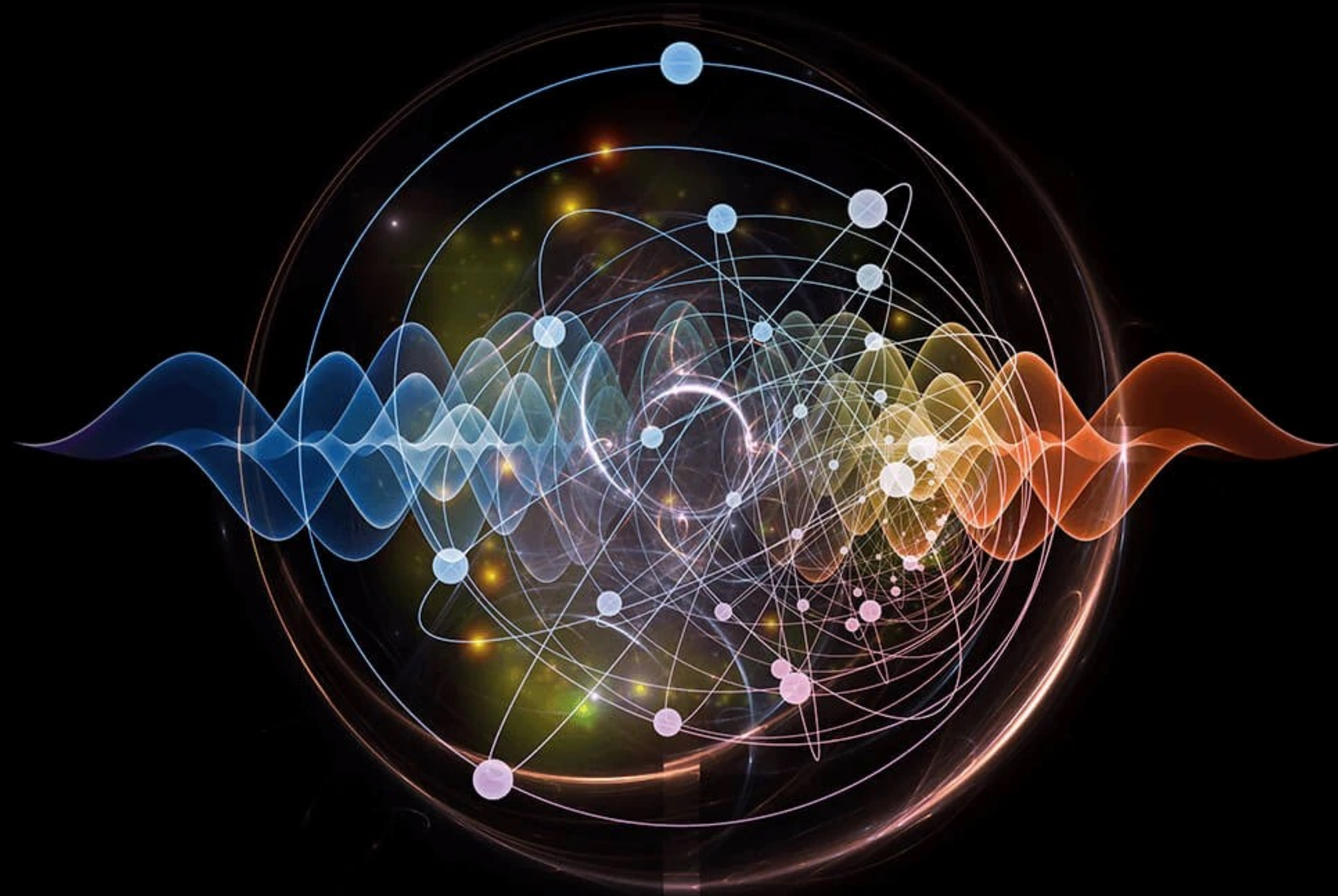
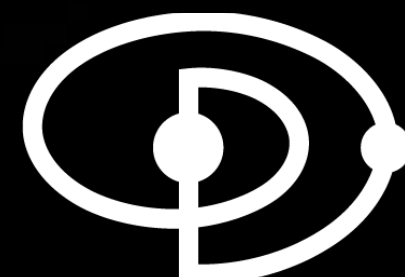


Testing the presence of a fifth force at the Galactic Center

Arianna Foschi - GRAVITY+ workshop - 19 November 2024



LESIA



Observatoire
de Paris

PSL



Overview and motivation

IR modification
(cosmological scales)

+

**General
Relativity**

+

Higher
derivatives
(i.e. GR modifications)



UV completion
(e.g. string theory)

