



The GATE MARIM database

Monte Carlo simulations to Assess
Radiological Impact on Microorganisms

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RAMONES EU project

RAdioactivity Monitoring in OceaN EcoSystems



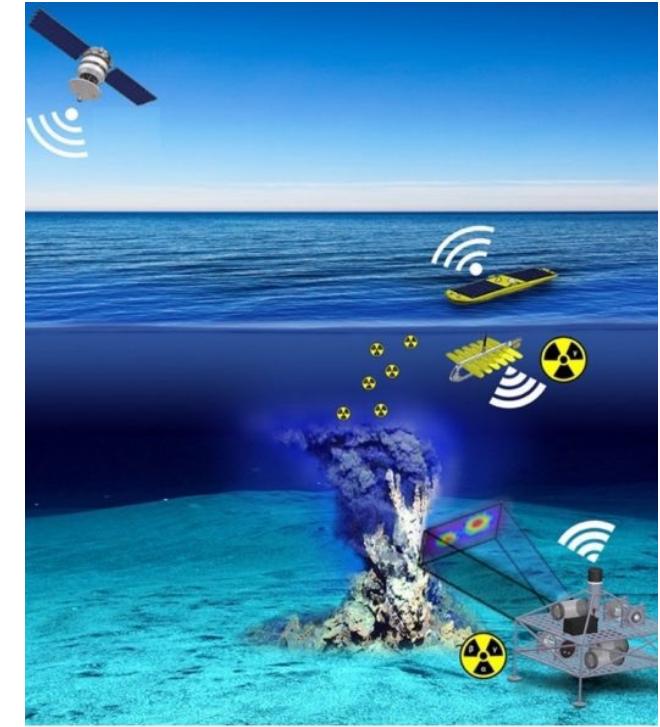
Aiming to provide large-scale, continuous monitoring of radioactivity in ocean

Objectives:

- Novel instruments for measuring radioactivity in seabed and water column
- Marine robotics capabilities for the radiometry instrumentation
- Methodologies for processing marine radioactivity multi-modal data



To evaluate the dose received by microorganisms living in naturally radioactive ecosystems

