

Outlook on neutrino theory and phenomenology

Salvador Rosauero-Alcaraz

INFN, Sezione di Bologna



Second International Conference on the Physics of the Two Infinities, University of Tokyo

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino
oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$



Torn between identities - tau-, electron - or muon-neutrino?

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino
oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$



Only experimental evidence
for BSM from the laboratory

Physics BSM

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$



Only experimental evidence for BSM from the laboratory

Physics BSM

What do we know?

NuFit 6.0, I. Esteban et al., arXiv:2410.05380

SNO, Borexino, KamLAND

Solar sector

$$\Delta m_{21}^2 = 7.49^{+0.19}_{-0.19} \cdot 10^{-5} \text{eV}^2$$
$$\sin^2 \theta_{12} = 0.308^{+0.012}_{-0.011}$$

SK, T2K, NOvA, MINOS, IC

Atmospheric sector

$$\Delta m_{31}^2 = 2.5^{+0.019}_{-0.021} \cdot 10^{-3} \text{eV}^2$$
$$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.47^{+0.017}_{-0.017}$$

Daya Bay, RENO, T2K, NOvA

Reactor sector

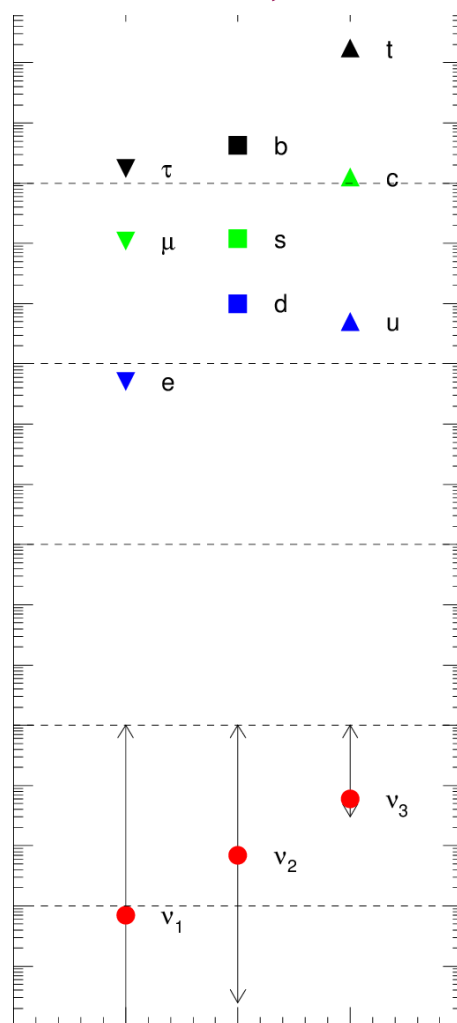
$$\sin^2 \theta_{13} = 0.02215^{+0.0006}_{-0.0006}$$

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino oscillations

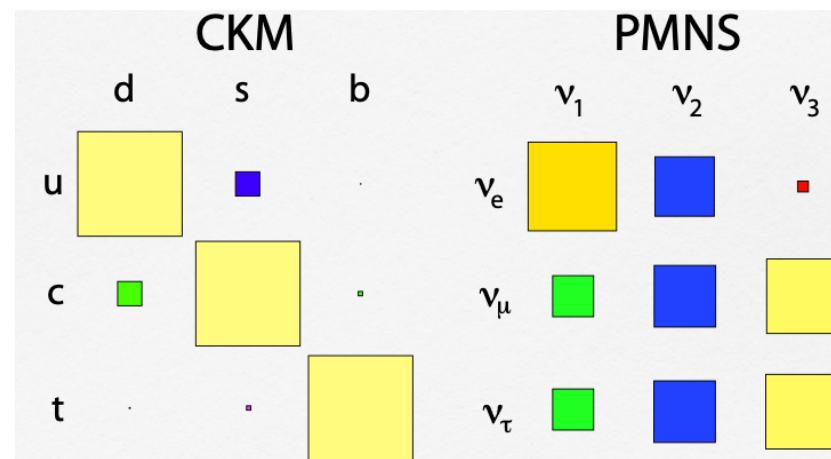
A. de Gouvea, HQL 2008



Physics BSM

Only experimental evidence for BSM from the laboratory

Half of the SM flavor puzzle!



S. King, DISCRETE 2014

NuFit 6.0, I. Esteban *et al.*, arXiv:2410.05380

$$\Delta m_{21}^2 = 7.49^{+0.19}_{-0.19} \cdot 10^{-5} \text{eV}^2$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{12} = 0.308^{+0.012}_{-0.011}$$

$$\Delta m_{31}^2 = 2.5^{+0.019}_{-0.021} \cdot 10^{-3} \text{eV}^2$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.47^{+0.017}_{-0.017}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_{13} = 0.02215^{+0.0006}_{-0.0006}$$

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$

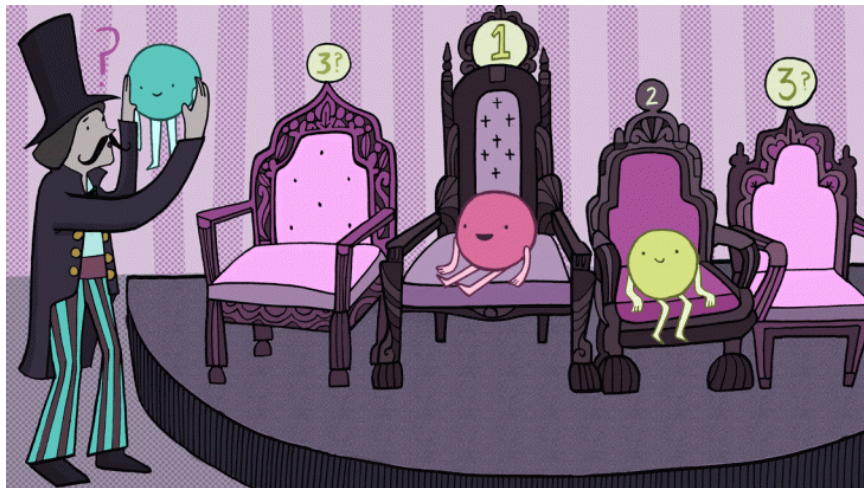
Only experimental evidence for BSM from the laboratory



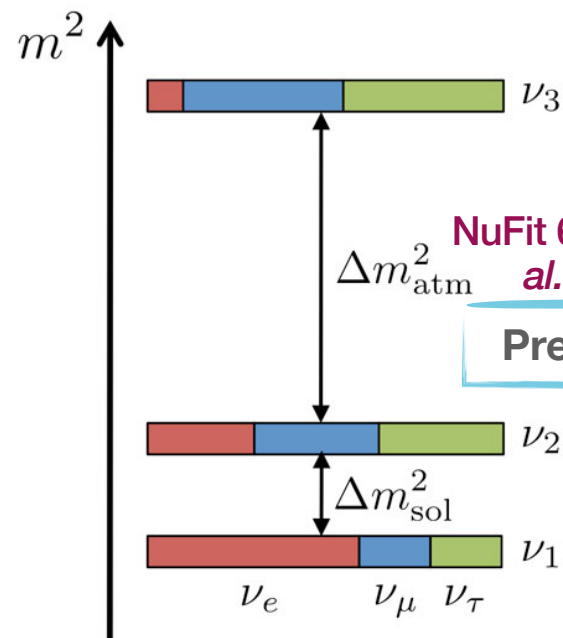
Physics BSM

Known unknowns

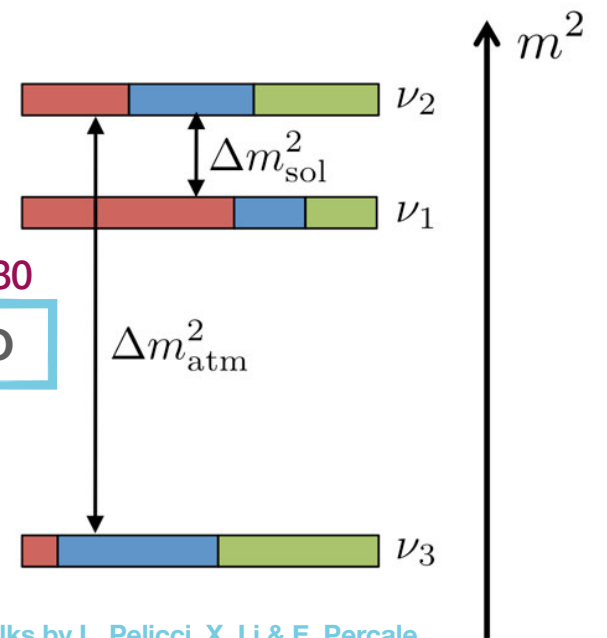
Mass ordering



normal hierarchy (NH)



inverted hierarchy (IH)



NuFit 6.0, I. Esteban et al., arXiv:2410.05380

Preference for NO

See talks by L. Pelicci, X. Li & E. Percale

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino
oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$

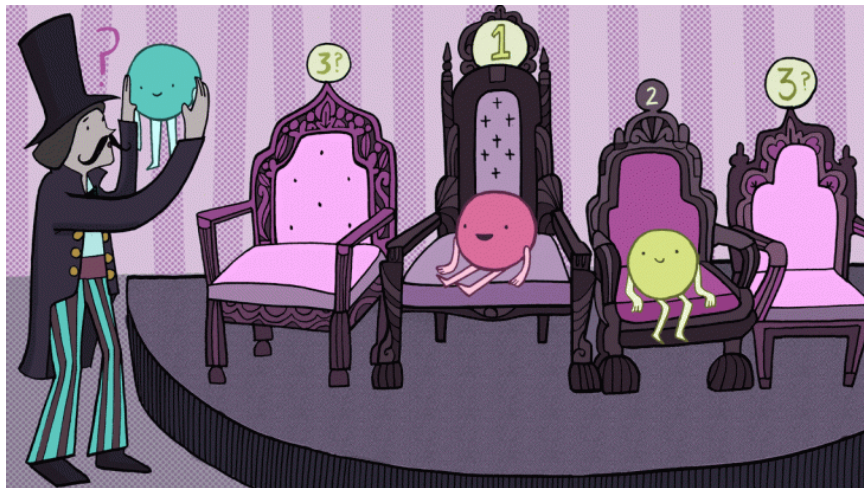
Only experimental evidence
for BSM from the laboratory



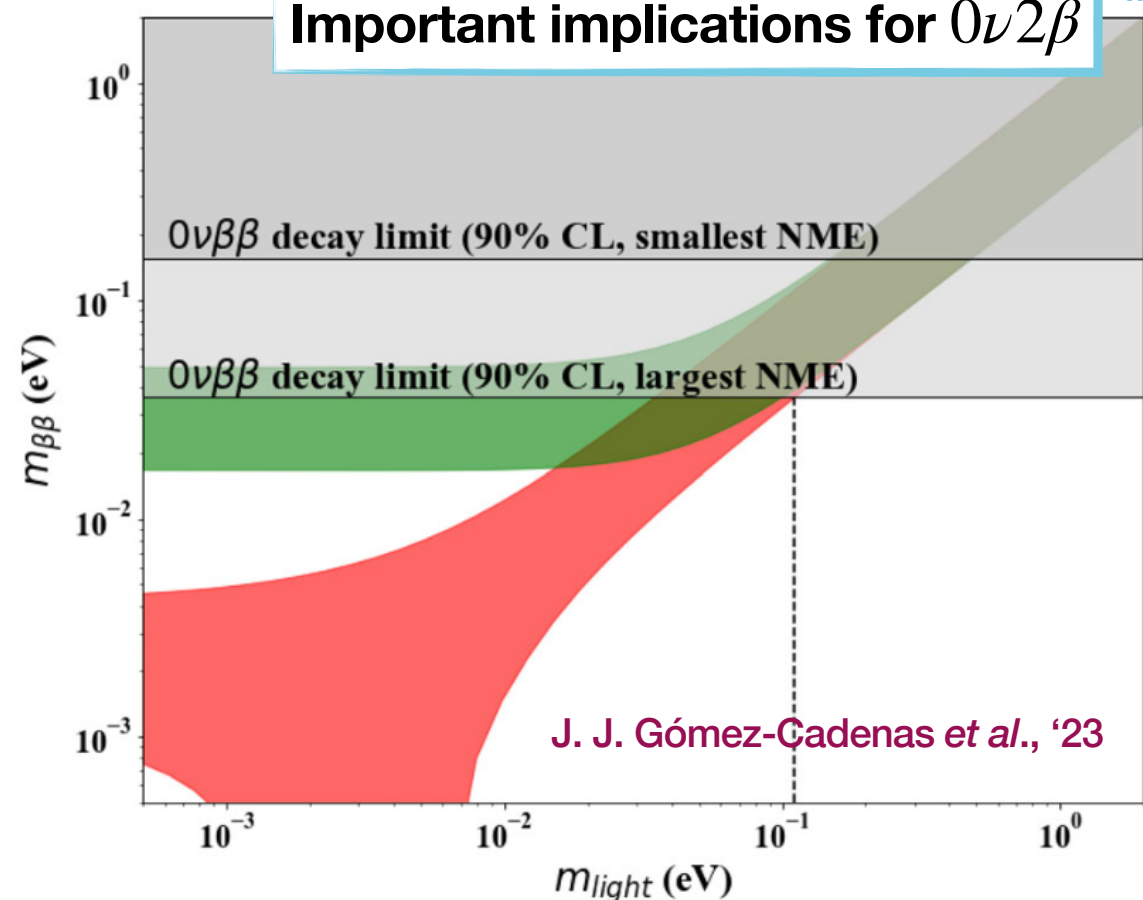
Physics BSM

Known unknowns

Mass ordering



Important implications for $0\nu 2\beta$



See talk by R. Cesarano,
W. Parker & K. Heeger

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino
oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$

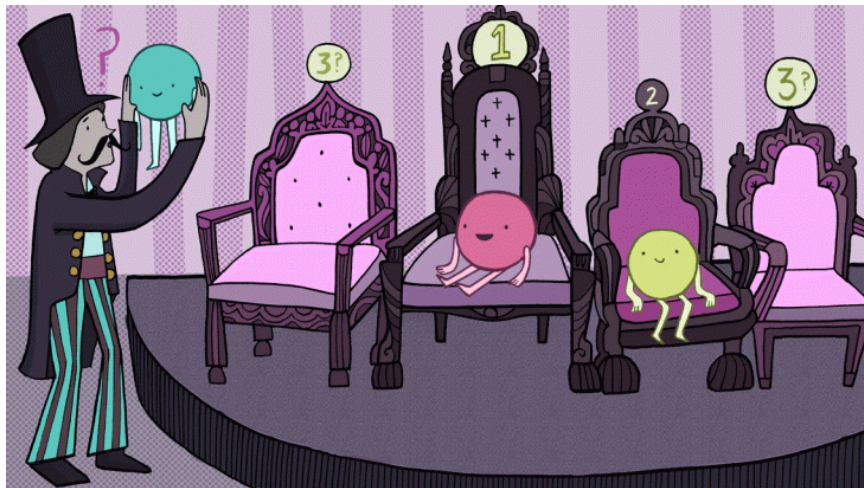
Only experimental evidence
for BSM from the laboratory



Physics BSM

Known unknowns

Mass ordering



See talks by J. Liu, J. Yu & G. Rossi

**Complementarity
with cosmology**

Sensitive to $\sum m_{\nu_i}$

DESI Collaboration, arXiv:2503.14744

$$\sum m_{\nu_i} < 0.064 \text{ eV}$$

CMB + DESI DR2 BAO
@ 95% CL

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$

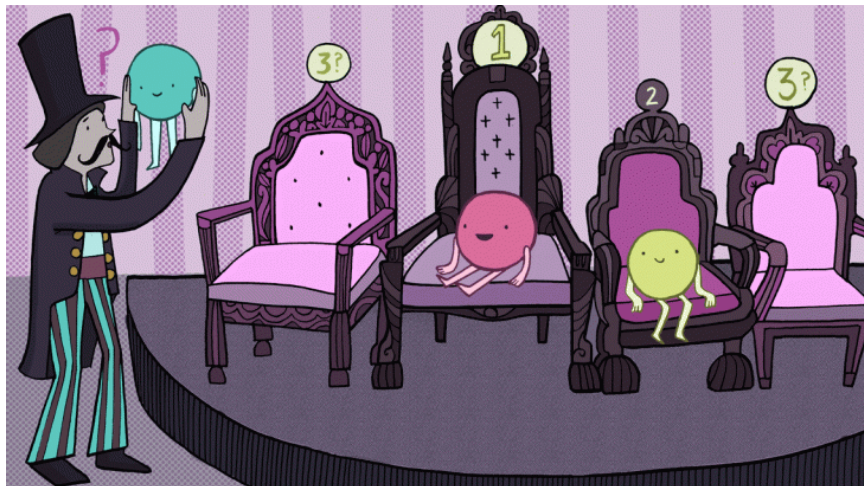
Only experimental evidence for BSM from the laboratory



