Reunion FCC-contacts

Friday Mar 14, 2025, 9:00 AM → 10:30 AM Europe/Paris

9:00 AM → 9:30 AM **News + FCC-contacts. Evolution vers la phase pre-TDR**

30m

Speaker: Gregorio Bernardi (APC Paris CNRS/IN2P3)

9:40 AM → 10:20 AM **Next steps / Tour de table des EoI et des différentes contributions**

40m

Speakers: Catherine Biscarat (L2I Toulouse, CNRS/IN2P3, Université de Toulouse), Farès Djama (CPPM), Gaelle Boudoul (IP2I/AICP (CNRS/IN2P3)), Giovanni Marchiori (APC Paris), Jean-Baptiste De Vivie De Regie, Luc Poggioli (LPNHE Paris), Marco Delmastro (LAPP), Nicolas Morange (IJCLab), Stephane Monteil (Laboratoire de Physique de Clermont - UCA/IN2P3), Suzanne GASCON-SHOTKIN (IP2I Lyon/Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1), Vincent BOUDRY (LLR - CNRS, École polytechnique/IPP Paris), Ziad EL BITAR (IPHC)

- News
- discussion sur le CR de la stratégie française, et sur les next steps
- Status des EoI et des endorsements par les DU.
- Debrief de la rédaction de la réponse à Libé
- Evolution organisation avec Team-Leader/Deputy Team Leader
- AoB

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19 France - Ginger BURGEAP Lyon
 20 France - SETEC LERM
 21 France - GANIL, Caen
 22 France - Université Caen Normandie
 23 France - Microhumus
 24 France - CPT, CNRS, Université Aix Marseille and Université du Sud T
 25 France - European Scientific Institute
 26 France - ESRF, European Synchrotron Radiation Facility

58 ¹ France - CNRS/IN2P3
 59 ² France - IJCLab, Université Paris-Saclay
 60 ³ France - CEA/DSM/Irfu (Saclay), Commissariat à l'Energie Ato
 61 tives
 62 ⁴ CERN
 63 ⁵ France - IPHC, Strasbourg
 64 ⁶ France - Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1
 65 ⁷ France - CNRS/IN2P3, Institut de Physique des 2 Infinis de Lyon
 66 ⁸ France - Université Savoie Mont Blanc
 67 ⁹ France - APC, Paris
 68 ¹⁰ France - IPHC, Université de Strasbourg
 69 ¹¹ France - Cerema
 70 ¹² Switzerland - UNIGE, Université de Genève
 71 ¹³ France - LPTHE, Sorbonne Université
 72 ¹⁴ France - IJCLab, Orsay
 73 ¹⁵ France - LPSC, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Grenoble Alpes
 74 ¹⁶ France - BRGM
 75 ¹⁷ France - CETU, Centre d'Etude des Tunnels

85 ²⁷ France - LPCA, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Clermont Auvergne
 86 ²⁸ Ukraine - NSC KIPT, National Science Center Kharkiv Instit
 87 Kharkiv
 88 ²⁹ France - DRII-IPSA, Ivry-sur-Seine
 89 ³⁰ Germany - TU Dortmund
 90 ³¹ France - Air Liquide Advanced Technologies
 91 ³² France - Université Paris Cité
 92 ³³ France - LLR, Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, Ecole Polytechniqu
 93 ³⁴ France - École Normale Supérieure de Lyon
 94 ³⁵ China - IHEP, Chinese Academy of Sciences

Tour de table sur évolution person-power: stagiaires ?

Jamboree le vendredi 4 Juillet matin

Future events

- ECR@ESPPU symposium (20/02/25, CERN and online)
- 3rd US-FCC workshop (15-17/04/25 ANL+FNAL)
- FCC week (19-23/05/25, Vienna)
- the ESPPU open symposium (23-27/06/26, Venice)

2025 FCC Week

Copied from FCC Week 2024 in San Francisco

- □ 1 PED plenary session + 1 keynote presentation
- □ 1 summary talk
- □ 9 PED parallel sessions
 - Of which 1 MDI, 1 EPOL
- ECR session
 - Only in parallel with CB meeting

Registration fees

- Standard: 550 euros
- Student: 300 euros
- One-day pass: 150 euros
- Zoom: 30 euros

Day	Monday	Tuesday					Wednesday					Thursday					Friday			
Time	Plenary	Parallel 1	Parallel 2	Parallel 3	Parallel 4	Board Room	Plenary	Parallel 1	Parallel 2	Parallel 3	Parallel 4	Board Room	Plenary	Parallel 1	Parallel 2	Parallel 3	Parallel 4	Board Room	Plenary	
Room	Zentronsaal (500 p.)	Gebäude Ratstube (150 p.)	Ratsaal (150 p.)	Trabanten ub (100 p.)	Kunsterzin mer (100 p.)	Radecky Ap.1 (30 p.)	Zentronsaal (500 p.)	Gebäude Ratstube (150 p.)	Ratsaal (150 p.)	Trabanten ub (100 p.)	Kunsterzin mer (100 p.)	Radecky Ap.1 (30 p.)	Ed	Gebäude Ratstube (150 p.)	Ratsaal (150 p.)	Trabanten ub (100 p.)	Kunsterzin mer (100 p.)	Radecky Ap.1 (30 p.)	Zentronsaal (500 p.)	
08:00-08:30	Welcome coffee	Welcome coffee					Welcome coffee					Welcome coffee					Welcome coffee			
08:30-09:00	Opening session and keynote	PED	FCC-ee ACC	TI	Environment		Economic Impact of Big Science	PED	FCC-ee BU	ACC	SRF		MDI	reserve	TI	ACC			Summaries	
09:00-09:30		P. Jaroš	T. Dzwanev	K. Hanks	J. Outbeke			J. Outbeke	P. Jaroš	T. Dzwanev	J.P. Barlet	O. Brunner			M. Benedetti		K. Hanks	J.P. Barlet		
09:30-10:00																				
10:00-10:30	Coffee break	Coffee break					Coffee break					Coffee break					Coffee break			
10:30-11:00		PED	FCC-ee ACC	TI	Environment		Economic Impact of Big Science	PED	FCC-ee BU	ACC	SRF		MDI	FCC-ee ACC	TI	ACC			Summaries	
11:00-11:30		P. Jaroš	T. Dzwanev	K. Hanks	J. Outbeke			J. Outbeke	P. Jaroš	T. Dzwanev	J.P. Barlet	O. Brunner			M. Benedetti	Dzwanev	K. Hanks	J.P. Barlet		
11:30-12:00																				
12:00-12:30																				
12:30-13:00	Lunch break	Lunch break					S&C ECR meeting	Lunch break					Lunch break							
13:00-13:30	Lunch break	Lunch break						Lunch break					Lunch break							
13:30-14:00		PED	FCC-ee ACC	Chil Engineering	Environment		Economic Impact of Big Science	PED	FCC-ee BU	ACC	SRF		EPOL	Magnats	TI	ACC			Closing remarks	
14:00-14:30		P. Jaroš	T. Dzwanev	T. Watson	J. Outbeke			A. Ulmer	P. Jaroš	T. Dzwanev	J.P. Barlet	O. Brunner			S. Wilkerson	Dzwanev	K. Hanks	J.P. Barlet		
14:30-15:00																				
15:00-15:30																				
15:30-16:00	Coffee break	PED	FCC-ee ACC	Chil Engineering	reserve		Economic Impact of Big Science						EPOL	Magnats	TI	reserve			Closing remarks	
16:00-16:30		P. Jaroš	T. Dzwanev	T. Watson											S. Wilkerson	Dzwanev	K. Hanks			
16:30-17:00																				
17:00-17:30																				
17:30-18:00																				
18:00-18:30																				
18:30-19:00																				

