

Encoding off-shell effects in top pair production in direct diffusion networks

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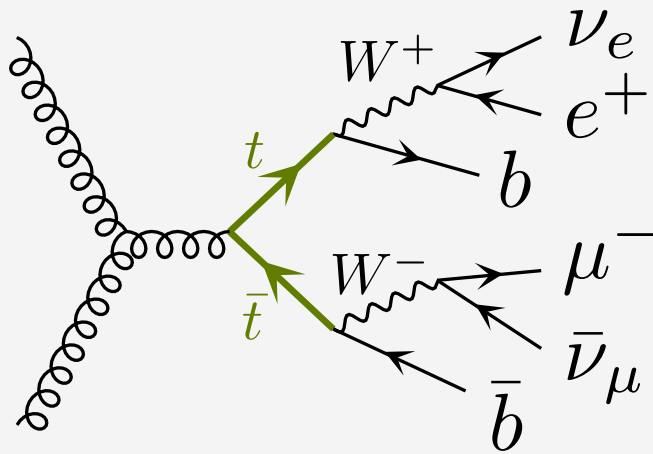
MORIOND EW 26.03.2025

Motivation

- Basis of every LHC analysis: Fast and precise predictions of event kinematics from first principles
- Two main challenges:
 - **Conceptual problems to overcome: e.g. dealing with loop diagrams with many scales**
 - **Technical problems: increased precision comes with higher computational cost**
- In this talk (and the corresponding paper) we focus on off-shell effects
 - **Given the precision targets of the upcoming LHC runs, approximate decay modelling is not justified**
 - **High computational cost of exact calculation**
 - **Can a neural network encode the exact calculation of full off-shellness with the purpose to make it easier to use, more efficient, to store and publish results etc.**

Off-shell effects in MC event generation

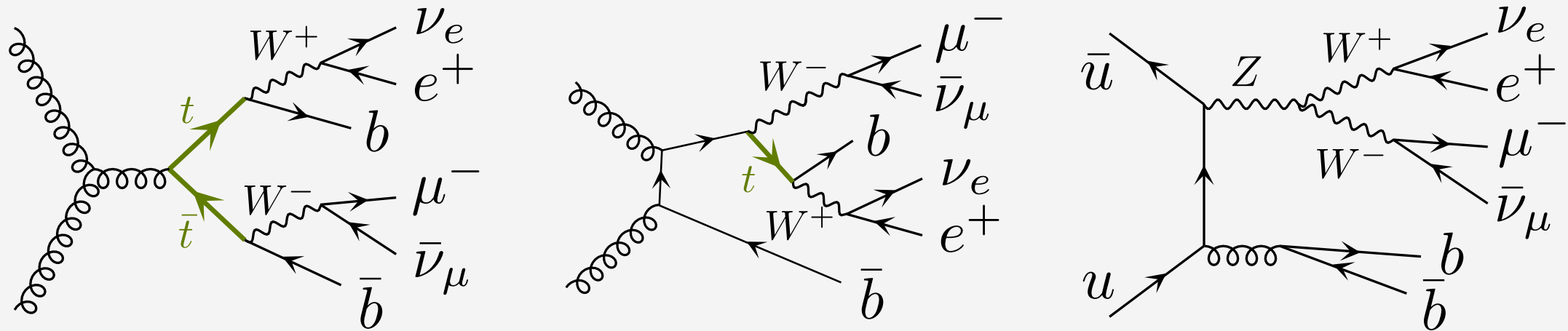
- Proof of concept: top pair production and dileptonic decay (LO in QCD)



- Generated data for training a transformation of “on-shell” to off-shell events:
 - **hvg data includes only approx. off-shell effects using finite top width**

