

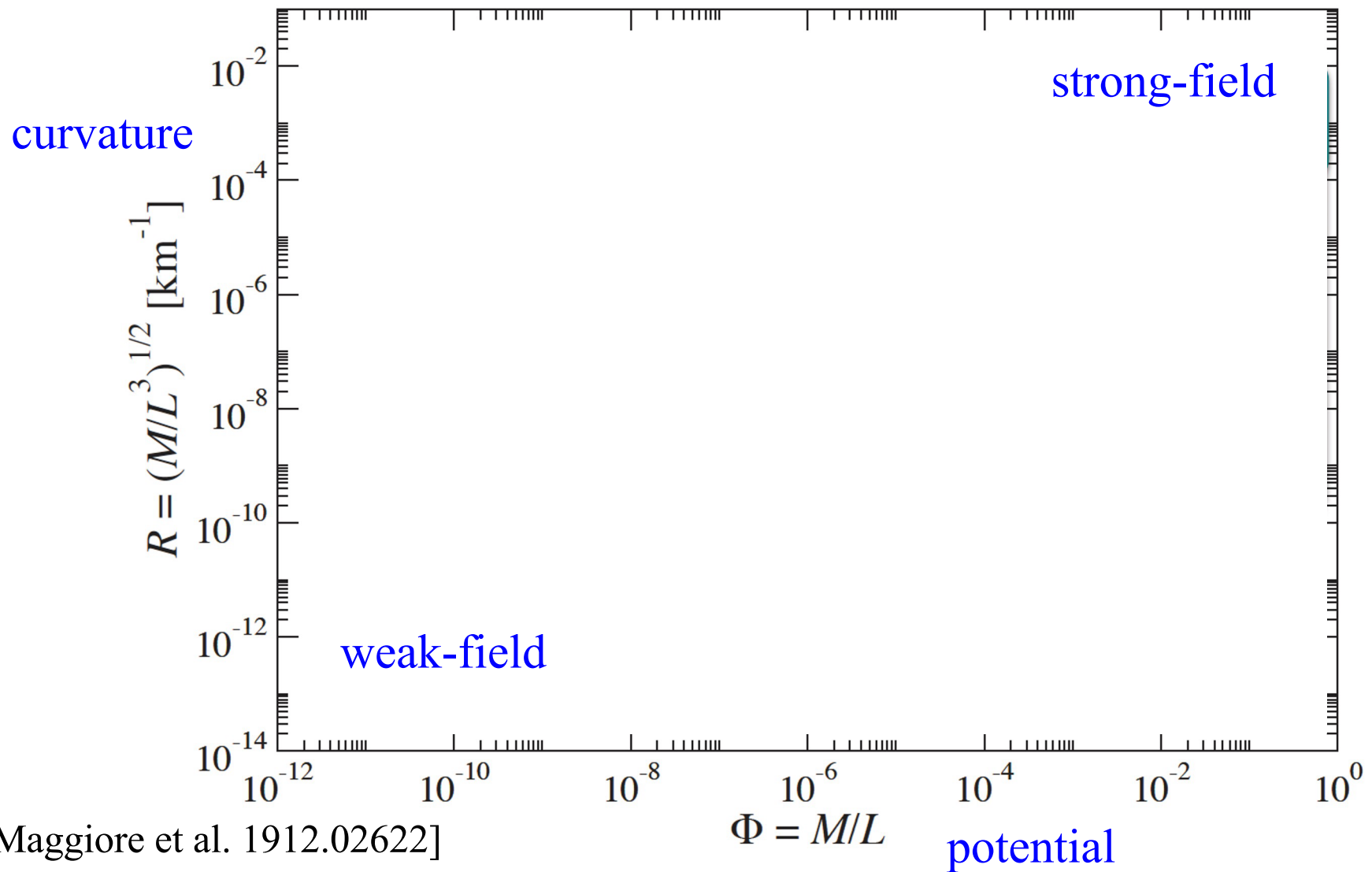


Strong-field Tests of Gravity with Gravitational Waves: Current Status & Future Directions

Kent Yagi
University of Virginia

P2I Conference @ U. of Tokyo
November 21, 2025

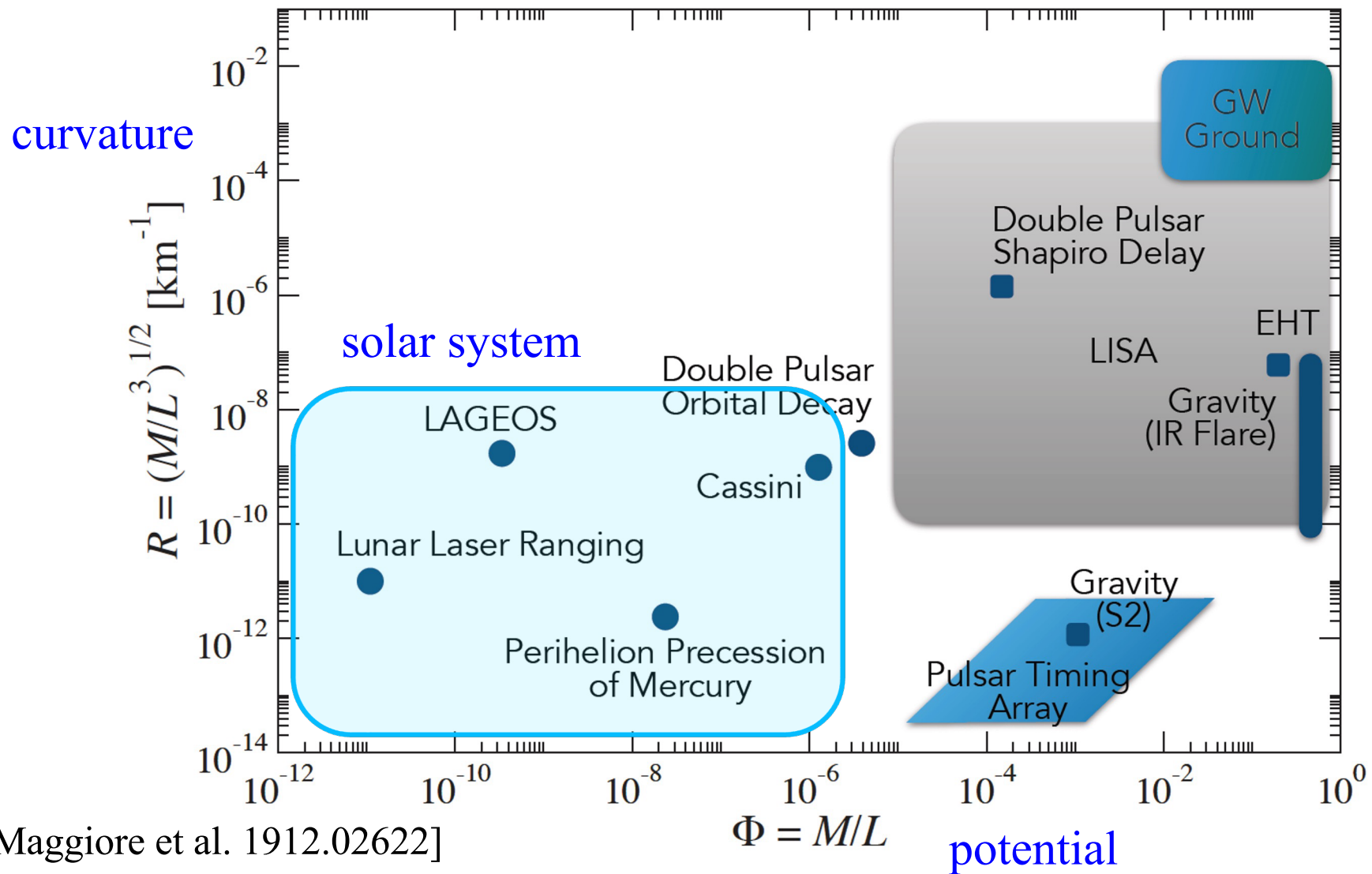
Various Tests of Gravity



[Maggiore et al. 1912.02622]

[Yunes, KY & Pretorius 1603.08955]

Various Tests of Gravity



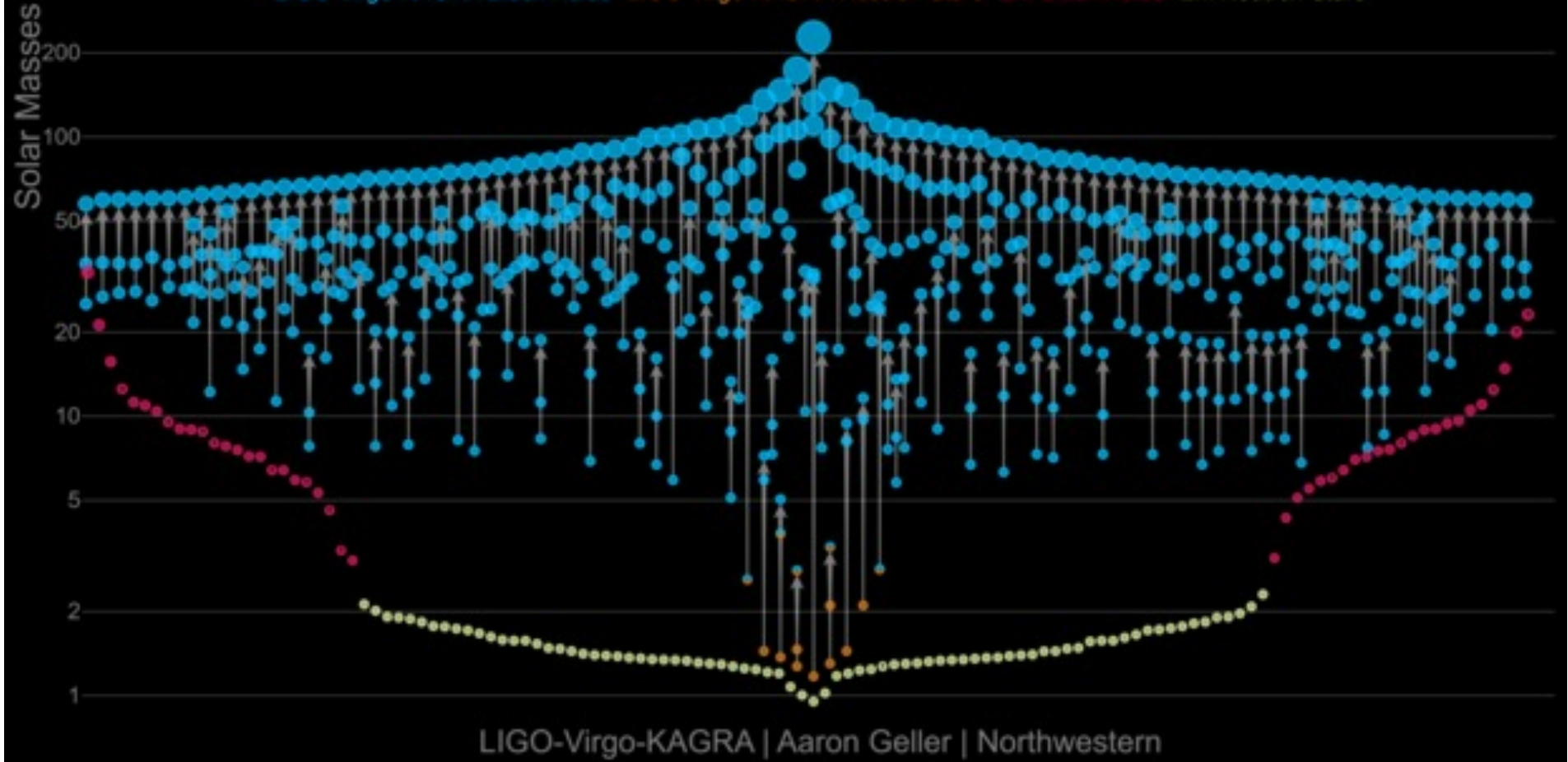
[Maggiore et al. 1912.02622]

[Yunes, KY & Pretorius 1603.08955]

Current Status

Masses in the Stellar Graveyard

LIGO-Virgo-KAGRA Black Holes LIGO-Virgo-KAGRA Neutron Stars EM Black Holes EM Neutron Stars

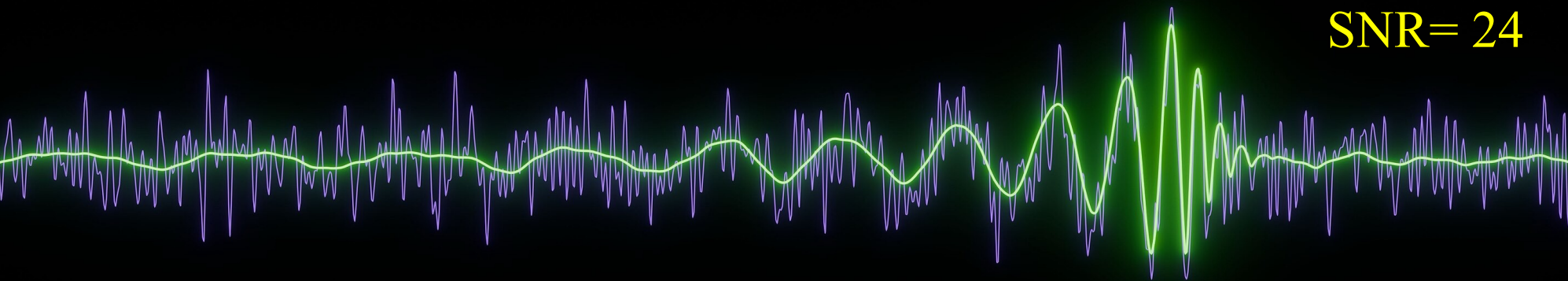


[Parameswaran's talk]

[LIGO]

GW150914 & GW250114

10 Years Later: LIGO Hears Loud and Clear



SNR= 24

GW150914 — Sept. 2015

Hanford

-0.2 s

-0.1 s

-0.0 s

SNR= 80



GW250114 — Jan. 2025

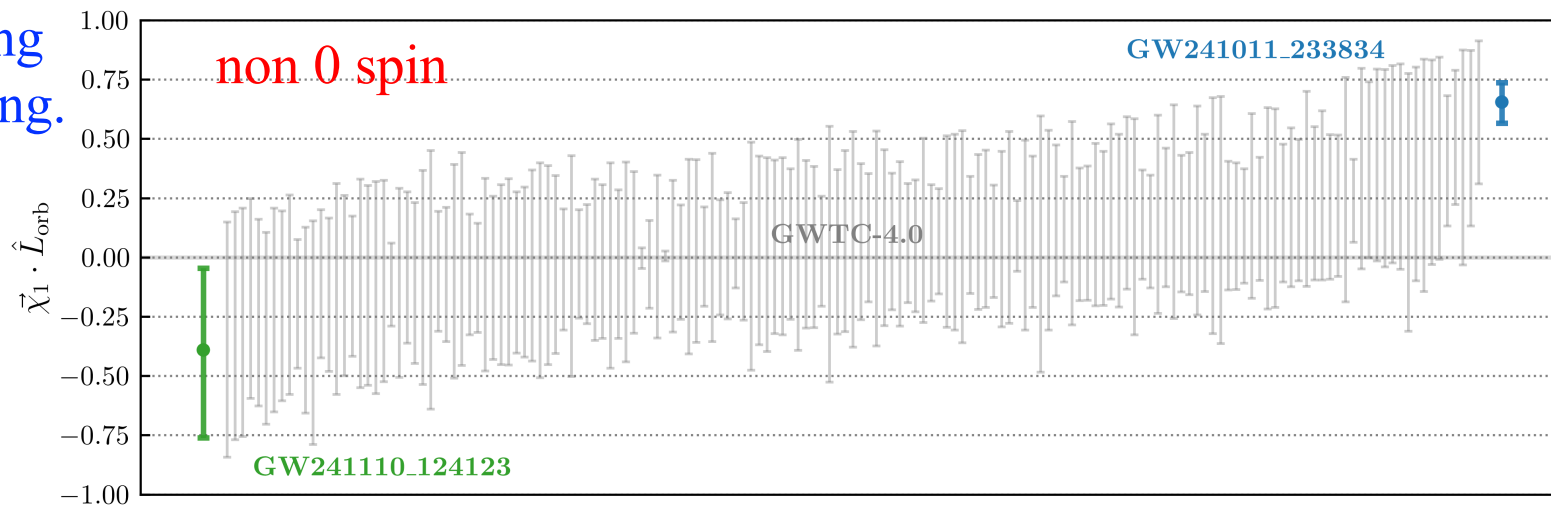
SNR record holder!

Hanford

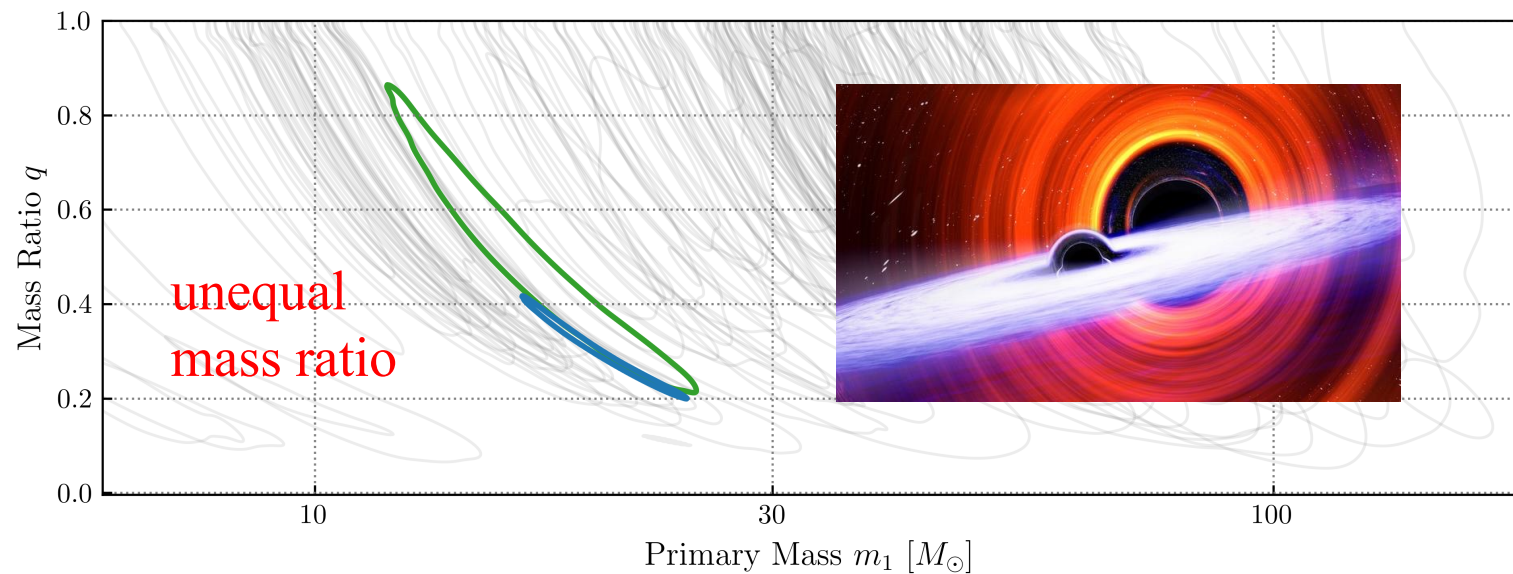
GW241011 & GW241110

[LVK, arXiv:2510.26931]

spin along
orbital ang.
mom.