19-23 May 2025, Hofburg Vienna – Heldenplatz – 1010 Vienna, Austria

The Hofburg lies at the heart of Vienna's Old Town, the best way to reach it is by public transit. Two underground stations as well as bus and tram stops are all within walking distance. Motorists can park their vehicles at nearby car parks (for a fee).

To all work package coordinators (PProg, PPerf, DetCon, S&C, EPOL, MDI) - input needed by Feb. 20

- Please send suggestions for list of topics and speakers for the parallel sessions
- Any volunteer for the summary talk?

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1408515>

Discussion sur le CR de la stratégie française, et sur les next steps

421 **3.4 Sustainability**

422 Sustainability considerations in HEP are pivotal, to respect the planetary boundaries, to comply with the rapidly evolving
423 regulation, and to align with the global effort demanded on society. The HEP community should lead by example by
424 addressing these issues from the earliest stages of future projects, thereby increasing their acceptance by civil society and
425 strengthening the staff's engagement.

426 Maximizing the scientific return of HEP projects must be balanced against costs, efficiency, and environmental footprint, with
427 the ambition to reach an overall environmental impact compatible with global decarbonization goals. The environmental
428 factors, including life cycle analysis and socio-economic impact studies, must be among the core evaluation criteria to
429 be scrutinized in-depth. The quantification and mitigation of environmental footprints across laboratories, institutes, and
430 collaborations must be generalized. Sustainable procurement practices and building construction, energy mix considerations
431 and the promotion of new research practices also require special attention. The new infrastructures should be eco-designed,
432 prioritising the use of low-carbon material, reducing negative impacts on biodiversity and ideally offering it a haven. The
433 minimization of the impacts should be seen as an opportunity to explore new R&D paths rather than a constraint limiting
434 the scientific goals. The integration of a life cycle assessment in the future accelerator project proposals is considered as a
435 positive first step.

436 To go beyond aspirations, significant investments in R&D for sustainable detector technologies, energy-efficient computing
437 powered on low-carbon electricity, and innovative acceleration methods are crucial. Priorities encompass phasing out high-
438 GWP gases for cooling or particle detection, and energy efficiency in operations. France's expertise in areas such as energy
439 recovery accelerators and klystron efficiency offers opportunities to contribute to an European leadership in sustainable tech-
440 nologies. Committing to a sustainable trajectory is also an opportunity to bring new expertise on cutting-edge technologies
441 in HEP.

442 Finally, communicating the efforts to minimize the environmental footprint to the rest of the scientific community, decision-
443 makers and the general public is crucial for greater societal acceptance, particularly for large-scale projects. France, as host
444 state, has a leading role to play in this respect. The communication strategy would benefit from the definition of transparent
445 and unbiased key quantitative indicators and a clear carbon footprint reduction trajectory, with long-term planning.

494 *If the construction of an e^+e^- collider comparable to the FCC_{ee} is not firmly established outside of Europe:*

495 In absence of FCC_{ee}, a linear e^+e^- collider facility (LCF) at CERN would be the next best option for a Higgs factory.
496 Somewhat limited statistics at the HZ cross-section peak and a much smaller luminosity at the Z -pole are in part compensated
497 by the possibility to reach at least $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV, allowing a clean observation of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu\nu H$ process, of the top
498 threshold, and a first determination of the Higgs-boson self coupling. Energies of $\sqrt{s} = 1\text{--}3$ TeV, as enabled by CLIC
499 technology, would significantly improve these measurements and allow detailed studies of vector-boson scattering. The
500 LCF program could be complemented by a dedicated, high-luminosity Z factory, possibly re-using existing infrastructure at
501 CERN.

502 As a last-resort fall-back, LEP3 offers an instantaneous luminosity five times less than FCC_{ee} and an energy range limited
503 to about $\sqrt{s} = 240$ GeV. This still matches the purpose of an electroweak, flavour and Higgs factory in line with the 2020
504 ESPP, but does not allow a complete test of the electroweak theory. LEP3 could be followed by a hadron collider, benefitting
505 of high-field magnets which would be developed at the horizon of the completion of HL-LHC, to address the missing issues
506 on a much longer timescale.

507 *If the construction of an e^+e^- collider comparable to the FCC_{ee} is firmly established outside of Europe, and ahead of the*
508 *European project:*

509 The LCF would provide sufficient scientific complementarity only if it covers the entire energy range between the $t\bar{t}$ produc-
510 tion threshold and the TeV scale on a reasonable timespan.

511 Alternatively, the strategy could shift towards the earlier development of a high-energy hh/eh program, ideally implemented
512 in a new tunnel as in the case of FCC. Given the shorter time available for magnet development, the energy reach would
513 likely be reduced to about $\sqrt{s} = 85$ TeV.

