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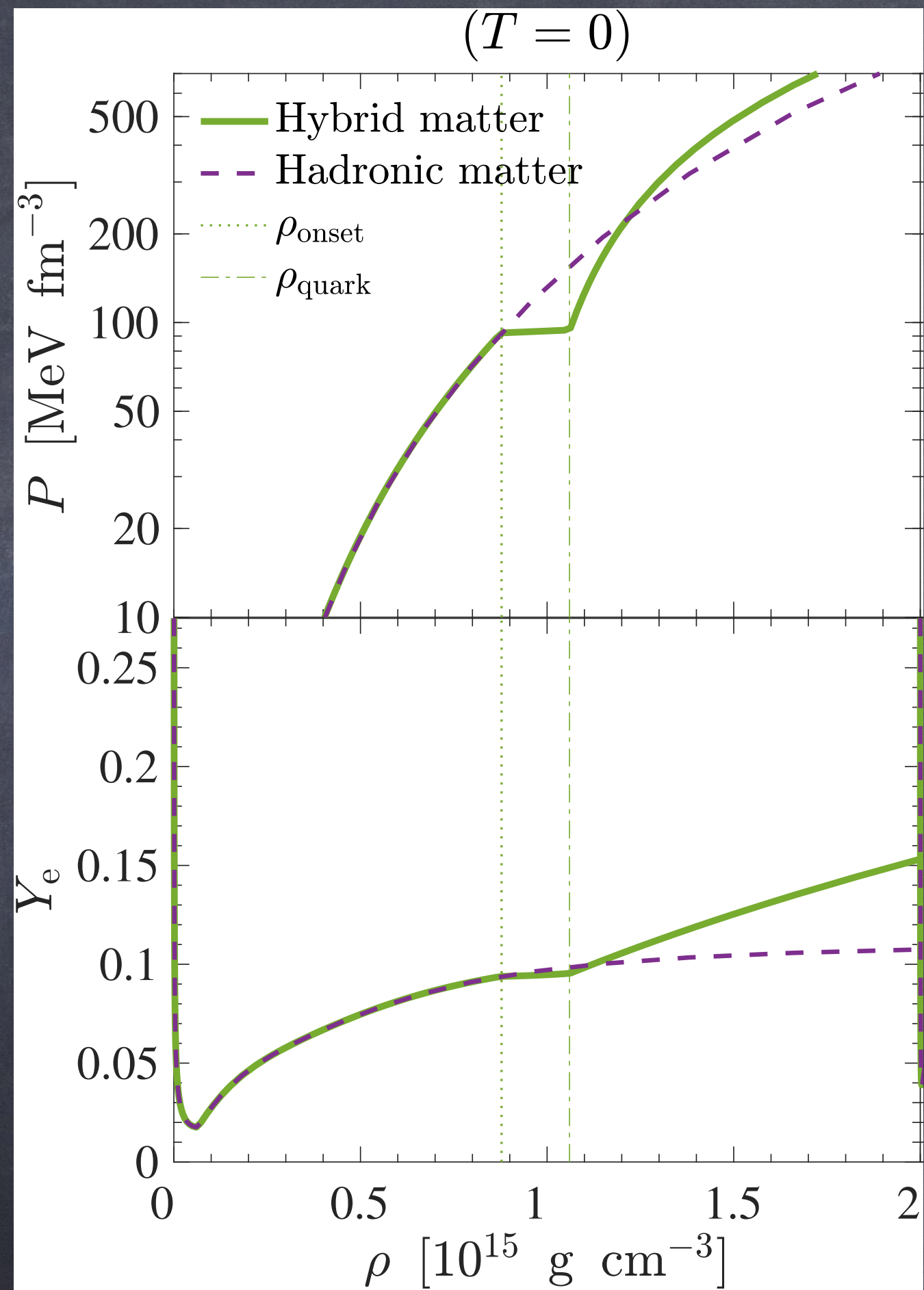
Narodowe
Centrum
Nauki

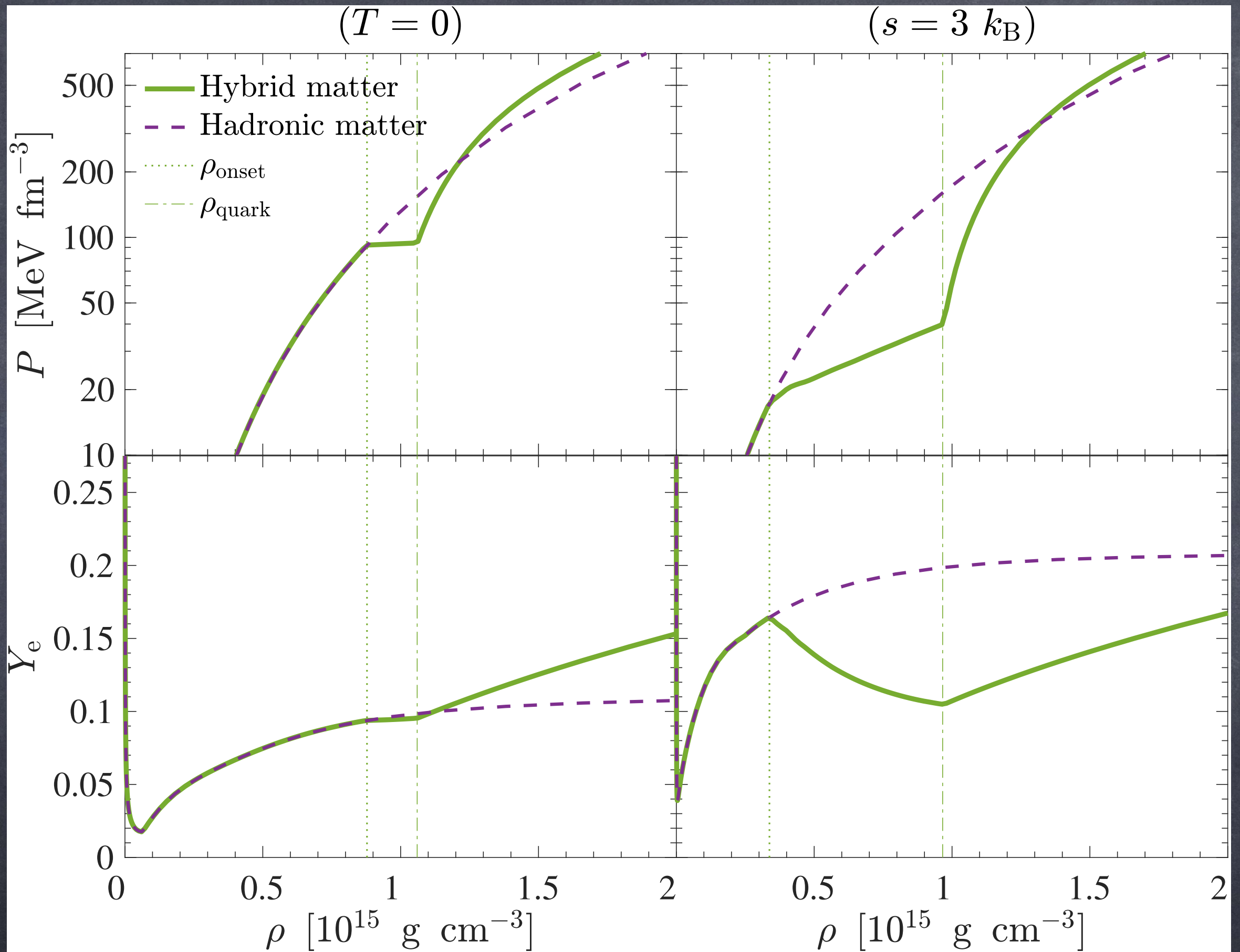
QCD Phase transition in Core Collapse Supernovae

