

Particle identification with High spatial resolution and Low Material budget (PHILM*)

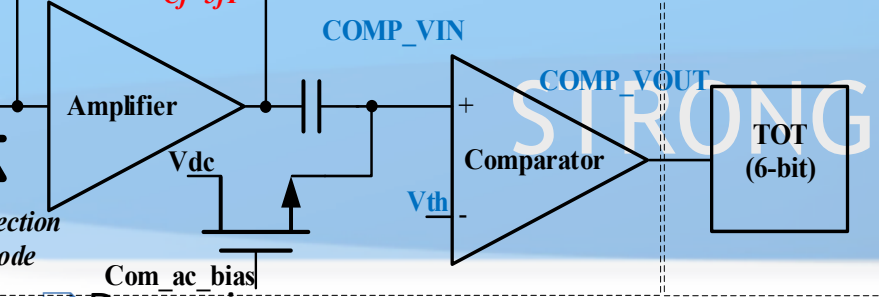
Town Meeting, Hadron Physics in Horizon Europe
(Subatech - Nantes)

* follow-up of TIIMM and IMPACT projects

Remind of the workpage goals

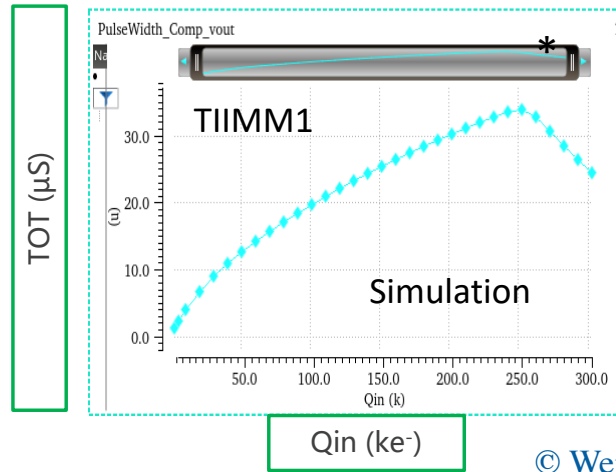


- Rate: $< 1 \text{ MHz/cm}^2$
- Area: few cm^2 (2x2 or 1x3 cm^2)
- Power dissipation: $< 200 \text{ mW/cm}^2$
- Charge output (ToT) over 6 bits
- Pixel pitch 20 to 40 μm
- Epitaxial layer: 25-50 μm

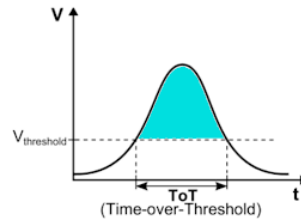


Dynamic range:

TOT: Time Over Threshold



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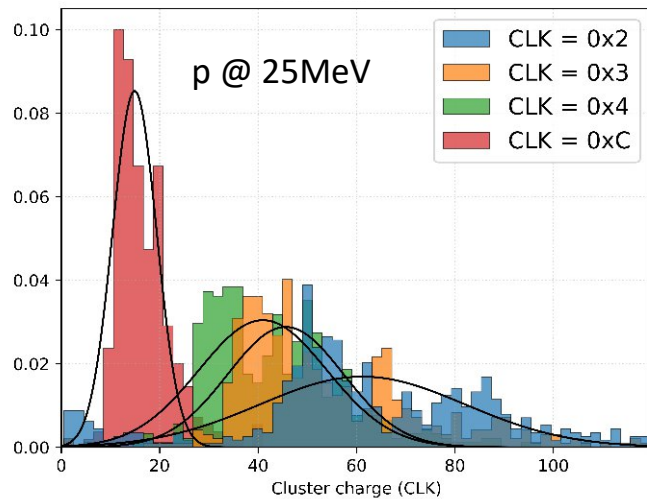


TIIMM0: range < 110 ke-

TIIMM1: range < 250 ke-

TIIMM1b: range < 700 ke-

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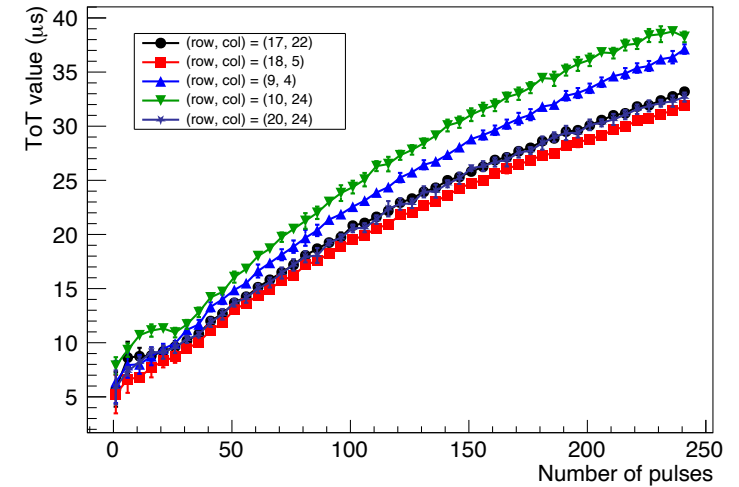


