

Commissioning of the S³LEB spectrometer

Antoine de Roubin
S³LEB collaboration

Outline :

- S³
- Scientific commissioning
- Scientific commissioning with S³LEB
- Ongoing projects



S³ – Super Separator Spectrometer

LINAC beams : He to U

- 1 mA, < 14,5 MeV/A ($A/Q=3$)
- 1 mA, < 7,5 MeV/A ($A/Q=7$)



	I for $A/Q = 3$ (pμA)
¹⁸ O	80
⁴⁰ Ar	16
³⁶ S	2.3
⁴⁰ Ca	2.9
⁴⁸ Ca	1.2
⁵⁸ Ni	1.1
⁸⁶ Kr	0.1
¹³⁶ Xe	0.001



X 5 up to ⁵⁸Ni
X 10 for $A > 58$

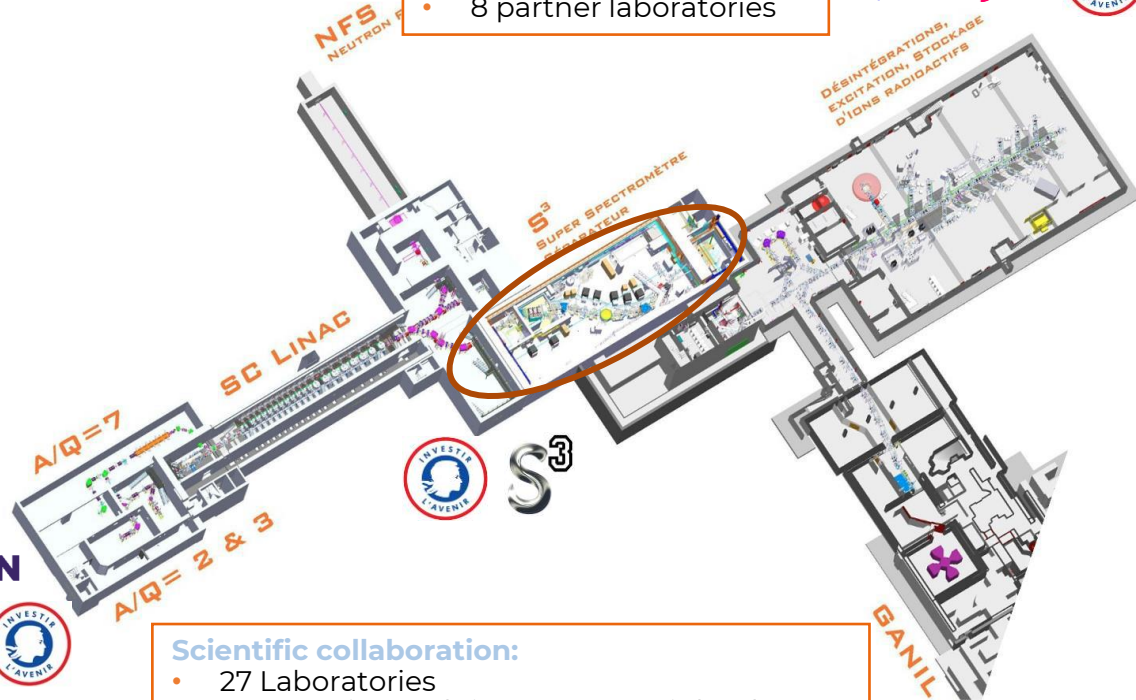
NEWGAIN
NEW GANIL INJECTOR



S³

S³ Project :

- Budget ≈ 24 M€
- 8 partner laboratories



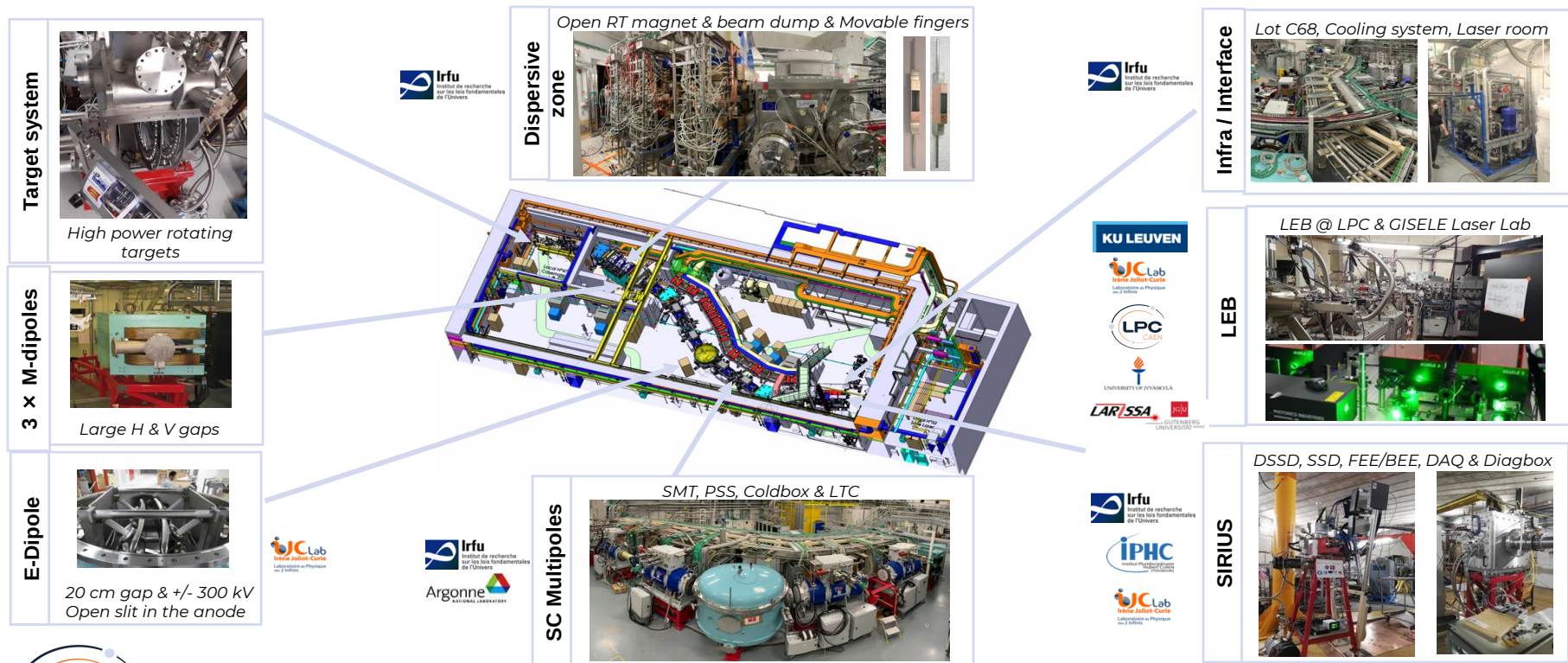
Scientific collaboration:

- 27 Laboratories
- 12 countries : Belgium, France, Finland, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Poland, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, U.K., USA

RESANET 2021

perspectives

S³ – Super Separator Spectrometer

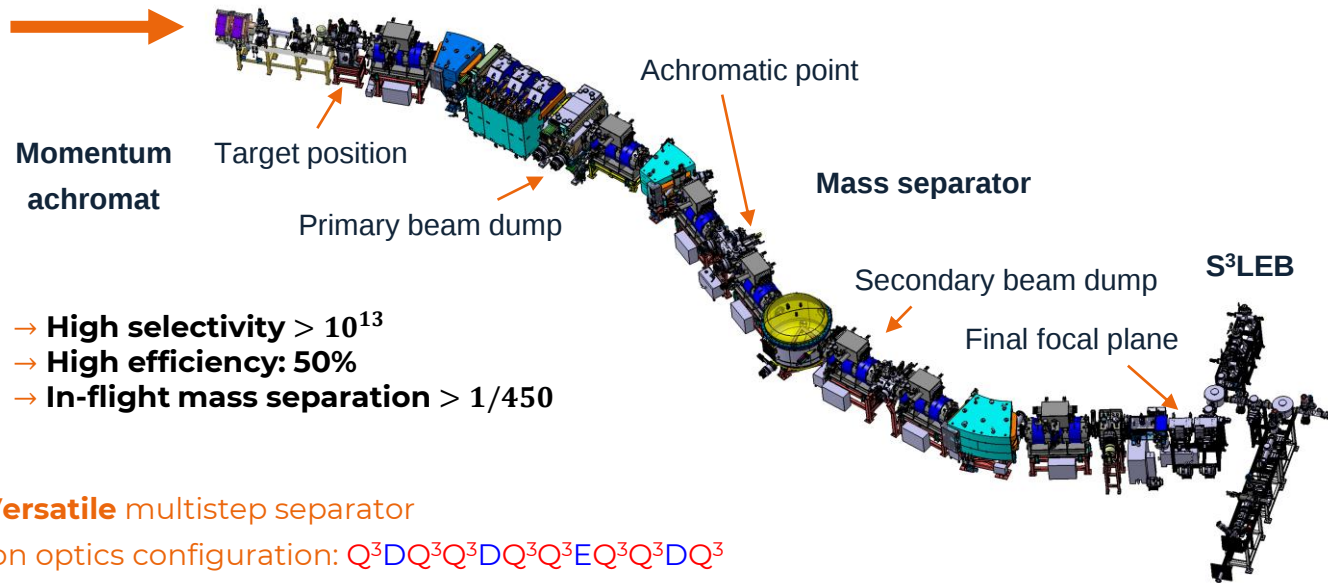


- High selectivity $> 10^{13}$ - High efficiency 50% - In flight mass separation $> 1/450$
- Versatility & unique instrumentation (S³SIRIUS – S³LEB)

S³ – Optics: basic properties and functionalities

High beam intensity

High power target: $\gg 1\mu\text{A}$ ($= 6.10^{12}\text{p/s}$)



- **High selectivity** $> 10^{13}$
- **High efficiency**: 50%
- **In-flight mass separation** $> 1/450$

Versatile multistep separator

Ion optics configuration: $Q^3DQ^3Q^3DQ^3Q^3EQ^3Q^3DQ^3$



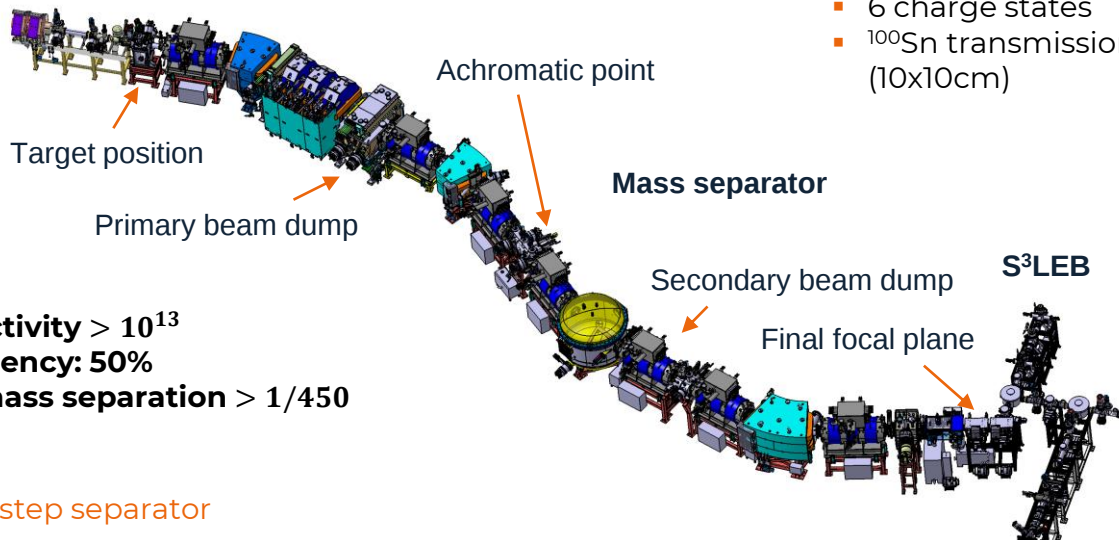
S³ – Optics: basic properties and functionalities

High beam intensity

High power target: $> 1 \mu\text{A}$ ($= 6.10^{12} \text{p/s}$)



Momentum
achromat



- High selectivity $> 10^{13}$
- High efficiency: 50%
- In-flight mass separation $> 1/450$

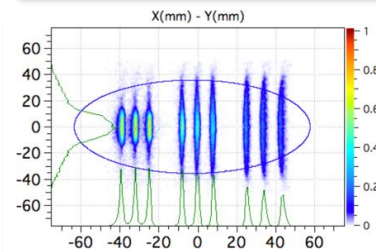
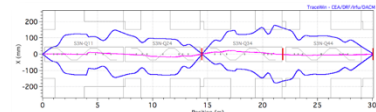
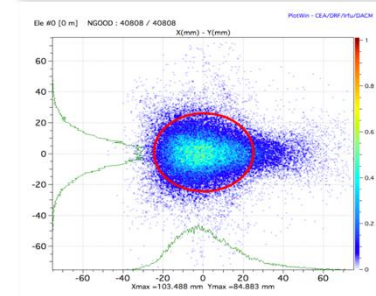
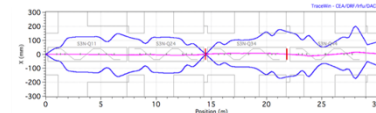
Versatile multistep separator

Ion optics configuration: $Q^3 D Q^3 Q^3 D Q^3 Q^3 E Q^3 Q^3 D Q^3$

- High primary beam rejection and high acceptance spectrometer
- Two basic optical modes of operation: High transmission vs high mass resolution

Convergent Mode (CM)

- No mass resolution
- 6 charge states
- ^{100}Sn transmissions 65% ($10 \times 10 \text{cm}$)



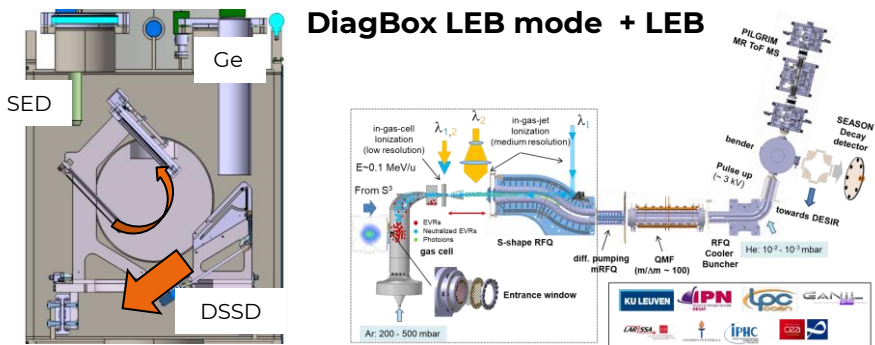
High Resolution Mode (HRM)

- m/q dispersion = 8 mm/%
- 3 charge states
- $M/\Delta M = 500$
- ^{100}Sn transmissions 40% ($10 \times 10 \text{cm}$)

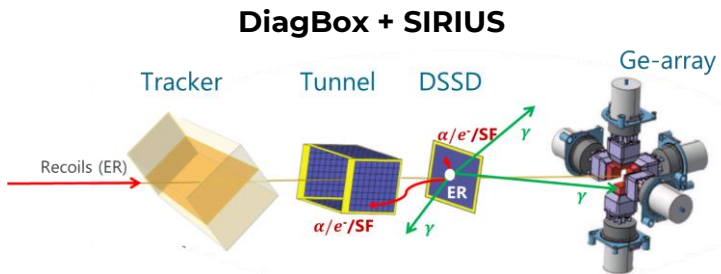


Scientific commissioning

- Easy beam & target
- High and known cross section reactions
- Identification of the reaction products (alpha, gamma tagging, M/Q in HRM)
- Various kinematics
 - Measure and optimise the rejection (case by case)
 - Estimate transmission
- Tools at focal plane
 - Diagbox + SIRIUS / Diagbox LEB mode + LEB