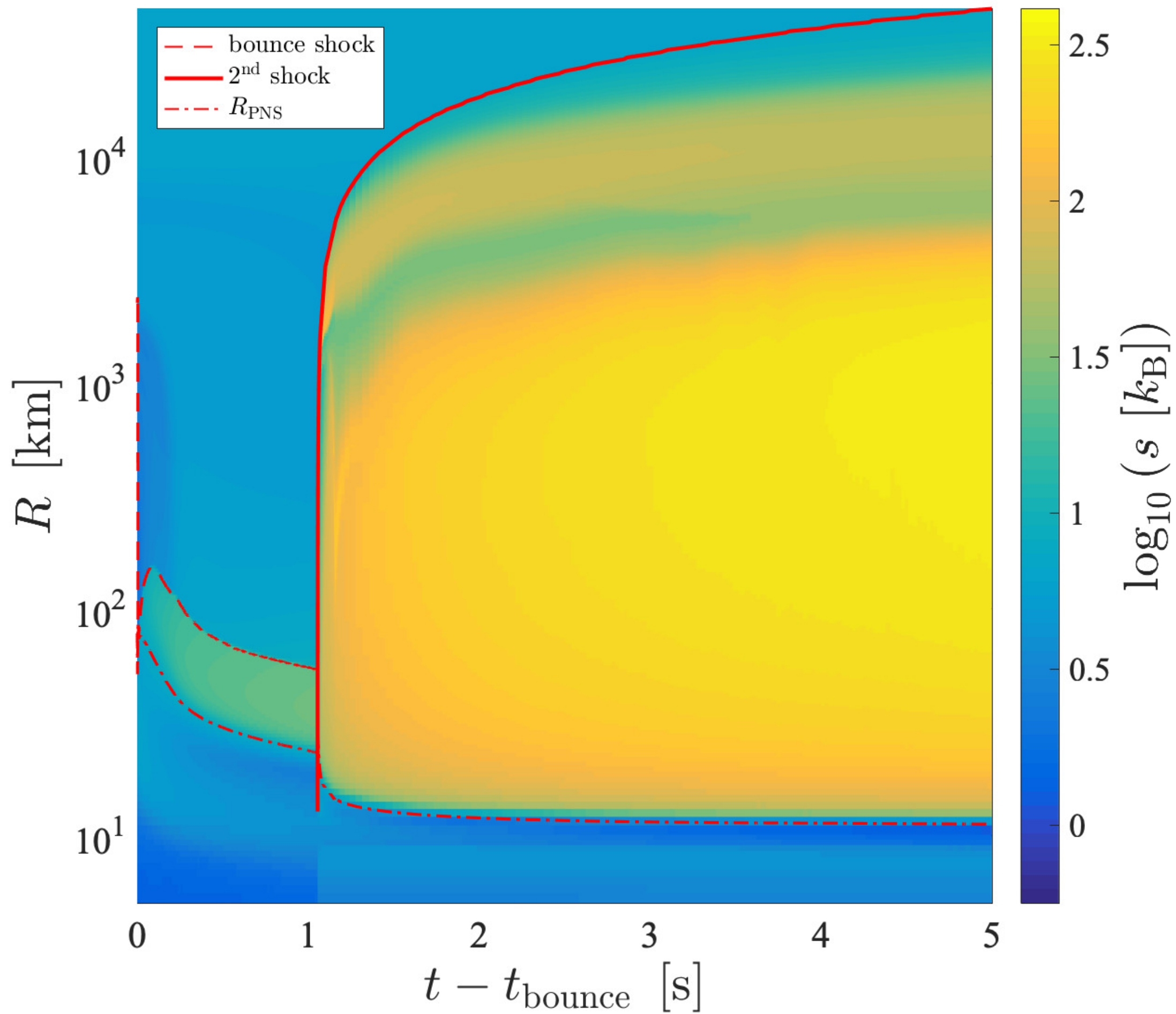
Noshad Khosravi Largani

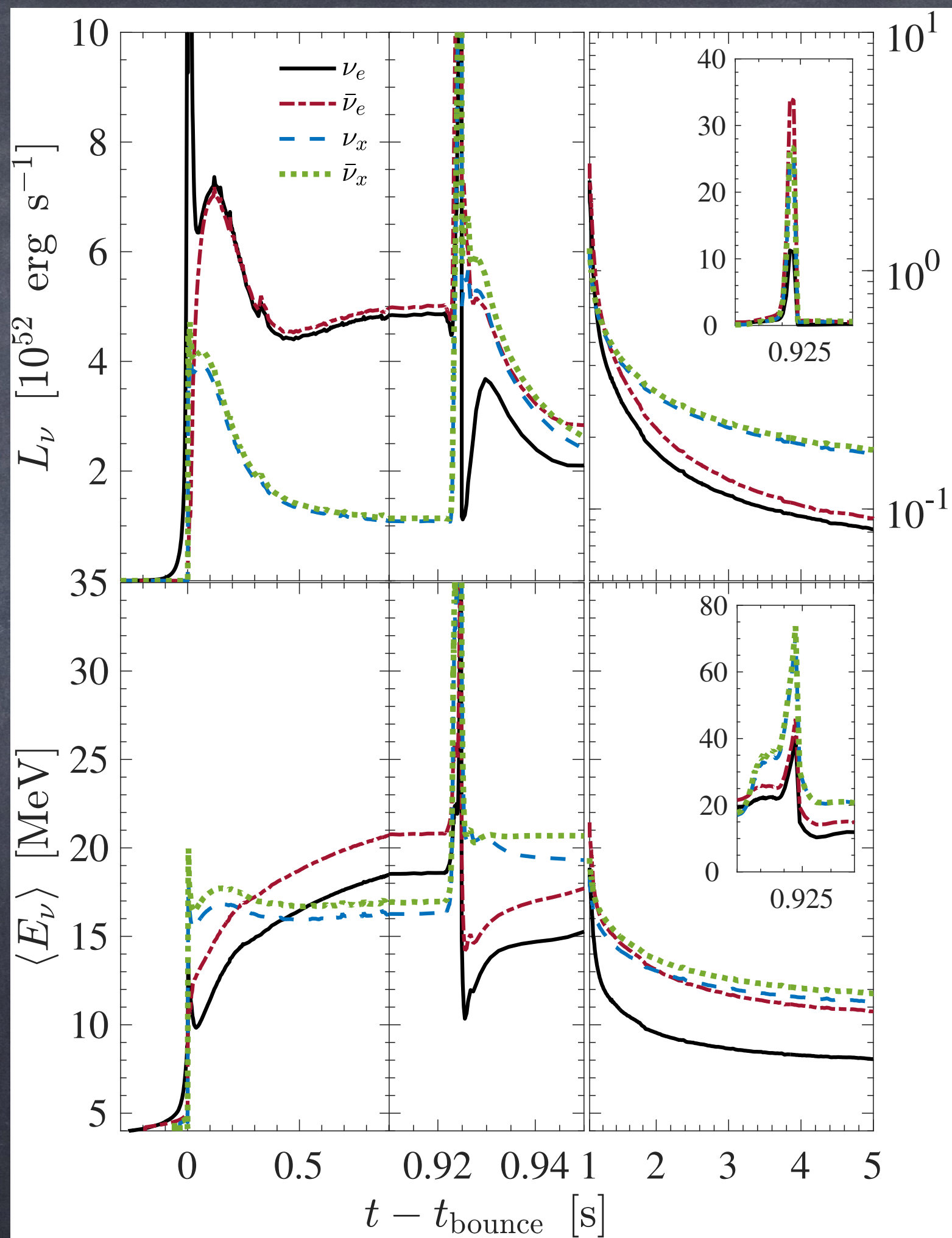