Compact Binary Detections



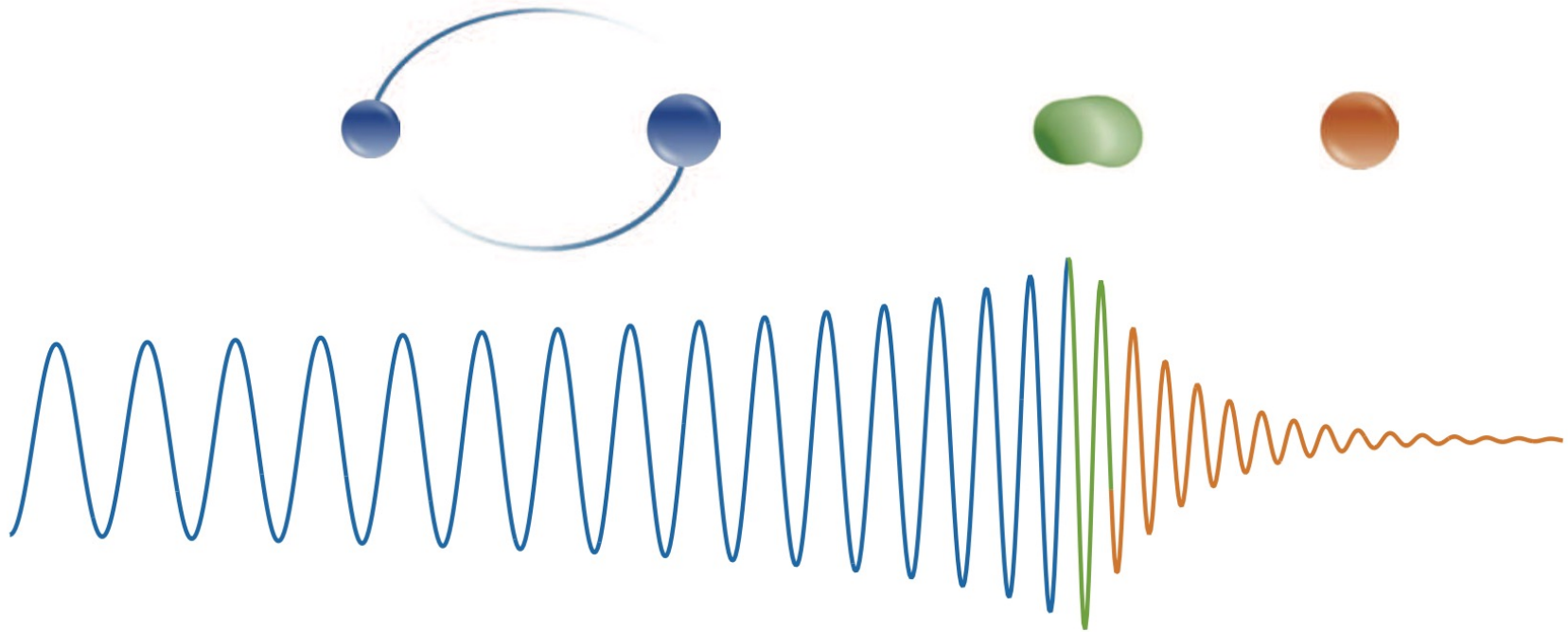
Kent Yagi

Tests of Gravity with Gravitational Waves

1-1. Parameterized tests

1-2. No-hair tests (insprial)

2-1. No-hair tests
(ringdown)



3-1. Hawking's area law

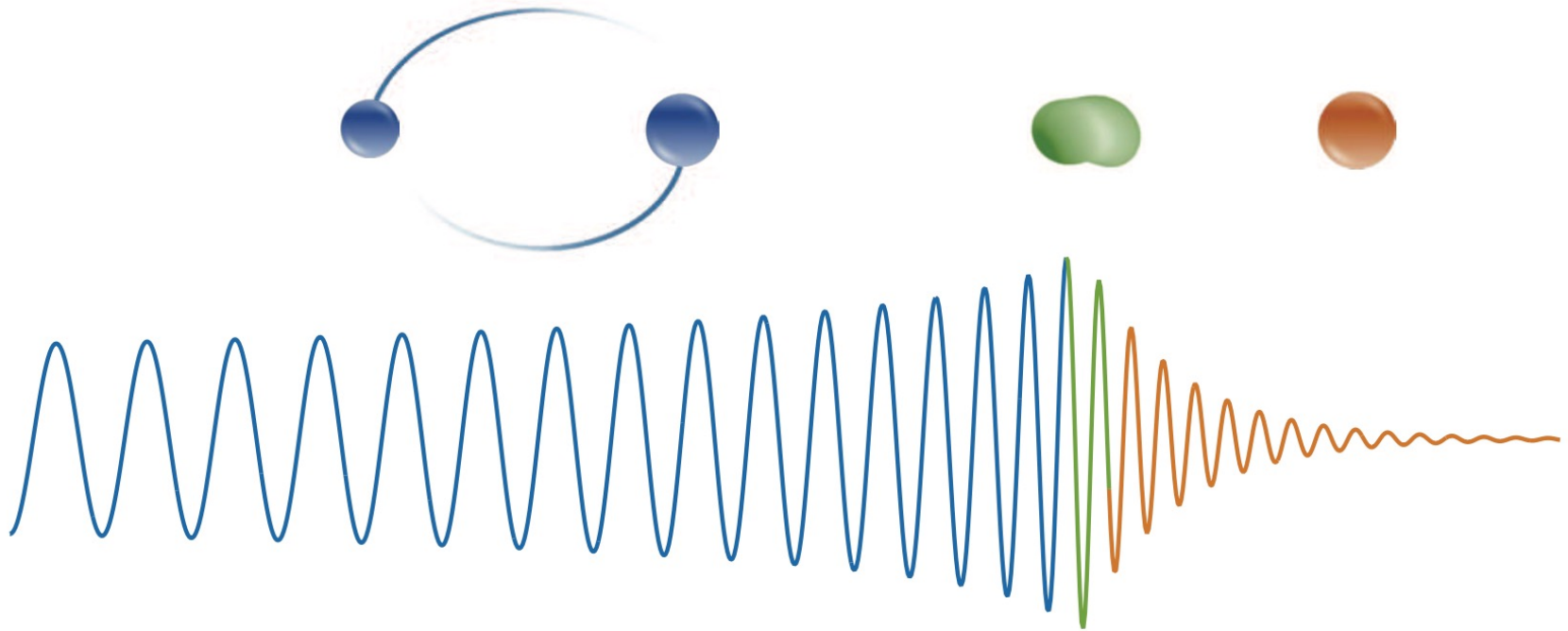
3-2. Inspiral-merger-ringdown consistency tests

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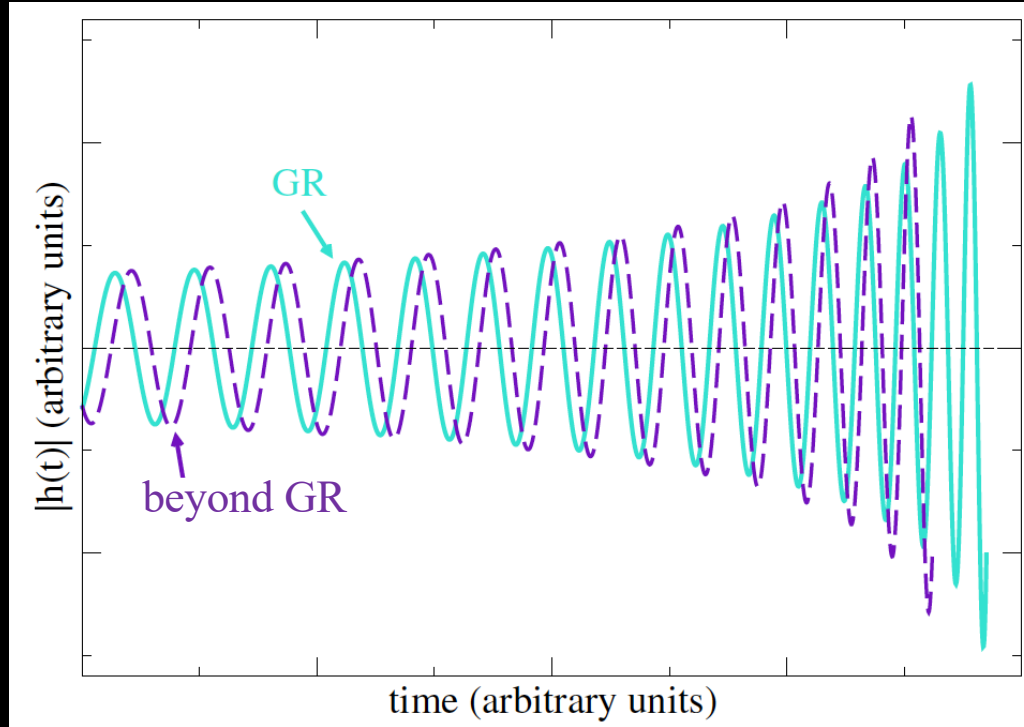
3-1. Hawking's area law

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parameterized post-Einsteinian (ppE) Formalism

[Yunes & Pretorius (2009)]

[LVC, PRL 116, 221101 (2016)]



waveform phase:

ppE parameter

relative velocity

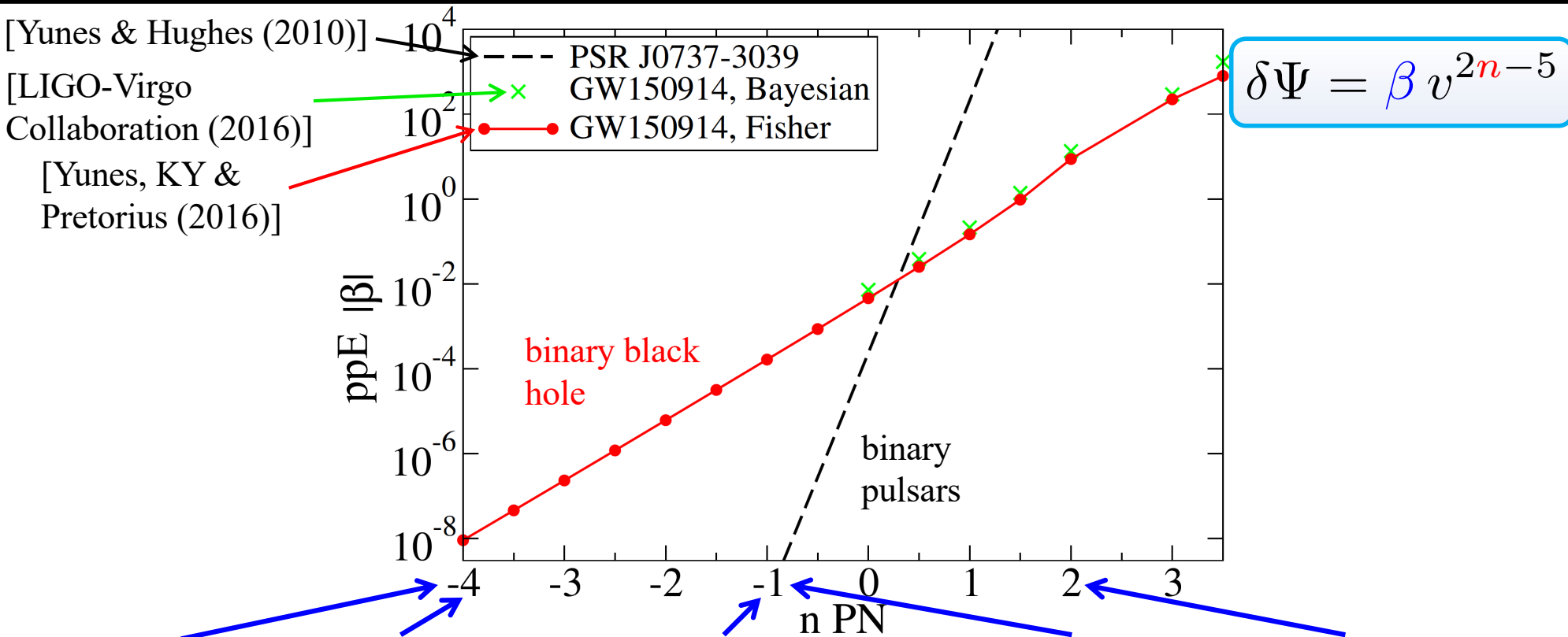
n th post-Newton (PN)
correction

$$\Psi^{(\text{insp})} = \Psi_{\text{GR}}^{(\text{insp})} + \beta (v/c)^{2n-5}$$

PN approximation:

$$v/c \ll 1$$

Parameterized tests with GW150914

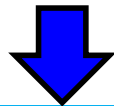


extra
dimension



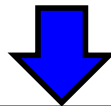
4D

time
varying G



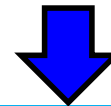
equivalence
principle

scalar monopole
activation



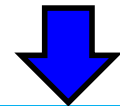
equivalence
principle

vector field
activation



Lorentz
invariance

scalar dipole
activation

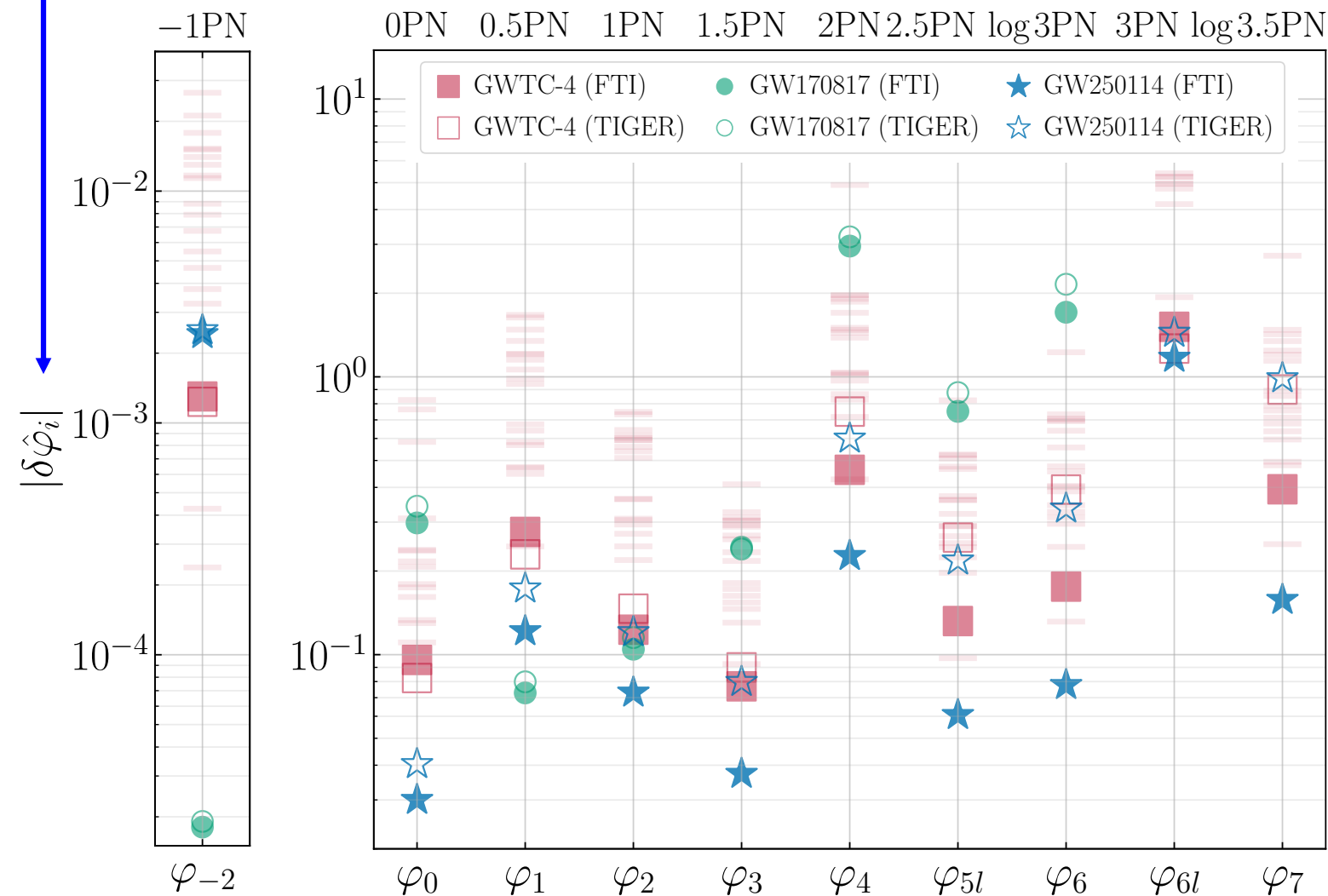


parity
invariance

Parameterized tests with GWTC-4

related to PPE β

[LVK, arXiv:2509.08099]

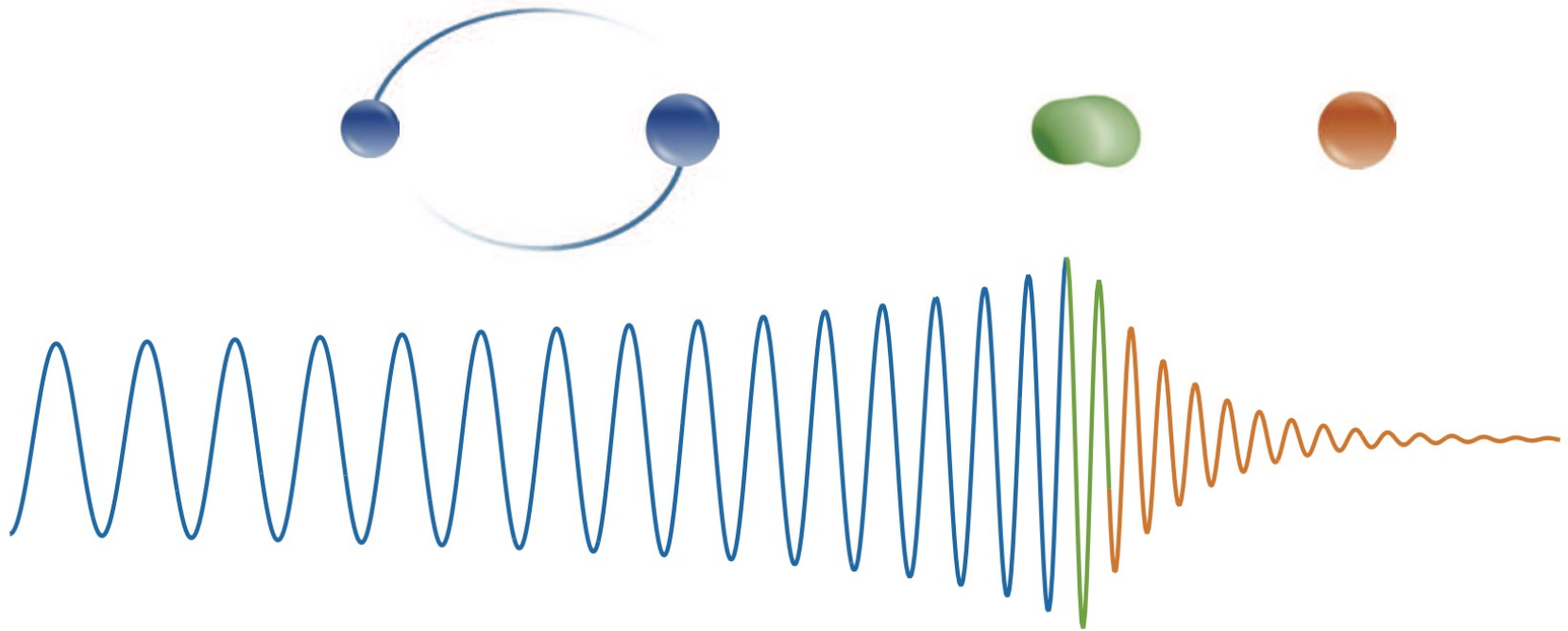


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1-1. Parameterized tests

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(ringdown)



3-1. Hawking's area law

3-2. Inspiral-merger-ringdown consistency tests

Black Hole No-Hair Property

Astrophysical (Kerr) black holes have only **2 hairs**:

- mass M
- spin $\chi (= a/M)$

Multiple Moments

$$M_\ell + iS_\ell = M(ia)^\ell$$

e.g. quadrupole moment ($\ell = 2$)

$$M_2 = -Ma^2$$



No-hair Test with GW241011

$$\kappa \equiv -M_2/(Ma^2) \quad \kappa_{\text{Kerr}} = 1$$

[LVK, arXiv:2510.26931]

