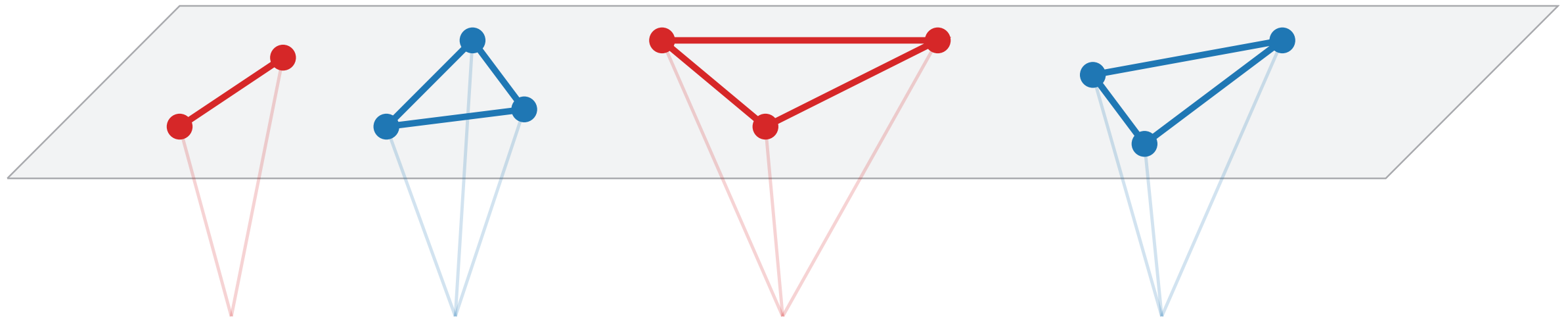


The Cosmological Flow



Intertwined Story of Observational, Phenomenological and Theoretical Aspects
of Cosmological Correlators