Energy scale

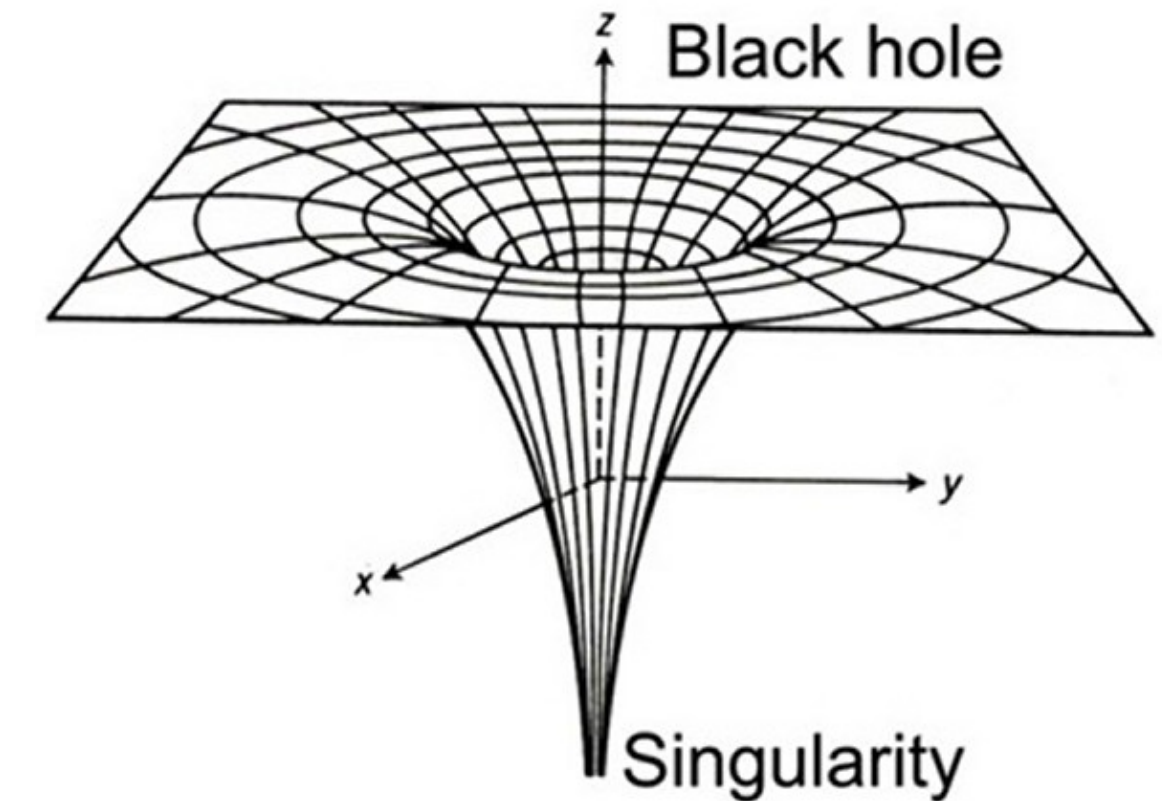
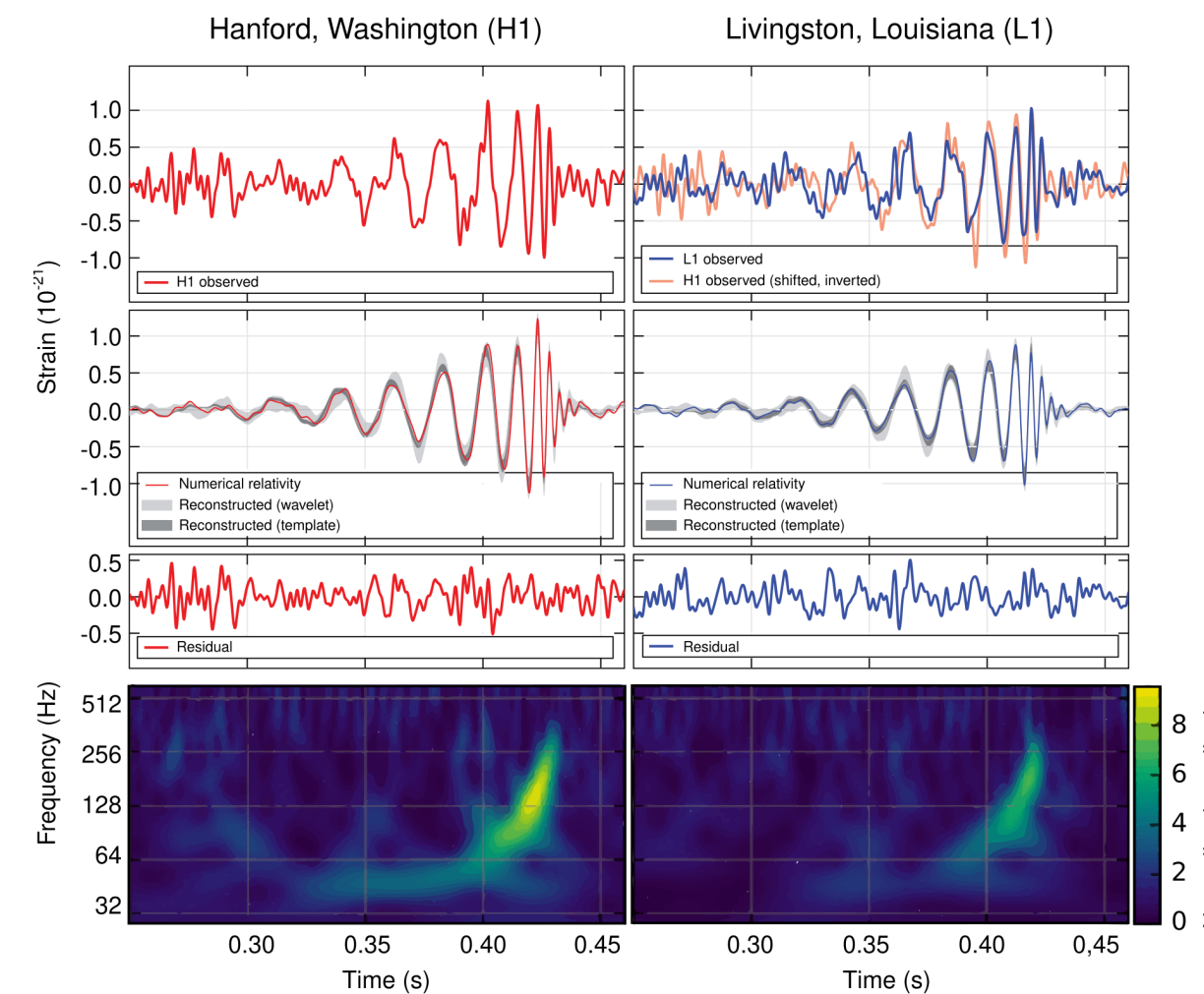
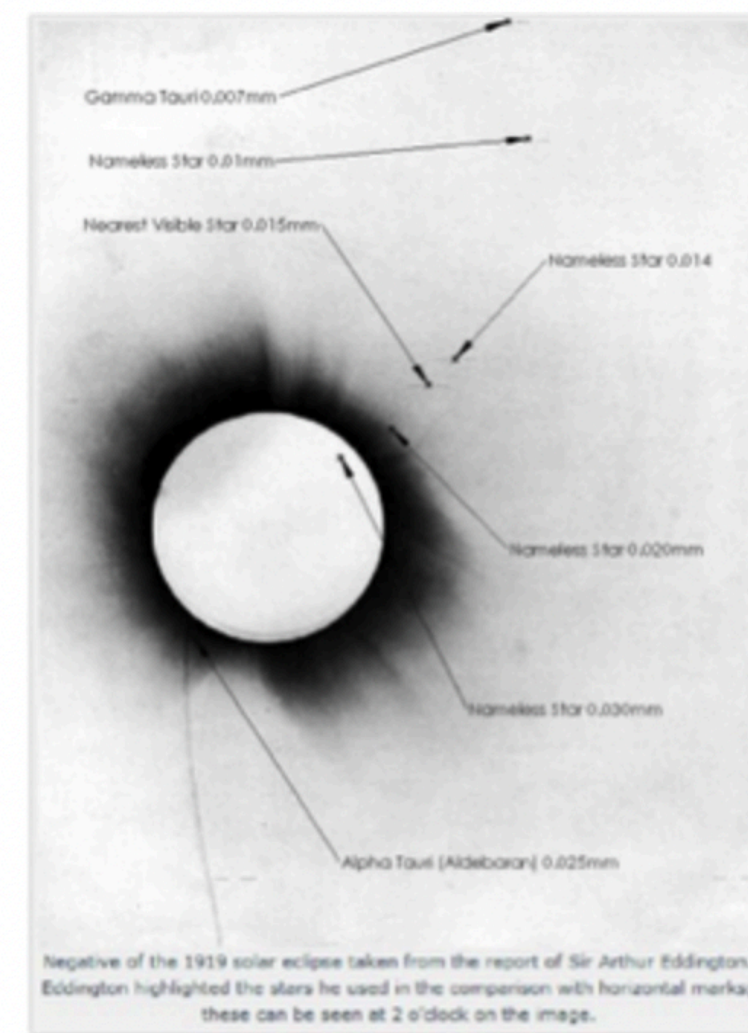
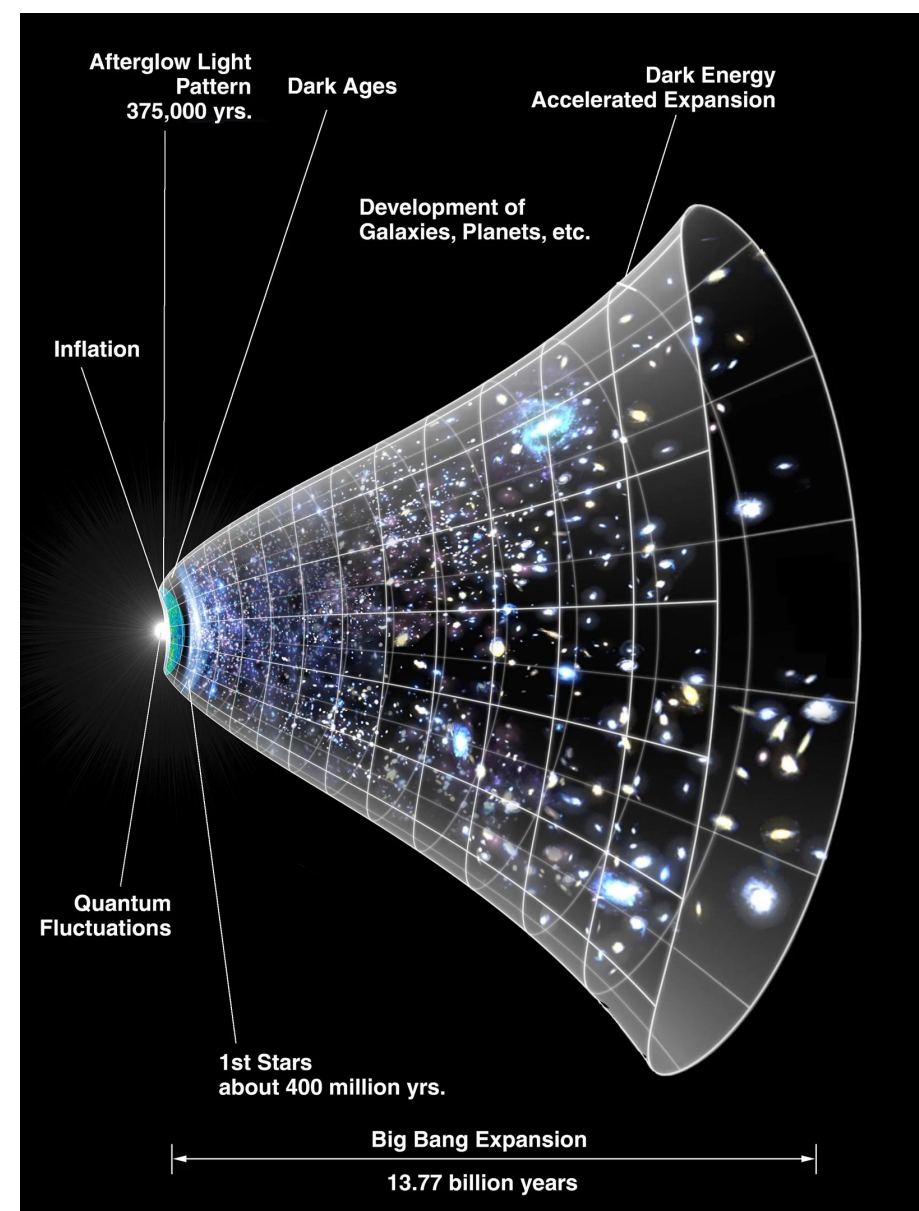


Ω_Λ

M_\odot

M

M_{PL}



The zoo of Extended Theories of Gravity

IR modification
(cosmological scales)

+

**General
Relativity**

+

Higher
derivatives
(i.e. GR modifications)

