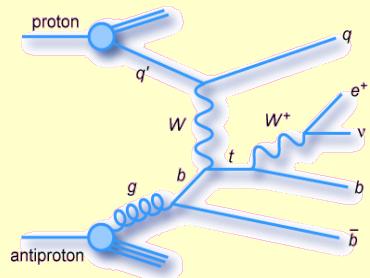


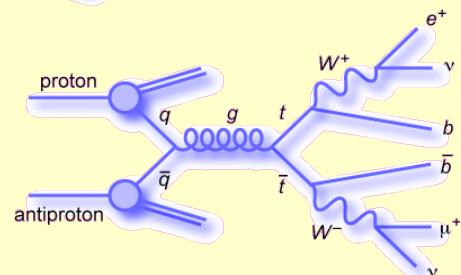
B-Identification status

S. Greder,

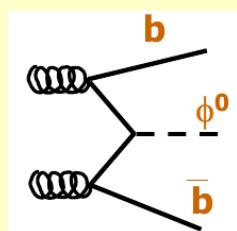
Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert Curien, Strasbourg



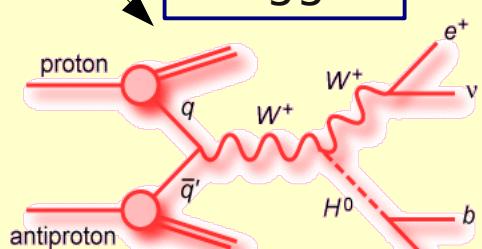
Top



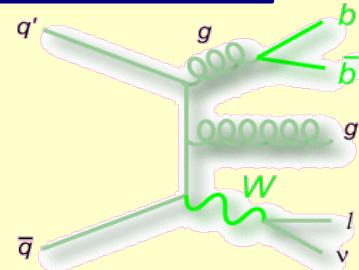
BSM



SM/BSM backgrounds



Higgs



b-efficiency

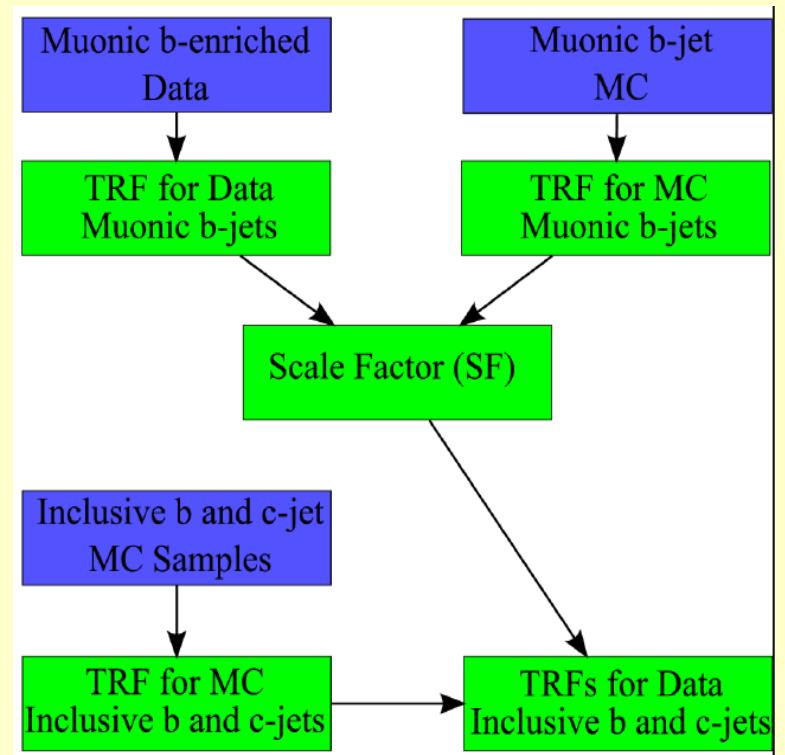
Goal

- Estimate of b (& c efficiencies)

Measured in *data*

- MUInclusive skim
- System8 with b2b jet / Muon-in-jets presel.
- *Muonic b*-TRFs in data/MC in $f(pT, \eta)$
- *Muonic* data/MC **b-Scale Factor (SF_b)**:

$$\varepsilon_b^{\text{data}} = \frac{\varepsilon_{b \rightarrow \mu X}^{\text{data}} \cdot \varepsilon_b^{\text{MC}}}{\varepsilon_{b \rightarrow \mu X}^{\text{MC}}} = SF_b \cdot \varepsilon_b^{\text{MC}}$$



- Apply SF to **inclusive** b & c TRFs to get data efficiencies

Fake rate

Goal

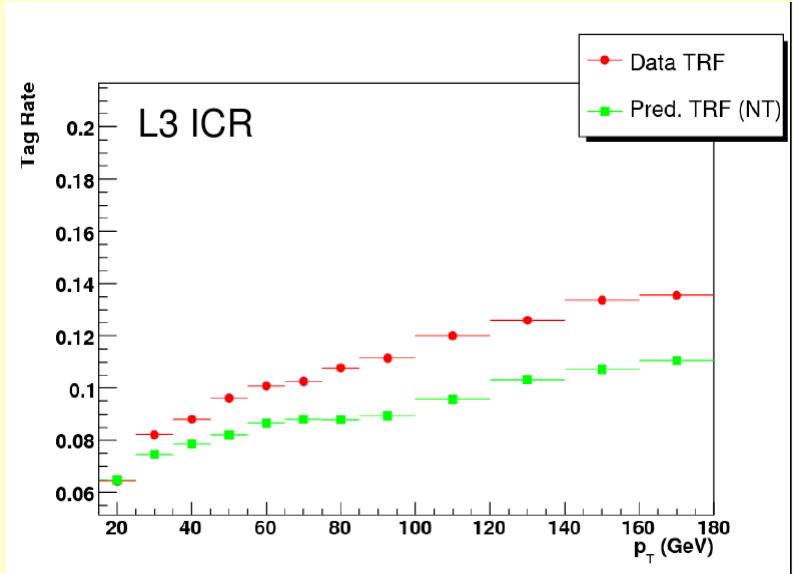
- Estimate ϵ_{light} where light = u, d, s and gluon