- The pre-scaler adapted to ToT signal dynamics

➔ Useful for high dynamics signals

➔ Assess the analog part

TIIMM1B: laser test



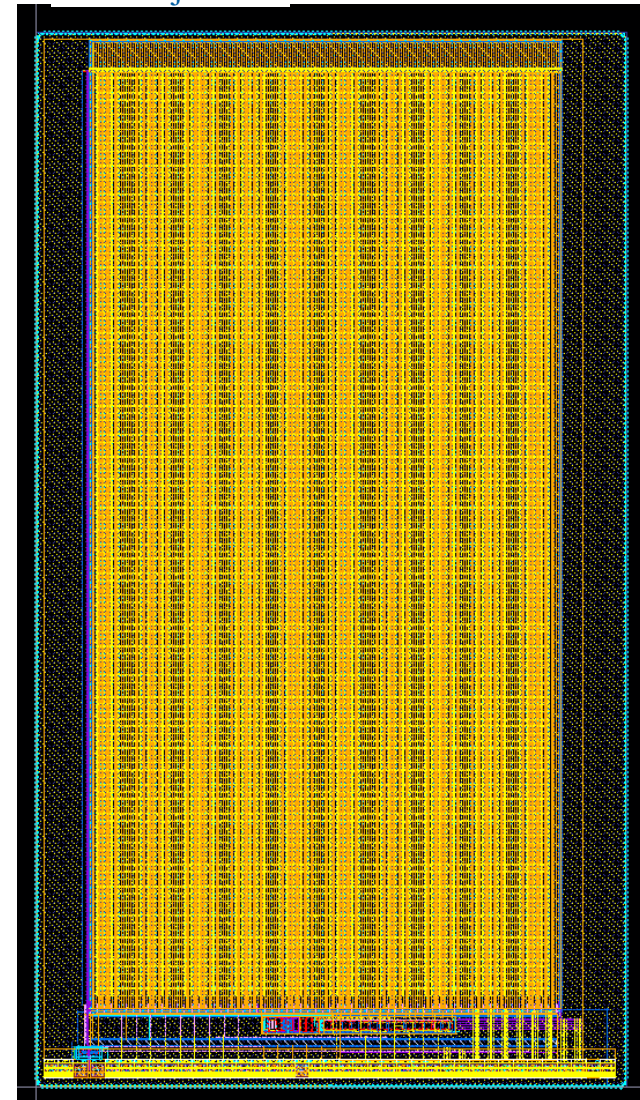
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□ Sensor:

- Front end => TIIMM1B:
 - Linearity up to ~800 ke-
- TOT measurement:
 - 12bit
- Matrix:
 - Pixels: 128x64
 - Pitch: 50 μm
 - Active area: 6.4 x 3.2 mm²

➡ Assess the digital part

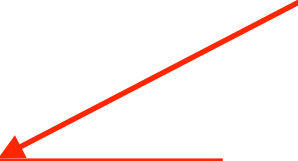
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□ New requirements:

- Rate: $< 1 \text{ MHz/cm}^2$
- Area: few cm^2 ($\sim 4\text{-}6 \text{ cm}^2$)
- Power dissipation: $< 200 \text{ mW/cm}^2$
- Spatial resolution: 5 to $10 \mu\text{m}$
- Epitaxial layer: $25 \mu\text{m}$
- Range: 500 to **800ke-** for MIP to ions (100-400 MeV/u)
- Time stamp $\sim 1 \text{ ns}$
- Charge output (ToT) over ≈ 12 bits
- Pixel pitch $\approx 50 \mu\text{m}$