~ 1.4 mm (s) /3 DSSD 5x5 cm 16x16 strips / low g-ray eff
QMF and PILGRIM

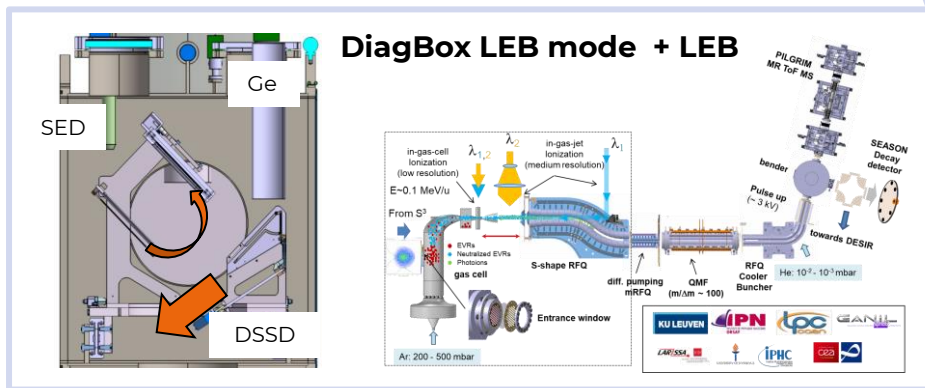


~ 0.7 mm (s) /high DSSD pixelization/ high g-ray eff

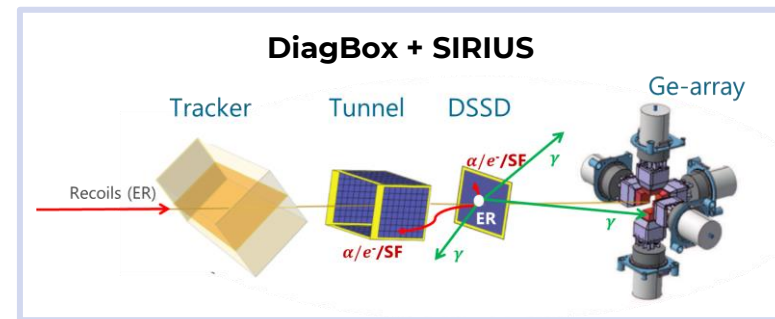
S³ – Scientific commissioning

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First setup



~ 1.4 mm (s) / 3 DSSD 5x5 cm 16x16 strips / low g-ray eff
QMF and PILGRIM



~ 0.7 mm (s) / high DSSD pixelization / high g-ray eff

S³ – Commissioning plan

Commissioning plan:

- **In 2024:**
 - LINAC beam delivery up to the S³ target end 2024
 - Beam spot optimisation on the target (S3N-CF12) and beam synchronisation
- **In 2026:** Spectrometer optical commissioning
 - Beam at the achromatic point and at the final focal plane



S³ – Commissioning plan

Commissioning plan:

- **In 2024:**
 - LINAC beam delivery up to the S³ target end 2024
 - Beam spot optimisation on the target (S3N-CF12) and beam synchronisation
- **In 2026-2027:** Spectrometer optical commissioning with **S³LEB** at the focal plane
 - S³ in **converging** mode !
 - **Reaction 1:** asymmetric reaction $^{116}\text{Sn}(^{40}\text{Ar}, 4n)^{151}\text{Er}$ to produce **erbium** (N=82)
 - **Reaction 2:** asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{175}\text{Lu}$ to produce **actinium** (N=126)
 - **Reaction 3:** symmetric reaction $^{50}\text{Cr} + ^{58}\text{Ni}$ to produce **N = Z** nuclei
 - **Reaction 4:** very asymmetric reaction $^{20}\text{Ne} + ^{197}\text{Au}$ to produce **actinium**

	2025			2026												2027												
	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	
Scenario 3 (LEB/LEB & SIRIUS)																												
Spectro optical commissioning (α source)																												
Spectro optical commissioning (J6b)																												
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	To be shared with NFS																											
	Spectro optical commissioning with beam																											
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S³ – Commissioning plan

Commissioning plan:

- **In 2024:**
 - LINAC beam delivery up to the S³ target end 2024
 - Beam spot optimisation on the target (S3N-CF12) and beam synchronisation
- **In 2027:** Spectrometer optical commissioning with **S³SIRUS** at the focal plane
 - S³ in **high resolution** mode !
 - **Reaction 1:** asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{174}\text{Yb}$ to produce **known actinides**
 - **Reaction 2:** asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{180}\text{Hf}$ to produce **thorium** (N=126)
 - **Reaction 3:** very asymmetric reaction $^{22}\text{Ne} + ^{206}\text{Pb}$ to produce **thorium**
 - **Reaction 4:** repeat asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{116}\text{Sn}$ to produce **¹⁵¹⁻¹⁵²Er**
 - **Reaction 5:** repeat asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{174}\text{Yb}$
 - **Reaction 6:** $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{209}\text{Bi}$ to populate mendelevium isotopes **²⁴⁴⁻²⁴⁷Md**

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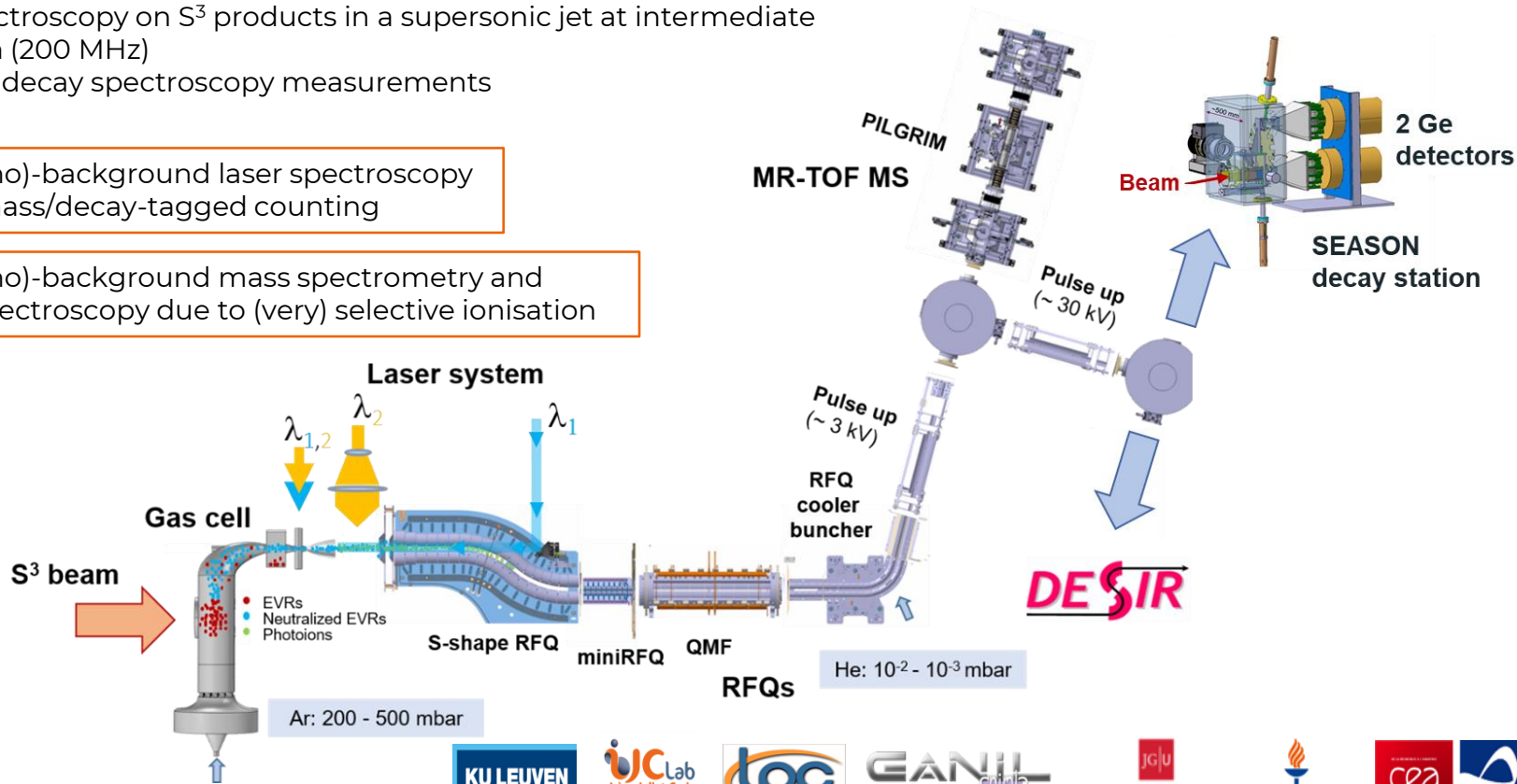
Scientific commissioning with S³LEB

S³ Low Energy Branch (S³LEB)

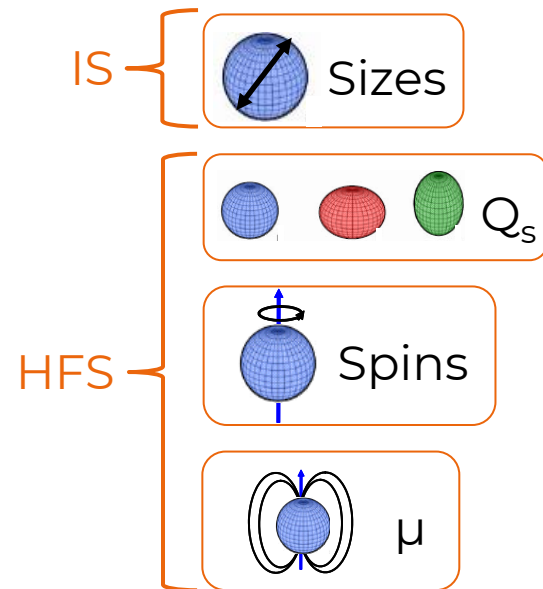
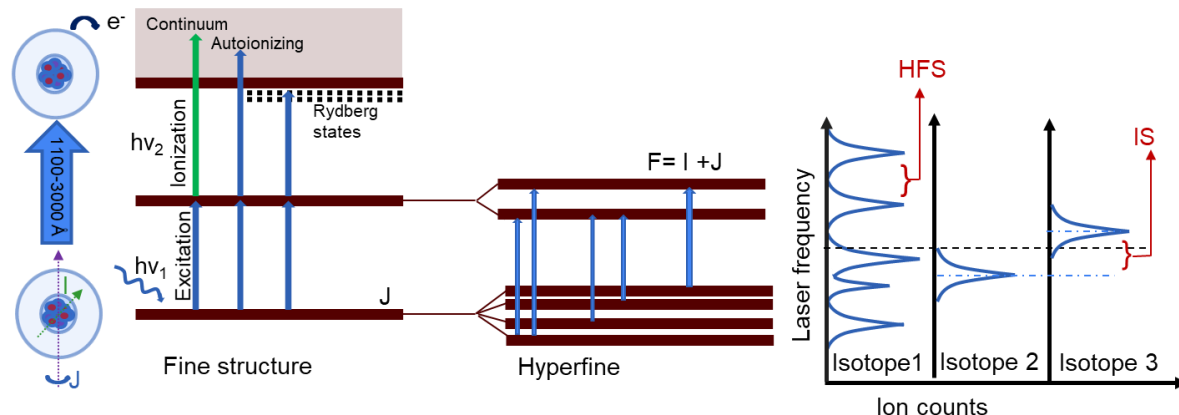
- Laser spectroscopy on S³ products in a supersonic jet at intermediate resolution (200 MHz)
- Mass and decay spectroscopy measurements

Low (or no)-background laser spectroscopy due to mass/decay-tagged counting

Low (or no)-background mass spectrometry and decay spectroscopy due to (very) selective ionisation



Resonant laser ionization spectroscopy



Resonant Laser Ionization method:

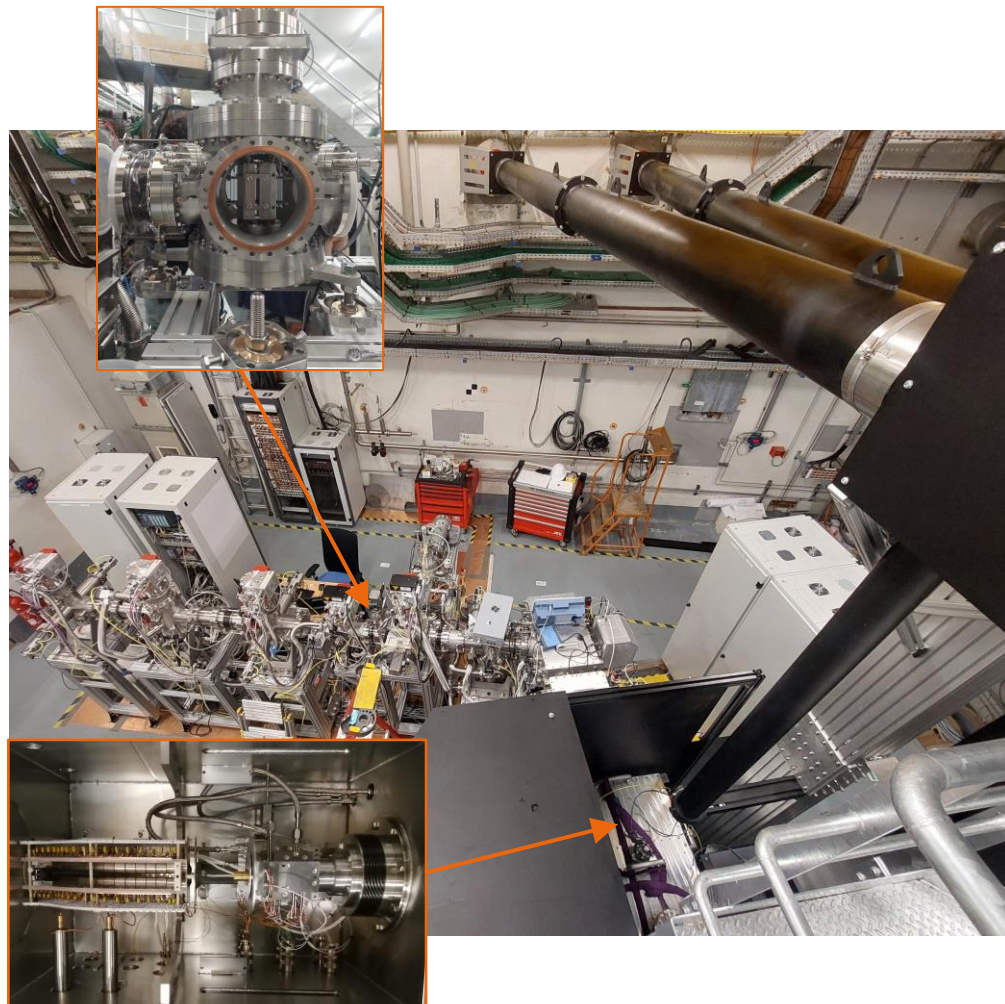
- Hyperfine splitting $\rightarrow$ Give access to deformation, spins and magnetic moments
- Scan the laser frequency of the transition to measure isotope shifts $\rightarrow$ Information on charge radii

S³LEB at GANIL

2024: S³LEB moved to the focal plane of S³

- New laser room and laser transport being set up
- 90° bender installed and tested to connect to PILGRIM and SEASON, DESIR,... in the future
- Transmission re-optimised with ¹³³Cs surface ion source

See presentation from Sky Pineda !