Physics BSM

Known unknowns

Mass ordering



See talks by J. Liu, J. Yu & G. Rossi

Complementarity with cosmology

Sensitive to $\sum m_{\nu_i}$

DESI Collaboration, arXiv:2503.14744

$$\sum m_{\nu_i} < 0.064 \text{ eV}$$

CMB + DESI DR2 BAO
@ 95% CL

From oscillations

$$\sum m_{\nu_i} \geq 0.059 \text{ eV for NO}$$
$$\sum m_{\nu_i} \geq 0.099 \text{ eV for IO}$$

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino
oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$

Only experimental evidence
for BSM from the laboratory



Physics BSM

Known unknowns

CP violation

T2K: shorter baseline,
cleaner CPV effect

NOvA: longer baseline,
large matter effects,
more sensitive to MO

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$

Only experimental evidence for BSM from the laboratory



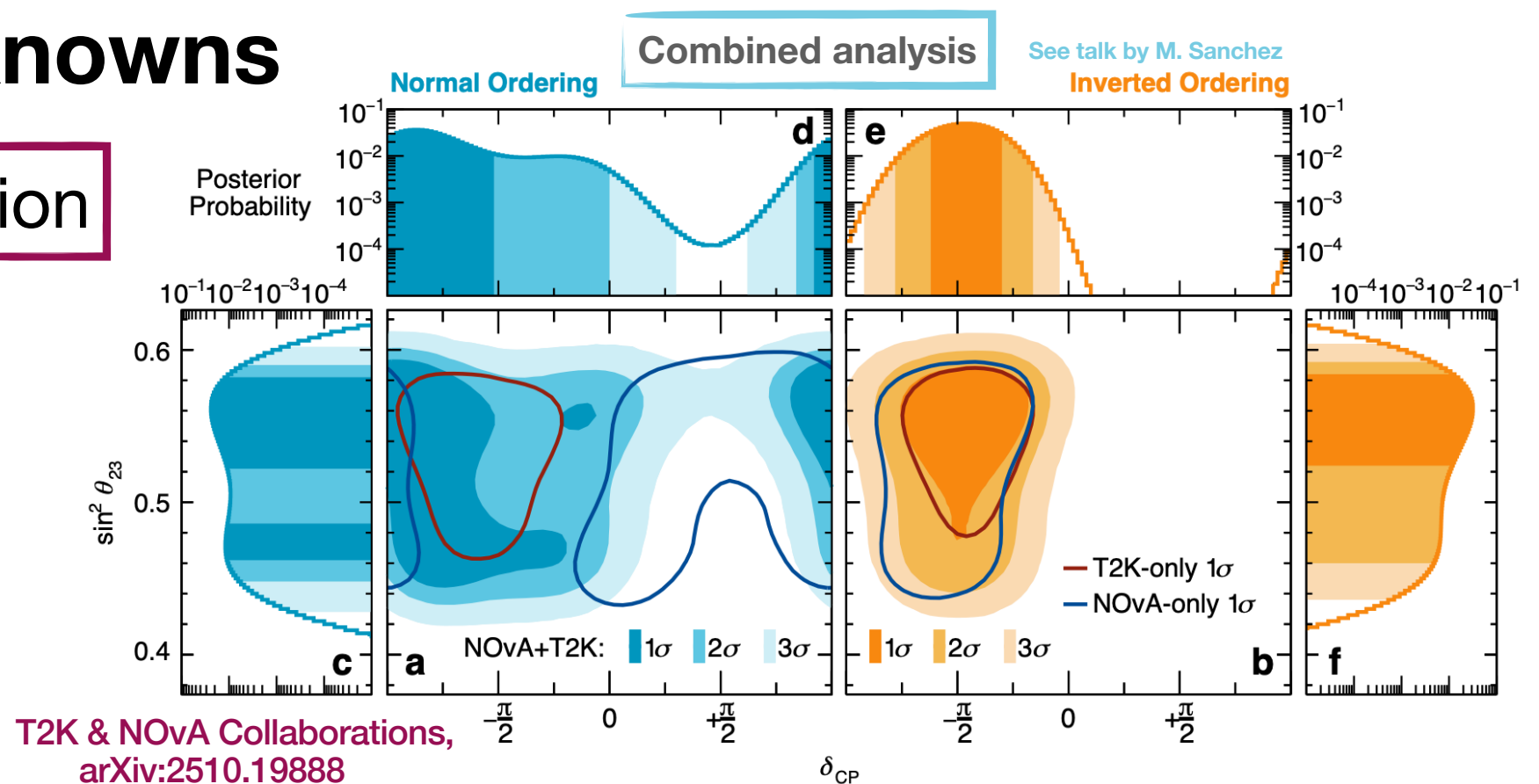
Physics BSM

Known unknowns

CP violation

T2K: shorter baseline, cleaner CPV effect

NOvA: longer baseline, large matter effects, more sensitive to MO



Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$

Only experimental evidence for BSM from the laboratory



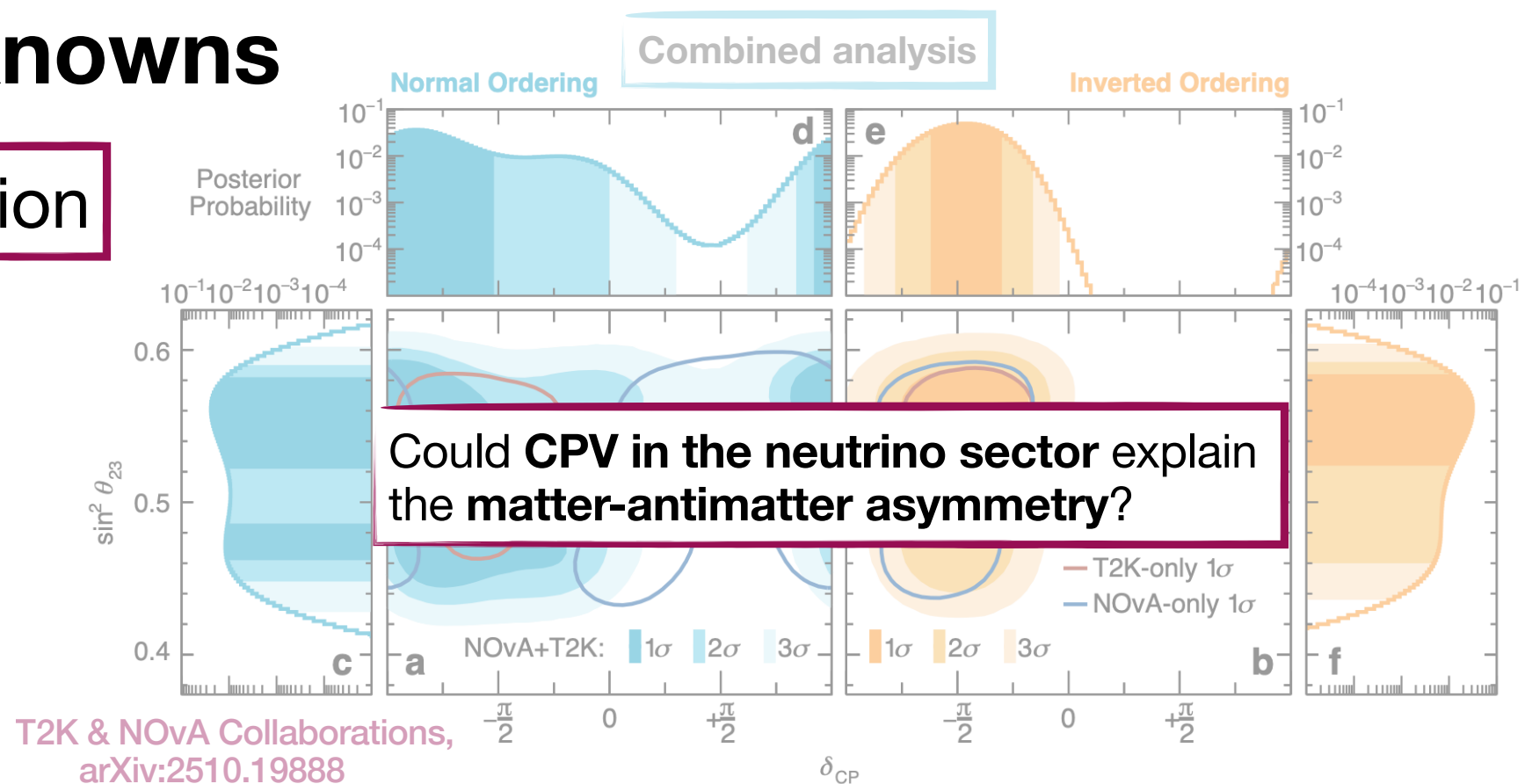
Physics BSM

Known unknowns

CP violation

T2K: shorter baseline, cleaner CPV effect

NOvA: longer baseline, large matter effects, more sensitive to MO



Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino oscillations

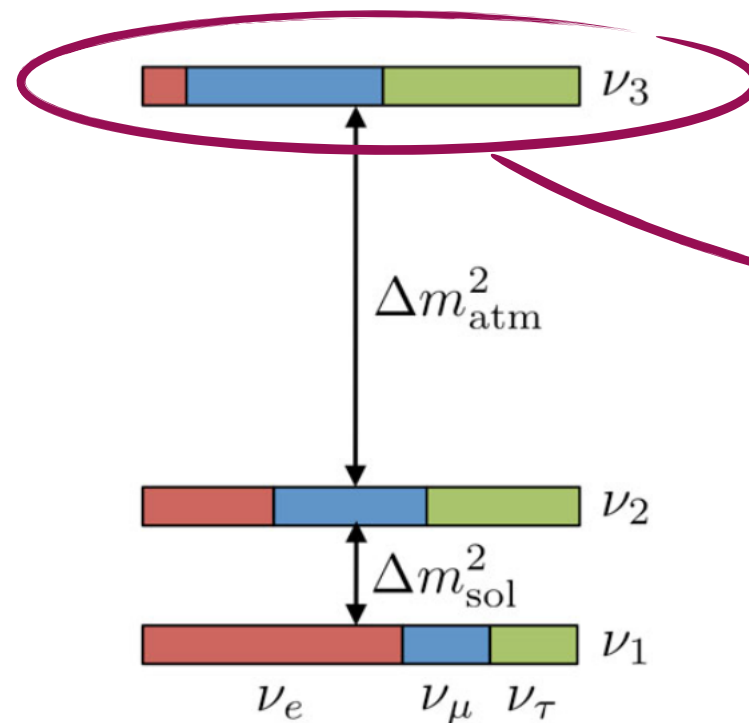
$$m_\nu \neq 0$$

Only experimental evidence for BSM from the laboratory



Physics BSM

Known unknowns



Octant of θ_{23}

Does ν_3 have more ν_μ or ν_τ content?

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

Neutrino oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$

Only experimental evidence for BSM from the laboratory



Physics BSM

Known unknowns

Mass ordering

CP violation

Octant of θ_{23}

See talks by L. Périssé, S. Biagi, A. Blanchet, L. Mellet, T. Leplumey, A. Santos, C. Bronner & N. K. Neilson

Current and future experiments will try to answer these questions



We are entering an era of **precision in neutrino physics**

Neutrino masses

Open window on Physics BSM

Neutrino
oscillations

$$m_\nu \neq 0$$



Only experimental evidence
for BSM from the laboratory

Physics BSM

Unknown unknowns

What is the origin of ν masses?

Do neutrinos have interactions
beyond their SM ones?

Are neutrinos Dirac or
Majorana particles?

Why is leptonic mixing so
different from the quark one?

What is the scale of NP?

Origin of neutrino masses

Renormalizable operators

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

$$\mathcal{L} \supset - \bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R + h.c.$$

SM singlet!



Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

See e.g. Y. Cai *et al.*, arXiv:1711.02180
One of the three ways to generate
the Weinberg operator at tree-level

P. Minkowski, Phys. Lett. B (1977)
R. N. Mohapatra & G. Senjanovic, Phys. Rev. Lett (1980)
T. Yanagida, Conf. Proc C7902131 (1979)
M. Gell-Mann et al. Conf. Proc C790927 (1979)

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

SM singlet!

New scale not related to
EW symmetry breaking!

Lepton number violation

Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

One of the three ways to generate
the Weinberg operator at tree-level

P. Minkowski, Phys. Lett. B (1977)
R. N. Mohapatra & G. Senjanovic, Phys. Rev. Lett (1980)
T. Yanagida, Conf. Proc C7902131 (1979)
M. Gell-Mann et al. Conf. Proc C790927 (1979)

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

SM singlet!

New scale not related to
EW symmetry breaking!

Lepton number violation

Neutrino masses

A. Ibarra & G. Ross,
arXiv:hep-ph/0312138

Need at least 2 N_R to
explain oscillation data

$$U^T \mathcal{M}_\nu U \simeq \begin{pmatrix} N^T & -\theta^* \\ \theta^T & X^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N & \theta \\ -\theta^\dagger & X \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{\text{light}} & 0 \\ 0 & m_N \end{pmatrix}$$

Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

One of the three ways to generate
the Weinberg operator at tree-level

P. Minkowski, Phys. Lett. B (1977)
R. N. Mohapatra & G. Senjanovic, Phys. Rev. Lett (1980)
T. Yanagida, Conf. Proc C7902131 (1979)
M. Gell-Mann et al. Conf. Proc C790927 (1979)

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c \boxed{M} N_R + h.c.$$

SM singlet!

New scale not related to
EW symmetry breaking!

Lepton number violation

Neutrino masses

Mixing matrix measured
in oscillations: **not unitary**

$$U^T \mathcal{M}_\nu U \simeq \begin{pmatrix} N^T & -\theta^* \\ \theta^T & X^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \boxed{N} & \theta \\ -\theta^\dagger & X \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{\text{light}} & 0 \\ 0 & m_N \end{pmatrix}$$

Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

One of the three ways to generate
the Weinberg operator at tree-level

P. Minkowski, Phys. Lett. B (1977)
R. N. Mohapatra & G. Senjanovic, Phys. Rev. Lett (1980)
T. Yanagida, Conf. Proc C7902131 (1979)
M. Gell-Mann et al. Conf. Proc C790927 (1979)

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c \boxed{M} N_R + h.c.$$

SM singlet!

New scale not related to
EW symmetry breaking!

Lepton number violation

Neutrino masses

$$U^T \mathcal{M}_\nu U \simeq \begin{pmatrix} N^T & -\theta^* \\ \theta^T & X^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N \\ -\theta^\dagger \\ X \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{\text{light}} & 0 \\ 0 & m_N \end{pmatrix}$$

Active-heavy mixing

$$\theta \sim m_D M^{-1} = v_H Y_\nu M^{-1} / \sqrt{2}$$

Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

Not unitary

$$U^T \mathcal{M}_\nu U \simeq \begin{pmatrix} N^T & -\theta^* \\ \theta^T & X^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N & \theta \\ -\theta^\dagger & X \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{\text{light}} & 0 \\ 0 & m_N \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\theta \sim m_D M^{-1} = v_H Y_\nu M^{-1} / \sqrt{2}$$

Modification of weak interactions

$$W \begin{array}{l} \nearrow \nu_{\text{light}} (N_{\text{heavy}}) \\ \searrow \ell_\alpha \end{array} \propto N(\theta)$$

$$Z \begin{array}{l} \nearrow \nu_{\text{light}} (N_{\text{heavy}}) \\ \searrow \nu_{\text{light}} \end{array} \propto N^\dagger N (N^\dagger \theta)$$

Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

$$U^T \mathcal{M}_\nu U \simeq \begin{pmatrix} N^T & -\theta^* \\ \theta^T & X^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N & \theta \\ -\theta^\dagger & X \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{\text{light}} & 0 \\ 0 & m_N \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\theta \sim m_D M^{-1} = v_H Y_\nu M^{-1} / \sqrt{2}$$

What is the scale of **NP?**

Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

$$U^T \mathcal{M}_\nu U \simeq \begin{pmatrix} N^T & -\theta^* \\ \theta^T & X^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N & \theta \\ -\theta^\dagger & X \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{\text{light}} & 0 \\ 0 & m_N \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\theta \sim m_D M^{-1} = v_H Y_\nu M^{-1} / \sqrt{2}$$

What is the scale of **NP?**

High-scale seesaw

Lightness of neutrino masses from
hierarchy between v_H and M

Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

$$U^T \mathcal{M}_\nu U \simeq \begin{pmatrix} N^T & -\theta^* \\ \theta^T & X^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N & \theta \\ -\theta^\dagger & X \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{\text{light}} & 0 \\ 0 & m_N \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\theta \sim m_D M^{-1} = v_H Y_\nu M^{-1} / \sqrt{2}$$

What is the scale of **NP?**

High-scale seesaw

Lightness of neutrino masses from
hierarchy between v_H and M

$$Y_\nu \sim 1, \quad M \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{15}) \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_\nu \sim -m_D M^{-1} m_D^T$$

Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

$$U^T \mathcal{M}_\nu U \simeq \begin{pmatrix} N^T & -\theta^* \\ \theta^T & X^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N & \theta \\ -\theta^\dagger & X \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{\text{light}} & 0 \\ 0 & m_N \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\theta \sim m_D M^{-1} = v_H Y_\nu M^{-1} / \sqrt{2}$$

What is the scale of **NP?**

High-scale seesaw

Lightness of neutrino masses from
hierarchy between v_H and M

$$Y_\nu \sim 1, \quad M \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{15}) \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_\nu \sim -m_D M^{-1} m_D^T$$

M. Fukugita & T. Yanagida, '86

$$\theta \sim 10^{-13}$$

Leptogenesis, but no further
experimental signature

Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

$$U^T \mathcal{M}_\nu U \simeq \begin{pmatrix} N^T & -\theta^* \\ \theta^T & X^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N & \theta \\ -\theta^\dagger & X \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{\text{light}} & 0 \\ 0 & m_N \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\theta \sim m_D M^{-1} = v_H Y_\nu M^{-1} / \sqrt{2}$$

What is the scale of **NP?**

High-scale seesaw

Lightness of neutrino masses from
hierarchy between v_H and M

$$Y_\nu \sim 1, \quad M \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{15}) \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_\nu \sim -m_D M^{-1} m_D^T \quad \text{M. Fukugita \& T. Yanagida, '86}$$

$$\theta \sim 10^{-13}$$

Leptogenesis, but no further
experimental signature

Low-scale seesaw

Lightness of neutrino masses from
approximate lepton number symmetry

See e.g. R. Mohapatra & J. Valle, '86; M.
Malinsky *et al.*, '05; B. Gavela *et al.*,
'09; G. Senjanovic & F. Vissani, '11

Origin of neutrino masses

Type-I Seesaw

Introduce **RH counterpart**,
as for any other SM fermion

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

$$U^T \mathcal{M}_\nu U \simeq \begin{pmatrix} N^T & -\theta^* \\ \theta^T & X^T \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N & \theta \\ -\theta^\dagger & X \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_{\text{light}} & 0 \\ 0 & m_N \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\theta \sim m_D M^{-1} = v_H Y_\nu M^{-1} / \sqrt{2}$$

What is the scale of **NP?**

High-scale seesaw

Lightness of neutrino masses from
hierarchy between v_H and M

$$Y_\nu \sim 1, \quad M \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{15}) \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_\nu \sim -m_D M^{-1} m_D^T \quad \text{M. Fukugita \& T. Yanagida, '86}$$

$$\theta \sim 10^{-13}$$

Leptogenesis, but no further
experimental signature

Low-scale seesaw

Lightness of neutrino masses from
approximate lepton number symmetry

$$Y_\nu \sim 0.1, \quad M \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{2-3}) \text{ GeV}$$

See e.g. R. Mohapatra & J. Valle, '86; M. Malinsky *et al.*, '05; B. Gavela *et al.*, '09; G. Senjanovic & F. Vissani, '11

$$\theta \sim 10^{-2}$$

Phenomenologically very attractive

Origin of neutrino masses

Low-scale seesaw

Lightness of neutrino masses from
approximate lepton number symmetry

Example: **Inverse Seesaw**

R. Mohapatra & J. Valle, '86

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L M N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_L^c \mu N_L + h.c.$$

Origin of neutrino masses

Low-scale seesaw

Lightness of neutrino masses from
approximate lepton number symmetry

Example: **Inverse Seesaw**

R. Mohapatra & J. Valle, '86

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L M N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_L^c \mu N_L + h.c.$$

Only source of
L-breaking

$$\mathcal{M}_\nu = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D & 0 \\ m_D^T & 0 & M \\ 0 & M^T & \mu \end{pmatrix}$$

Origin of neutrino masses

Low-scale seesaw

Lightness of neutrino masses from
approximate lepton number symmetry

Example: **Inverse Seesaw**

R. Mohapatra & J. Valle, '86

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L M N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_L^c \mu N_L + h.c.$$

Only source of
L-breaking

$$\mathcal{M}_\nu = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D & 0 \\ m_D^T & 0 & M \\ 0 & M^T & \mu \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m_{\text{light}} \sim \theta^2 \mu, \quad \theta \sim m_D M^{-1}$$

Even when $\mu \rightarrow 0$ we can have sizable θ

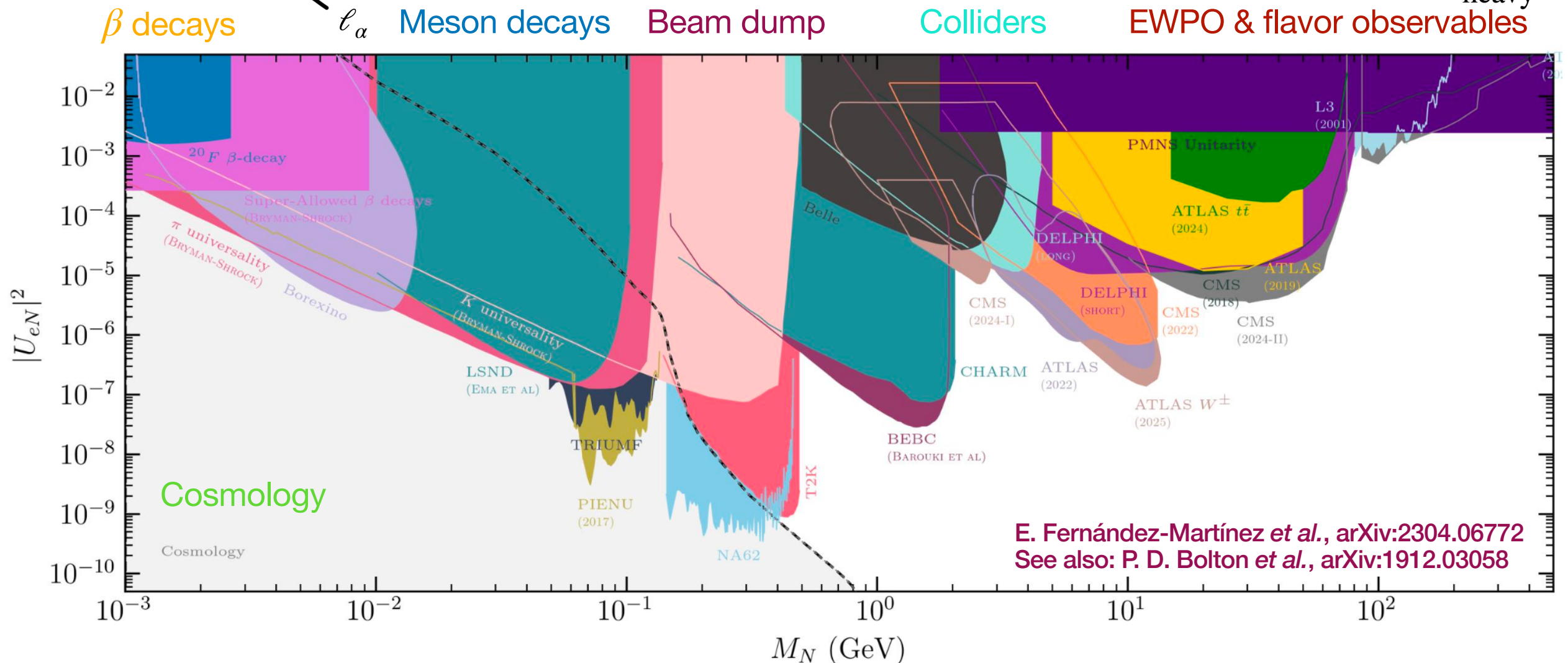
What is the NP scale?

Rich phenomenology

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

$\nu_{\text{light}} (N_{\text{heavy}})$

μ N_{heavy} e



What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

A. Ibarra & G. Ross,
arXiv:hep-ph/0312138

Need at least $2 N_R$ to
explain oscillation data

Baryogenesis

ARS Leptogenesis

Generation of the **BAU** through **oscillations and scatterings: at least one HNL out-of-equilibrium**

E. K. Akhmedov, V. Rubakov and A. Y. Smirnov, '98
P. Hernandez *et al.*, arXiv:1508.03676
P. Hernandez *et al.*, arXiv:1606.06719
See M. Drewes *et al.*, arXiv:171102862 for a review

What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

A. Ibarra & G. Ross,
arXiv:hep-ph/0312138

Need at least 2 N_R to
explain oscillation data

Baryogenesis

ARS Leptogenesis

Generation of the **BAU** through **oscillations and scatterings**: at least one **HNL out-of-equilibrium**

E. K. Akhmedov, V. Rubakov and A. Y. Smirnov, '98
P. Hernandez *et al.*, arXiv:1508.03676
P. Hernandez *et al.*, arXiv:1606.06719
See M. Drewes *et al.*, arXiv:171102862 for a review

Dark matter

Adding an **additional** N_R , its **mass** lies at $\mathcal{O}(\text{keV})$ **scale and its mixing is suppressed**

Good DM candidate! S. Dodelson & L. Widrow, arXiv: hep-ph/9303287

What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

A. Ibarra & G. Ross,
arXiv:hep-ph/0312138

Need at least $2 N_R$ to
explain oscillation data

Baryogenesis

ARS Leptogenesis

Generation of the **BAU** through **oscillations and scatterings**: at least one **HNL out-of-equilibrium**

E. K. Akhmedov, V. Rubakov and A. Y. Smirnov, '98
P. Hernandez *et al.*, arXiv:1508.03676
P. Hernandez *et al.*, arXiv:1606.06719
See M. Drewes *et al.*, arXiv:171102862 for a review

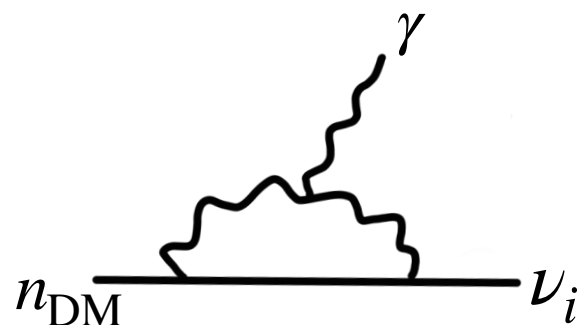
Dark matter

Adding an **additional** N_R , its **mass** lies at $\mathcal{O}(\text{keV})$ **scale** and its **mixing is suppressed**

Good DM candidate!

S. Dodelson & L. Widrow, arXiv: hep-ph/9303287

Signal completely **unrelated** to that
searched for in **direct DM experiments**



$$\propto G_F^2 \left| \theta_{\alpha\text{DM}} \right|^2 m_{\text{DM}}^5$$

What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

A. Ibarra & G. Ross,
arXiv:hep-ph/0312138

Need at least $2 N_R$ to
explain oscillation data

Baryogenesis

ARS Leptogenesis

Generation of the **BAU** through **oscillations and scatterings**: at least one **HNL** out-of-equilibrium

Dark matter

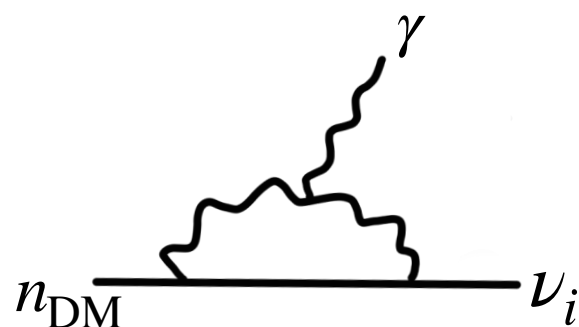
Adding an **additional** N_R , its **mass** lies at $\mathcal{O}(\text{keV})$

Good DM candidate!

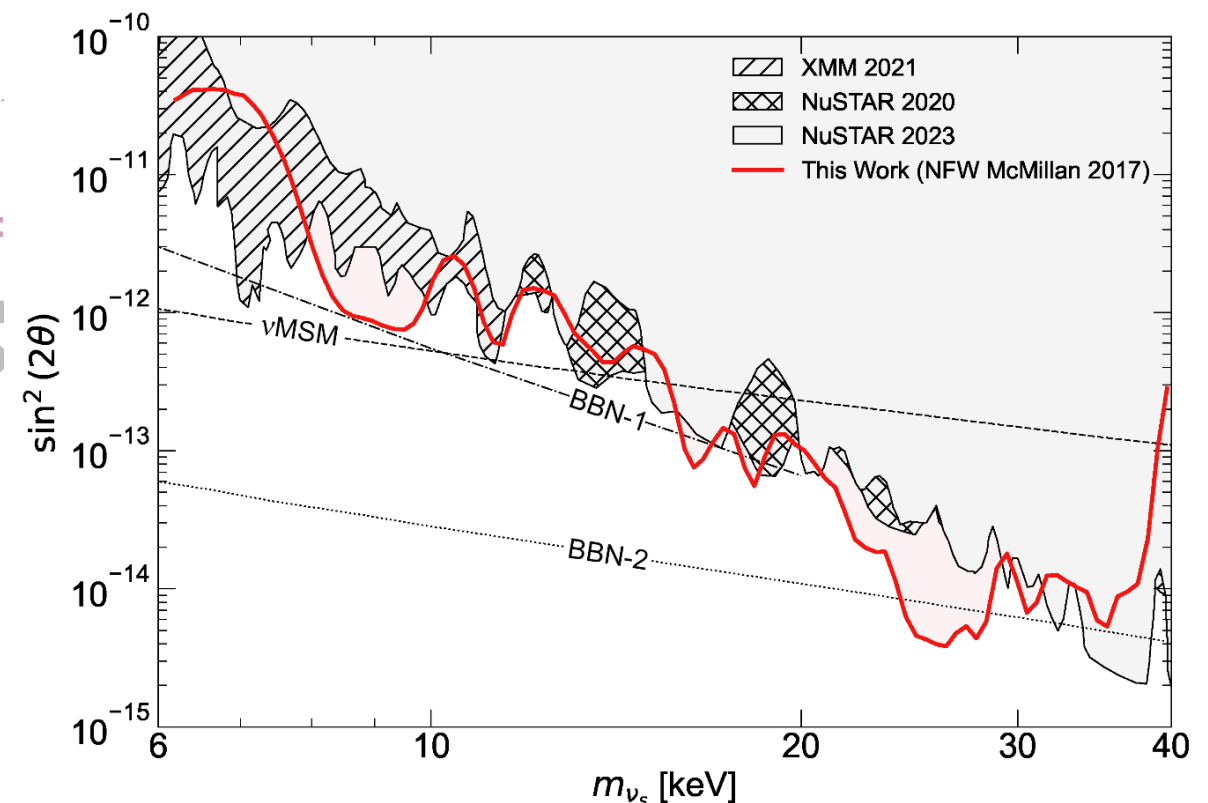
S. Dodelson & L. Widrow, arXiv:

Signal completely **un**
searched for in **direct D**

$$\propto G_F^2 \left| \theta_{\alpha\text{DM}} \right|^2 m_{\text{DM}}^5$$



E. K. Akhmedov, V. Rubakov and A. Y. Smirnov, '98
P. Hernandez *et al.*, arXiv:1508.03676
P. Hernandez *et al.*, arXiv:1606.06719
See M. Drewes *et al.*, arXiv:171102862 for a review



Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms

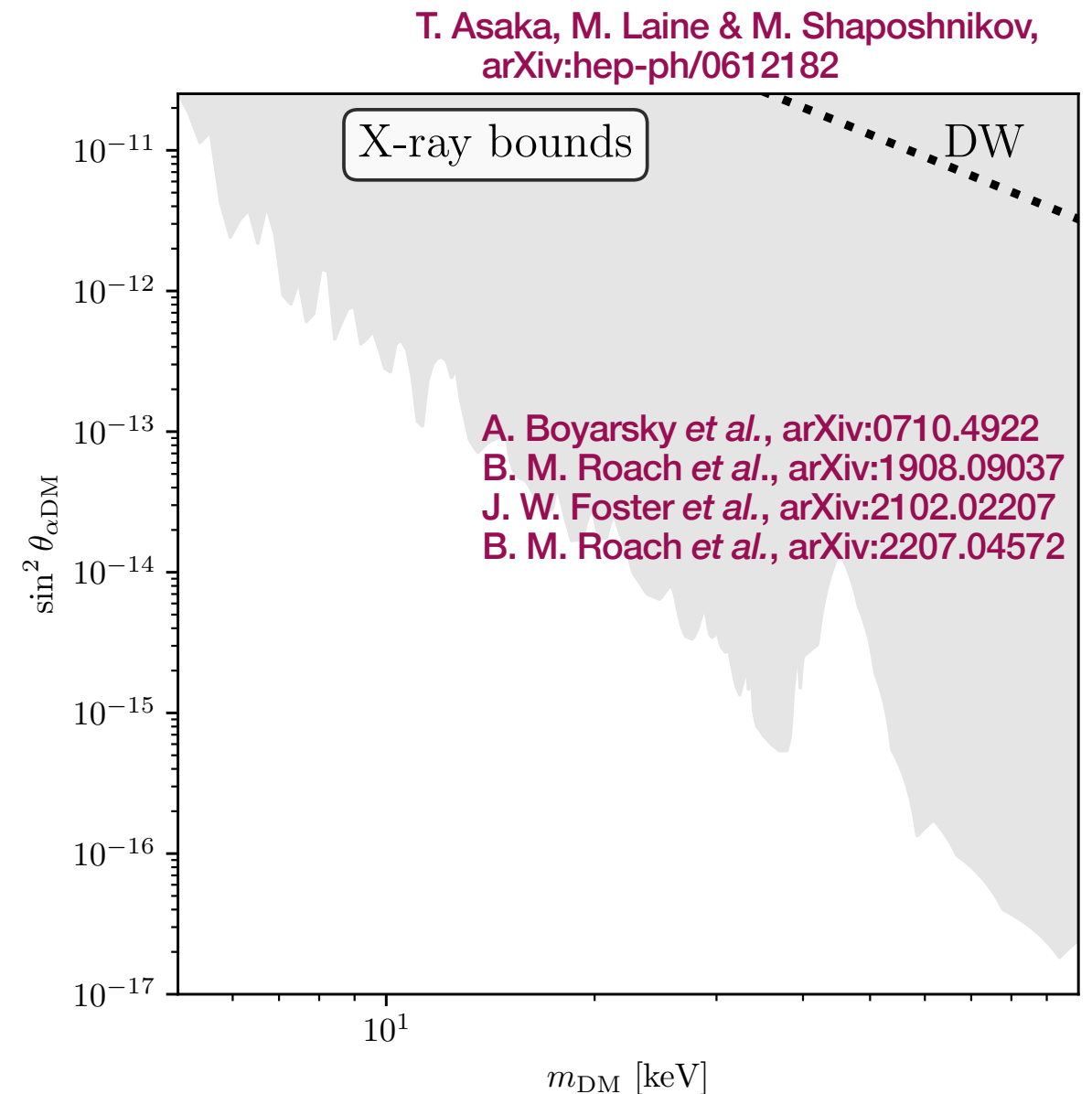
Temperatures $T \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}$

Dodelson-Widrow mechanism

S. Dodelson & L. Widrow,
arXiv: hep-ph/9303287

Production through oscillations
and collisions in the plasma

$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} h^2 \propto \left| \theta_{\alpha\text{DM}} \right|^2 m_{\text{DM}}$$



Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms

Temperatures $T \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}$

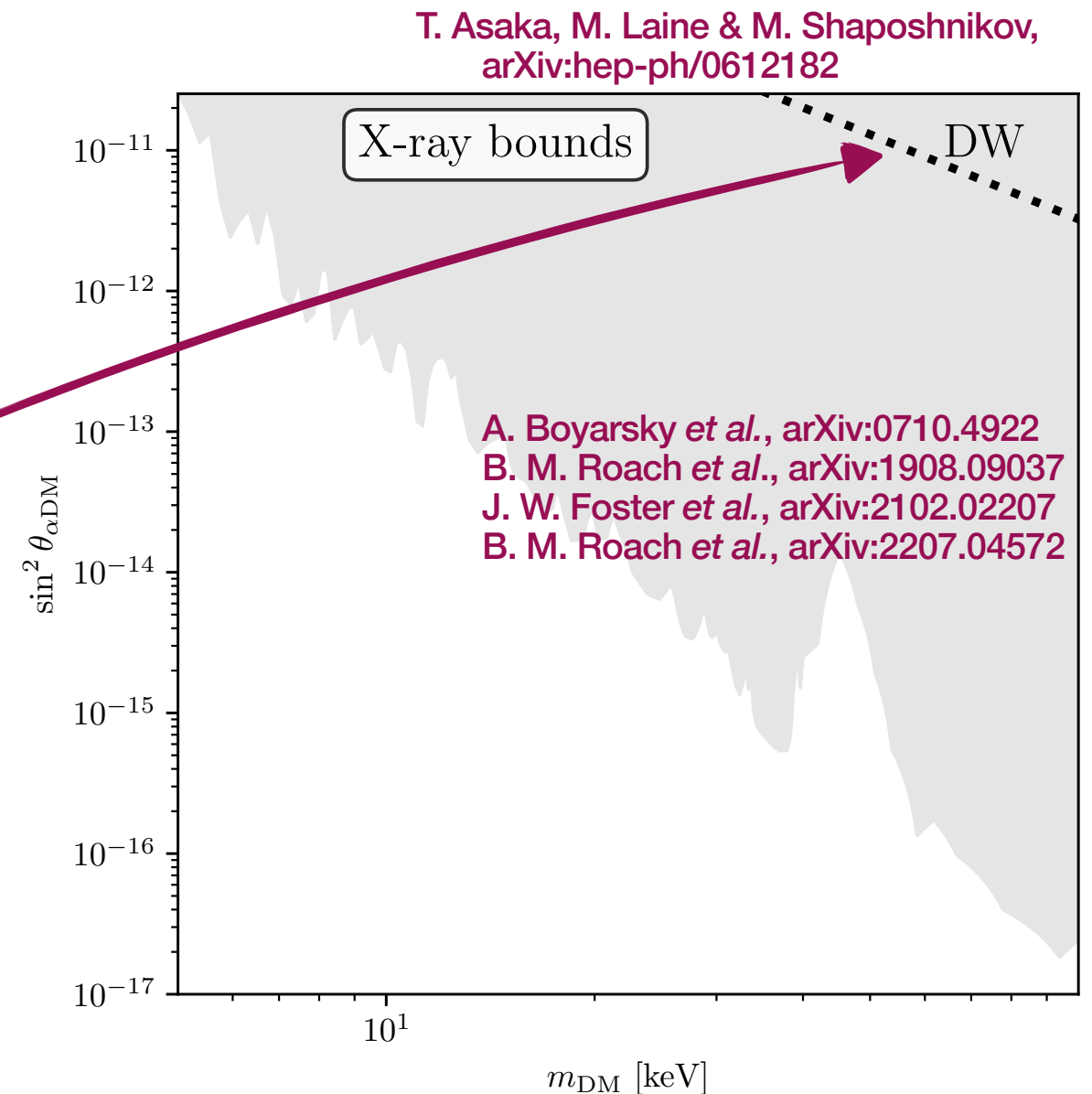
Dodelson-Widrow mechanism

S. Dodelson & L. Widrow,
arXiv: hep-ph/9303287

Production through oscillations
and collisions in the plasma

$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} h^2 \propto \left| \theta_{\alpha\text{DM}} \right|^2 m_{\text{DM}}$$

Ruled out



Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms

Temperatures $T \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}$

Dodelson-Widrow mechanism

S. Dodelson & L. Widrow,
arXiv: hep-ph/9303287

Production through oscillations
and collisions in the plasma

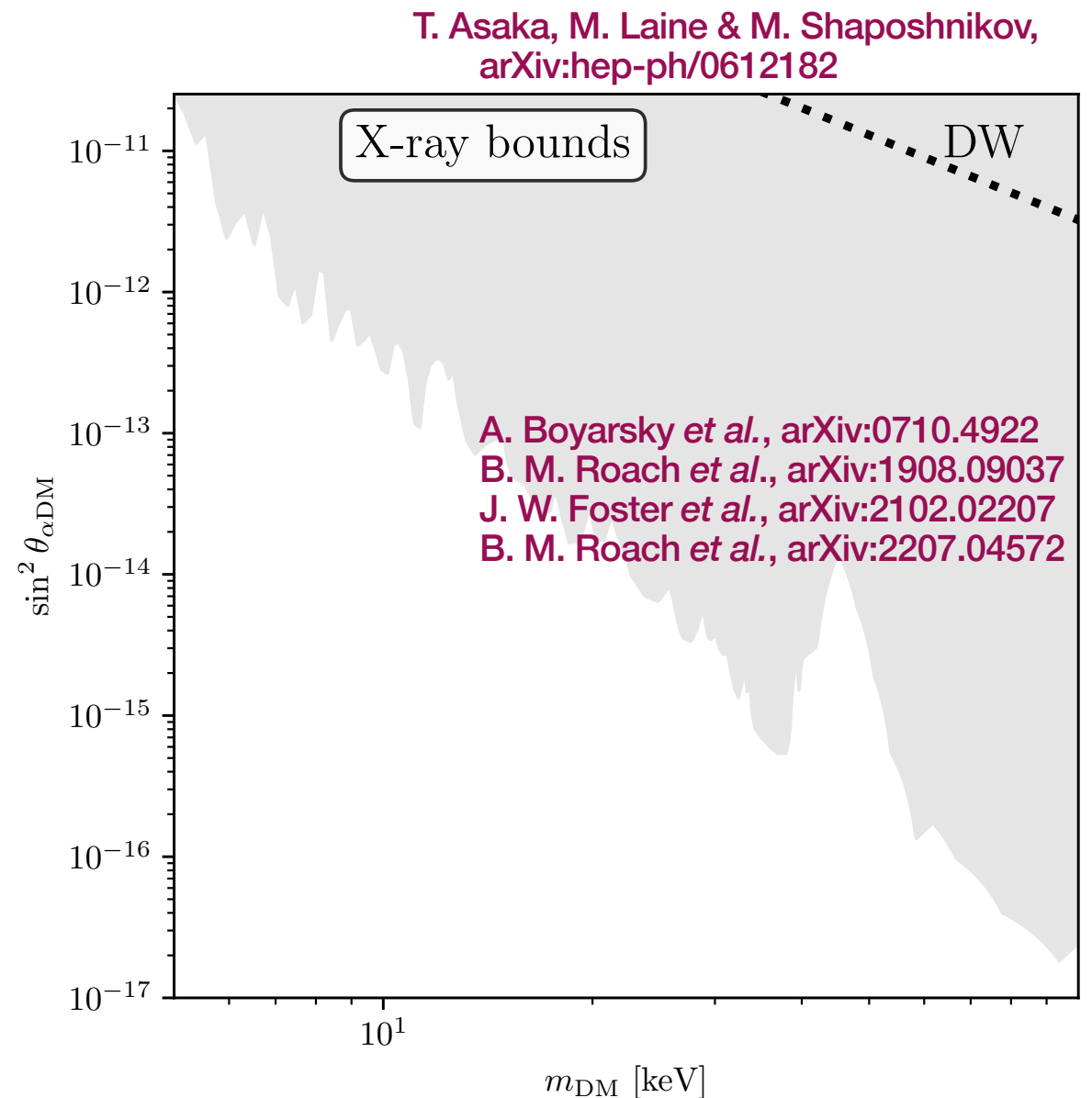
$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} h^2 \propto \left| \theta_{\alpha\text{DM}} \right|^2 m_{\text{DM}}$$

Ruled out

Shi-Fuller mechanism

X. Shi & G. M. Fuller, arXiv:astro-ph/9810076

Resonant production in the presence of a
lepton asymmetry



Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms

Temperatures $T \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}$

Dodelson-Widrow mechanism

S. Dodelson & L. Widrow,
arXiv: hep-ph/9303287

Production through oscillations
and collisions in the plasma

$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} h^2 \propto \left| \theta_{\alpha\text{DM}} \right|^2 m_{\text{DM}}$$

Ruled out

Shi-Fuller mechanism

X. Shi & G. M. Fuller, arXiv:astro-ph/9810076

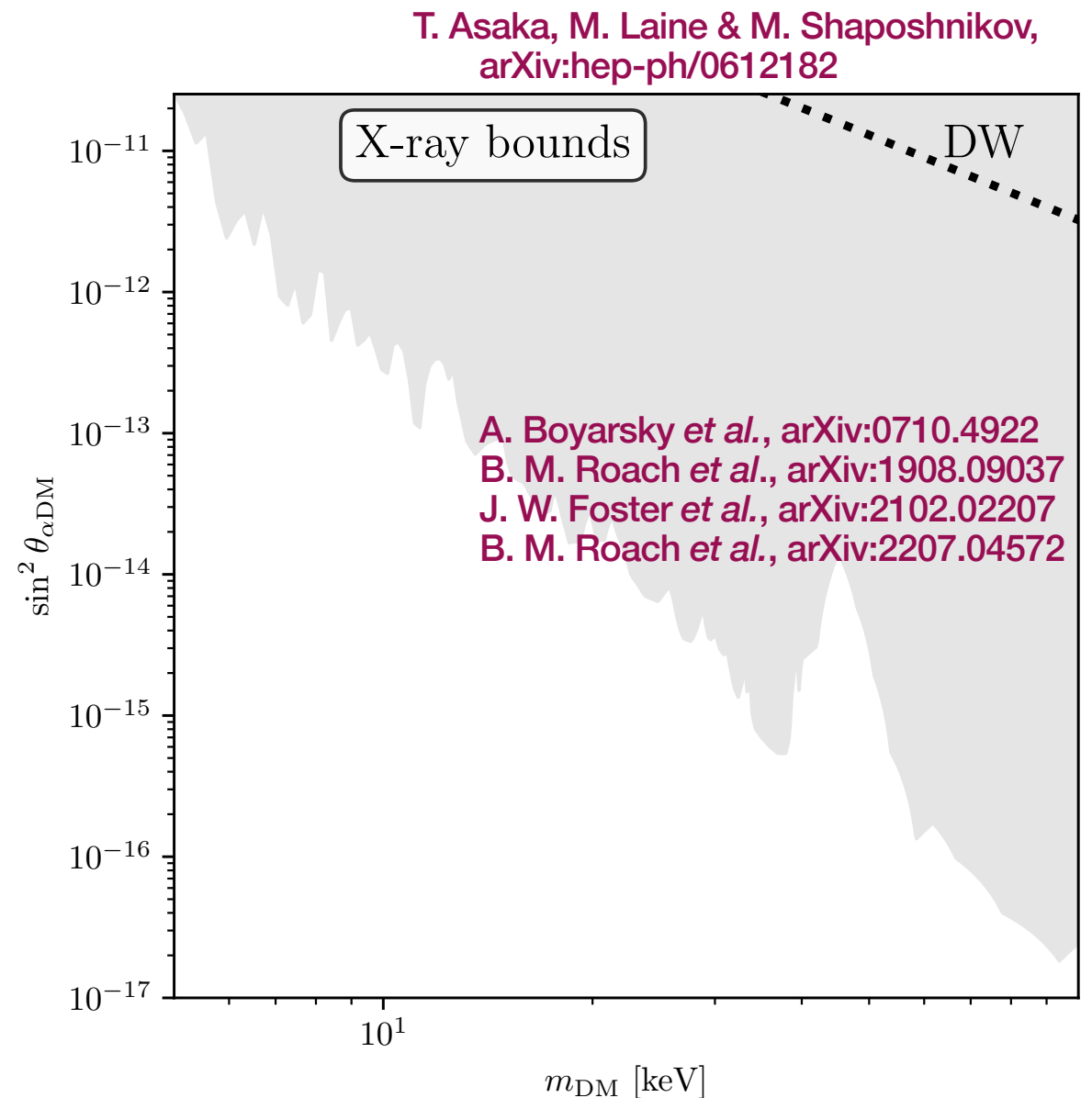
Resonant production in the presence of a
lepton asymmetry

Simultaneous generation of
baryon asymmetry and DM

T. Asaka & M. Shaposhnikov,
arXiv:hep-ph/0505013
M. Shaposhnikov, arXiv:0804.4542

Fine tuning necessary

J. Ghiglieri & M. Laine, arXiv:2004.10766



Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms

Temperatures $T \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}$

Dodelson-Widrow mechanism

S. Dodelson & L. Widrow,
arXiv: hep-ph/9303287

Production through oscillations
and collisions in the plasma

$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} h^2 \propto \left| \theta_{\alpha\text{DM}} \right|^2 m_{\text{DM}}$$

Ruled out

Shi-Fuller mechanism

X. Shi & G. M. Fuller, arXiv:astro-ph/9810076

Resonant production in the presence of a
lepton asymmetry

Simultaneous generation of
baryon asymmetry and DM

T. Asaka & M. Shaposhnikov,
arXiv:hep-ph/0505013

M. Shaposhnikov, arXiv:0804.4542

Temperatures $T \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$

Freeze-in via 2-body decays

$$\left. \begin{aligned} Z(h) &\leftrightarrow \nu_i + n_{\text{DM}} \\ W &\leftrightarrow \ell_\alpha + n_{\text{DM}} \\ n_N &\leftrightarrow h(Z) + n_{\text{DM}} \end{aligned} \right\} \Gamma_s \propto |\theta|^2 \ll H$$

Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms

Temperatures $T \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}$

Dodelson-Widrow mechanism

S. Dodelson & L. Widrow,
arXiv: hep-ph/9303287

Production through oscillations
and collisions in the plasma

$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} h^2 \propto \left| \theta_{\alpha\text{DM}} \right|^2 m_{\text{DM}}$$

Ruled out

Shi-Fuller mechanism

X. Shi & G. M. Fuller, arXiv:astro-ph/9810076

Resonant production in the presence of a
lepton asymmetry

Simultaneous generation of
baryon asymmetry and DM

T. Asaka & M. Shaposhnikov,
arXiv:hep-ph/0505013

M. Shaposhnikov, arXiv:0804.4542

Temperatures $T \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$

Freeze-in via 2-body decays

$$\left. \begin{aligned} Z(h) &\leftrightarrow \nu_i + n_{\text{DM}} \\ W &\leftrightarrow \ell_\alpha + n_{\text{DM}} \\ n_N &\leftrightarrow h(Z) + n_{\text{DM}} \end{aligned} \right\} \Gamma_s \propto |\theta|^2 \ll H$$

DM never reaches equilibrium

$$\frac{df_{\text{DM}}}{dt} = \Gamma_s(p, t) \left[f_{\text{DM}}^{\text{eq}}(p, t) - \cancel{f_{\text{DM}}(p, t)} \right]$$

Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms

Temperatures $T \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}$

Dodelson-Widrow mechanism

S. Dodelson & L. Widrow,
arXiv: hep-ph/9303287

Production through oscillations
and collisions in the plasma

$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} h^2 \propto \left| \theta_{\alpha\text{DM}} \right|^2 m_{\text{DM}}$$

Ruled out

Shi-Fuller mechanism

X. Shi & G. M. Fuller, arXiv:astro-ph/9810076

Resonant production in the presence of a
lepton asymmetry

Simultaneous generation of
baryon asymmetry and DM

T. Asaka & M. Shaposhnikov,
arXiv:hep-ph/0505013
M. Shaposhnikov, arXiv:0804.4542

Temperatures $T \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$

Freeze-in via 2-body decays

$$\left. \begin{aligned} Z(h) &\leftrightarrow \nu_i + n_{\text{DM}} \\ W &\leftrightarrow \ell_\alpha + n_{\text{DM}} \\ n_N &\leftrightarrow h(Z) + n_{\text{DM}} \end{aligned} \right\} \Gamma_s \propto |\theta|^2 \ll H$$

DM never reaches equilibrium

$$\frac{df_{\text{DM}}}{dt} = \Gamma_s(p, t) \left[f_{\text{DM}}^{\text{eq}}(p, t) - \cancel{f_{\text{DM}}(p, t)} \right]$$

How much DM is produced?

