Development of an Al Based Mobile and Web Application for Psoriasis Detection and Classification

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Background

1. Introduction

Psoriasis: a chronic autoimmune skin condition causing rapid skin cell growth and thick, scaly patches.

Symptoms: includes dry, itchy skin, soreness, and bleeding cracks.

Types: common forms are plaque, guttate, inverse, and pustular psoriasis.

Triggers: stress, infections, and certain medications can worsen symptoms

2. Problem statement

Current diagnostic methods limitations include:Inaccurate result,delayed diagnoses, poor personalized treatment and inefficient disease monitoring

Fig. 1 Psoriasis skin image



Key Causes:

- Symptom variability
- \circ Similarity to other skin conditions \circ

Limited dermatologist access

s o subjective assessments

Current Work

1. Objectives

- $\circ~$ To gather local and online datasets of psoriatic clinical images.
- $\circ~$ To design and implement advanced machine learning algorithms.
- $\circ~$ To evaluate the performance of the system.
- $\circ~$ To develop user-friendly mobile and web application interface.

2. Methodology



Fig. 2 Psoriasis prevalence

3. Preliminary Results

- Review paper publication
- $\circ~$ Ongoing local and online data collection.
- Successfully developed a model using online data.





Fig. 3: Methodology block diagram



Fig. 4: General framework of proposed solution

Conclusion & Expectations

Fig. 7: Confusion matrix for psoriasis detection model

Fig. 8: Grad-CAM

• **Findings**: Al tools show promise in improving psoriasis diagnosis.

- **Impact**: greater accuracy(0.96%) leads to better patient outcomes.
- o Future work: Ongoing data collection and model refinement needed.
- **Goals**: Aim for clinical implementation to enhance patient care.
- Action: Collaborate with healthcare professionals for practical application.



Fig. 9: Model testing result

References & Acknowledgment (if needed)