TIIMM

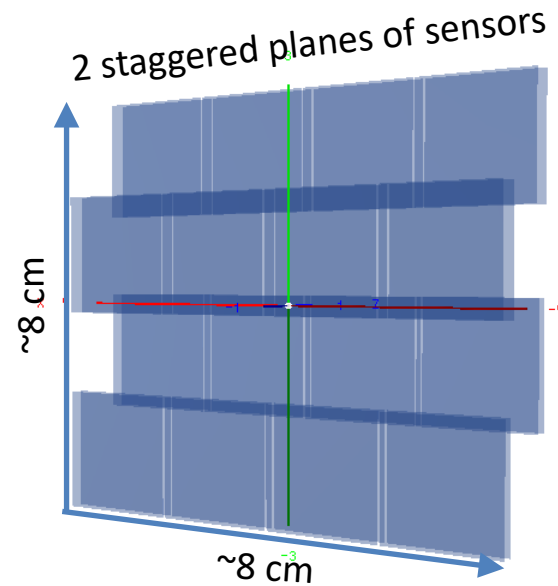
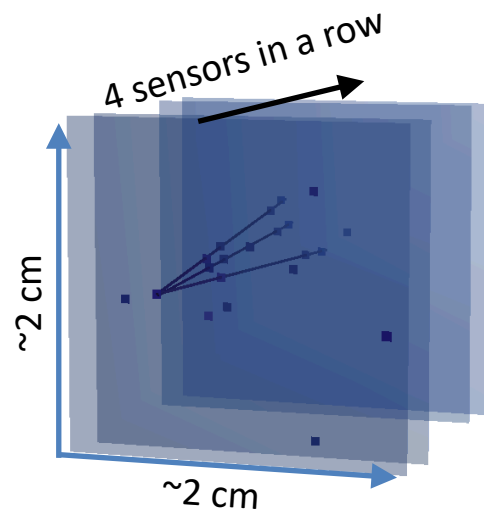


IMPACT



□ Proposal:

- Build a multi-plane system in order to assess simultaneously tracking & identification.



- Developments for dedicated DAQ and control system
- Test under beam condition for prototype: FAIR/GSI (CNAO/Pavia, Cyrcé/Strasbourg)

☐ Time line (48 months)

- M1-M10: test of IMPACT sensor
- M1-M18: multi-plane DAQ development, advanced tests with IMPACT
- M6-M24: design of PHILM ($\sim\text{cm}^2$) sensor
- M24-M36: test of PHILM sensor
- M30-M48: assembly of multi-plane system with PHILM, beam tests for final demonstration

☐ Estimated budget request:

• Multi-project run at Tower Jazz for PHILM prototypes	100 k€
• Development of data acquisition system	100 k€
• Development of mechanical system	20 k€
• 1 PhDs contracts (3 years)	120 k€
• Travel money for tests	30 k€
• Travel money for meetings	10 k€
Total request	380 k€

☐ Participating and partner institutions :

- J. Baudot, L. Federici, Ch. Finck, M. Kachel, R. Sefri, IPHC - Strasbourg (France)
- E. Spiriti, INFN - Frascati (Italy)
- M. Toppi, M. Marafini, INFN - Roma (Italy)
- Ch. Schuy, GSI - Darmstadt (Germany)
- Possibility for industrial partner: Weeroc (France), under discussion

Backup

☐ Budget:

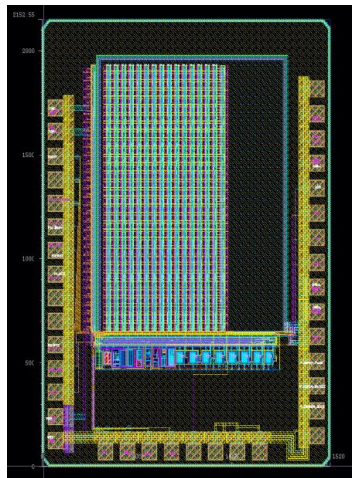
• Run at Tower Jazz for large area sensor	150 k€
• Multiproject run at Tower Jazz for prototype	50 k€
• Development of data acquisition system	60 k€
• Development of mechanical system	20 k€
• 1 PhDs contracts (2 years)	80 k€
• Travel money for tests	30 k€
• Travel money for meetings	10 k€
	Total request: 400 k€
• overhead	100 k€
	Total: 500 k€

☐ Participants:

- L. Federici, J. Baudot, Ch. Finck, C. Hu-Guo, M. Kachel, W. Ren, R. Sefri and E. Spiriti

□ Sensor's prototype overview:

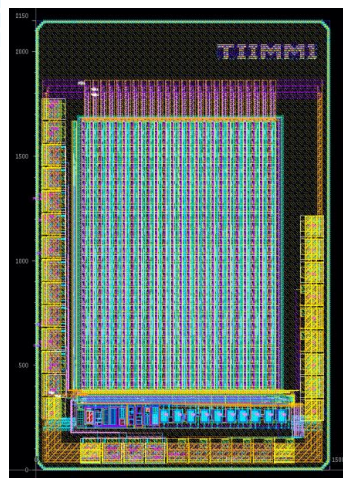
- First submission: preliminary prototype (TIIMM0) submitted in March 2020
- Second submission: TIIMM0/TIIMM1/TIIMM1A/TIIMM1B prototypes received in August 2022



TIIMM0 (second submission)

Chip area: 2.2 mm * 1.5 mm
Matrix: 32 (rows) * 16 (col)
Pixel pitch: 40 μm * 40 μm

