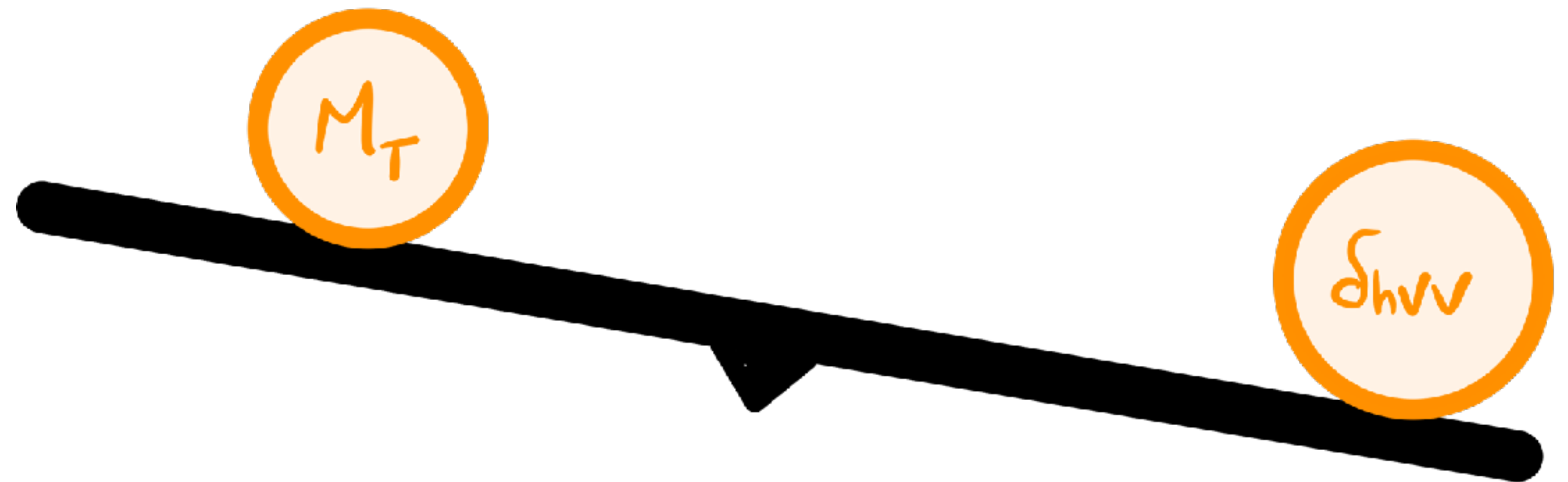


# pNGb Higgs Naturalness at a Tipping Point

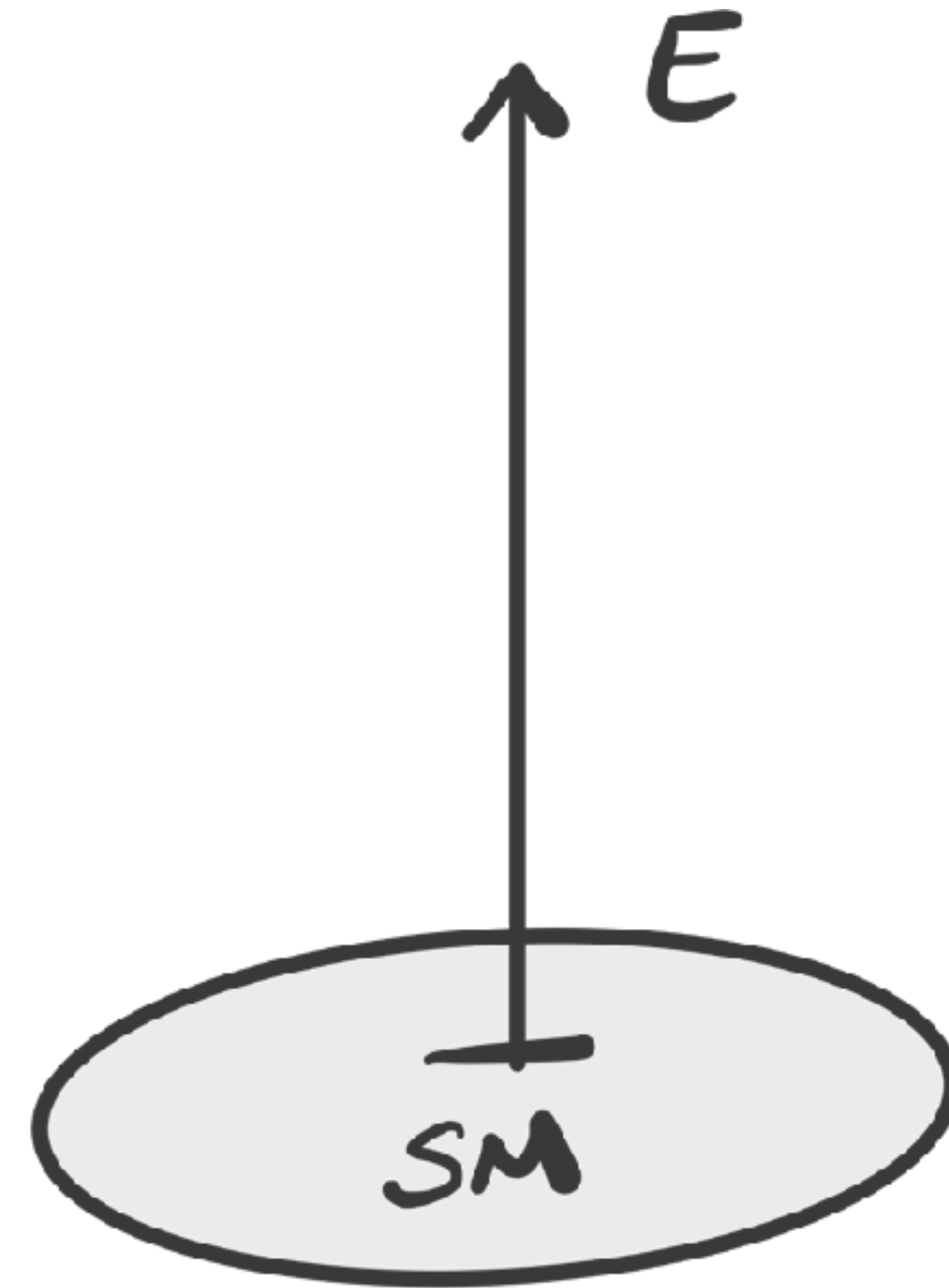
**Adriana Menkara**([DESY.](#)), **Matthew McCullough**(CERN) and **Ennio Salvioni**(U. Sussex)

[[hep-ph 2505.06052](#)]