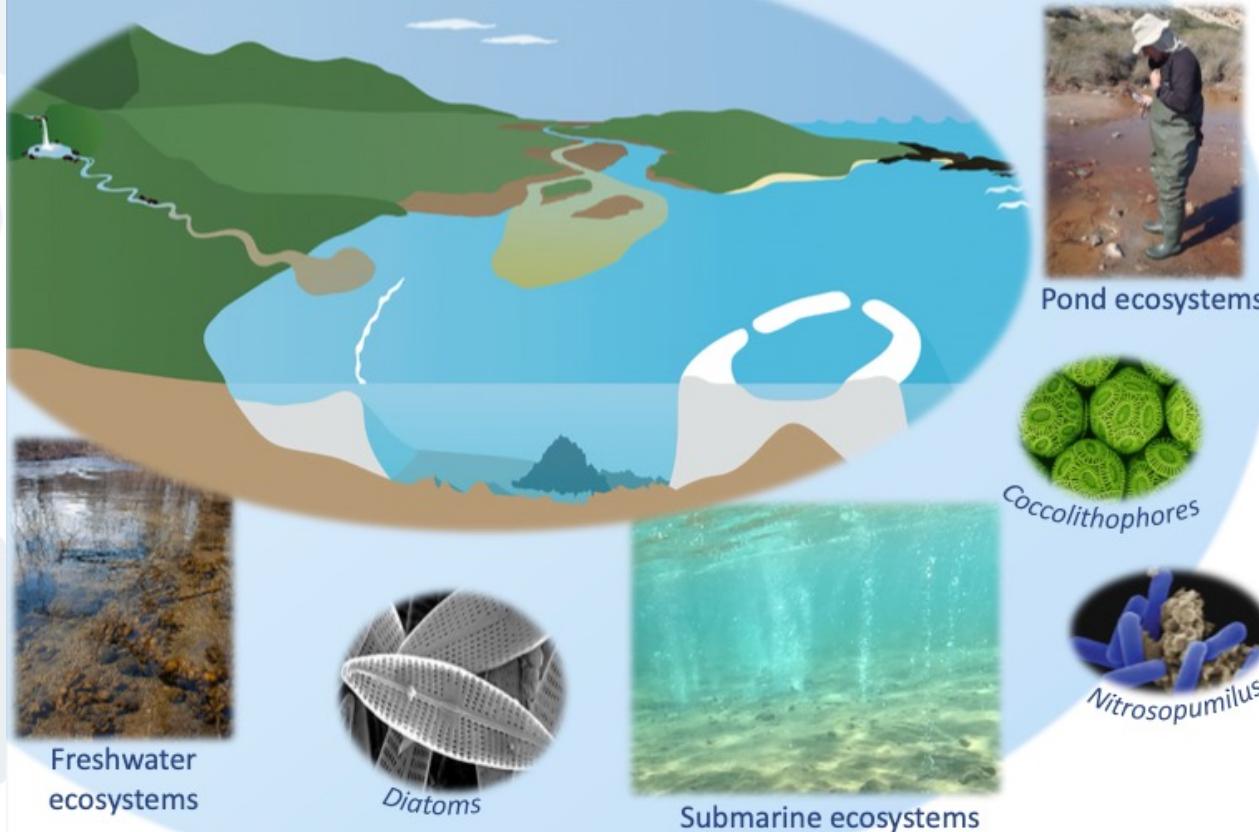


www.ramone-project.eu



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Coastal and marine environment



CHARACTERISTICS

Prokaryote - Unicellular

Cell diameter	0.17-0.22 μm
Cell length	0.5-0.9 μm
Cell shape	Straight rod



CHARACTERISTICS

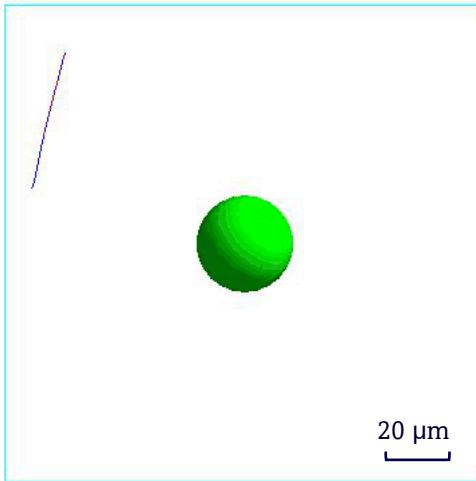
Eukaryote- Unicellular

Cell diameter (include cell coverings)	2.0 - 75.0 μm
Cell shape	Spheric or quite ellipsoidal
Chemical Composition	Internal water – External coccoliths layer (CaCO_3)



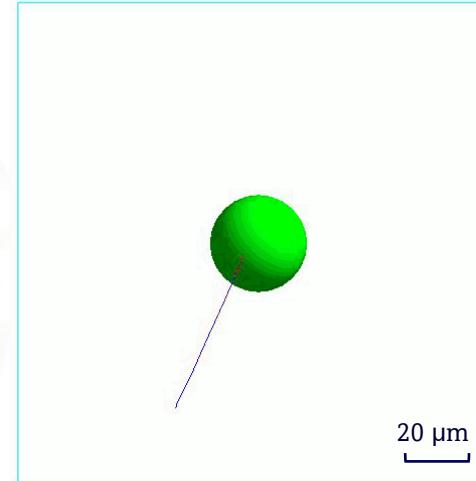
α -emitter radionuclides from the ^{238}U and ^{232}Th decay chains