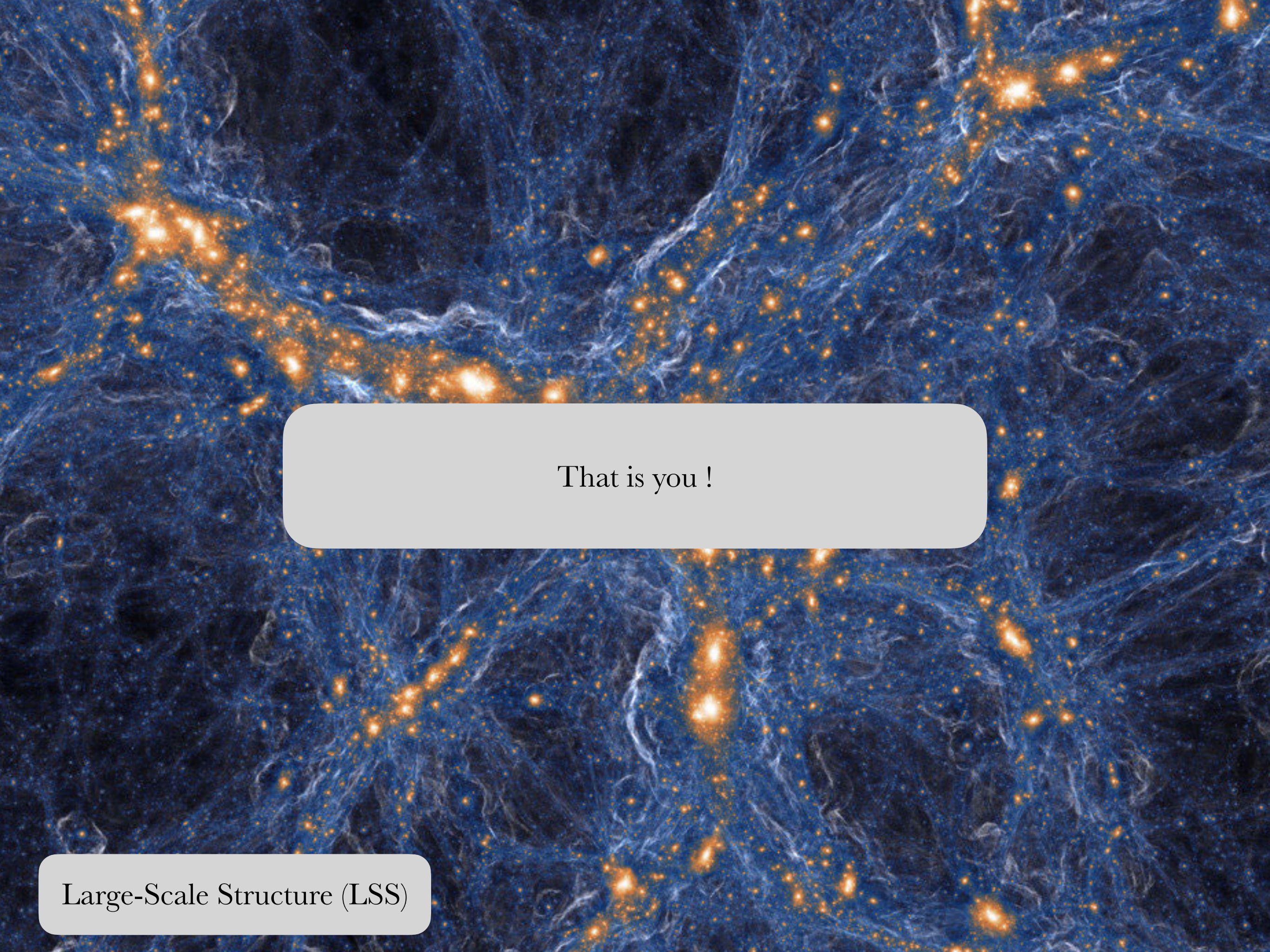
Denis Werth

Action Dark Energy & GdR CoPhy

November 19th 2024

Based on work with

Lucas Pinol and Sébastien Renaux-Petel

A visualization of the cosmic web, showing a complex network of blue filaments and nodes of orange-yellow galaxies against a dark background. The filaments represent the distribution of dark matter, while the orange points represent galaxies.

That is you !

Large-Scale Structure (LSS)

The background of the entire slide is a high-resolution map of the Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) temperature fluctuations. It shows a complex, grainy pattern of blue and orange/yellow, representing the temperature variations across the sky. The blue areas indicate slightly cooler temperatures, while the orange/yellow areas indicate slightly warmer temperatures. The pattern is isotropic and homogeneous on large scales.

That is (some of) you !

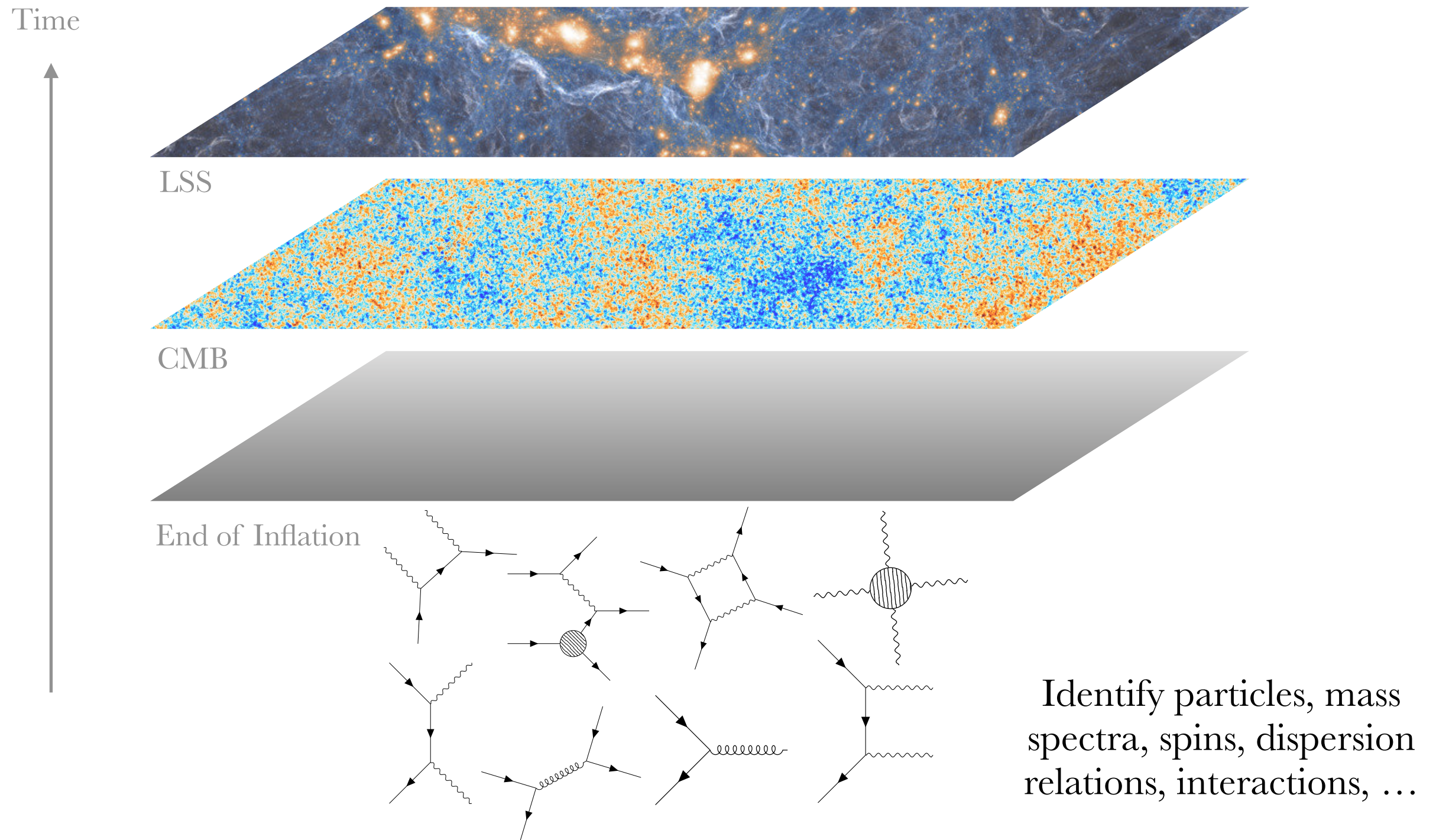
Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB)

That is me !