514 If a new tunnel is not feasible, a collider such as the HE-LHC could be a fallback alternative with comparable scientific
515 breadth. Due to its limited size, the HE-LHC energy reach would be limited to O(25 TeV). However, it would serve as
516 a natural extension of the HL-LHC, reaching similar precision as a TeV-scale LCF. Dedicated flavour and HI experiments
517 could improve on LHC's respective legacies.

518 Both the FCC_{hh} and the HE-LHC should be complemented by an electron-hadron collider such as the LHeC to resolve the
519 uncertainties stemming from the proton and nuclear structure in these uncharted energy regimes. The LHeC also has a rich
520 physics program of its own, with fundamental measurements in the strong and electroweak sectors, and a non negligible
521 potential for NP searches. It could run in the early 2040's and use improved acceleration techniques based on ERL that will
522 help achieve the sustainability requirements and benefit to future e^+e^- colliders.

523 While the fall-back scenarios presented above are clearly sub-optimal compared to the FCC program, the scientific loss is in
524 part compensated by the faster scientific return and increased complementarity offered by a program including ee , pp and
525 ep collisions in different regions and on similar timescales.

Next Steps: EOs

The Calls

Deadline Jan 31 for submission of EOs to **PED** (us) was **extended to Feb 16**

- for editorial feedback and iteration

39 written documents received - and counting

- many mergers - covering 75 original registrations on our google sheet
- have following up with those groups who presented at Satellite meeting and had not submitted yet
- giving some feedback, essentially checking for completeness in response to the calls

Inclusion in combined FCC submission

- we will write an **executive summary or cover letter** (3 pages or so)
 - explain calls, plus some statistics on submissions, and table of Eols
 - to be circulated with all submitters
- **staple together Eols in pdf** format in supporting document to common FCC submission
 - cannot be attached directly - as was planned originally - due to 10 page limit
- include **clickable table** of content in main (summary) document, similar to groped Eol google doc
 - such that Eols can be directly accessed from there

Editorial team:
Srini Rajagopalan,
Guy Wilkinson,
with MD, MAP, FS

EOI Abstract ID	Category of EOI	Description of the project	PI/Contact Name	PI/Contact Institute	PI/Contact Email	Collaborating Institutes
		Machine Learning for Event Selection and Reconstruction				
ID0050	Algorithms (including AI)	Machine Learning for Particle Flow has the potential to greatly improve reconstruction, but significant R&D is needed. We aim to develop novel ML for PFlow models, usable for different detectors including dual readout, and to aid detector design.	Michael Kagan		makagan@slac.stanford.edu	SLAC, UCSD, TUM
ID0052	Calorimeter	The calorimeter is the item with the most variation among current Higgs Factory Detector proposals. We propose to study calorimetry reconstruction broadly, including dual readout, fast-timing, high granularity, and AI/ML particle flow methods.	Ariel Schwartzman	SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	sch@slac.stanford.edu	SLAC, Louisiana Tech University, CalVision collaboration
ID0073	Algorithms (including AI)	Building on the experience / contribution to CMS and CMS Upgrades – including trigger algorithms, ML and real-time AI. Most of the potential effort is currently focused on completing the latter.	Alex Tapper	Imperial College London	a.tapper@imperial.ac.uk	TBD
		ML-based detector design optimisation				
ID0051	Algorithms (including AI)	Detector design optimization is an arduous process, but machine learning has seen massive progress for design tasks. We aim to develop ML methods for detector design optimization, including methods R&D and interfacing with simulator like GEANT.	Michael Kagan	SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	makagan@slac.stanford.edu	SLAC, TUM
ID0097	Algorithms (including AI)	Detector design optimization is an arduous process, but machine learning has seen massive progress for design tasks. We aim to develop ML methods for detector design optimization, including methods R&D and interfacing with simulator like GEANT.	Tobias Golling	University of Geneva	Tobias.Golling@unige.ch	SLAC, TUM
		Crystal and fibre calorimetry				
ID0012	Calorimeter	The CalVision Consortium is conducting a R&D on state-of-the-art calorimetry, emphasizing homogeneous calorimetry including dual readout, use of timing analysis, development of new kinds particle flow algorithms, and machine learning techniques.	Bob Hirosky	U. Virginia	hirosky@virginia.edu	ANL, Baylor U. Brandeis U, Caltech, Catholic University of America, FNAL, U. Maryland, U. Michigan, MIT, Princeton U., Purdue U., SLAC, Rutgers U., Texas Technical U., Stonybrook U., U. Virginia
ID0022	Calorimeter	Korea Dual-Readout Calorimeter (DRC) Consortium is doing the following R&Ds: EM & Had Performance, PID (+ML, QML), Absorber type, Beam tests, High Granularity, Time & Position resolutions, Shower 3DReco/profile/depth, fast optical simulation, DAQ R&D	Hwidong Yoo	Yonsei University	hdyoo@cern.ch	Gangneung-Wonju National University, Kyungpook National University, University of Seoul, Yonsei University
ID0028	Calorimeter	DR crystal calorimeter R&D using multiple measurements. High granularity silicon calorimeter based on CMOS Monolithic Active Pixel Sensors. Novel materials for DR calorimetry. Calorimeter facility at the Fermilab Test Beam Facility.	James Hirschauer	Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory	jhirsch@fnal.gov	ANL, Baylor, Brandeis, Caltech, CERN, Lyon, Maryland, Michigan, Milano-Bicocca, MIT, ORNL, Perugia, Princeton, Purdue, Stony Brook, Texas Tech, Virginia
		Noble liquid calorimetry				
ID0023	Calorimeter	We are interested in pursuing R&D for noble liquid calorimetry for FCC. Our primary initial interest in is detector simulation and possible joint work on module development and testing. We foresee faculty and early graduate student level involvement.	John Hobbs	Stony Brook Univ.	john.hobbs@stonybrook.edu	BNL, CERN
ID0031	Calorimeter	Calorimetry using noble liquid detectors and electronic readout design (including on-chip AI/ML), and simulation and modeling impact of upstream material.	Tim Andeen	University of Texas at Austin	tandeen@utexas.edu	
ID0067	Calorimeter	The ALLEGRO Ecal is a concept of a liquified noble gas calorimeter, designed to provide a high-performance, cost-effective solution for FCC-ee. It combines excellent energy resolution, and high granularity for particle flow reconstruction and PID.	Nicolas Morange	IJCLab	nicolas.morange@cern.ch	APC, BNL, Brown University, CERN, CPPM, CUNI, IFIN-HH + UNSTPB, IJCLab, LAPP, LPNHE, MPI Munich, NYU, Omega, Southern Methodist University, Stony Brook University, TU Dresden, IEP SAS Kosice, University of Arizona, University of Columbia, UT Austin
ID0064	Calorimeter	Design, performance simulation, and prototype testing of a fine-segmented noble liquid electromagnetic endcap calorimeter (turbine geometry) consistent with the design of the barrel electromagnetic calorimeter for the ALLEGRO detector concept.	John Rutherford	University of Arizona	rutherford@physics.arizona.edu	University of Arizona + others welcome
		SiPM-on-Tile HCAL				
ID0032	Calorimeter	Development of the SiPM-on-Tile Analog Hadron Calorimeter (AHCAL) technology: detector geometry, readout and trigger concept and electronics, mechanical and thermal integration, photon sensors, scintillators, simulation and reconstruction.	Frank Simon	KIT	frank.simon@kit.edu	DESY, U Hamburg, U Heidelberg, KIT, U Mainz, UT Arlington, NIU, FZU Prague