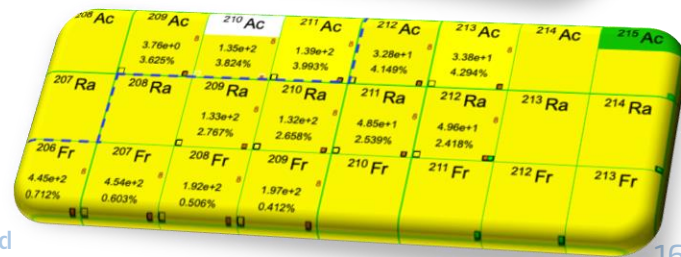
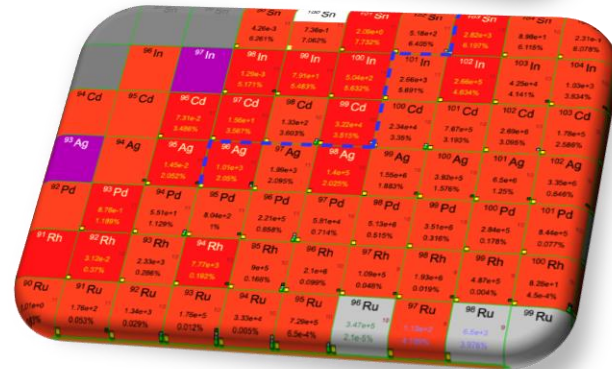
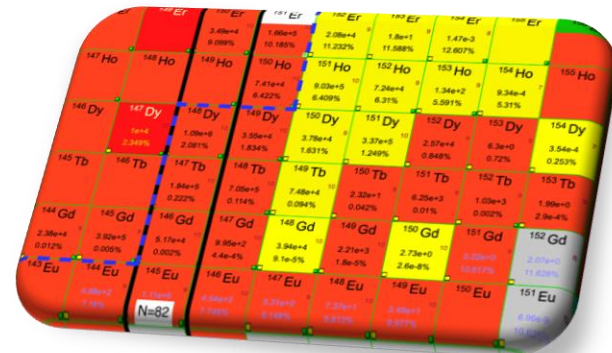
RESANET 2025: S³LEB commissioning and perspectives

Online commissioning

- **2026:** Start physics commissioning of S³ with reaction $^{116}\text{Sn}(^{40}\text{Ar}, 4n)^{151}\text{Er}$:
 - Typical reaction for spectrometer commissioning
 - Well-known cross section
 - Clear α emitters
- Opportunity to study the single-particle states and high-spin isomers around the N = 82 shell closure
- **> 2026:**
 - Production of actinium by asymmetric reactions ($^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{175}\text{Lu}$ and $^{20}\text{Ne} + ^{197}\text{Au}$)
 - Production of N = Z nuclei ($^{50}\text{Cr} + ^{58}\text{Ni}$) + study of direct ion extraction from gas cell

¹⁵¹Er	83
430 ns (60% 812°)	580 ms (2712°)
E _{ex} 10266.6 (1.0)	E _{ex} 2586.0 (0.5)
IT=100%	IT=95.3 (31%)
	M ⁺ =50266 (16)
	β ⁺ =4.7 (31%)
	β ⁺ =100%

(courtesy S. Geldhof)

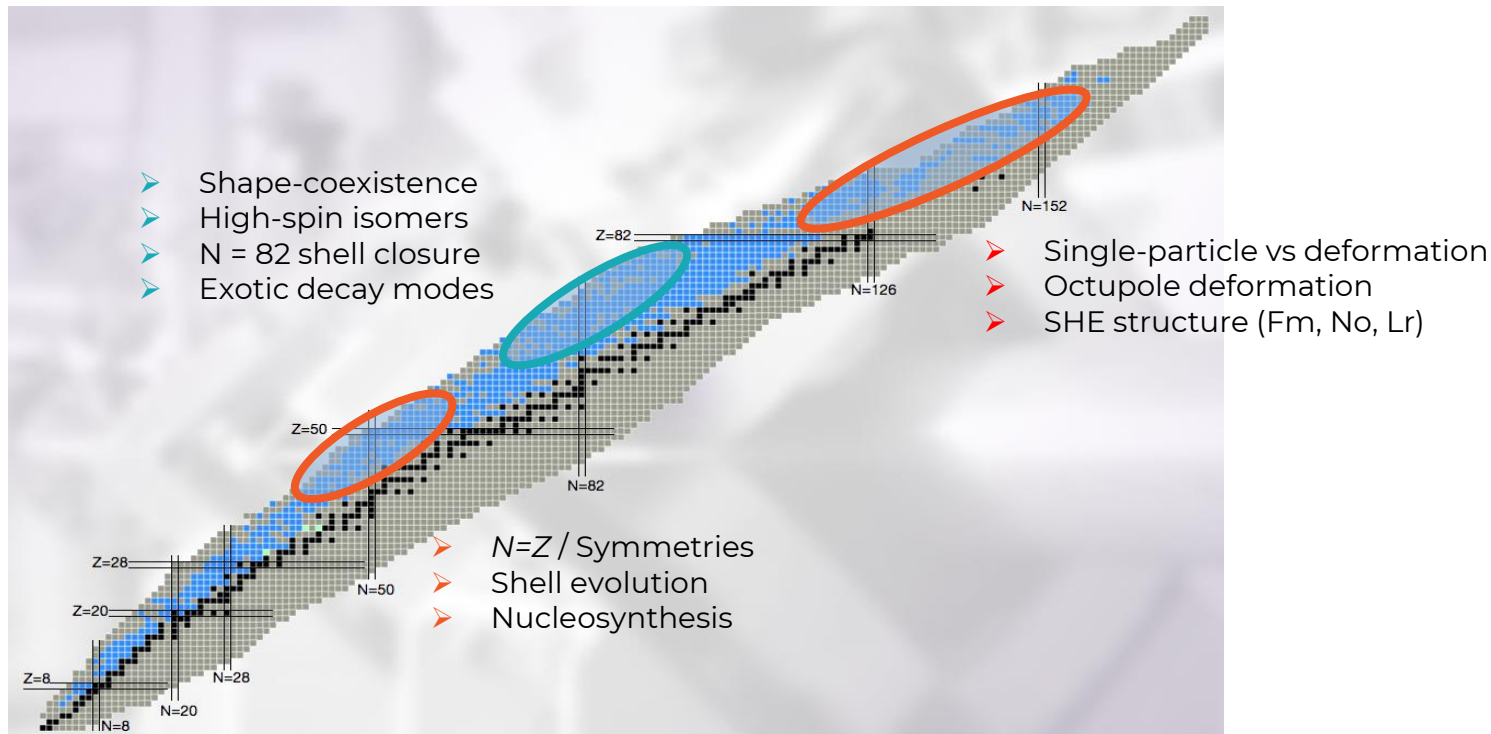


Perspective for online commissioning

After online commissioning, start of scientific programme:

- 11 pre-proposals/Letters of Intent prepared for workshop back in 2018, re-discussed in 2022
- Additional abstracts on neutron-deficient (heavy-)medium mass nuclei ($Z = 50$ to $Z = 82$) in 2022

Main focus:



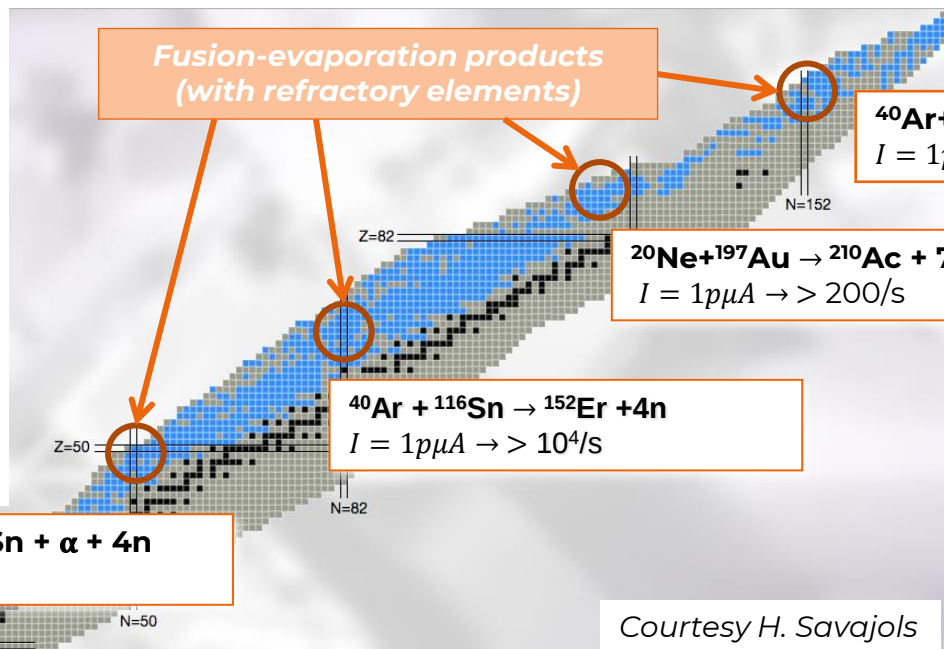
S³ – Super Separator Spectrometer

Proton dripline & $N = Z$ nuclei

- Nuclear structure
- Study the role of $\pi - \nu$ correlations
- Deformation – shape coexistence
- Exotic decay
- Astrophysics rp-process
- Fundamental interaction

Heavy and Superheavy Elements

- Limit of the nuclear existence
- Nuclear structure
- Reaction mechanisms
- Atomic properties

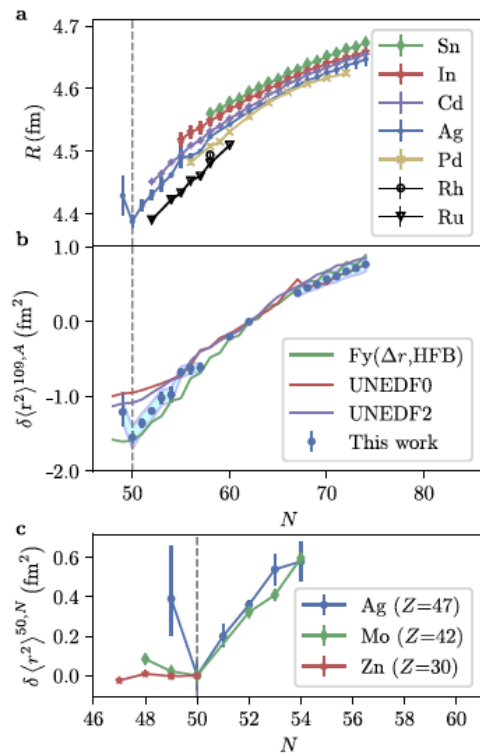


Courtesy H. Savajols

<http://u.ganil-spiral2.eu/chartbeams/>

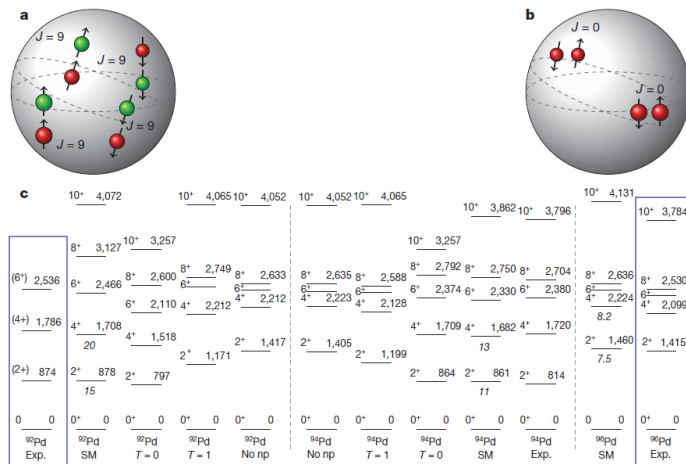
$N = Z$ region

M. Reponen et al., Nat. Comm. 12 (2021)

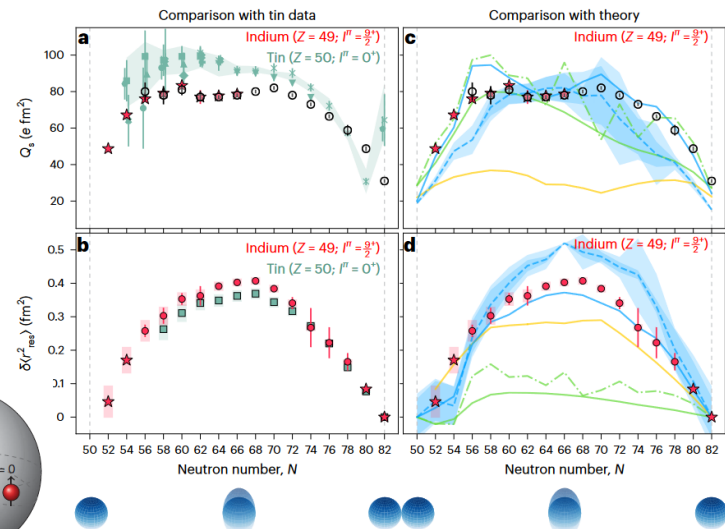


Electromagnetic moments & mean squared charge radii:

- Shell structure around $N=Z=50$ and evolution of $N=50$ shell closure
- Role of $T=0$ neutron-proton pairs
- Evolution of deformation



B. Cedervall et al., Nature 469 (2011)



J. Karthein et al., Nat. Phys. 20 (2024)



RESANET 2025: S^3 LEB commissioning and perspectives

(courtesy S. Geldhof)

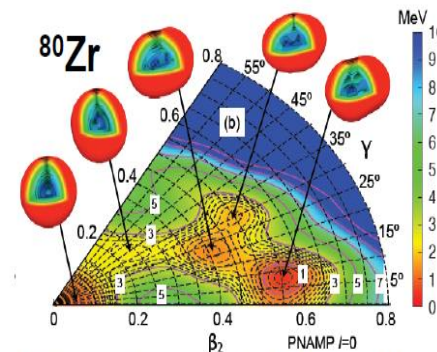
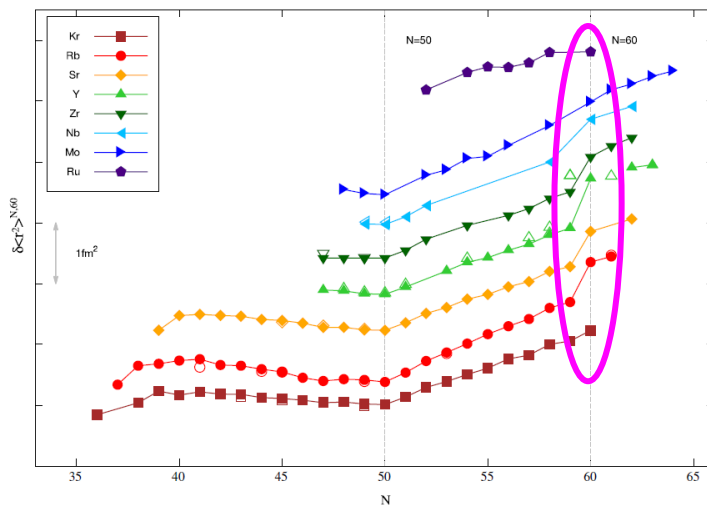
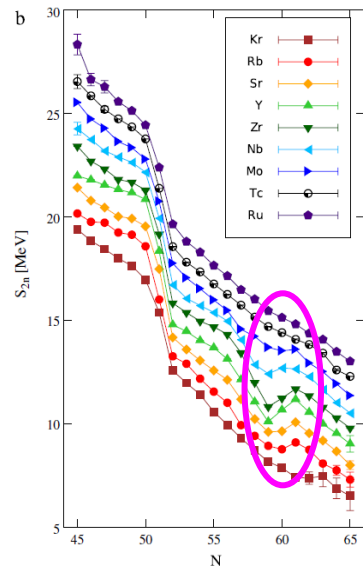
$N = Z$ region