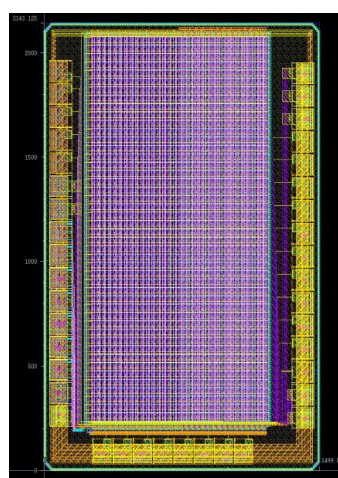
Corrected from the first submission



TIIMM1 sensor

Chip area: 2.2 mm * 1.5 mm
Matrix: 32 (rows) * 24 (col)
Pixel pitch: 41.2 μm * 40 μm

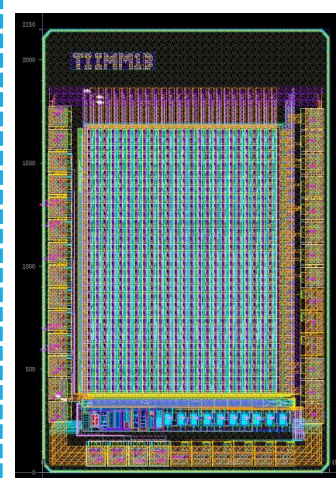
New front-end



TIIMM1A sensor

Chip area: 2.2 mm * 1.5 mm
Matrix: 46 (rows) * 32 (col)

New front end
Analog part study only



TIIMM1B sensor

Chip area: 2.2 mm * 1.5 mm
Matrix: 32 (rows) * 24 (col)
Pixel pitch: 41.2 μm * 40 μm

New front-end enhanced

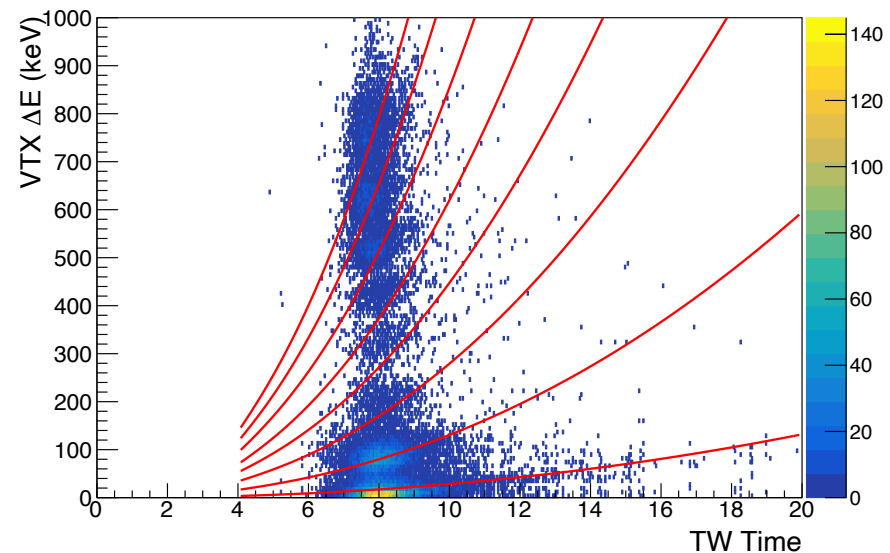
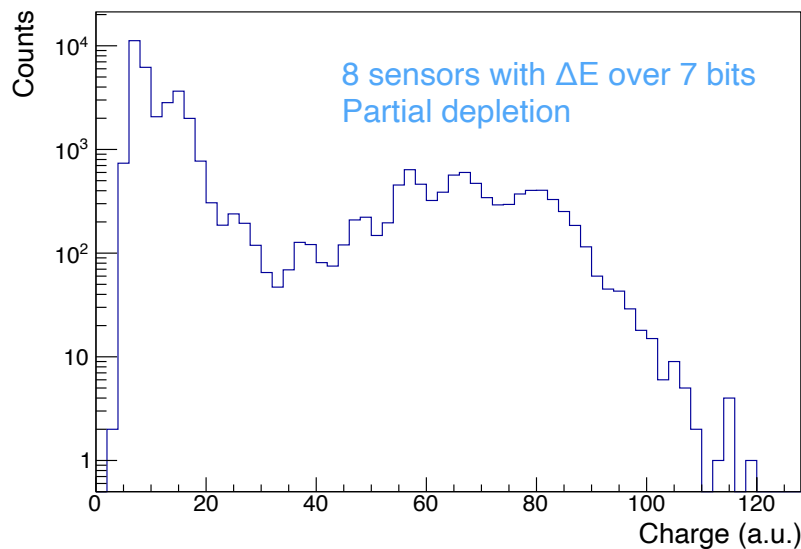
7 sensing layer variants