		SiW ECAL				
ID0039	Calorimeter	SiW-ECAL : a silicon-tungsten highly granular electromagnetic calorimeter suitable for particle flow-based detector concepts at a Higgs/ElectroWeak/Top factory.	Vincent Boudry	LLR – LLR, CNRS, École polytechnique, Insti	Vincent.Boudry@in2p3.fr	IJCLab (Orsay), LLR (Palaiseau), LPNHE (Paris), Omega (Palaiseau), DMLab, IFIC (Valencia), CERN, U. Tokyo, KEK, iThemba labs (Cape Town)
ID0074	Calorimeter	Building on the experience / contribution to CMS and CMS Upgrades - and in particular HGAL and design studies, high throughput digital electronics and algorithms. Most of the potential effort is currently focused on completing the latter.	Anne-Marie Magnan	Imperial College London	a.magnan@imperial.ac.uk	TBD
		MAPS ECAL				
ID0059	Calorimeter	Development of MAPs for Si-tungsten calorimeter.	Alexander Paramonov	Argonne National Laboratory	aparamonov@anl.gov	ANL
		Tile fibre HCAL				
ID0086	Calorimeter	The ALLEGRO HCAL is a concept of a scintillating tile hadronic calorimeter for the central region, designed to provide a high-performance, high granularity and cost-effective solution for FCC-ee.	Henric Wilkens	CERN	Henric.Wilkens@cern.ch	LIP, CERN, ITIM Cluj, IFIC Valencia, Univ. of Be
		Granita Calorimeter				
ID0087	Calorimeter	Novel calorimeter concept with millimetric scintillating crystal grains (grown by flux method) read-out by WLS fibres for high-energy resolution calorimetry: GRAiNITA	Stéphane Monteil	Clermont University	monteil@in2p3.fr	IJCLab (CNRS/Université Paris-Saclay), ISMA (Kharkiv, Ukraine), TSNUK (Kyiv, Ukraine), LPCA (CNRS/ Université de Clermont)
		RPC Calorimeter				
ID0095	Calorimeter	We plan transform the CALICE Semi-Digital Hadronic Calorimeter into a 5D calorimeter (T-SDHCAL), and develop new high rate multi-gap RPC (MRPC) with time resolutions of the order of tens of ps, along with new readout electronics and a new DAQ scheme.	Imad Laktineh	IP2I - Lyon	imad.baptiste.laktineh@cern.ch	IP2I Lyon, CIEMAT, Vrije Universiteit Brussel, OMEGA, Universidad de Córdoba, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Yonsei Cancer Center, Gangneung-Wonju National University, Université de Tunis El Manar,
		LumiCal				
ID0102	Lumical Calorimeter	Development of Lumical Luminosity and forward calorimeters	Mogens Dam Yan Benhammou			
ID0104	Luminometer & off-detector fee	Development of SNSPDs (quantum sensors) for FCC experiments, including possibility as luminometer	Ben Kilminster	University of Zurich	ben.Kilminster@physik.uzh.ch	University of Zurich, University of Geneva
		Carbon fibre wire chamber				
ID0013	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Interested and working towards detector concept based on a novel wire chamber concept employing carbon fiber wires for the Outer tracking device of FCC-ee. Open for additional collaborators.	Andy Jung	Purdue University	andreas.werner.jung@cern.ch	Purdue University
		Straw-tube tracker				
ID0015	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Straw-tube tracker design and tracker design optimization	Oliver Kortner	Max-Planck Institute for Physic	Oliver.Kortner@cern.ch	University of Michigan, Ann Arbor
ID0062	Main Tracker and Envelopes	R&D for straw tracker electronics/readout Development of a thin-wall straw tracker for FCC-ee inner tracking system. Combined with the pixel detector and silicon wrapper, it will provide excellent momentum resolution and PID capability over a wide momentum range.	Anyes Taffard	UC Irvine	ataffard@uci.edu	UM, MSU, UMass, Harvard, Duke, UT Austin, MPI
ID0038	Main Tracker and Envelopes		Junjie Zhu	University of Michigan	junjie@umich.edu	MPI, UMass, Harvard, Tufts, MSU, UC Irvine, Duke, UT Austin
		Drift chamber				
ID0024	Main Tracker and Envelopes	PID optimization for gas trackers	Peter Onyisi	University of Texas at Austin	ponyisi@utexas.edu	University of Michigan, MPI Munich
ID0043	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Work on gaseous trackers for ALLEGRO and IDEA	George Iakovidis	Brookhaven National Laboratory	giakovidis@bnl.gov	INFN, Michigan
ID0061	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Cell geometry optimization for drift chamber as main tracker.	Charles Young	SLAC	young@slac.stanford.edu	TBC
ID0101	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Development of an ultra-light drift chamber operating in helium atmosphere with PId capabilities based on cluster counting technique for the IDEA detector	Margherita Primavera	INFN Lecce	margherita.primavera@le.infn.it	INFN Lecce, INFN Bari, BNL (US), IJCLAB (France)