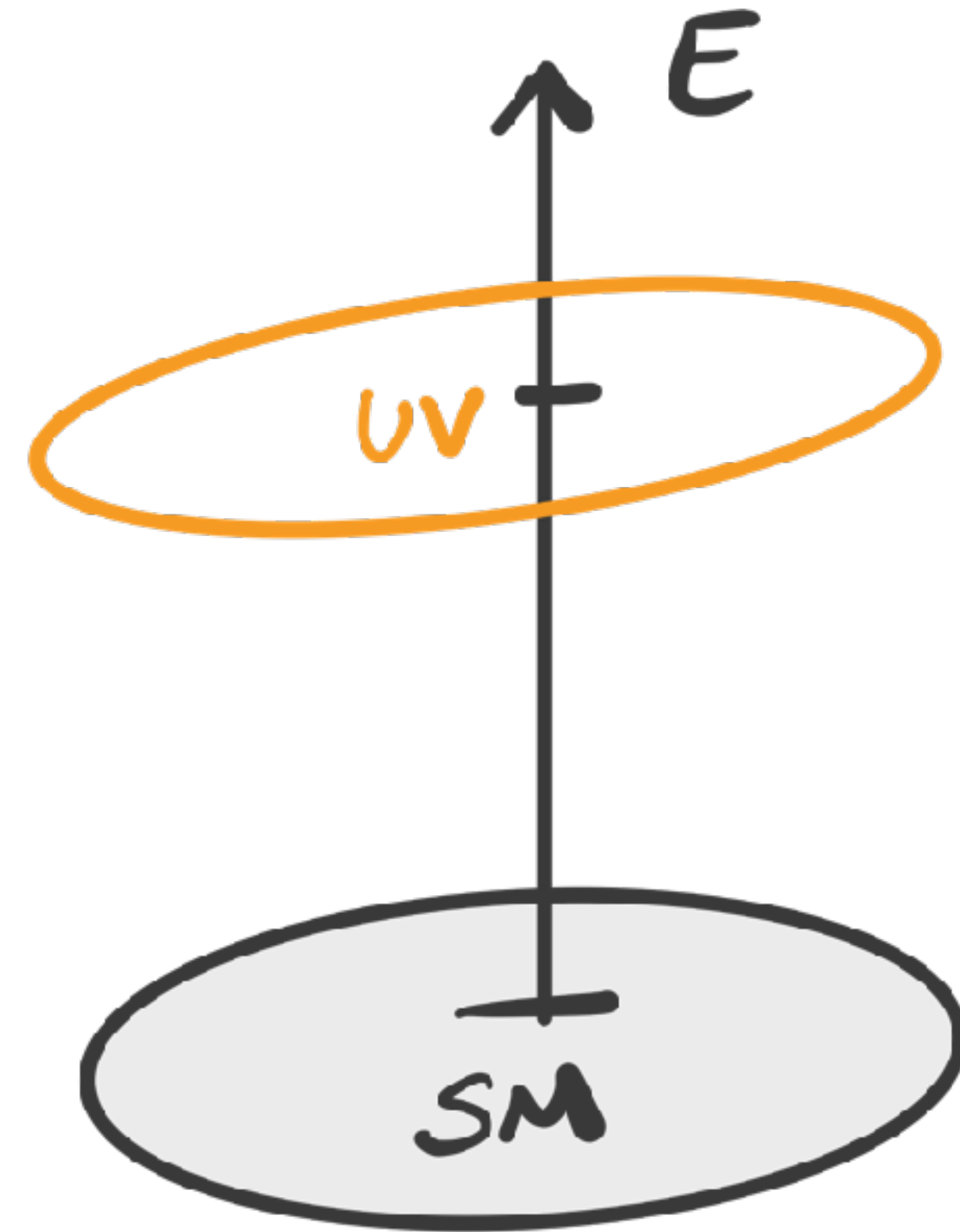
# Hierarchy Problem

i) The SM is not complete



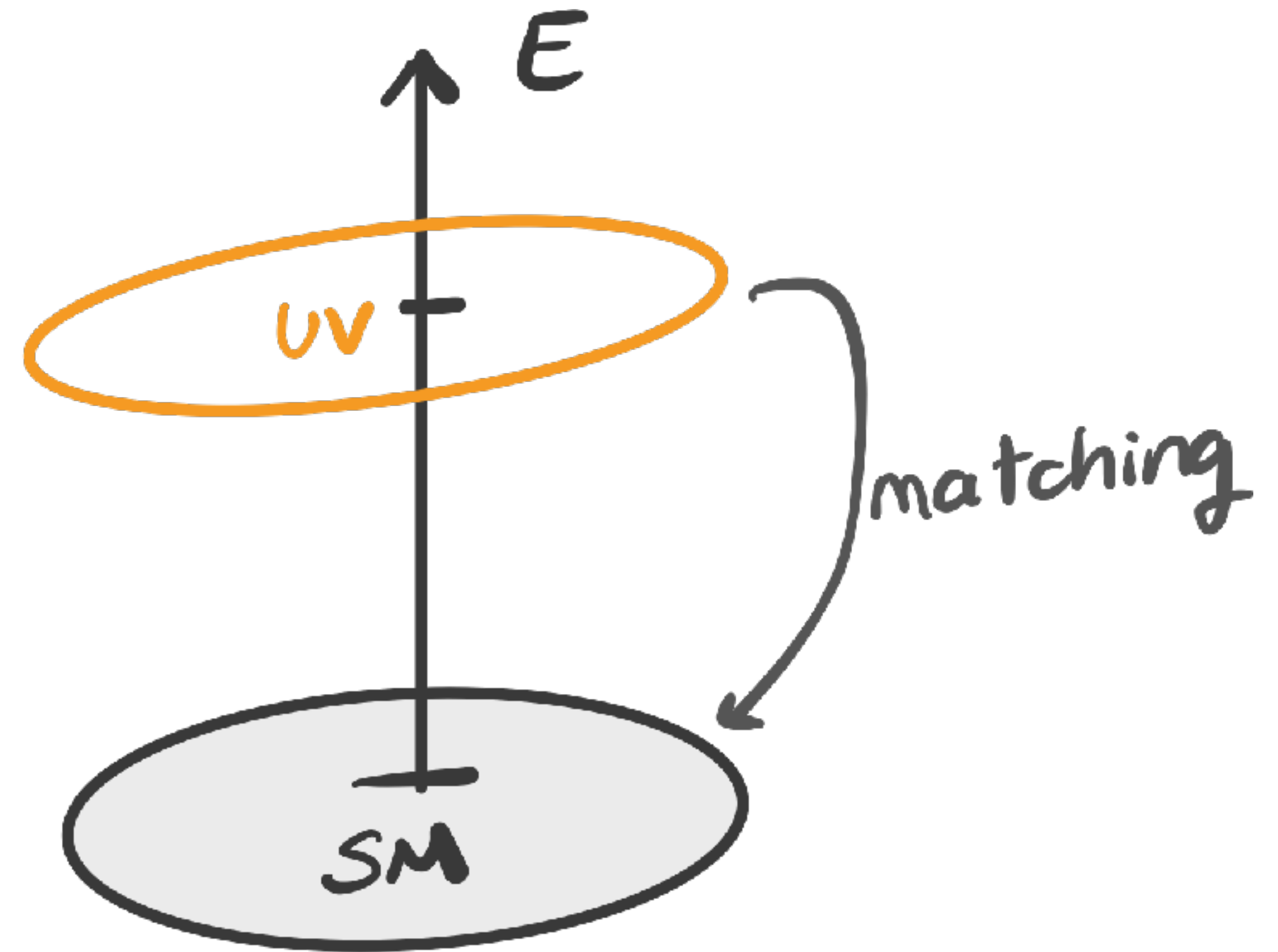
# Hierarchy Problem

- i) The SM is not complete
- ii) UV completion implies new states



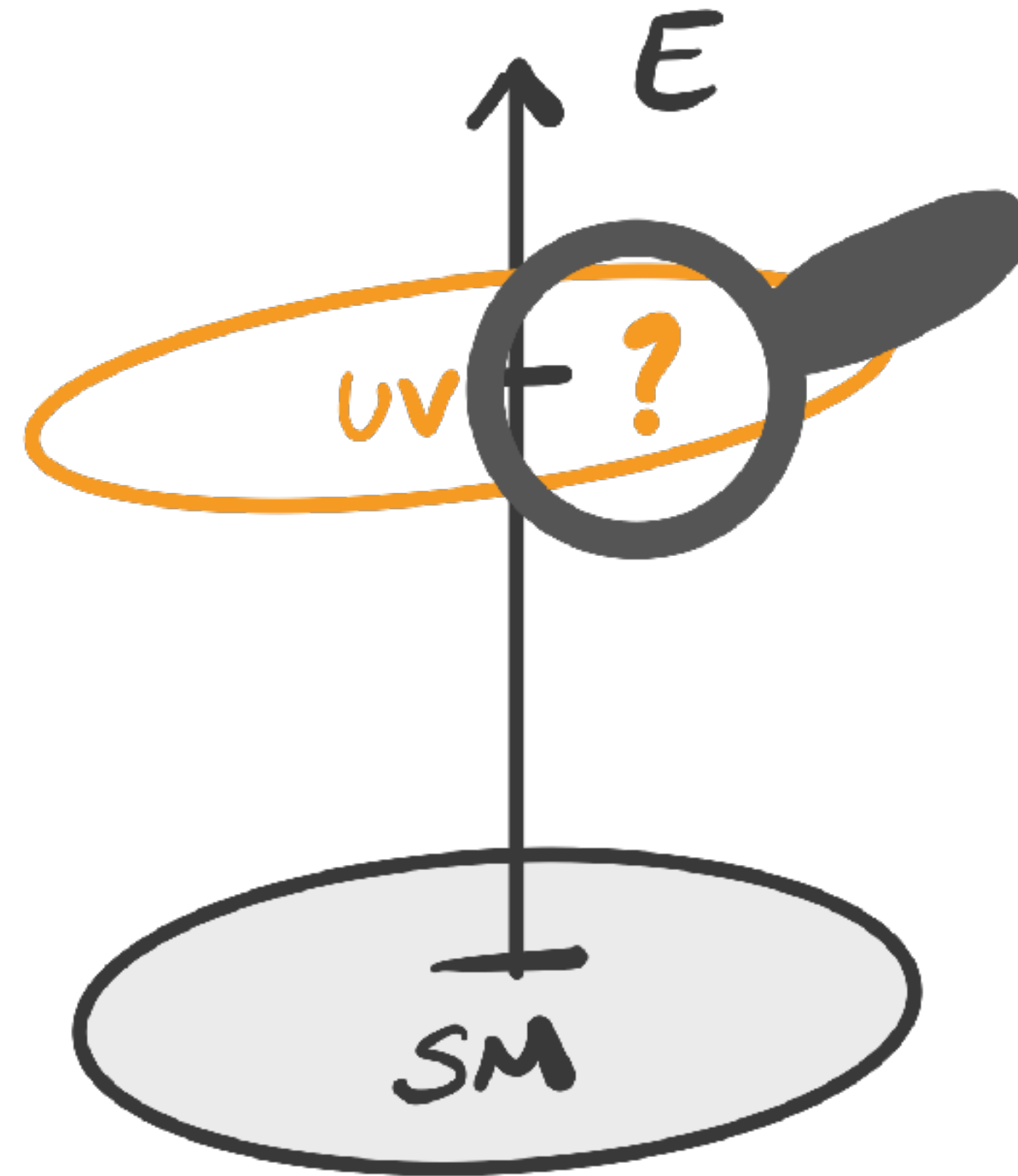
# Hierarchy Problem

- i) The SM is not complete
- ii) UV completion implies new states
- iii) New corrections to the Higgs mass at the UV scale



# Hierarchy Problem

- i) The SM is not complete
- ii) UV completion implies new states
- iii) New corrections to the Higgs mass at the UV scale
- iv) No physics beyond the SM has been observed



# The fine tuning question

$$\Delta \propto \delta_{hXX}, \frac{m_h^2}{M_R^2}$$

*Higgs couplings* *new resonances*

# The fine tuning question

$$\Delta \propto \delta_{hXX}, \frac{m_h^2}{M_R^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{now}} = 140 \text{ fb}^{-1} \longrightarrow \mathcal{L}_{\text{HL-LHC}} = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

Indirect measurements will improve by a factor of

$$\sqrt{\frac{3000}{140}} \sim 4.6$$

# The fine tuning question

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Indirect measurements will improve by a factor of

$$\sqrt{\frac{3000}{140}} \sim 4.6$$

Mass searches are expected to improve by a 1.5 -1.9 factor



# The fine tuning question

$$\frac{\Delta_{\text{indirect}}}{\Delta_{\text{direct}}} \bigg|_{\frac{3000}{140}} \approx \frac{1.7^2}{4.6} \sim 0.6$$

*Mild hierarchy!*

# Tuning and direct searches

$$\delta_{m_h}^2 \propto \frac{3y_t^2}{4\pi^2} M_T^2$$

→ mass of top partners

$$\Delta_{m_h^2} \lesssim 0.15 \left( \frac{1.2\text{TeV}}{M_T} \right)^2$$

The fine tuning in the mass may reach the **5% level**