External exposure



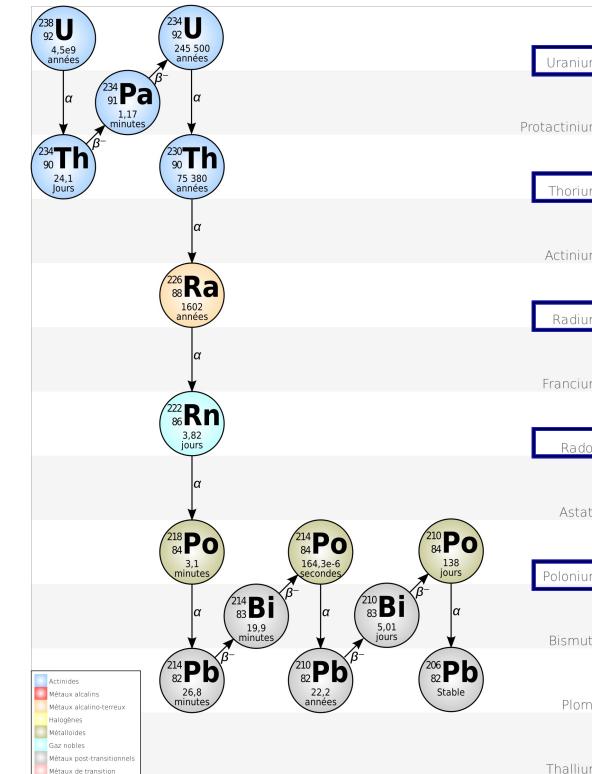
— Alpha (He^{2+})
 — Photons
 — Electrons

Internal exposure

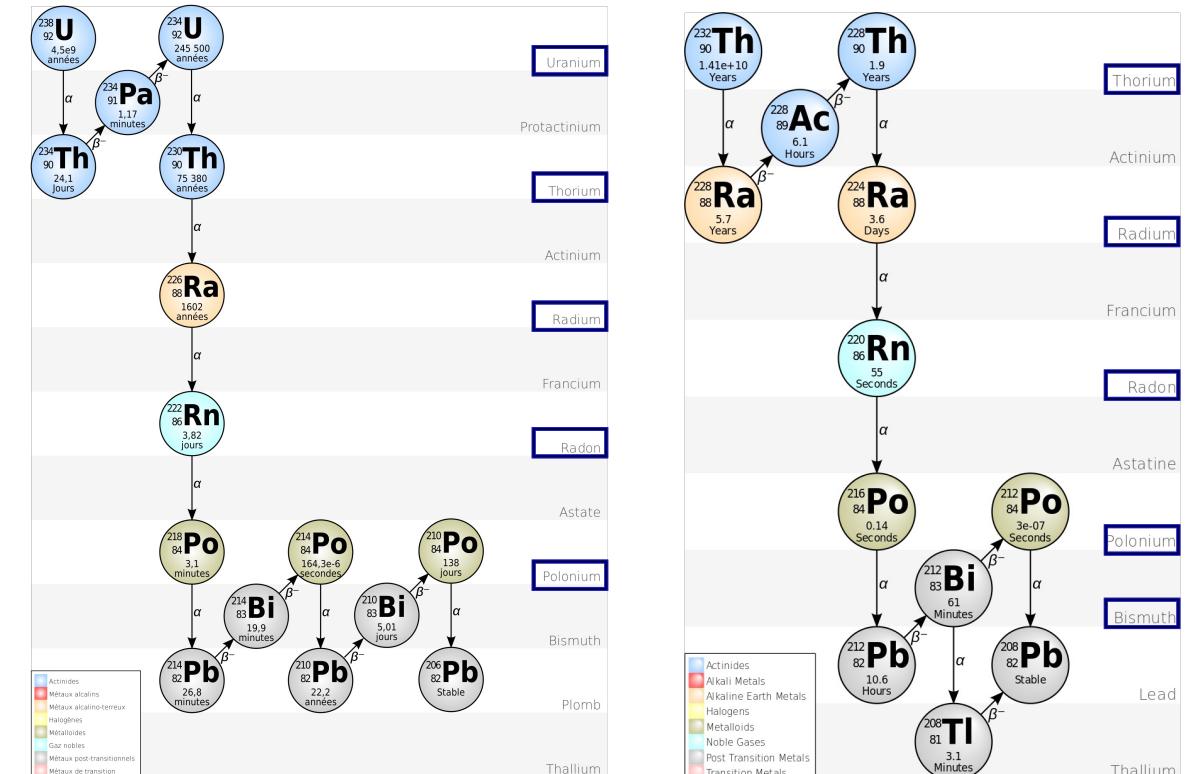


Exemple:

^{226}Ra ($E_{\max} = 4.78 \text{ MeV}$)



15 radionuclides (alpha emitters)



Dose conversion coefficients (DCC)

- specific to the radionuclide and the organism considered
- transformation of radiation exposure to dose rate

$$DCC = \frac{E_{dep}}{N} \times \frac{m_s}{m_t} \times C$$

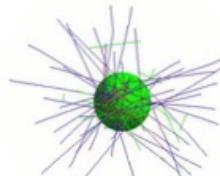
E_{dep} energy deposited in the microorganism (MeV)
N number of simulated primary particles (Bq s)
m_s mass of the source (kg)
m_t mass of the microorganism (kg)
C unit conversion constant = $5.767 \cdot 10^{-4}$

$$DR = C_s \times DCC$$

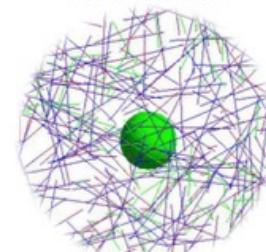
DR: Dose Rate
C_s activity concentration of the radionuclide in Bq kg⁻¹
DCC in $\mu\text{Gy h}^{-1}$ per Bq kg⁻¹

EXPOSURES

INTERNAL



EXTERNAL



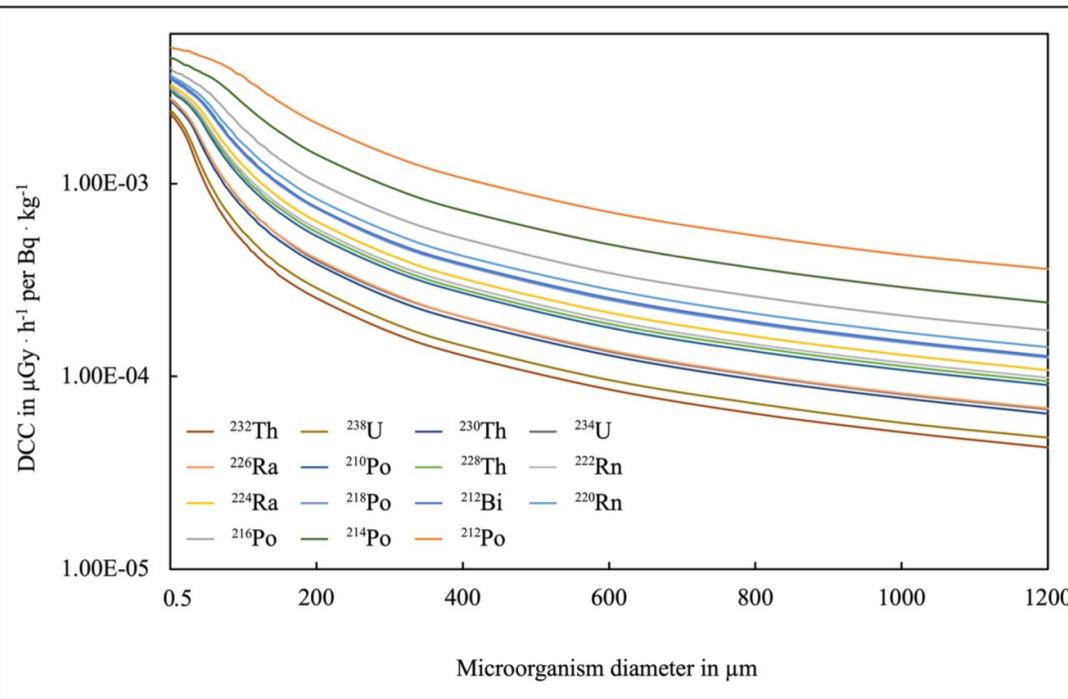
In **external exposure**, environment composition can be defined using a percentage of porosity to evaluate the ratio of water.