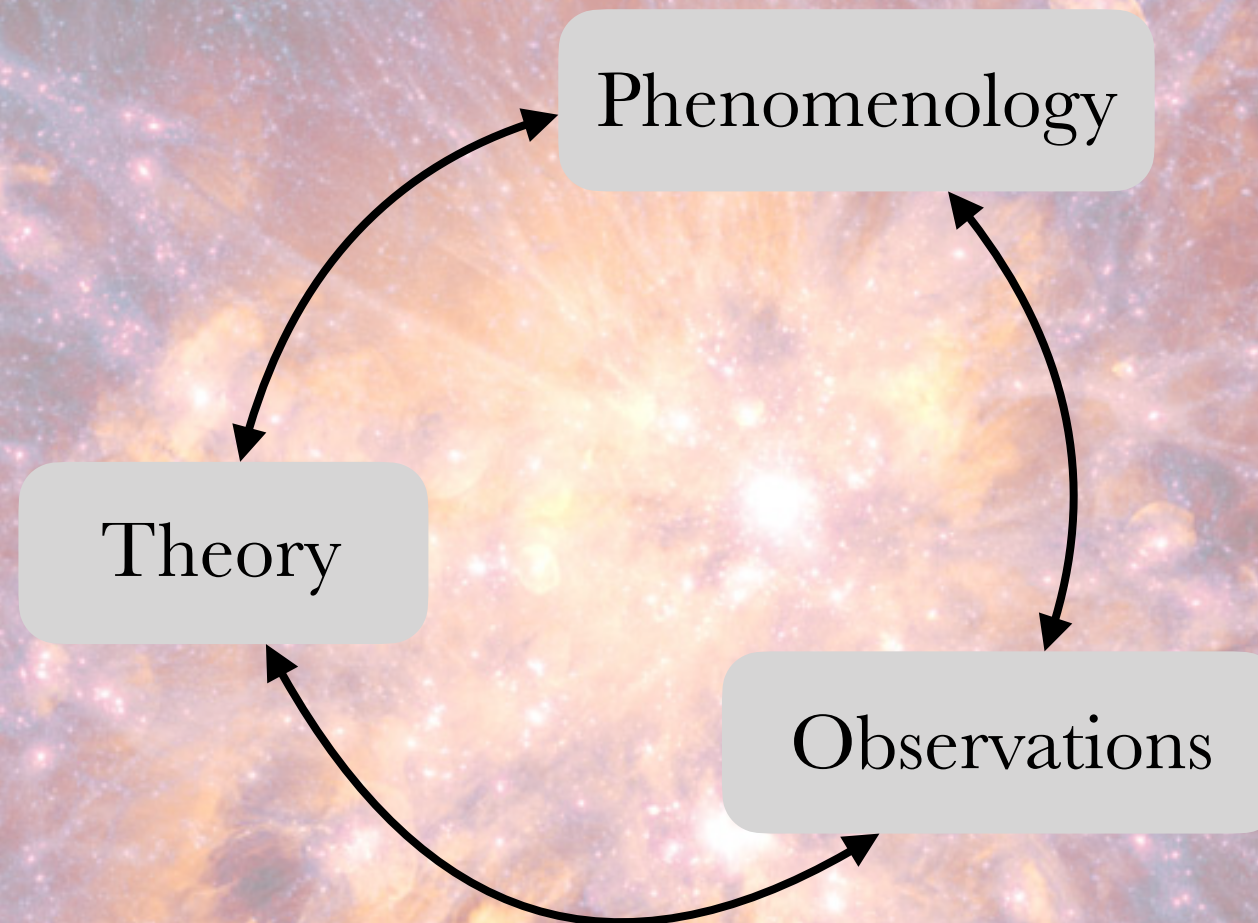
Reheating surface

Towards a Standard Model of Inflationary Cosmology

The early Universe is a unique probe of the physics at the **highest reachable energies**



- ◎ Explore the space of observational signatures
- ◎ Build a complete theory/observable dictionary



- ◎ Explore/construct the space of theories
- ◎ Develop new techniques to compute cosmological correlators