# Tuning and indirect searches

$$\text{SUSY: } \Delta_{\nu^2} \propto \delta_{h\bar{t}t} \quad \delta_{h\bar{t}t} \sim \frac{2m_Z^2}{m_A^2} \cos^2 \beta \cos 2\beta$$

The  $\tan \beta$  dependence makes statements less robust than for direct searches

# Tuning and indirect searches

$$\text{SUSY: } \Delta_{\nu^2} \propto \delta_{h\bar{t}t} \quad \delta_{h\bar{t}t} \sim \frac{2m_Z^2}{m_A^2} \cos^2 \beta \cos 2\beta$$

The  $\tan \beta$  dependence makes statements less robust than for direct searches

$$\text{pNGb: } \Delta_{\nu^2} \propto 4 |\delta_{h\nu\nu}|$$

The tuning for a pNGb may evolve to the **5% level**, driven by  $|\delta_{hVV}| < 1.3 \%$

# Tuning and indirect searches

SUSY:  $\Delta_{1,2} \propto \delta_{h\bar{t}t}$   $\delta_{h\bar{t}t} \sim \frac{2m_Z^2}{m_{\tilde{t}}^2} \cos^2 \beta \cos 2\beta$

The  $\tan \beta$  dependence

This seems to suggest that for pNGb models, naturalness tensions will start to be driven by precision measurements.

pNGb:  $\Delta_{1,2} \propto \delta_{hVV}$

The tuning for a pNGb may evolve to the **5% level**, driven by  $|\delta_{hVV}| < 1.3 \%$

# The kitchen sink

We construct a maximally (technical) natural model:

- pNGb à la Gegenbauer [See Matthew's talk yesterday]
- Twin Higgs
- SUSY

# The kitchen sink

But... **why**????

# The kitchen sink

But... **why**????

- 1) To illustrate where the question of naturalness stands, from a phenomenological perspective, in the absence of new discoveries.
- 2) Adding SUSY allows us to interpolate between direct and indirect searches.



# pNGB Higgs

Minimal composite Higgs model:  $SO(5) \longrightarrow SO(4)$

$$V_t \approx \frac{N_c y_t^2}{16\pi^2} f^2 M_T^2 \left( a_2 \cos \frac{2h}{f} + a_4 \cos \frac{4h}{f} \right)$$