		MPGDs for tracking and muons				
ID0056	Main Tracker and Envelopes	MPGDs with fast timing and high spatial resolution for outer layer of main tracker and for muon system that can be operated with eco-friendly gases	Marcus Hohlmann	Florida Institute of Technology	hohlmann@fit.edu	BNL, JLAB, Wisconsin
ID0049	Muons	Detector development and production, MPGDs or MWPC	Shikma Bressler	Weizmann Institute of Science	shikma.bressler@cern.ch	TBD
		Large-area silicon (trackin & timing)				
ID0034	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Development of Resistive Silicon Detectors for tracking, including an outer-wrapper timing layer. Sensors, electronics/readout, and work on simulation/digitization for detector optimization. System integration for large-area silicon detectors.	Mike Hance	SCIPP/University of California, Santa Cruz	mhance@ucsc.edu	UC Santa Cruz
		General silicon-based vertexing, tracking & timing				
ID0027	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Development of silicon detectors for vertex and trackers, including MAPS and 3D-integrated sensors, and associated electronics. Development of detectors with high precision timing for applications in Silicon Wrapper or TOF-PID.	Artur Apresyan	Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory	apresyan@fnal.gov	SLAC, BNL, Torino, Caltech, LBNL, Purdue, UIC, UChicago, KEK, USM Chile, University of Tsukuba, TTU, Brandeis
ID0033	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Development of vertex, tracker, and precision timing detectors, including detector design, electronics, and simulation.	Frank Golf	Boston University	fgolf@bu.edu	Boston University
ID0035	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Development of silicon detectors for timing, tracking, and vertexing, including design, testing, and gamma-irradiation studies.	Sally Seidel	University of New Mexico	seidel@unm.edu	University of New Mexico, others TBD
ID0053	Main Tracker and Envelopes	We would like to investigate the application of fast-timing in Higgs Factories, including silicon timing layers and calorimeter timing.	Ariel Schwartzman	SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	sch@slac.stanford.edu	SLAC
ID0070	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Development of modules for Vertex detector and Silicon Wrapper with combined tracking and timing capability in LFoundry 110nm technology	Manuel Rolo Da Rocha	INFN Torino	darochar@to.infn.it	Torino, Padova, Milano, Perugia, Pisa, Trieste, Bari
ID0080	Particle ID and Main Tracker ar	This EoI is for the preparation of Time of Flight and tracking layers in a FCC-ee detector. The Monolithic CMOS technology is proposed to provide required Particle IDentification and tracking performance	Philippe Schwemling	IRFU	Philippe.Schwemling@cea.fr	CEA/IRFU and IN2P3/IP2I
ID0089	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Future tracker. Sensor development (LGADs, MAPS), Low-mass mechanics, thermal management, service integration	Daniela Bortoletto	University of Oxford	Daniela.Bortoletto@physics.ox.ac.uk	University of Oxford
ID0094	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Tracking and timing detectors based on LGAD-RSD technology for use in the IDEA detector concept (e.g. in the "silicon wrapper"). Study and simulation of optimised sensor layouts, readout schemes, and attainable 4D resolution over a large area.	Enrico Robutti	INFN Genova	enrico.robutti@ge.infn.it	INFN & Università Genova; INFN Torino & Università del Piemonte Orientale; INFN & Università Perugia
ID0096	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Develop a cost-effective, low-power silicon detector technology with advanced position (~10um) and timing resolution (~10ps) for large-area timing layer. Sensor and ASIC design, system aspects, pixelated LGAD and MAPS technology).	Lea Caminada	PSI	lea.caminada@psi.ch	PSI and University of Zurich
ID0099	Silicon Wrapper	Development of 4D detectors (time and space) for PID, ToF too	Alessandro Tricoli	BNL	atricoli@bnl.gov	FNAL, KEK
		Scii-Fi tracking				
ID0085	Main Tracker and Envelopes	R&D of scintillating fiber technology (SciFi) used in LHCb as an outer tracker for an FCC experiment, and as tracking stations for possible specialized detectors for LLP searches.	Lesya Shchutka	EPFL	lesya.shchutka@epfl.ch	EPFL
		RICH				
ID0083	Particle ID	A compact rich detector (ARC). This is a modular compact RICH detector that would be able to add particle identification capabilities to an FCC experiment allowing improved capabilities for flavour physics.	Sneha Malde	University of Oxford	sneha.malde@physics.ox.ac.uk	University of Oxford, INFN Genoa, CERN, Unive
		DMAPS based tracking and vertexing				
ID0071	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Development of DMAPS detector systems for vertex and trackers, including engineering and integration aspects. Plan to develop a new particle beam telescope as system demonstrator with other international partners in the context of DRD3.	Carlos Marinas	IFIC - Valencia (CSIC, UV)	cmarinas@ific.uv.es	IFCA (Santander), IFIC (Valencia), IGFAE (Santiago de Compostela), ITA (Zaragoza)