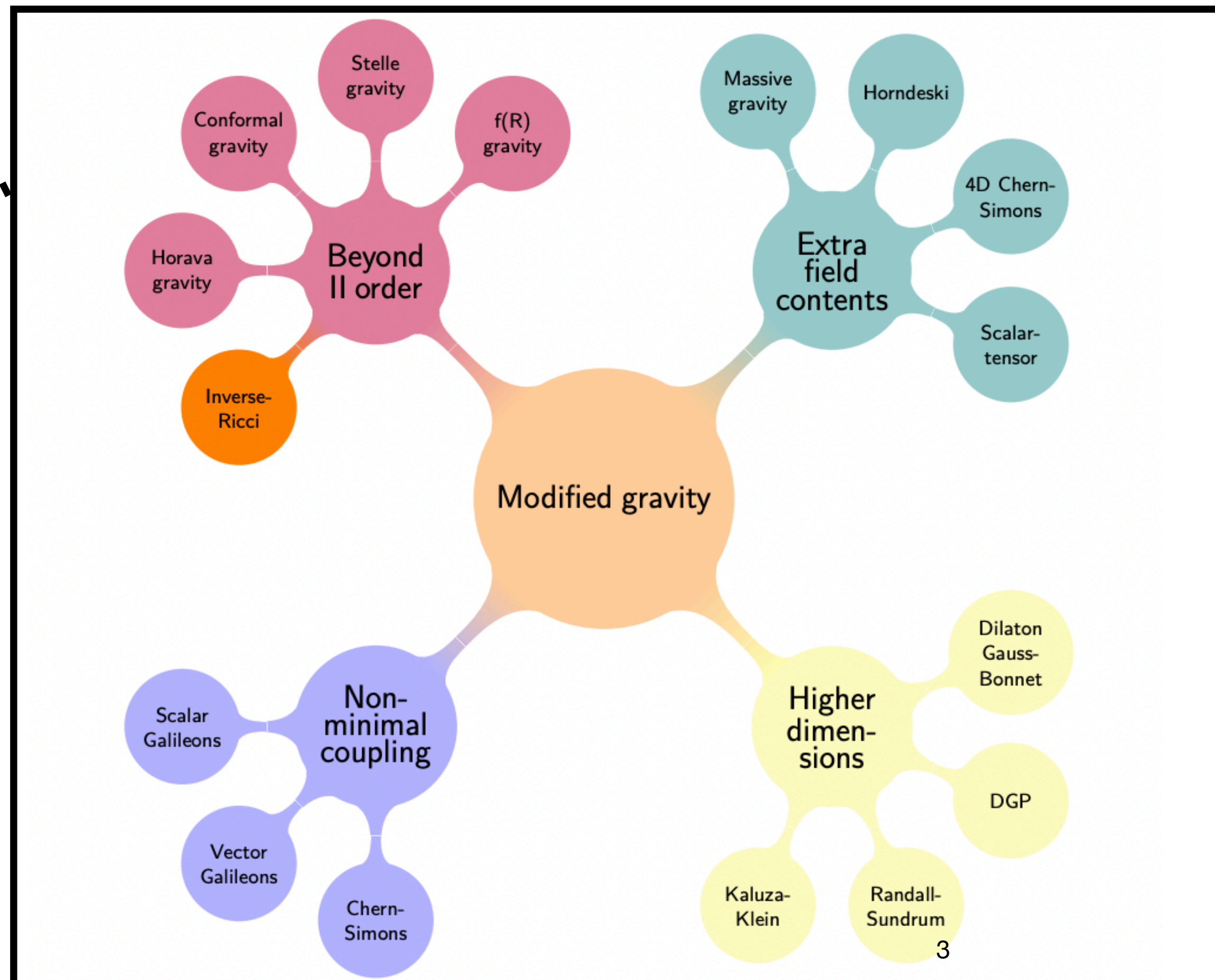


UV completion
(e.g. string theory)

Energy scale

M_{PL}

M



Lovelock's theorem

GR is the **only theory of gravity** in which:

- EoM are given by second order derivative of the metric;
- The only degrees of freedom are given by $g_{\mu\nu}$;
- Spacetime is in 4 dimensions;
- The theory is covariant.

Figure from Shankaranarayanan et al. (2022) (arXiv: 2204.06533)

Current constraints on $|\alpha|$

$$U = -\frac{GM}{r} (1 + |\alpha| e^{-r/\lambda})$$

α = Intensity (coupling to gravity)

λ = Length scale

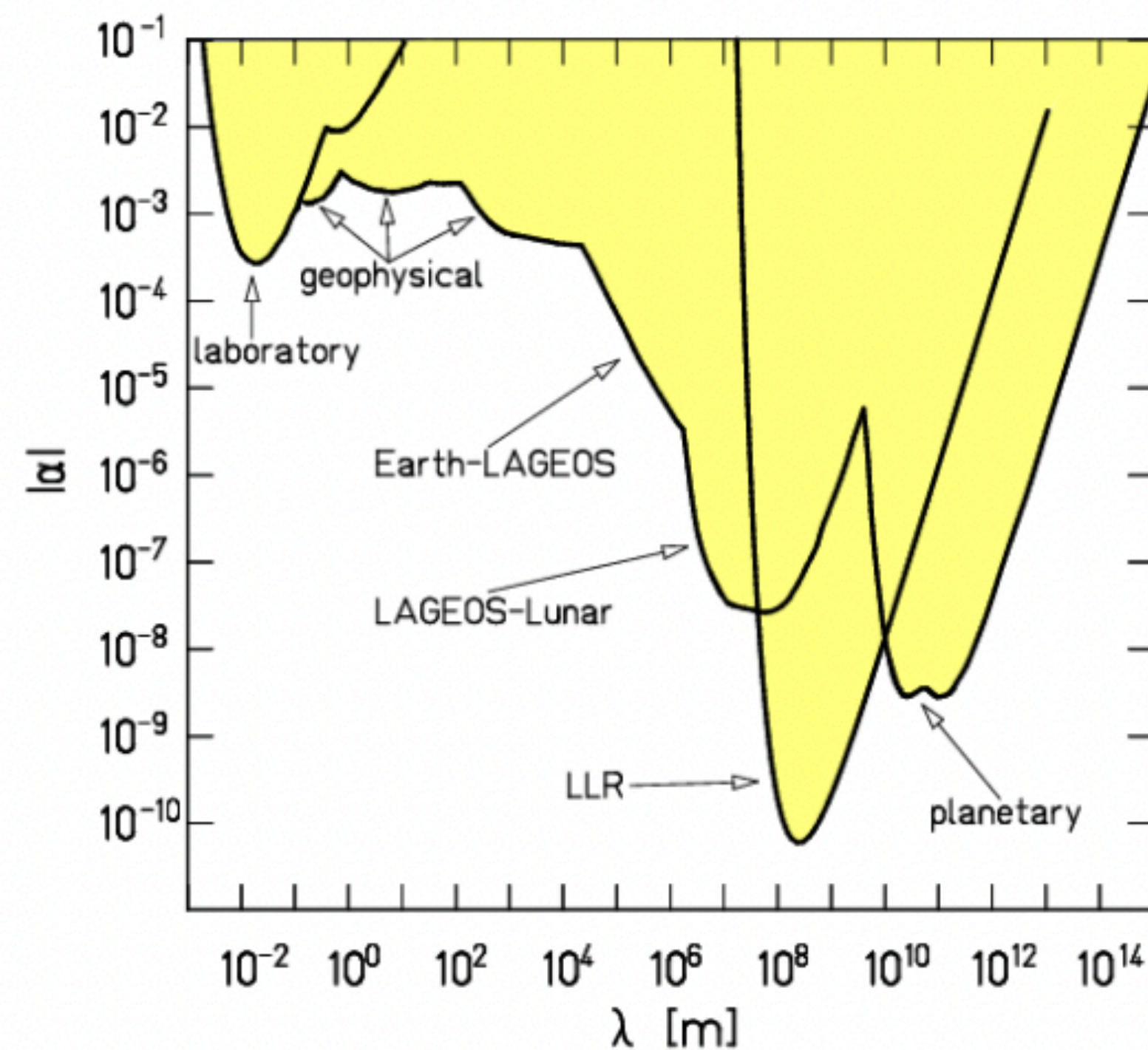
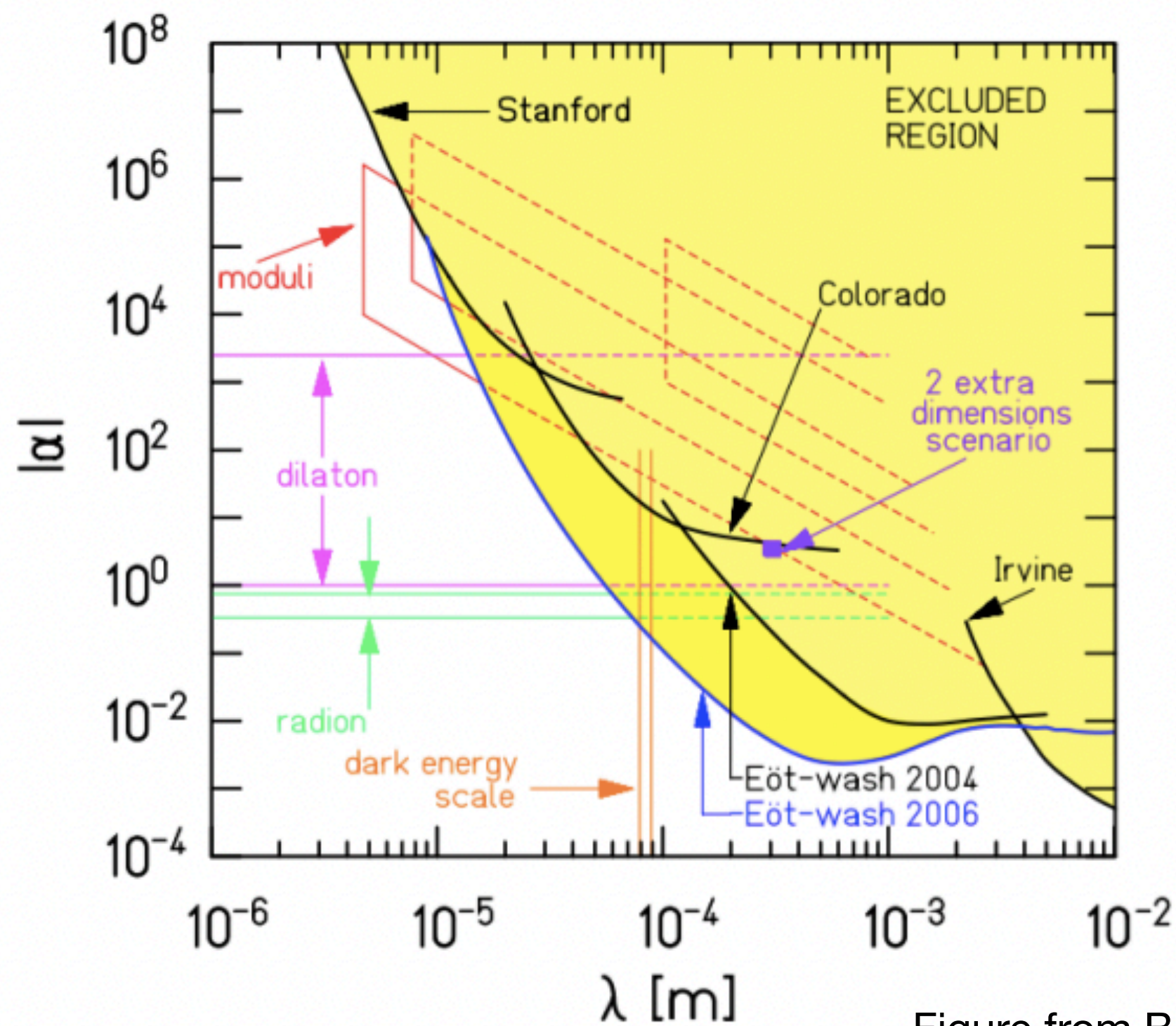