Thickness	Process	
25 μm Epi High Res.	Standar	1. Non-uniform N- layer 2. Uniform N- layer + Extra Deep
50 μm Epi High Res.	1. Non-uniform N- layer 2. Uniform N- layer + Extra Deep P	
100 μm Epi High Res.	1. Non-uniform N- layer 2. Uniform N- layer + Extra Deep P	

Particle identification:

- Produced in $^{18}\text{O} + ^{12}\text{C}$ @ 200 MeV/u
- 4-8 sensors coupled with a TW
- Simulation based on TIIMM0 response

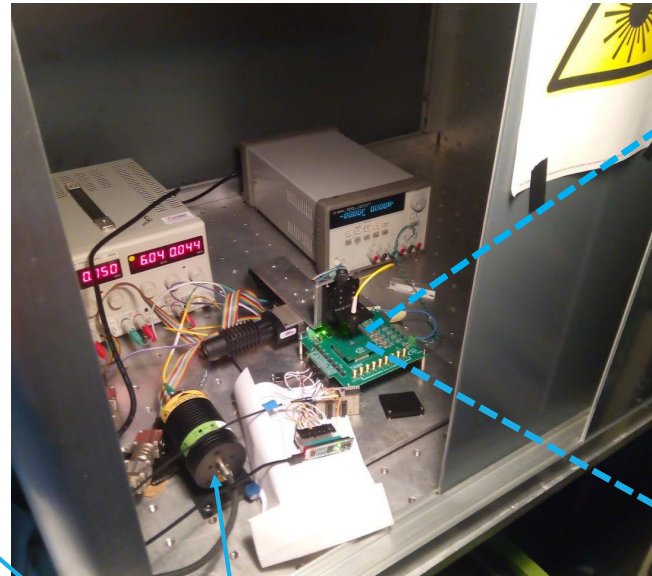
Vertex - mean charge per tracked clusters



➡ 7 bits is the lower limits in that case to disentangle the different Z

TIIMM1B: laser test (i)

Single pixel CSA output signal
with 2 laser pulses



Pulsed Diode LASER

(Model LDH-P-C-N-1060)

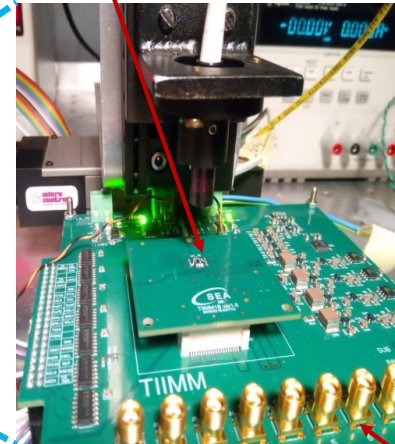
- Selectable repetition frequencies: 3.25 KHz to 80 MHz
- Wavelength (average): 1061 nm
- Peak power (intensity): from 18 mW to 400 mW
- FWHM (time-width): 88 ps to 500 ps

Pulse generator

(Model HP 811A)

- Width: 5 ns ; Period: 10 ns
- Amp: 2 V
- Leading-edge: 2ns ; Trailing-edge: 2ns