A. Abada et al., arXiv:1406.6556

D. Boyanovsky & L. Lello, arXiv:1609.07647

M. Lucente, arXiv:2103.03253

A. Datta et al., arXiv:2104.02030

A. Abada et al., arXiv:2308.01341

A. Abada et al., arXiv:2503.20017

Crucial to account for thermal effects

Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms

Temperatures $T \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$

Freeze-in via 2-body decays

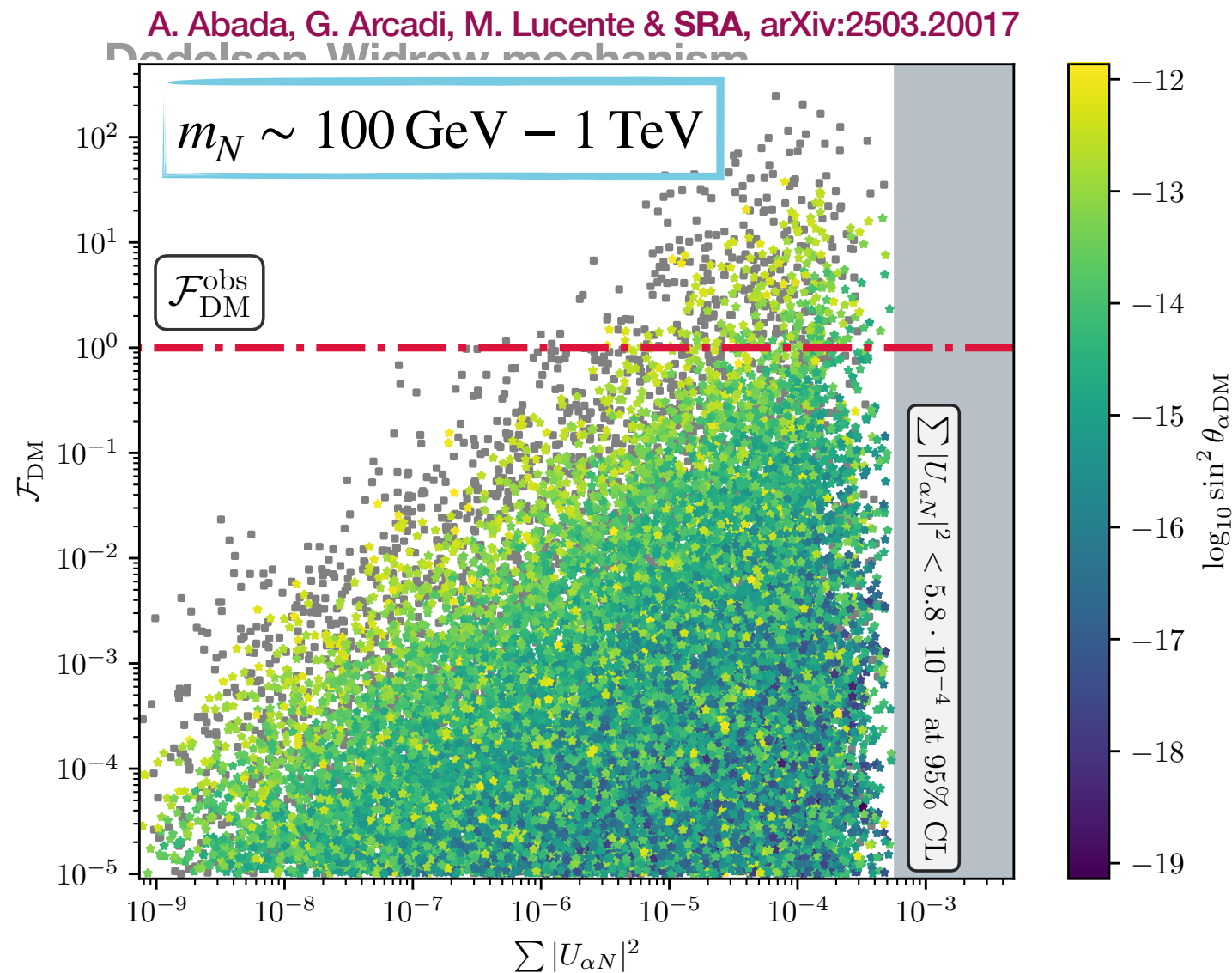
$$\left. \begin{aligned} Z(h) &\leftrightarrow \nu_i + n_{\text{DM}} \\ W &\leftrightarrow \ell_\alpha + n_{\text{DM}} \\ n_N &\leftrightarrow h(Z) + n_{\text{DM}} \end{aligned} \right\} \Gamma_s \propto |\theta|^2 \ll H$$

DM never reaches equilibrium

$$\frac{df_{\text{DM}}}{dt} = \Gamma_s(p, t) \left[f_{\text{DM}}^{\text{eq}}(p, t) - f_{\text{DM}}(p, t) \right]$$

How much DM is produced?

A. Abada et al., arXiv:1406.6556
D. Boyanovsky & L. Lello, arXiv:1609.07647
M. Lucente, arXiv:2103.03253
A. Datta et al., arXiv:2104.02030
A. Abada et al., arXiv:2308.01341



Crucial to account for thermal effects

Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms

Temperatures $T \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$

Freeze-in via 2-body decays

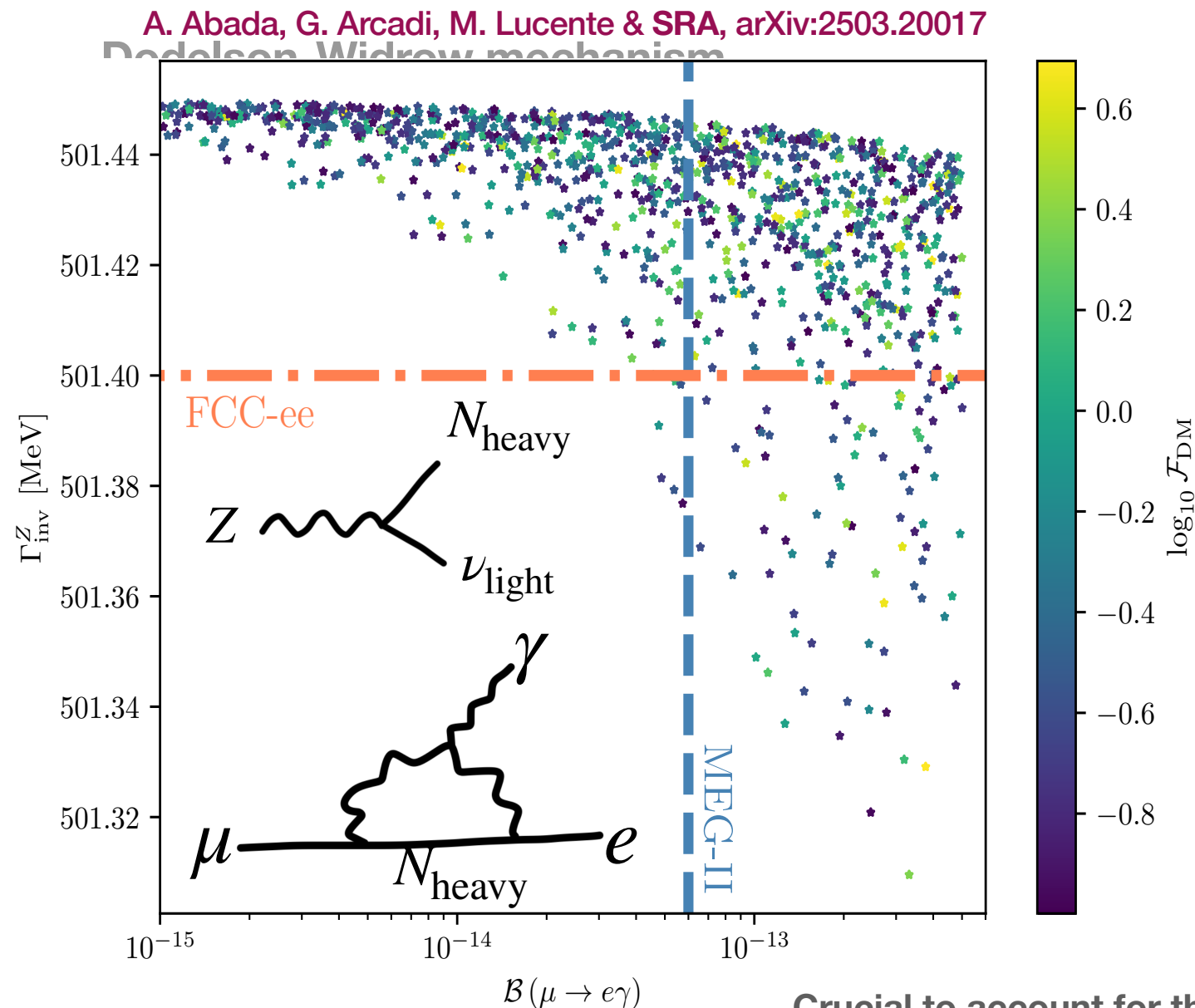
$$\left. \begin{aligned} Z(h) &\leftrightarrow \nu_i + n_{\text{DM}} \\ W &\leftrightarrow \ell_\alpha + n_{\text{DM}} \\ n_N &\leftrightarrow h(Z) + n_{\text{DM}} \end{aligned} \right\} \Gamma_s \propto |\theta|^2 \ll H$$

DM never reaches equilibrium

$$\frac{df_{\text{DM}}}{dt} = \Gamma_s(p, t) \left[f_{\text{DM}}^{\text{eq}}(p, t) - f_{\text{DM}}(p, t) \right]$$

How much DM is produced?

A. Abada et al., arXiv:1406.6556
D. Boyanovsky & L. Lello, arXiv:1609.07647
M. Lucente, arXiv:2103.03253
A. Datta et al., arXiv:2104.02030
A. Abada et al., arXiv:2308.01341



What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

SM singlet!

What if N_R is part of a more complex dark sector?

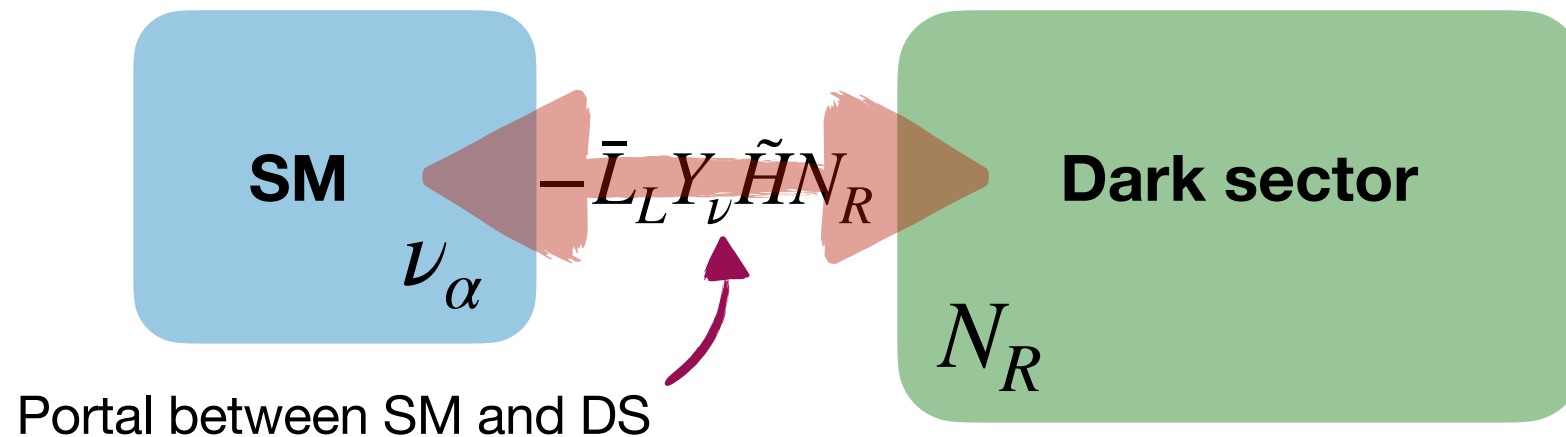
What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

SM singlet!

What if N_R is part of a more complex dark sector?



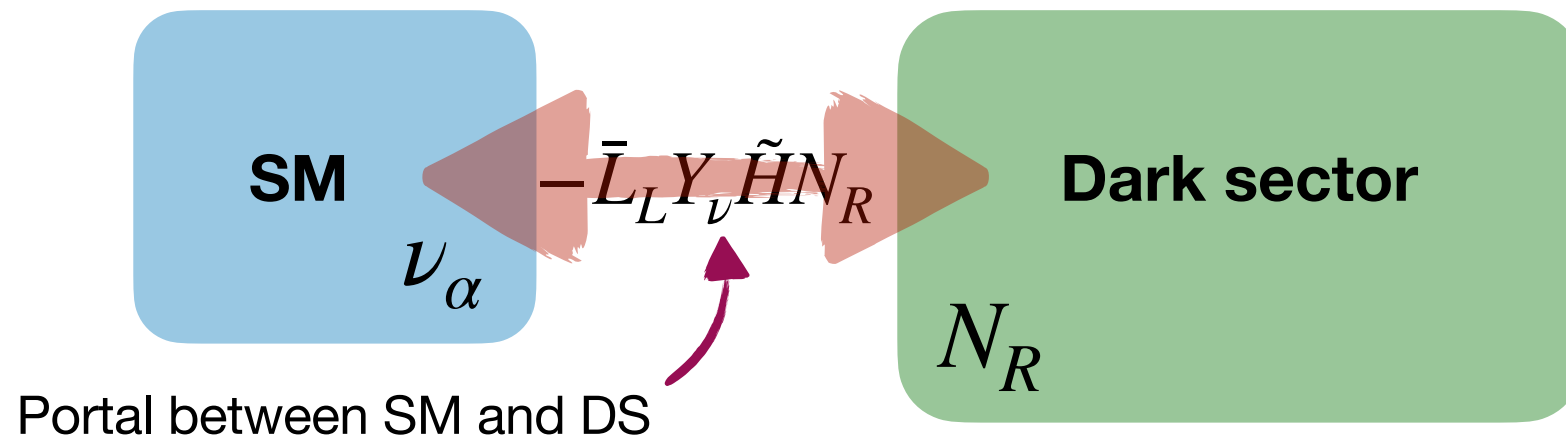
What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \frac{1}{2} \bar{N}_R^c M N_R + h.c.$$

SM singlet!

What if N_R is part of a more complex dark sector?