- ◎ Numerous/precise future cosmological data
- ◎ Need accurate templates

Cosmological Correlators

The Cosmological Flow

Exploring Cosmological
Correlators

Cosmological Correlators

Observations, Phenomenology & Theory

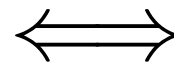
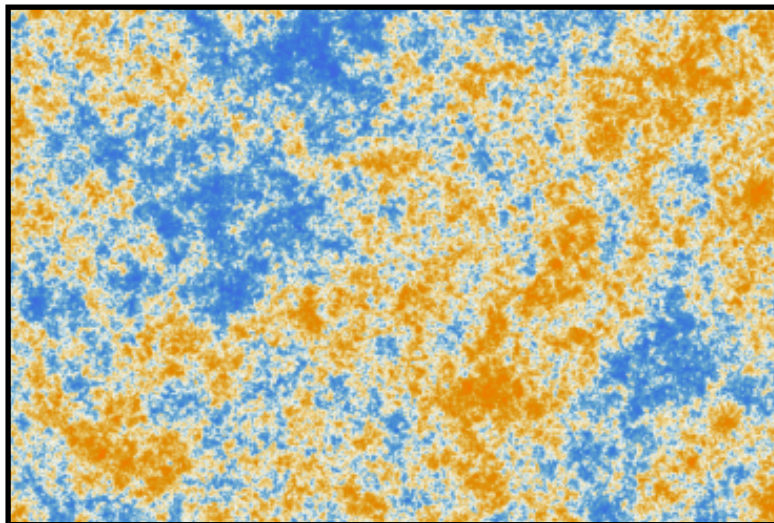
Statistics of Primordial Fluctuations

Cosmological correlators encode the statistical properties of primordial fluctuations

$$\mathbb{P}[\varphi(\boldsymbol{x})] \sim \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} \int_{\boldsymbol{k}_i} \langle \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_1} \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_2} \rangle \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_1} \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_2} + \frac{1}{3!} \int_{\boldsymbol{k}_i} \langle \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_1} \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_2} \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_3} \rangle \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_1} \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_2} \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_3} + \dots \right]$$

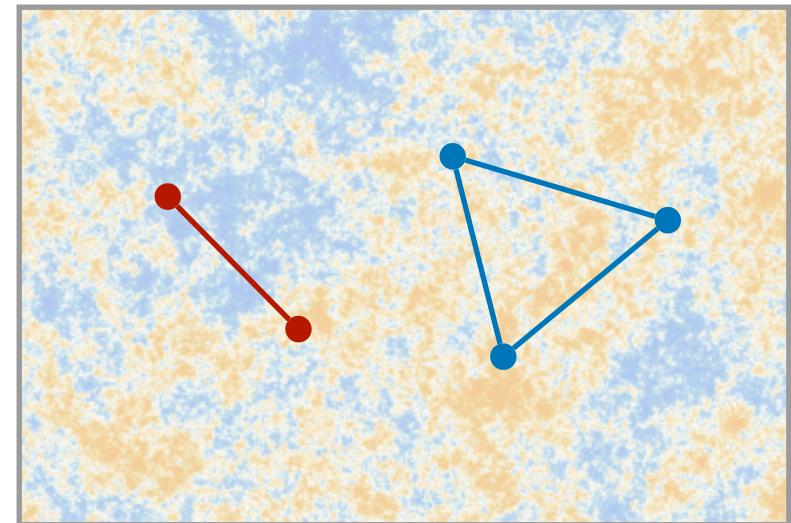
Probability distribution
of a field configuration

$\mathbb{P}[\varphi(\boldsymbol{x})]$



Correlation functions

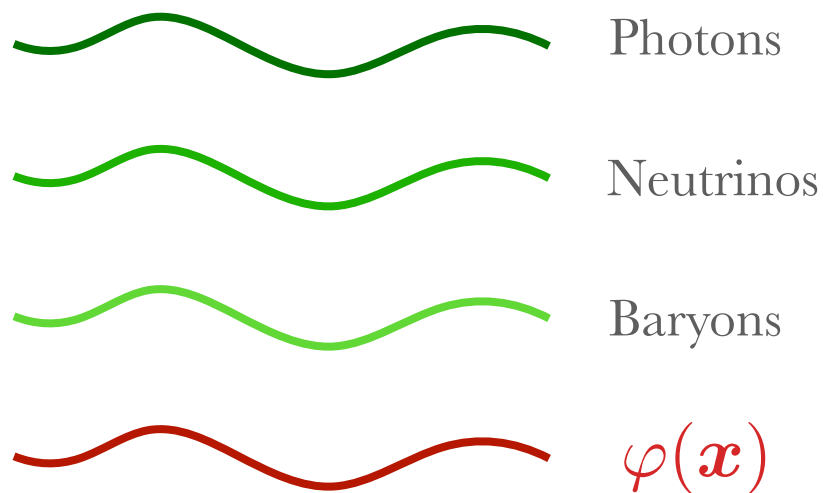
$\langle \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_1} \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_2} \rangle$ $\langle \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_1} \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_2} \varphi_{\boldsymbol{k}_3} \rangle$