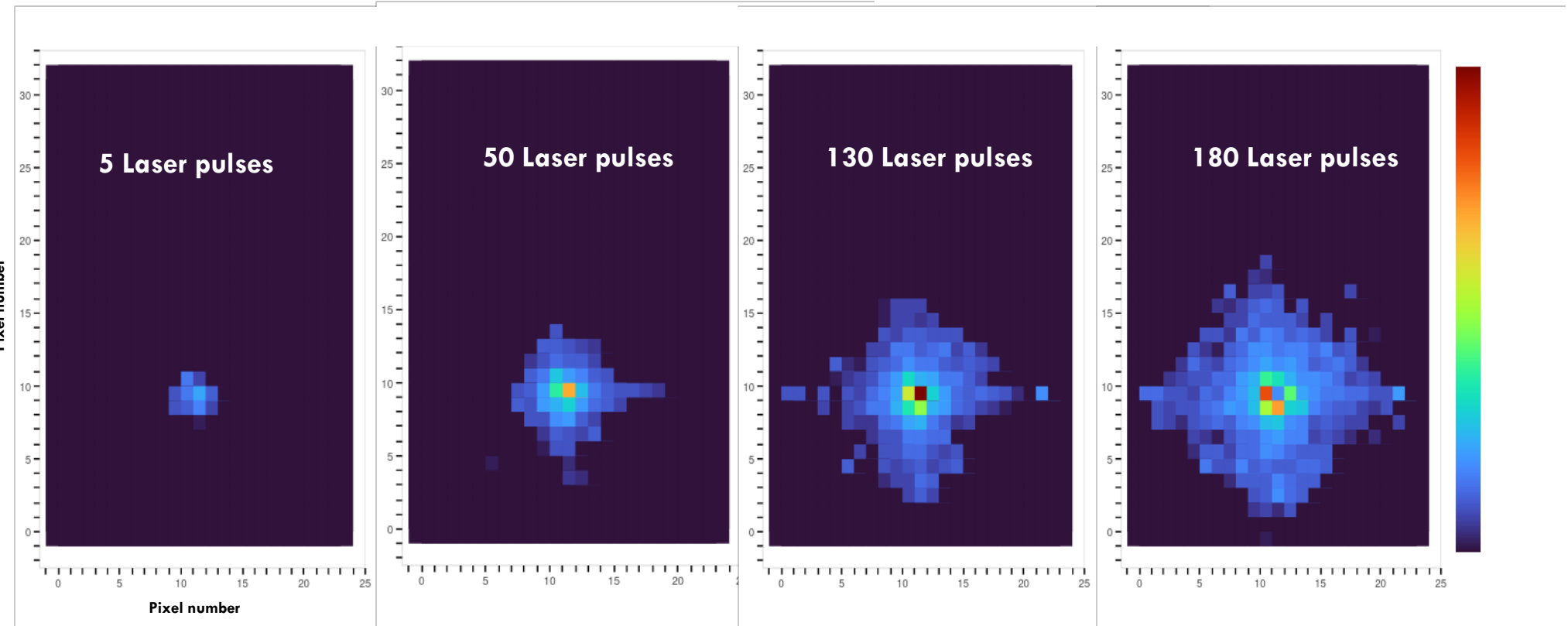
TIIMM1B sensor



- We can move the laser spot in x/y direction with 1 μ m step precision
- We are able to inject charge in a single pixel
- Positioning and number of laser pulses are remotely controlled

8 analog outputs to perform
different measurements with
the oscilloscope

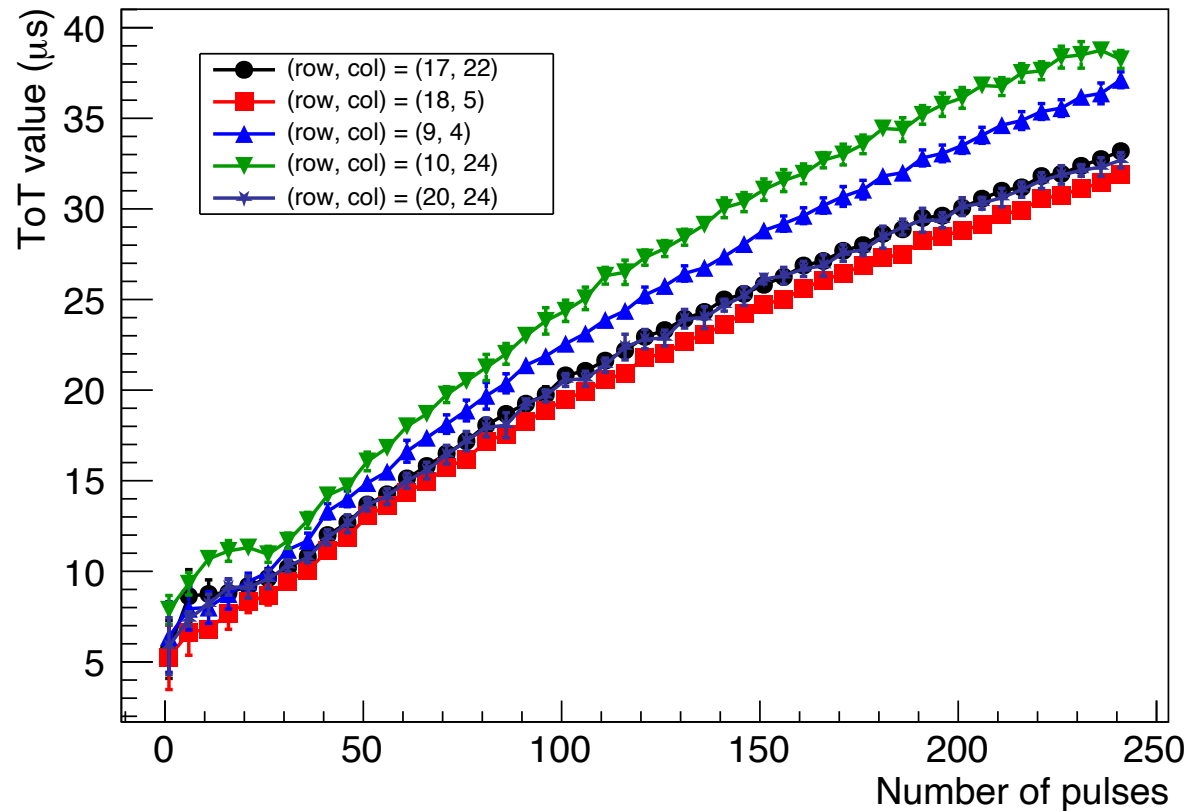
TIIMM1B: laser test (ii)