thematic school GWSNS 2026

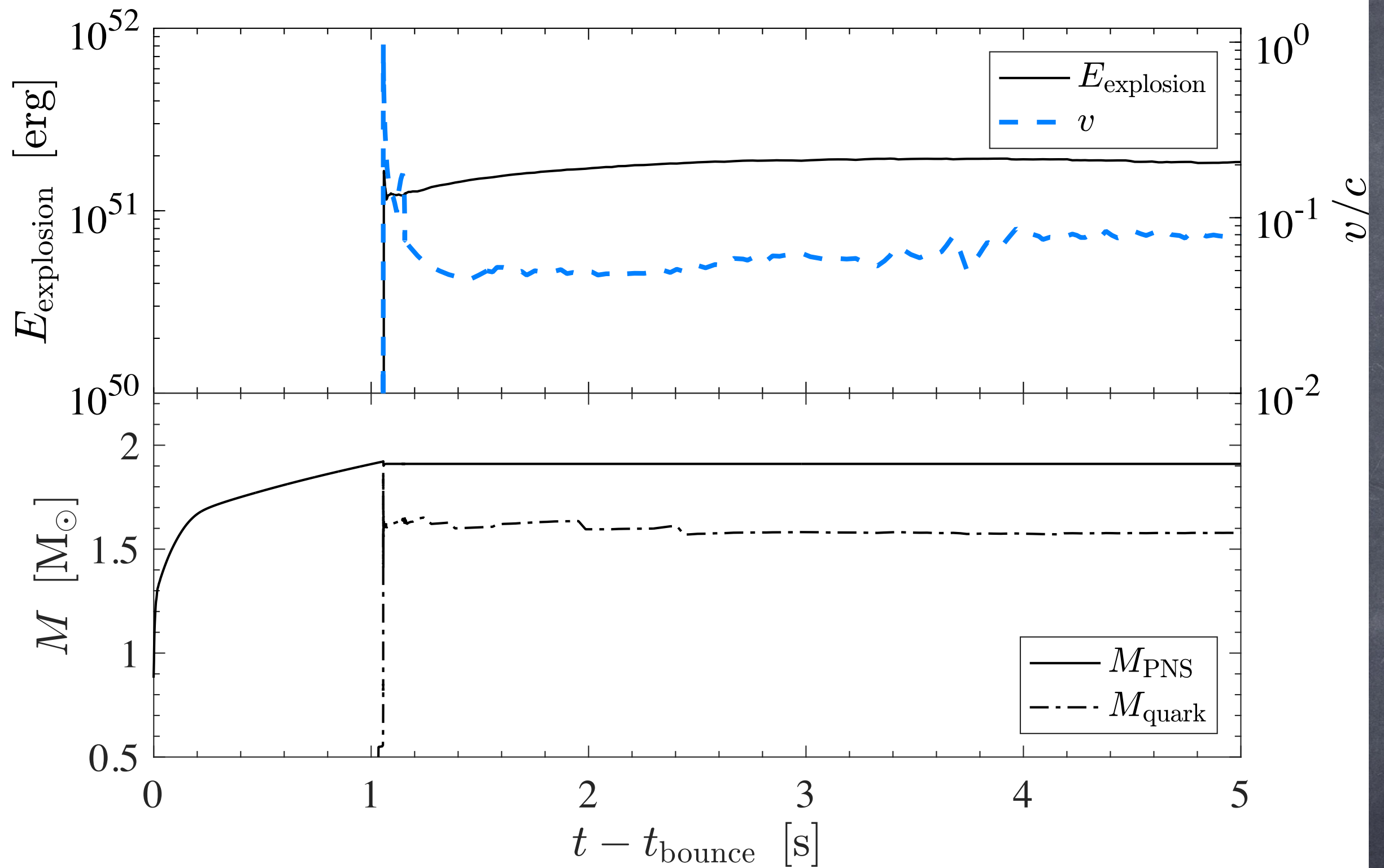
1 July 2026, Roscoff