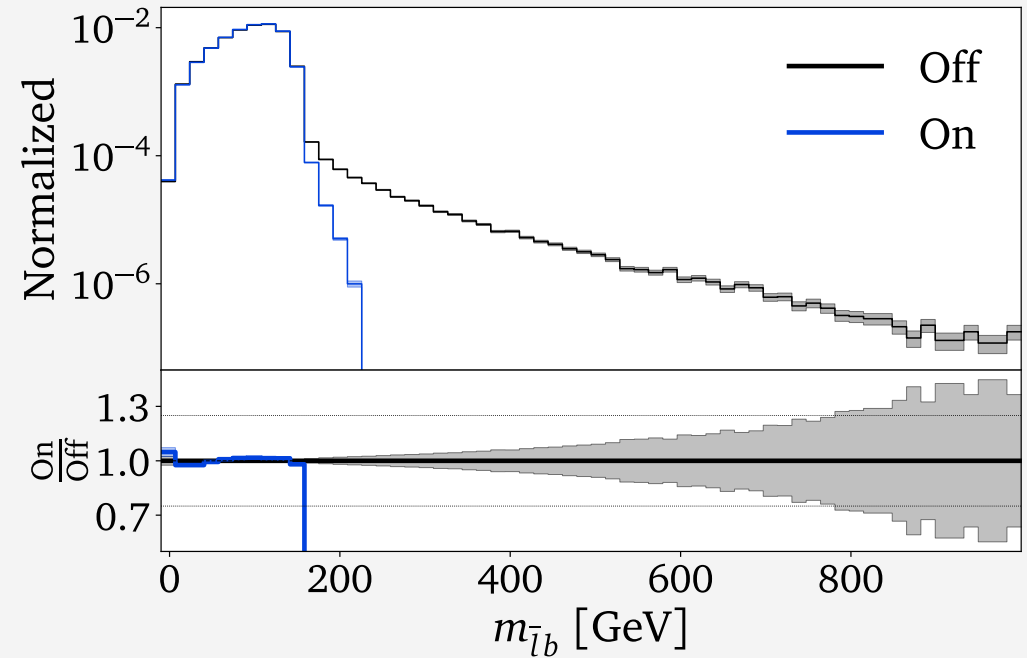
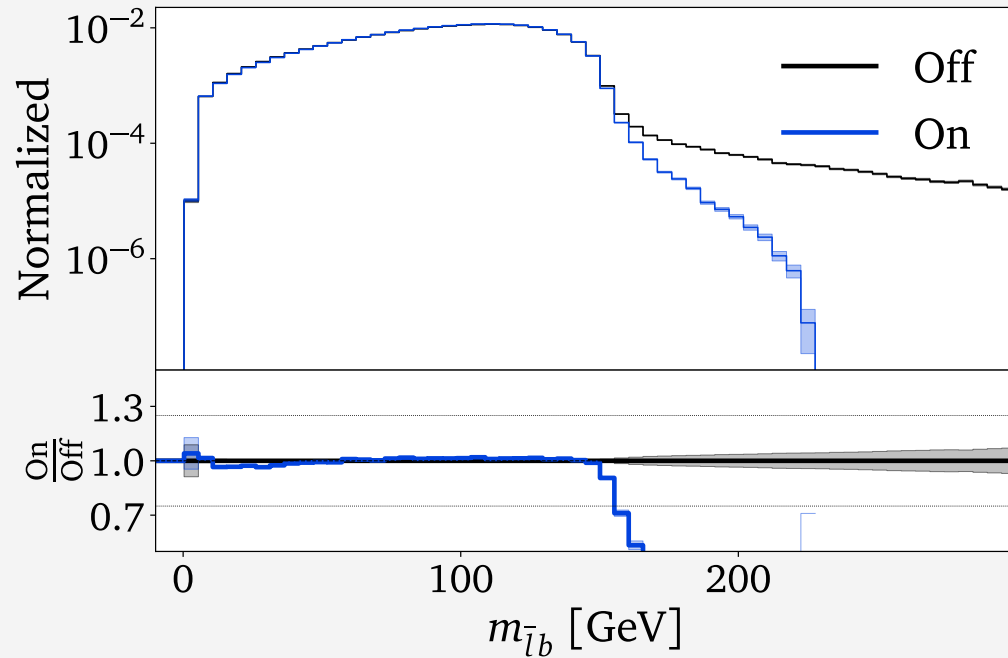
Off-shell effects in MC event generation

- Proof of concept: top pair production and dileptonic decay (LO in QCD)