“Old” method:

- estimated from *negative tags*
- + corrections from simulation

“New”

- less MC dependent,
- uses System8 heavy flavour (b & c) rates as inputs
- Requires constraints on flavour composition in sample (multijet trigger)



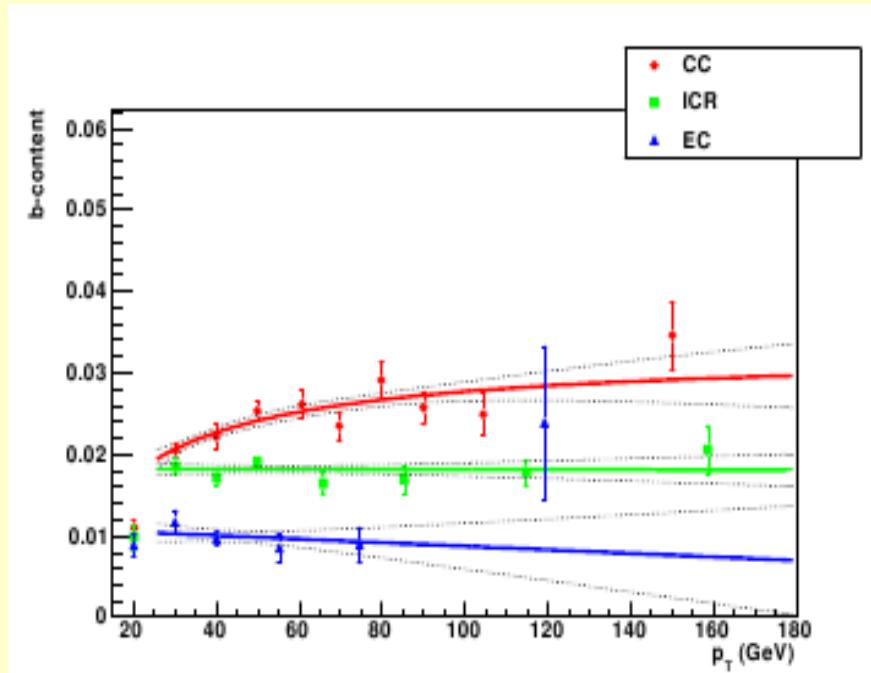
Parameterisation

- $F(p_T, \eta(\text{CC,ICR,EC}))$

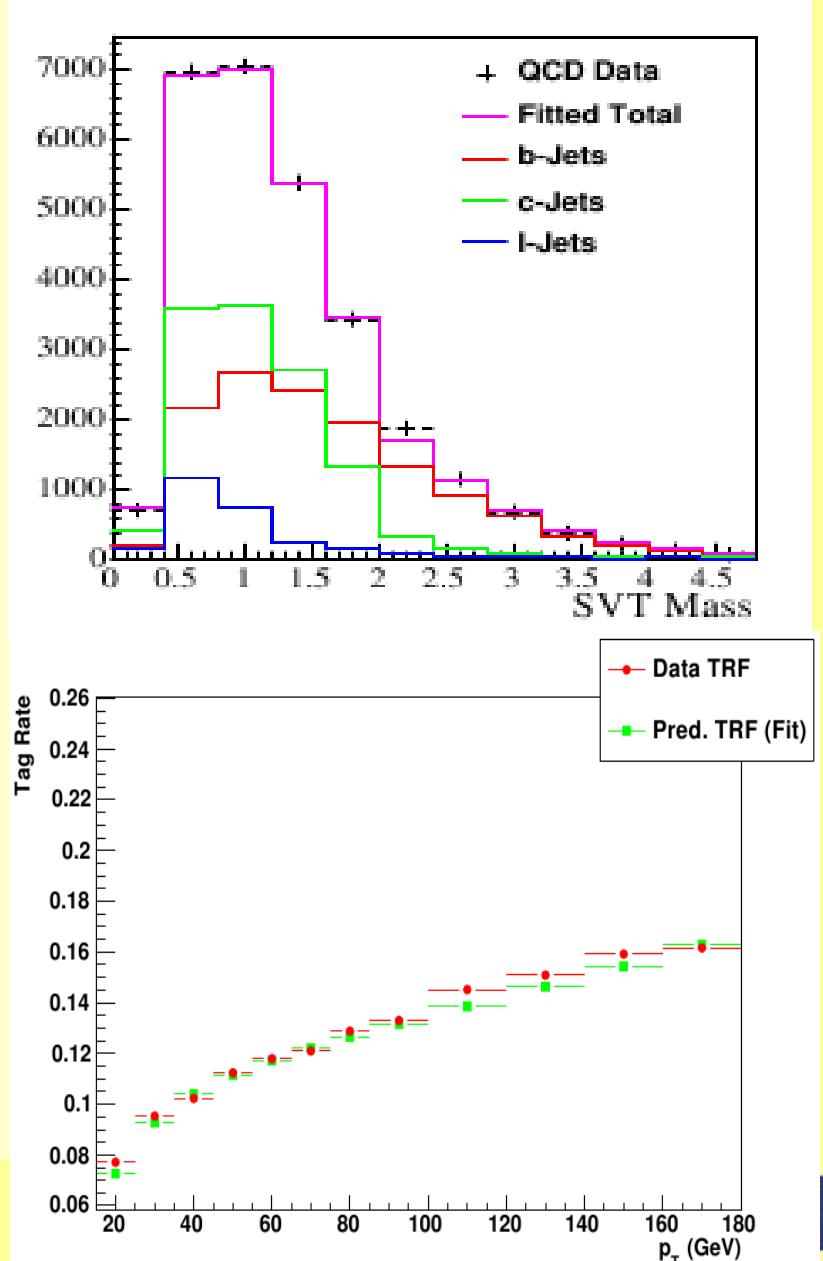
Fake rate

Requires constraints on flavour composition

- Use NN tight + secondary vertex mass
- Fit data in jet pT/eta bins



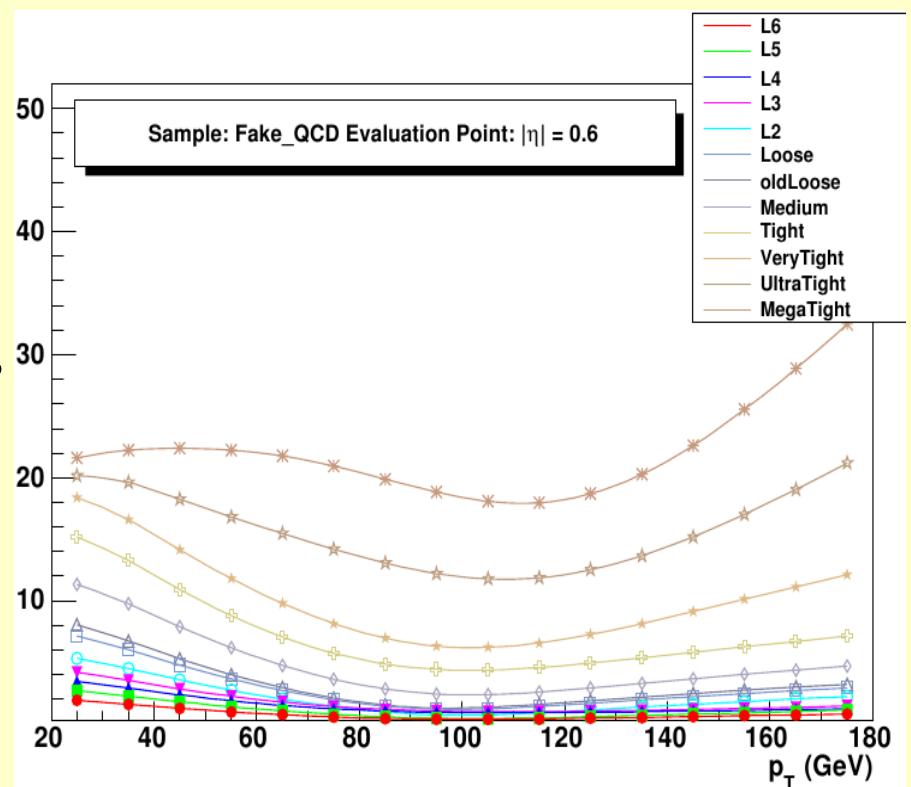
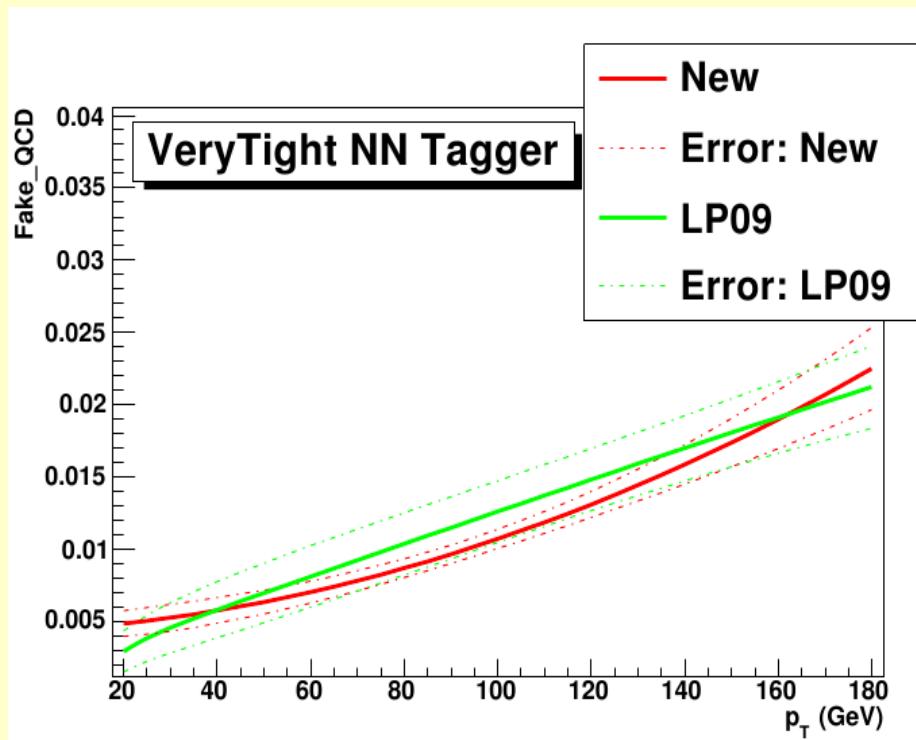
- Consistent tag rate:



Fake rate

Total errors

- < 30% (rel.) for tightest OP
- Good agreement with prelim. L09
- **Systematics:** b-shape, NT in data, TRF errors, ...



Fake rate

All information available from:

- **B-ID Editorial Board**
- Certified p20 NN !
- Updating p17 NN
- Updating MVA BL

DØNote 6046 v0.9

Measurement of the p20 Fake Rate using Binned
Fits to Data

Tim Scanlon¹

Sebastien Greder²

1. Imperial College, London

2. IPHC, Strasbourg

April 23, 2010

Abstract

A new method to measure the fake-rate using binned fits of the b -, c - and light-jet tagging rates to data is described. The fake-tag rates derived using the new method are significantly different to those derived using the NT rate method, varying from $\sim 20\%$ to $\sim 100\%$ in the central calorimeter region depending on the operating point.