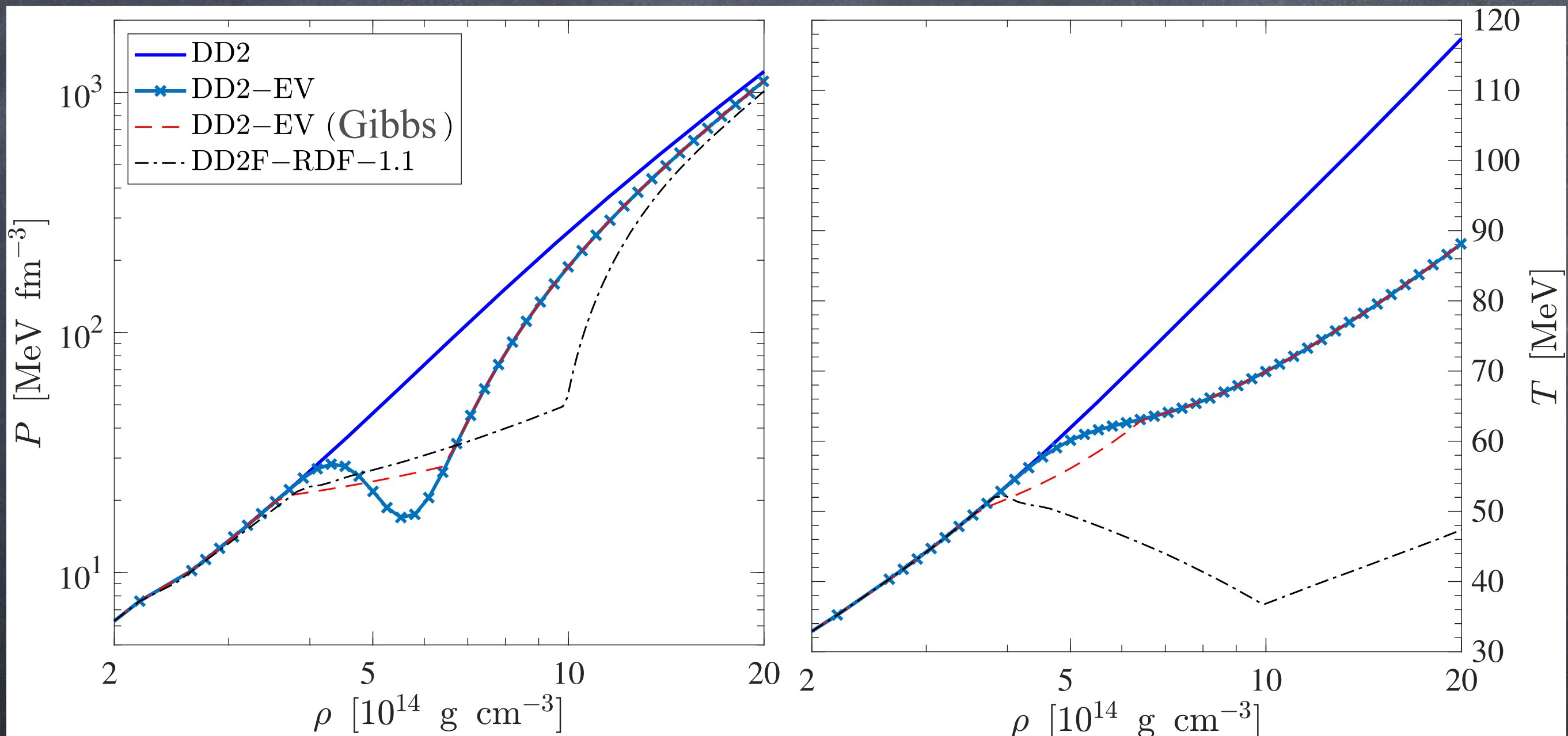
$$E_{\text{expl}} = 3 \times 10^{51} \text{ erg}$$