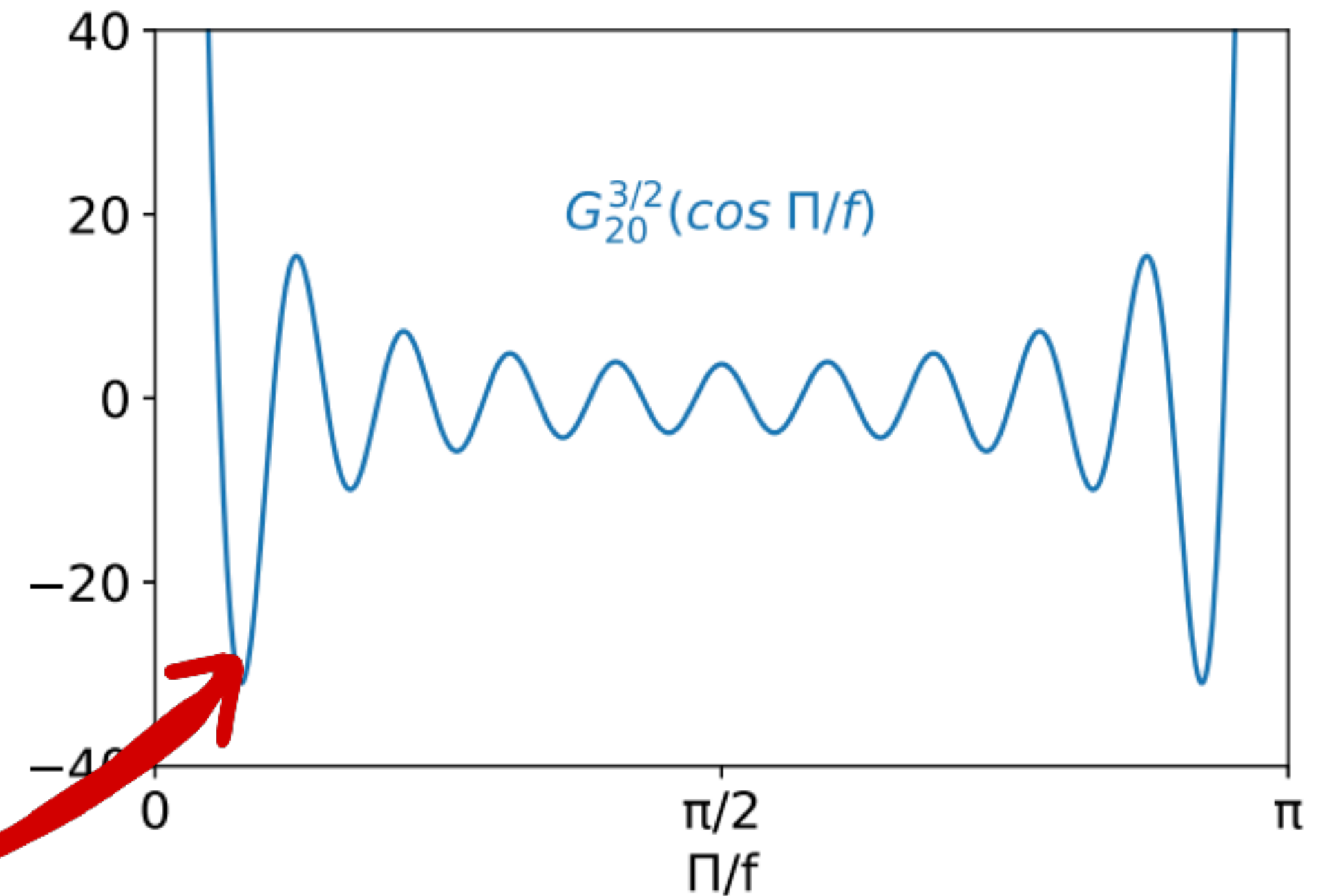
This is minimized at  $\langle h \rangle = 0$  or  $\langle h \rangle = f$   
no separation of scales  
not viable!

# Gegenbauer Higgs

Additional source of explicit breaking in a higher irrep

$$V_G^{(n)} = \epsilon f^2 M^2 G_n^{3/2} \left( \cos \frac{h}{f} \right)$$

Naturally small  $\frac{v}{f}$



[Durieux, McCullough, Salvioni, '22]

# Higgs mass

However,

$$V_t \approx \frac{N_c y_t^2}{16\pi^2} f^2 M_T^2 \left( a_2 \cos \frac{2h}{f} + a_4 \cos \frac{4h}{f} \right)$$


$$m_h^2 \approx N_c y_t^2 M_T^2 / (4\pi^2)$$

$M_T \gtrsim 900\text{GeV}$  requires additional tuning

# Gegenbauer's Twin

$$V_t \approx \frac{N_c y_t^4}{64\pi^2} f^4 \left[ \sin^4 \frac{h}{f} \log \frac{a}{\sin^2 \frac{h}{f}} + \cos^4 \frac{h}{f} \log \frac{a}{\cos^2 \frac{h}{f}} \right]$$

$a \sim \frac{g_*^2}{y_t^2}$



In a standard Twin-Higgs scenario:  $g_* \sim 4\pi$  +  $v/f$  tuning

For the Gegenbauer's Twin:  $v/f$  natural but  $a \lesssim 2$

# Gegenbauer's Twin

$$a \sim \frac{g_*^2}{y_t^2}$$

$$V_t \approx \frac{N_c}{64}$$

The Gegenbauer Higgs may find its UV completion in a weakly coupled theory (SUSY)


In a standard Twin-Higgs scenario:  $g_* \sim 4\pi$  +  $v/f$  tuning

For the Gegenbauer's Twin:  $v/f$  natural but  $a \lesssim 2$

# Kitchen sink

Explicit SUSY-breaking spurion:  $\epsilon F^{i_1 \dots i_{2n}} \phi_{i_1} \dots \phi_{i_{2n}}$

Generates the IR potential


$$V_G^{(n)} = \epsilon H(\beta) \lambda^2 f^4 G_n^{3/2} \left( \cos \frac{2h}{f} \right)$$

# Kitchen sink<sub>(sources of symmetry breaking)</sub>

**Gegenbauer:**  $V_G^{(n)} = \epsilon H(\beta) \lambda^2 f^4 G_n^{3/2} \left( \cos \frac{2h}{f} \right)$

**EW interactions:**  $V_D = \frac{g_Z^2 f^4}{32} \cos^2 2\beta (s_h^4 + c_h^4)$

**Yukawa interactions:**

$$V_{t+\tilde{t}}^{A,B} = \frac{N_c}{64\pi^2} \left[ (2m_S^2 + y_t^2 s_\beta^2 f^2 s_h^2)^2 \left( \log \frac{2m_S^2 + y_t^2 s_\beta^2 f^2 s_h^2}{2M^2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) - (y_t^2 s_\beta^2 f^2 s_h^2)^2 \left( \log \frac{y_t^2 s_\beta^2 f^2 s_h^2}{2M^2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \right]$$

# Kitchen sink

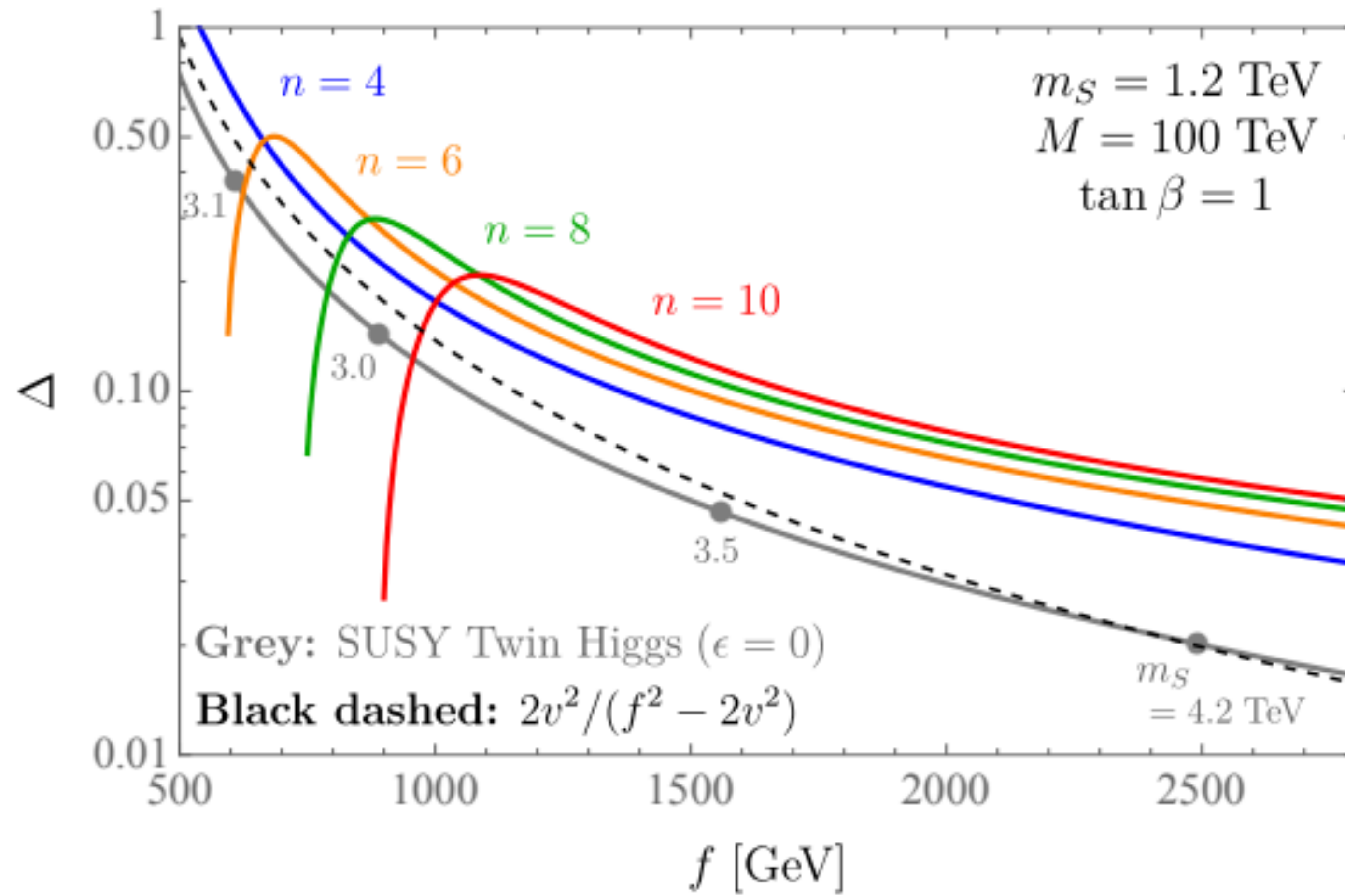
$$V_{t+\tilde{t}}^{A+B}(\mathcal{L}_2 \text{ sym}) + V_D \simeq \frac{N_c(y_t s_\beta)^4 f^4}{64\pi^2} \left[ s_h^4 \log \frac{a}{s_h^2} + c_h^4 \log \frac{a}{c_h^2} + b_6(s_h^6 + c_h^6) \right]$$