$$\kappa_A = 1 + \delta\kappa_A$$

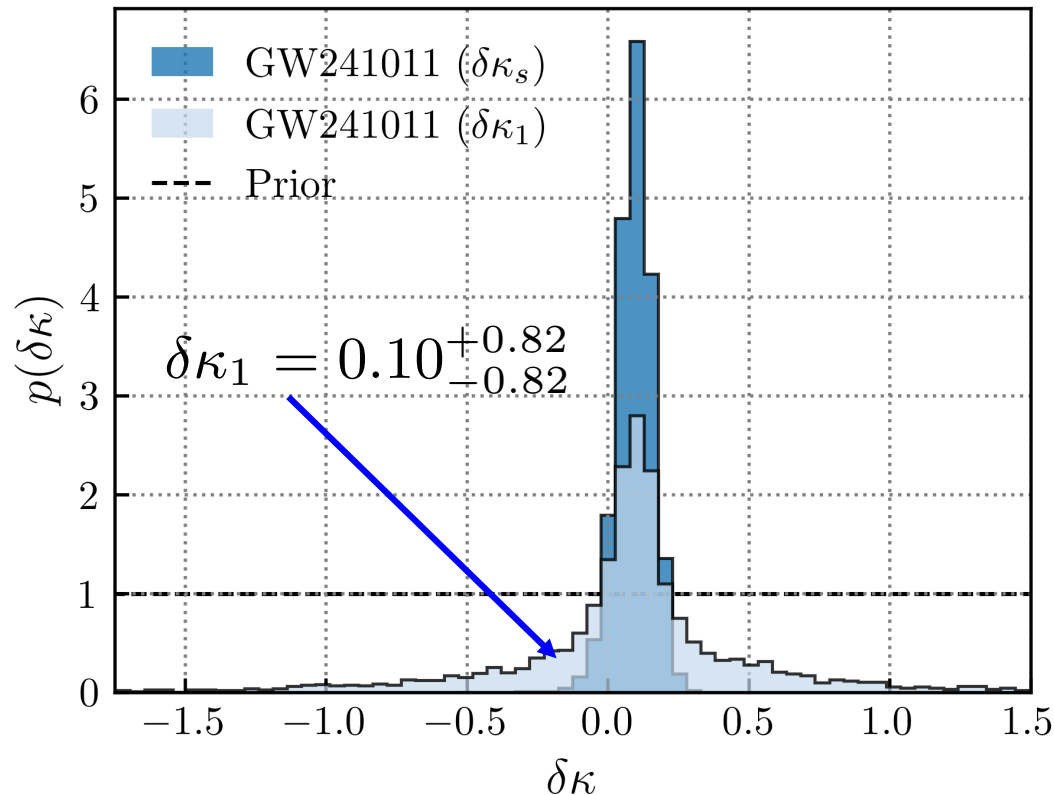
$$\kappa_s = (\kappa_1 + \kappa_2)/2$$

most stringent bound on $\delta\kappa_1$

- ✓ high SNR (~ 35)
- ✓ large primary spin
- ✓ unequal mass ratio

rules out certain exotic
compact object, like
massive boson stars

$$\kappa \sim 10 - 150$$

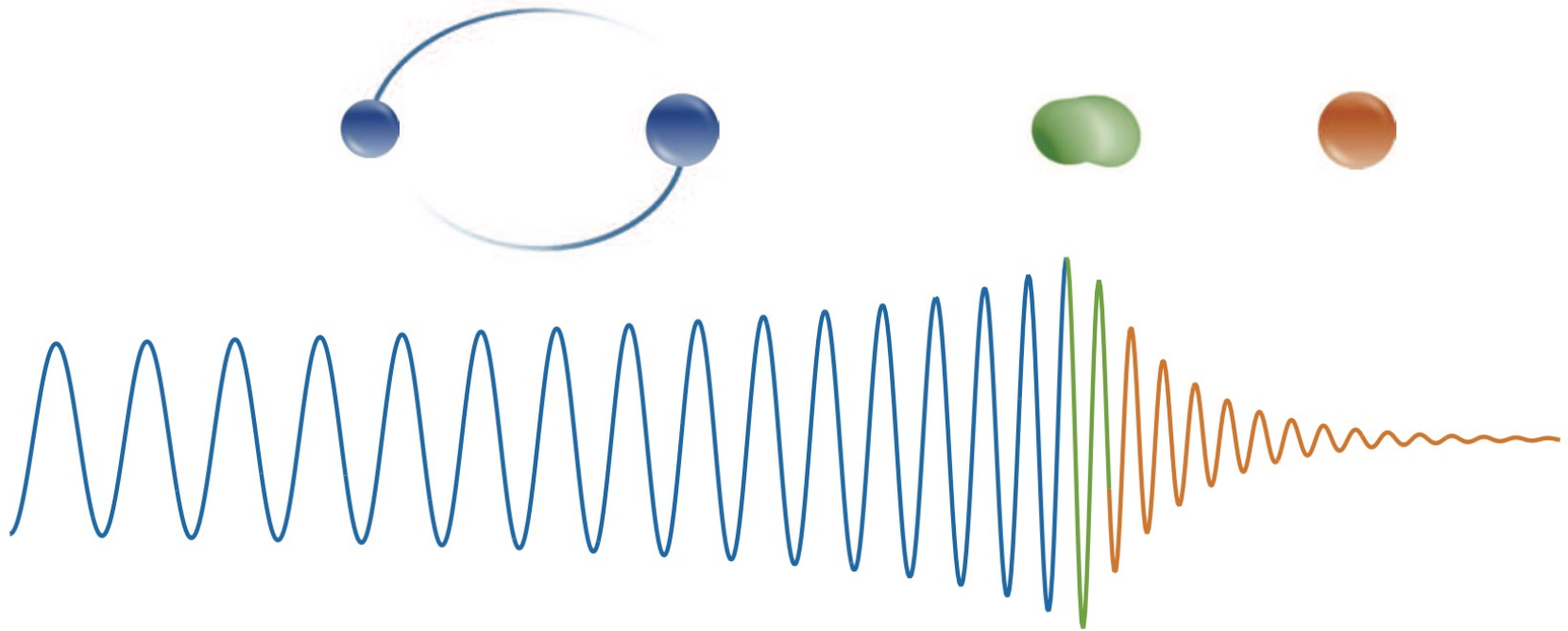


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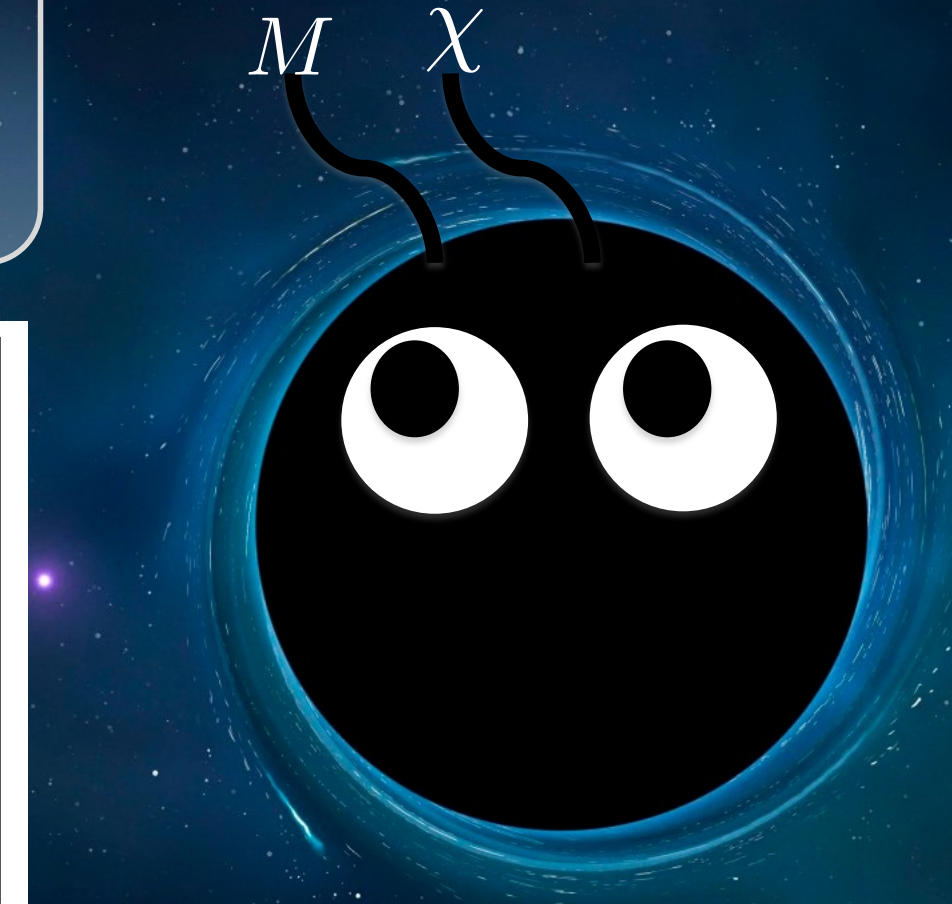
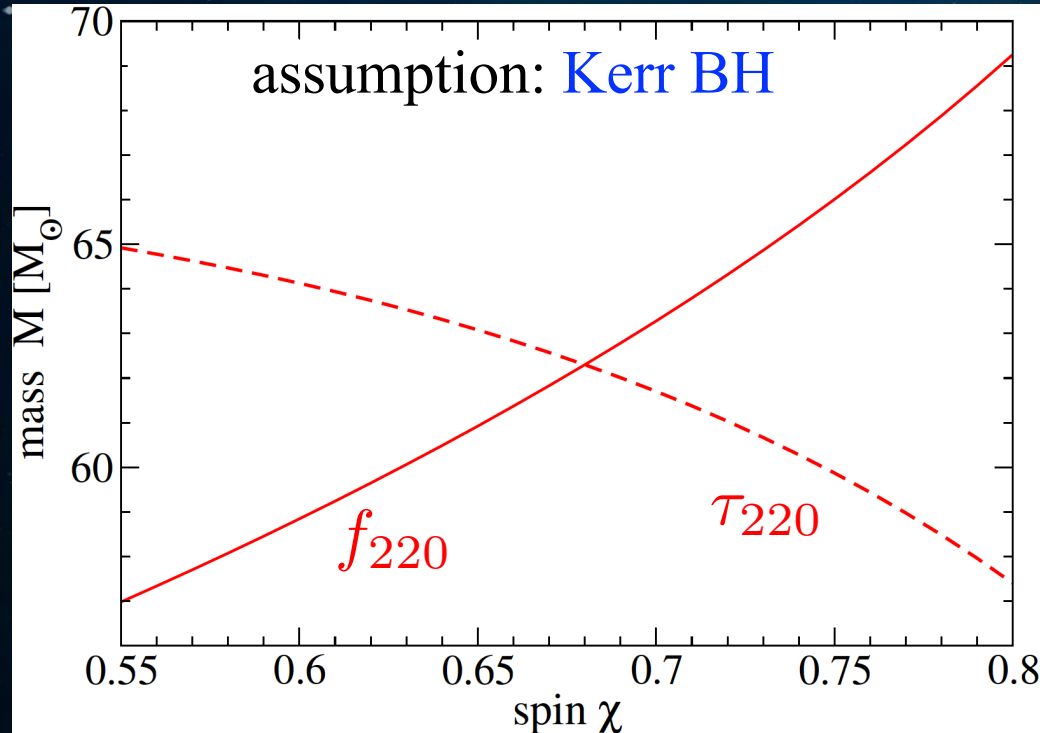
3-2. Inspiral-merger-ringdown consistency tests

Black Hole Spectroscopy

black hole **no-hair** property

ringdown frequency: $f_{\ell mn}(M, \chi)$

damping time: $\tau_{\ell mn}(M, \chi)$

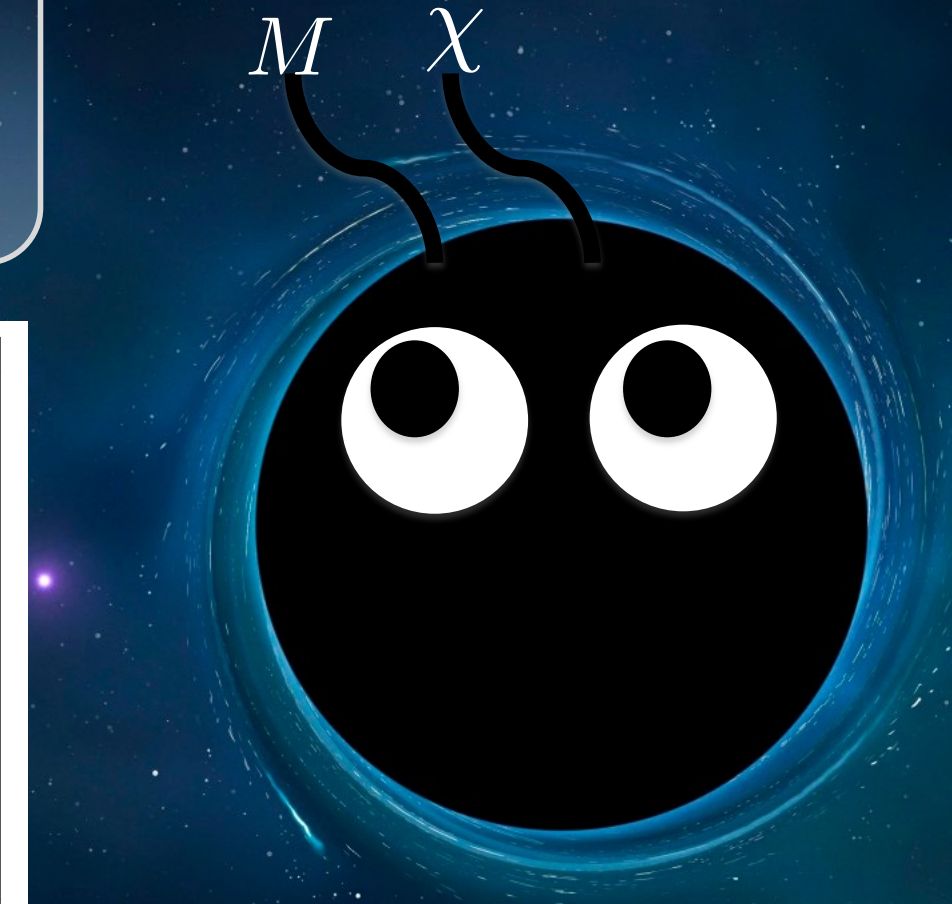
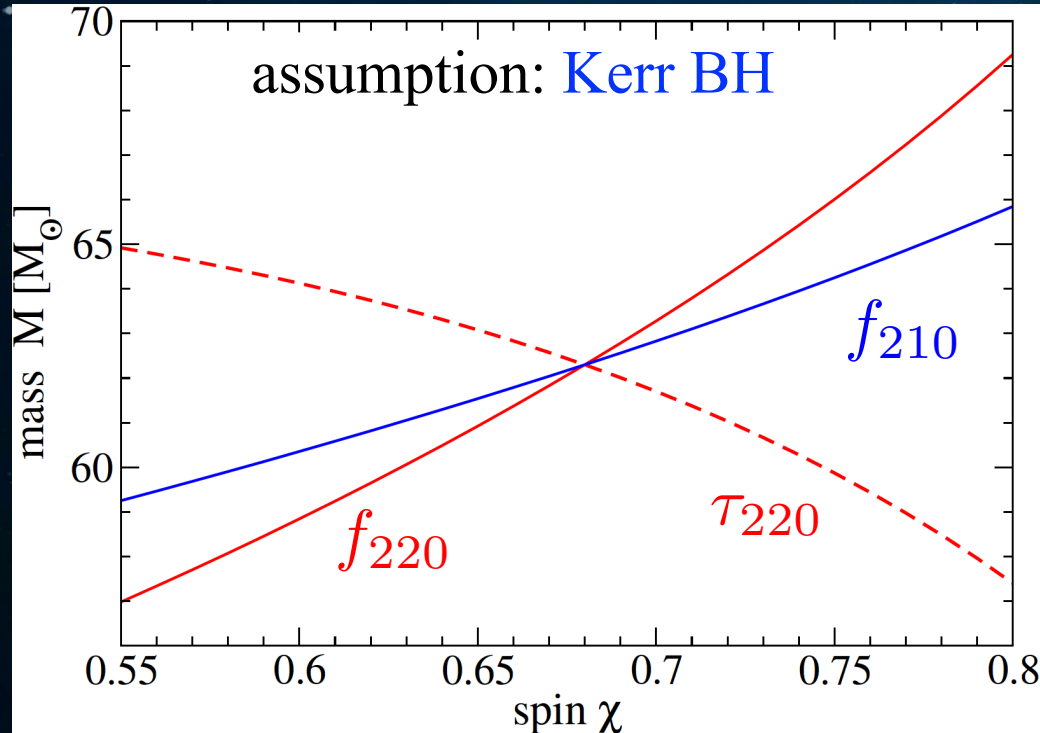


Black Hole Spectroscopy

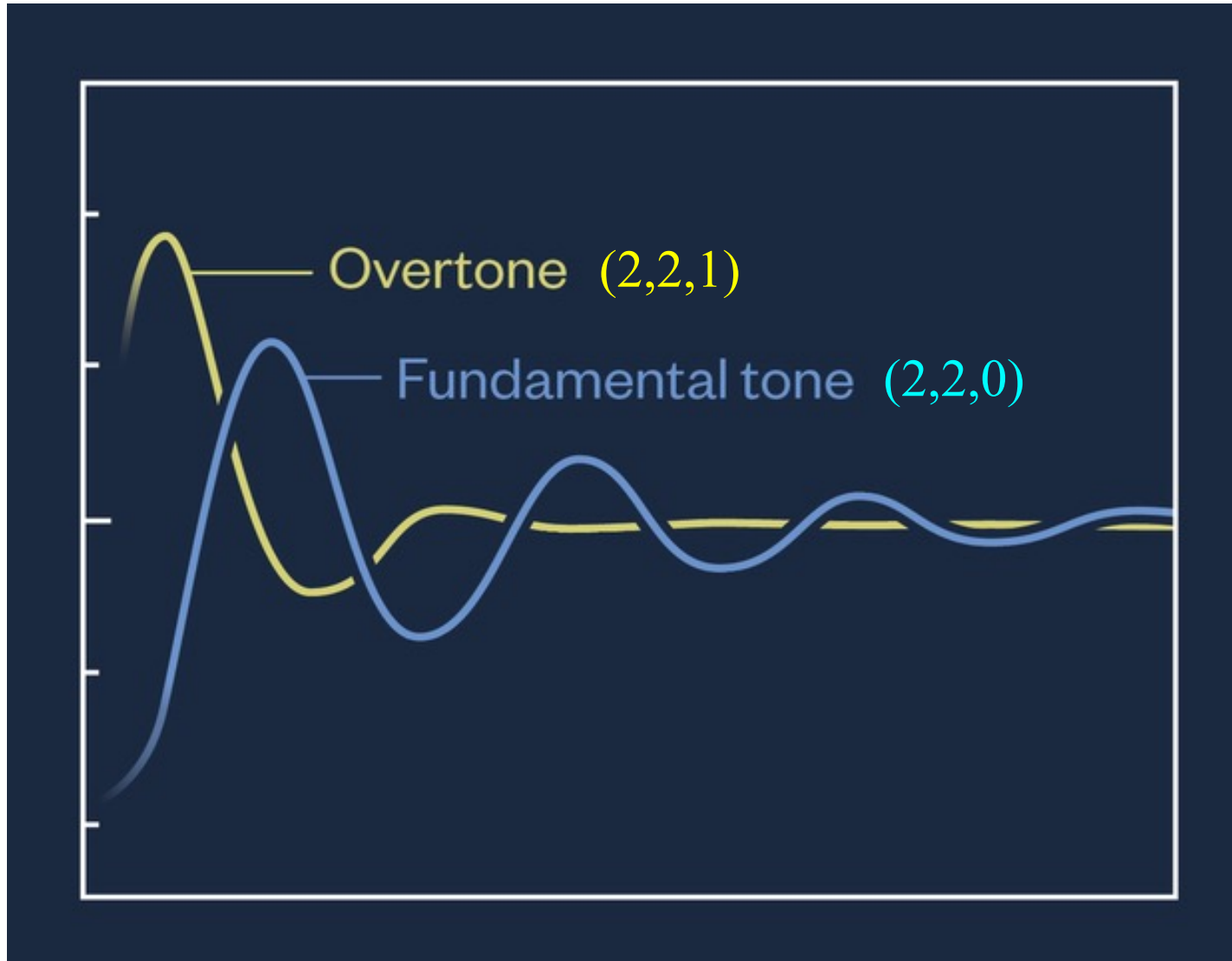
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ringdown frequency: $f_{\ell mn}(M, \chi)$

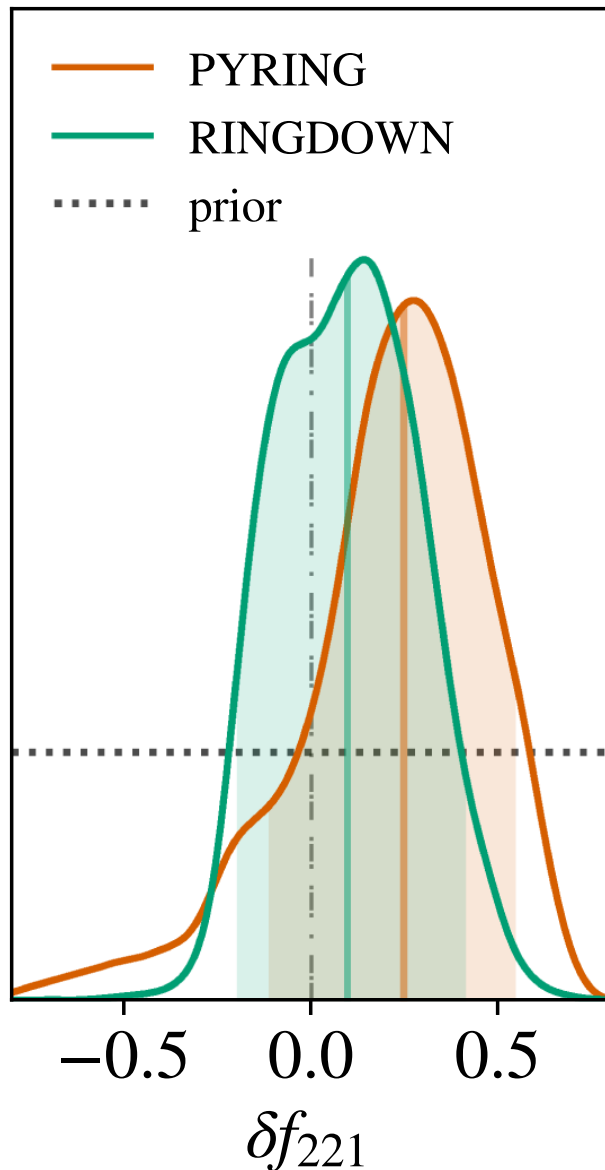
damping time: $\tau_{\ell mn}(M, \chi)$



Overtone Detection with GW250114!