Properties of Primordial Fluctuations

Adiabatic

$$\delta_X(\boldsymbol{x}) \propto \delta_Y(\boldsymbol{x})$$

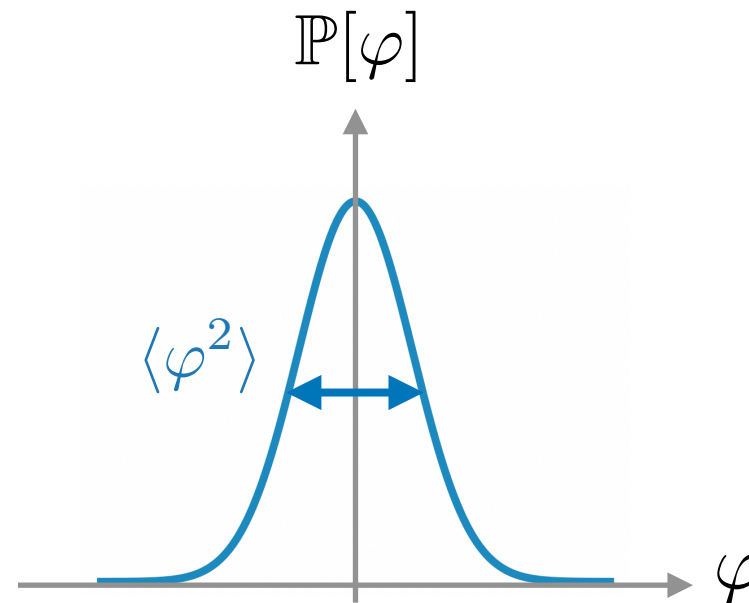


Single fluctuating scalar degree of freedom left over

The physics of inflation can only be probed **indirectly**

Almost Gaussian

$$\frac{\langle \phi\phi\phi \rangle}{\langle \phi\phi \rangle^{3/2}} < 10^{-3}$$

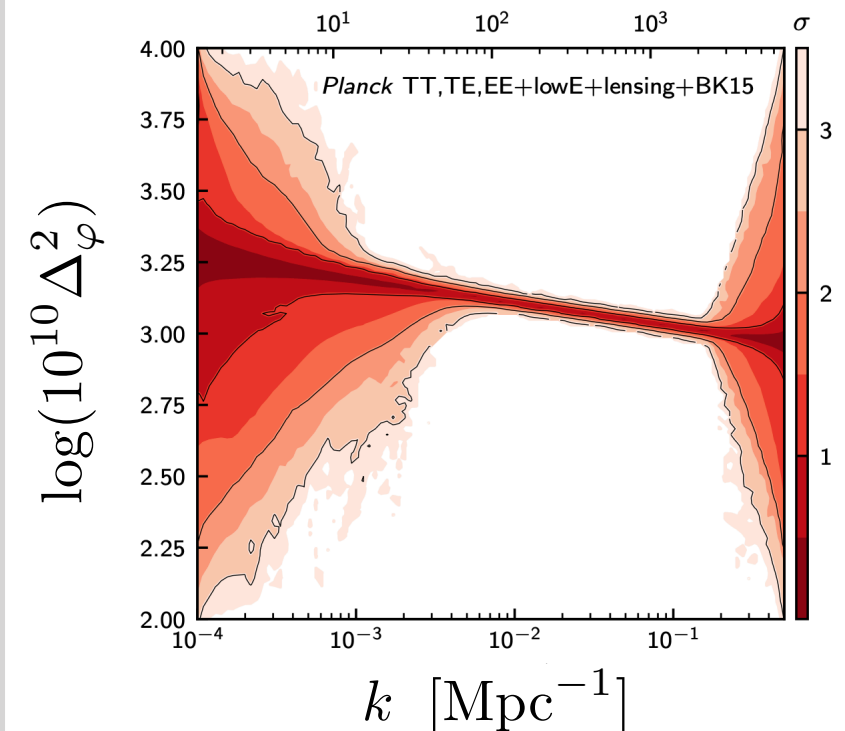


Weakly coupled theory

The physics of inflation
(=**interactions**) is encoded in
**small deviations from
Gaussianity**

Near Scale Invariant

$$\frac{k^3}{2\pi^2} \langle \phi_{\mathbf{k}} \phi_{-\mathbf{k}} \rangle' = A_s \left(\frac{k}{k_*} \right)^{n_s - 1}$$



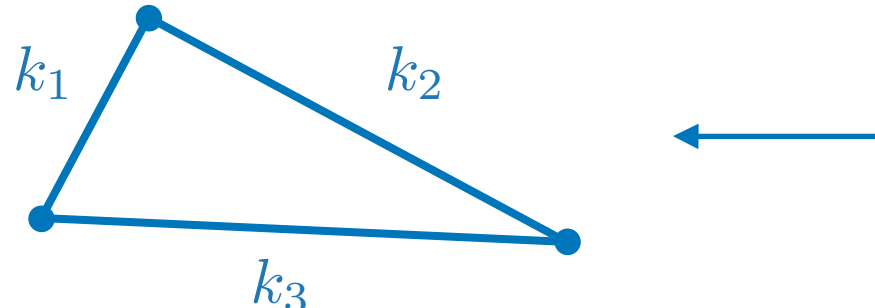
with $A_s = 2.2 \times 10^{-9}$
 $n_s = 0.9652 \pm 0.0042$