Figure from Bergé J. (arXiv: 1809.00698)

Current constraints on $|\alpha|$ for $\lambda > 1$ cm

$$U = -\frac{GM}{r} \left(1 + |\alpha| e^{-r/\lambda} \right)$$

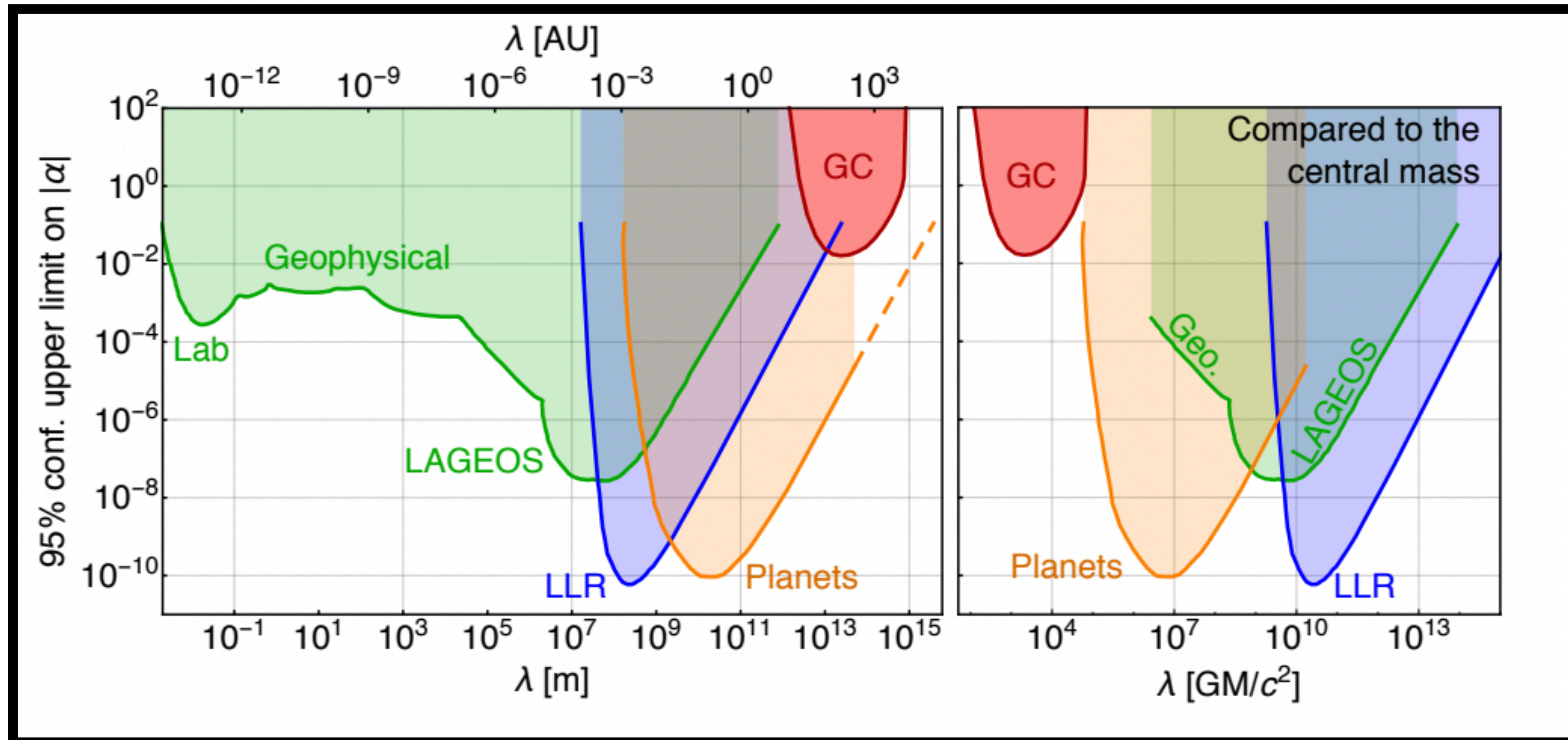
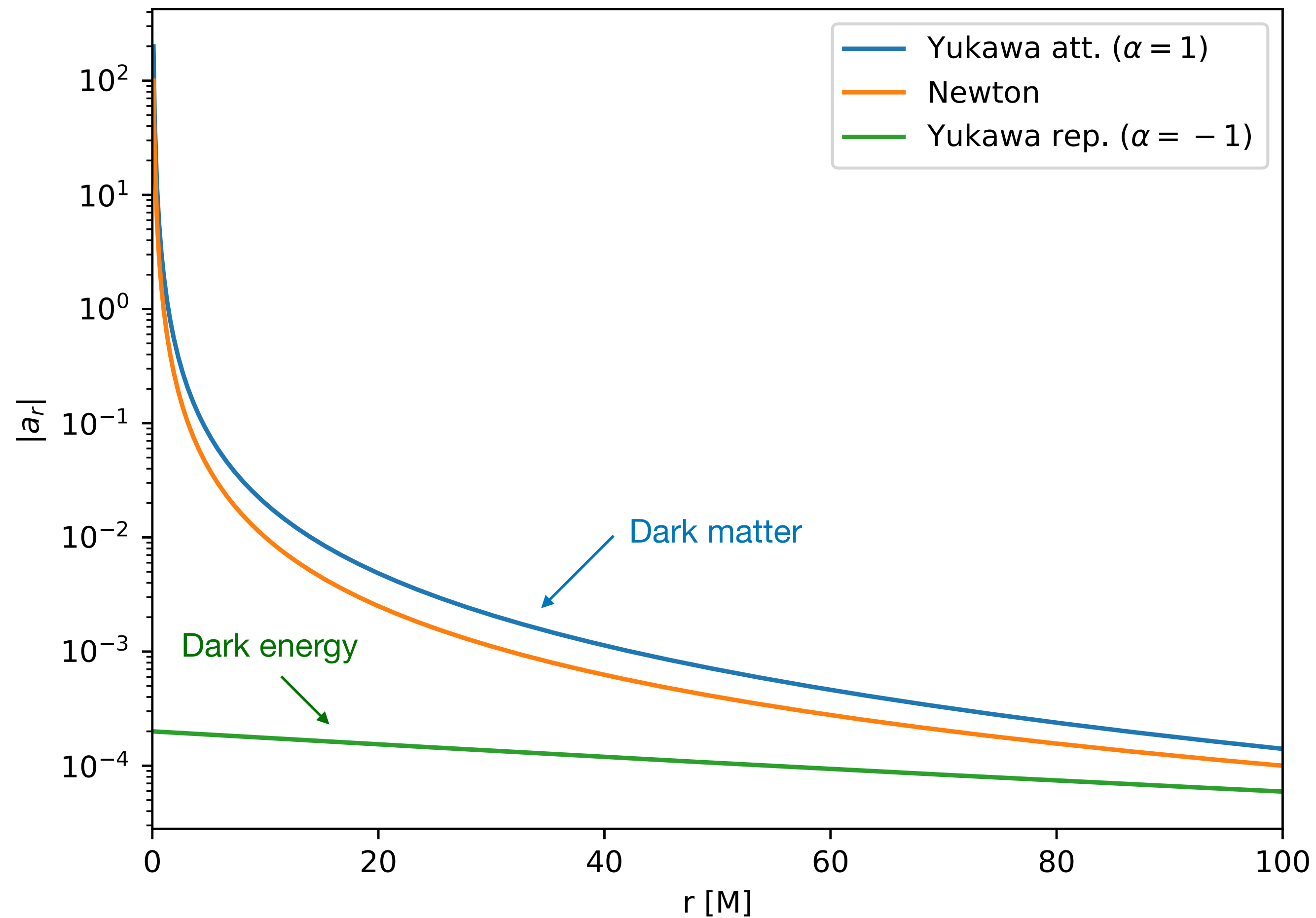