		DMAPS based tracking and vertexing				
ID0071	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Development of DMAPS detector systems for vertex and trackers, including engineering and integration aspects. Plan to develop a new particle beam telescope as system demonstrator with other international partners in the context of DRD3.	Carlos Marinas	IFIC - Valencia (CSIC, UV)	cmarinas@ific.uv.es	IFCA (Santander), IFIC (Valencia), IGFAE (Santiago de Compostela), ITA (Zaragoza)
		Drift tube muon detector				
ID0011	Muons	Muon detector studies with focus on drift tubes	Reinhard Schwienhorst	Michigan State University	schwier@msu.edu	University of Michigan
ID0037	Muons	Development of a muon detector based on square-cell drift tubes, which can be produced economically using commercial extrusion technology. The detector will be designed for tagging muons and identifying long-lived particles.	Jianming Qian	University of Michigan	qianj@umich.edu	Michigan State, UMass, Harvard, Tufts, UC Irvine, UMass Amherst, Harvard University, University of Michigan
ID0042	Muons	Electronics R&D for muon detectors focusing on drift tubes	Verena Martinez Outschoorn	University of Massachusetts Amherst	vimartin@umass.edu	
		MPGD mon detector				
ID0057	Muons	Development of MPGD production capabilities for FCC-ee in the US (Muons, Main Tracker and Envelopes, Particle ID)	Klaus Dehmelt	Jefferson Lab	kdehmelt@jlab.org	Jefferson Lab, Florida Tech
ID0077	Muons	Development of MPGD detectors for central Tracker or Muon system at FCC-ee	Paolo Iengo	INFN	paolo.iengo@cern.ch	TBD
ID0084	Muons	Development of resistive Micromegas detectors for the Muon system	Paolo Iengo	INFN	paolo.iengo@cern.ch	INFN Napoli, INFN RomaTre
		RPC muon detector				
ID0016	Muons	Study of instrumentation alternatives, focus on RPCs for muon detection	Oliver Kortner	Max-Planck Institute for Physics	Oliver.Kortner@cern.ch	University of Rome II, Tor Vergata
ID0078	Muons	Development of innovative RPCs with enhanced timing performance for muon detection	Giuseppe Iaselli	INFN and Politecnico di Bari	giuseppe.iaselli@ba.infn.it	Laboratorio Nazionale di Frascati, Korea Univer
		Scintillator-based muon detector				
ID0060	Muons	Muon detector based on scintillator bars and read out using wave-length shifting fiber and SiPM, similar to many neutrino experiments, Belle-II, Mu2e, and other experiments. It does not have gases, operates at under 100 V and has been mass produced.	Charles Young	SLAC	young@slac.stanford.edu	TBC
		Micro-RWELL muon detector				
ID0076	Muons	Development of micro-RWELL technology for the Muon system	Marco Poli Lener	Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati	marco.polilener@lnf.infn.it	Sez. INFN Bologna, Sez. INFN Ferrara, Sez. INFN Torino
		Embedded FPGA				
ID0045	Readout/DAQ/Electronics	Embedded FPGAs offer reconfigurable digital logic in an ASIC, enabling machine learning for low-latency/low-power applications. We aim to explore eFPGA applications to FCCee, from front-end readout to common electronics and hardware accelerators.	Julia Gonski	SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	jgonski@slac.stanford.edu	SLAC, LBNL, Baylor, Fermilab, UHawaii, UMichigan
		General software				
ID0029	Software	Contributions to framework improvements, full simulation, reconstruction, and end-analysis tools.	Lothar Bauerdick	Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory	bauerdick@fnal.gov	-
		TDAQ concepts				
ID0058	TDAQ	Emerging heterogeneous processing for future HEP experiments. This R&D project will evaluate modern and emerging computing architectures for future HEP data processing systems. Such computing would be beneficial for triggerless readout DAQ systems.	Zeynep Demiragli	Boston University	zeynep.demiragli@cern.ch	BU, The Ohio State, FNAL, ANL, BNL, SLAC
ID0017	Trigger and DAQ	Study of trigger concepts (e.g. FPGA vs. CPU/GPU farm)	Sandra Kortner	Max Planck Institute for Physics	sandra@mpp.mpg.de	UMass Amherst (t.b.c)
		TDAQ, including ML applications				
ID0072	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Building on the experience / contribution to CMS and CMS Upgrades – and in particular high throughput digital electronics and algorithms. Most of the potential effort is currently focused on completing the latter.	Mark Pesaresi	Imperial College London	mark.pesaresi01@imperial.ac.uk	TBD
ID0040	Trigger/DAQ	Autonomous systems are essential for near-100% uptime, rapid calibrations, and minimal intervention amid rising data rates and detector complexity. We aim to leverage AI/ML to develop self-diagnosing, self-calibrating, and self-tuning DAQ systems	Benjamin Bortolotto	SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	bortolotto@slac.stanford.edu	SLAC, UChicago

		DAQ, including ML applications				
ID0072	Main Tracker and Envelopes	Building on the experience / contribution to CMS and CMS Upgrades – and in particular high throughput digital electronics and algorithms. Most of the potential effort is currently focused on completing the latter.	Mark Pesaresi	Imperial College London	mark.pesaresi01@imperial.ac.uk	TBD
ID0048	Trigger/DAQ	Autonomous systems are essential for near-100% uptime, rapid calibrations, and minimal intervention amid rising data rates and detector complexity. We aim to leverage AI/ML to develop self-diagnosing, self-calibrating, and self-running DAQ systems.	Rainer Bartoldus	SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	bartoldu@slac.stanford.edu	SLAC, UChicago
ID0046	Trigger/DAQ	The development of real-time machine learning can enable advanced trigger and data acquisition systems capable of intelligent, efficient, and/or autonomous operations. Studies are planned for online ML in heterogenous hardware systems.	Julia Gonski	SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	jgonski@slac.stanford.edu	SLAC
ID0066	Trigger/DAQ	Development of real-time machine learning, including exploring the usage of commercial heterogeneous devices	Haider Abidi	BNL	sabidi@cern.ch	TBD
ID0068	Trigger/DAQ	Explore using ML-based algorithms with FPGAs on front-end electronics and in the data-acquisition / trigger chain.	Chris Meyer	Indiana University	cjmey@iu.edu	TBD
ID0081	Trigger/DAQ	We are interested in general triggering and data acquisition strategies for FCC. Would like to benefit from our current work on triggering algorithms (including ML) and data compression on different hardware platforms (CPU vs FPGS...).	Alan Watson	University of Birmingham	atw@hep.ph.bham.ac.uk	TBD
ID0082	Trigger/DAQ	On-detector trigger system and calorimeter readout electronics and fast data transfer	Ryszard Stroynowski	Ryszard Stroynowski	ryszard@physics.smu.ed	Columbia University, University of Texas - Austin
ID0092	Trigger/DAQ	Interest in trigger and data acquisition for FCC. Real-time algorithm developments (including with ML). Heterogeneous computing.	Anna Sfyrla	University of Geneva	anna.sfyrla@cern.ch	TBD
		CMOS based vertex detector				
ID0069	Vertex Detector	Light weight Vertex detector design, mechanical integration and performance	Fabrizio Palla	INFN Pisa	Fabrizio.Palla@cern.ch	Pisa, Perugia, Milano, Padova, Torino, Trieste, Frascati, Bari, Genova
ID0019	Vertex Detector	FCC Snail-shape vErTex Detector (FCC-SEED): Project for a Vertex Detector for FCCee	Auguste BESSON	Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert Curien - CNRS	auguste.besson@iphc.cnrs.fr	IPHC-Strasbourg, CPPM-Marseille, APC-Paris, IP2I-Lyon
		Vertexing and timing				
ID0010	Vertex Detector	We are interested in Silicon detector R&D (MAPS, LGAD) edge computing using novel AI/ML methods and study of interconnect technologies.	Mathieu Benoit	ORNL	benoitm@ornl.gov	ORNL, University of Tennessee, University of Kansas
ID0036	Vertex Detector	Swiss advancements towards vertex detectors for FCC-ee: MAPS R&D (within DRD3), vertex detector design and engineering, studies towards vertex detectors with precision timing or inside the beam pipe	Florenca Canelli	University of Zürich	florenca.canelli@cern.ch	University of Zürich, ETH Zürich, Paul Scherrer Institute (PSI)
ID0047	Vertex Detector	Design and simulation of MAPS (TJ 65nm) components for vertex and tracking. Key deliverables include high-performance low-power TDC enabling sub-ns timing resolution, and innovative research to achieve breakthrough improvements in granularity.	Caterina Vernieri	SLAC	caterina@slac.stanford.edu	Brown, MIT
ID0098	Vertex Detector	Development of MAPS for the vertex detector	Alessandro Tricoli	BNL	atricoli@bnl.gov	FNAL, KEK
		Silicon sensor characterisation and test				
ID0040	Vertex Detector	Characterization of sensors and chips, collaborating with groups that already have prototypes working (SLAC, Fermilab, MIT?, CERN?), to provide feedback for the next design iterations.	Valerio Dao	Stony Brook University	valerio.dao@cern.ch	to be defined
ID0041	Vertex Detector	We propose a new telescope setup to study the performance of new silicon sensors at one of the available beam lines (Fermilab? BNL? CERN?), based on our expertise in building telescope setups and interfacing them with different types of DUTs/chips.	Stony Brook University	Valerio Dao	valerio.dao@cern.ch	to be defined