QFT in **de Sitter**

Planck [2018]

Higher-Point Cosmological Correlators

The bispectrum is a “function of triangles”

$$\langle \varphi_{\mathbf{k}_1} \varphi_{\mathbf{k}_2} \varphi_{\mathbf{k}_3} \rangle =$$


Homogeneity

Amplitude

$f_{\text{NL}}^{\text{loc}}$

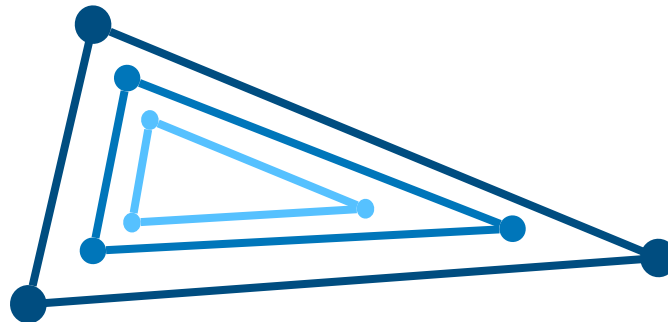
$f_{\text{NL}}^{\text{eq}}$

$f_{\text{NL}}^{\text{orth}}$

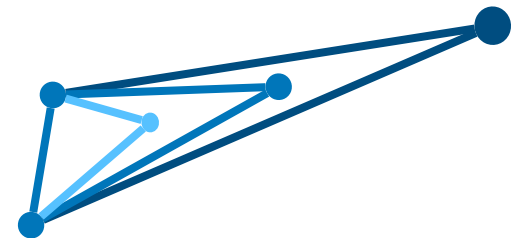
g_{NL}

τ_{NL}

Scale Dependence



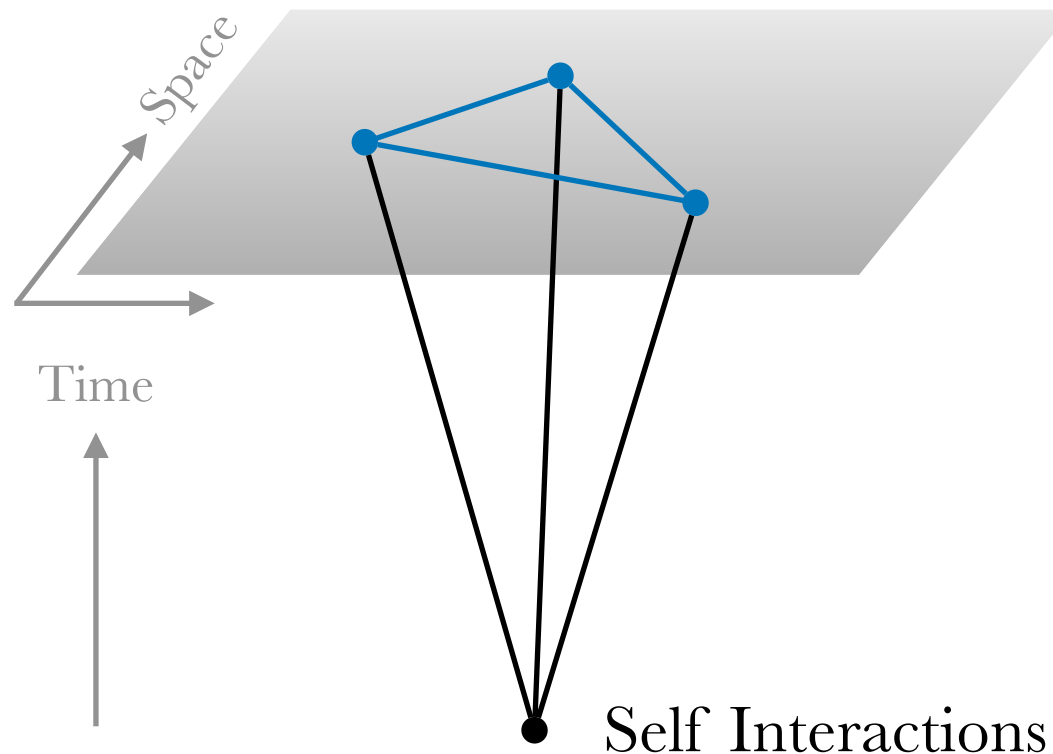
Shape Dependence



Physics of Cosmological Correlators

Cosmological correlators encode the **physics** of the early Universe
(=particle content, interactions, masses, spins, sound speeds, etc)