Only renormalizable SM coupling to singlet fermions

Other portals are:

Scalar portal ϕ , $\mathcal{L} \sim \lambda_{H\phi} |\phi|^2 (H^\dagger H)$

Vector portal Z'_μ , $\mathcal{L} \sim -\epsilon Z'_\mu B^{\mu\nu}$

What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

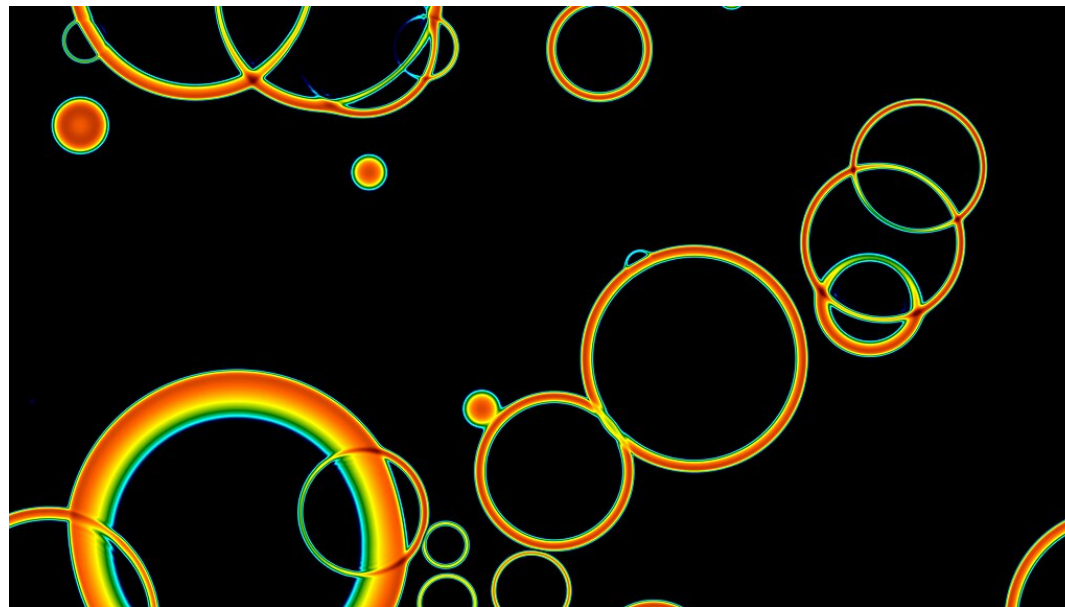
$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$

What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$



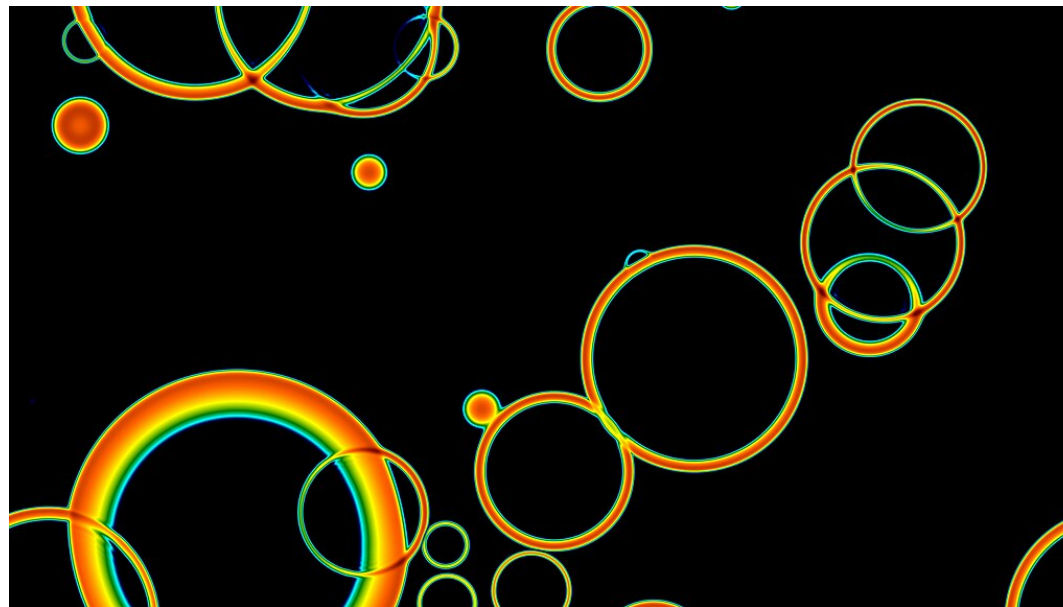
Potential for having a **FOPT** from the scalar sector!

What is the NP scale?

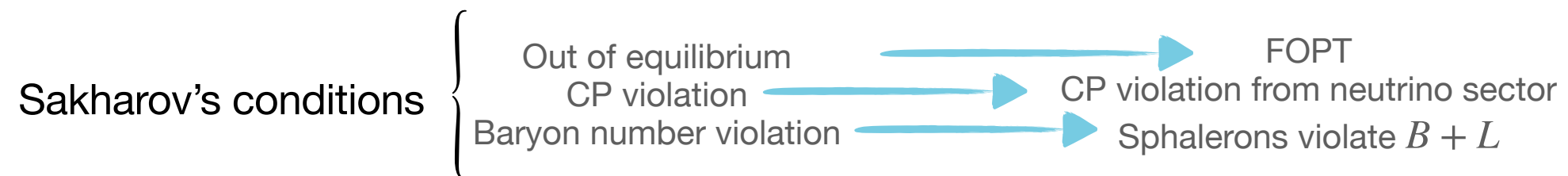
Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$



Potential for having a **FOPT** from the scalar sector!



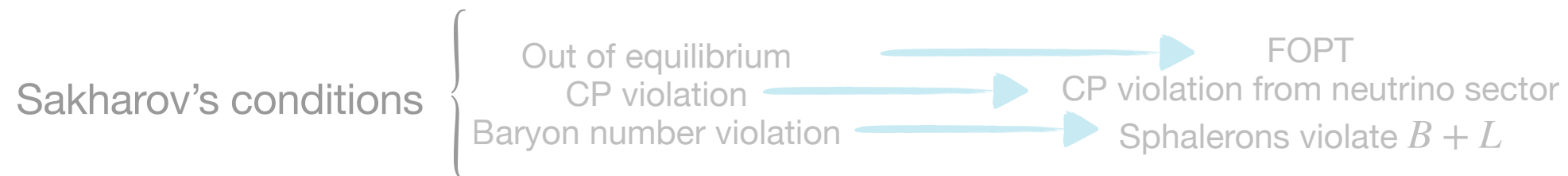
What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$

Potential for having a **FOPT** from the scalar sector!



ν EWBG

P. Hernández & N. Rius, arXiv:hep-ph/9611227

E. Fernández-Martínez *et al.*, arXiv:2007.11008

E. Fernández-Martínez *et al.*, arXiv:2210.16279

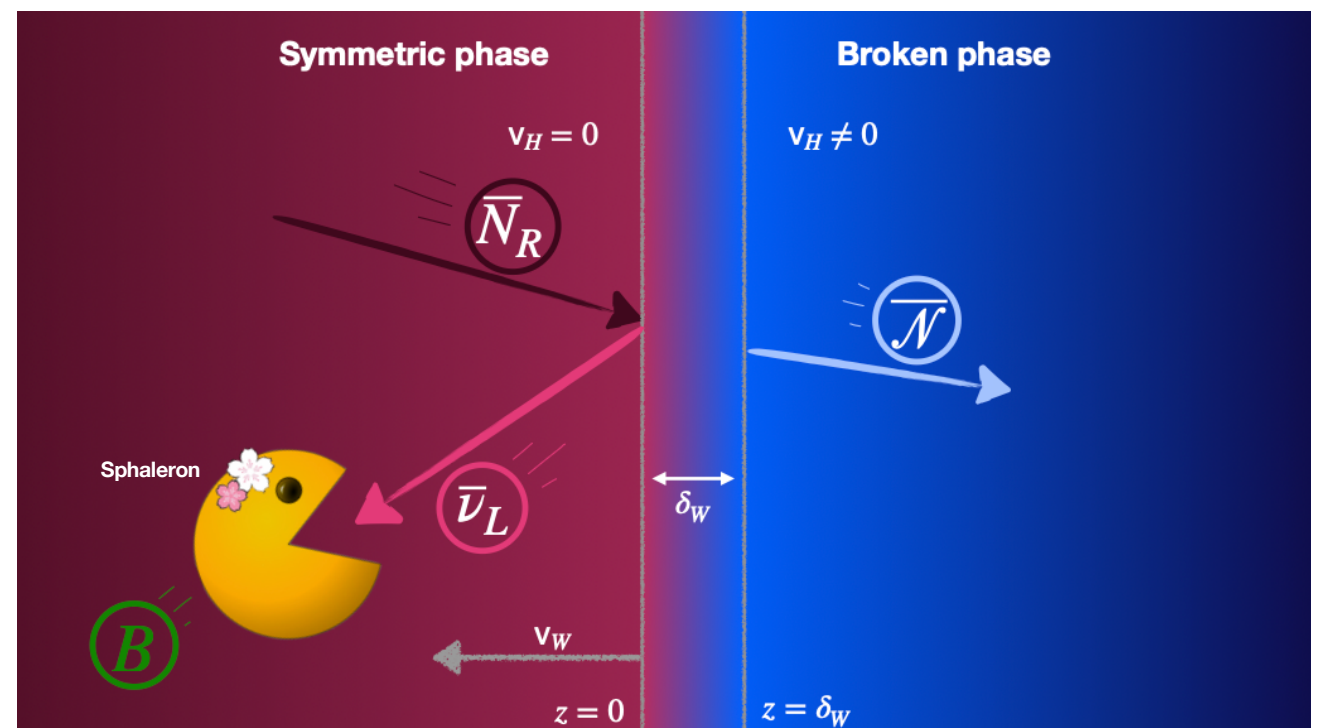
Lepton asymmetry in the neutrino sector during EW FOPT

Sphaleron processes

Baryon asymmetry in symmetric phase

Bubble wall expansion

Bubble wall traps it and BAU freezes-out



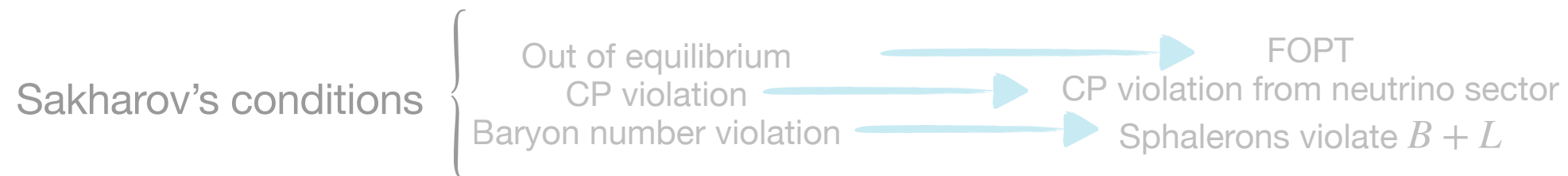
What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$

Potential for having a **FOPT** from the scalar sector!



ν EWBG

E. Fernández-Martínez, J. López-Pavón, T. Ota & SRA, arXiv:2007.11008

E. Fernández-Martínez, J. López-Pavón, J. M. No, T. Ota & SRA, arXiv:2210.16279

HNLs mass below TeV

Large Yukawa couplings

Lepton asymmetry in the neutrino sector during EW FOPT

↙ Sphaleron processes

Baryon asymmetry in symmetric phase

↘ Bubble wall expansion

Bubble wall traps it and BAU freezes-out

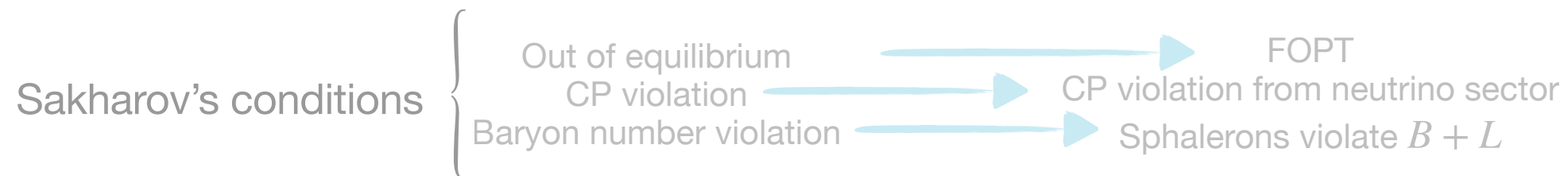
What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$

Potential for having a **FOPT** from the scalar sector!



ν EWBG

Lepton asymmetry in the neutrino sector during EW FOPT

↙ Sphaleron processes

Baryon asymmetry in symmetric phase

Bubble wall expansion ↘

Bubble wall traps it and BAU freezes-out

E. Fernández-Martínez, J. López-Pavón, T. Ota & SRA, arXiv:2007.11008

E. Fernández-Martínez, J. López-Pavón, J. M. No, T. Ota & SRA, arXiv:2210.16279

HNLs mass below TeV

Large Yukawa couplings

Rich interplay between new scalar and HNL

Production beyond Drell-Yann through scalar mixing?

What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$

Potential for having a **FOPT** from the scalar sector!

What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$

Potential for having a **FOPT** from the scalar sector!

What if the scalar **vev** is around the **GeV** and we break a **gauge symmetry**?

What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$

Potential for having a **FOPT** from the scalar sector!

What if the scalar **vev** is around the **GeV** and we break a **gauge symmetry**?

See talk by S. Babak

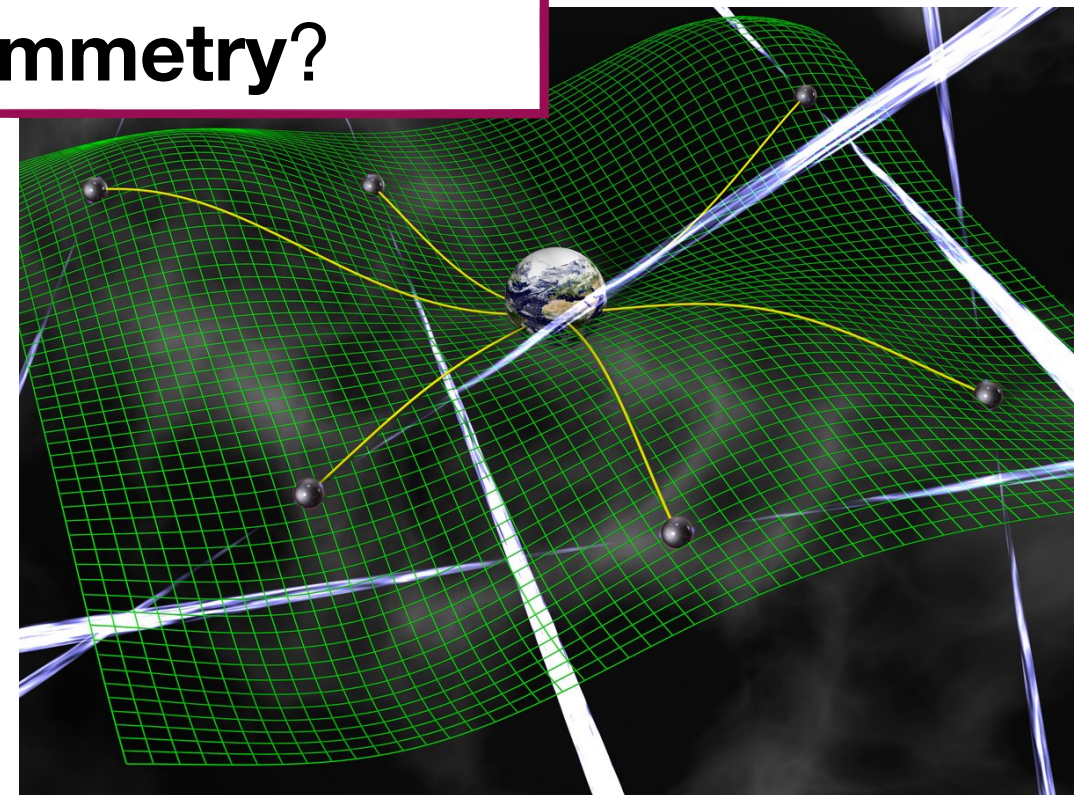
Could account for PTAs observations

NANOGrav Collaboration, [arXiv:2009.04496](#)

NANOGrav Collaboration, [arXiv:2306.16219](#)

EPTA, [arXiv:2306.16214](#)

InPTA, [arXiv:2206.09289](#)



What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the scalar **vev** is around the **GeV** and we break a **gauge symmetry**?