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TIIMM1B: laser test (iii)

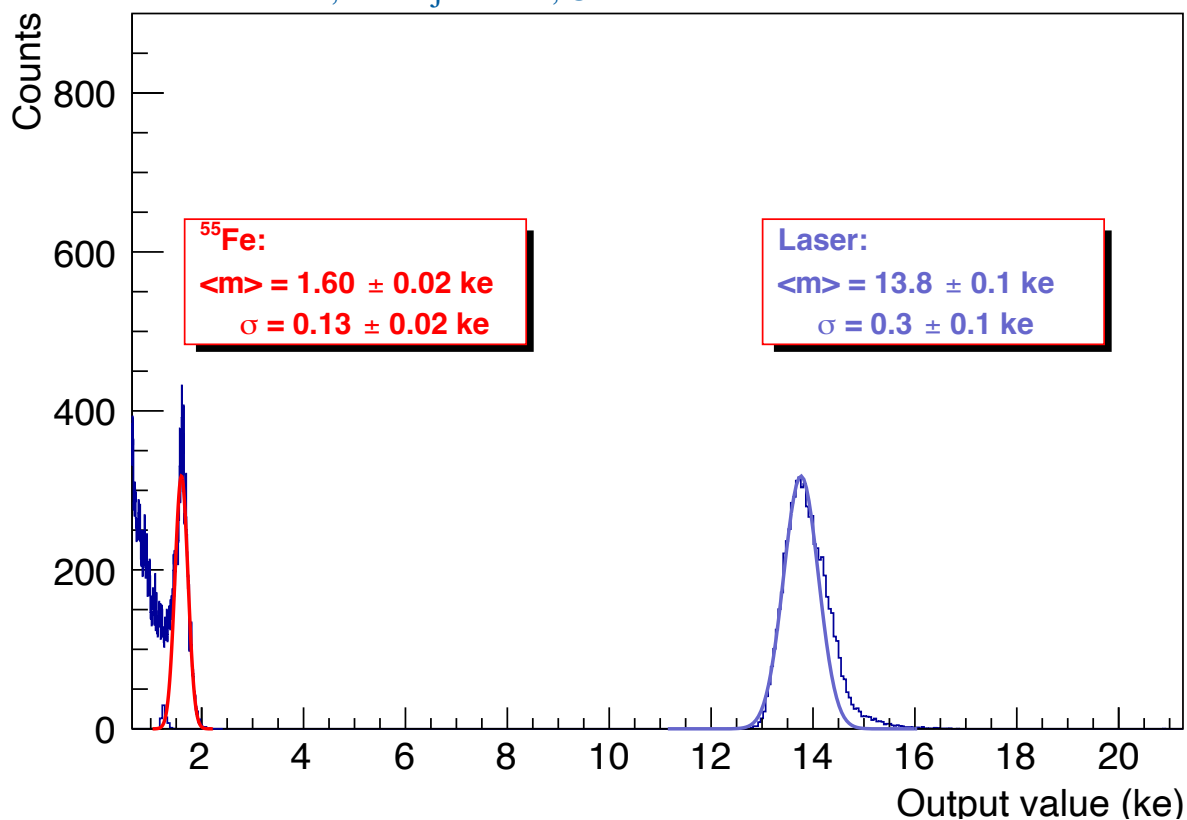
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→ Pb conversion pulser number to input charge