$$M_{\text{NS}} \simeq 2 M_{\odot}$$

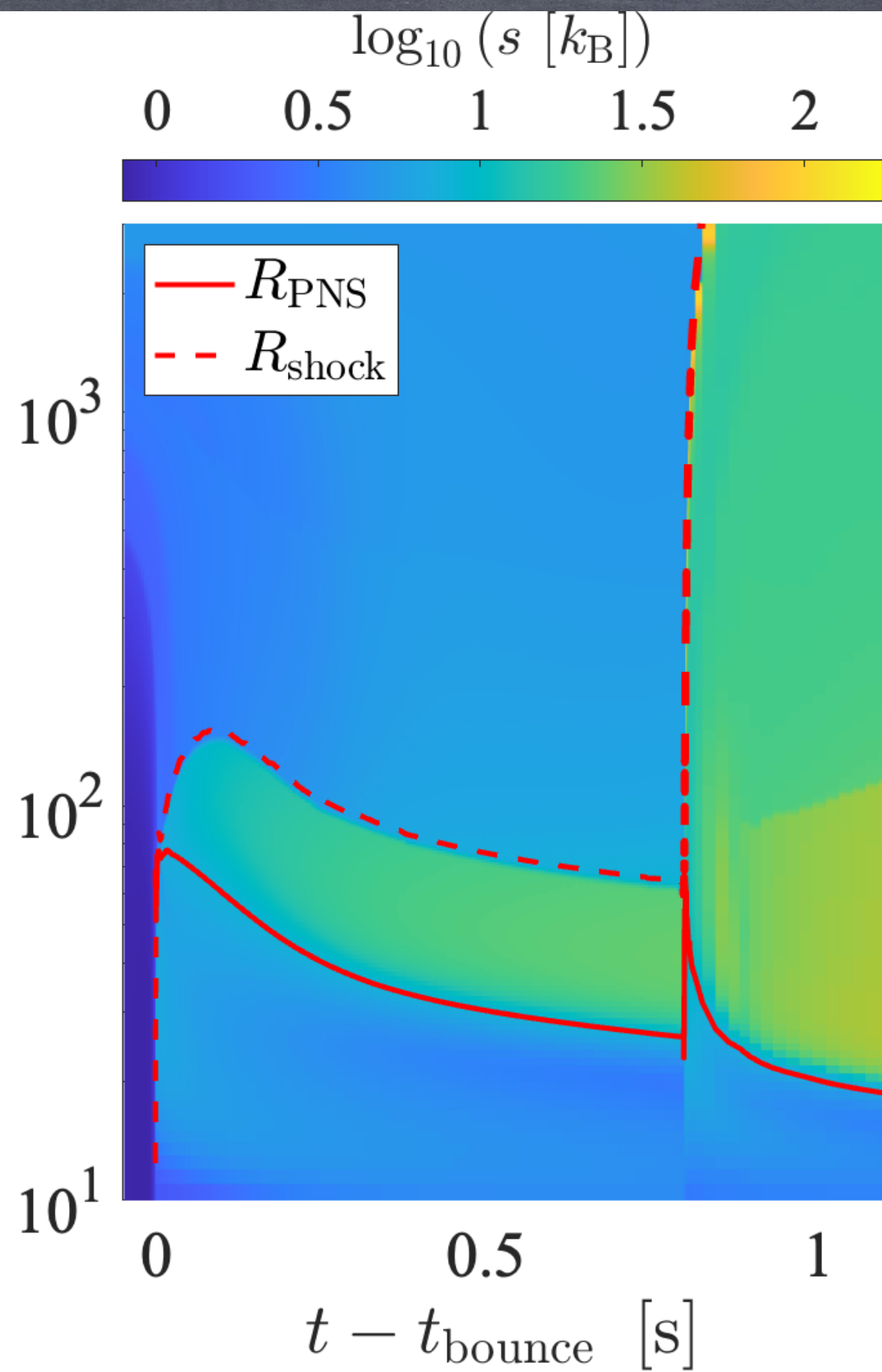
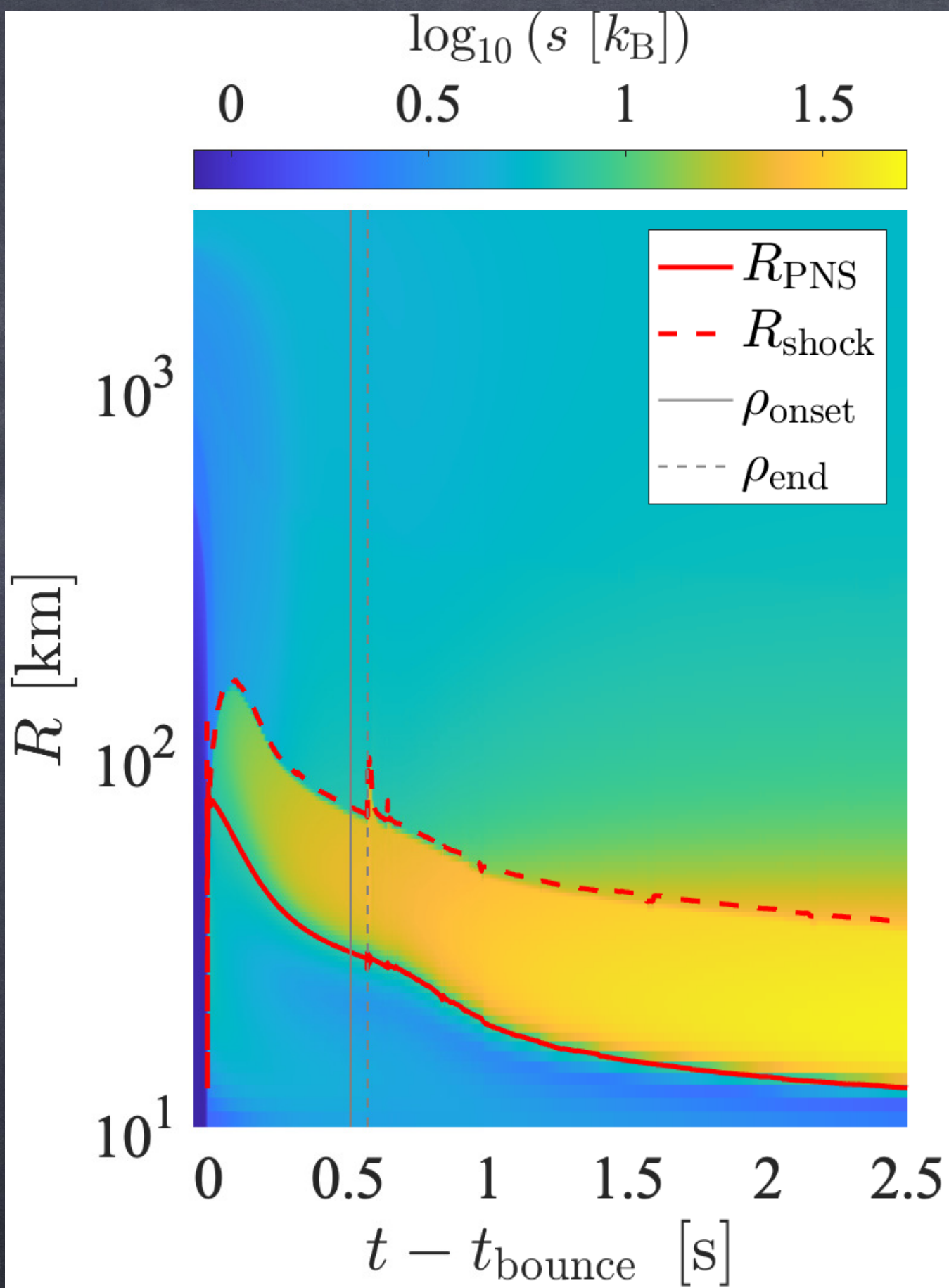