(courtesy S. Geldhof)

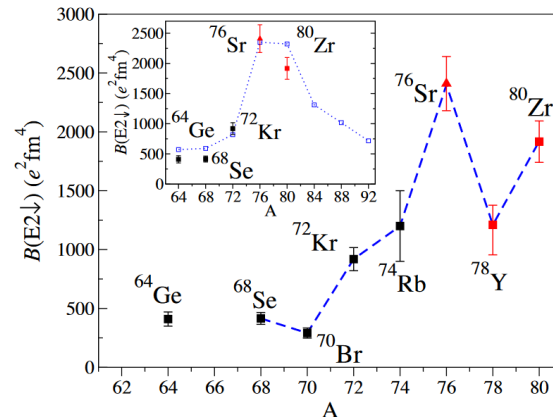
- Evolution of deformation and shape coexistence around ^{80}Zr ($N=Z=40$)
- Odd-odd vs even-even staggering effect

Two neutron separation energy

Mean square charge radii



T.R. Rodriguez et al., Phys. Lett. B 705 (2011)



Deformation effect in S_{2n} and $d\langle r^2 \rangle$ systematics around $N=60$, region around $N=40$ poorly known

R.D.O. Llewellyn et al., PRL 124 (2020)

$N = Z$ region



Pre-proposals



Known masses



Current injector and gas cell ($A/Q = 3$ & 500 ms)



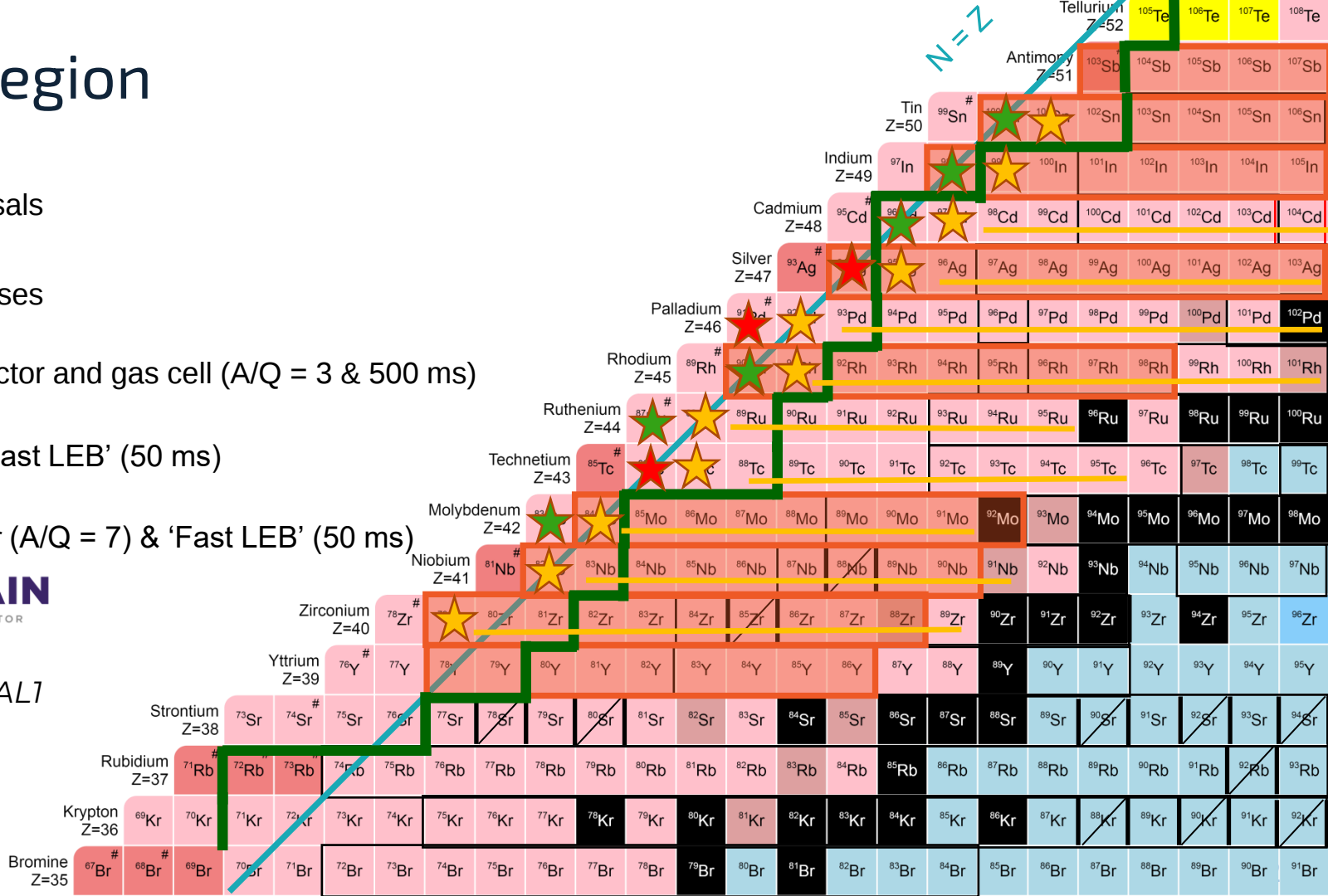
$A/Q = 3$ & 'Fast LEB' (50 ms)



New injector ($A/Q = 7$) & 'Fast LEB' (50 ms)

NEWGAIN
NEW GANIL INJECTOR

$A < 80 \rightarrow$ *SPIRAL1*
better suited



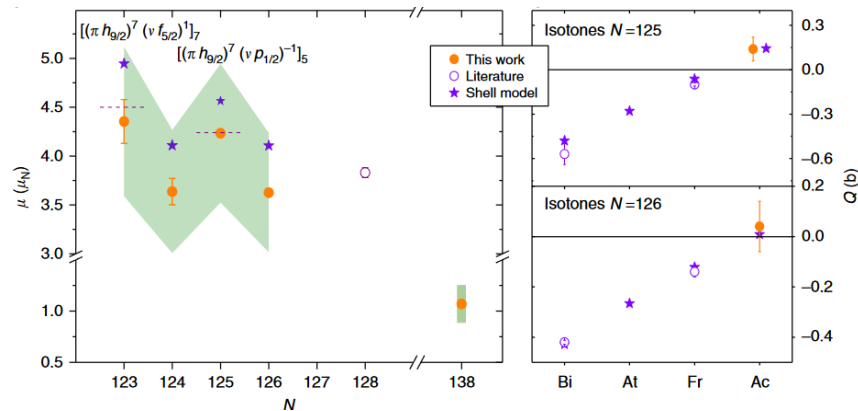
(Super) heavy region



Evolution of nuclear structure near and beyond $N=126$

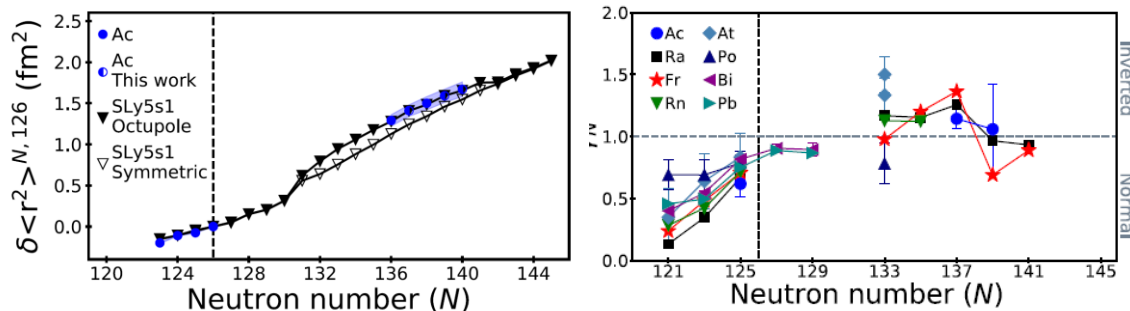
→ insight in nuclear forces close to spherical shell closure and proton dripline

Low resolution (in-gas cell) data on $^{212,213}\text{Ac}$: tentative spin and no quadrupole moments



R. Ferrer et al., Nat. Comm. 8 (2017)

- Search for octupole deformation in U region
 - Deviation in electric quadrupole moments?
 - Change in the charge radii odd-even staggering?
- Density functional theory predictions: Octupole deformation in ground state not only in Ra ($Z = 88$) but also in heavier isotopes like U ($Z = 92$, $N = 134 - 140$)

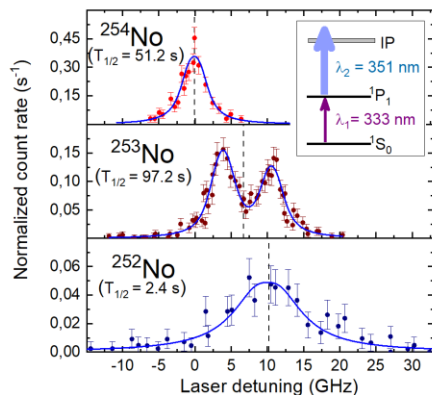


E. Verstraelen et al., Phys. Rev. C 100 (2019)

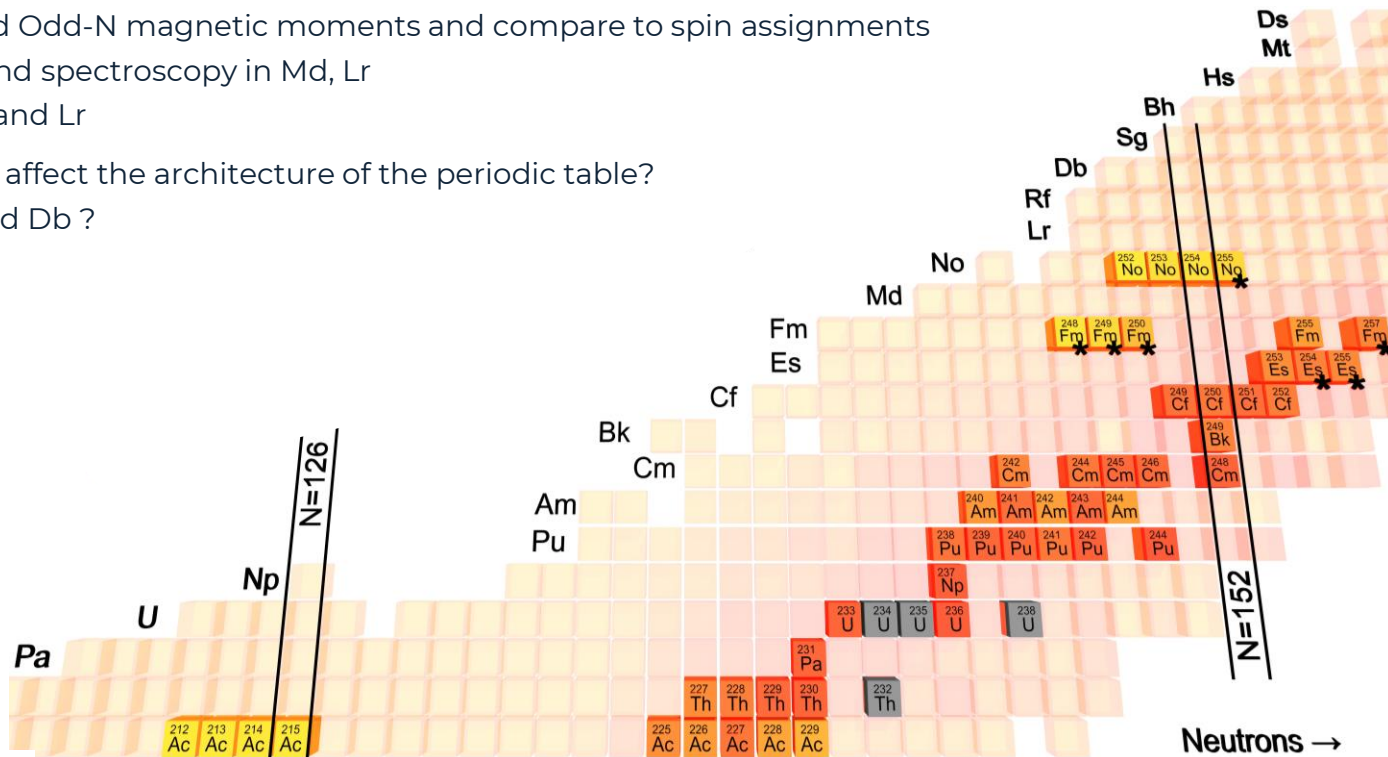
(courtesy S. Geldhof)

(Super) heavy region

- Complete ground state information of SHE
 - Measure Odd-Z and Odd-N magnetic moments and compare to spin assignments
 - Transition search and spectroscopy in Md, Lr
 - K-isomers in ^{254}No and Lr
- How do relativistic effects affect the architecture of the periodic table?
 - Measure IP in Rf and Db?

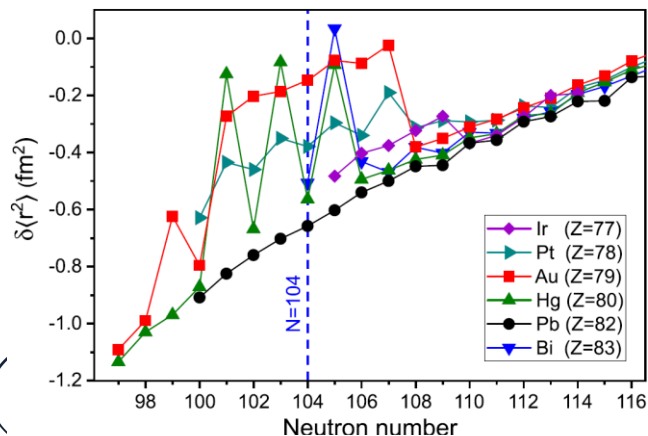


S. Raeder et al, Phys. Rev. Lett. 120 (2018)

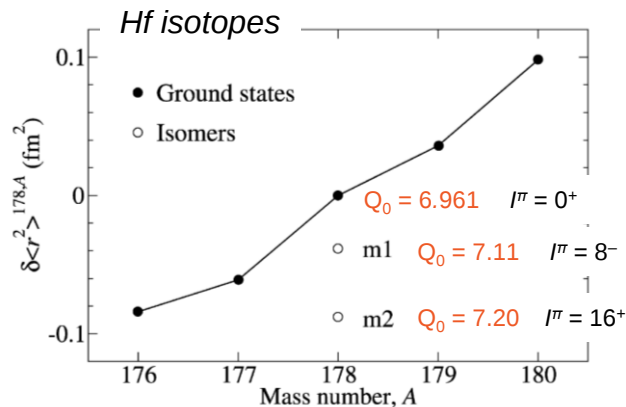


The region between $Z = 50$ and $Z = 82$

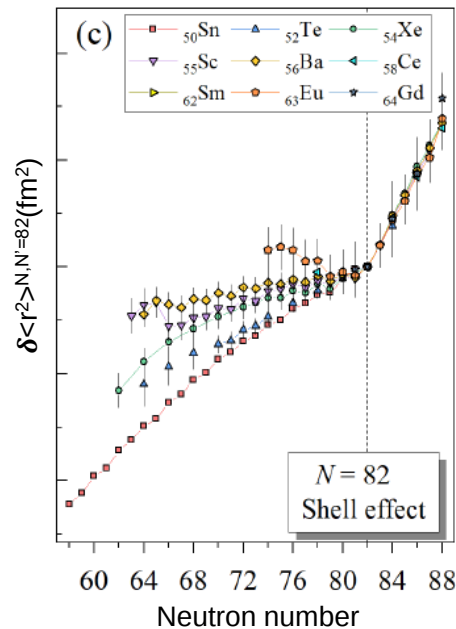
- Shape staggering in Hg region:
 - General return to sphericity towards the proton dripline?
 - Evolution of deformation towards the proton midshell
- High-spin multi quasiparticle isomers
 - $Q_0^m > Q_0^g$ but $\langle r^2 \rangle_m < \langle r^2 \rangle_g$
- $N=82$ shell closure