$$P(\%) = \frac{V_w}{V_{tot}} \times 100$$

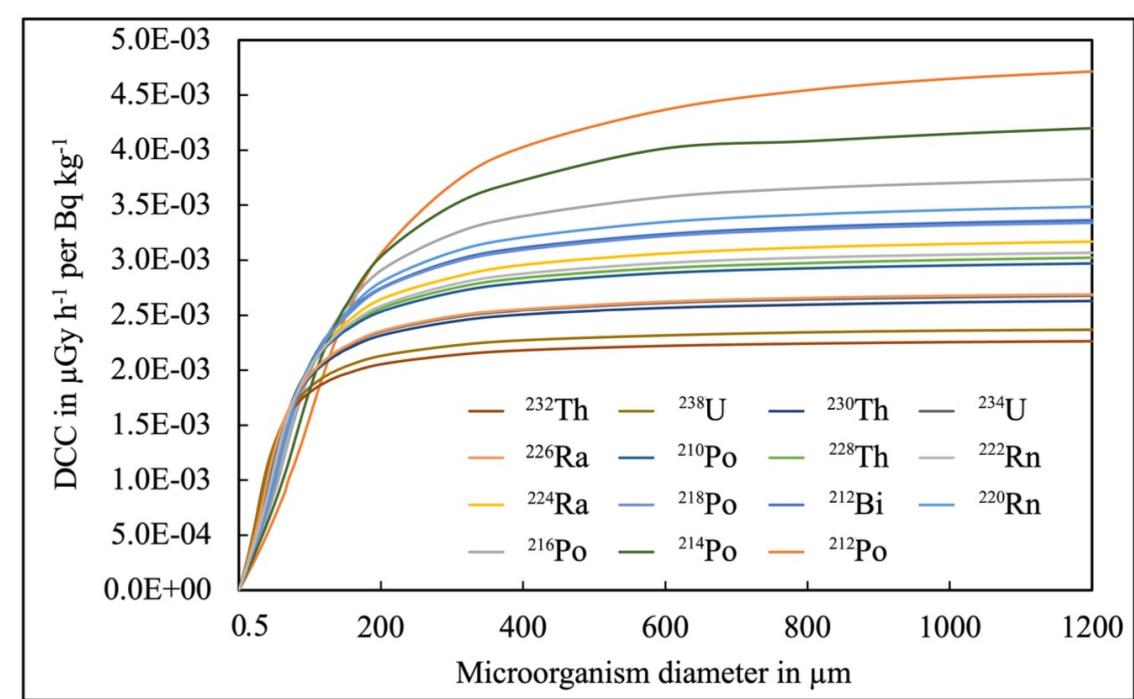
V_w fraction volume of water in the environment
V_{tot} total environment volume