Figure from Hees et al. 2017 (arXiv: 1705.07902)

Yukawa-like correction: behavior of the acceleration

$$U = -\frac{GM}{r} \left(1 + |\alpha| e^{-r/\lambda} \right)$$

$$\lambda = 50 \text{ M}$$



$\alpha > 0$: force mediated by massive **scalars**

$\alpha < 0$: force mediated by massive **vectors**

(Moffat 2016)

Available Data for S2

○ Astrometry

- **NACO & SHARP** from 1992 to 2019 ($\sigma \sim 0.5$ mas);
- **GRAVITY** data from 2016 to 2022 ($\sigma \sim 50 \mu\text{as}$).

○ Spectroscopy

- (Radial velocity measurements)
- **SINFONI** data from 2000 to 2022 ($\sigma \sim 10 - 20$ km/s).

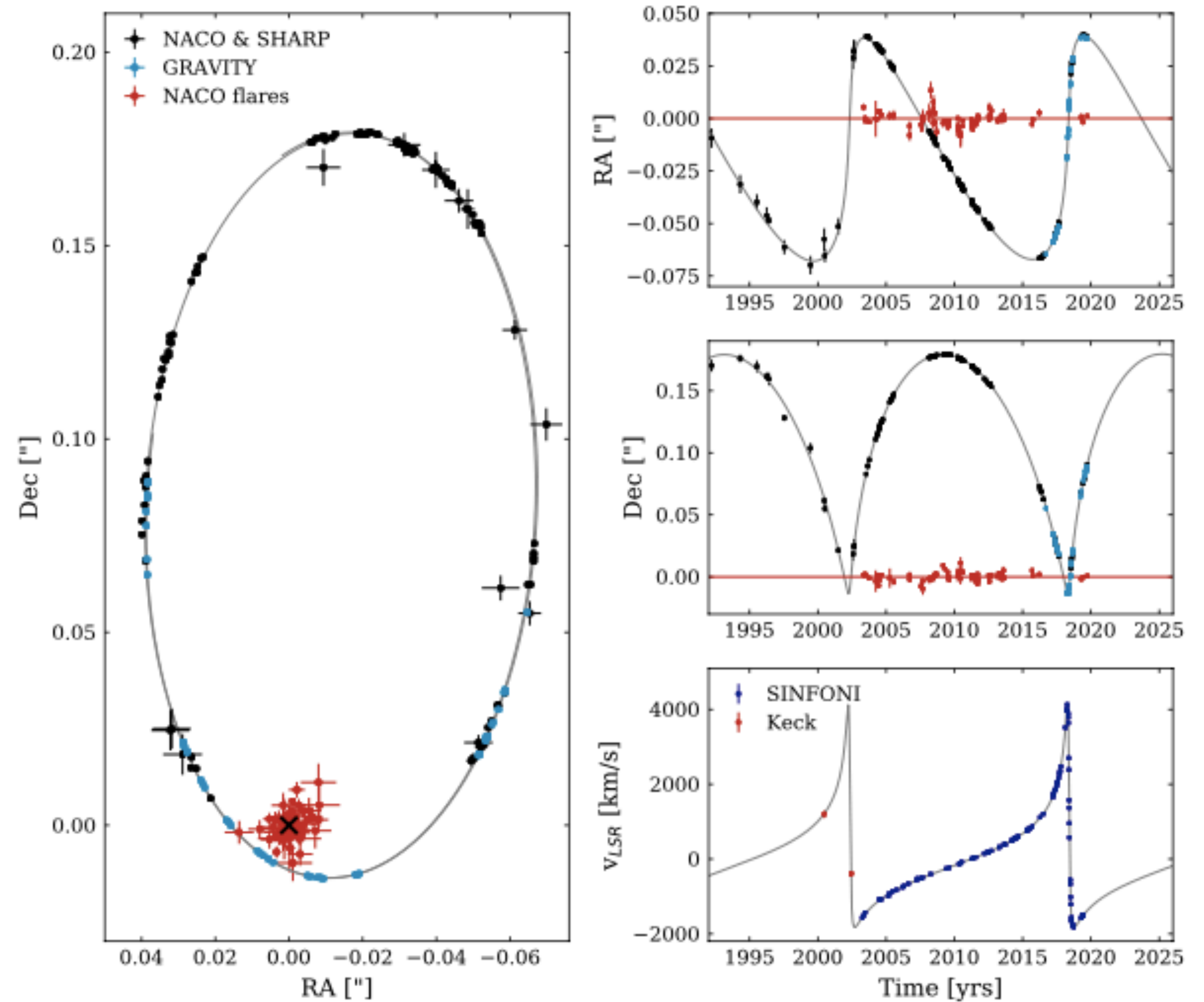


Figure from GRAVITY Coll. *et al.* 2020

Corrections to the Keplerian model in the fit

(GRAVITY Coll. 2018, Alexander 2005)

- **Newtonian effect:** the Roemer delay due to finite value of c .

- **1st Post Newtonian (PN) correction**

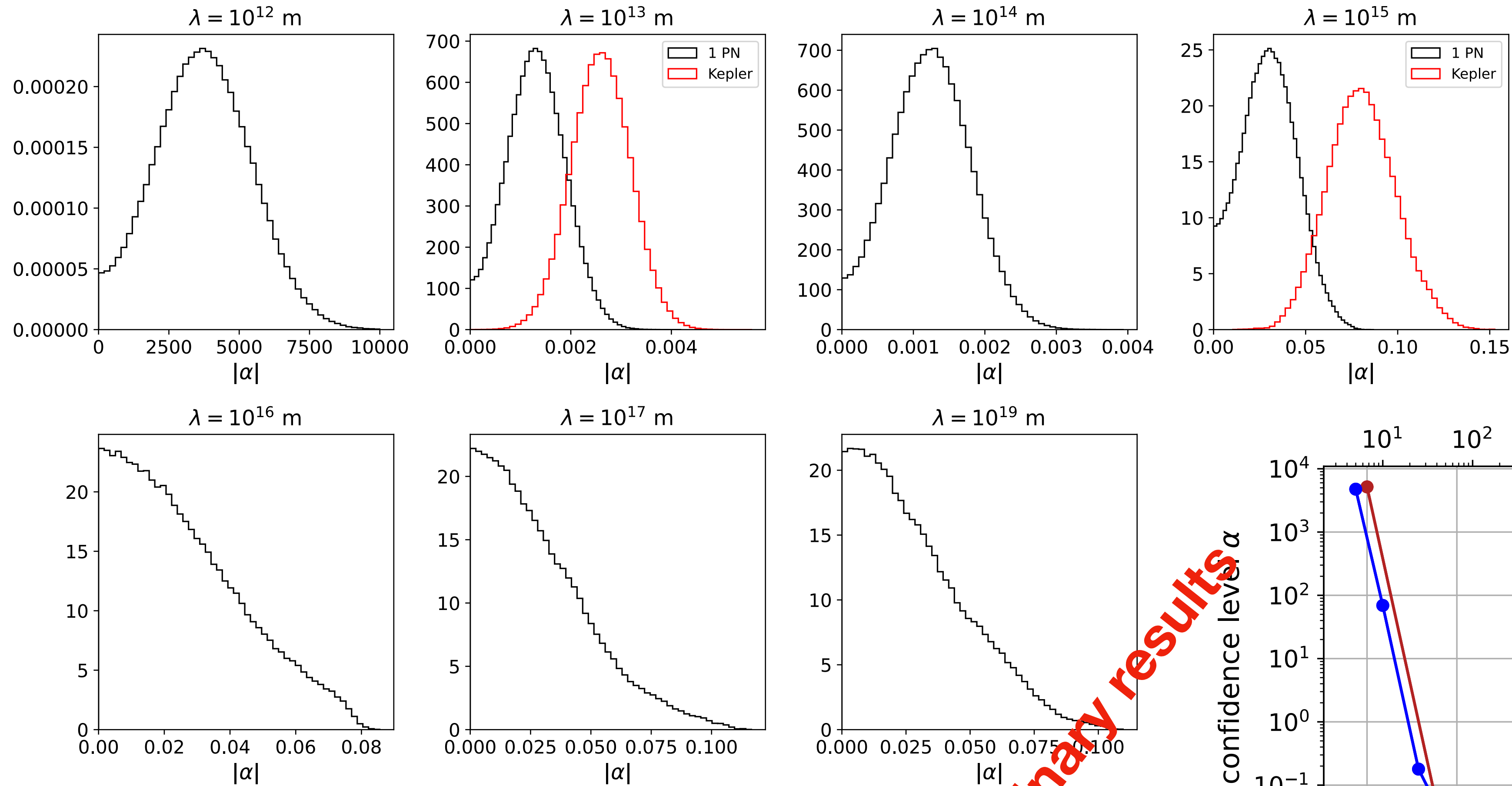
Schwarzschild precession has been detected on S2 motion at 10σ confidence level