J. Cubiss et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 131 (2023)



M.L. Bissell et al., Phys. Lett. B 645(4) (2007)



X. F. Yang, S.J. Wang, S.G. Wilkins, R.F. Garcia Ruiz, PPNP 129 (2023)



Ongoing projects

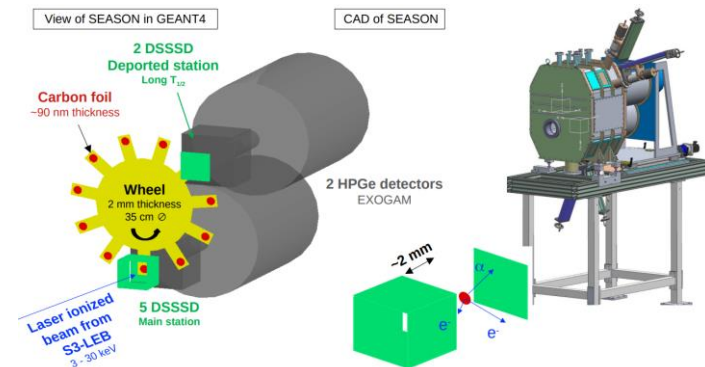
Ongoing projects: SEASON

Offline commissioning at GANIL:

- Detectors under vacuum (expected $< 1e^{-5}$ mbar)
- Red + blue pipes = Cryocooling (glycol @ -20°C)
- 4 radioactive sources ($3\text{-}\alpha$ (3kBq) + e^{-} (37 kBq) per station) mounted on calibration arms

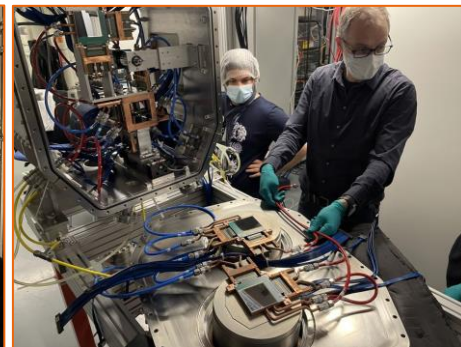
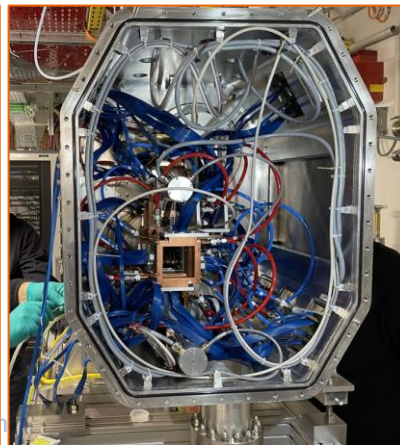
Planning:

- Was tested @ GANIL up to spring 2025
- moved to JYFL for online commissioning
- Few months of experimental campaign at JYFL



Developed at CEA Saclay

- « Windmill » of implementation foils
- Silicon box detector (DSSSD) for α and e^{-}
- Germanium detectors



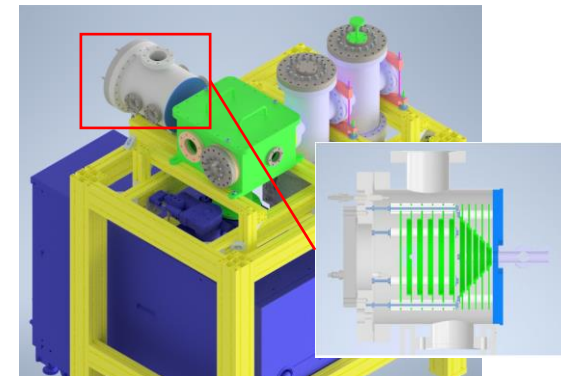
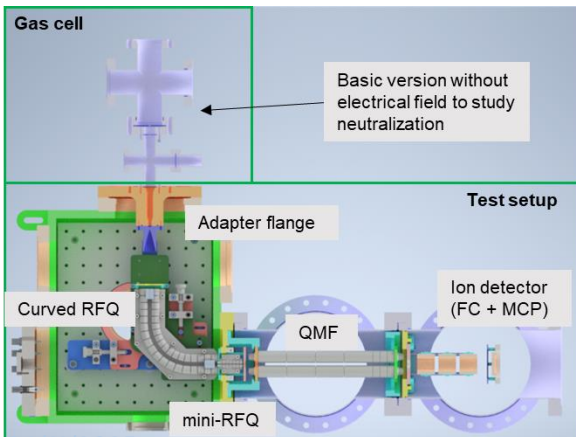
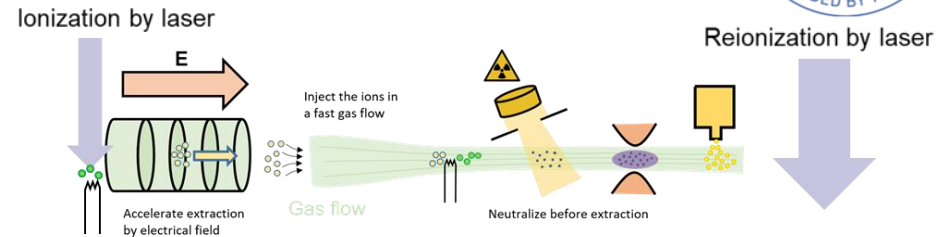
Courtesy D. Thisse



Ongoing projects: FRIENDS³ *(Fast Radioactive Ion Extraction and Neutralization Device for S³)*

ANR JC project FRIENDS³ aimed at improving the gas cell:

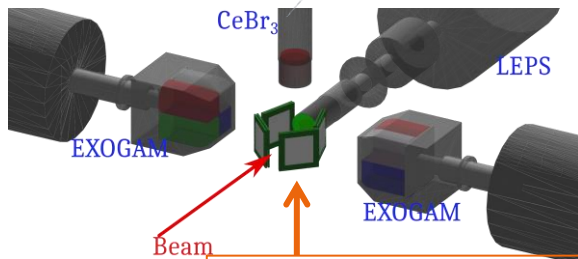
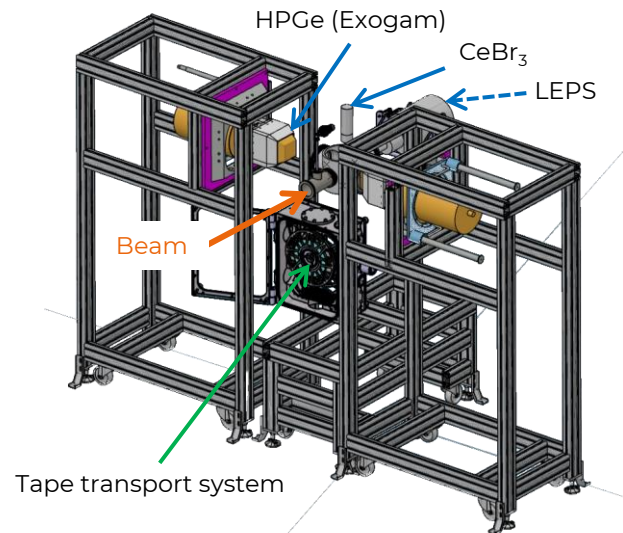
- Reduce extraction time
 - Improve neutralisation efficiency
- Ideally both at the same time
- Fast gas-cell designed, extraction efficiency objectives reached with simulations
 - Ongoing neutralization tests, promising results with W filament e-production
 - Test bench ready, operational transport line



Courtesy V. Manea, E. Morin

Ongoing projects: IDEAS³ (Identification and DEcay Assisted by S³)

Current mechanical design:



Tape coming from below (not present)

Multidetetection:

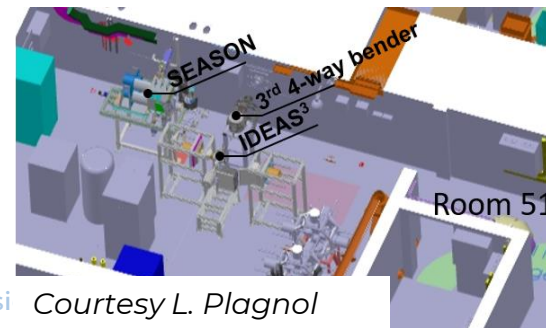
- Gamma-rays:
 - 2 face-to-face HPGe
 - 1 CeBr₃ scintillator
 - (HE γ -rays)
 - 1 planar Germanium
 - (LE γ -rays & X-ray tagging)
- Charged particles (protons & β^+)
 - 4 Silicon telescopes

Simulations and analysis with



Preliminary room layout:

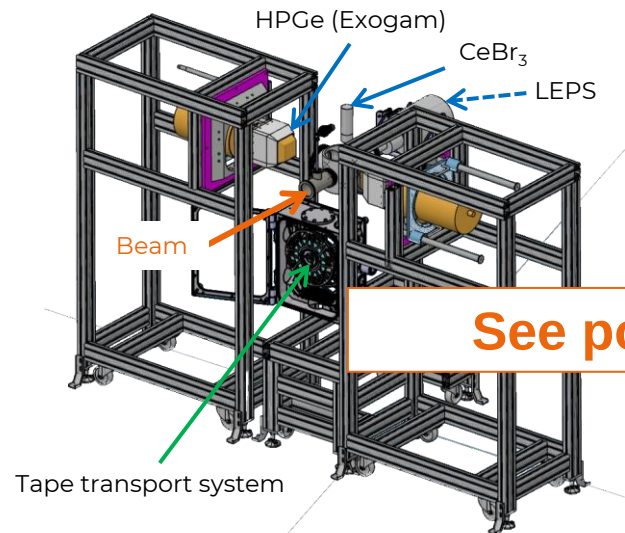
- In room 51 (after PILGRIM)
- 0° after 4th-way bender



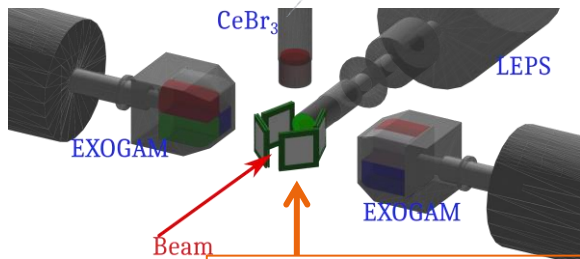
Courtesy L. Plagnol

Ongoing projects: IDEAS³ (Identification and DEcay Assisted by S³)

Current mechanical design:



See poster from Léo Plagnol



Tape coming from below (not present)

Multidetetection:

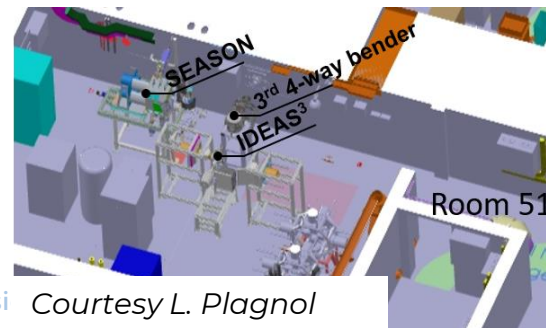
- Gamma-rays:
 - 2 face-to-face HPGe
 - 1 CeBr₃ scintillator
 - (HE γ -rays)
 - 1 planar Germanium
 - (LE γ -rays & X-ray tagging)
- Charged particles (protons & β^+)
 - 4 Silicon telescopes

Analysis with



Preliminary room layout:

- In room 51 (after PILGRIM)
- 0° after 4th-way bender



Courtesy L. Plagnol

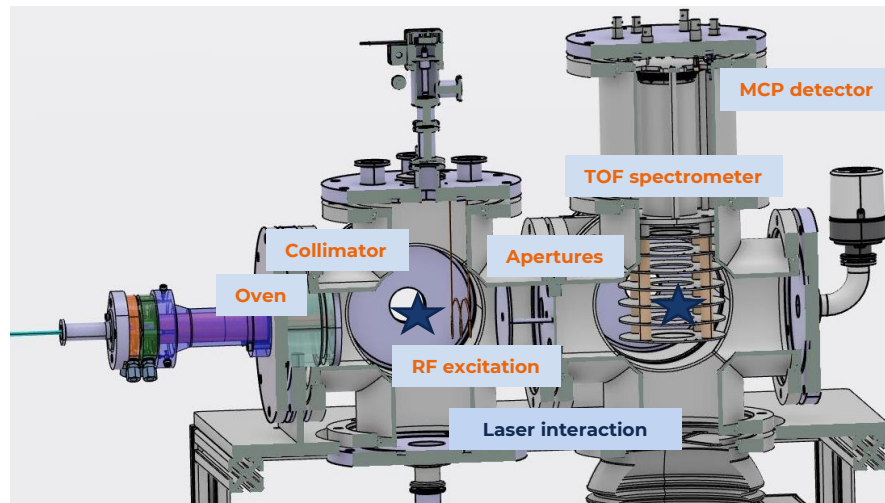
Ongoing projects: S³ABU

S³ABU: Design of the new S³ laser room Atomic Beam Unit

- Will include the possibility to implement the new RF spectroscopy method
- First phase before studying implementation of technique in gas jet

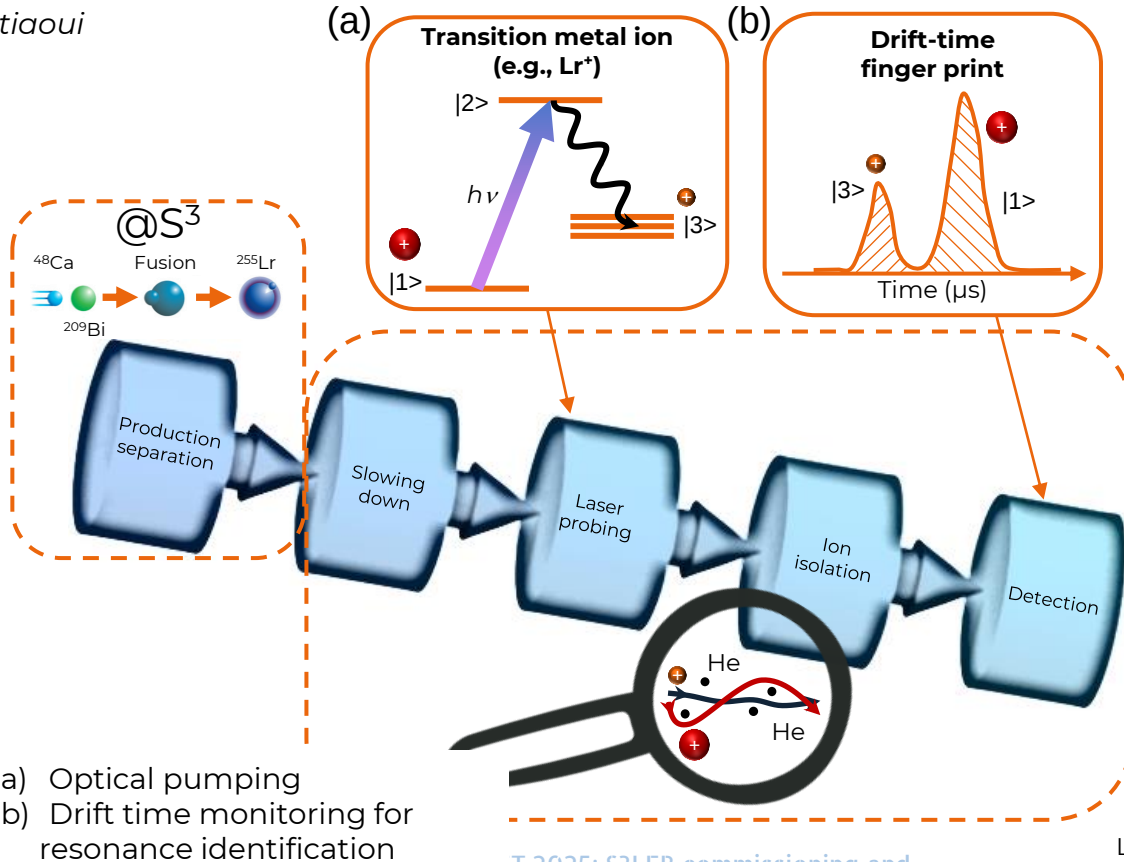
Double resonance spectroscopy at S³LEB

- Project submitted to ANR this year (JCJC)