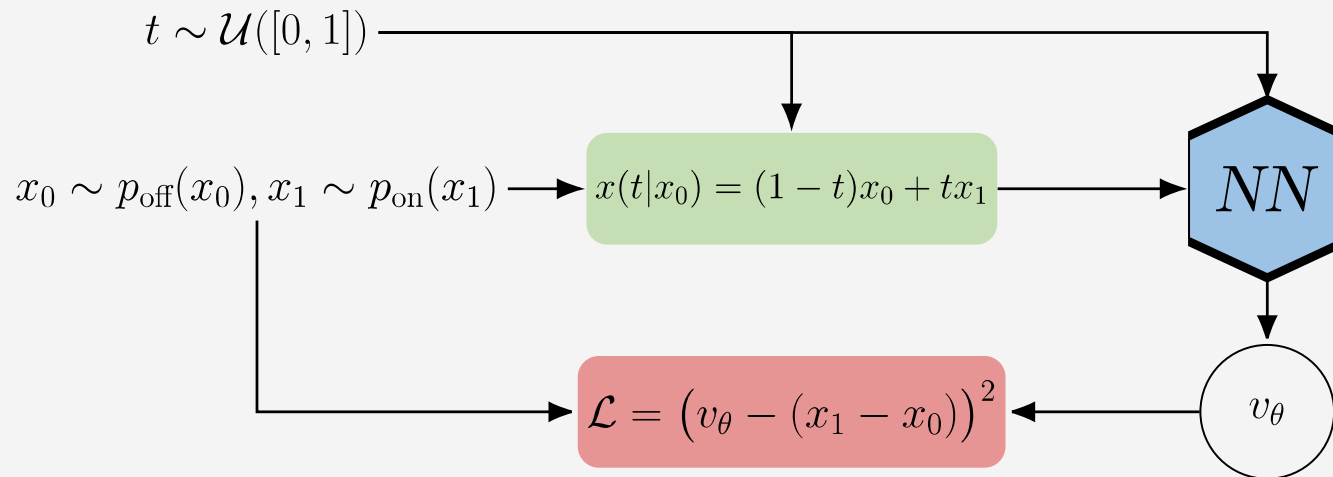
- Generated data for training a transformation of “on-shell” to off-shell events:
 - hvq data includes only approx. off-shell effects using finite top width
 - bb4l data includes full off-shell effects (including e.g. non-resonant effects)

The deviation between approx. and full off-shell calculation

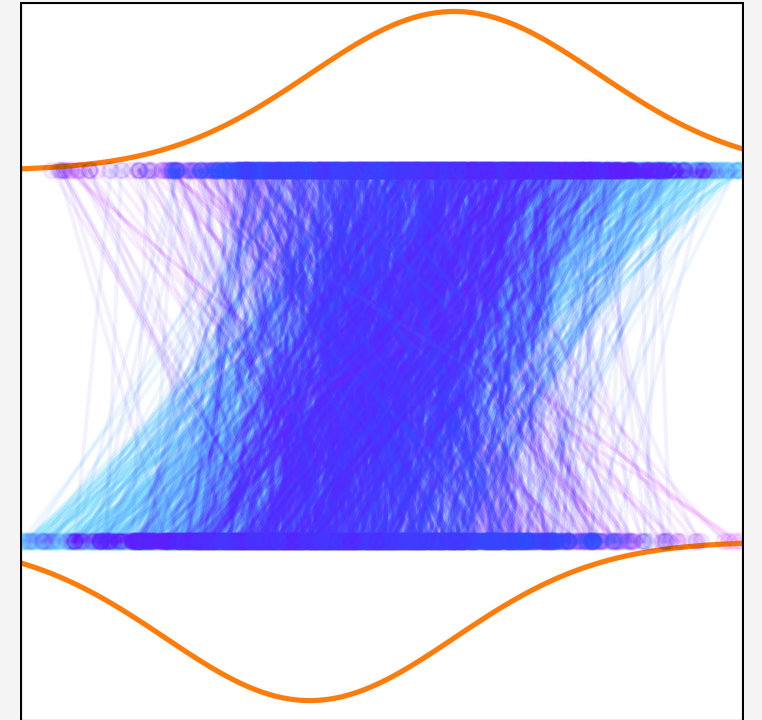


The Direct Diffusion network

- Off-Shell event $x_{\text{off}}(t=0)=x_0$, on-shell events $x_{\text{on}}(t=1)=x_1$ respectively