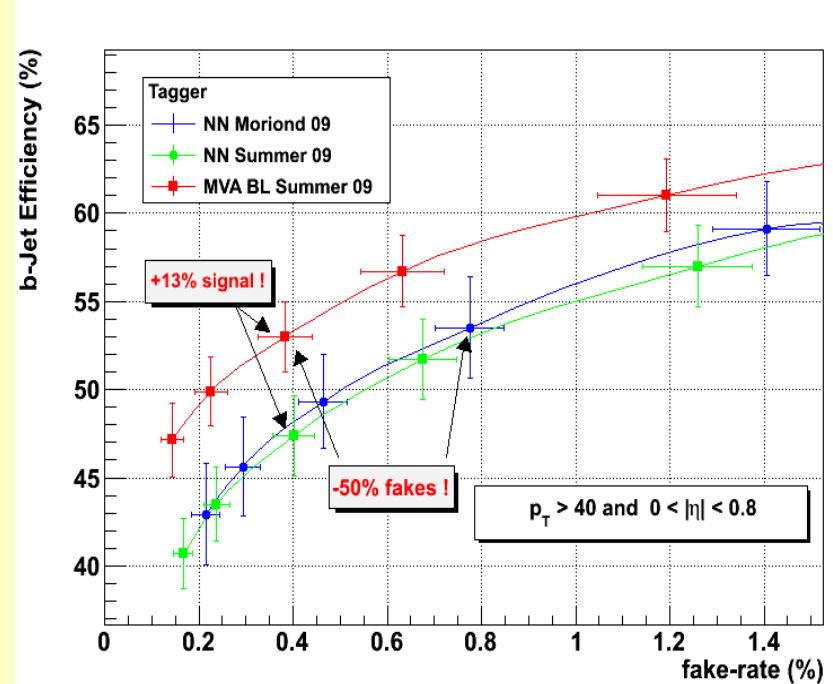
MVA taggers

BL: Improved performance w.r.t NN

- +20% signal in hb->bbb !
- Tested in low-mass Higgs searches
- Improved s/sqrt(b) observed in WH and ZH (nunubb)
- Gain not straightforward, tuning of b-id operating points, multivariate discriminants needed

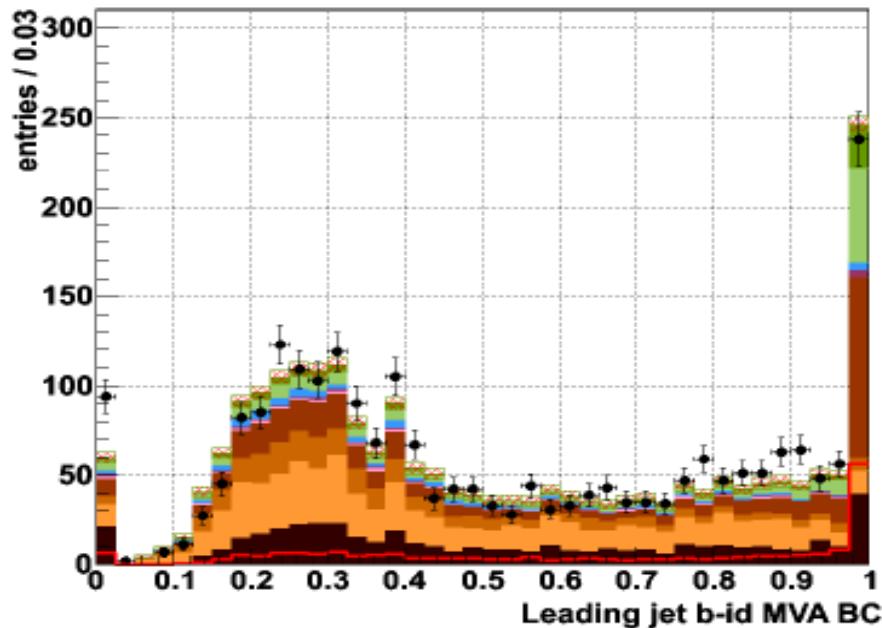
BC: specialized b/c discriminant

BB: b / (bb) discriminant (i.e Higgs/Top vs. V+hf)