(GRAVITY Coll. 2024)

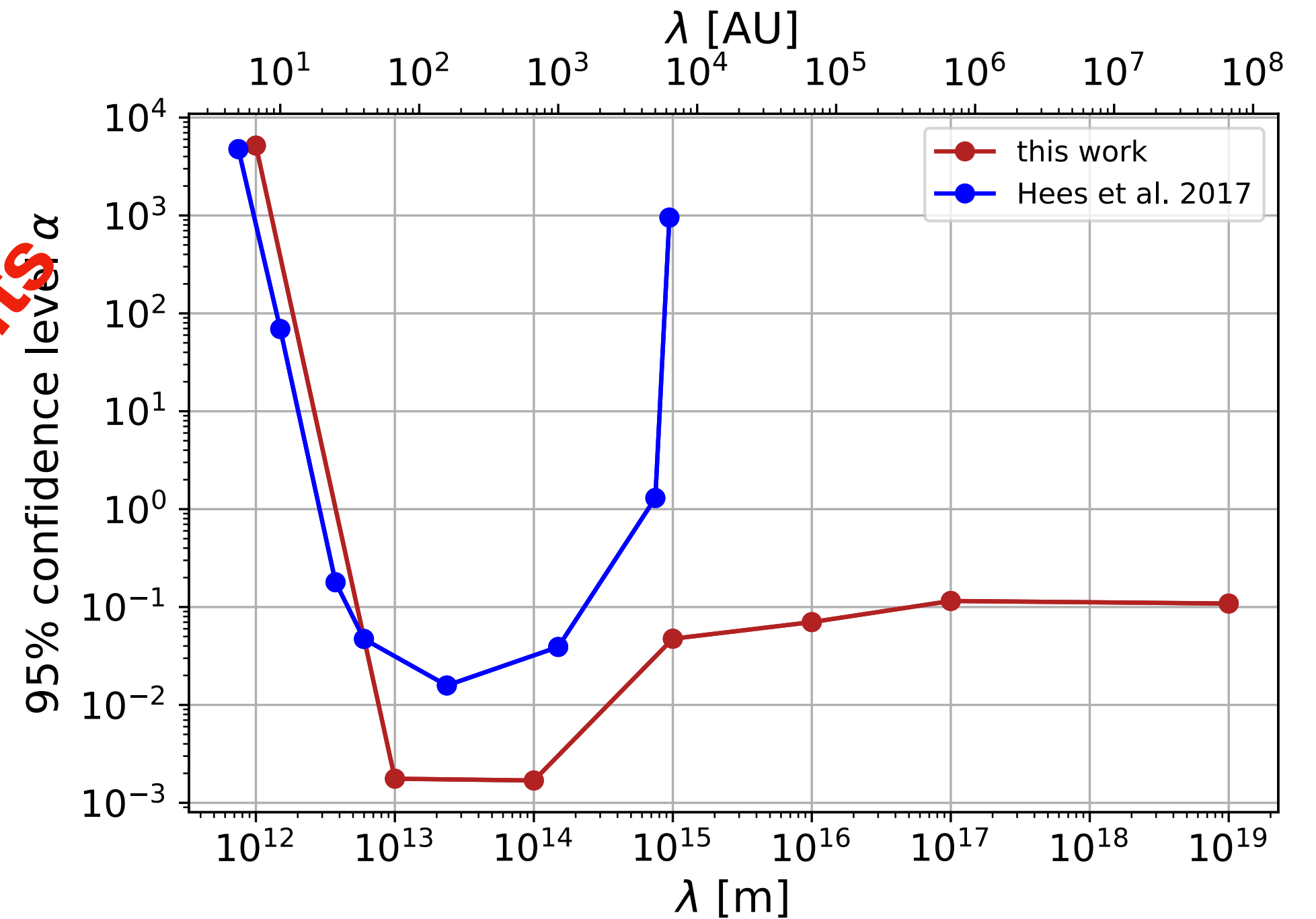
$$a_{1\text{PN}} = f_{\text{SP}} \frac{GM_{\bullet}}{c^2 r^2} \left[\left(\frac{4GM_{\bullet}}{r} - v^2 \right) \frac{\mathbf{r}}{r} + 4\dot{r}\mathbf{v} \right] \quad \text{with } f_{\text{SP}} = 1$$
$$(\beta = \gamma = 1)$$