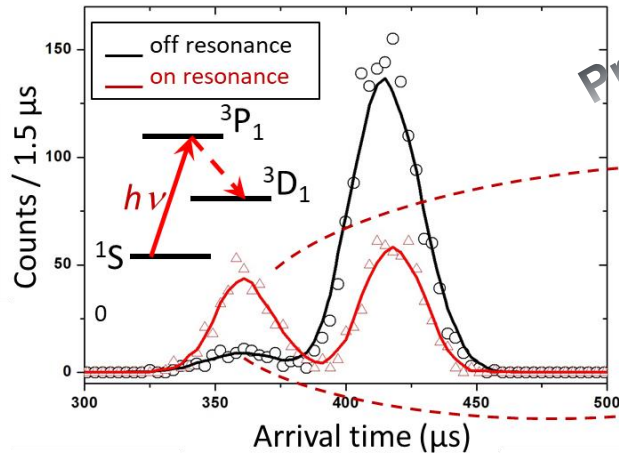
Ongoing projects: LRC (Laser Resonance Chromatography)

Courtesy M. Laatiaoui

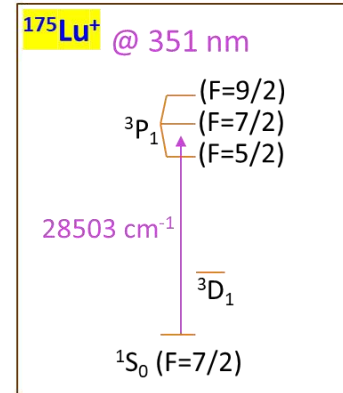
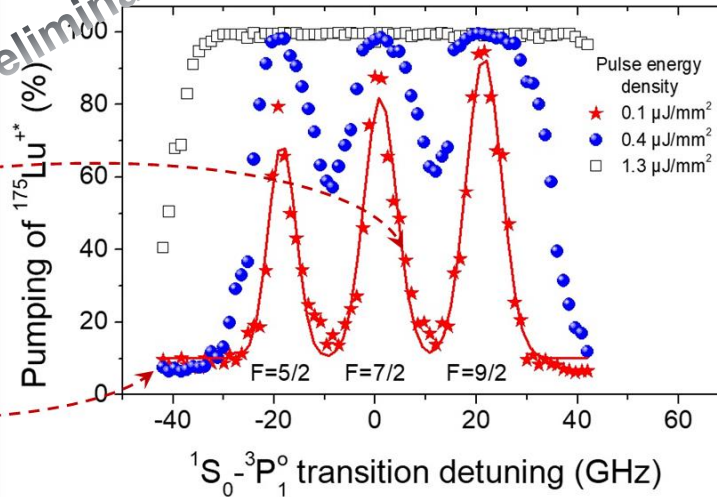


Ongoing projects: LRC (Laser Resonance Chromatography)

Courtesy M. Laatiaoui



Preliminary

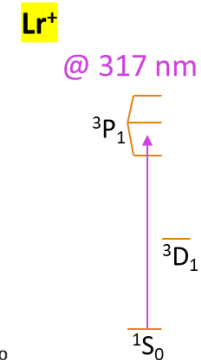
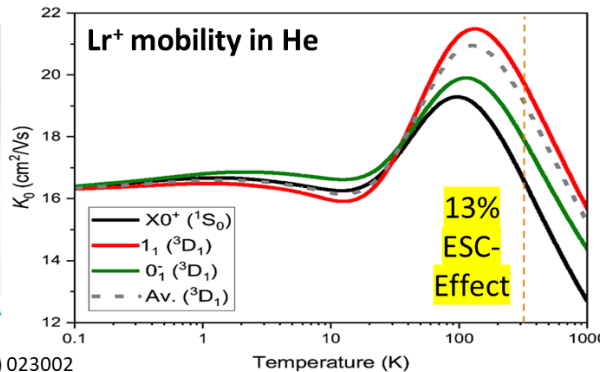
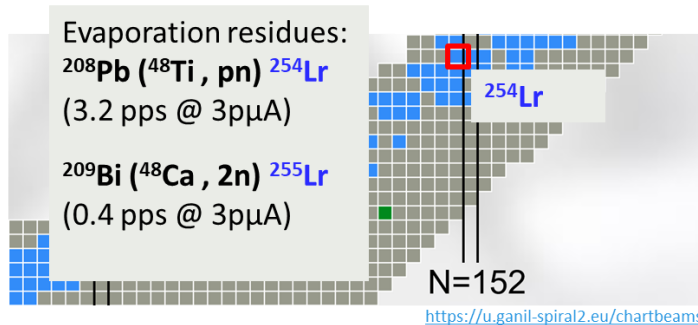
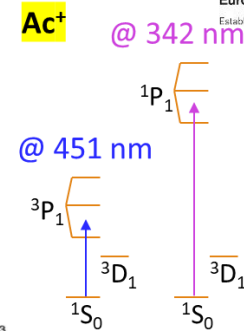
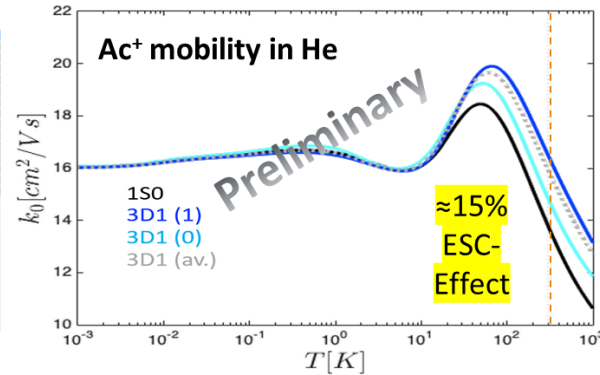
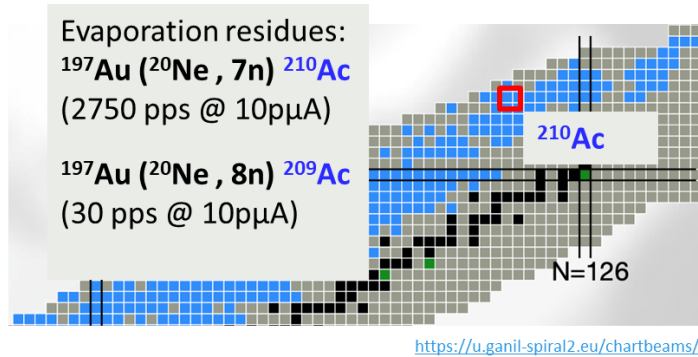


- Hyperfine structure studies possible at low laser power
- Power broadening beneficial for faster level search
- Measured overall-efficiency for ion transport: 0.6%

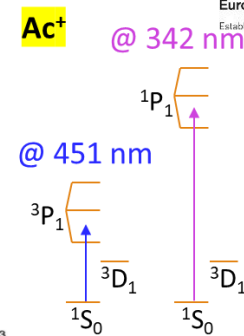
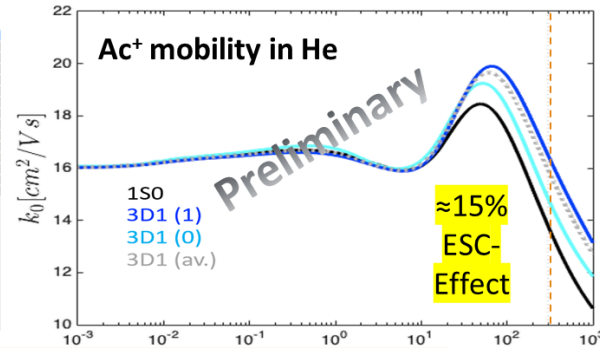
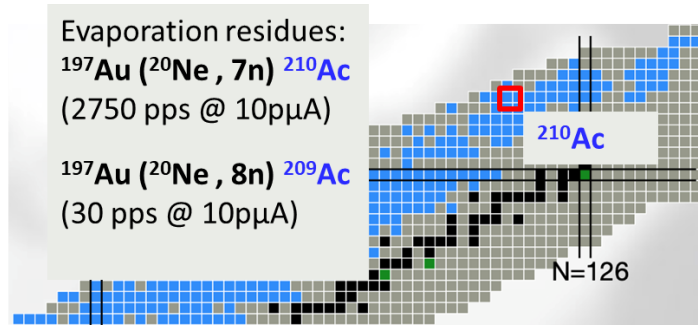


E. Kahl et al., [PRA](#) **100** (2019) 062505
 Laatiaoui et al., [PRL](#) **125** (2020) 023002
 Laatiaoui et al., [PRA](#) **102** (2020) 013106
 Ramanantoanina et al., [PRA](#) **104** (2021) 022813
 Ramanantoanina et al., [Atoms](#) **10** (2022) 48
 Romero-Romero et al., [Atoms](#) **10** (2022) 87
 Ramanantoanina et al., [PRA](#) **108** (2023) 012802
 Visentin et al., [PRA](#) **110** (2024) 012805
 Kim et al., [NIMB](#) **555** (2024) 165461

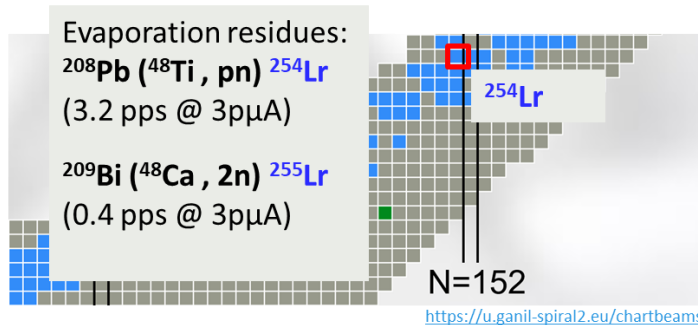
Ongoing projects: LRC (Laser Resonance Chromatography)



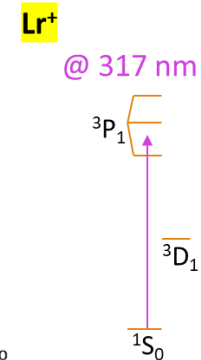
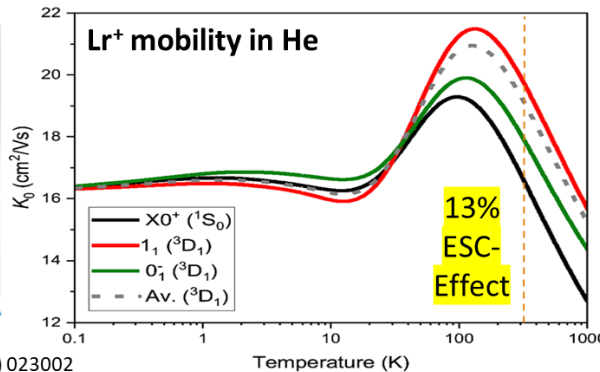
Ongoing projects: LRC (Laser Resonance Chromatography)



See poster from Tudor Stefan



<https://u.ganil-spiral2.eu/chartbeams>



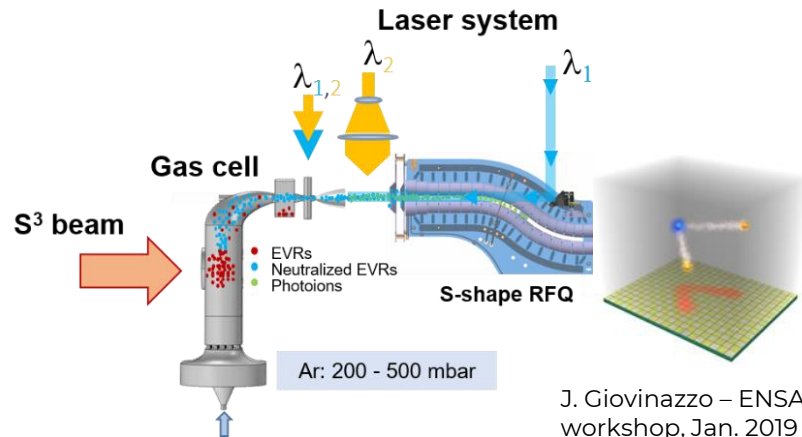
Ongoing project: P-box – the search for new p-emitting nuclei

Investigation of the dripline:

- High precision Q-values measurements at the dripline
- Finer identification of new proton emitting nuclei
- Observation of the emitted proton
 - Clear definition of the dripline

P-box:

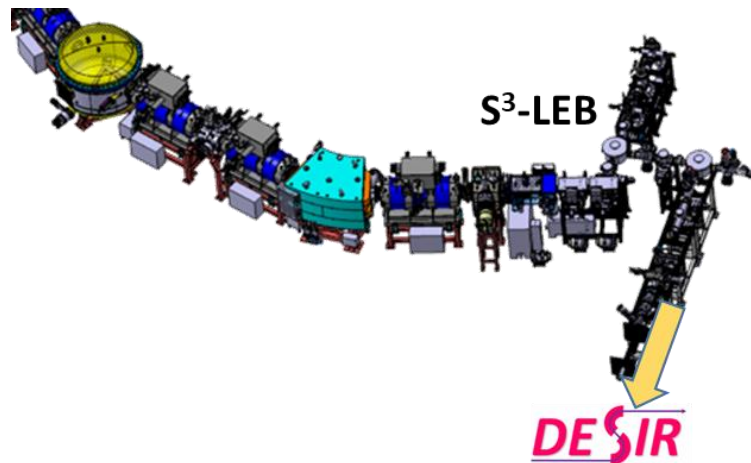
- TPC-like detector after the S-shape RFQ
 - Benefit from the laser selection → **pure beam**
 - TPC is not sensitive to β^+ → **no contaminated spectra**
- Gas ionization to see the proton
- No need for the full trace → detector walls made of Si detectors → **proton energy measurement**



J. Giovinnazzo – ENSAR GDS workshop, Jan. 2019

Conclusion and outlook

- Offline commissioning completed at LPC
 - First in-gas-jet spectroscopy and mass measurements demonstrated
 - Characterisation of many aspects of setup performed
- Installation at focal plane of S³ ongoing, gradual restart to prepare for online commissioning
- S³ laser room ready, installation of Ti:sapphire cavities and transport optics ongoing
- GISELE continues as testing/development/training lab for S³LEB
- Several ongoing projects for improvement of the setup



Thank you for your attention!