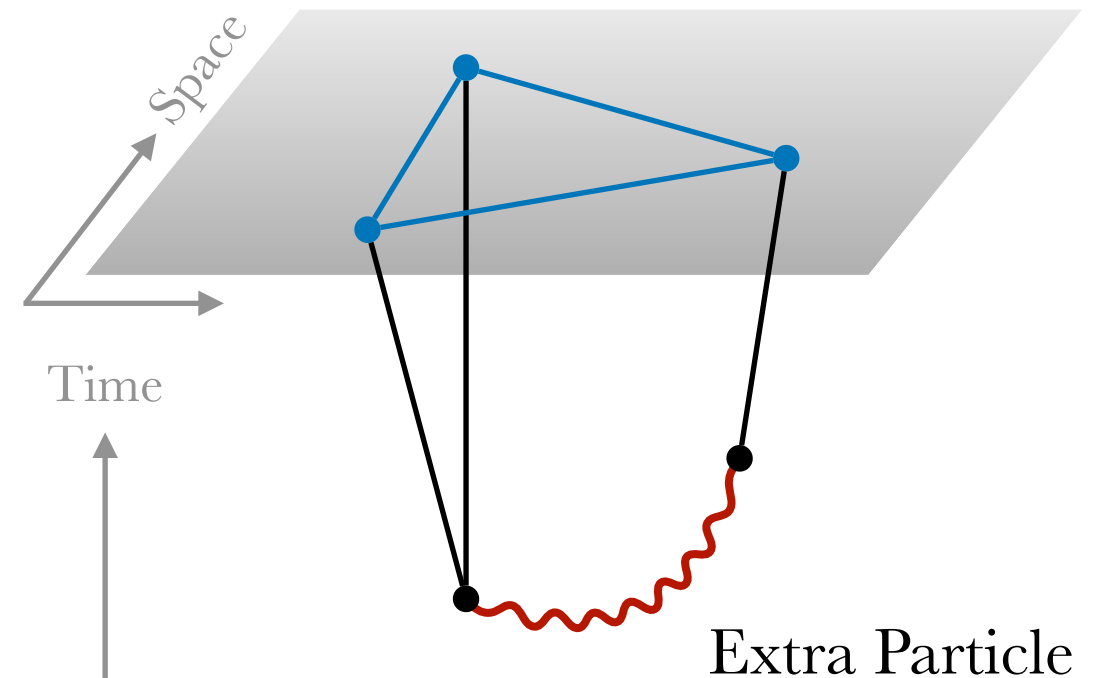
Contact Diagrams



Self Interactions

Maldacena [2002]

Exchange Diagrams



Extra Particle

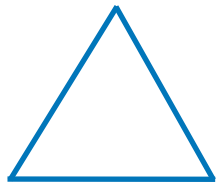
Chen, Wang [2009]
Arkani-Hamed, Maldacena [2015]
and many other works

Cosmological correlators are key mathematical objects that link **theory** and **observations**

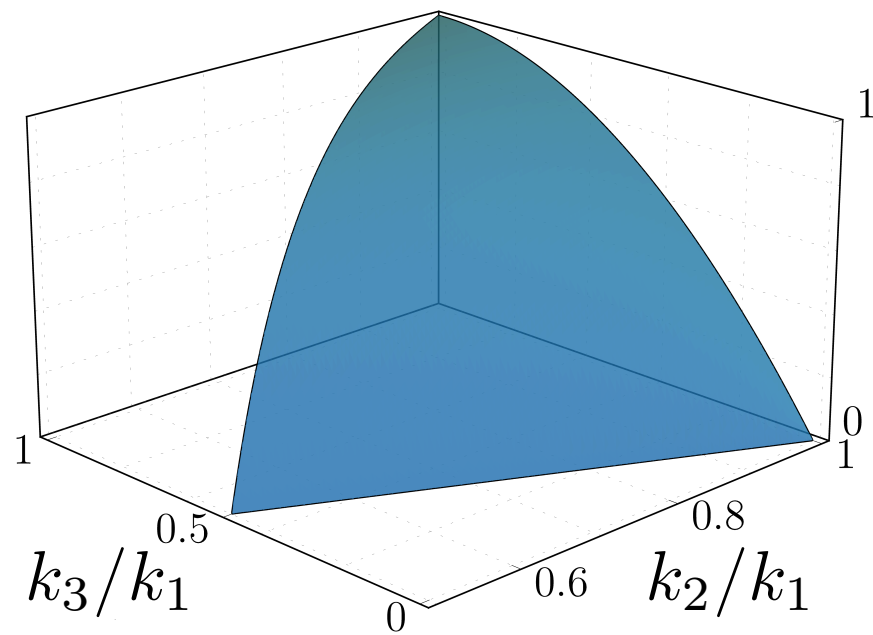
Physics of Cosmological Correlators

Cosmological correlators encode the **physics** of the early Universe
(=particle content, interactions, masses, spins, sound speeds, etc)