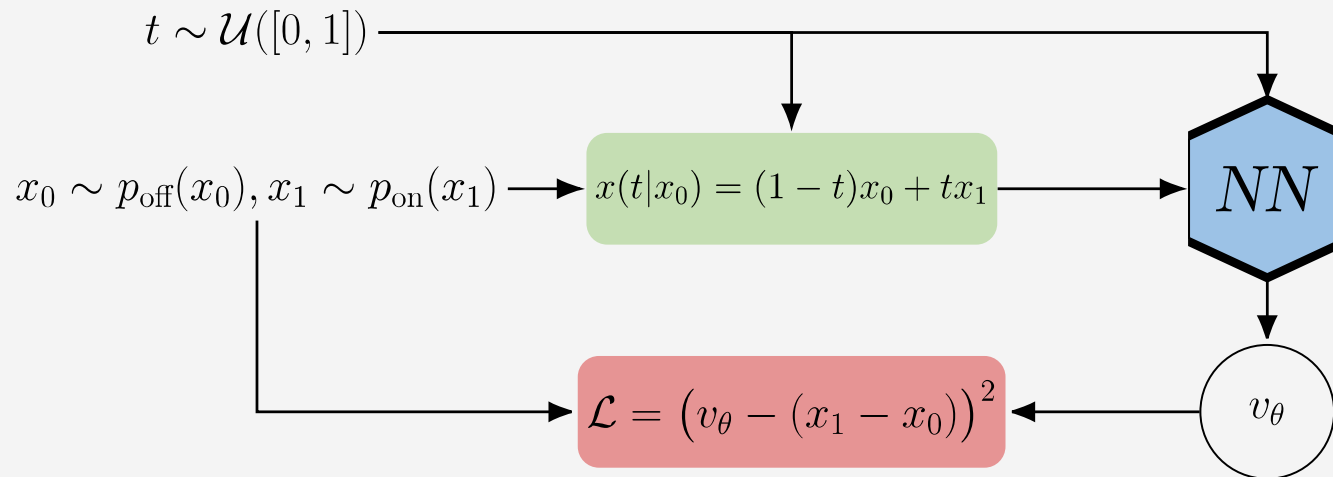


[arXiv:2209.15571, arXiv:2210.02747, arXiv:2209.03003, arXiv:2305.10475v2]