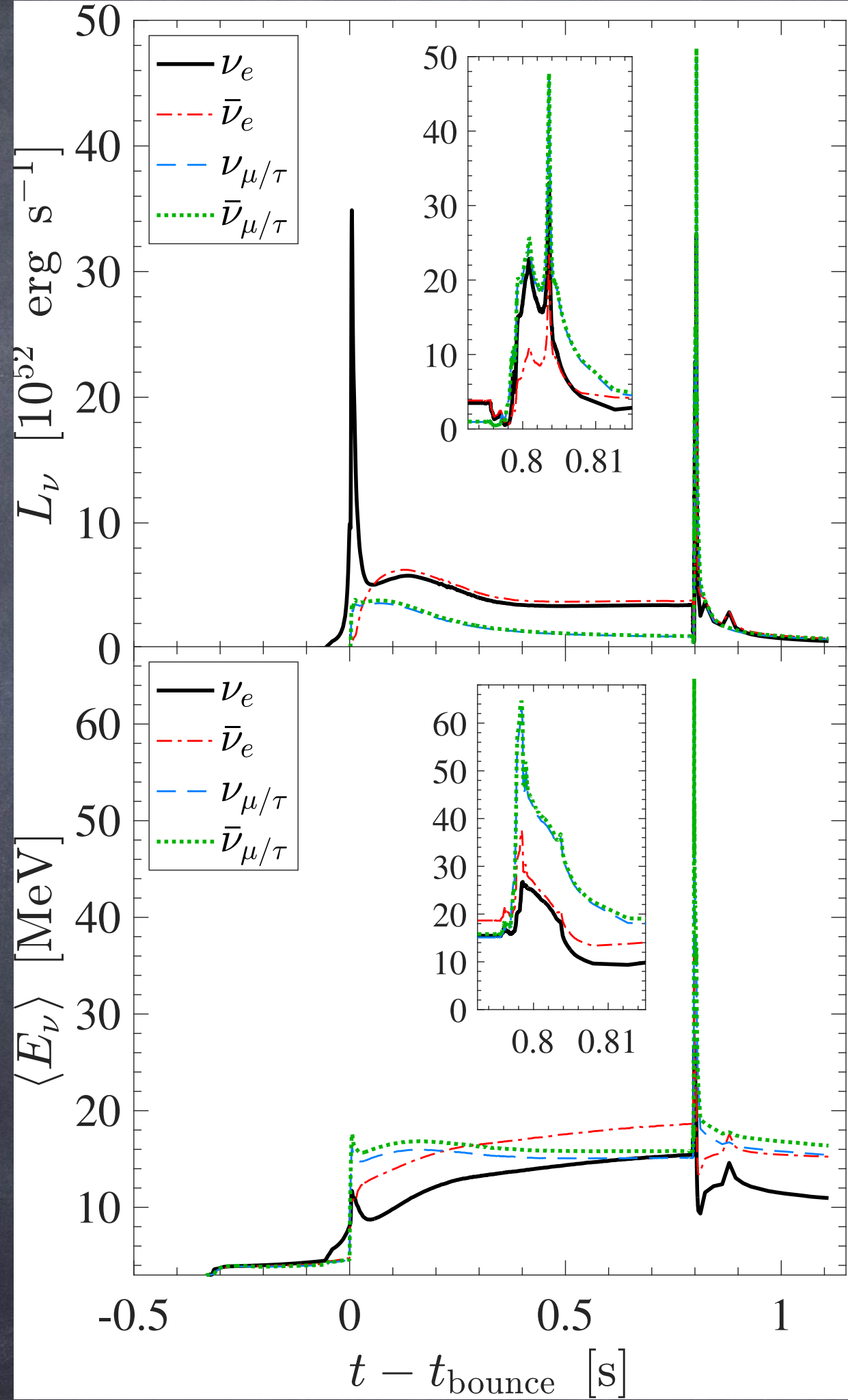
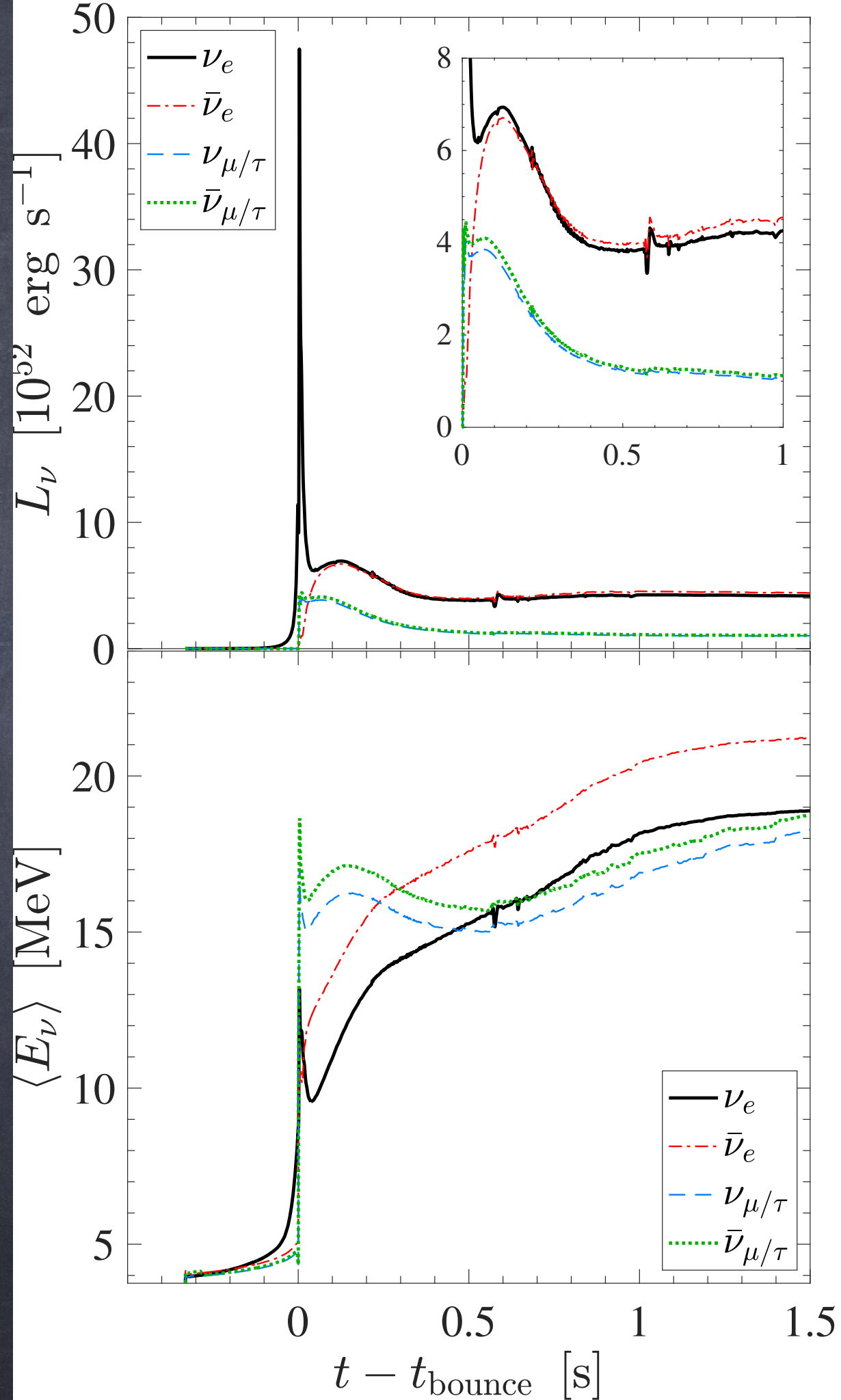
$$g_N \longrightarrow g_{\text{eff}}(T, n_B) = g_N \Phi_N(T, n_B)$$