No-hair Test with GW250114



[LVK, arXiv:2509.08054]

$$f_{221} = f_{221}^{\text{Kerr}}(M_f, \chi_f) \exp(\delta f_{221})$$

from fundamental (2,2,0) mode

$$\delta f_{221} = 0.1^{+0.3}_{-0.3}$$

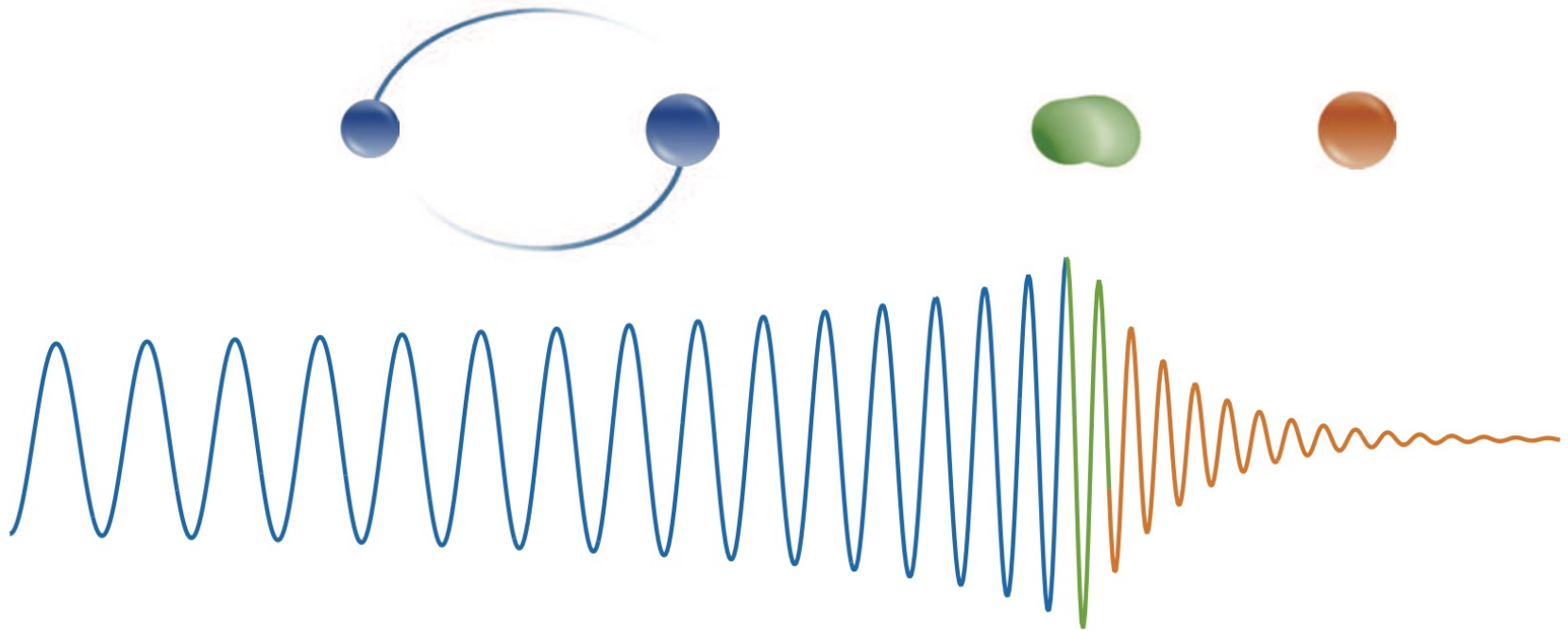
consistent with Kerr overtone frequency to $\sim 30\%$

Tests of Gravity with Gravitational Waves

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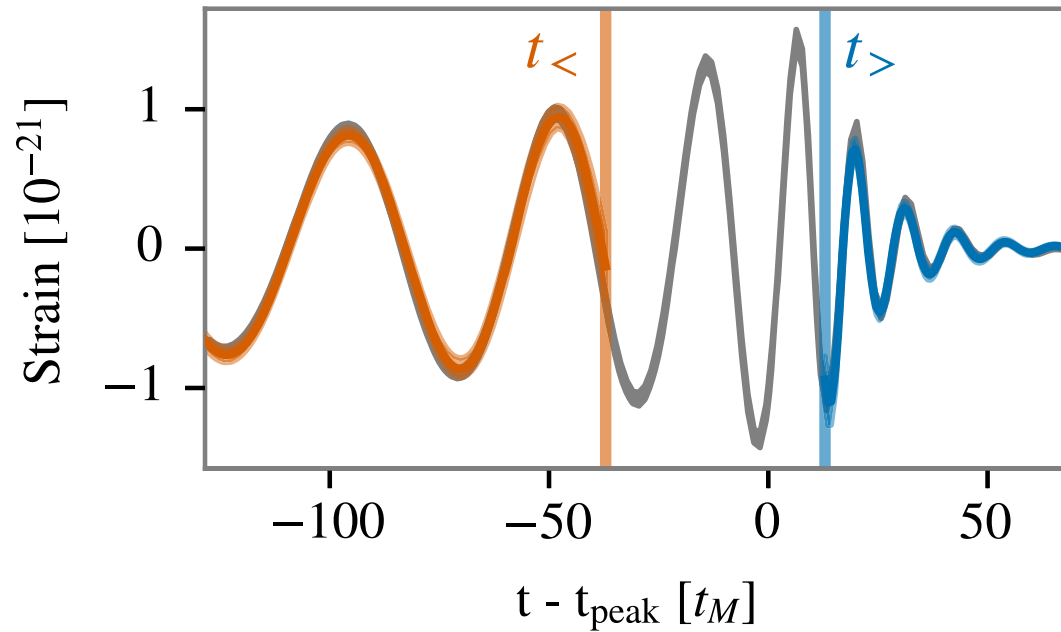


3-1. Hawking's area law

3-2. Inspiral-merger-ringdown consistency tests

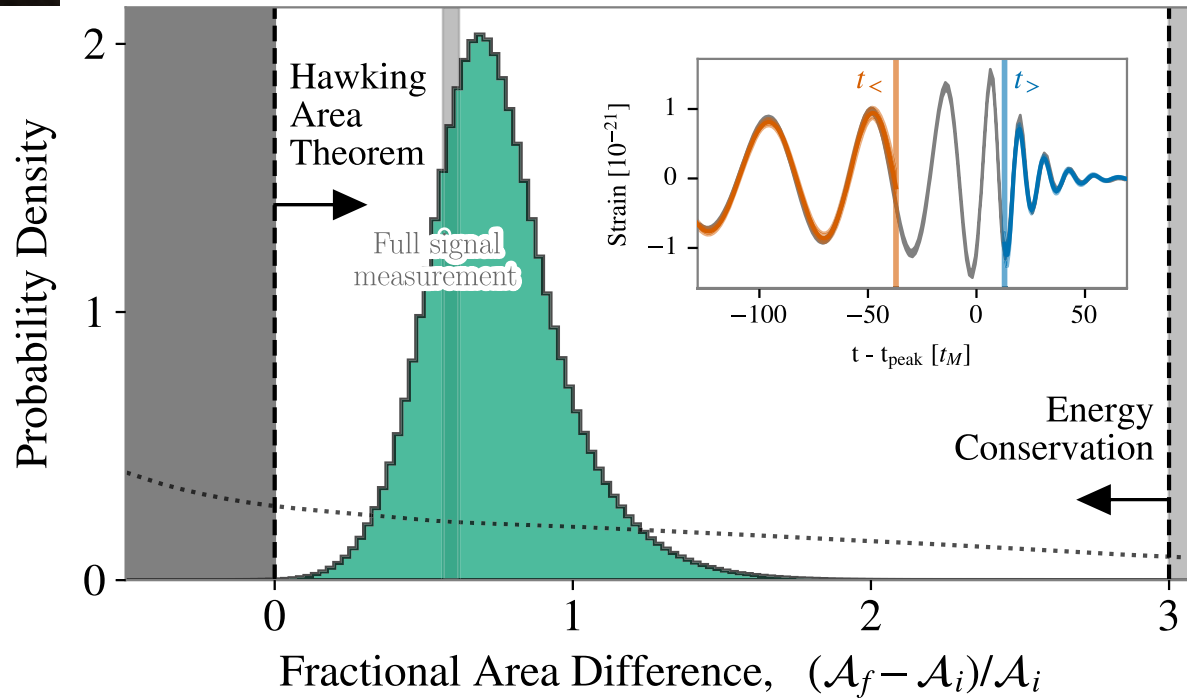
Hawking's Area Law with GW250114

[LVK, arXiv: 2509.08054]



Hawking's Area Law with GW250114

[LVK, arXiv: 2509.08054]



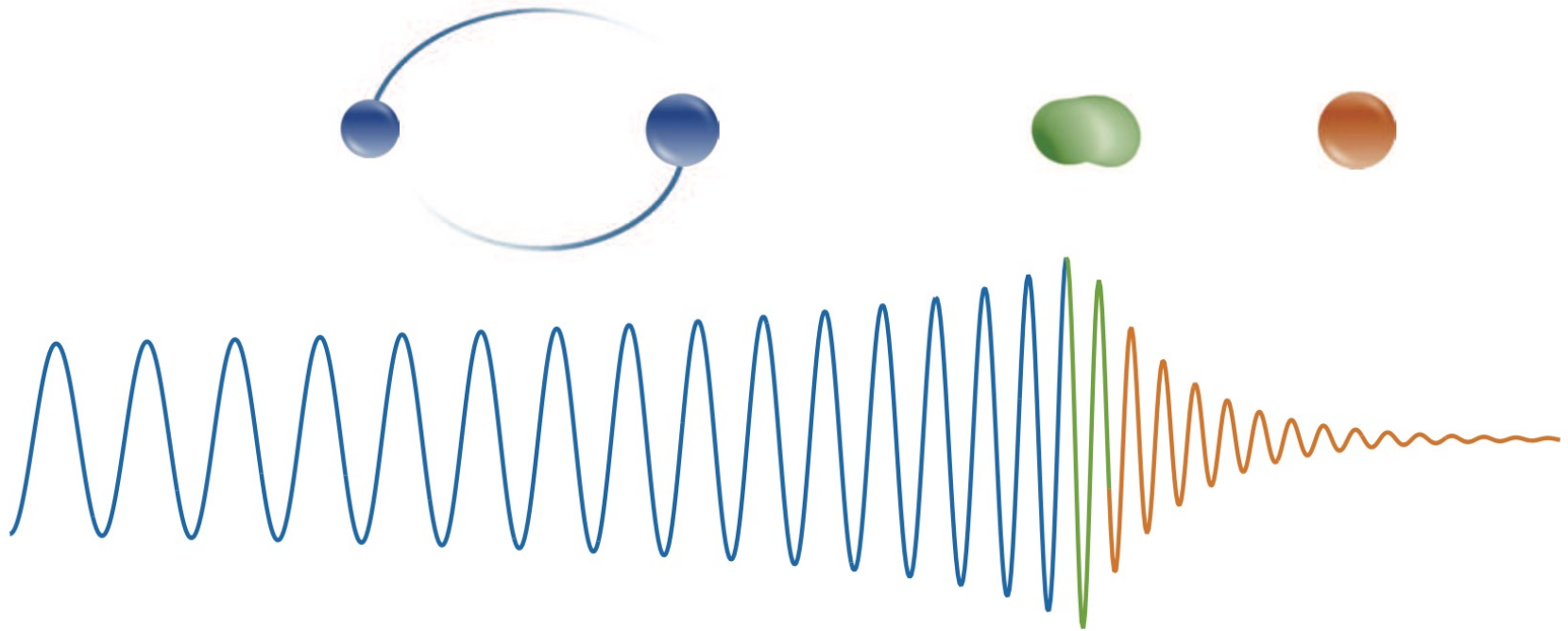
Hawking
was right!

Tests of Gravity with Gravitational Waves

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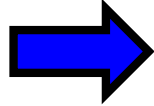
2-1. No-hair tests
(ringdown)



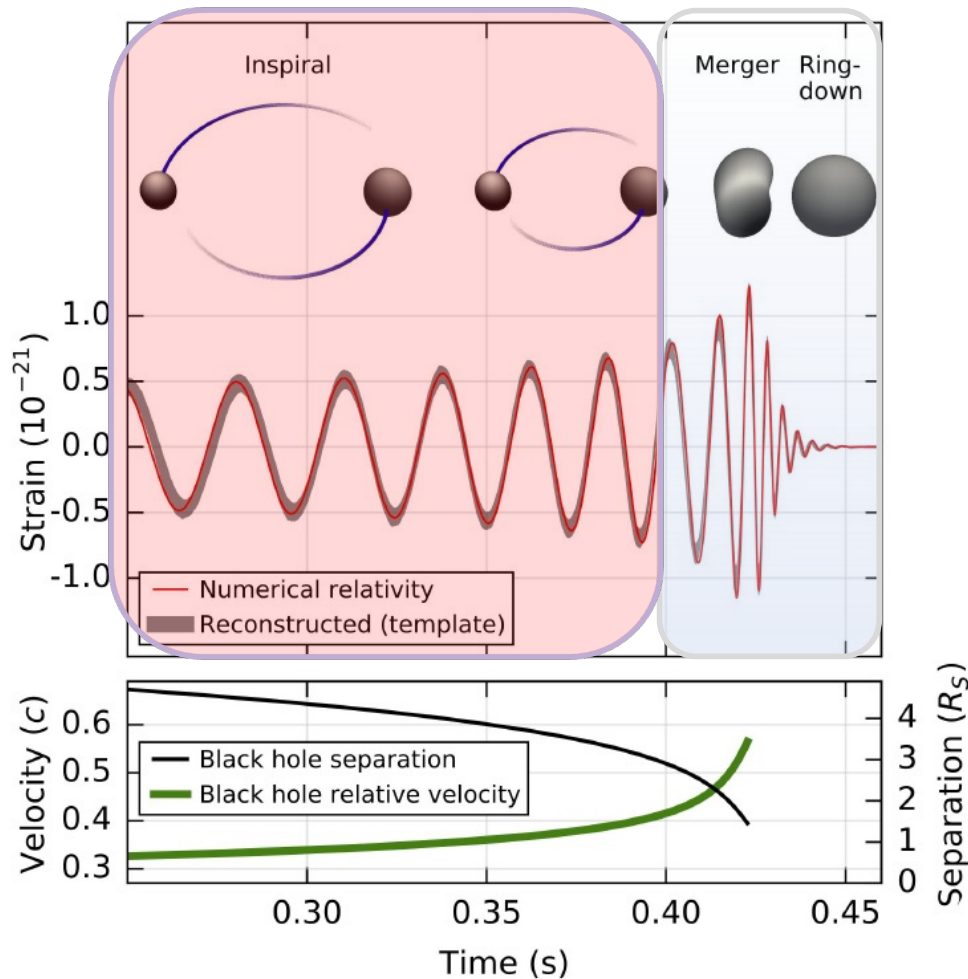
3-1. Hawking's area law

3-2. **Inspiral-merger-ringdown** consistency tests

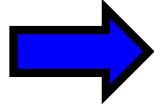
Inspiral-Merger-Ringdown Consistency Tests

initial masses & spins
 $(m_1, m_2, \chi_1, \chi_2)$  final mass & spin
 (M_f, χ_f)

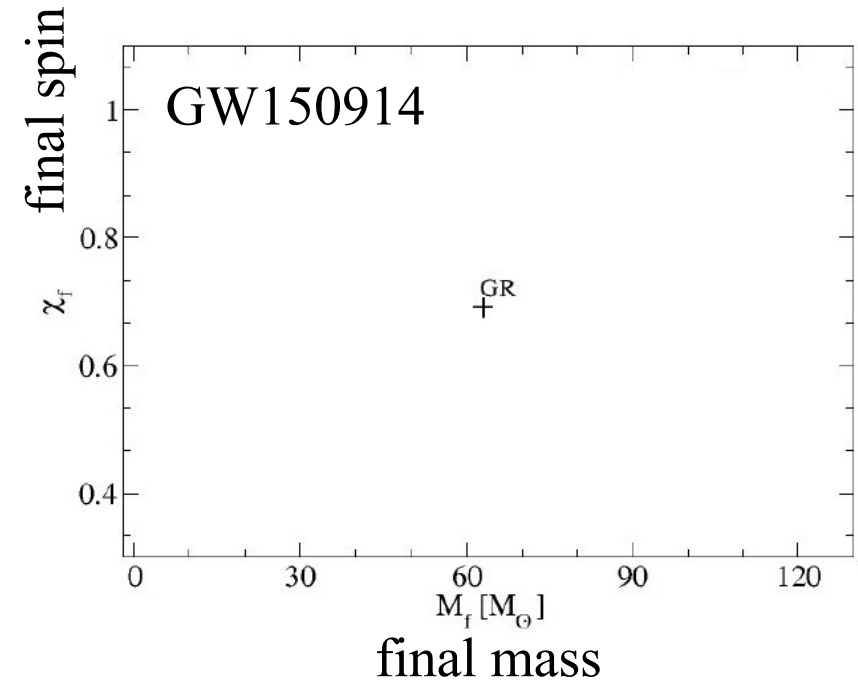
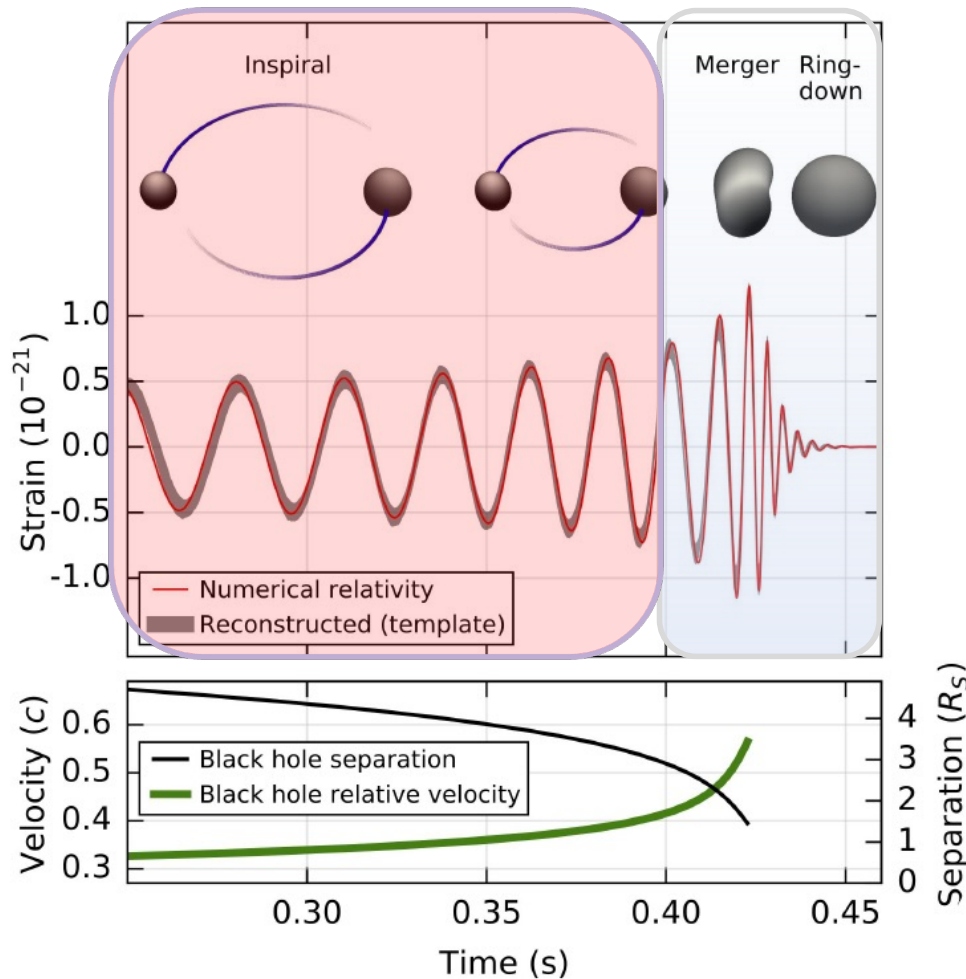
numerical relativity
assuming GR



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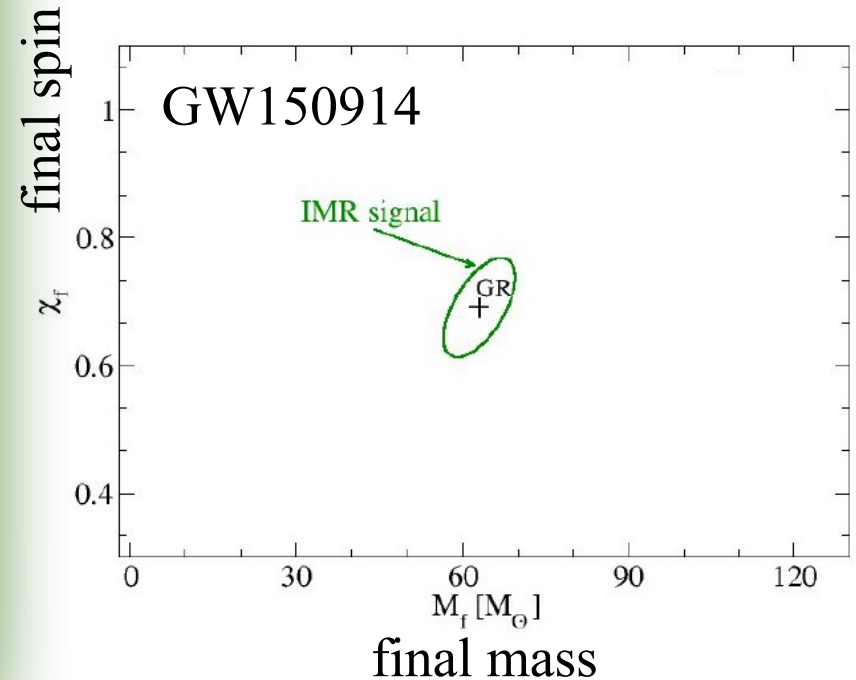
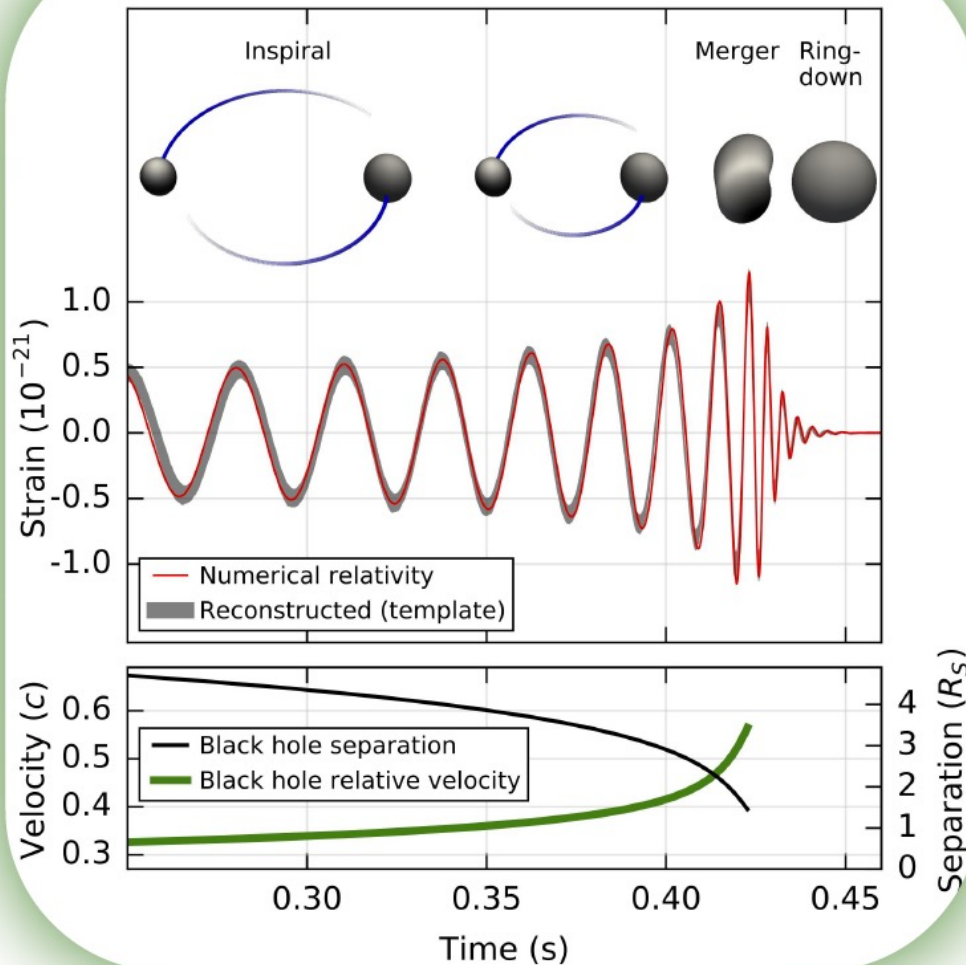


