FJPPN NU-09 project Characterisation of the upgraded J-PARC neutrino beam for the

T2K-II and HK experiments





Claire Dalmazzone, 14-16 May 2025, Nantes, France







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NU-09 project



NU-09 project Members

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NU-09 project Goals

Members of the France-Japan collaboration are all involved in the current T2K and future Hyper-Kamiokande (HK) experiments.

The goals are:

- PARC for T2K-II and HK
- (anti)neutrino flux in T2K (and later HK)
- Develop the system to synchronise the near and far detectors of HK



Improve the knowledge of the upgraded (anti)neutrino beam produced at J-

 Analyse the data of hadron production in T2K replica target collected by **NA61/SHINE** experiment in 2022 in order to improve the knowledge of the

Neutrino flavour oscillation



Neutrino flavour oscillation

Flavour oscillation: quantum effect due to the mixing between the flavour states and the mass states. Its existence means that neutrinos have non zero mass. **Oscillation probability** depends on: **mixing matrix**, neutrino energy,

propagation length, neutrinos squared mass differences (Δm_{ii}^2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ \nu_\mu \\ \nu_\tau \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta_{23} & \sin \theta_{23} \\ 0 & -\sin \theta_{23} & \cos \theta_{23} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_{13} & 0 & \sin \theta_{13}e \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin \theta_{13}e^{i\delta_{CP}} & 0 & \cos \theta_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

PMNS* parametrisation of the mixing matrix: the three mixing angles (θ_{ij}) and the complex phase δ_{CP} are not predicted and must be measured experimentally.

 $e^{-i\delta_{CP}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta_{12} & \sin\theta_{12} & 0 \\ -\sin\theta_{12} & \cos\theta_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_1 \\ \nu_2 \\ \nu_3 \end{pmatrix}$



If sin $\delta_{CP} \neq 0$, neutrinos and anti-neutrinos don't have the same oscillation probability: neutrino oscillation violates CP

T2K beam operation



T2K beam operation T2K overview



neutrino flavour oscillation to:

- lacksquare

The J-PARC beamline upgrade will allow a much faster accumulation of statistics for T2K-II and HK.



T2K beam operation Beamline upgrade

Upgrades of the beam line to **increase** the rate of statistics accumulation for T2K-II and HK:

- Operation with a 320kA horn current (previously 250kA) since end of 2023.
- Various MR upgrades to increase the beam intensity: higher repetition rate + more protons per spill
- The goal is to reach 1.3 MW by 2028.





NA61/SHINE experiment: T2K replica target data





NA61/SHINE for T2K

- Upgraded NA61/SHINE spectrometer used to measure the hadron yields from T2K replica target in 2022
- New dataset is being calibrated by **French and Japanese students**
- ~10 times more statistics than previous dataset (2010)
- Previous measurements allowed reduction of neutrino flux uncertainty down to 5% in T2K





NA61/SHINE for T2K

New dataset will allow:

- Further reduction of the $\nu_{\mu}/\bar{\nu}_{\mu}$ flux uncertainty in T2K
- K_{S}^{0} yield measurement, thanks to higher statistics, useful to better constrain $\nu_e/\bar{\nu}_e$ contamination
- Higher energy K^{\pm} measurement, with the higher magnetic field dataset, useful to better constrain the high energy part of the neutrino flux







T2K replica target at NA61/SHINE

Time synchronisation in HK



Time synchronisation in HK

- Need external synchronisation: with J-PARC and with UTC (100 ns) for multi-messenger programs
- Local time is generated by an atomic **clock** (Rubidium) which is imperfect: it drifts with respect to UTC
- A correction method was developed at LPNHE. We **optimised** it for our clock and proved its efficiency on data: NIM A 1075 (2025) 170358.
- Started installation of antenna and receiver at J-PARC





Time synchronisation in HK



New neutrino oscillation sensitivity results for HK



New sensitivity results for HK

- Studied the sensitivity of HK to the precision measurement of the PMNS oscillation parameters with the accelerator beam neutrinos with focus on CP violation phase δ_{CP}
- Used a frequentist fitter framework from T2K on simulated data:
 - Rescaled T2K MC to match HK's statistics
 - Optimised the framework to work better on larger statistics
 - Included improved uncertainties (taking into account beam line upgrade and NA61/SHINE future results)
- Accelerator beam only results are official (talk at NNN 2023, and EPS 2025) and a paper is in preparation



New sensitivity results for HK

- Studied which systematics will become limiting
- Example here of impact of the uncertainty on the ratio $\sigma(\nu_e)/\sigma(\bar{\nu}_e)$ depending on true value of δ_{CP}
- Important for the development/ upgrade of near detectors and for the development of systematic model



Hyper-Kamiokande

Hyper-K preliminary True normal ordering (known), HK 10 Years $(2.7 \times 10^{22} \text{ POT } 1:3 \text{ v.}\overline{v})$ $\sin^2_{19}\theta_{13}=0.0218\pm0.0007$, $\sin^2_{10}\theta_{23}=0.528$, $\Delta m^2_{32}=2.509\times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2/\text{c}^4$

New sensitivity results for HK

Next step: include **atmospheric** neutrinos samples

- To lift degeneracy between δ_{CP} and Mass **Ordering** (MO)
- Prepare the joint analysis framework
- Important at the beginning of HK, when MO is not yet known
- First published T2K-SK results in 2025: Phys. Rev. Lett. 134 (2025) 011801



Conclusions



Conclusions

- scientific goals
- **Important recent achievements:**
 - J-PARC neutrino beam line upgrades, still ongoing
 - New NA61/SHINE T2K replica target data (2022) being analysed by Japanese and French members
 - Milestones on the synchronisation system for HK: NIM A publication in 2025, start of installation at J-PARC and HK sites
 - New sensitivity studies for the neutrino oscillation parameters measurement with accelerator neutrinos, soon to be published
- Many more results to come: discovery potential!



The NU-09 project is an active project with great France-Japan collaboration and ambitious