Typel, Blaschke 2018, Universe 4 32



Kumar et. AL., CQG (In prep.)



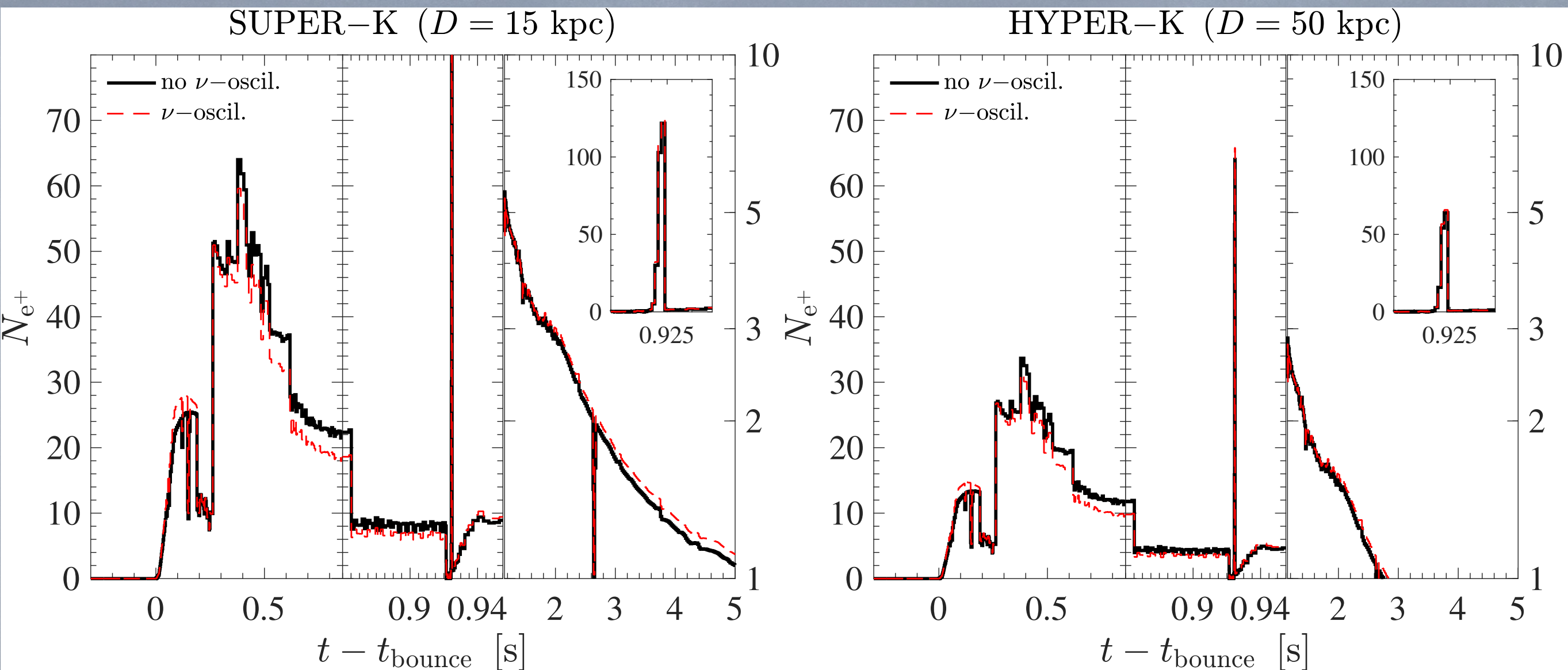


Stay Tuned!