DCC evolution

External exposure - Water



Internal exposure



The database

GATE MARIM DB

42
microorganisms
diameters

0.5
to
1200 µm

α-emitters
 ^{238}U , ^{232}Th
decay
chains

EXPOSURES

INTERNAL
Medium water

EXTERNAL
Porosity:
0, 50 and 100 %

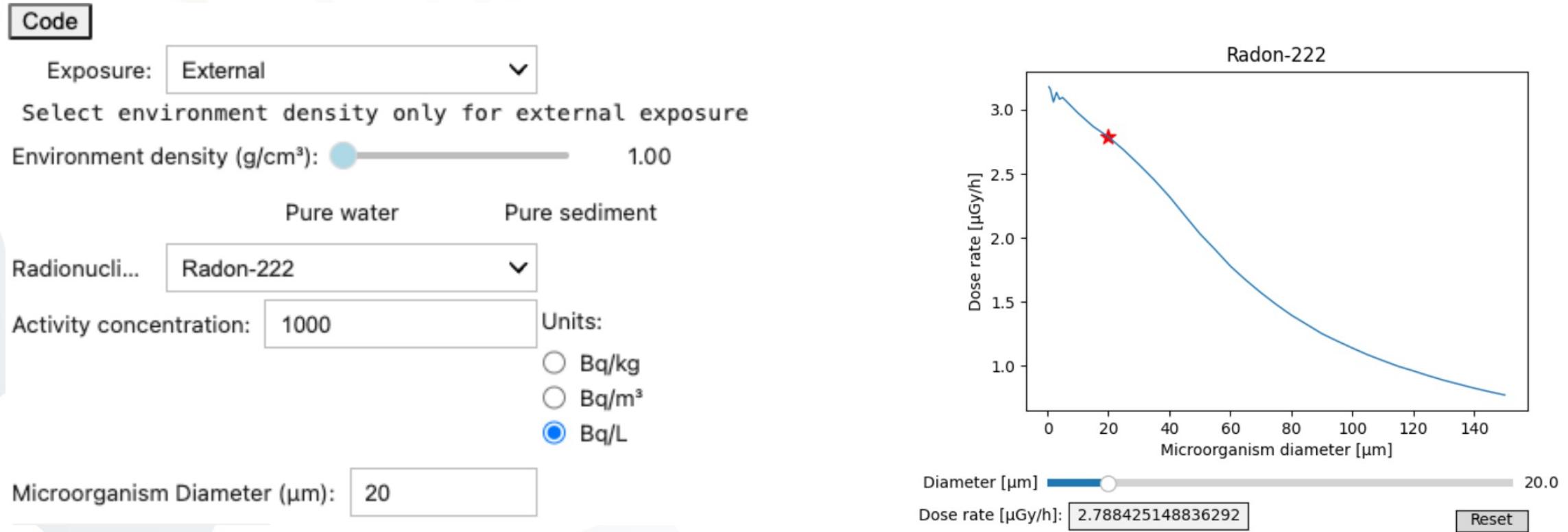
Edep ($\text{MeV Bq}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$)
&
DCC values ($\mu\text{Gy h}^{-1}\text{per Bq kg}^{-1}$)

Available on Github
github.com/lpc-umr6533/marim

- SQL file marimdatabase.sql
- Jupyter notebook

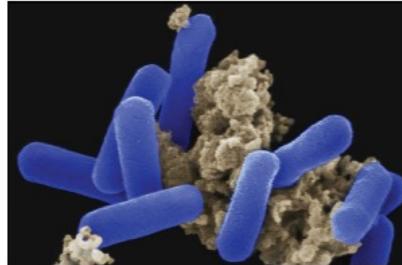
Query to the database through a Jupyter notebook

Example for ^{222}Rn external exposure in water on a $20\ \mu\text{m}$ diameter microorganism for activity concentration of 1000 Bq/L



Dose Rates to some microorganisms

NITROSOPUMILUS MARITIMUS



Diameter 0.5 µm
50% water and sediments

External	Internal
$2.04 \mu\text{Gy h}^{-1}$	$9.63 \cdot 10^{-3} \mu\text{Gy h}^{-1}$



activity
 1000 Bq L^{-1}

COCCOLITHOPHORE EMILIANIA HUXLEYI



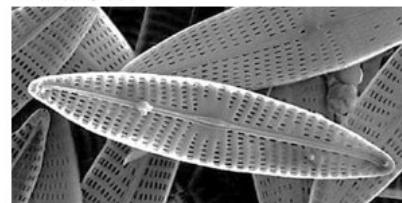
Diameter 10 µm
50% water and sediments

External	Internal
$1.77 \mu\text{Gy h}^{-1}$	$2.05 \cdot 10^{-1} \mu\text{Gy h}^{-1}$



activity
 1000 Bq L^{-1}

DIATOM



Diameter 20 µm
100% water

External	Internal
$2.79 \mu\text{Gy h}^{-1}$	$3.82 \cdot 10^{-1} \mu\text{Gy h}^{-1}$



activity
 1000 Bq L^{-1}

Useful links

The GATE MARIM database

<https://github.com/lpc-umr6533/marim>

Paper in the Journal of Environmental Radioactivity

G R. Fois, S. Kolovi, V. Breton, A. Pereda, P. Chardon, D. Llanes Vega, L. Terray, L. Maigne (2025) GATE MARIM DB, a Monte Carlo database for dose assessment of microorganisms exposed to natural α -radioactivity *Journal of Environmental Radioactivity* 283: 107639 <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenrad.2025.107639>

THANK YOU

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