$$\log a = \frac{3}{2} + \log \frac{2m_S^2}{y_t^2 s_\beta^2 f^2} + g_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta \frac{2\pi^2}{N_c y_t^4 s_\beta^4}, \quad b_6 = \frac{y_t^2 s_\beta^2 f^2}{6m_S^2}.$$

The addition of the Gegenbauer **prevents a natural EWSB** if  $m_{S,A} = m_{S,B}$

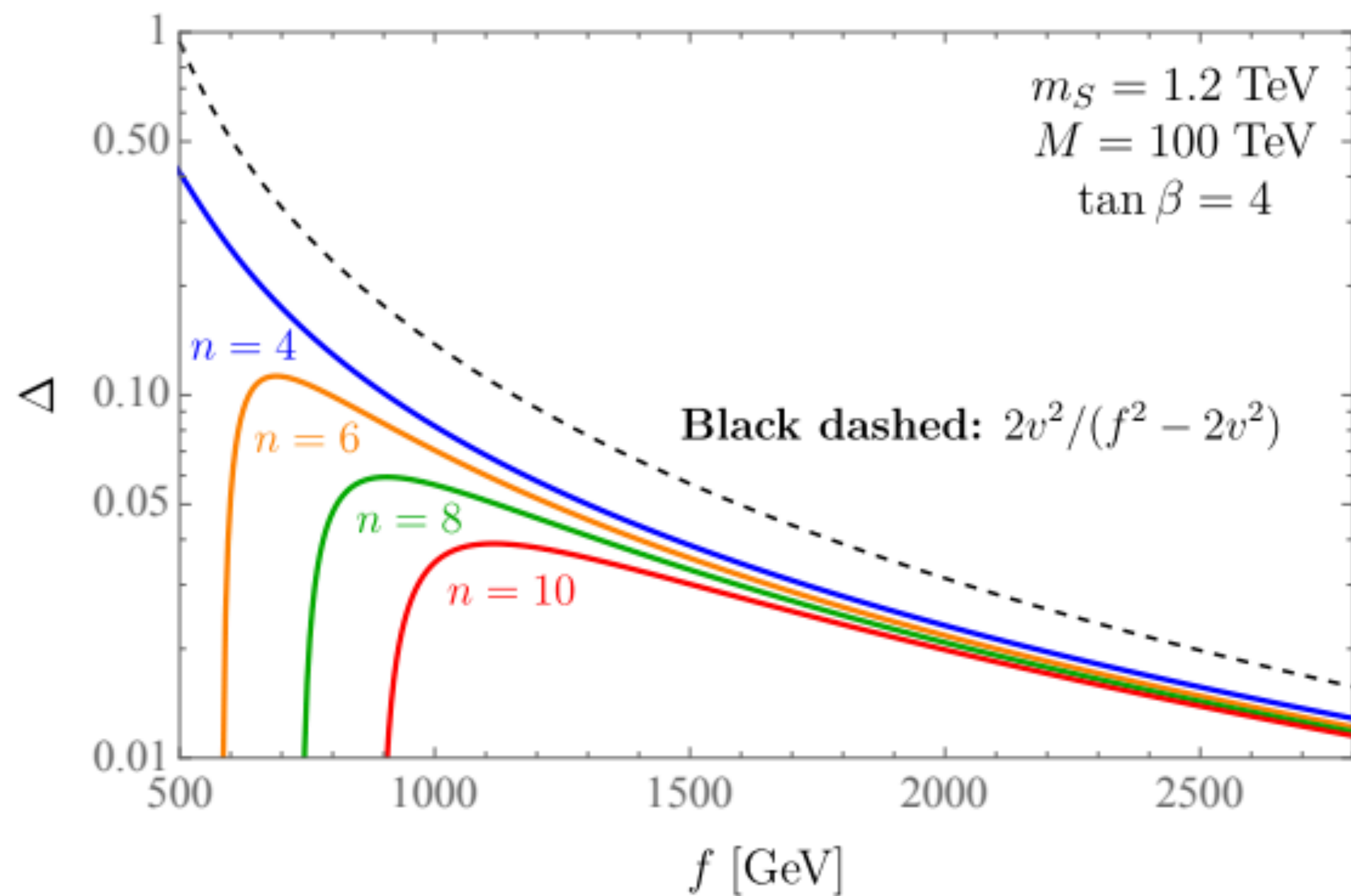
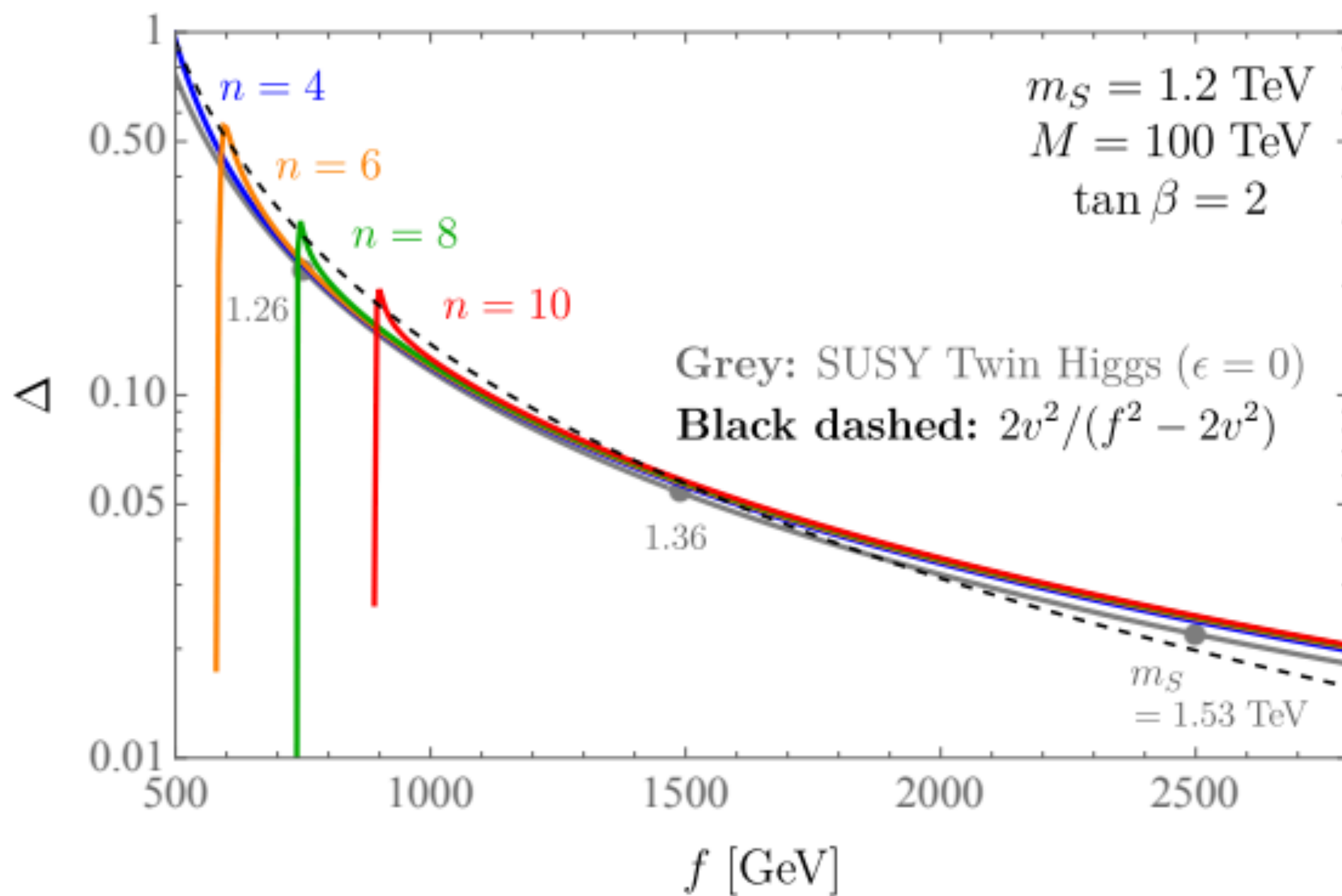