Backup slides

inverse β - decay : $\bar{\nu}_e + p \longrightarrow e^+ + n$ ($Q = m_n - m_p = 1.2935$ MeV)

$$N_{e^+} \simeq N_p N_{\bar{\nu}_e} \frac{\lambda_{\bar{\nu}_e p}}{4\pi D^2}$$



General relativistic neutrino radiation hydrodynamics

- The general framework

$$ds^2 = -\alpha^2 dt^2 + \left(\frac{r'}{\Gamma}\right)^2 da^2 + r^2(d\theta^2 + \sin^2 \theta d\phi^2)$$

$$\nabla_\nu T^{\mu\nu} = 0$$

	matter	microphysics
T^{tt}	$\rho(1 + e$	$+ J)$
$T^{ta} = T^{at}$		ρH
T^{aa}	p	$+ \rho K$
$T^{\theta\theta} = T^{\phi\phi}$	p	$+ \frac{1}{2}\rho(J - K)$

The co-moving reference frame:

(t, a) (system time, baryon mass)

(θ, ϕ) (2-sphere of radius $r(t, a)$)

The metric functions:

$$G_{\mu\nu} = R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{R}{2}g_{\mu\nu} = 8\kappa T_{\mu\nu} \quad \text{(Einstein equation)}$$

$$\alpha(t, a) \quad \text{(lapse function)} \quad \Gamma(t, a) = \sqrt{1 - 2m/r + u^2}$$

$$u = \frac{\partial r}{\alpha \partial t} \quad \text{(matter velocity)}$$

$$m(t, a) \quad \text{(gravitational mass)}$$

- Microphysics; the neutrino moments

$$F_\nu(t, \vec{x}, \vec{v}) \longrightarrow F_\nu(t, a, \mu = \cos \theta, E)$$

(Specific neutrino distribution functions)

$$J = \frac{2\pi}{(h\,c)^3} \int_{-1}^{+1} d\mu \int_0^\infty E^3 dE \, F_\nu(t, a, \mu, E)$$

$$H = \frac{2\pi}{(h\,c)^3} \int_{-1}^{+1} \mu d\mu \int_0^\infty E^3 dE \, F_\nu(t, a, \mu, E)$$

$$K = \frac{2\pi}{(h\,c)^3} \int_{-1}^{+1} \mu^2 d\mu \int_0^\infty E^3 dE \, F_\nu(t, a, \mu, E)$$

Liebendörfer et al., Phys. Rev. D, 63, 10, 103004 (2001)

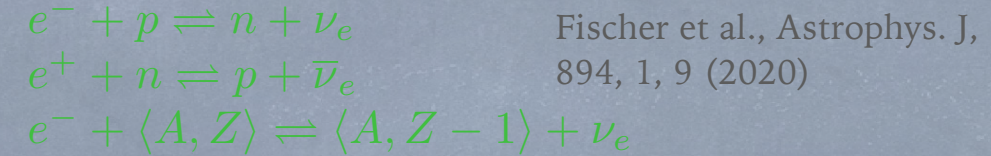
Liebendörfer et al., Astrophs. J. Suppl, 150, 263 (2004)

Boltzmann neutrino transport

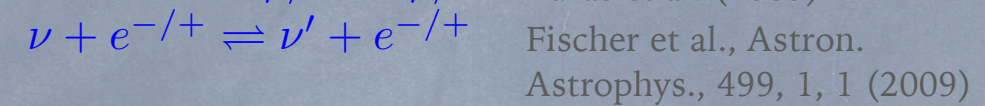
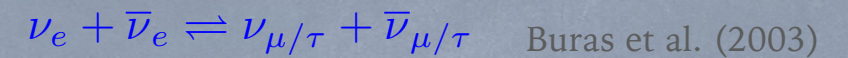
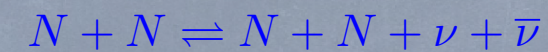
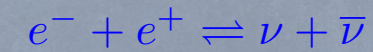
$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial F}{\alpha \partial t}(\mu, E) &= \frac{\mu}{\alpha} \frac{\partial}{\partial a} (4\pi r^2 \alpha \rho F) \\
 &+ \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial r} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} [(1 - \mu^2) F] \\
 &+ \left(\frac{\partial \ln \rho}{\alpha \partial t} + \frac{3u}{r} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} [\mu (1 - \mu^2) F] \\
 &- \mu \Gamma \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial r} \frac{1}{E^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial E} (E^3 F) \\
 &+ \left[\mu^2 \left(\frac{\partial \ln \rho}{\alpha \partial t} + \frac{3u}{r} \right) - \frac{u}{r} \right] \frac{1}{E^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial E} (E^3 F) \\
 &+ j(E) \left(\frac{1}{\rho} - F(\mu, E) \right) - \chi(E) F(\mu, E) \\
 &+ \frac{1}{c} \frac{E^2}{h^3 c^3} \int d\mu' R_{IS}(\mu', \mu, E) F(\mu', E) - \frac{1}{c} \frac{E^2 F(\mu, E)}{h^3 c^3} \int d\mu' R_{IS}(\mu, \mu', E) \\
 &+ \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{h^3 c^3} \left(\frac{1}{\rho} - F(\mu, E) \right) \int dE' E'^2 d\mu' R_{NES}^{in}(\mu, \mu', E, E') F(\mu', E') \\
 &- \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{h^3 c^3} F(\mu, E) \int dE' E'^2 d\mu' R_{NES}^{out}(\mu, \mu', E, E') \left(\frac{1}{\rho} - F(\mu', E') \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Weak processes:

(a) Electronic charged current reactions



(b) Neutral current reactions



Evolution of the proton-to-baryon ratio

$$\frac{\partial Y_e}{\partial t} = - \frac{2\pi m_B c}{(h c)^3} \int_{-1}^{+1} d\mu \int_0^\infty E^2 dE \left(j \left(\frac{1}{\rho} - F \right) - \chi F \right)$$

Mezzacappa, Bruenn, *Astrophys. J.*, 405, 669(1993)

Mezzacappa, Bruenn, *Astrophys. J.*, 405, 637(1993)

Mezzacappa, Bruenn, *Astrophys. J.*, 410, 740(1993)

Liebendörfer et al., *Astrophys. J. Suppl.*, 150, 1, 263 (2004)