GANIL:

A. Ajayakumar, A. Bouriel, A. Brizard, S.K. Chinthakayala, S. Damoy, P. Delahaye, C. Dugueperoux, P. Gangnant, J. Goupil, M. Laatiaoui, N. Lechesne, R. Leroy, A.F. Lopez, F. Lutton, A. Ortiz-Cortes, B. Osmond, J. Piot, H. Savajols, T. Stefan

LPC:

M. Brun, J.-F. Cam, X. Fléchar, C. Gautier, J. Lory, Y. Merrer, S. Pineda, H. de Préaumont, A. de Roubin, C. Vandamme

KU Leuven:

A. Claessens, T.E. Cocolios, R. Ferrer, R. de Groote, F. Ivandikov, J. Romans, P. Van den Bergh, P. Van Duppen

IPHC:

E. Traykov

IJCLab:

W. Dong, P. Duchesne, S. Franchoo, L. Lalanne, V. Manea, V. Marchand, E. Morin, L. Plagnol, O. Pochon

JGU/GSI:

S. Raeder, D. Studer

JYU:

I. D. Moore, M. Reponen

IRFU:

M. Authier, O. Cloué, A. Drouart, M. Ragot, E. Rey-Herme, D. Thisse, M. Vandebrout

S³ – Science program “day 1” and beyond

2018/2022 LoIs

Study of heavy nuclei

“day1” – preproposals

S³SIRIUS

S³LEB

beyond
with NEWGAIN
2028
+ SC source
≥ 2030

Isomers

²⁵⁴Rf, ²⁶⁰Sg

Search for new isotopes

²⁵²Rf

Limits of stability/isomers

^{250,249,...}No

Odd Z isotopes – nuclear structure

fermium region

relativistic effects and the architecture of
the periodic table

rutherfordium/dubnium isotopes

Atomic spectroscopy

(isomers, shapes and moments)

fermium isotopes

Octupole deformation

uranium region

N = 126 shell closure

Ac - Th region

“day 1”
with injector1



RESANET 2025: S3LEB commissioning

Calc.: A. Sobieszewski perspectives

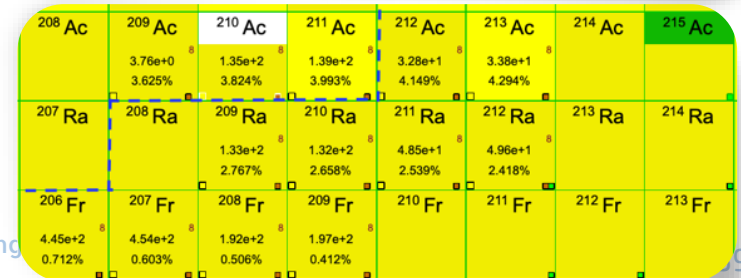
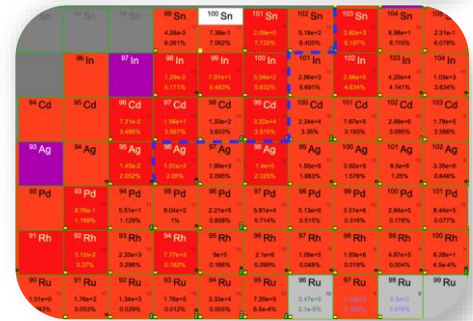
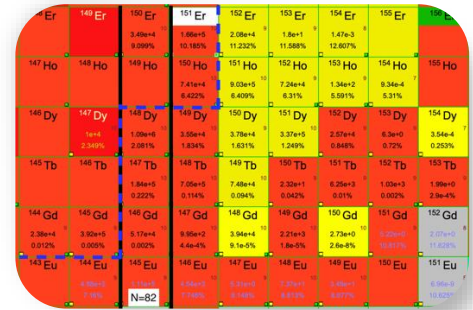
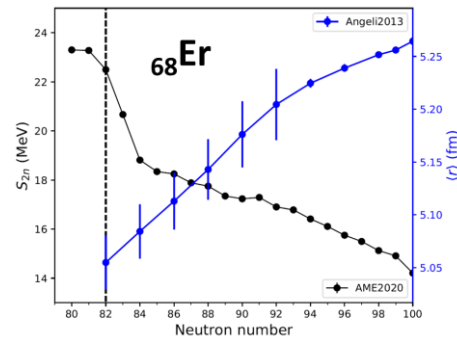
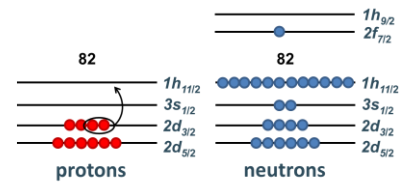
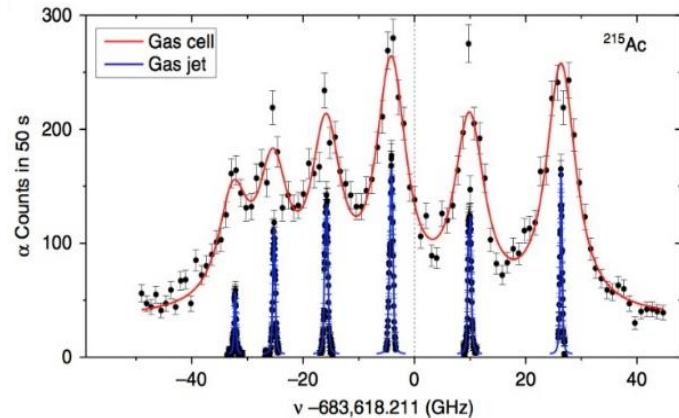
Perspective for online commissioning

2026: Start physics commissioning of S³ with reaction $^{116}\text{Sn}(^{40}\text{Ar}, 4n)^{151}\text{Er}$:

- Opportunity to study the single-particle states and high-spin isomers around the $N = 82$ shell closure

> **2026:**

- Production of actinium by asymmetric reactions ($^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{175}\text{Lu}$ and $^{20}\text{Ne} + ^{197}\text{Au}$)
- Production of $N = Z$ nuclei ($^{50}\text{Cr} + ^{58}\text{Ni}$)



S³ – Commissioning plan

- Milestone J6a : LINAC beam delivery up to the S³ target end 2024
 - Beam spot optimisation on the target (S3N-CF12) and beam synchronisation

	2025			2026												2027												Weeks
	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	
Scenario 3 (LEB/LEB & SIRIUS)																												
Spectro optical commissioning (α source)							α	α	α	α																		8
Spectro optical commissioning (J6b)		1								1	1																	6
Spectro & LEB commissioning (J6c)										2	2	2	2						4	4	4	4	4	4	4			22
LEB installation/dismounting																												
SIRIUS installation/dismounting																												
Spectro & SIRIUS commissioning (J6c)																												
Spectro optical commissioning α with source 8 weeks																												
To be shared with NFS																												
Spectro optical commissioning with beam 6 weeks																												
Spectro & LEB commissioning 22 weeks																												
Spectro & SIRIUS commissioning 24 weeks																												

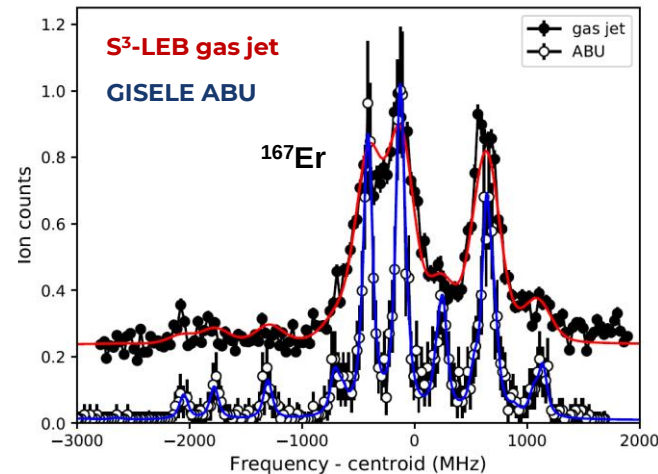
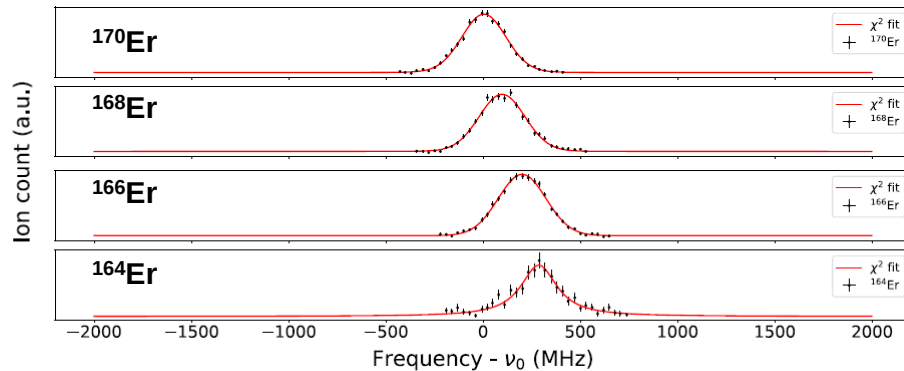
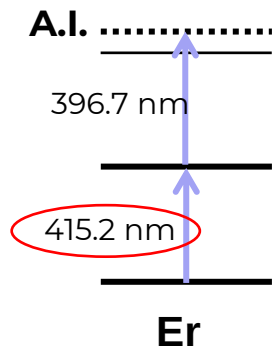
Converging mode

Converging mode

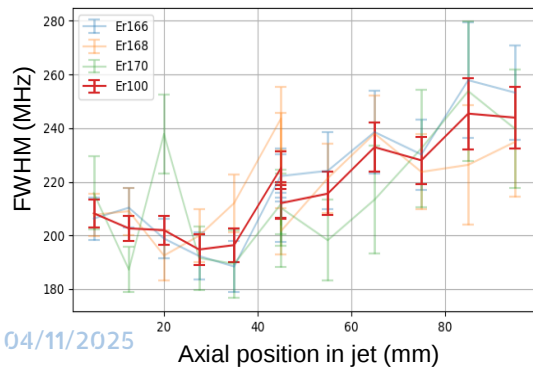
High resolution mode

- Block 1 : Spectrometer optical commissioning**
- Block 2 (Converging Mode) : LEB**
Reaction 1: asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{116}\text{Sn}$ to produce erbium (N=82)
- Block 3 (Converging mode) : SIRIUS**
Reaction 2: asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{174}\text{Yb}$ to produce known actinides
Reaction 3: asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{180}\text{Hf}$ to produce thorium (N=126)
- Block 4 (Converging mode): LEB**
Reaction 4: asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{175}\text{Lu}$ to produce actinium (N=126)
Reaction 5: symmetric reaction $^{50}\text{Cr} + ^{58}\text{Ni}$ to produce N = Z nuclei
Reaction 6: very asymmetric reaction $^{20}\text{Ne} + ^{197}\text{Au}$ to produce actinium (N=126)
- Block 5 (Converging / High Resolution modes): SIRIUS**
Reaction 7: very asymmetric reaction $^{22}\text{Ne} + ^{206}\text{Pb}$ to produce thorium
Reaction 8: repeat asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{116}\text{Sn}$ to produce $^{151-152}\text{Er}$
Reaction 9: repeat asymmetric reaction $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{174}\text{Yb}$
Reaction 10: $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{209}\text{Bi}$ to populate mendelevium isotopes $^{244-247}\text{Md}$

S³LEB – Offline commissioning at LPC Caen



A. Ajayakumar et al., NIMB 539 (2023)



First in-gas-jet spectroscopy, resolution of 280 MHz obtained
 = apparent Mach number 4.5, nozzle made for Mach 8

Good agreement with literature data on determined IS and HFS coefficients

Systematic work to improve resolution by studying influence of:

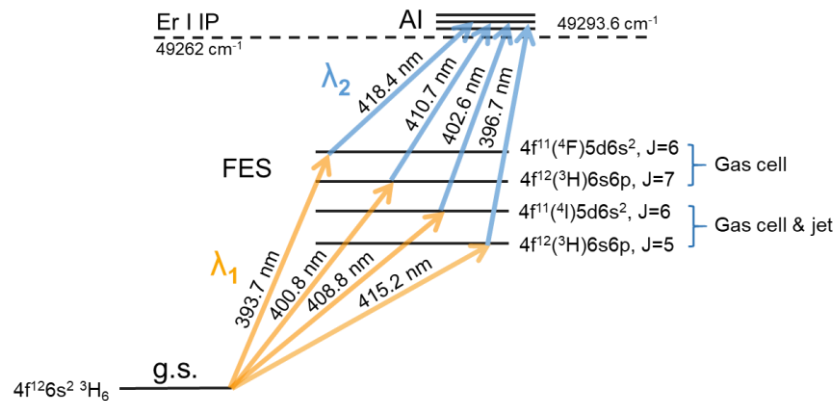
- Laser power and alignment
- Background pressure
- Gas cell position and temperature

Reached **Mach 6-6.5** (~200 MHz FWHM), to be continued

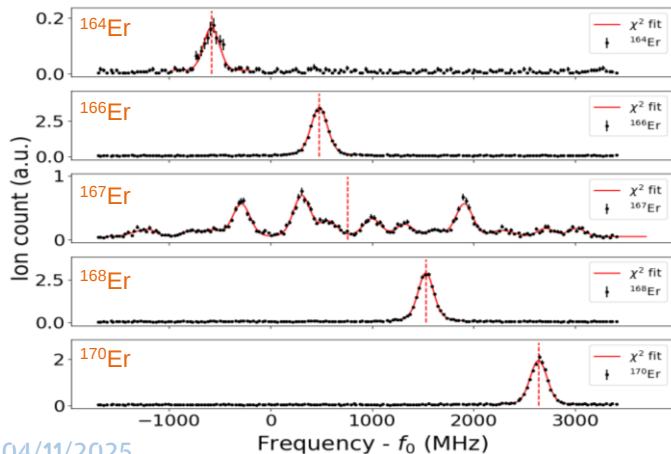
perspectives

S³LEB – Offline commissioning at LPC Caen

- The scheme used for commissioning has no sensitivity to charge radii (tiny field shift factor)
- Verify other transitions with known large isotope shifts (based on old spectroscopy work)

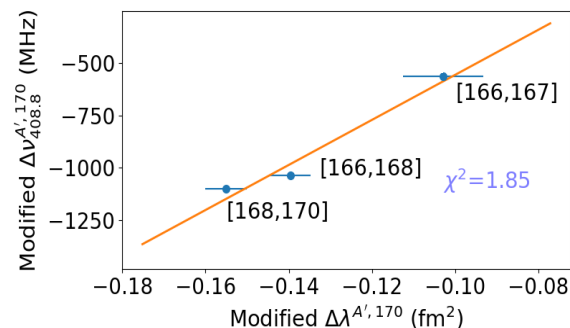


PhD work of W. Dong



$$\delta v_{A'A} = F \delta \Lambda_{A'A} + M \frac{A' - A}{A'A}$$

λ (nm)	F (GHz fm ⁻²)
415.2	0.5 (0.3)
408.8	10.7(3.2)
400.8	-4.3(1.7)
393.7	10.8(2.8)