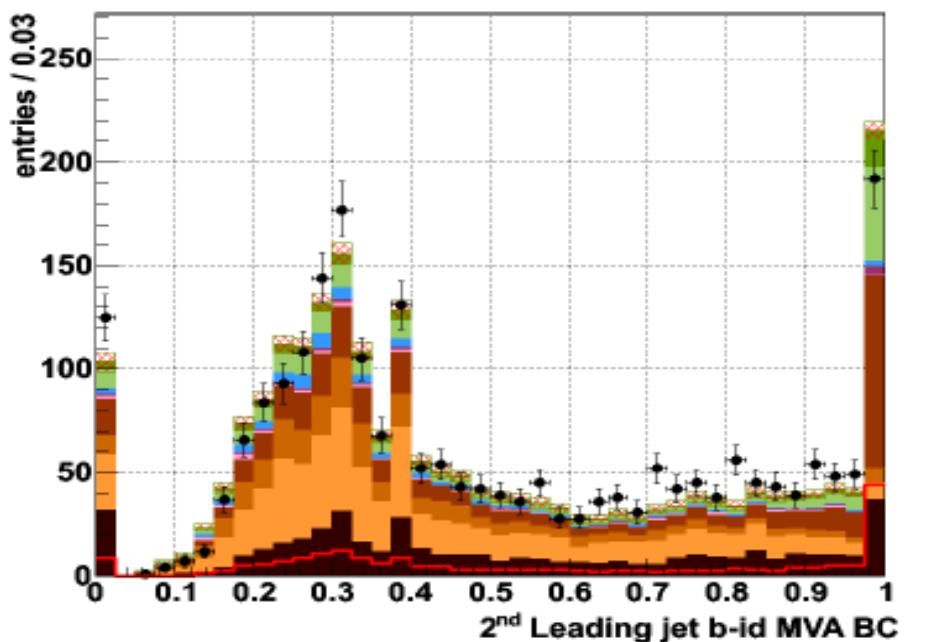


MVA BC in WH search

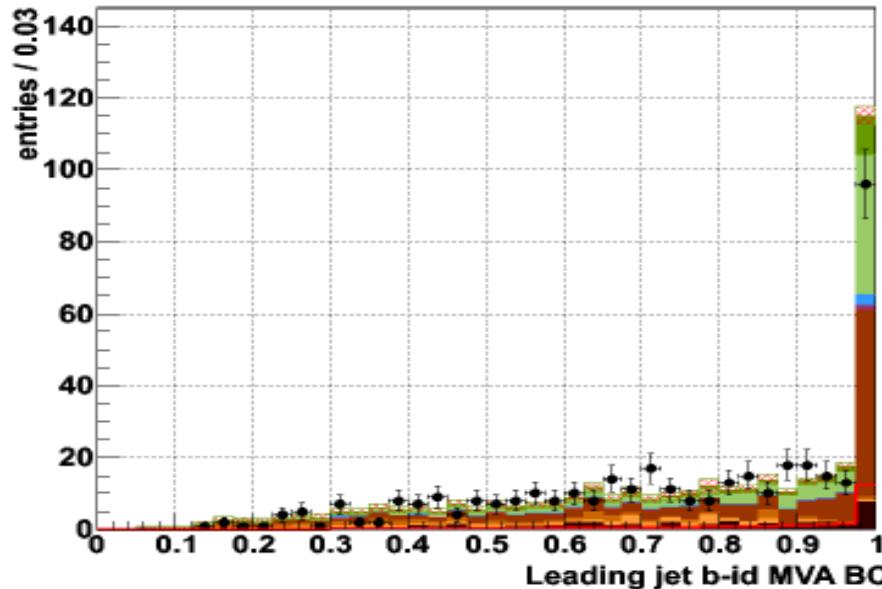
V+2 jets, single b-tag



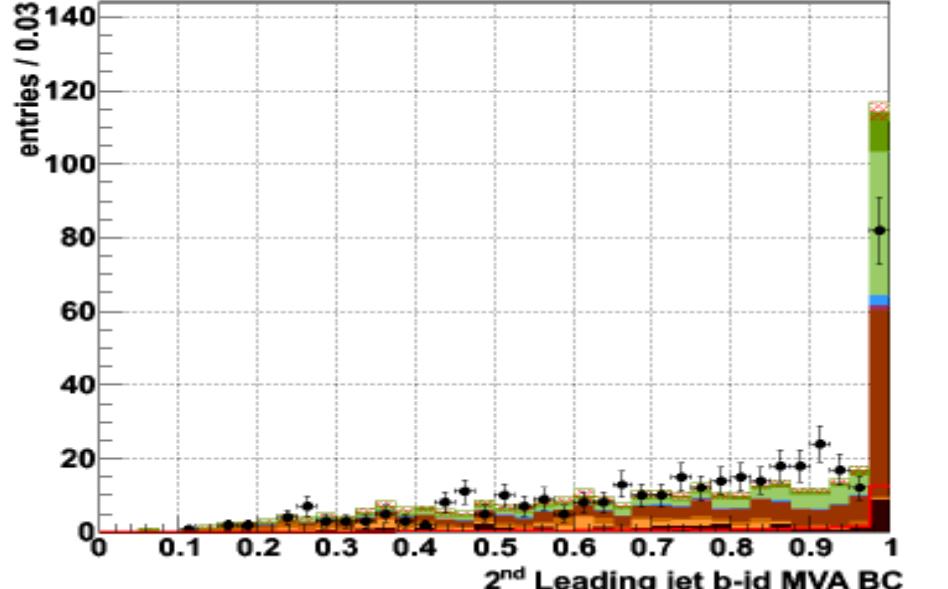
V+2 jets, single b-tag