Results: χ^2 minimization and MCMC analysis

Posterior distributions of $|\alpha|$ for fixed λ

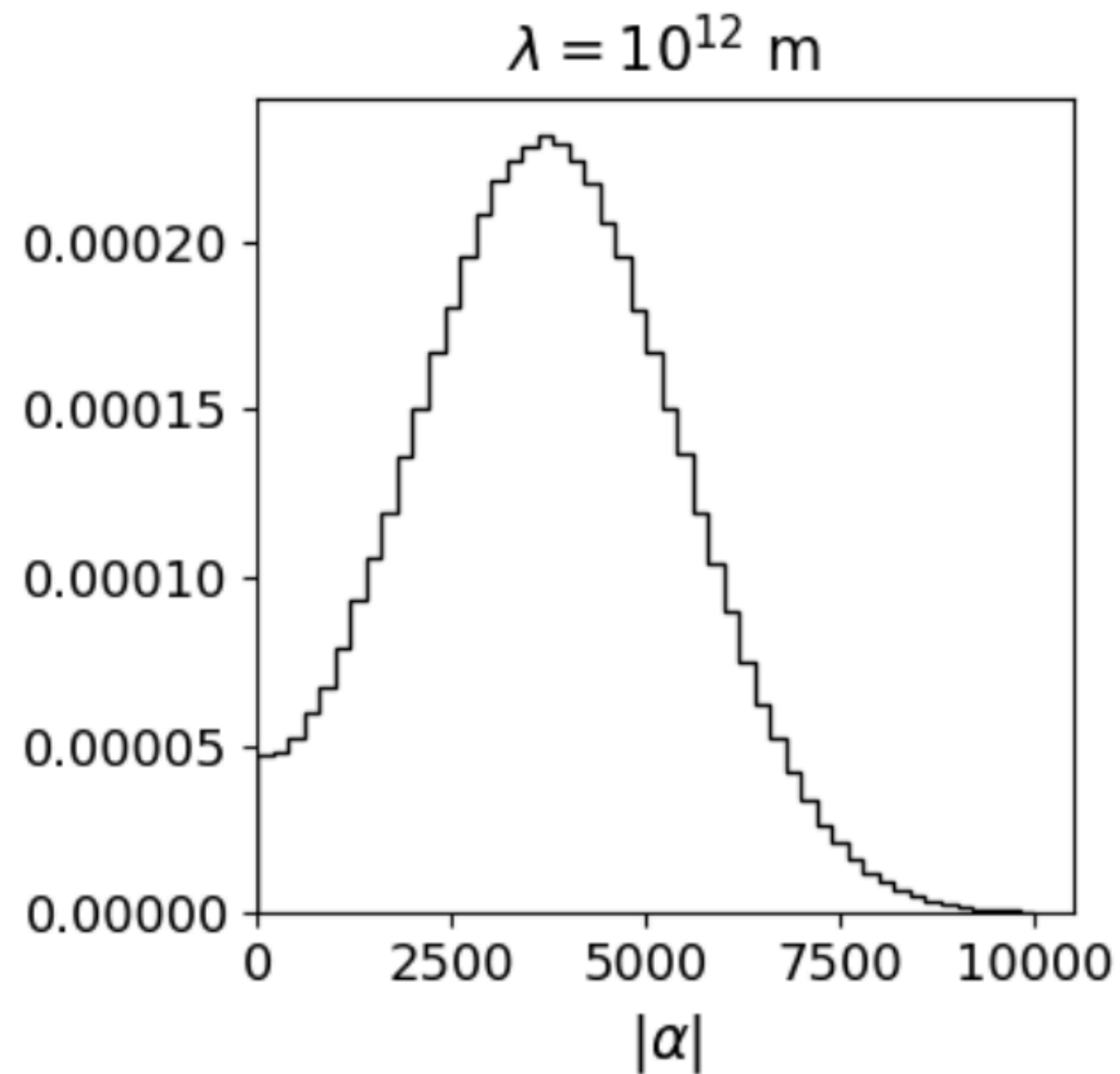


Preliminary results



Results: χ^2 minimization and MCMC analysis

Posterior distributions of $|\alpha|$ for fixed λ

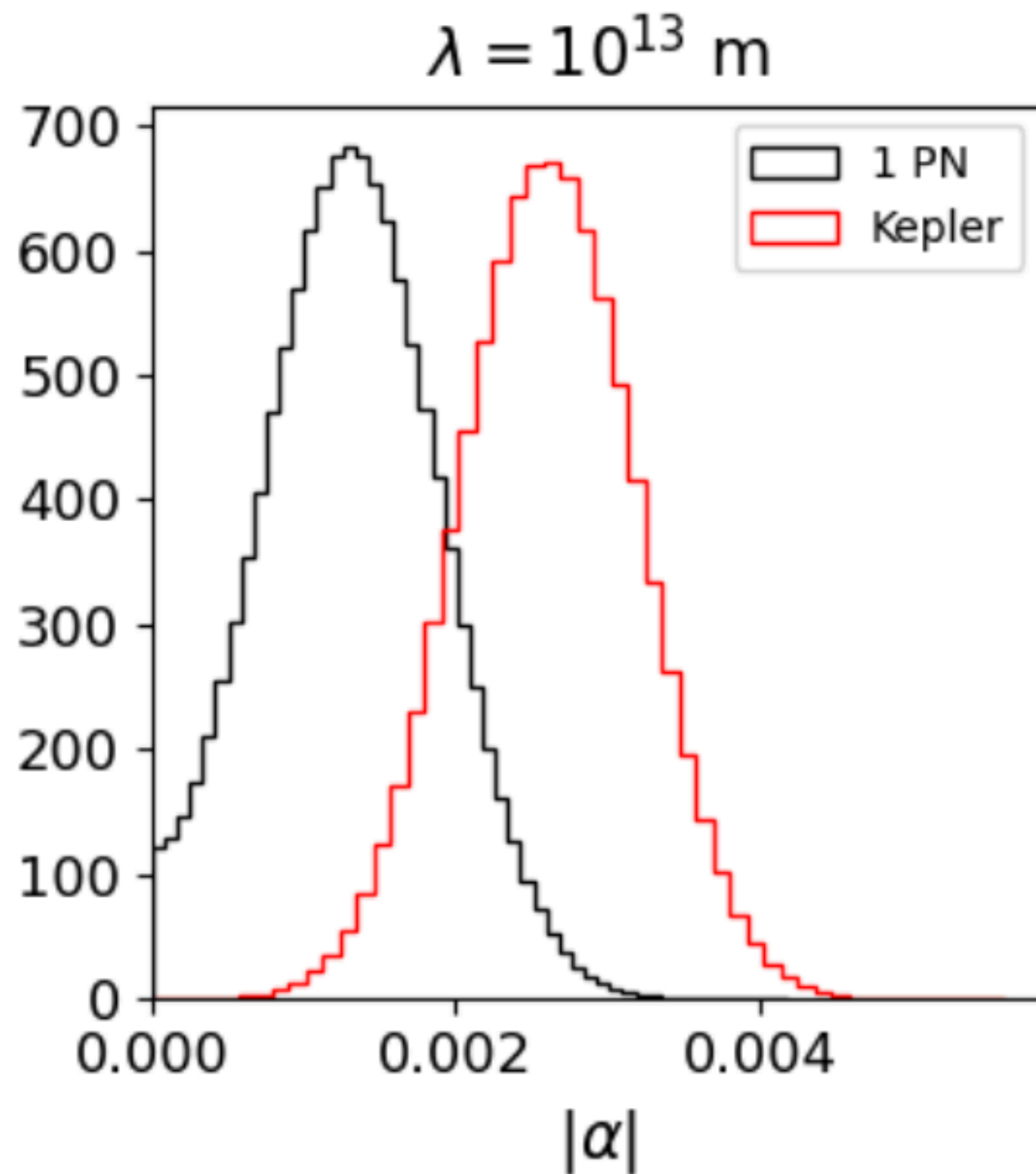


$$\lambda < r_{s2} \quad r_{s2} \sim (10^{13} - 10^{14}) \text{ m}$$

$$U = -\frac{GM}{r} (1 + |\alpha| e^{-r/\lambda})$$
$$\approx -\frac{GM}{r}$$

Results: χ^2 minimization and MCMC analysis

Posterior distributions of $|\alpha|$ for fixed λ



$$\lambda \sim r_{s2}$$

Kepler + Yukawa

$$\alpha_{\text{BF}} \approx 0.0026$$

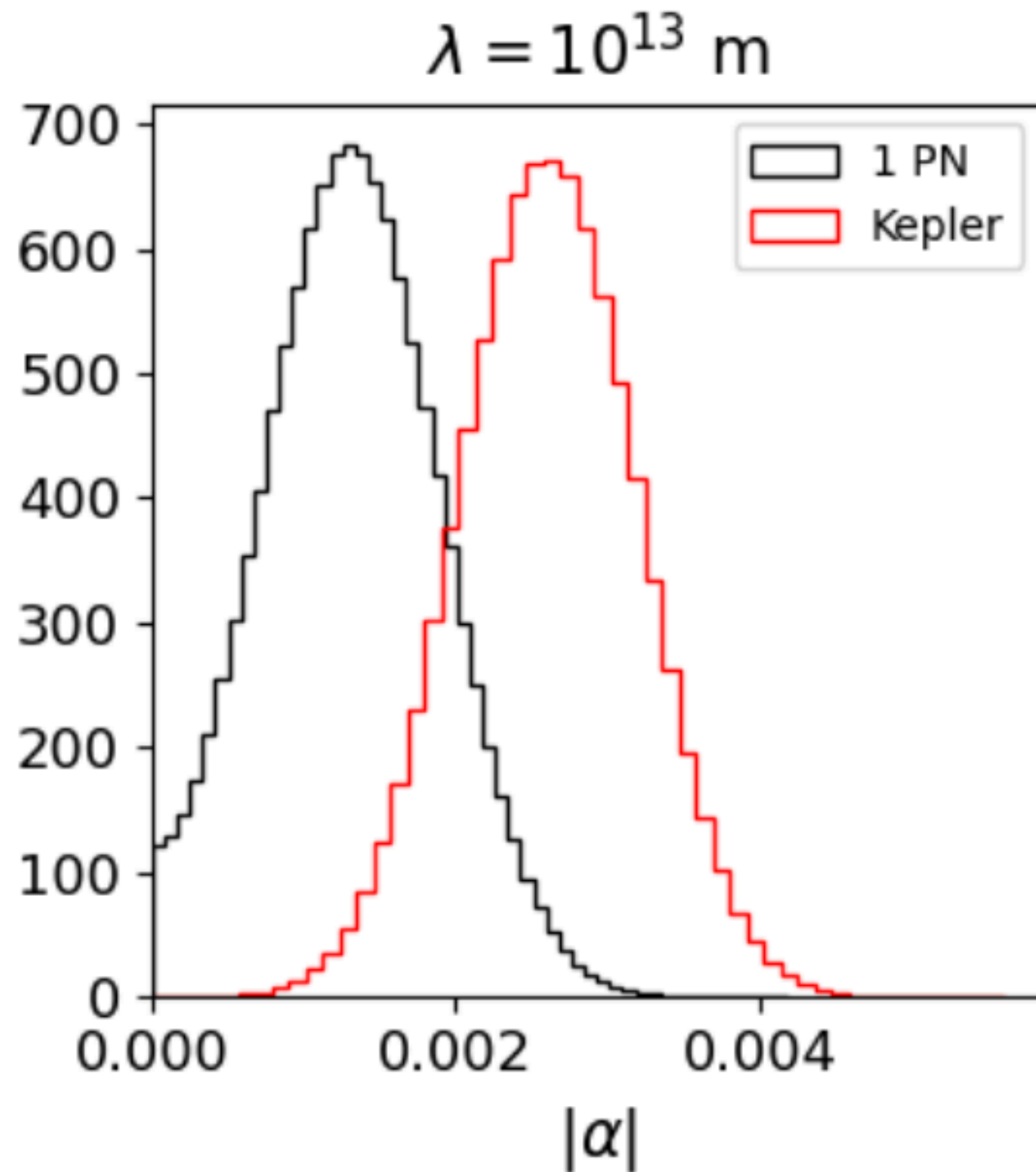


$$\Delta\varphi \sim 0.13^\circ$$

$$(\Delta\varphi_{\text{SP}} \sim 0.20^\circ)$$

Results: χ^2 minimization and MCMC analysis

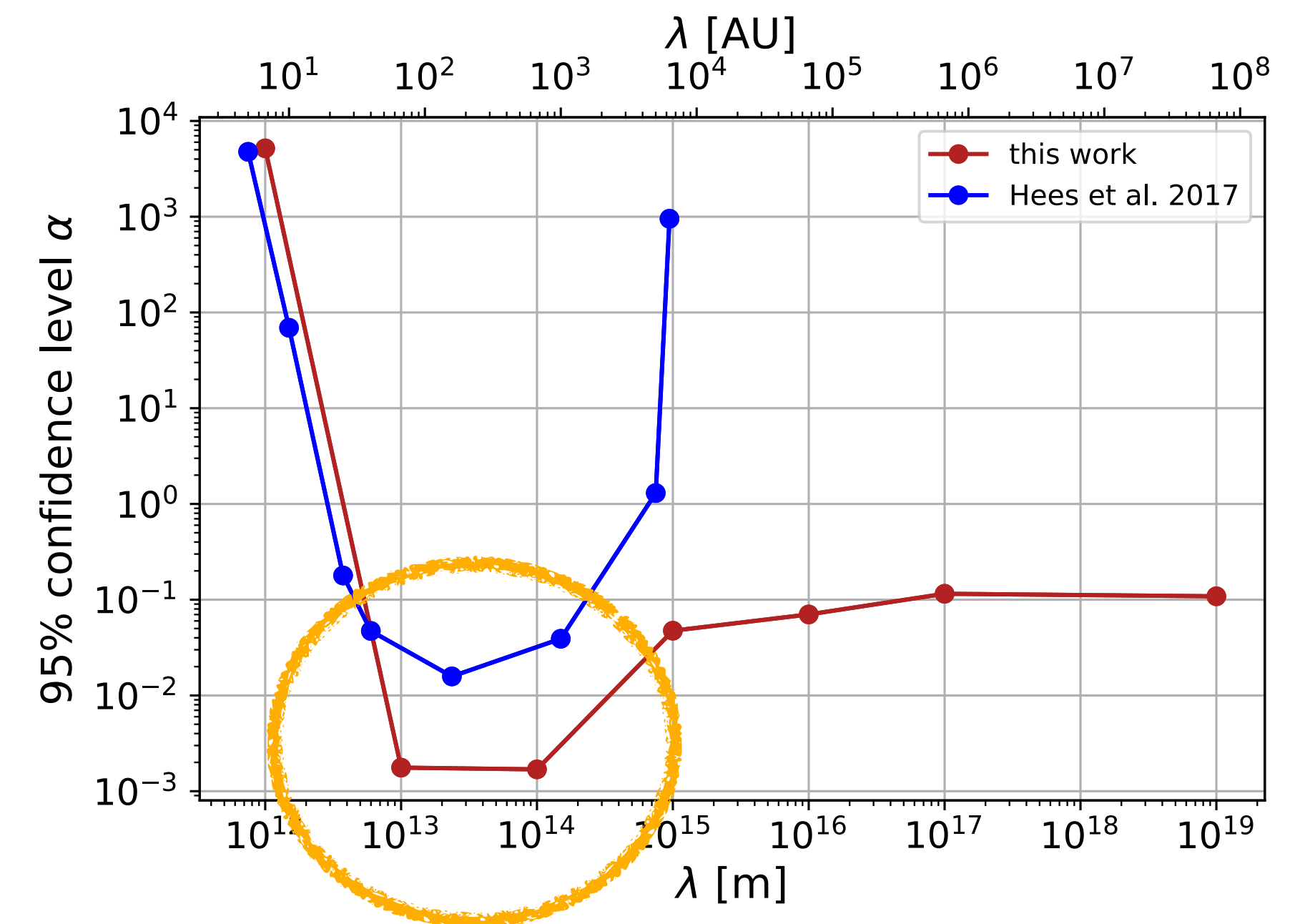
Posterior distributions of $|\alpha|$ for fixed λ



$$\lambda \sim r_{s2}$$

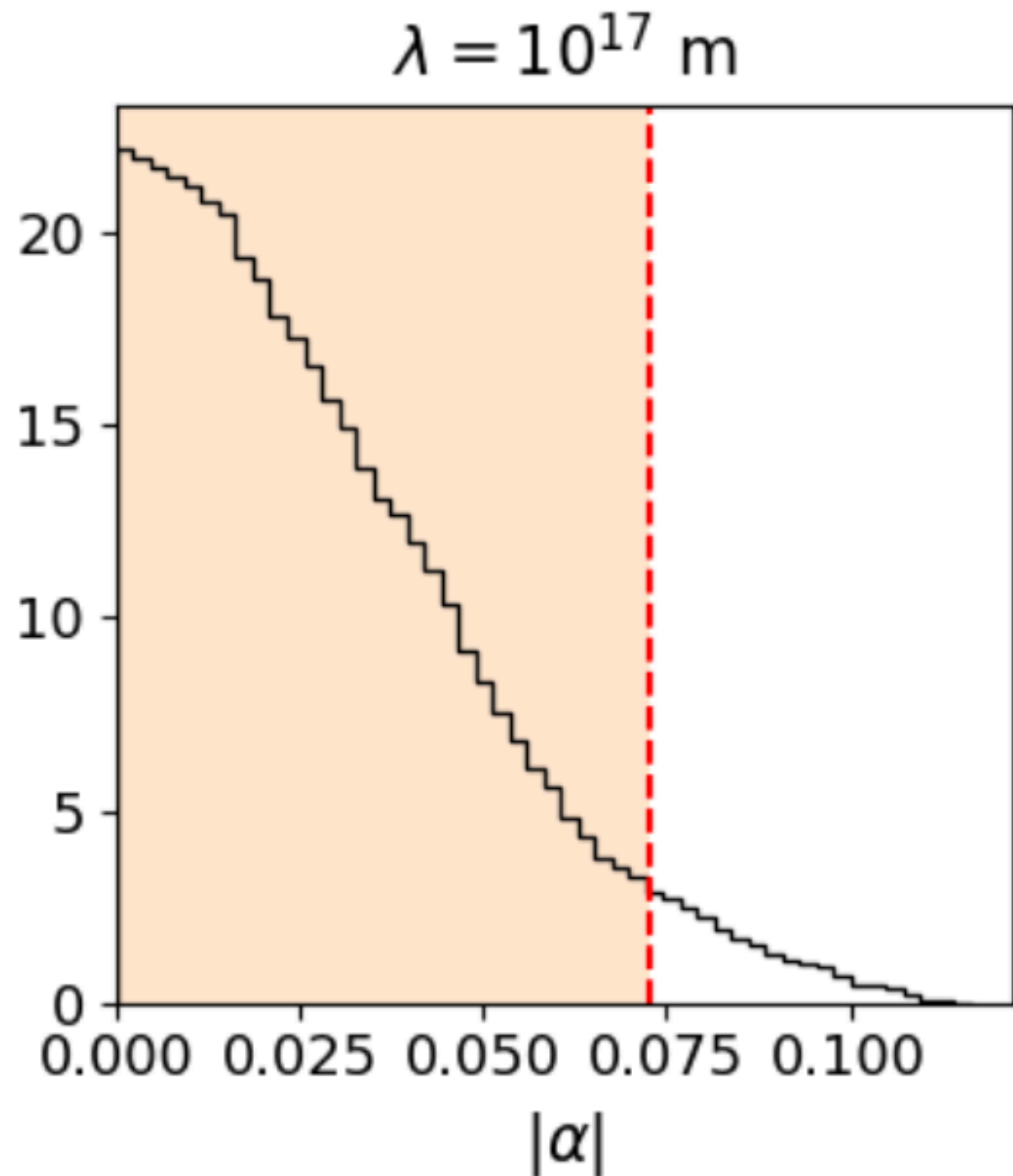
Kepler + Yukawa + 1PN