Fisher analysis
 [credit: Zack Carson]

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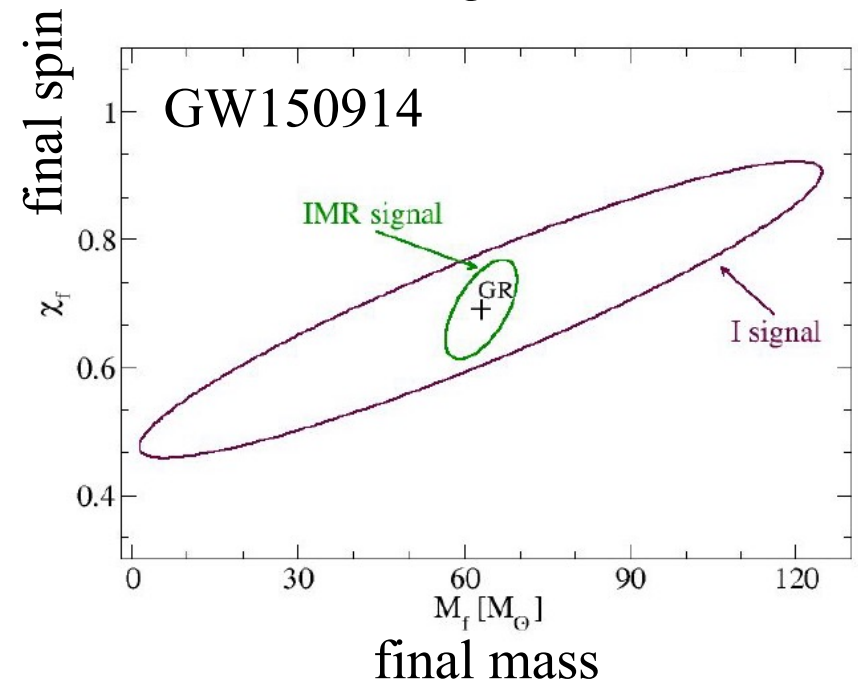
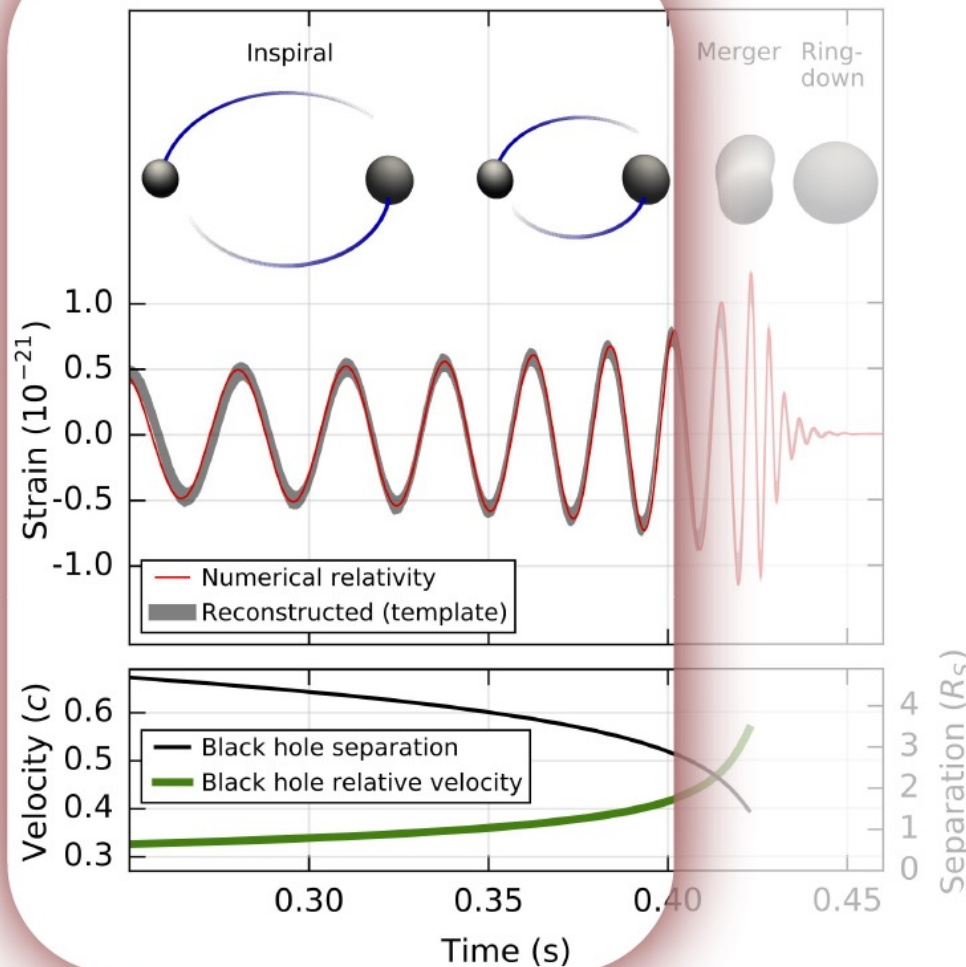


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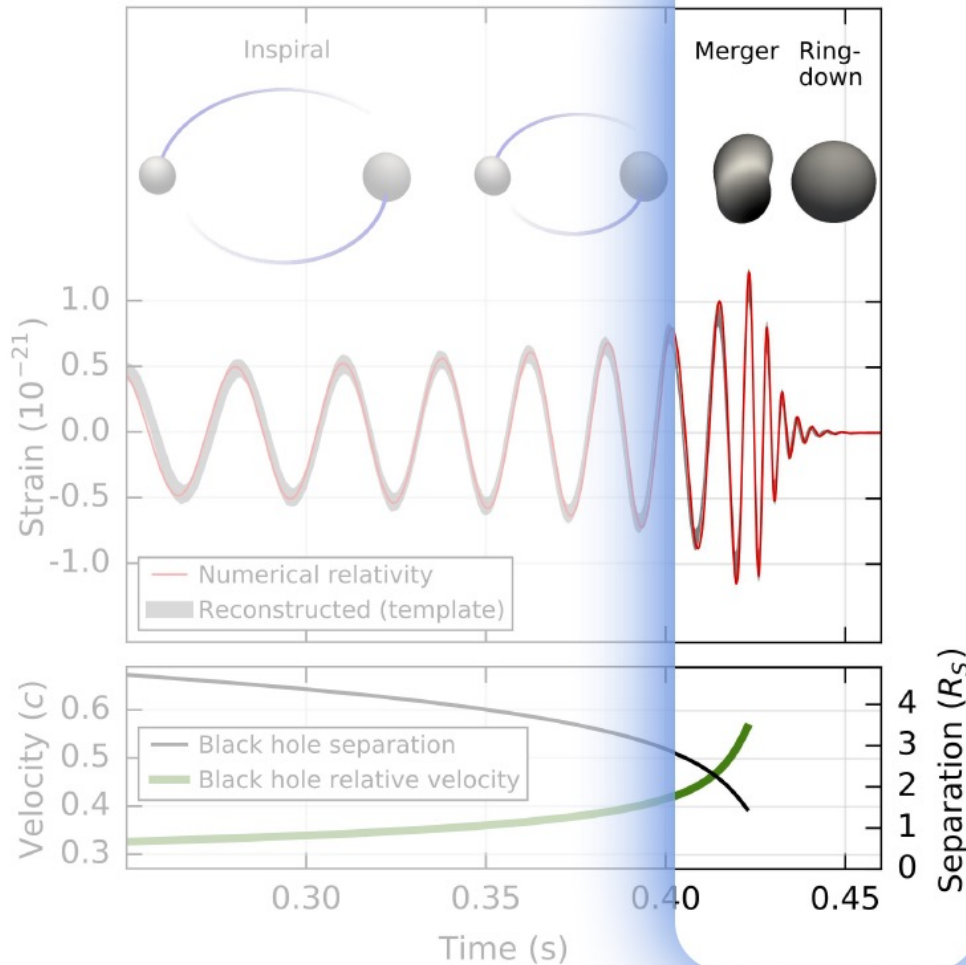
numerical relativity
 assuming GR



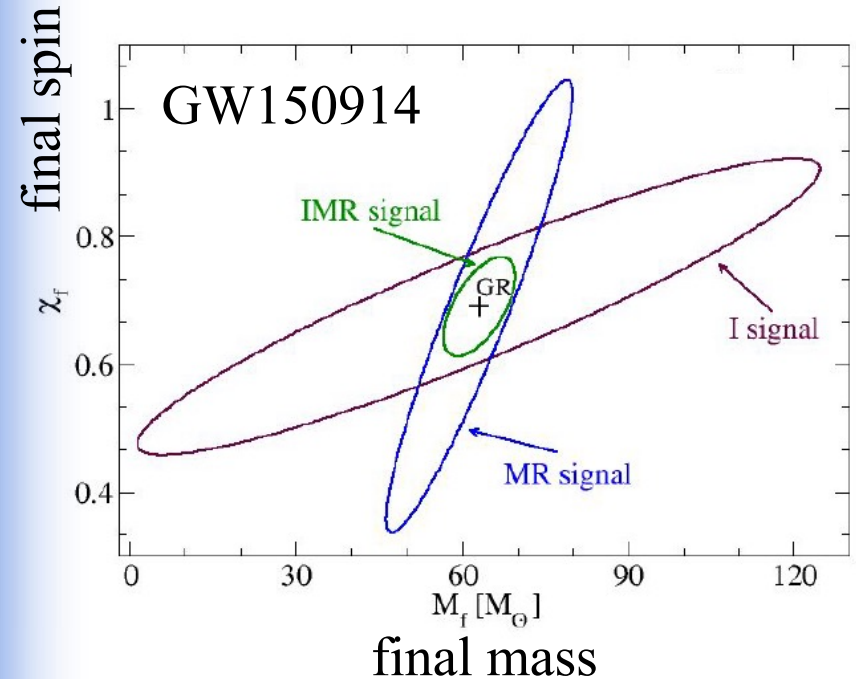
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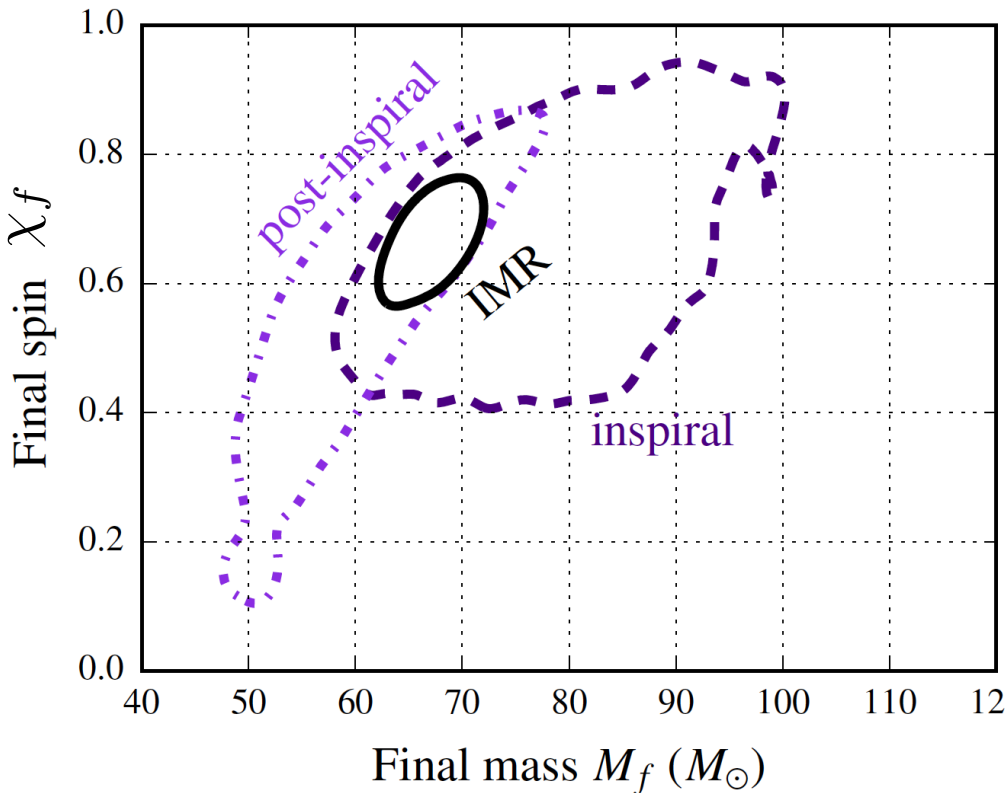


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IMR Consistency Tests with GW150914

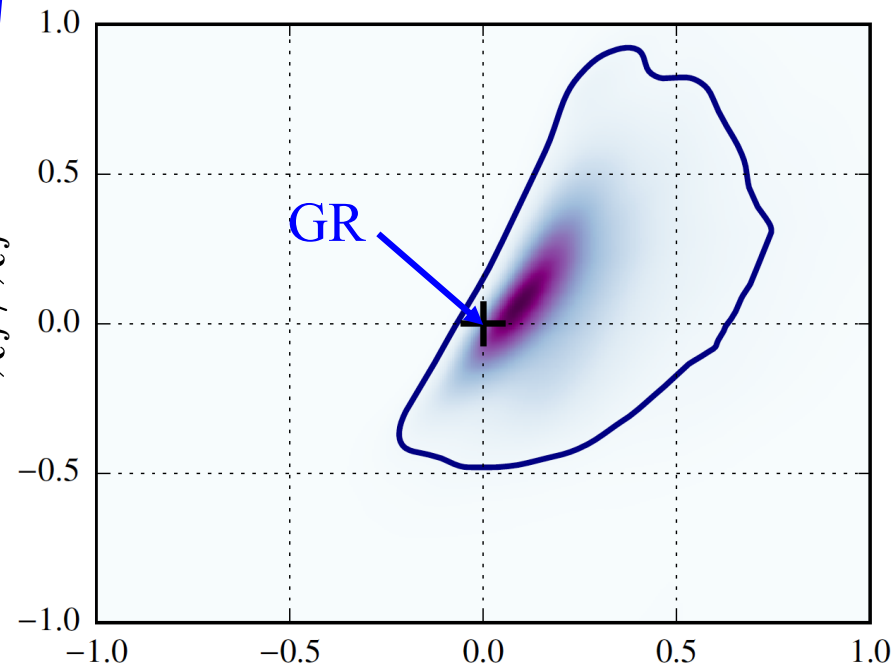
[LVC, PRL 116, 221101 (2016)]

Bayesian, actual data



$$\Delta\chi_f = \chi_f^{\text{I}} - \chi_f^{\text{MR}}$$

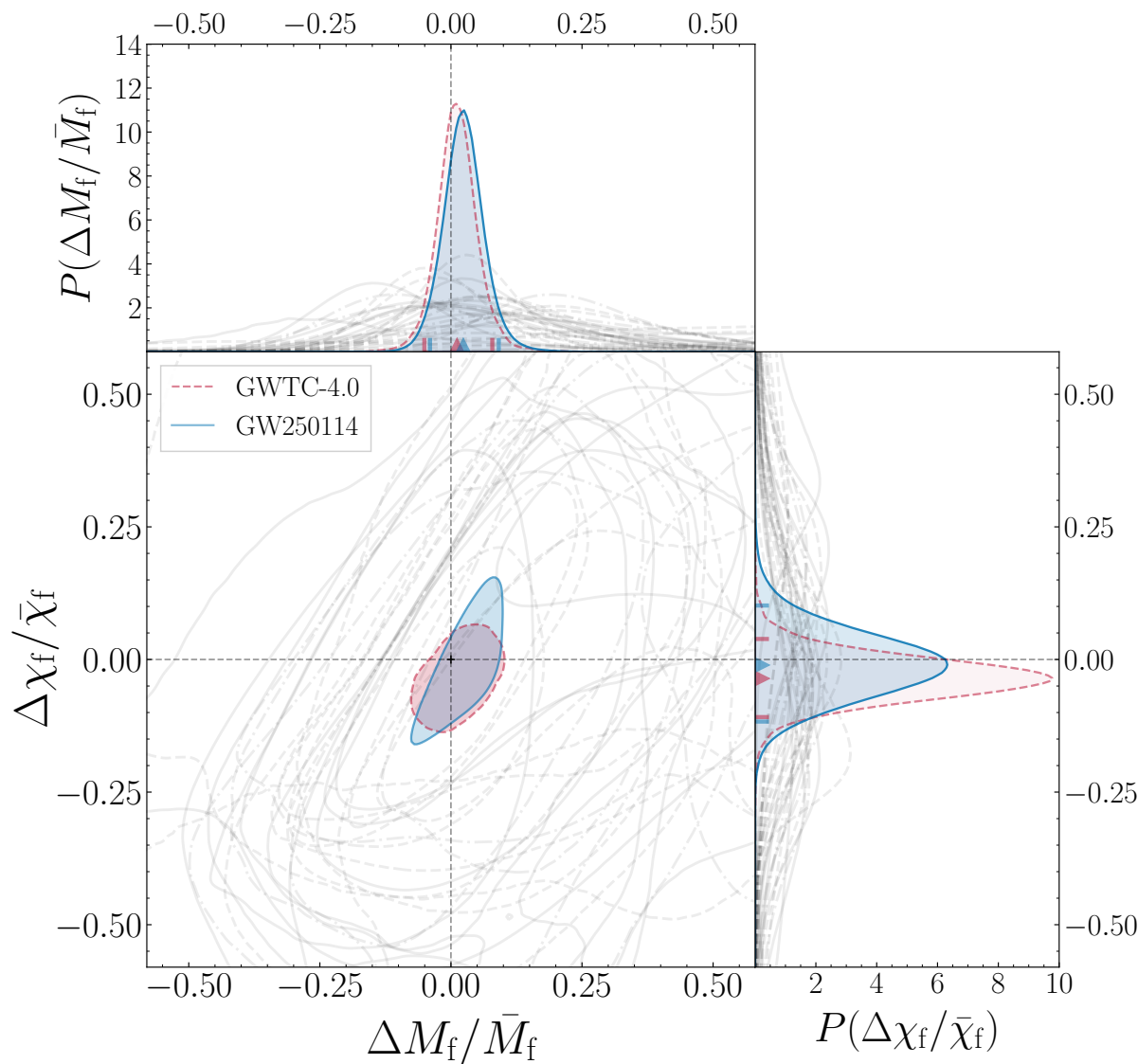
$$\Delta\chi_f/\chi_f$$



$$\Delta M_f = M_f^{\text{I}} - M_f^{\text{MR}}$$

IMR Consistency Tests with GWTC-4

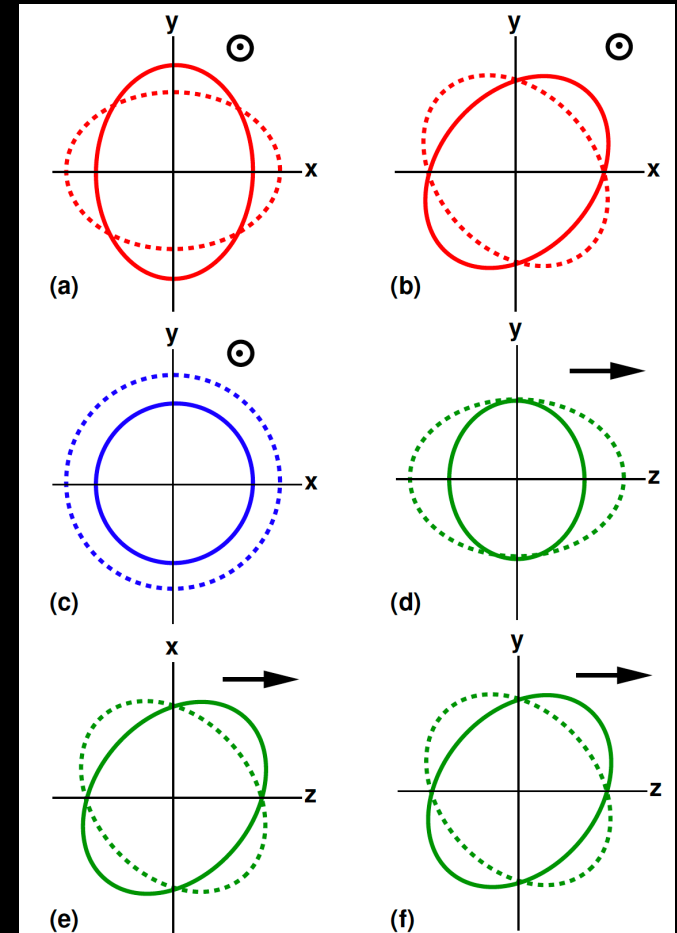
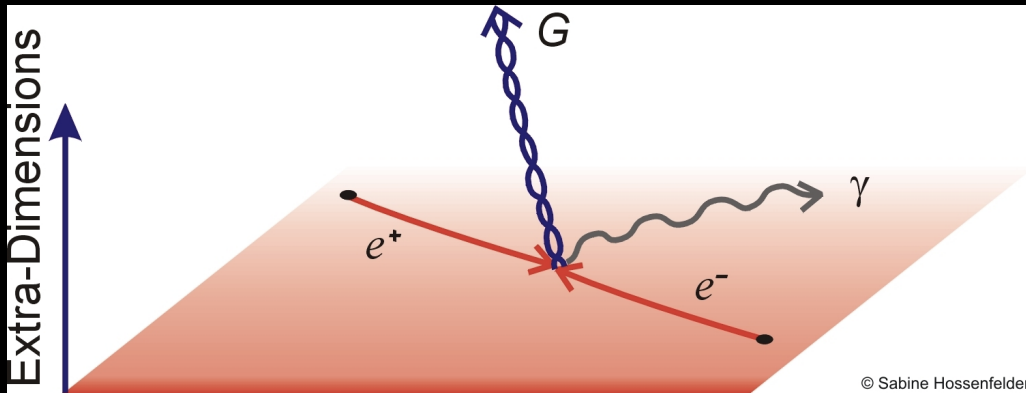
[LVK, arXiv:2509.08099]



consistency can be checked to $\sim 10\%$ level for both final mass & spin!