V+2 jets, double b-tag

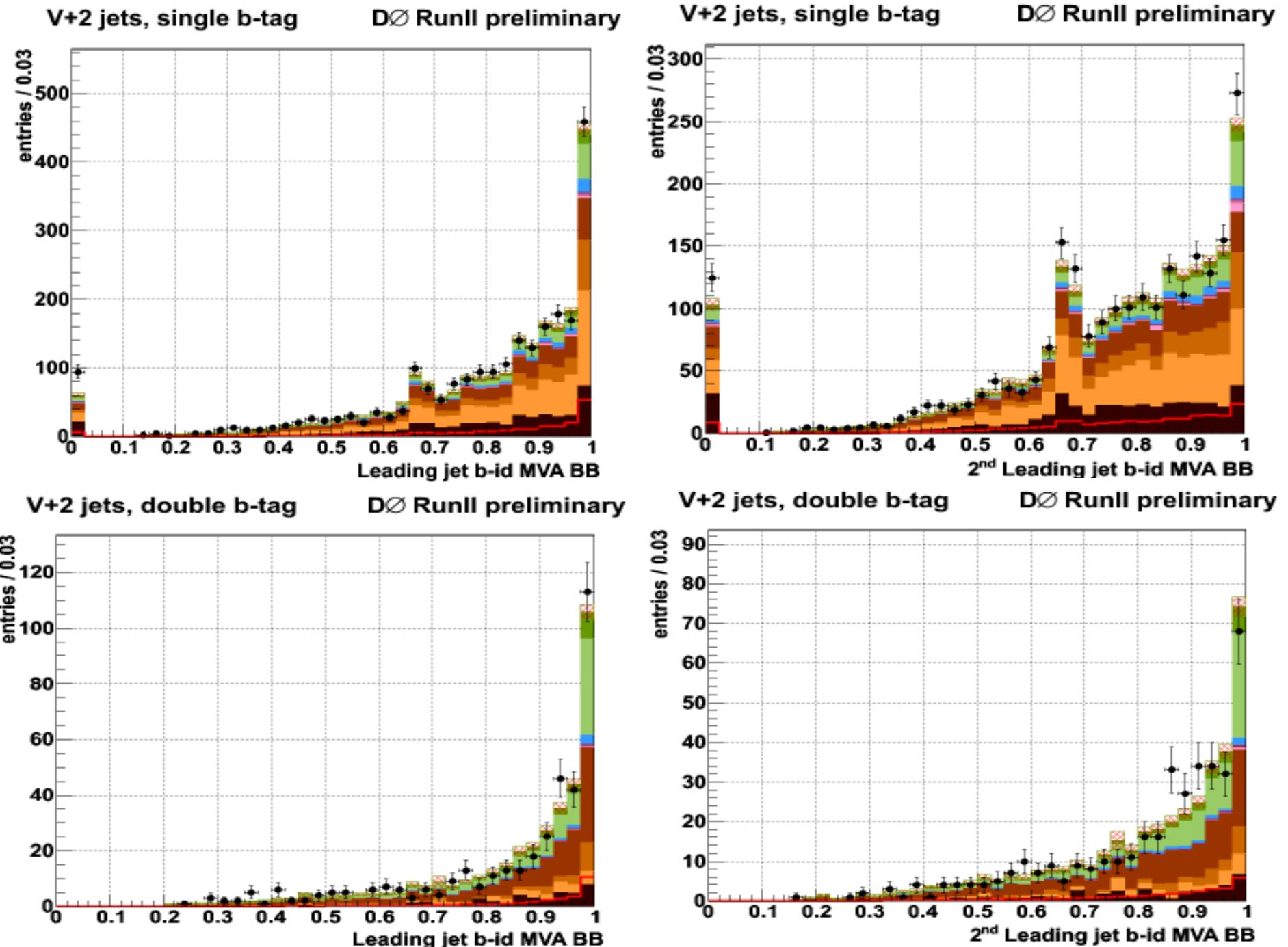


V+2 jets, double b-tag

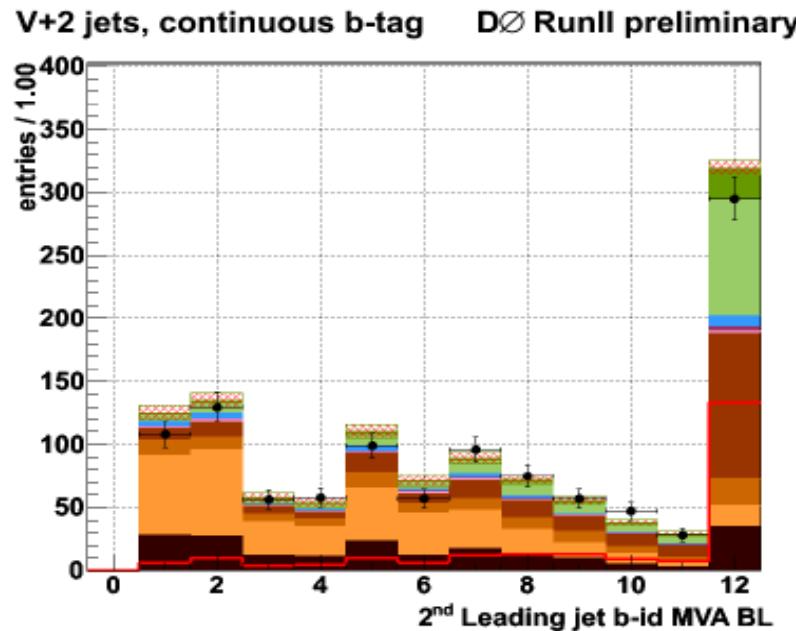
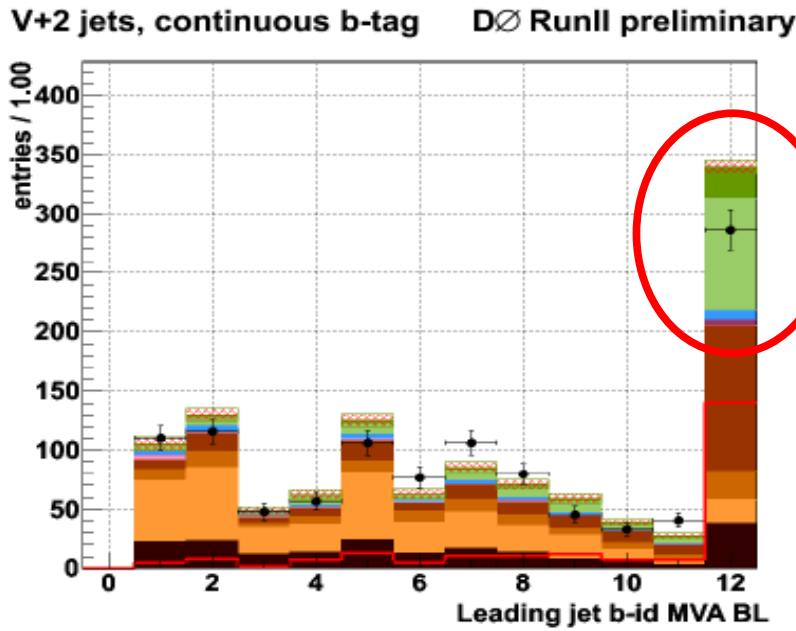