$|\alpha| \lesssim 10^{-3}$ at 95 % confidence level



Results: χ^2 minimization and MCMC analysis

Posterior distributions of $|\alpha|$ for fixed λ



$$\lambda \gg r_{s2}$$

Kepler + Yukawa + 1PN

$$U = -\frac{GM}{r} \left(1 + |\alpha| e^{-r/\lambda} \right) \quad (\lambda \gtrsim 10^{15} \text{ m})$$

$$\approx -\frac{GM(1 + \alpha)}{r}$$

$|\alpha| \lesssim 0.075$ at 95 % confidence level

$$M_{\bullet} = (4.29 \pm 0.01) \cdot 10^6 M_{\odot}$$

Conclusions

- Investigated the presence of a fifth force at the GC via the introduction of a Yukawa-like potential in S2 equations of motion;
- For the first time we used GRAVITY data and included the 1st PN correction;
- Found **no constraints** on $|\alpha|$ for $\lambda < 10^{13}$ m;
- Much stringent constraints for $10^{13} \leq \lambda \leq 10^{14}$ m, $|\alpha| \lesssim 10^{-3}$ at 95% confidence level;
- Good constraints for $\lambda \geq 10^{15}$ m, $|\alpha| \lesssim 10^{-1}$ at 95% confidence level (still to fully understand why).

Thank you for your attention!