# Tuning in the kitchen sink

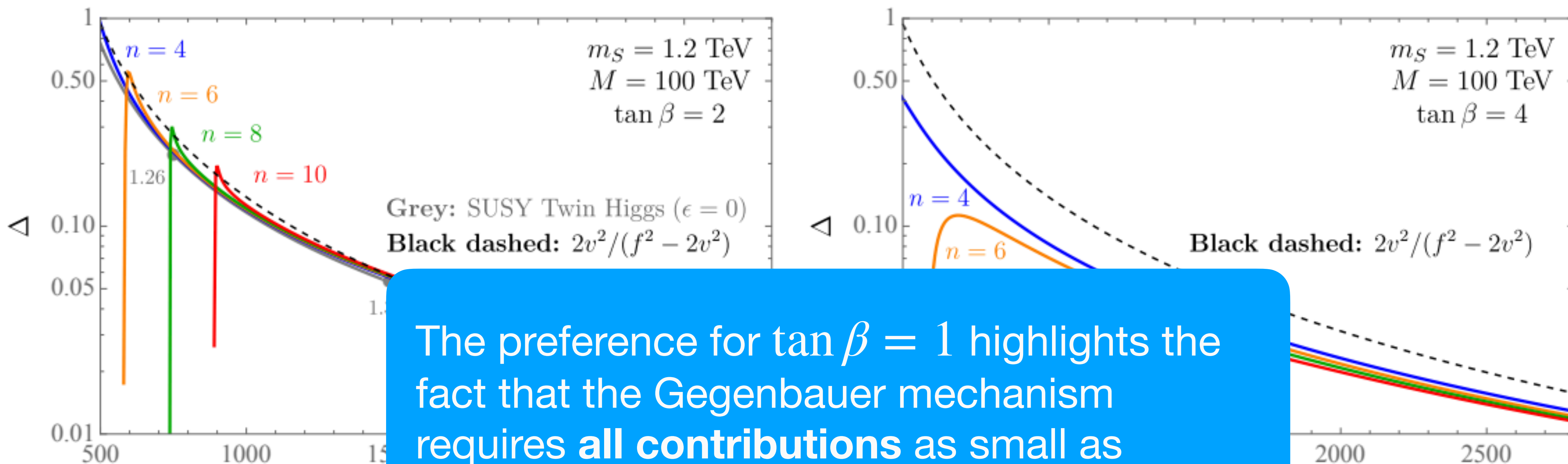


Tuning computed w.r.t.  $\{\epsilon, m_S^2, \delta m^2\}$

# $\tan \beta$

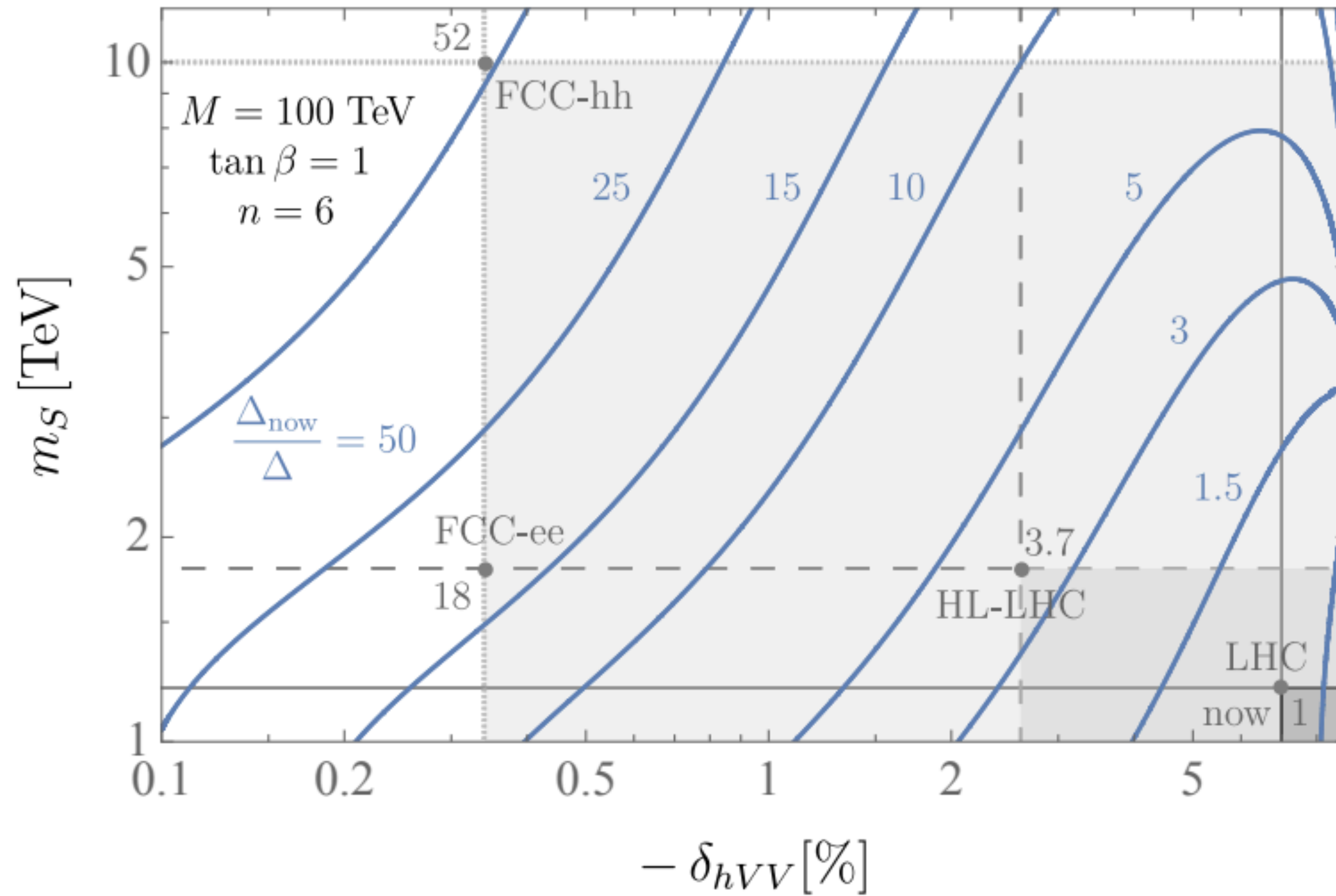


# $\tan \beta$



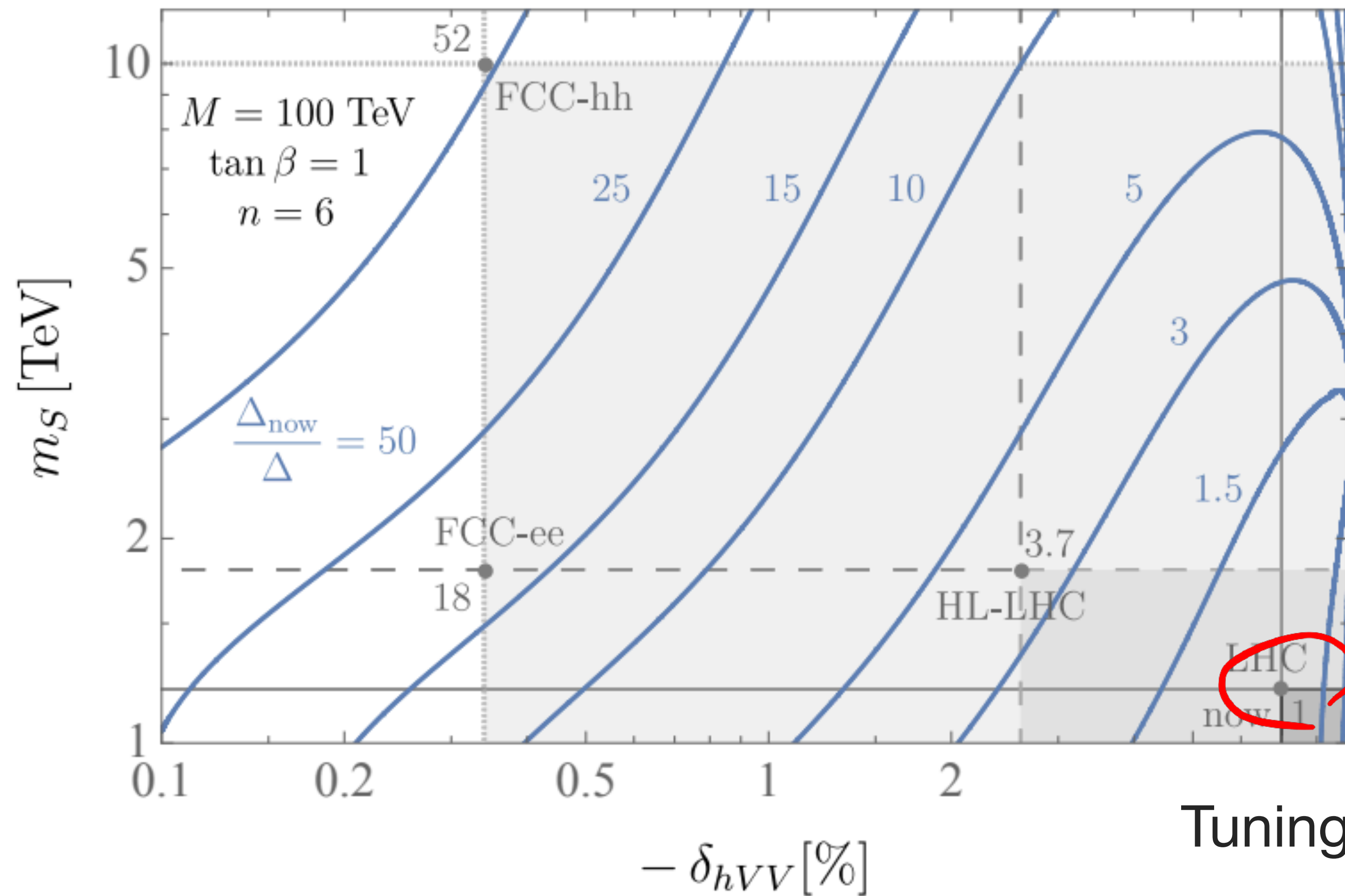
The preference for  $\tan \beta = 1$  highlights the fact that the Gegenbauer mechanism requires **all contributions** as small as possible.

