### Bi-national conference on Detectors R&D



Détecteurs et Instrumentation pour les 2 Infinis

ID de Contribution: 87 Type: Poster

# Pixelated AC-LGAD sensors for the Electron-Ion Collider (EIC): read-out performances with EICROC0\_v0 ASIC

Finding the answers to the long-standing questions, such as, emergence of mass and spin of the proton from partons, saturation of gluon density, and gluon momentum distribution inside the proton and nuclei, motivated the EIC [1] under construction at Brookhaven National Laboratory, USA. The first EIC detector, ePIC (electron Proton-Ion Collision experiment), consists of a central barrel detector, as well as extensive beamline detectors in the outgoing electron (far-backward) and hadron (far-forward) beam directions. The far-forward (FF) detectors include Roman pots, which are placed inside vacuum and are intended to detect protons and ions scattered at very small angles (~ 5 mrad) in the forward direction, at ~30 m downstream from the interaction point. The main goal of the FF detectors is to tag exclusive and diffractive events and to reconstruct their transverse momentum with a resolution of ~ 10 MeV/c. This is obtained relying on a new generation of 4D tracking sensors, pixelated AC-LGADs (capacitively-coupled Low-Gain Avalanche Diode, pixel of 500x500  $\mu$ m<sup>2</sup>) [2][3] capable of providing the required spatial (less than 50  $\mu$ m from charge sharing among neighboring pixels) and timing (~ 30 ps) resolutions. To read-out these novel LGADs exploiting their charge sharing capability, an optimized read-out large scale chip, EICROC (32x32 pads), is being designed at OMEGA. The first ASIC prototype, EICROC0\v0 (4x4 pads) [4], is a system-on-chip with analog and digital processing including for each of the 16 channels a fast low-noise trans-impedance preamplifier, followed by two paths: a fast path with a discriminator connected to a 10-bit Time-to-Digital Converter (CEA/Irfu) for time measurement (ToA) with a 25 ps accuracy; and a slow path with shaper connected to an 8-bit 40 MHz successive approximation Analog-to-Digital Converter (AGH Krakow) providing amplitudes. The performance results obtained at IJCLab with pixelated AC-LGAD sensors read out by the EICROC0\\_v0 ASIC, including preamplifier response and digital data from the TDC and ADC, will be presented. These results rely on measurements performed using the internal charge injection system and a beta source. Special emphasis will be placed on quantifying the charge-sharing ratio between adjacent pixels. Perspectives of characterization response of EICROCO\\_v0 relying on an infrared laser, as well as next EICROC0 chip iterations will also be discussed.

#### Acknowledgement:

This work is benefitting from support from the French Agence Nationale de la Recherche (ANR), under grant ANR-24-CE31-5571 (project ROAD\_4\_EIC).

#### References:

- [1] R. Abdul Khalek et al., "Science Requirements and Detector Concepts for the Electron-Ion Collider: EIC Yellow Report", Nucl. Phys. A 1026 (2022).
- [2] G. Giacomini et al., "Fabrication and performance of AC-coupled LGADs", JINST 14 (2019), P09004.
- [3] S. Kita et al., "Optimization of capacitively coupled Low Gain Avalanche Diode (AC-LGAD) sensors for precise time and spatial resolution", NIM A 1048 (2023) 168009.
- [4] A. Verplancke et al., "EICROC: an ASIC to read-out the AC-LGAD sensors for the Electron-Ion Collider (EIC)", contribution to the proceedings of the Topical Workshop on Electronics for Particle Physics, Sept. 30th –Oct. 04th, 2024, Glasgow, UK, JINST 20 C04014.

## **Title**

Pixelated AC-LGAD sensors for the Electron-Ion Collider (EIC): read-out performances with EICROC0\_v0 ASIC

### **Topic**

Auteur: Dr SHARMA, Arzoo (IJCLab, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay 91405, France)

VERPLANCKE, Adrien (OMEGA, CNRS, École Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau 91120, France); TRICOLI, Alessandro (Brookhaven National Laboratory, 11973 Upton, NY, U.S.A.); JENTSCH, Alexander (Brookhaven National Laboratory, 11973 Upton, NY, U.S.A.); TORRENTÓ-COELLO, Ana-Sofia (IJCLab, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay 91405, France); IKBAL, Ashik (Kent State University, 44242 Kent, OH, U.S.A.); KY, Beng-Yun (IJCLab, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay 91405, France); DE LA TAILLE, Christophe (OMEGA, CNRS, École Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau 91120, France); THIEN-PONT, Damien (OMEGA, CNRS, École Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau 91120, France); MARC-HAND, Dominique (IJClab,CNRS/IN2P3 - Université Paris-Saclay); BOUYJOU, Florent (Université Paris-Saclay, CEA, IRFU, Centre CEA Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette 91191, France); DULUCQ, Frédéric (OMEGA, CNRS, École Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau 91120, France); D'AMEN, Gabriele (Brookhaven National Laboratory, 11973 Upton, NY, U.S.A.); GIACOMINI, Gabriele (Brookhaven National Laboratory, 11973 Upton, NY, U.S.A.); MORON, Jakub (AGH University of Science and Technology, al. Adama Mickiewicza, 30-059 Kraków, Poland); HARA, Kazuhiko (University of Tsukuba, 1-1-1 Tennodai, Tsukuba, 305-8571, Ibaraki, Japan); GUIL-LOSSOU-JNAID, Kinann (OMEGA, CNRS, École Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau 91120, France); NAKAMURA, Koji (High Energy Research Organization (KEK), 1-1 Oho, Tsukuba, 305-0801, Ibaraki, Japan); SERIN, Laurent (IJCLab, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay 91405, France); IDZIK, Marek (AGH University of Science and Technology, al. Adama Mickiewicza, 30-059 Kraków, Poland); SEGUIN-MOREAU, Nathalie (OMEGA, CNRS, École Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau 91120, France); BRAND--FOISSAC, Olivier (IJCLab, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay 91405, France); DINAUCOURT, Pierrick (OMEGA, CNRS, École Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau 91120, France); SHANMUGANATHAN, Prashanth (Brookhaven National Laboratory, 11973 Upton, NY, U.S.A.); TRIBEDY, Prithwish (Brookhaven National Laboratory, 11973 Upton, NY, U.S.A.); KITA, Sayuka (University of Tsukuba, 1-1-1 Tennodai, Tsukuba, 305-8571, Ibaraki, Japan); CONFORTI, Selma (OMEGA, CNRS, École Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau 91120, France); PAUL, Souvik (Brookhaven National Laboratory, 11973 Upton, NY, U.S.A.); EXTIER, Sébastien (OMEGA, CNRS, École Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau 91120, France); COR-NET, Thomas (IJCLab, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay 91405, France); IMAMURA, Tomoka (University of Tsukuba, 1-1-1 Tennodai, Tsukuba, 305-8571, Ibaraki, Japan); CHAUMAT, Vincent (IJCLab, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay 91405, France); CHEN, Wei (Brookhaven National Laboratory, 11973 Upton, NY,

Orateur: Dr SHARMA, Arzoo (IJCLab, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay 91405, France)