Sébe

MVA BB in WH search

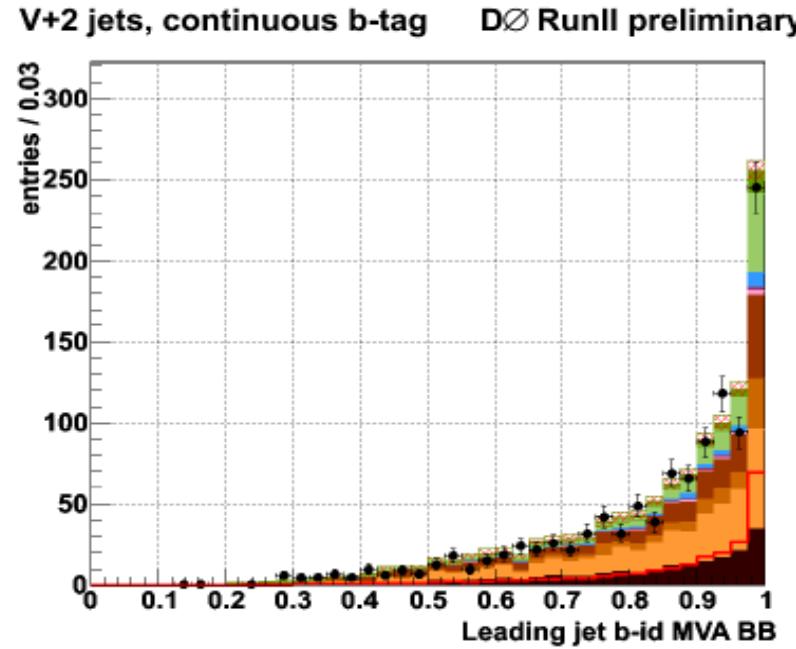
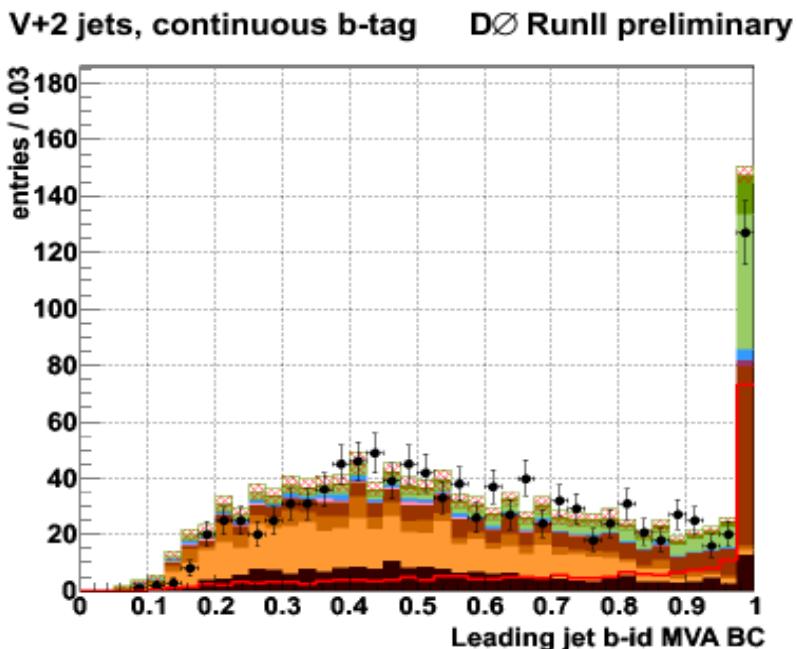


Continuous tagging



KS: 0.8777 (0.9189)

- Data (Tot.Bgd) Int: 1106.66 (1157.28) Mean,RMS: 6.97, 3.98
- Multijet Int: 197.26 Mean,RMS: 6.17, 3.08
- W+jl Int: 349.86 Mean,RMS: 4.54, 3.09
- W+jc Int: 112.81 Mean,RMS: 6.71, 3.75
- W+b Int: 228.62 Mean,RMS: 9.14, 3.60
- Z+jl Int: 10.40 Mean,RMS: 5.44, 3.47
- Z+jc Int: 2.82 Mean,RMS: 7.74, 3.50
- Z+jb Int: 7.74 Mean,RMS: 8.62, 3.87
- VV Int: 34.25 Mean,RMS: 6.68, 3.98
- tt Int: 165.90 Mean,RMS: 9.49, 3.45
- ggF Int: 47.63 Mean,RMS: 9.26, 3.61
- VH 115 (x50) Int: 4.58 Mean,RMS: 9.72, 3.33



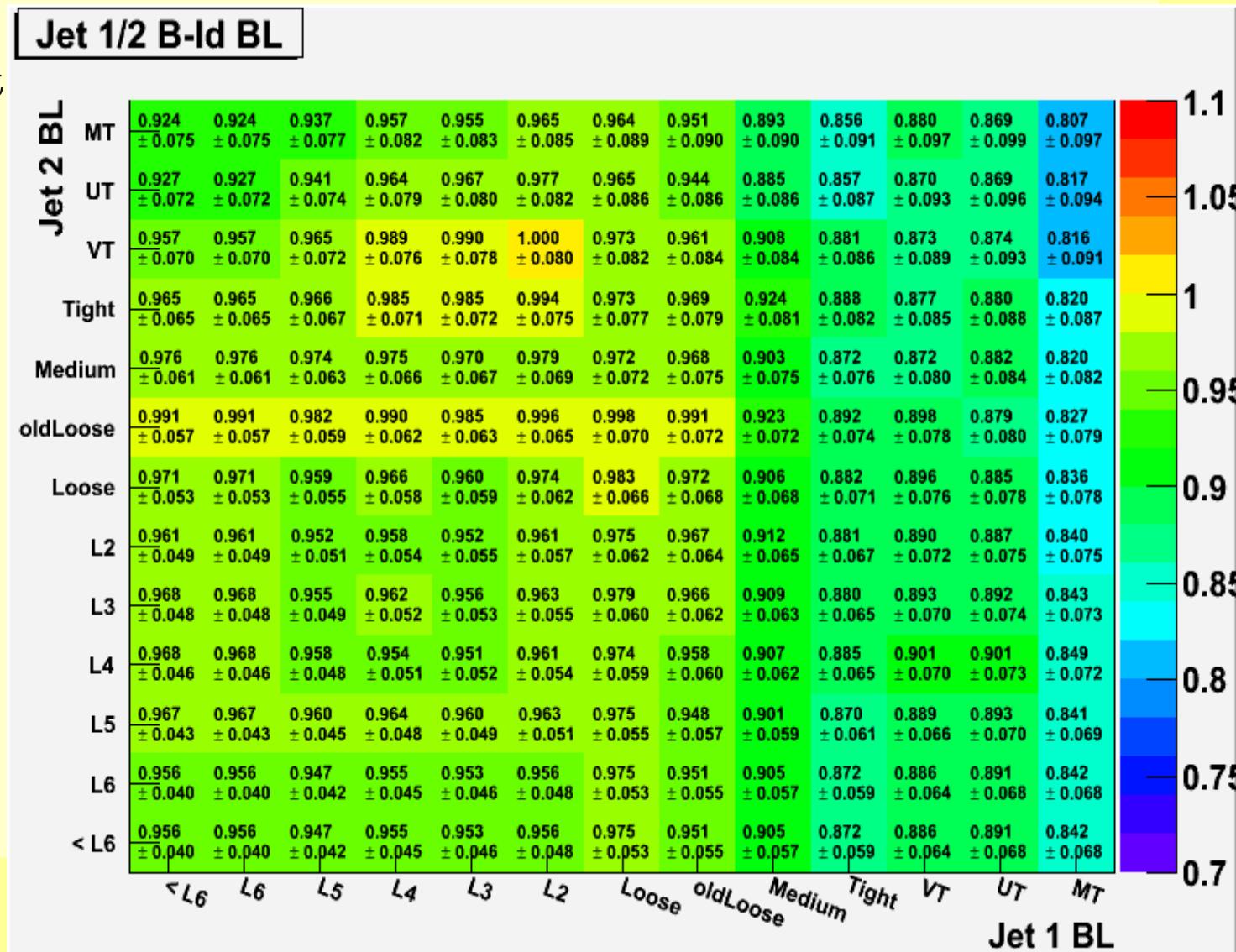
KS: 0.8936 (0.8794)