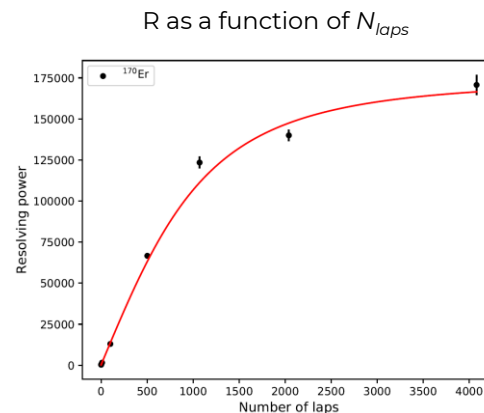
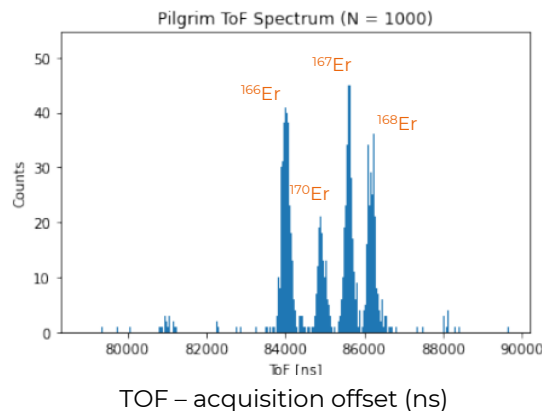
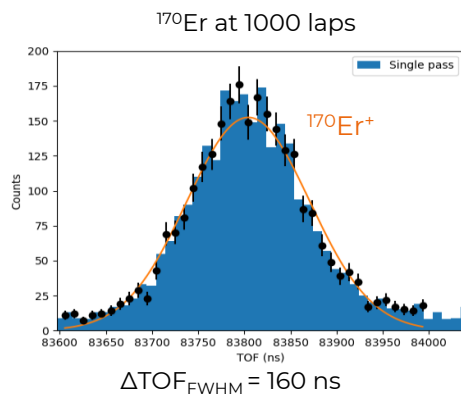
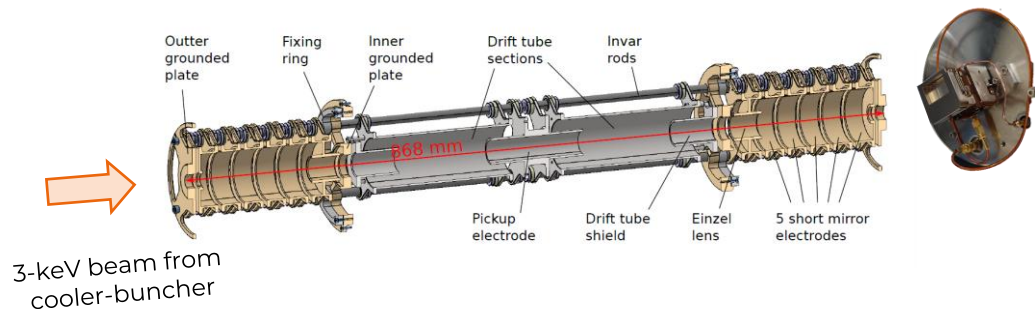


S³LEB – Offline commissioning at LPC Caen

MagneTOF mini

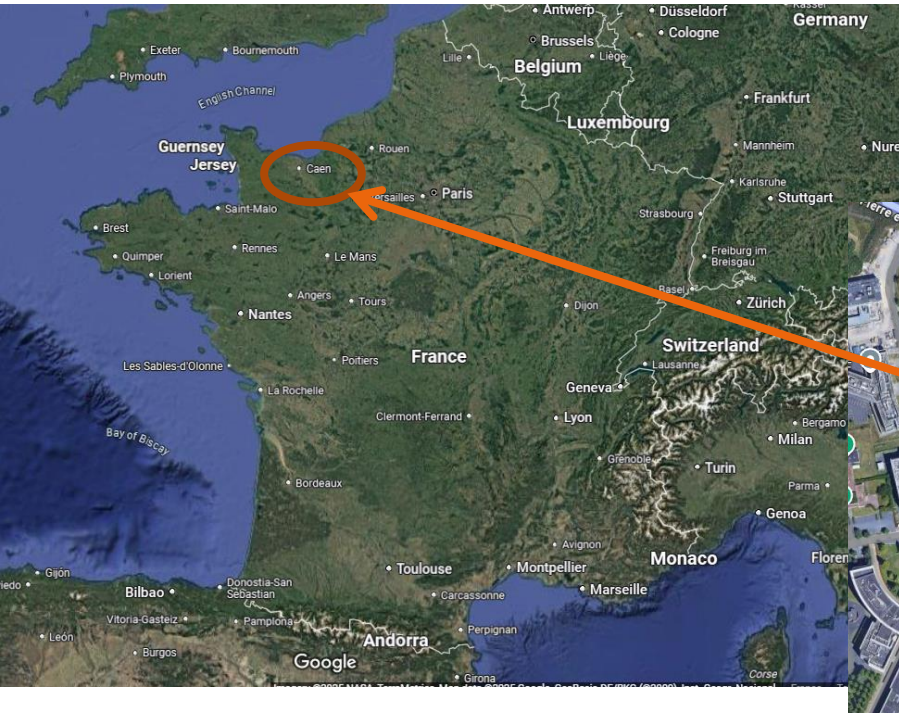
PILGRIM: Multi-reflection time-of-flight mass spectrometer designed in collaboration with Uni. Greifswald

- Mass separation and measurements tested with bunches from the S³LEB cooler-buncher
- Resolving power > 100 000



Courtesy P. Delahaye
 PhD thesis P. Chauveau, GANIL
 PhD thesis B.-M. Retailleau, GANIL
 Master thesis Y. Balasmeh, LPC

S³LEB at GANIL

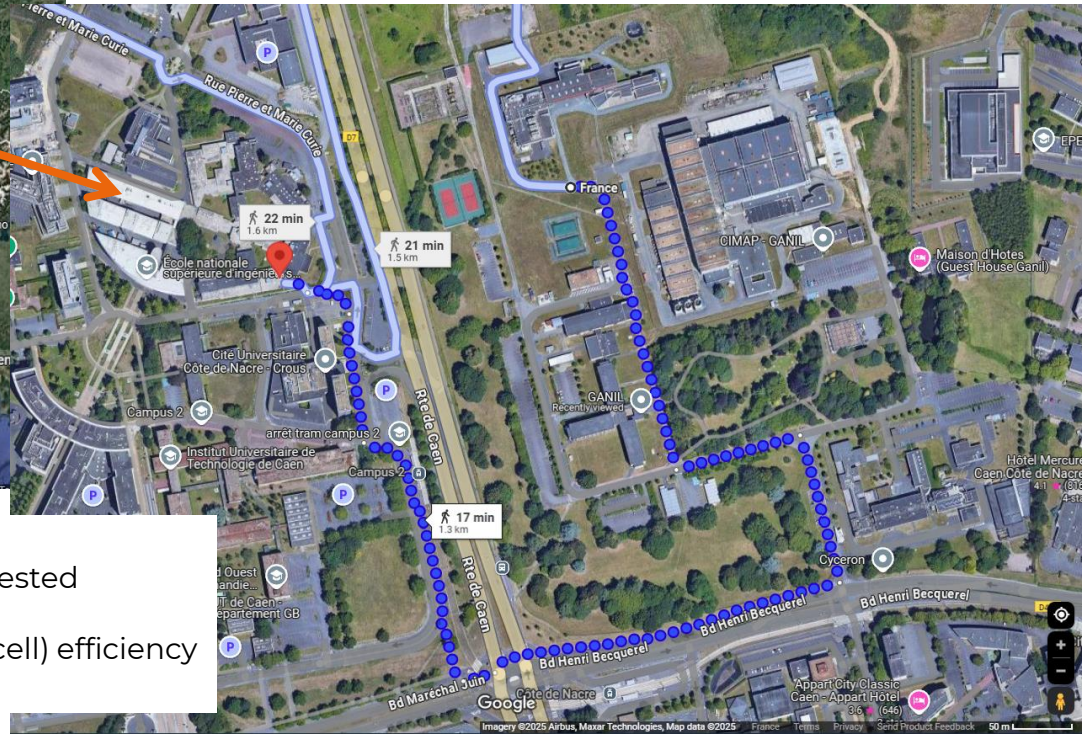


Offline commissioning of S3-LEB was done at LPC Caen

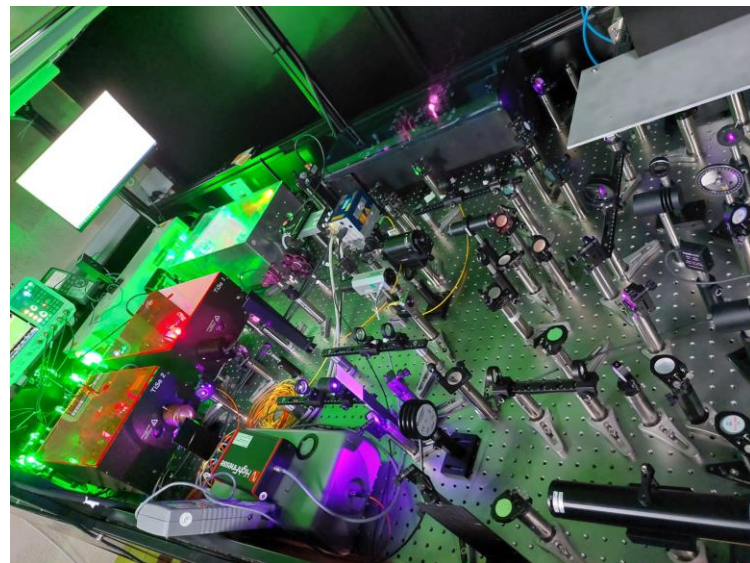
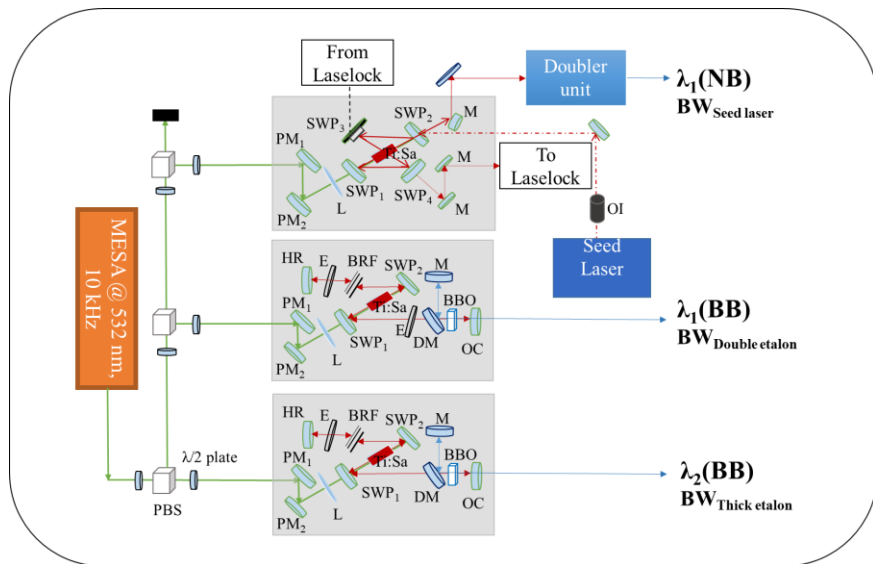
- After 10 years of construction and commissioning at LPC, S³LEB moved to GANIL in March

Installation at S³:

- Vacuum and related equipment reconnected and tested
- HV and RF cabling and final alignments ongoing
- Recommissioning to start soon, with e.g. total (gas cell) efficiency tests using a Ra recoil source foreseen



Resonant laser ionization spectroscopy

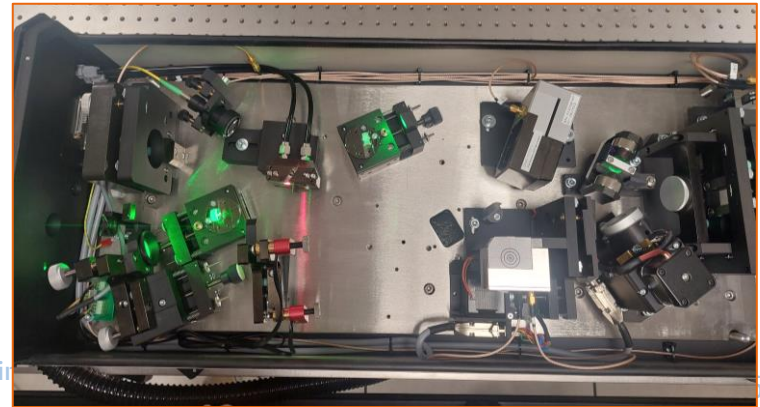


Requirements :

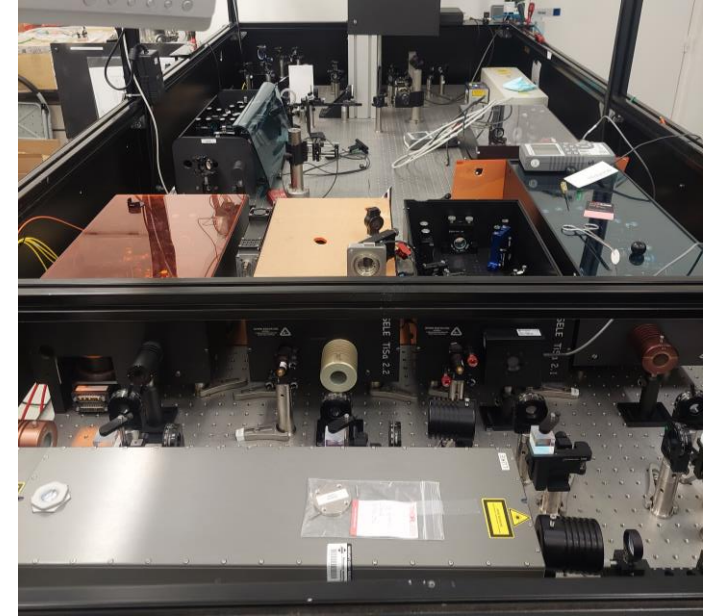
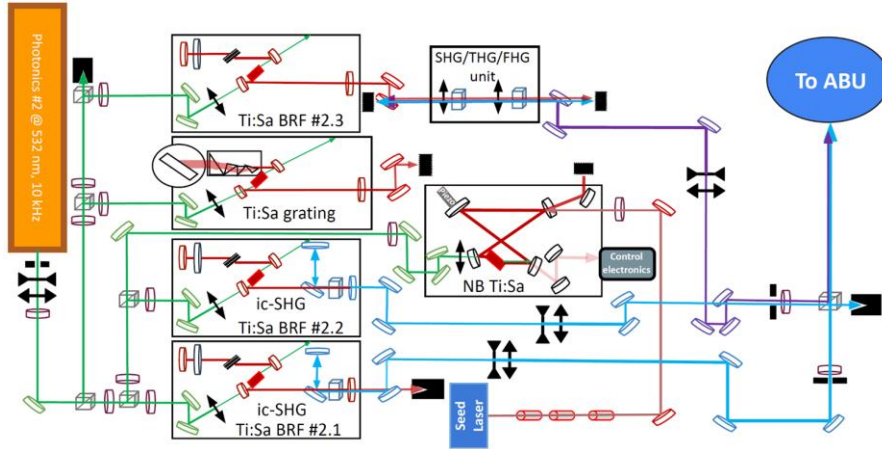
- Pulsed high repetition laser sources
- Laser line width to match the atomic transition line width
- Ti:sa / dye laser used complementarily
- Ti:sa lasers were commissioned and set up for in-gas laser spectroscopy.

S³LEB laser room: Altisa

- New laser lab taking shape:
 - 3 pump lasers installed (1 old, 1 new dual-head)
 - 1 new cw Ti:sapphire laser installed
 - Installation of pulsed Ti:sapphire cavities starting soon



GISELE laser lab



- Complete overhaul of lase table to accommodate a Millenia laser (on loan from IJClab) and optimize layout
- Ongoing developments and tests:
 - Finish construction and characterization of the cw cavity
 - Test intra-cavity tripling, temperature-controlled ic doubling,...
- Dy/Ho/Gd... scheme testing/development started for 'Day 0' experiment