at the HL-LHC (+other future collisioners)!

Questions

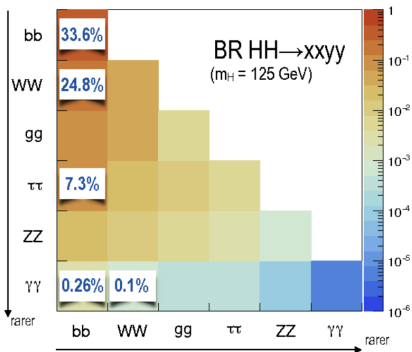
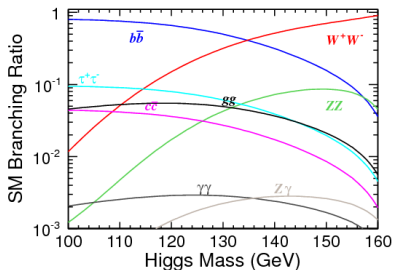
Some suggestions:

- How can they be sure in 2012 that it was the Higgs that they observed?
- Why $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ specifically? And not just $b\bar{b}$, $\gamma\gamma$, or another particle in the standard model?
- Why do we need an energy of 13TeV (CERN collision energy) to discover a particle whose mass is only 125GeV?
- Why is the Higgs / a Higgs pair so rare of an event?
- What is your favourite minecraft block / owl?
- Have you ever been diagnosed with any sort of mental illness?
- **Others questions more than welcome!**



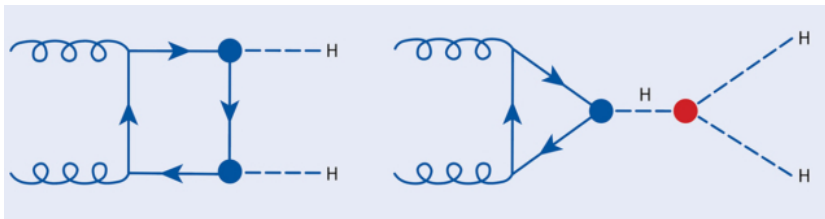
Annex

Higgs branching ratios



Annex

Interfering diagrams for di-Higgs production at the LHC:



Annex