# Evolution of the tuning

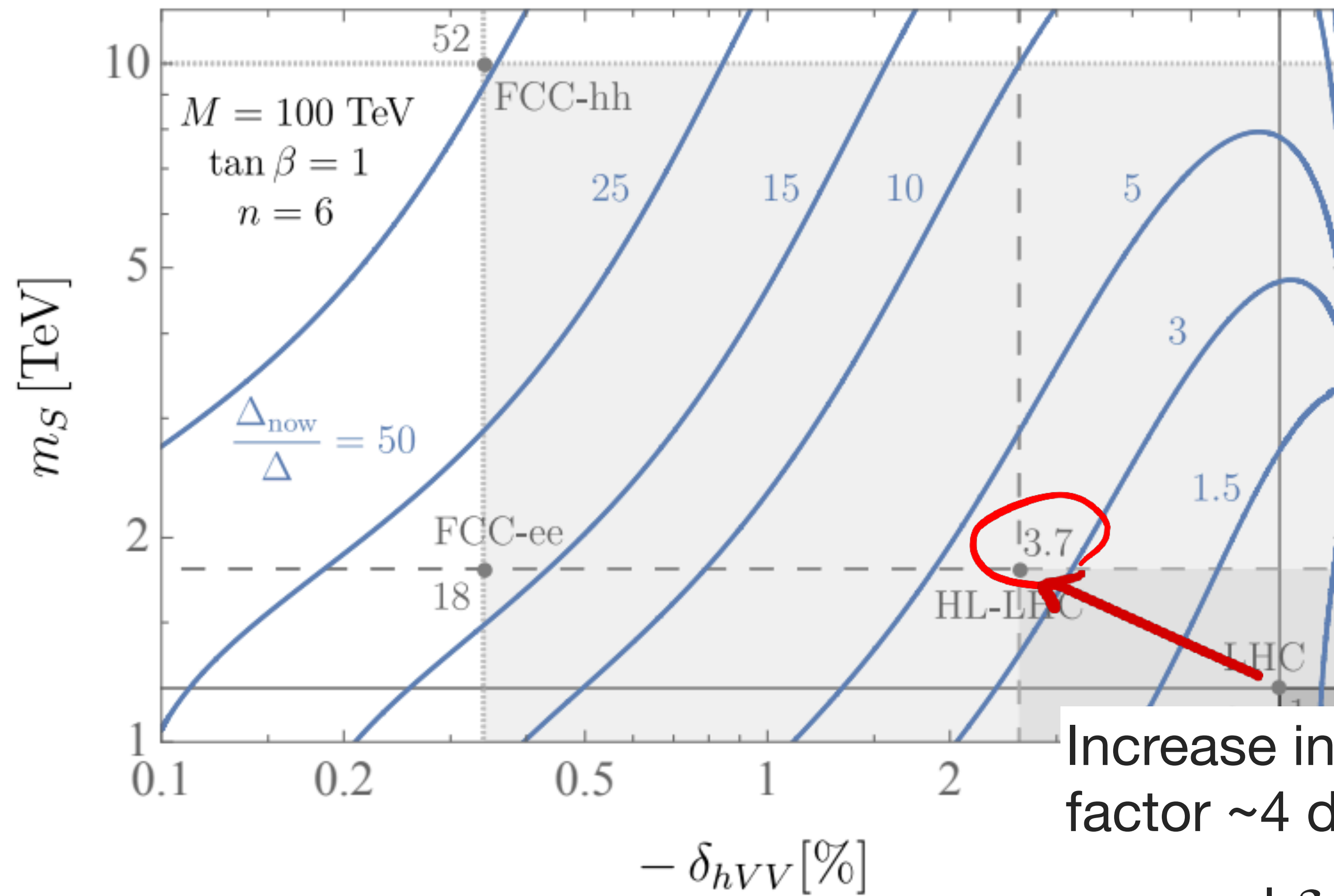




# Evolution of the tuning



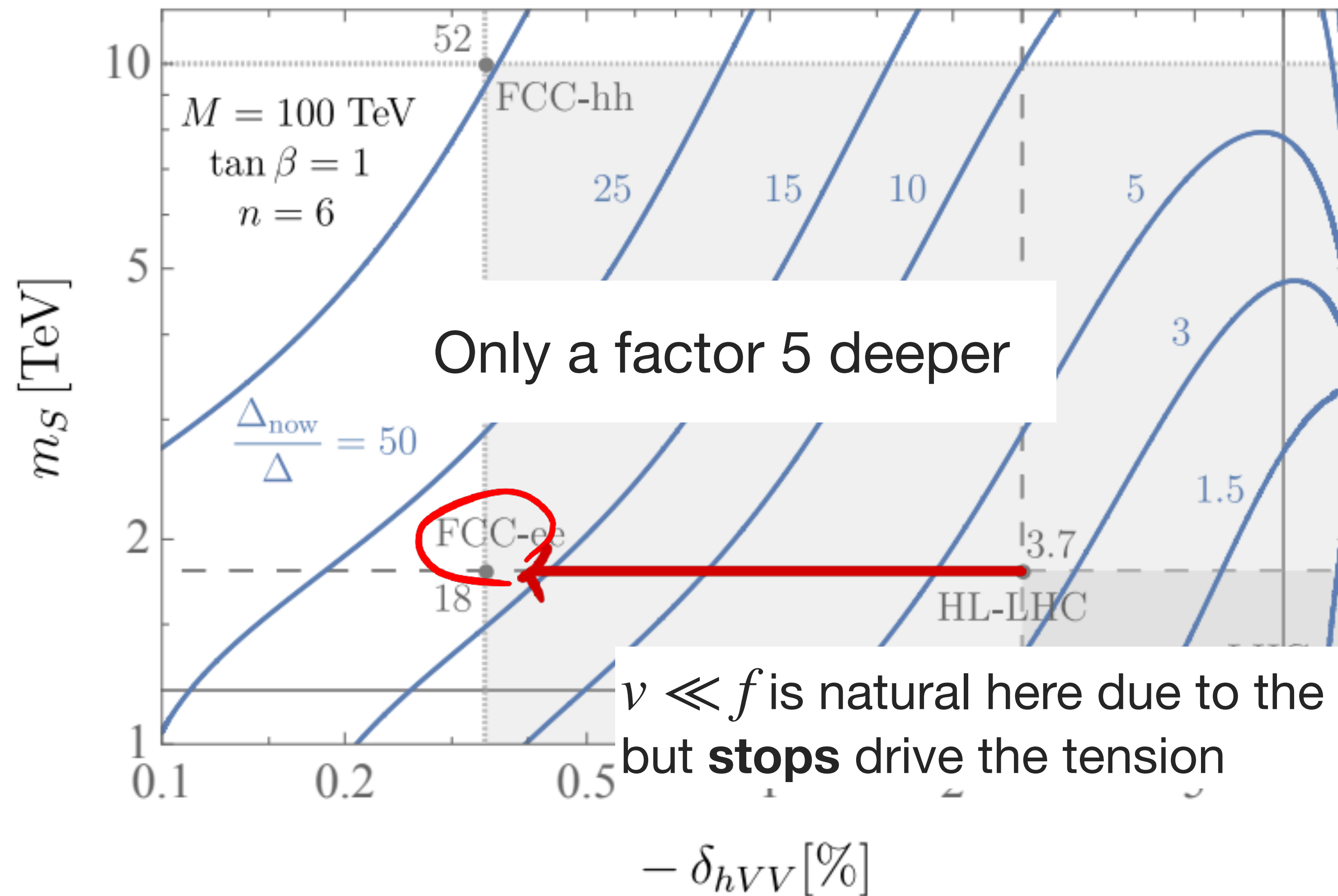
# Evolution of the tuning



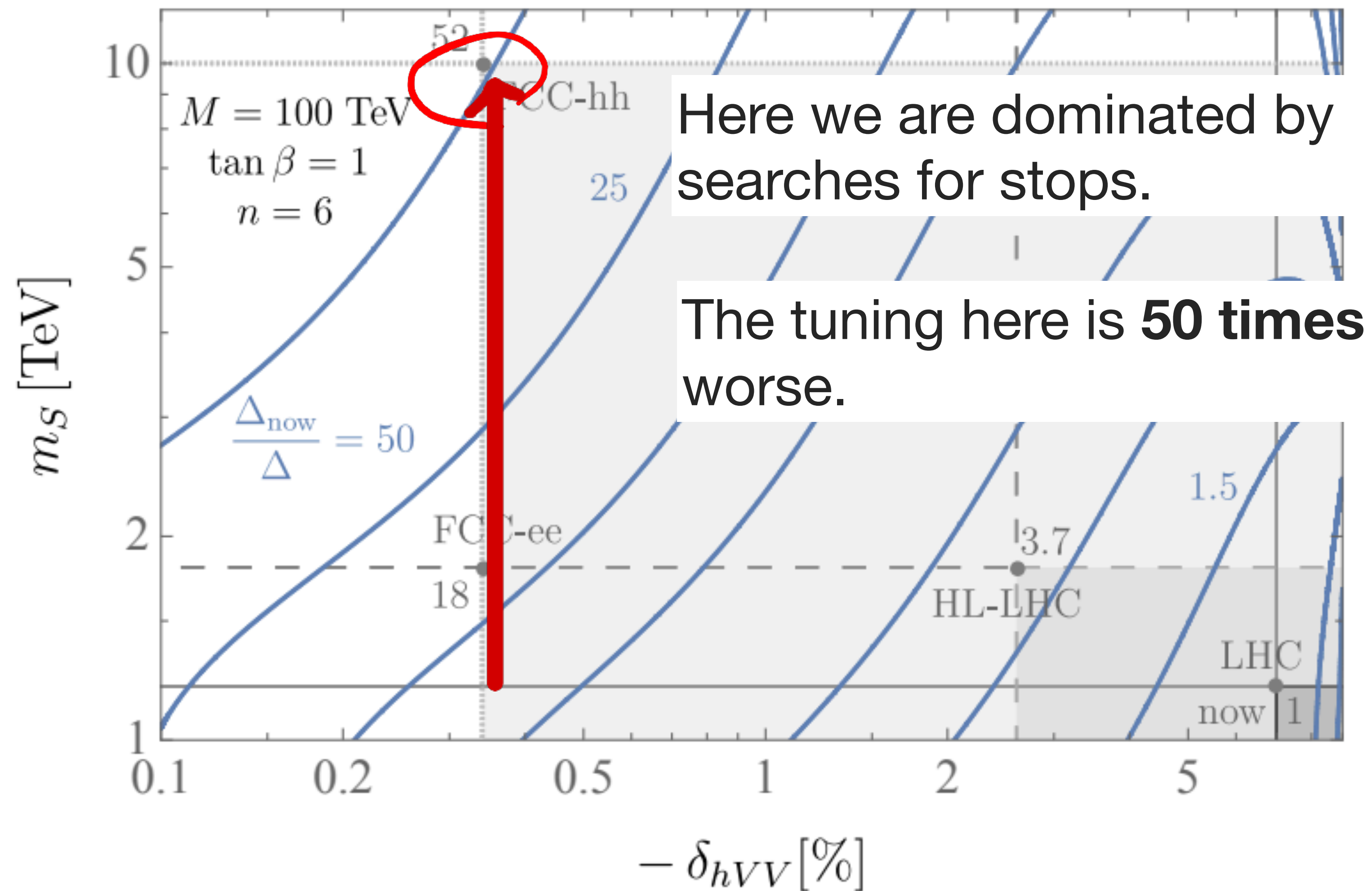
Increase in the tuning by a factor  $\sim 4$  driven by

$$|\delta_{hVV}| < 2.6 \%$$

# Evolution of the tuning



# Evolution of the tuning





# Conclusions

- For pNGb approaches to Higgs naturalness we are presently astride the ‘**direct search**’ and ‘**indirect precision**’ eras.
- Precision will dominate progress in the near- and mid-term.

**Pessimistically:** If all measurements continue to be SM like, even the Kitchen Sink can't escape tuning.

**Optimistically:** if evidence of naturalness is to arise, it may show first in the form of Higgs coupling deviations.