TIIMM1B: source

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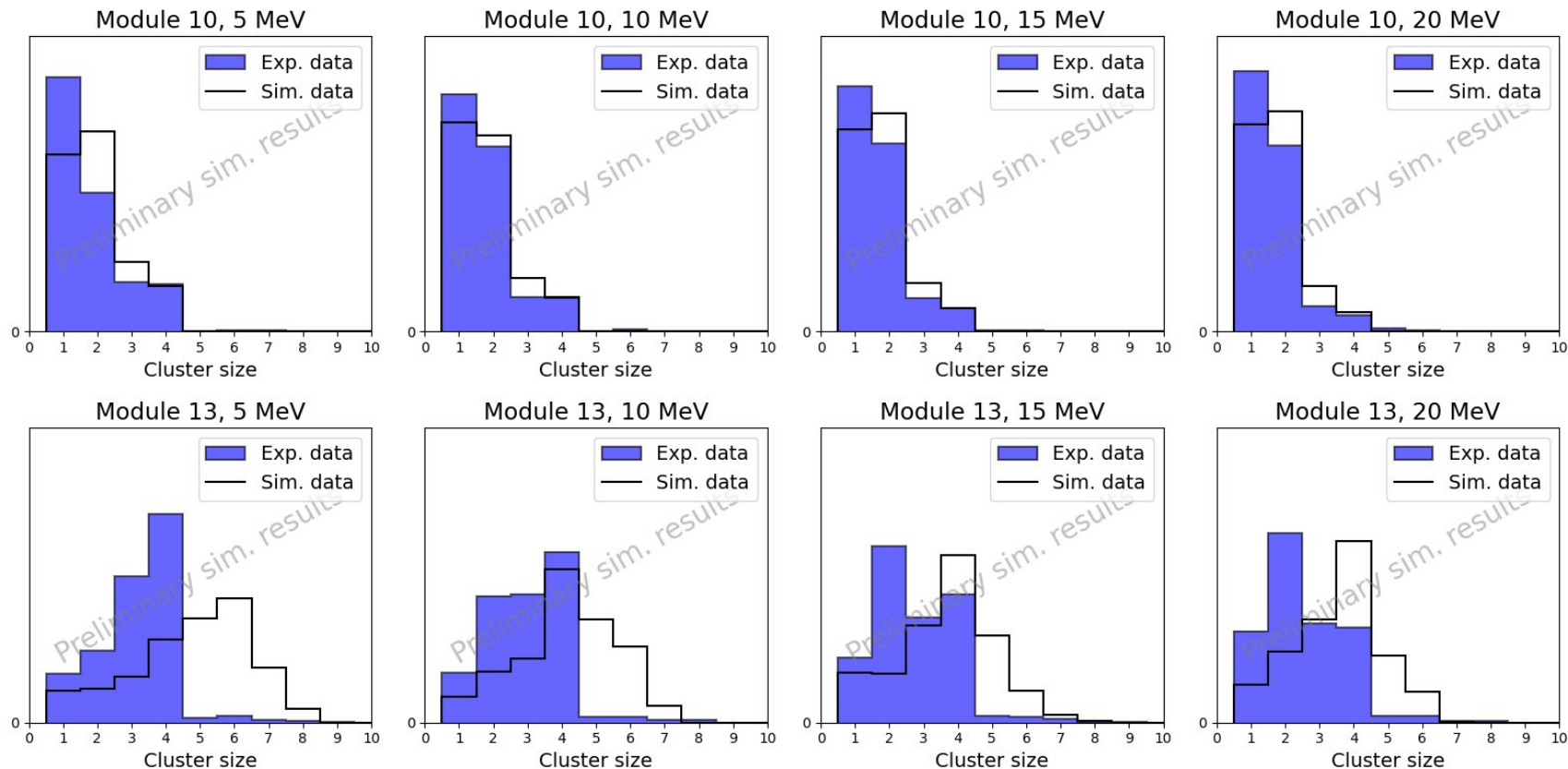


- ➡ Non linearity with pulse
- ➡ Far from the requested range $\sim 500\text{ke}$

TIIMM1B: proton @ 5-20 MeV (i)

- Cluster size:

Module 10 (25 um EPI layer)
Module 13 (50 um EPI layer)

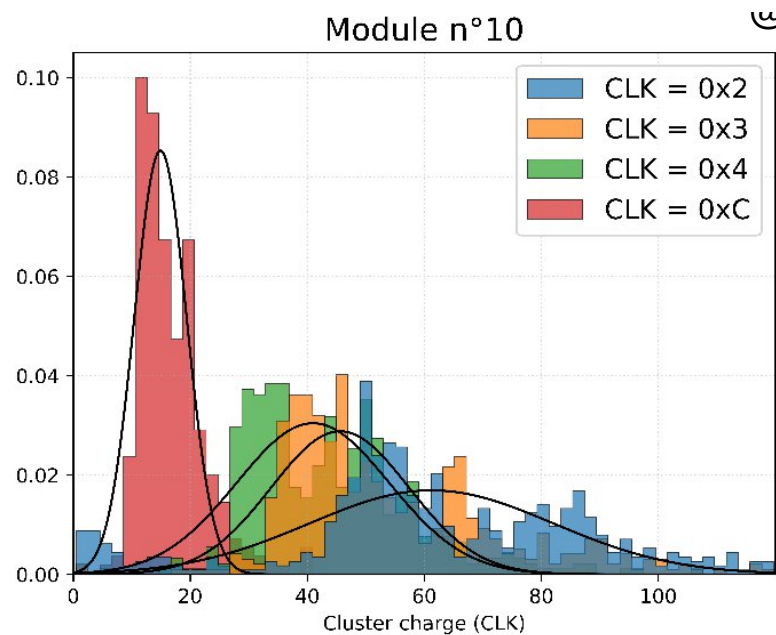


➡ Some modules not compliant with simulations

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TIIMM1B: proton @ 24 MeV (ii)

- Pre-scale clock cycle



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- The prescaler permits to adapt the ToT counter to the signal dynamics
 - ➔ Useful for high dynamics signals

➔ Adapting the pre-scaler value to the impinging signal dynamics !