- Data (Tot.Bgd) Int: 1106.66 (1157.28) Mean,RMS: 6.94, 0.17
- Multijet Int: 197.26 Mean,RMS: 0.83, 0.16
- W+jl Int: 349.86 Mean,RMS: 0.83, 0.16
- W+jc Int: 112.81 Mean,RMS: 0.85, 0.19
- W+b Int: 228.62 Mean,RMS: 0.83, 0.18
- Z+jl Int: 10.40 Mean,RMS: 0.88, 0.15
- Z+jc Int: 2.82 Mean,RMS: 0.83, 0.14
- Z+jb Int: 7.74 Mean,RMS: 0.81, 0.19
- VV Int: 34.25 Mean,RMS: 0.96, 0.15
- tt Int: 165.90 Mean,RMS: 0.82, 0.18
- ggF Int: 47.63 Mean,RMS: 0.86, 0.16
- VH 115 (x50) Int: 4.58 Mean,RMS: 0.96, 0.19

Cumulated Data/MC vs OP(1,2), 2 Jets

Consistency check: ratio of cumulated data/backgrounds # of events

- Expect ~1 but observed data deficit at high OP (same trend seen in ZH topologies)
- + asymmetric jet behaviour !



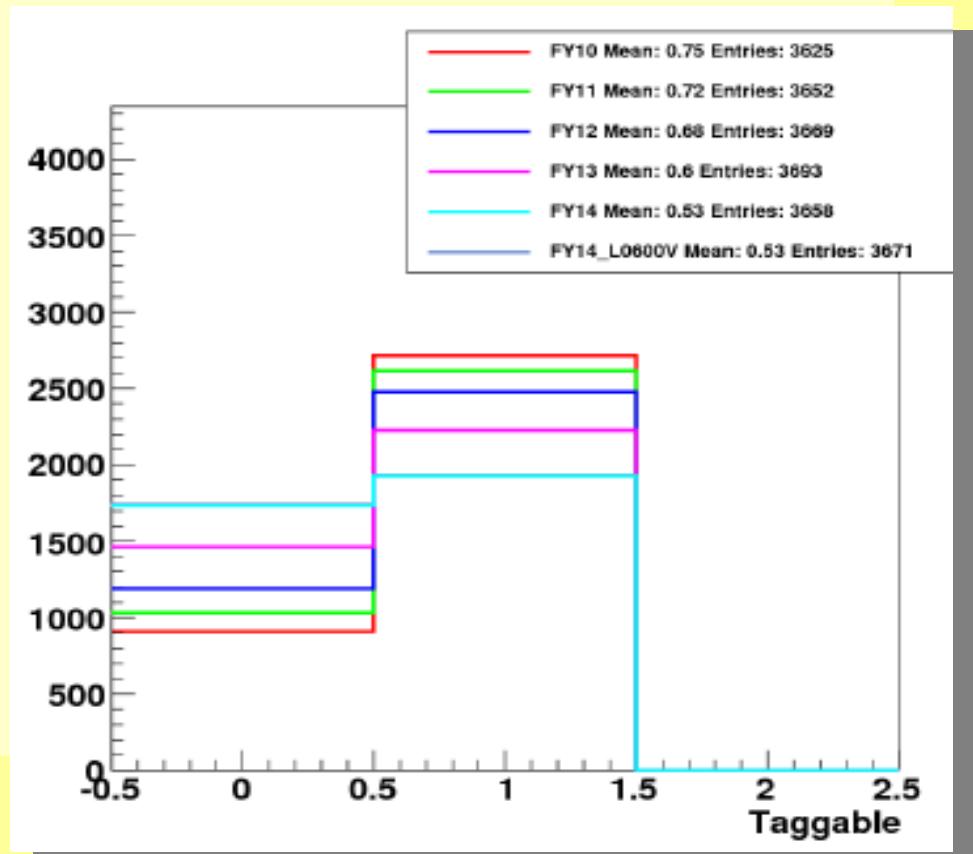
Beyond 2011 Task Force

Goal

- Estimate impact on b-id tools performance due to detector aging
- (see, e.g: <http://www-d0.hef.kun.nl//fullAgenda.php?ida=a10804#2010-04-29>)
- Huge impact due to less reco. Tracks
- Eff. Loss: vertex conf. (20%), taggability (10%)
- Total b-eff strongly degraded



Scenario	Single Tagged	Eff	Double Tagged	Eff
FY10	241	45%	66	25%
FY11	210	40%	46	17%
FY12	170	32%	29	11%
FY13	148	28%	20	8%
FY14	123	23%	17	6%
FY14 L0 600v	126	24%	14	5%



Conclusions / Plans

Certification

- p20 finally certified ! p17 to be updated soon
- + MVA BL

Improved techniques

- BC/BB taggers do have good agreement in both ST/DT events (for both NN and MVA BL) for both 2 and 3 jets events without additional dedicated corrections
- Continuous tagging seems ok in 1D but issues at high jet1/2 OP

Attend b-id meetings: fruitful discussions, sharing experience across analyses, ...

Conclusions / Plans

Future

- Bjoern Penning is going to take over b-id convenership next summer
 - first time “non-expert”: massive cleaning/documenting of b-id framework (almost 100% done)
 - Started to work on run2b3 data and new p21.15.04 MC
- Given manpower, several areas for new studies:
 - Fake track killer
 - Use negative tags, ...
 - Performances' luminosity dependences
- Beyond 2011 Task Force
 - B-id performance severely affected by aging of tracker

Back-up