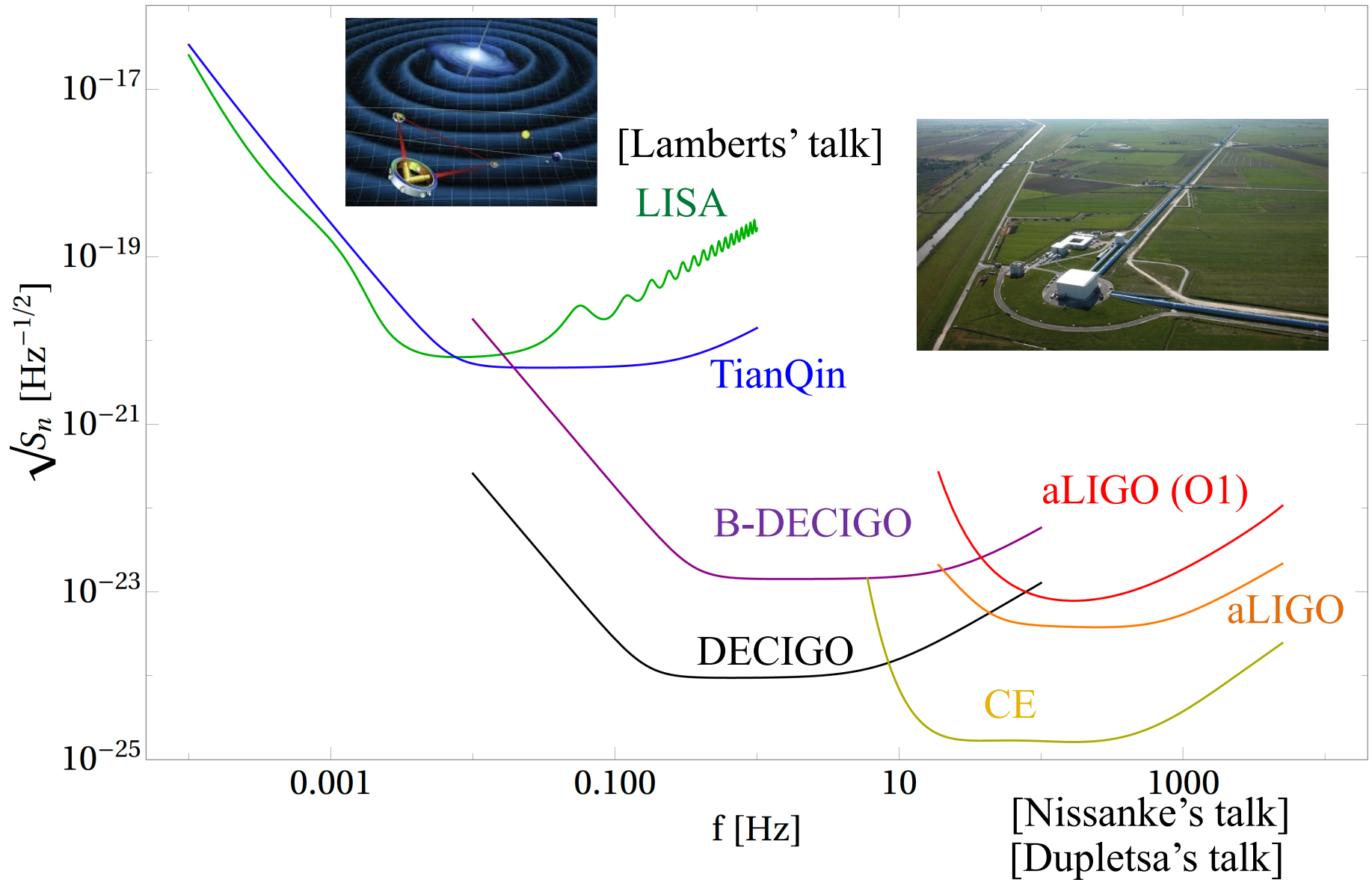
Other Tests of GR with GWs

- ✓ residual signal-to-noise ratio
- ✓ non-GR polarization
- ✓ propagation speed of GWs
- dispersion relation of gravitons
- ✓ extra dimension
- ✓ ...



Future Improvement

Future Detector Sensitivities

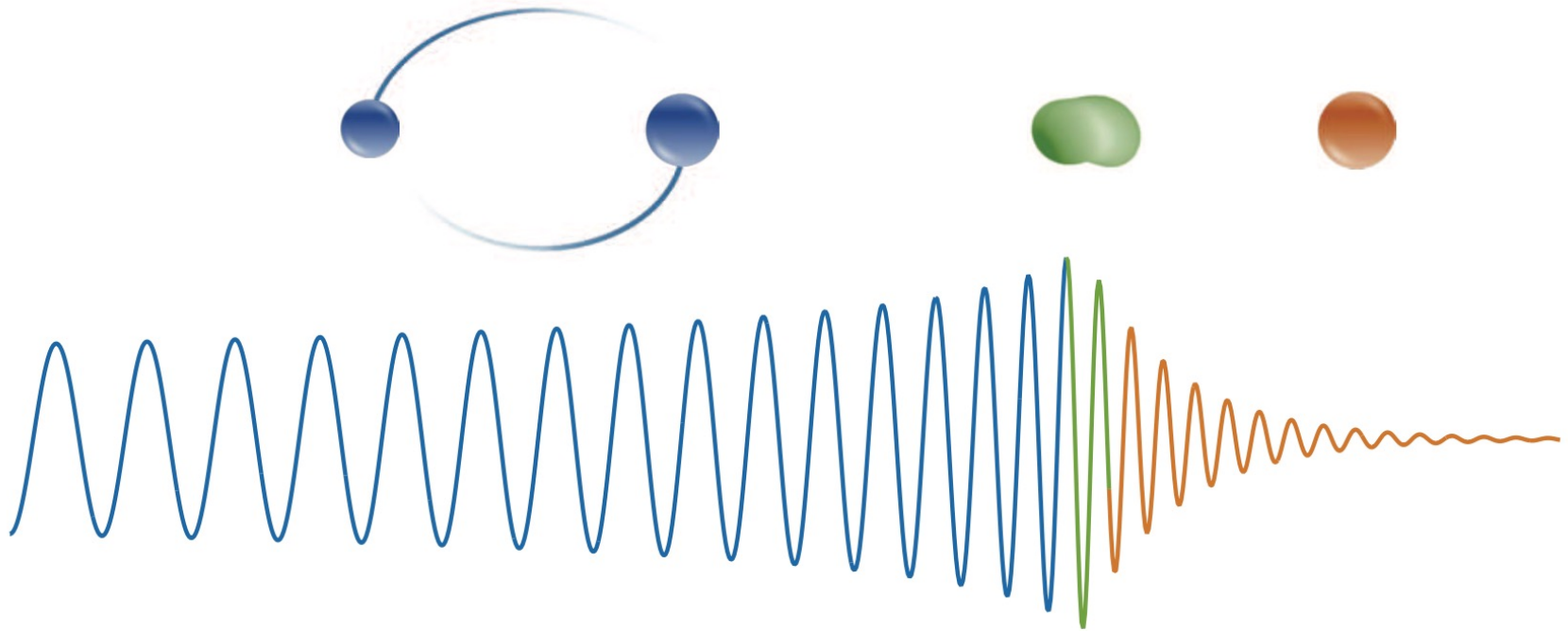


Tests of Gravity with Gravitational Waves

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1-2. No-hair tests (insprial)

2-1. No-hair tests
(ringdown)



3-1. Hawking's area law

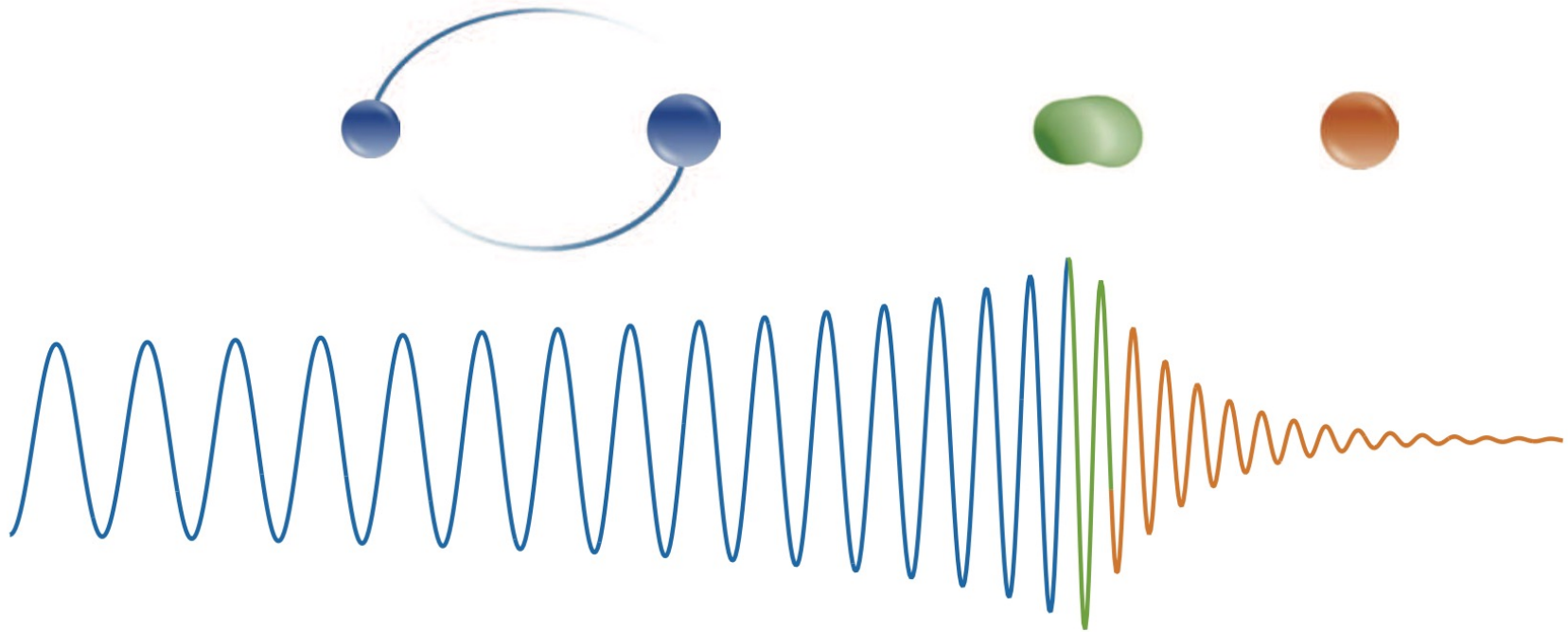
3-2. Inspiral-merger-ringdown consistency tests

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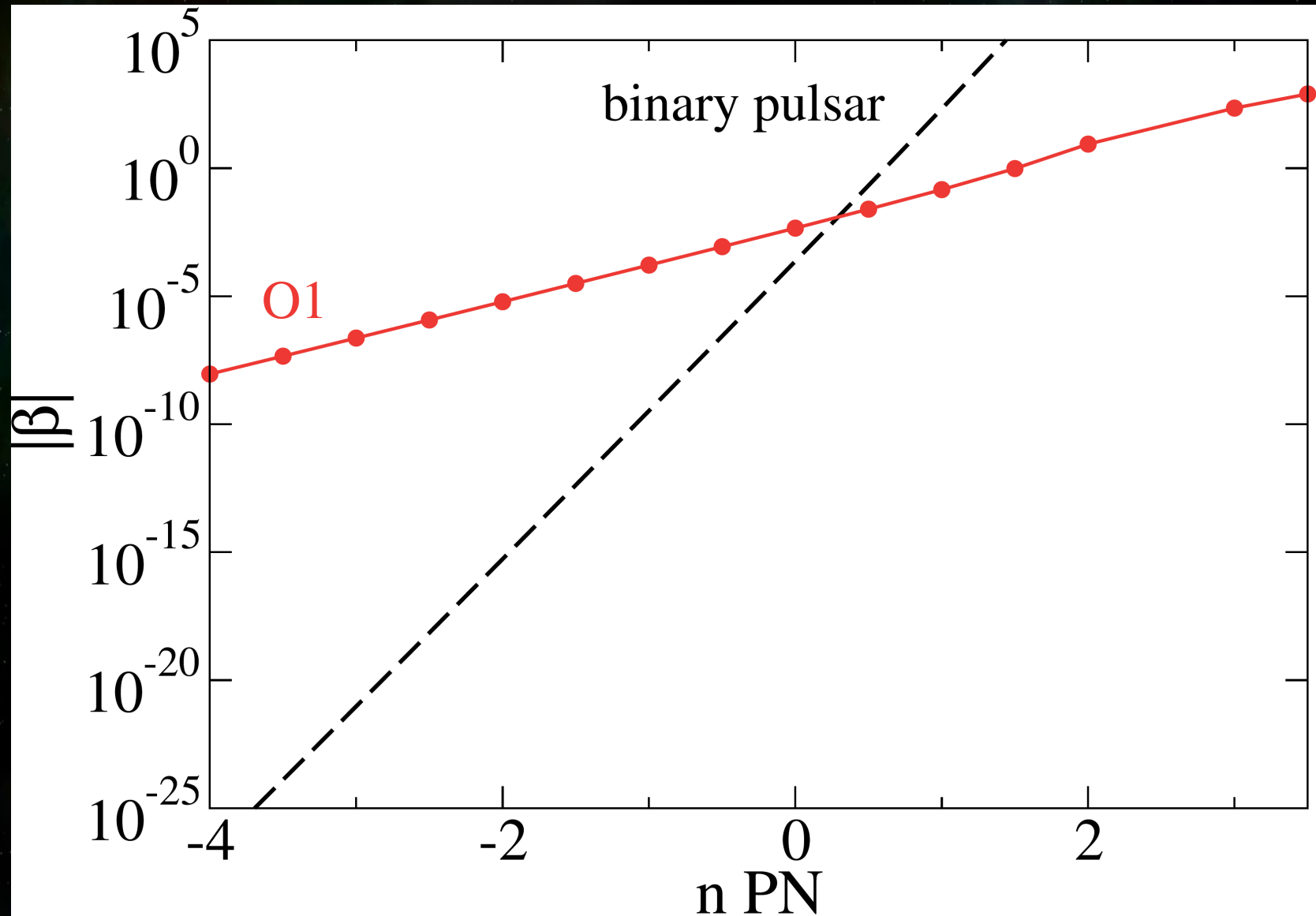
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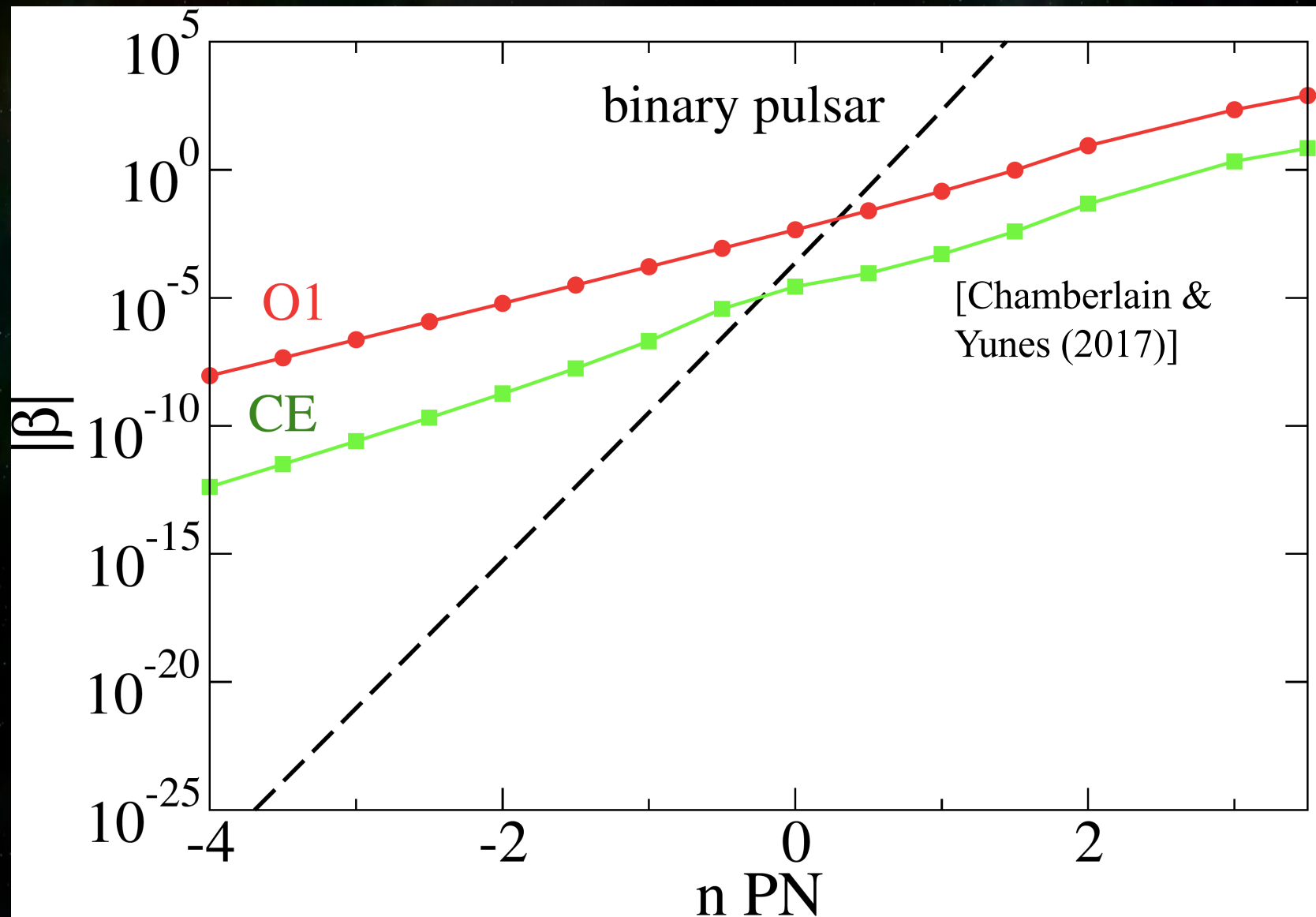
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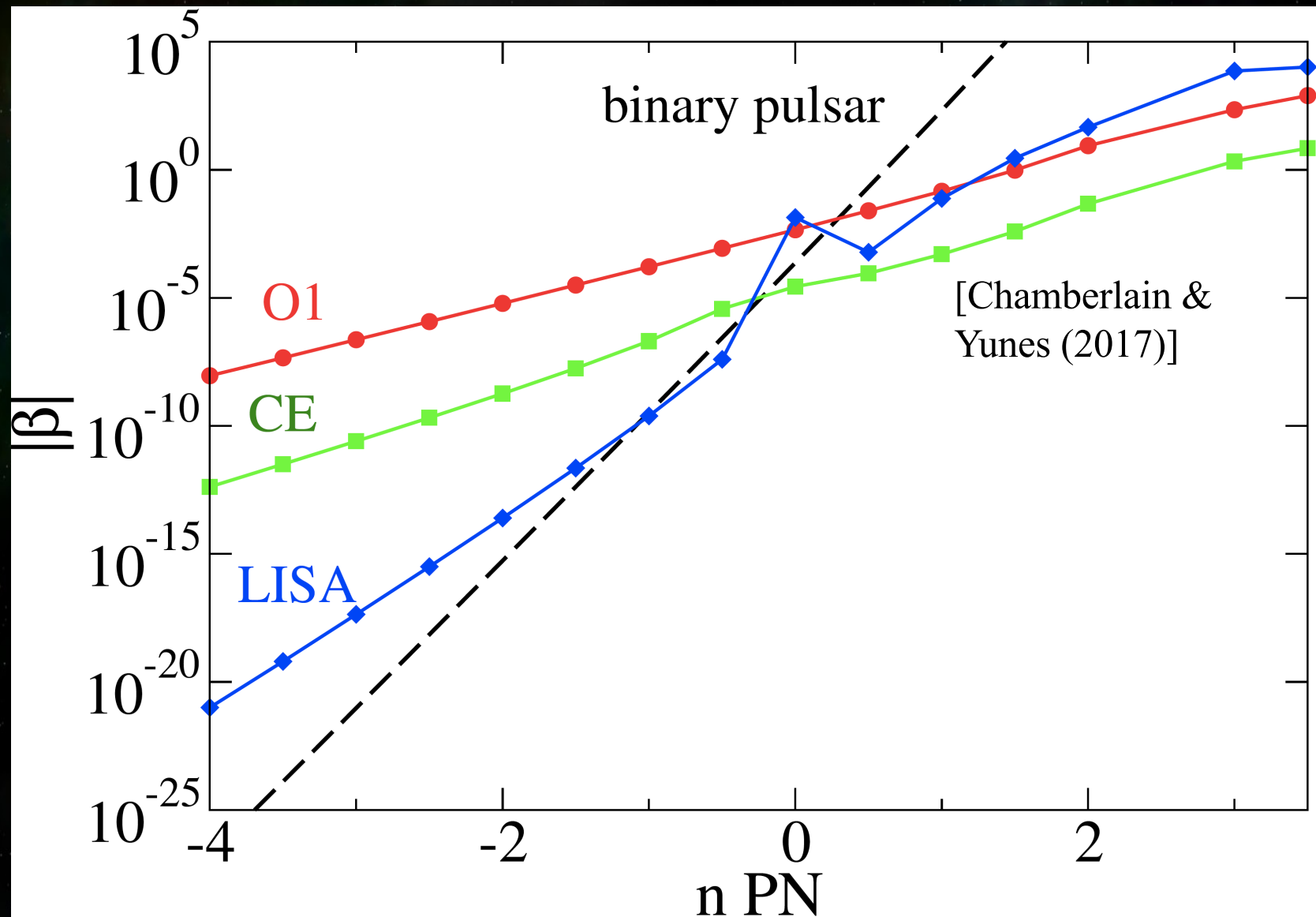
Current PPE Bounds (GW150914)