Could account for PTAs observations

NANOGrav Collaboration, arXiv:2009.04496

NANOGrav Collaboration, arXiv:2306.16219

EPTA, arXiv:2306.16214

InPTA, arXiv:2206.09289

F. Costa *et al.*, arXiv:250115649

$$\mathcal{L} = (D_\mu \phi)^\dagger (D^\mu \phi) - \frac{1}{4} Z'_{\mu\nu} Z'^{\mu\nu} + \mu_\phi^2 \phi^* \phi - \frac{\lambda_\phi}{4} (\phi^* \phi)^2$$

See also e.g. Goncalves *et al.*,
arXiv:2502.19478;

S. Balan *et al.*,
arXiv:2502.19478

Large GW spectrum,
supercooling is necessary

Classically conformal
scalar potential

$$g_D \simeq \left\{ \frac{16\pi^2 \lambda_\phi}{3} \left[1 - \frac{\lambda_\phi}{8\pi^2} (5 + 2 \log 2) \right] \right\}^{1/4}$$

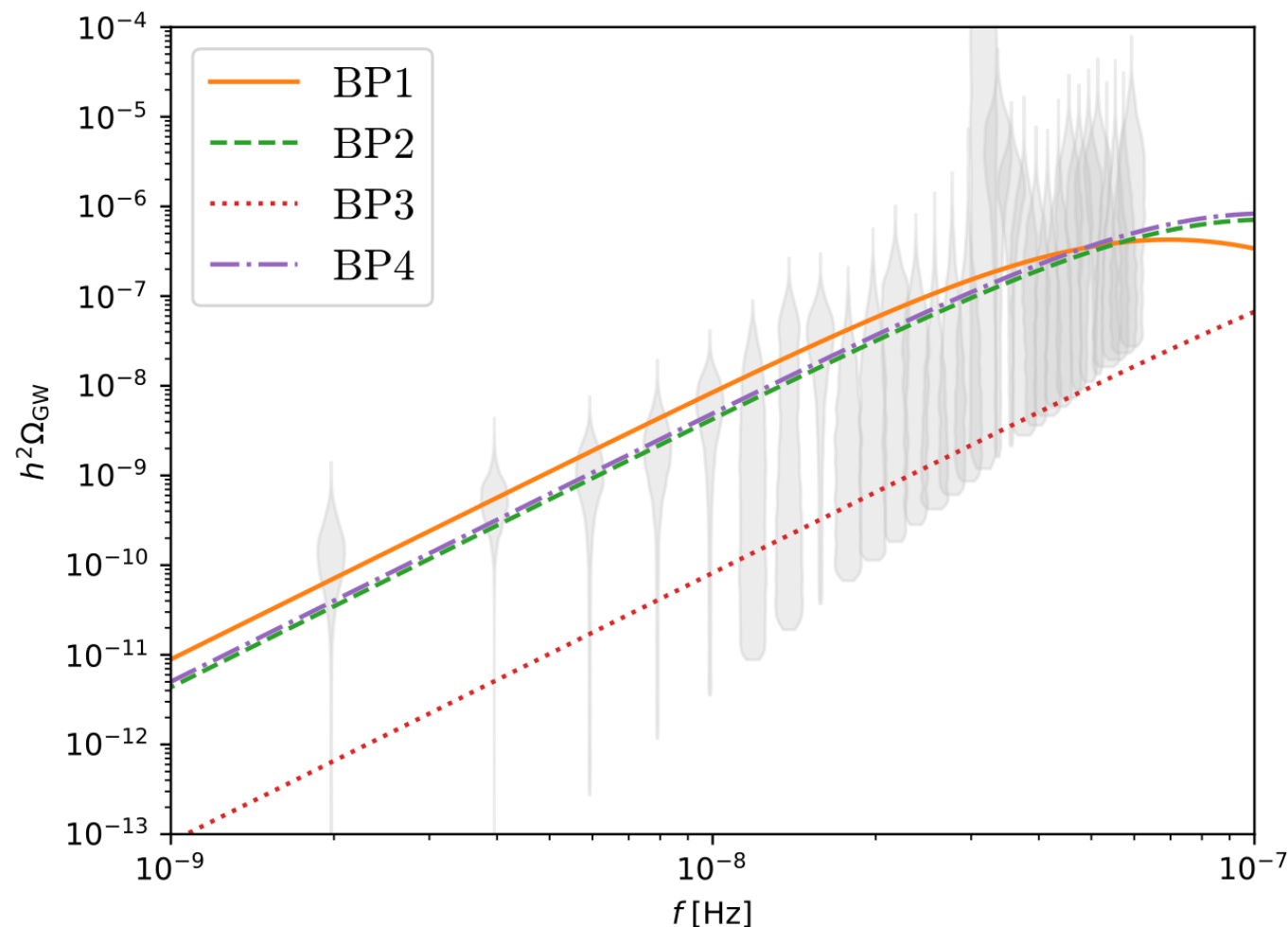
What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the scalar **v**ev is around the **GeV** and we break a **gauge symmetry**?

Could account for PTAs observations

F. Costa, J. Hoefen-Kink, M. Lucente,
arXiv:2501.15649



F. Costa *et al.*, arXiv:250115649

See also e.g. Goncalves *et al.*,
arXiv:2502.19478;
S. Balan *et al.*,
arXiv:2502.19478

$$V(\phi) = \mu_\phi^2 \phi^* \phi - \frac{\lambda_\phi}{4} (\phi^* \phi)^2$$

Classically conformal
scalar potential

$$g_D \simeq \left\{ \frac{16\pi^2 \lambda_\phi}{3} \left[1 - \frac{\lambda_\phi}{8\pi^2} (5 + 2 \log 2) \right] \right\}^{1/4}$$

**Distinct hierarchy between gauge and scalar
sector to be searched for experimentally**

See e.g. A. Abdullahi, M. Hostert, D. Massaro, S. Pascoli, 2302.05410

Conclusions

- **Neutrino oscillations** mean non-zero **neutrino masses**

Compelling hint of **new physics**

- **Great experimental effort** to complete the 3ν oscillation picture

Need for a **corresponding theoretical effort** to improve predictions and **reduce systematics**

Era of precision in neutrino physics!

- Including N_R to explain m_ν offers **rich phenomenology**

Collider searches, $0\nu 2\beta$ decay, **cosmology**, **non-unitarity**, **flavor violation**...

- **Connection** to other **SM open problems**

Baryogenesis, **dark matter**, **flavor puzzle**...

- N_R **as link** between **SM** and rich **dark sector**

Bright future, driven by an ambitious experimental program

Thank you!

Back up slides

Neutrino masses

Status from oscillations

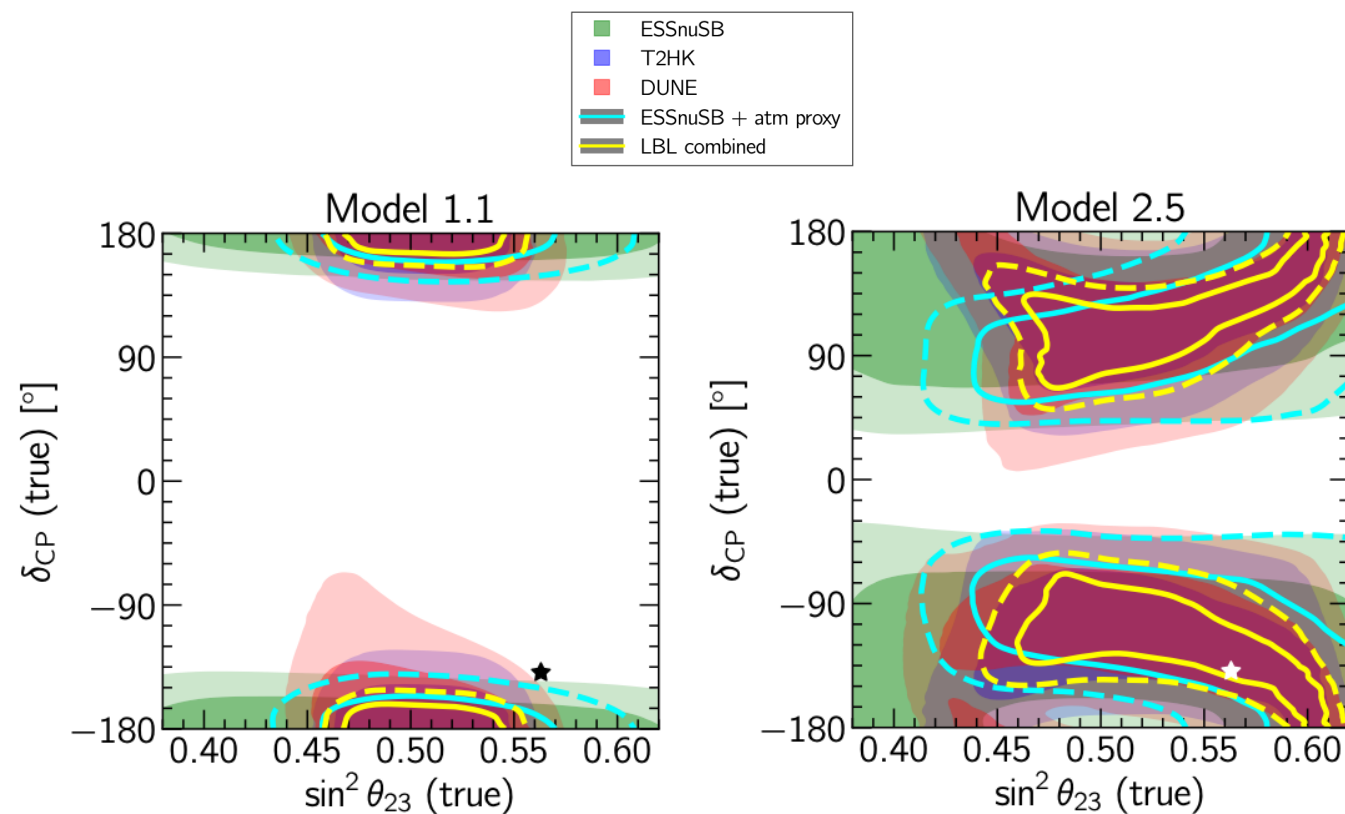
Neutrino
oscillations



Physics BSM

Only experimental evidence
for BSM from the laboratory

Known unknowns



Octant of θ_{23}

Does ν_3 have more ν_μ or ν_τ content?

Implications for models
tackling the flavor problem

M. Blennow *et al.*,
arXiv:2005.12277

Origin of neutrino masses

Effective Field Theory perspective

Single $d = 5$ operator in the SMEFT

S. Weinberg, '79

$$\mathcal{O}_{d=5} = \frac{1}{\Lambda} \left(\bar{L}_L^c \tilde{H}^* \right) c_\nu \left(\tilde{H}^\dagger L_L \right)$$

Scale of New Physics

Origin of neutrino masses

Effective Field Theory perspective

Single $d = 5$ operator in the SMEFT

S. Weinberg, '79

$$\mathcal{O}_{d=5} = \frac{1}{\Lambda} \left(\bar{L}_L^c \tilde{H}^* \right) c_\nu \left(\tilde{H}^\dagger L_L \right)$$

Scale of New Physics

Neutrinos are Majorana

Origin of neutrino masses

Effective Field Theory perspective

Single $d = 5$ operator in the SMEFT

S. Weinberg, '79

$$\mathcal{O}_{d=5} = \frac{1}{\Lambda} (\bar{L}_L^c \tilde{H}^*) c_\nu (\tilde{H}^\dagger L_L)$$

Scale of New Physics

Neutrinos are Majorana

$$m_\nu = \frac{c_\nu v_H^2}{2\Lambda} \lesssim 0.1 \text{ eV}$$

For $c_\nu \sim 1$, Λ is at the GUT scale

No further experimental evidence
beyond oscillations and $0\nu 2\beta$ decay

What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

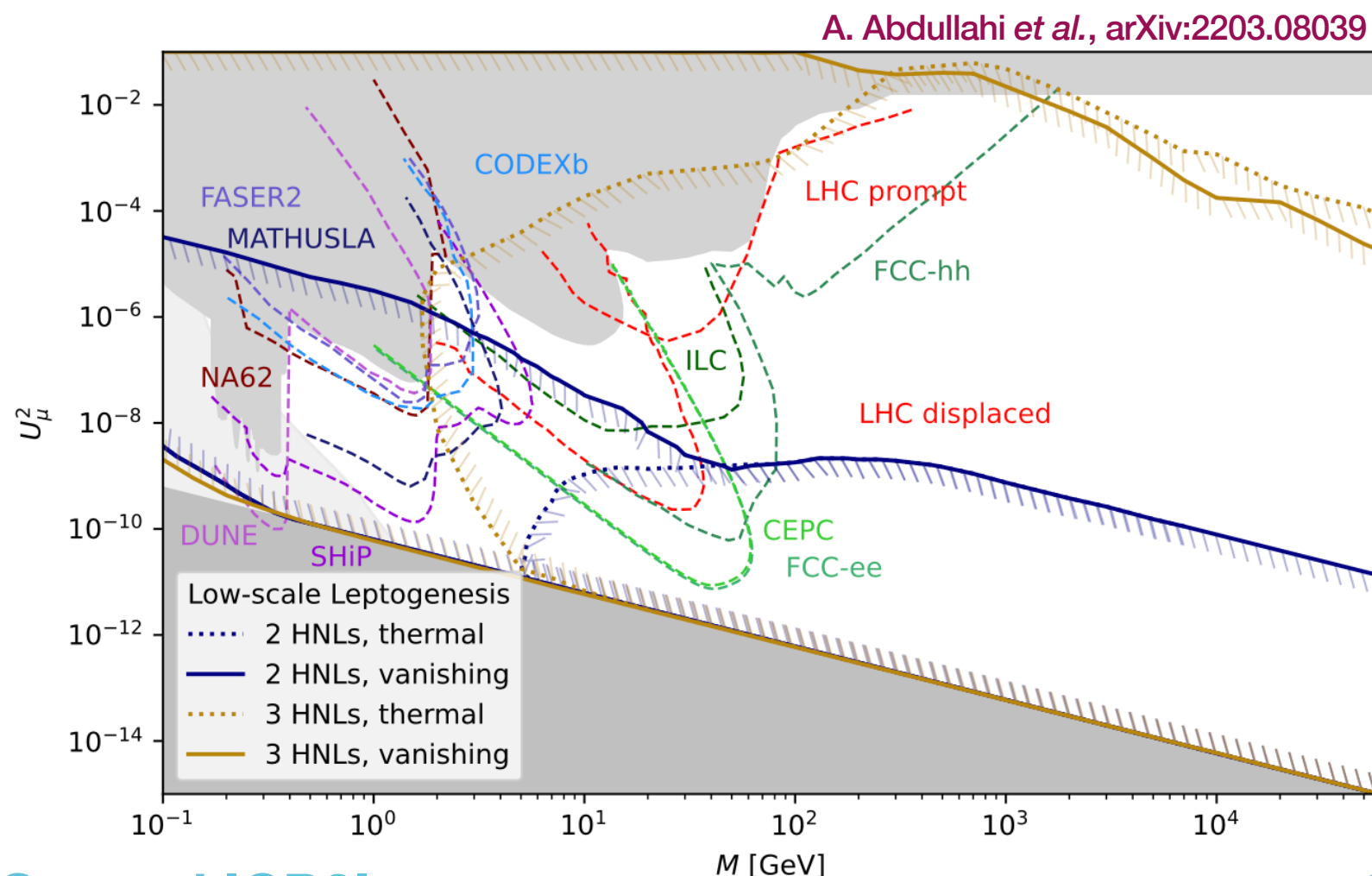
A. Ibarra & G. Ross,
arXiv:hep-ph/0312138

Need at least 2 N_R to
explain oscillation data

Baryogenesis

ARS Leptogenesis

Generation of the **BAU** through **oscillations and scatterings**: at least one **HNL** out-of-equilibrium



E. K. Akhmedov, V. Rubakov and A. Y. Smirnov, '98
P. Hernandez *et al.*, arXiv:1508.03676
P. Hernandez *et al.*, arXiv:1606.06719
See M. Drewes *et al.*, arXiv:171102862 for a review

Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms

Temperatures $T \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$

Freeze-in via 2-body decays

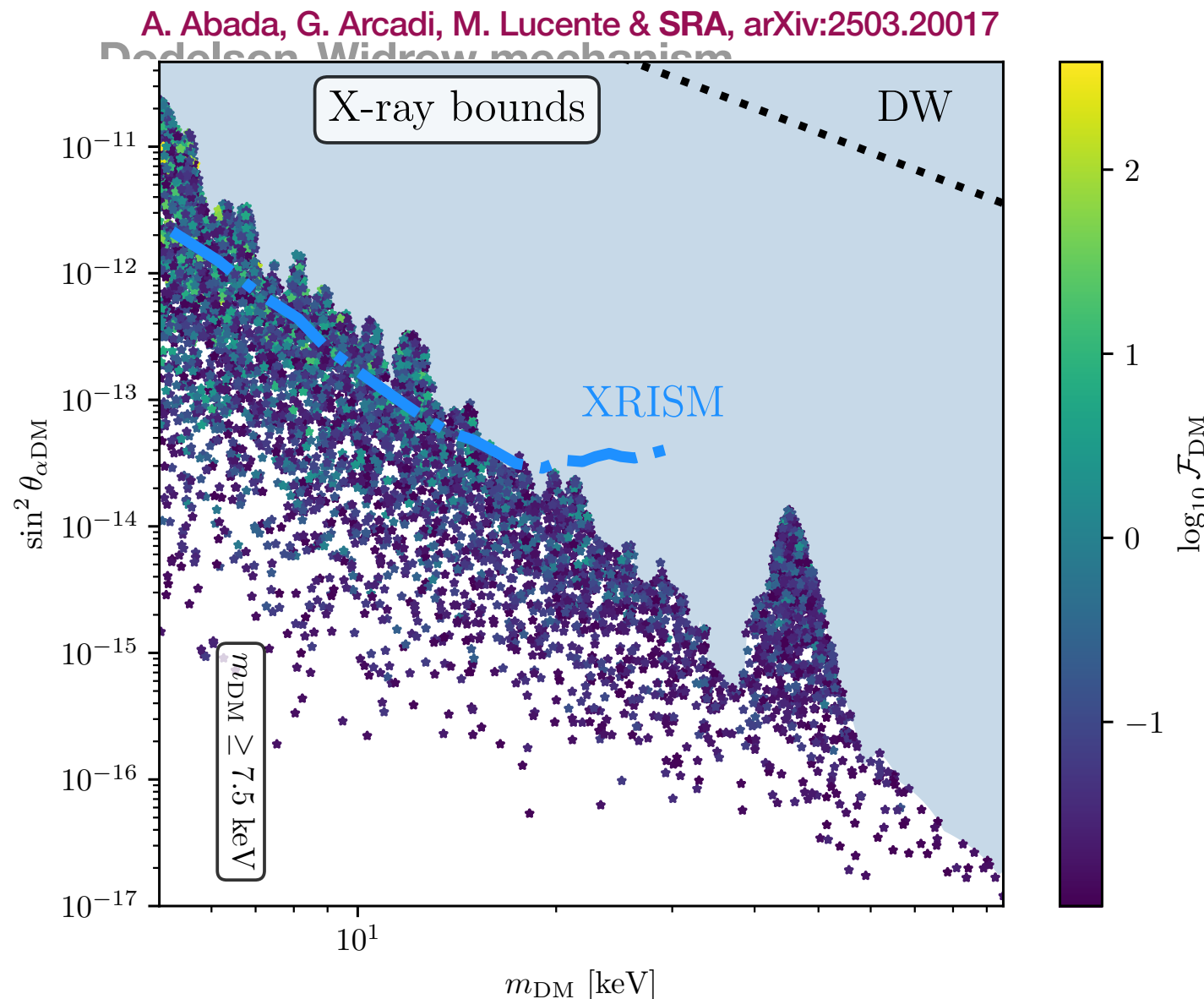
$$\left. \begin{aligned} Z(h) &\leftrightarrow \nu_i + n_{\text{DM}} \\ W &\leftrightarrow \ell_\alpha + n_{\text{DM}} \\ n_N &\leftrightarrow h(Z) + n_{\text{DM}} \end{aligned} \right\} \Gamma_s \propto |\theta|^2 \ll H$$

DM never reaches equilibrium

$$\frac{df_{\text{DM}}}{dt} = \Gamma_s(p, t) \left[f_{\text{DM}}^{\text{eq}}(p, t) - f_{\text{DM}}(p, t) \right]$$

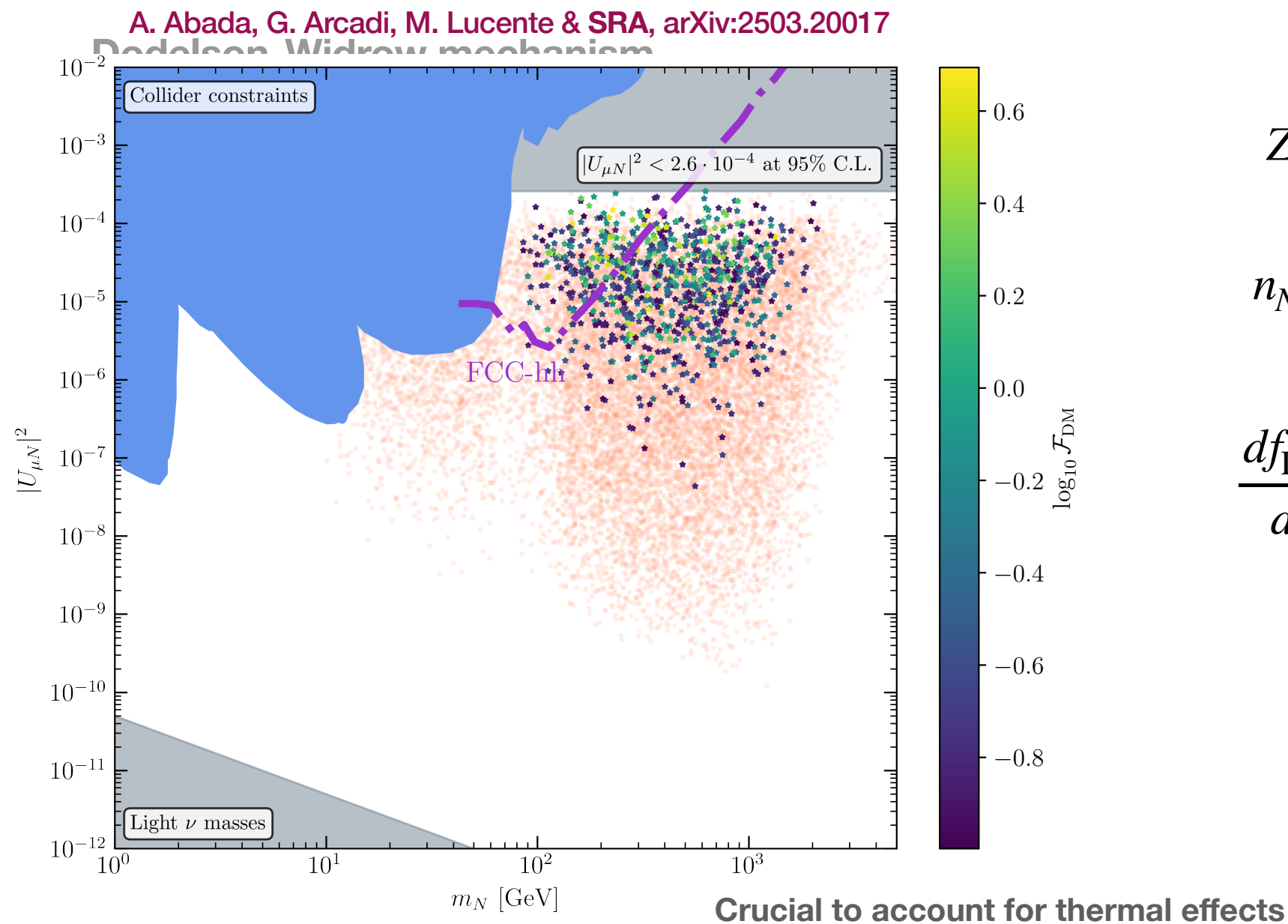
How much DM is produced?

A. Abada et al., arXiv:1406.6556
D. Boyanovsky & L. Lello, arXiv:1609.07647
M. Lucente, arXiv:2103.03253
A. Datta et al., arXiv:2104.02030
A. Abada et al., arXiv:2308.01341



Serile neutrino DM

Production mechanisms



Temperatures $T \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$

Freeze-in via 2-body decays

$$\left. \begin{aligned} Z(h) &\leftrightarrow \nu_i + n_{\text{DM}} \\ W &\leftrightarrow \ell_\alpha + n_{\text{DM}} \\ n_N &\leftrightarrow h(Z) + n_{\text{DM}} \end{aligned} \right\} \Gamma_s \propto |\theta|^2 \ll H$$

DM never reaches equilibrium

$$\frac{df_{\text{DM}}}{dt} = \Gamma_s(p, t) \left[f_{\text{DM}}^{\text{eq}}(p, t) - f_{\text{DM}}(p, t) \right]$$

How much DM is produced?

A. Abada et al., arXiv:1406.6556
 D. Boyanovsky & L. Lello, arXiv:1609.07647
 M. Lucente, arXiv:2103.03253
 A. Datta et al., arXiv:2104.02030
 A. Abada et al., arXiv:2308.01341

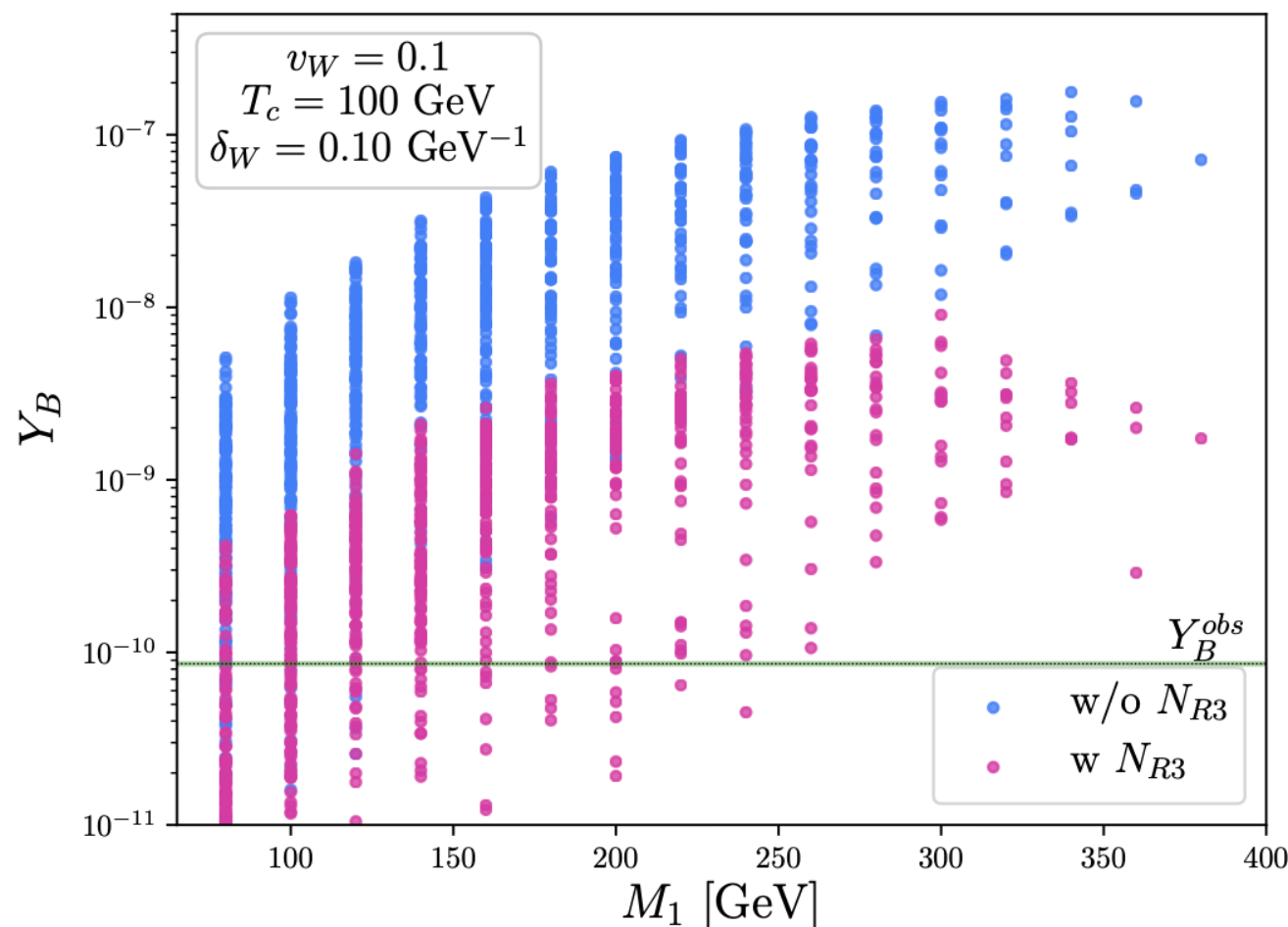
What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$

Potential for having a **FOPT** from the scalar sector!



FOPT
CP violation from neutrino sector
Sphalerons violate $B + L$

E. Fernández-Martínez, J. López-Pavón, T. Ota & SRA, arXiv:2007.11008

E. Fernández-Martínez, J. López-Pavón, J. M. No, T. Ota & SRA, arXiv:2210.16279

HNLs mass below TeV

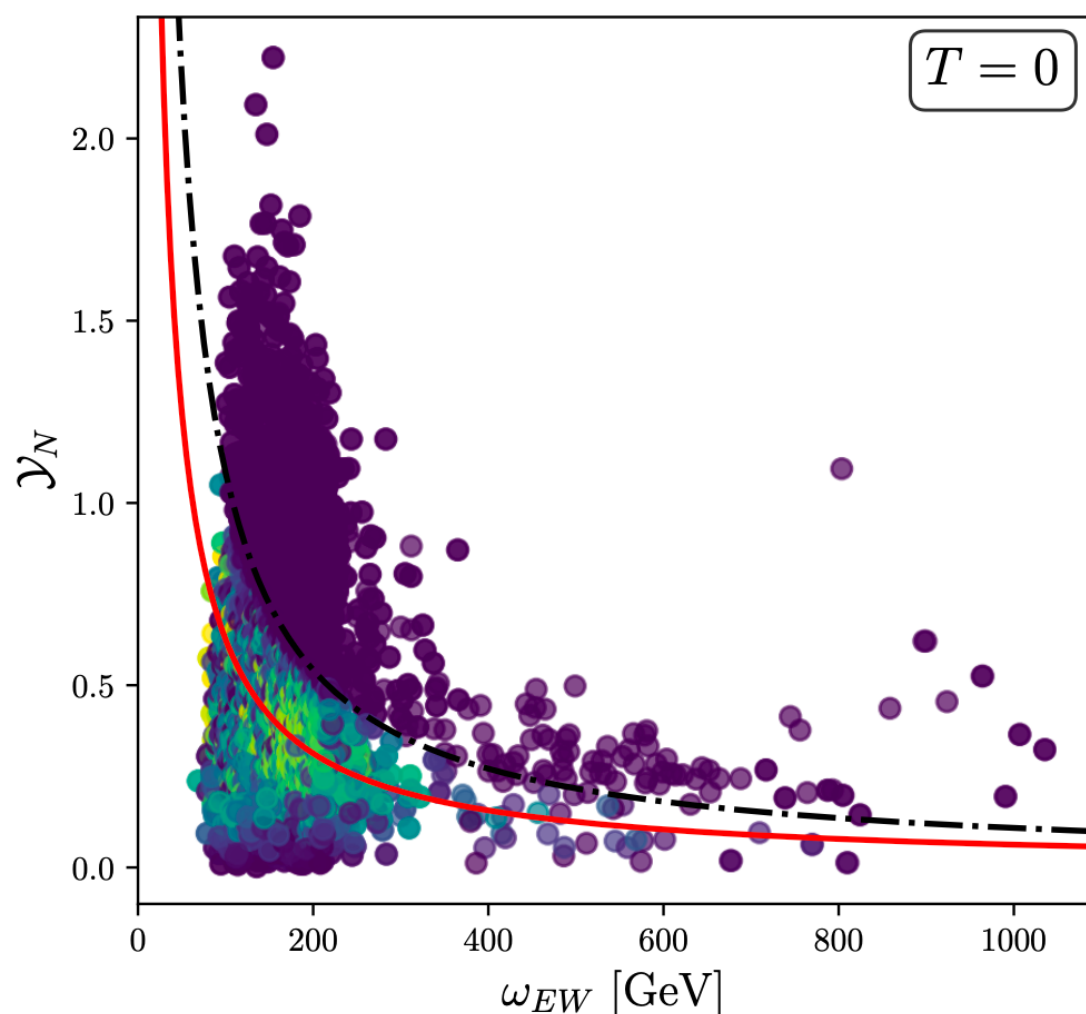
Large Yukawa couplings

What is the NP scale?

Connections with other SM open problems

What if the HNL mass is generated by a new scalar vev?

$$\mathcal{L} \simeq -\bar{L}_L Y_\nu \tilde{H} N_R - \bar{N}_L \phi Y_N N_R + h.c. - V(\phi, H)$$



from the scalar sector!

FOPT
CP violation from neutrino sector
Sphalerons violate $B + L$

E. Fernández-Martínez, J. López-Pavón, T. Ota & SRA, arXiv:2007.11008

E. Fernández-Martínez, J. López-Pavón, J. M. No, T. Ota & SRA, arXiv:2210.16279

HNLs mass below TeV

Large Yukawa couplings

Rich interplay between new scalar and HNL

Production beyond Drell-Yann through scalar mixing?