		Vertex detector read-out				
ID0054	Vertex Detector	Data processing and readout of Si pixel detectors (MAPS)	Alexander Paramonov	Argonne National Laboratory	aparamonov@anl.gov	ANL, FNAL, LBNL, SLAC
ID0055	Vertex Detector	fiber-to-chip readout of Si MAPs	Alexander Paramonov	Argonne National Laboratory	aparamonov@anl.gov	ANL, FNAL, LBNL
ID0063	Vertex Detector	R&D for Electronics/readout of Si pixel detectors (MAPS)	Anyes Taffard	UC Irvine	ataffard@uci.edu	LBNL, SLAC, ANL, FNAL
ID0065	Vertex Detector	Develop the ASIC for the wireless communication between the vertex detector and the control room.	K.K. Gan	The Ohio State University	gan@mps.ohio-state.edu	DRD7 Collaborators
ID0103	Vertex Detector	Wireless communications within the vertex detector	Ben Kilminster	University of Zurich	ben.kilminster@physik.uzh.ch	University of Zurich (UZH), Zurich University of Applied Sciences (ZHAW)
ID0105	Vertex Detector	Development of smart chips (FPGAs, ASICs) on vertex detector for data reduction	Ben Kilminster	University of Zurich	ben.kilminster@physik.uzh.ch	University of Zurich (UZH), Zurich University of Applied Sciences (ZHAW)
		MDI				
ID0030	Machine Detector Interface	Perform simulations of beam induced backgrounds at various offshore Higgs Factory concepts to optimize machine detector interface and predict electronics requirements in various accelerator configurations.	Lindsey Gray	Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory	lagray@fnal.gov	SLAC, MIT, Brown
		MDI - IR				
ID0088	Machine Detector Interface	Design of the interaction region, including beam pipes, IR magnets, vertex and lumical integration. Beam induced backgrounds studies and mitigation. Detector integration and maintenance.	Manuela Boscolo	INFN-LNF / Manuela Boscolo	manuela.boscolo@lnf.infn.it	Frascati, Pisa, CERN, BNL, SLAC
		Theory, generators				
ID0014	Software	Theoretical Calculations, Software (MC generators, KKMcee, BHWIDE, Herwig), AI	Andrzej Siodmok	Jagiellonian University	andrzej.siodmok@uj.edu.pl	IFJ PAN, Silesian University
ID0006	Theoretical Calculations	Theoretical Calculations	Prof Dr Johannes Bluemlein	Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron	Johannes.Bluemlein@desy.de	University of Zuerich, MPI Munich, University Hamburg
ID0007	Theoretical Calculations	Theoretical Calculations	Prof Dr Johannes Bluemlein	Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron	Johannes.Bluemlein@desy.de	Falcutad de Físisca, Universidad Autónoma de Zacatecas
ID0008	Theoretical Calculations	Theoretical Calculations	Universidad Autónoma de Za	Facultad de Física	alexgu@fisica.uaz.edu.mx	Facultad de Física, Universidad Autónoma de Zacatecas
ID0009	Theoretical Calculations	Theoretical Calculations	Facultad de Ciencias Químicas	Universidad Autónoma de Zacatecas	mahernan@uaz.edu.mx	Ciencias Químicas, Universidad Autónoma de Zacatecas
ID0025	Theory	Assistance with simulation efforts and estimation of theory systematics arising from perturbative QCD calculations and hadronization effects. New physics effects.	Stefan Hoeche	Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory	shoeche@fnal.gov	-
		Physics studies				
ID0026	Physics Studies	Analysis benchmark studies and algorithm development based on Higgs and BSM measurements to optimize physics performance for detector benchmarks associated with dual readout calorimetry, silicon vertex detector and thin tracker.	Daniel Elvira	Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory	daniel@fnal.gov	-
ID0018	Physics Studies	Higgs physics potential, in particular CP studies	Sandra Kortner	Max Planck Institute for Physics	sandra@mpp.mpg.de	to be defined
ID0044	Physics Studies	Coupling on Higgs hadronic decays	George Iakovidis	Brookhaven National Laboratory	giakovidis@bnl.gov	CERN, Brown, MIT
ID0075	Physics Studies	Building on the experience / contribution to CMS and CMS Upgrades - and in particular Higgs studies. Most of the potential effort is currently focused on completing the latter.	Nick Wardle	Imperial College London	n.wardle09@imperial.ac.uk	TBD
ID0020	Physics Studies	Studies within QCD: energy evolution of event shapes, precision determination of strong coupling constant. Top quark physics in context of the SMEFT with a global EFT fit.	Vitalii Okorokov	National Research Nuclear University MEPhI	Vitaly.Okorokov@cern.ch	
ID0021	Physics Studies	I am interested in new physics searches at FCCee with ML methods.	Kyoungchul Kong	University of Kansas	kckong@ku.edu	University of Kansas
ID0090	Physics Studies	Quantum tomography at the Z peak: entanglement, Bell inequalities violation and anomalous couplings.	Luca Marzola	KBFI	luca.marzola@cern.ch	KBFI (Tallinn), University of Trieste
ID0091	Physics Studies	NLO support to the precision program of FCC-ee: matching the experimental accuracy with theoretical determinations of Higgsstrahlung and WW fusion for candidate New Physics extensions.	Carlo Marzo	NICPB/KBFI (Tallinn)	carlo.marzo@kbfi.ee	NICPB Tallinn, Tartu University
ID0093	Physics Studies	Searches for FIPs with general-purpose and possible dedicated detectors	Anna Sfyrla	University of Geneva	anna.sfyrla@cern.ch	UniGe, EPFL, ETHZ, UZH
ID0079	Higgs factory with CP violation,	Physics analysis, Higgs factory with CP violation, Detector performance, Theoretical Calculation	Avinanda Chaudhuri	Brahmananda Keshab Chandra College	avi.mathphysics@gmail.com	Brahmananda Keshab Chandra College