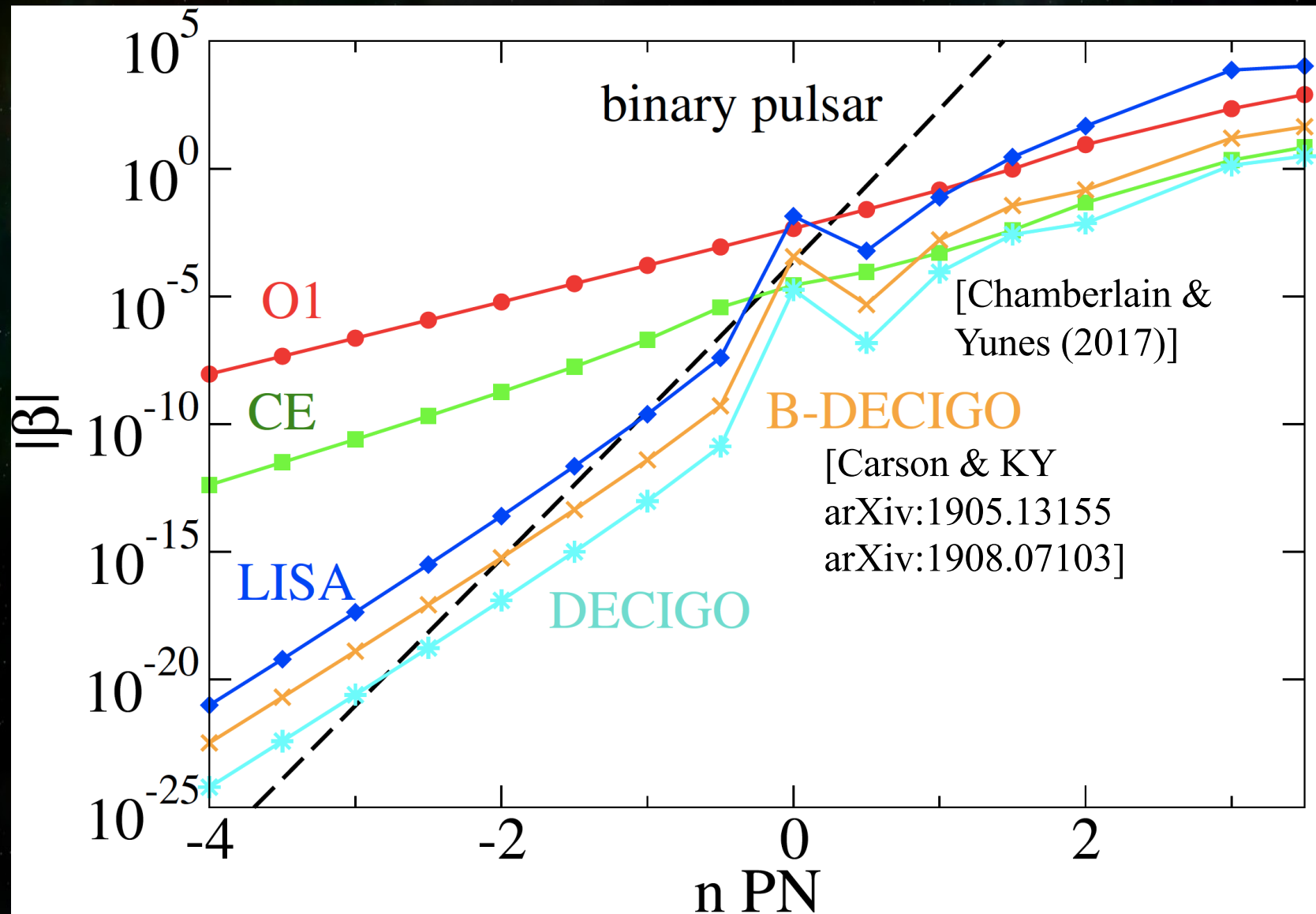
Future PPE Bounds (GW150914-like)

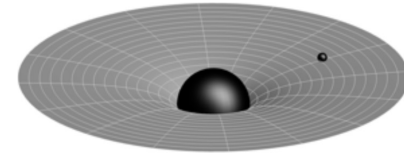
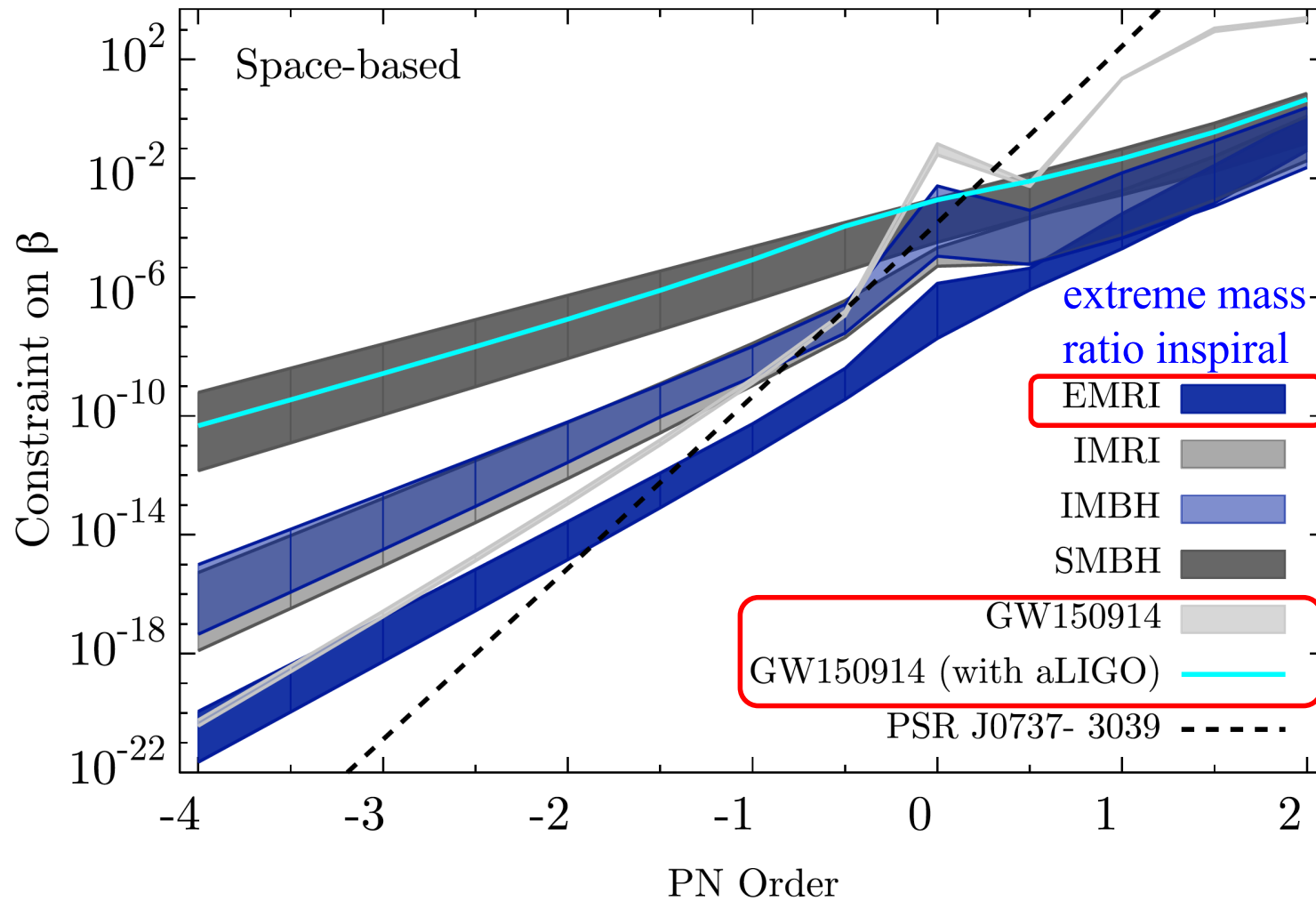


Future PPE Bounds (GW150914-like)



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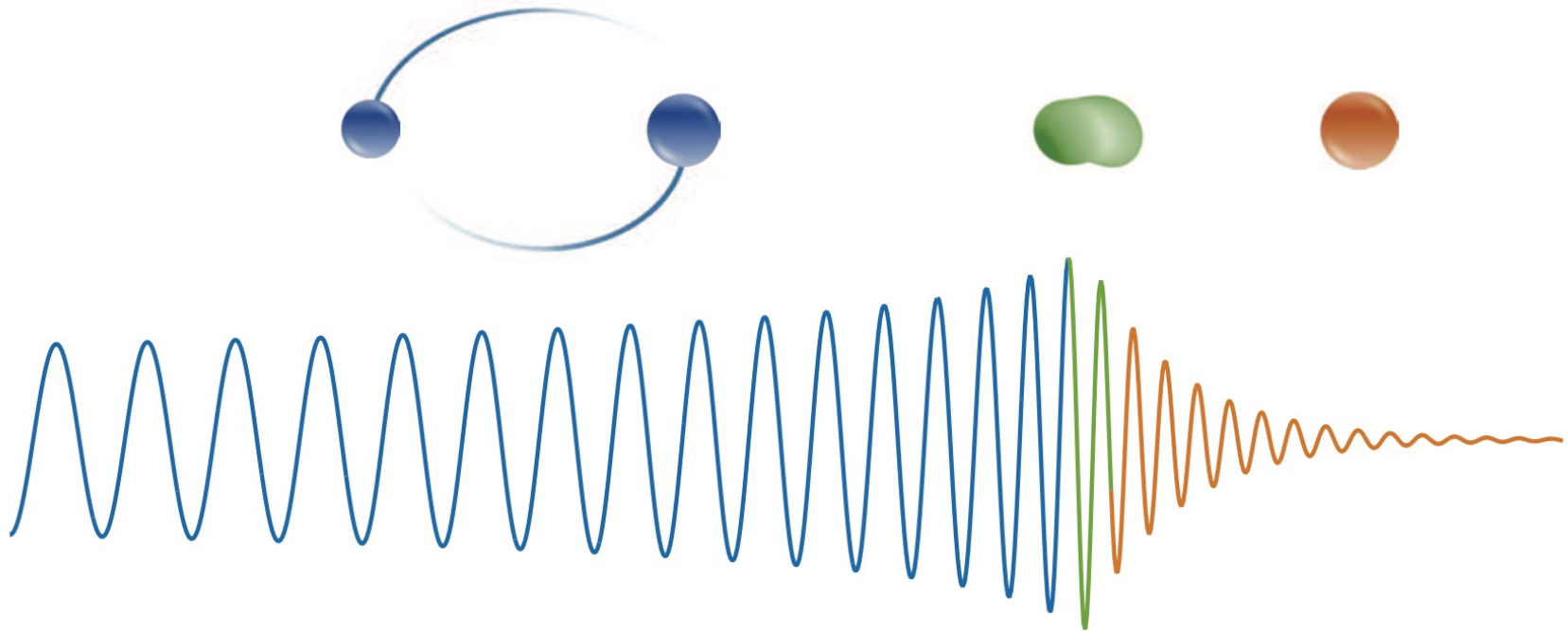


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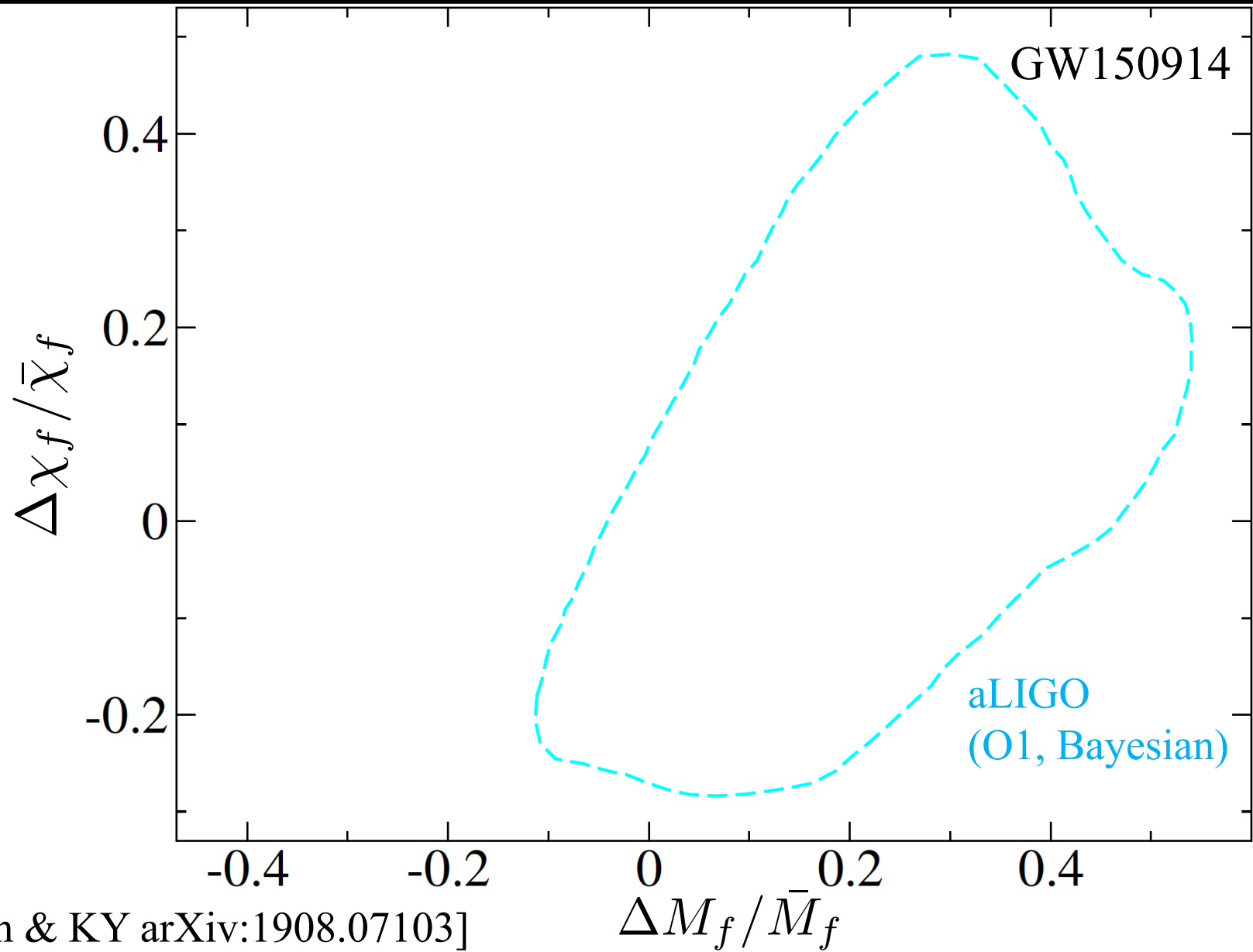
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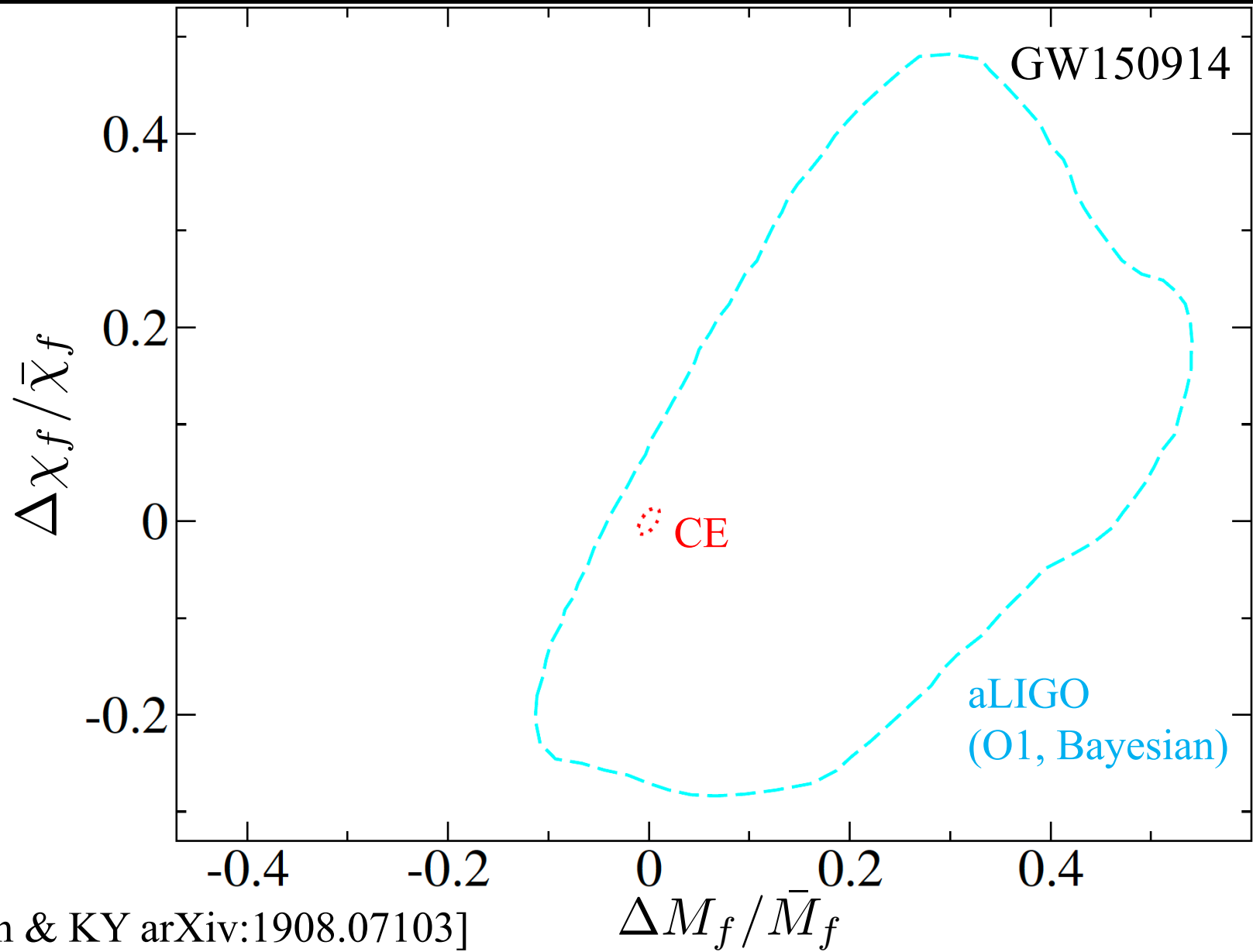
3-2. **Inspiral-merger-ringdown** consistency tests