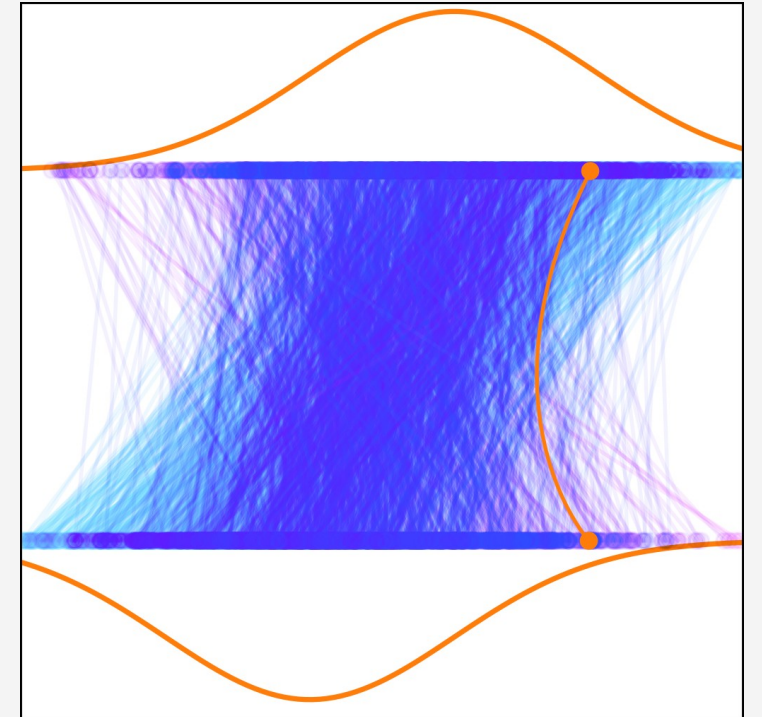


The Direct Diffusion network

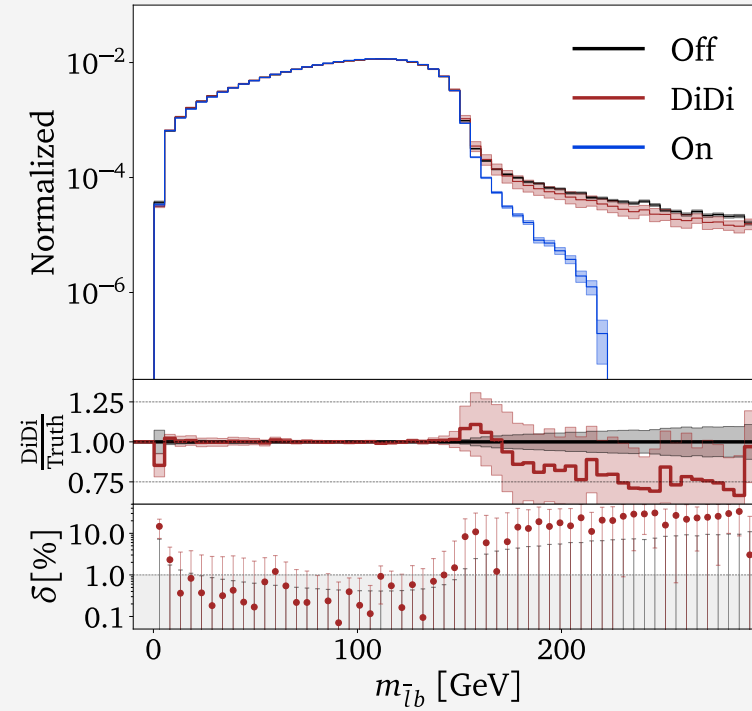
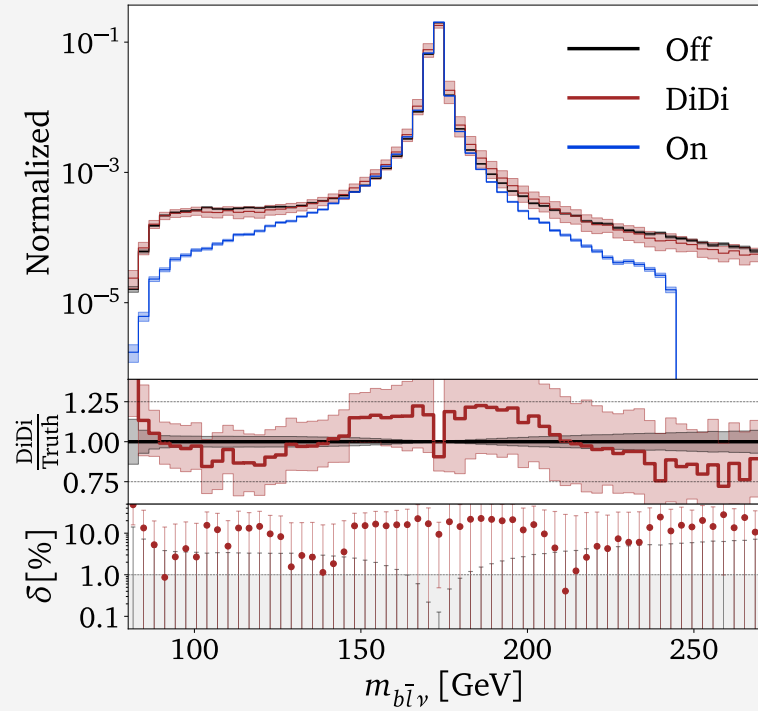
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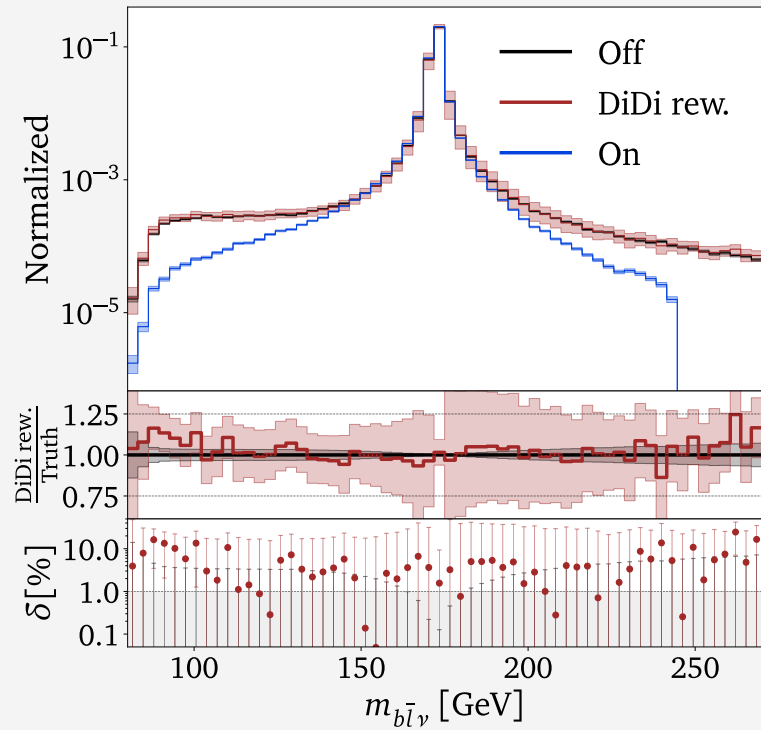
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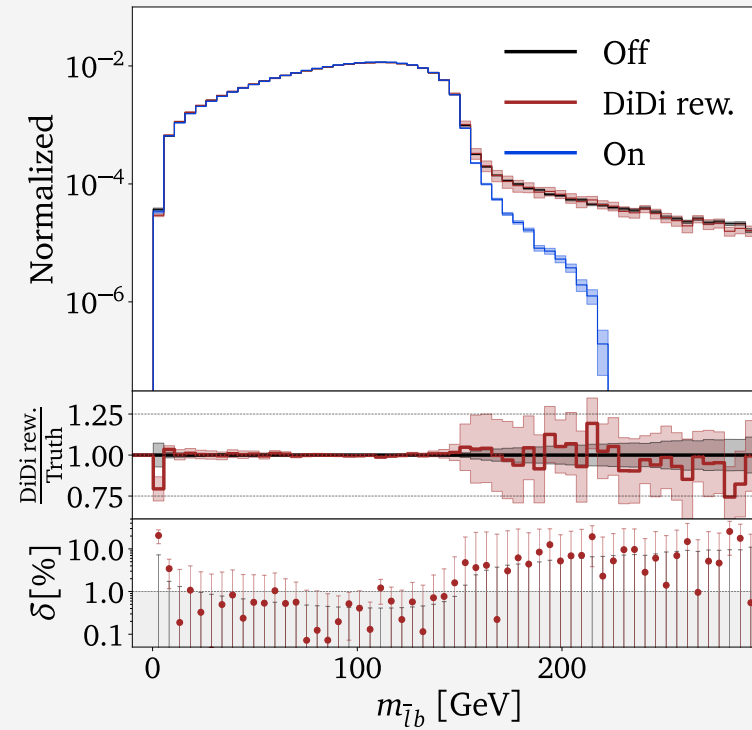
Results of the Direct Diffusion network



Results after an additional Reweighting



$$C(x) = \frac{\rho_{\text{off,data}}(x)}{\rho_{\text{off,data}}(x) + \rho_{\text{off,model}}(x)}$$



$$w(x) = \frac{\rho_{\text{off,data}}(x)}{\rho_{\text{off,model}}(x)} = \frac{C(x)}{1 - C(x)}$$

Conclusion & Outlook

- Small network with limited training effort can reproduce the target off-shell kinematics at the 10% level or better with only 5 million events
- Classifier reweighting improves its precision to the level of few percent even in challenging kinematic distributions
- LO-Paper: Kicking it Off(-shell) with Direct Diffusion [arXiv:2311.17175]
- NLO works well but is more complicated
- Outlook: Analyze impact on showering

Backup slides: NLO results

PRELIMINARY