Status des Eol et des endorsements par les DU

French Eol's

Eol-1) SPEED : Eol Nationale
portée par A. Besson contenant tous les groupes français intéressés par du MCMOS et du VD.

Eol-2) "Towards Time of flight MCMOS tracking layers for a detector at FCC-ee" (Eol nationale) Irfu et Lyon:
portée par Ph. Schwemling, G. Boudoul responsable IN2P3

Eol-3) ALLEGRO calo: (Eol internationale)
Responsable IN2P3: N. Morange

Eol-4) "calo haute granularité version FCC, SiW" (Eol internationale) V. Boudry responsable FCC-IN2P3 (portée par V. Boudry)

Eol-5) dual readout crystal (Eol internationale)
S. Gascon ? est ce approuvé par l'IP2I ?

Eol-6) GRAINITA (orsay-clermont)
(Eol Nationale) portée par S Monteil

EoI-7) EoI SDHCAL (Lyon)
(EoI internationale) portée par I. Laktineh

EoI-8) Development of an ultra-light drift chamber with PID capabilities for the IDEA detector Gabriel Charles

4 concepts (DC):

DC-A) ALLEGRO
contact: N. Morange + G. Marchiori + GB
(l'objectif étant ici aussi d'explorer rapidement dans la communauté qui d'autre serait intéressé à signer/contribuer à ce DC)

DC-B) ILD-CC
contact;: V. Boudry + GB (")

DC-C) CLD
contact: J. Andrea + GB (")

DC-D) IDEA
contact: S. Gascon + GB (")

Debrief de la rédaction de la réponse à Libé

(1) Ces [chiffres sur la consommation d'énergie](#) proviennent du CERN et de l'étude de faisabilité du FCC qui sera publiée le 31 mars.

Plus de détails sont aussi disponibles dans cet [article](#).

Signataires :

Un collectif de physiciens responsables d'équipes ayant contribué à l'étude de faisabilité du FCC :

CEA-Irfu : Roy Aleksan (DPhP). **CNRS-IN2P3 : Gregorio Bernardi** APC, U. Paris-Cité **Auguste Besson** IPHC, U. de Strasbourg **Catherine Biscarat** L2IT, U. Toulouse **Alain Blondel** LPNHE, Sorbonne U. **Vincent Boudry** LLR, I. Polytechnique de Paris **Marco Delmastro** LAPP, U. Savoie-Mont-Blanc **Jean-Baptiste de Vivie** LPSC, U. Grenoble-Alpes **Fares Djama** CPPM, Aix-Marseille U. **Angeles Faus-Golfe** IJCLab, U. Paris-Saclay **Suzanne Gascon** (IP2I, U. Claude-Bernard-Lyon **Giovanni Marchiori** APC, U. Paris-Cité **Stéphane Monteil** LPCA, U. Clermont-Auvergne **Nicolas Morange** IJCLab, U. Paris-Saclay.

TRIBUNE

Pourquoi l'Europe devrait approuver la construction du futur collisionneur de particules du Cern

Article réservé aux abonnés

Dans une tribune publiée dans «Libération», plus de 400 scientifiques critiquaient ce projet de 16 milliards d'euros notamment pour son impact environnemental. Un collectif de physiciens ayant travaillé sur l'étude de faisabilité veut souligner les progrès faits pour réduire son impact et les profits potentiels pour l'ensemble de la société.

- Tribune anti-fcc (25/2)
- Proposition de répondre. AB avait déjà commencé à préparer une longue lettre de réponse aux SeR
- CNRS: pas de réponse officielle, donc proposition de repartir de là, en individuel, faire un résumé et développer certains points
- Discussion sur les signatures → IN2P3 voulait nbre restreint → GB a proposé même liste que pour note GT01 (18 signataires)
- GB/GM ont fait le résumé, itérations avec AB/PJ, puis avec les FCC-contacts
- Liste des signataires jugée trop longue et on peut remercier Ziad, Bogdan, Gaelle, Didier d'avoir accepté de ne pas signer.
- Publication on-line OK
- Publication papier improbable (papier 25% trop long) mais papier sera cité dans un article à venir dans Libé
- Information à toutes les personnes sur **FCC-phys-all (260 personnes)**

➔ Ce n'est pas un forum donc les questions éventuelles sont traitées en liste plus réduite

Evolution organisation avec Team-Leader/Deputy Team Leader

Faites vous enregistrer sur le grey book

Mailing Lists

- FCC-PHYS-ORG : liste pour les fcc-contacts, initialement 1 contact / labo, mais elle a grossi, now 20 persons for 12 labs, IN2P3 et IRFU
- FCC-PED-1 : permanents ayant signé la note GT01 (« FCC-France ») environ 60 physiciens et quelques ingé
- FCC-PED-2 : même chose avec Postdoc et étudiants en plus (70 personnes)
- FCC-PHYS-ALL: liste d'information pour personnes intéressées par news sur FCC (260 personnes)
- **NEW:** FCC-PHYS-IN2P3: chefs de groupe, 1 par labo (exception pour Labo resp. IN2P3)
dans les meetings de cdg, les cdg peuvent se faire remplacer.

Discussions de type forum peuvent avoir lieu dans PHYS-ORG ou PED-2