Future Improvement on IMR Consistency Tests

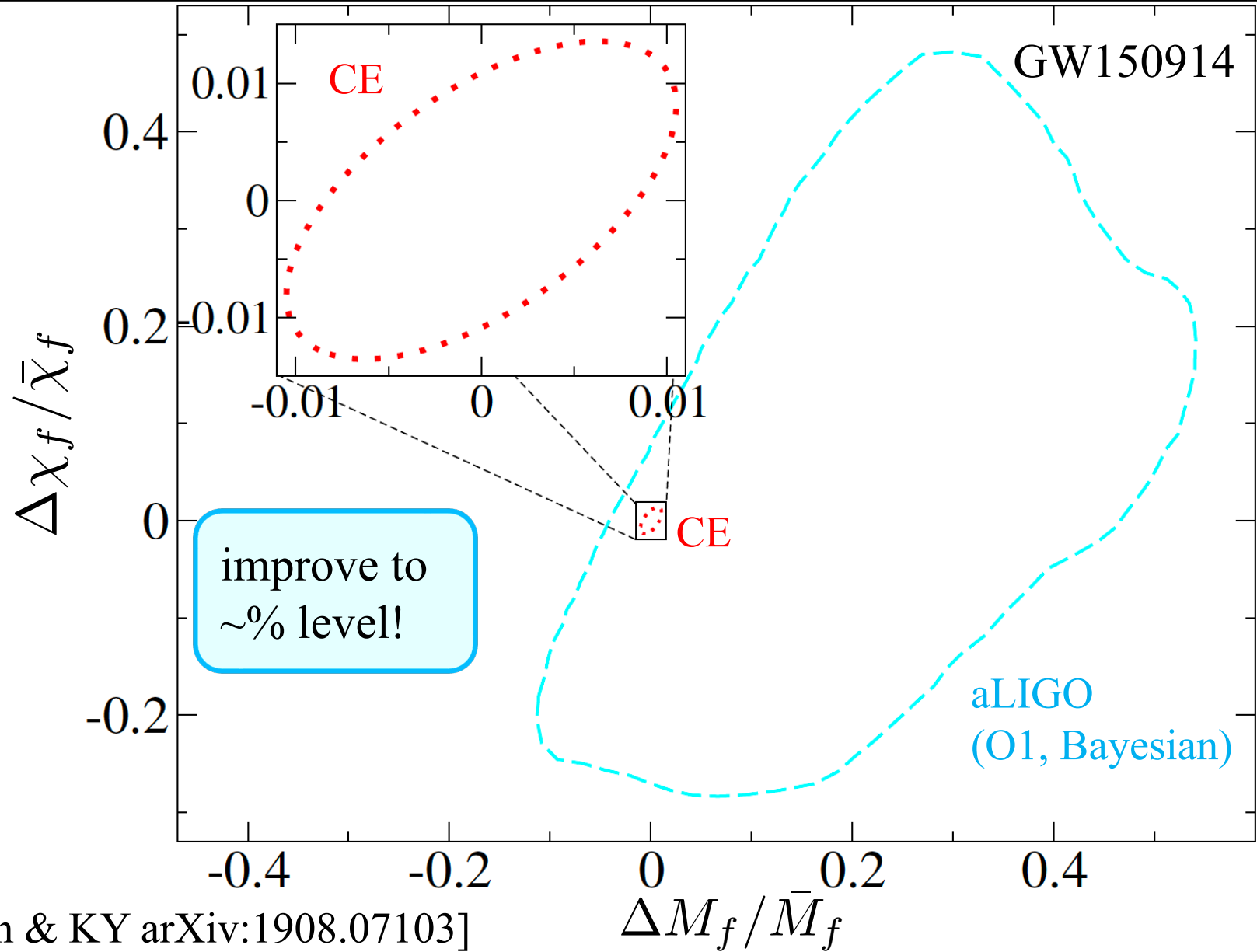


Kent Yagi

Future Improvement on IMR Consistency Tests

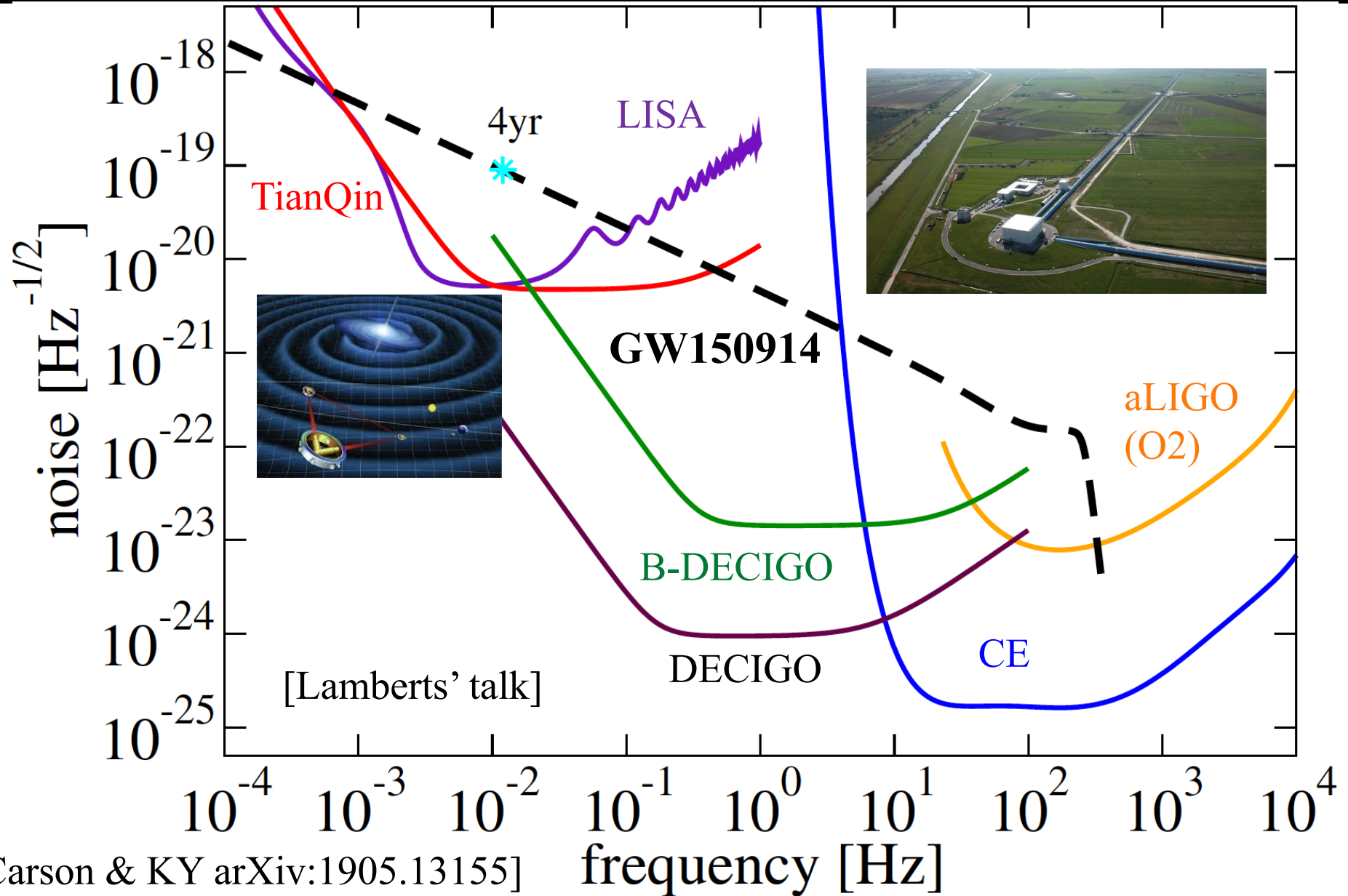


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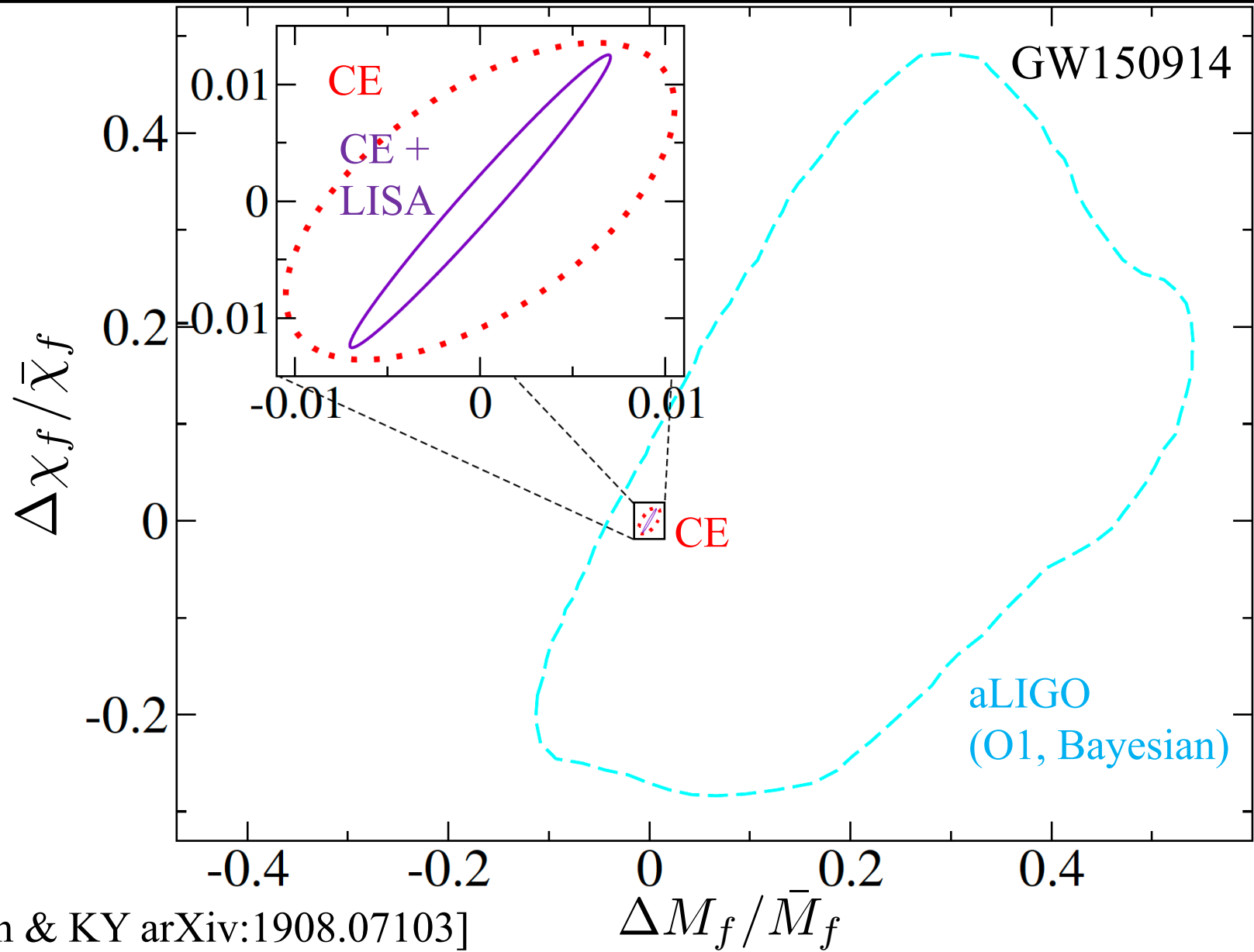


Multiband GW Astronomy

[Sesana (2016,2017)]

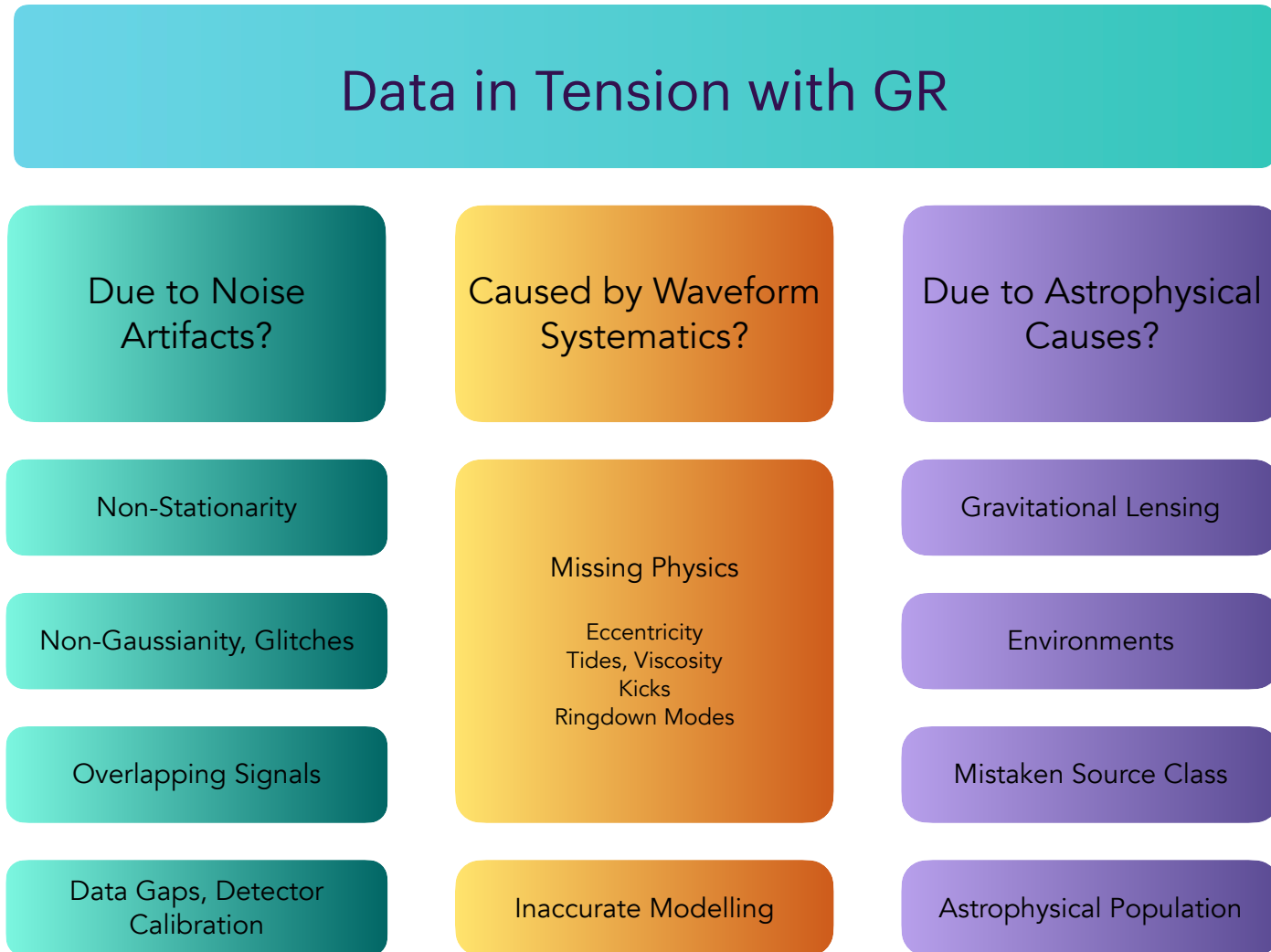


Future Improvement on IMR Consistency Tests



Something to keep in mind...

Systematic Biases



[Gupta et al 2405.02197]

Conclusions

Takeaway

1-1. Parameterized tests

- ✓ stringent bounds from GW170817 (-1PN) & GW250114 (pos. PN)
- ✓ orders of magnitude improvement with future detectors

1-2. No-hair tests (inspiral)

- ✓ most stringent bound on deviation from Kerr quadrupole moment with GW241011

2-1. No-hair tests (ringdown)

- ✓ first overtone mode detected with GW250114
- ✓ frequency consistent with Kerr to ~30%

3-1. Hawking's area law

- ✓ confirmed with GW250114

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- ✓ current accuracy of tests: ~10%
- ✓ improves to a % level with future detectors

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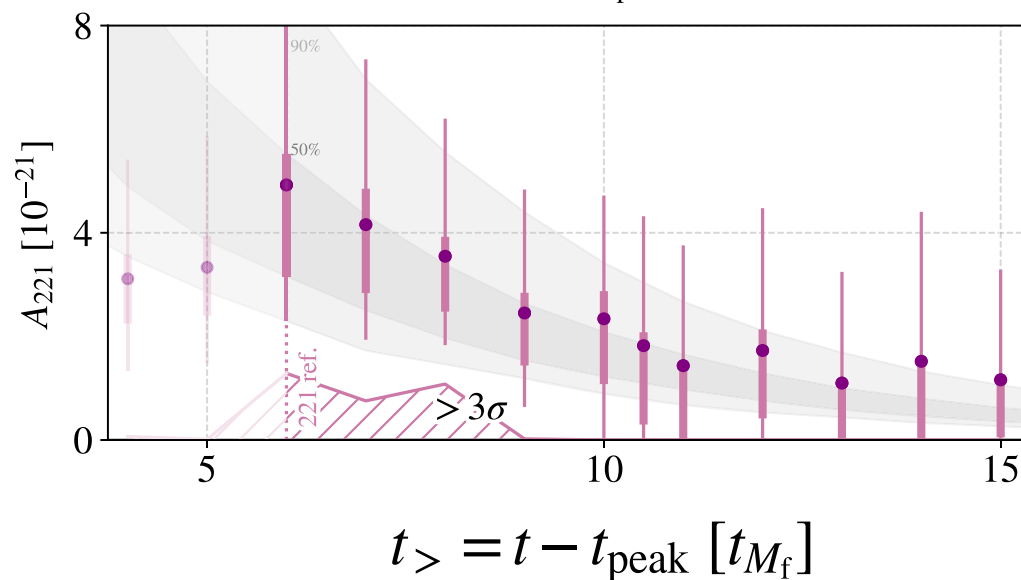
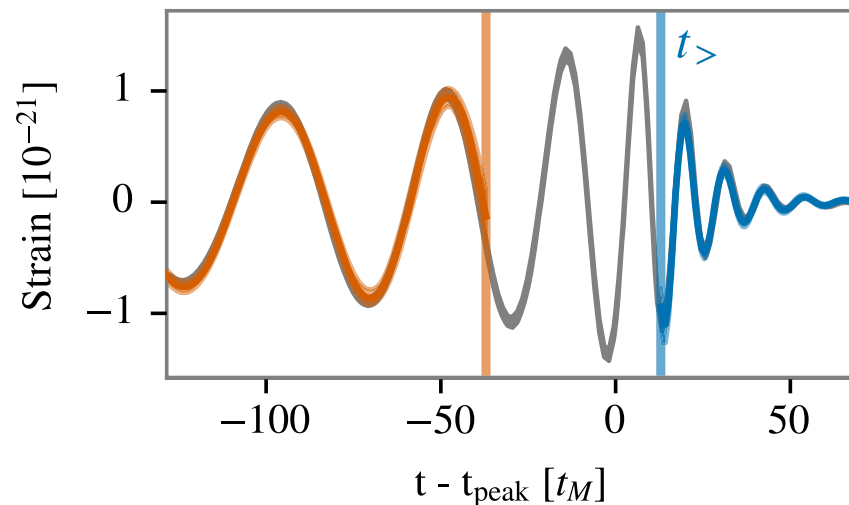
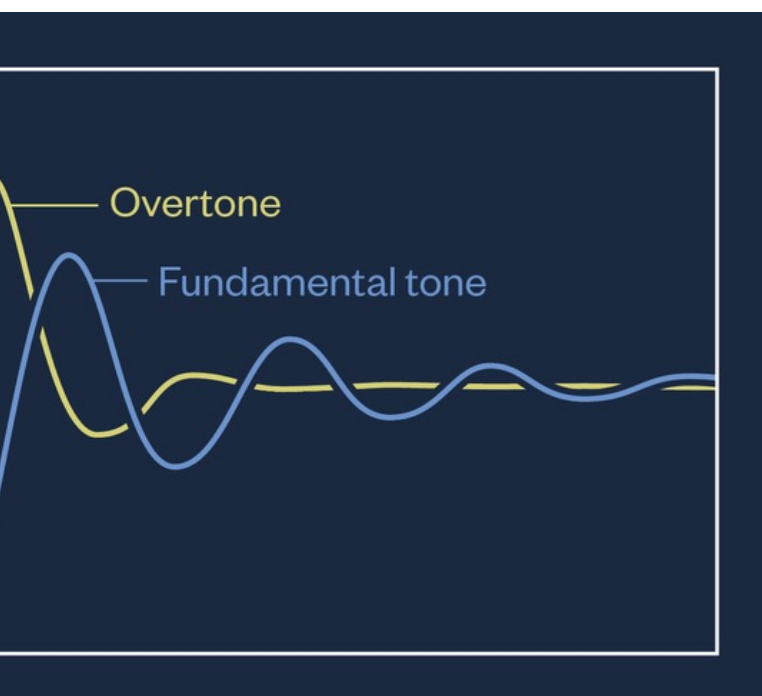
- ✓ current accuracy of tests: ~10%
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Thank You!

Back Up

Quasinormal Mode Overtone Detection with GW250114

[LVK, arXiv:2509.08054]



Systematics

Cause	O4	A+	A [#]	XG
Non-Stationary Noise	✓	✓	✓	✓
Non-Gaussian Noise/Glitches	✓	✓	✓	✓
Overlapping Signals	✗	✗	✗	✓
Data Gaps	✗	✗	✗	✓
Detector Calibration	✗	✗	✗	✓
Eccentricity	✓	✓	✓	✓
Tidal Effects	✗	✓	✓	✓
Kick-induced Effects	✗	✗	✗	✓
Ringdown Modes	✓	✓	✓	✓
Precession and Higher-order Modes	✓	✓	✓	✓
Memory	✗	✗	✓	✓
Sub-optimal Waveform Calibration	✗	✗	✓	✓
Lensing	✗	✗	✗	✓
Environmental Effects	✗	✗	✗	✓
Source Misclassification	✓	✓	✓	✓
Astrophysical Population Assumptions	✓	✓	✓	✓

[Gupta et al 2405.02197]