Contact Diagrams



$$S^{\text{eq}}(k_1, k_2, k_3)$$



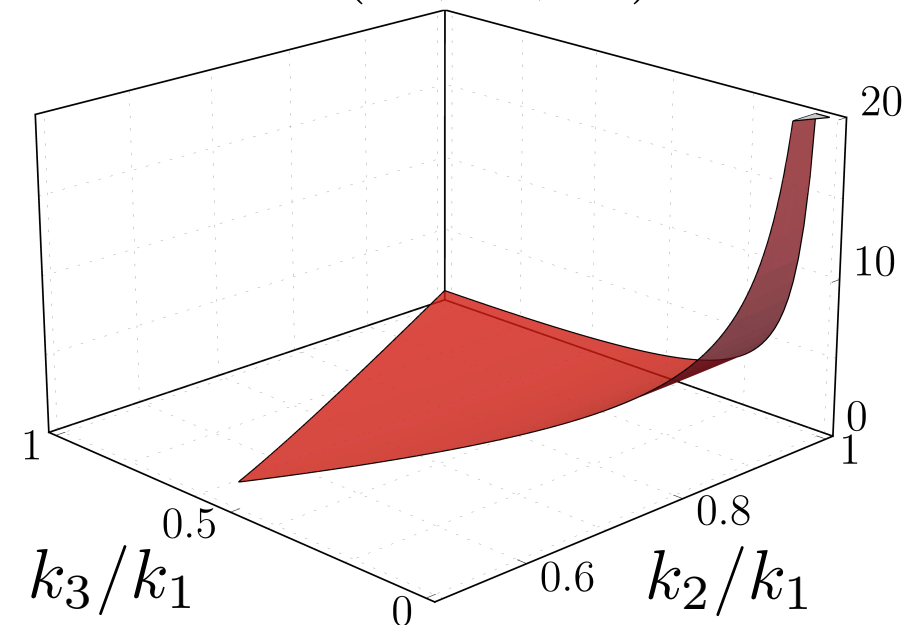
$$f_{\text{NL}}^{\text{eq}} = -26 \pm 47$$

Exchange Diagrams



(Massless particle)

$$S^{\text{loc}}(k_1, k_2, k_3)$$



$$f_{\text{NL}}^{\text{loc}} = -0.9 \pm 5.1$$

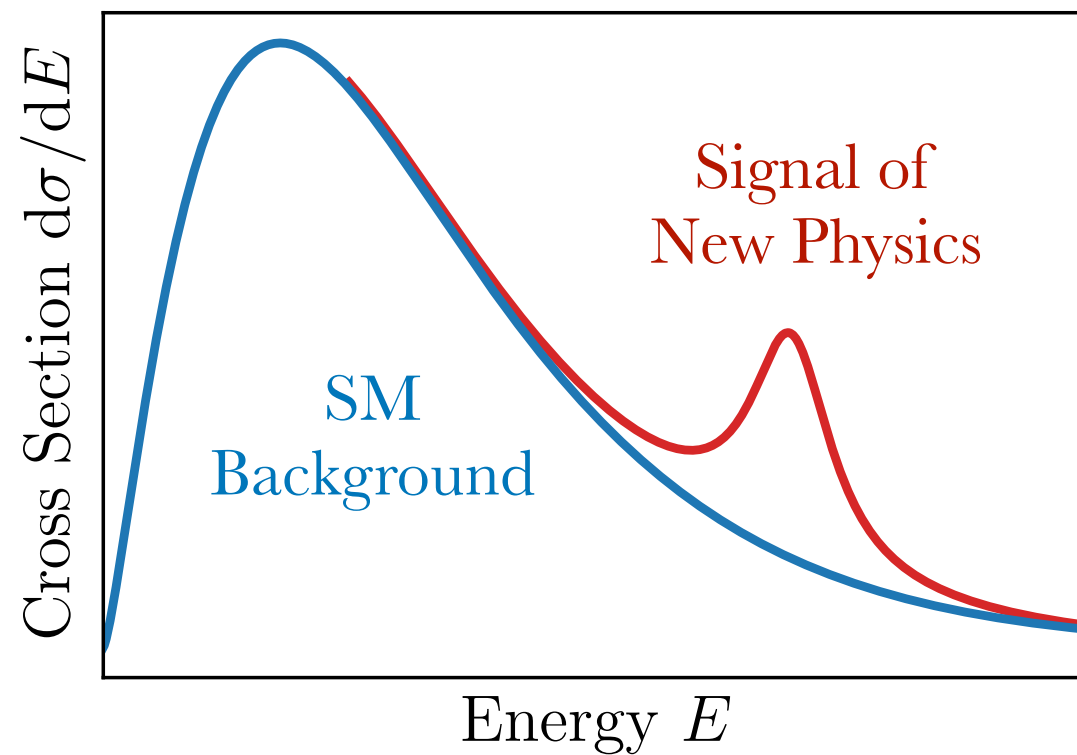
Cosmological correlators are key mathematical objects that link **theory** and **observations**

Cosmological Collider Physics

New physics is encoded in **soft limits (squeezed configurations)** of cosmological correlators

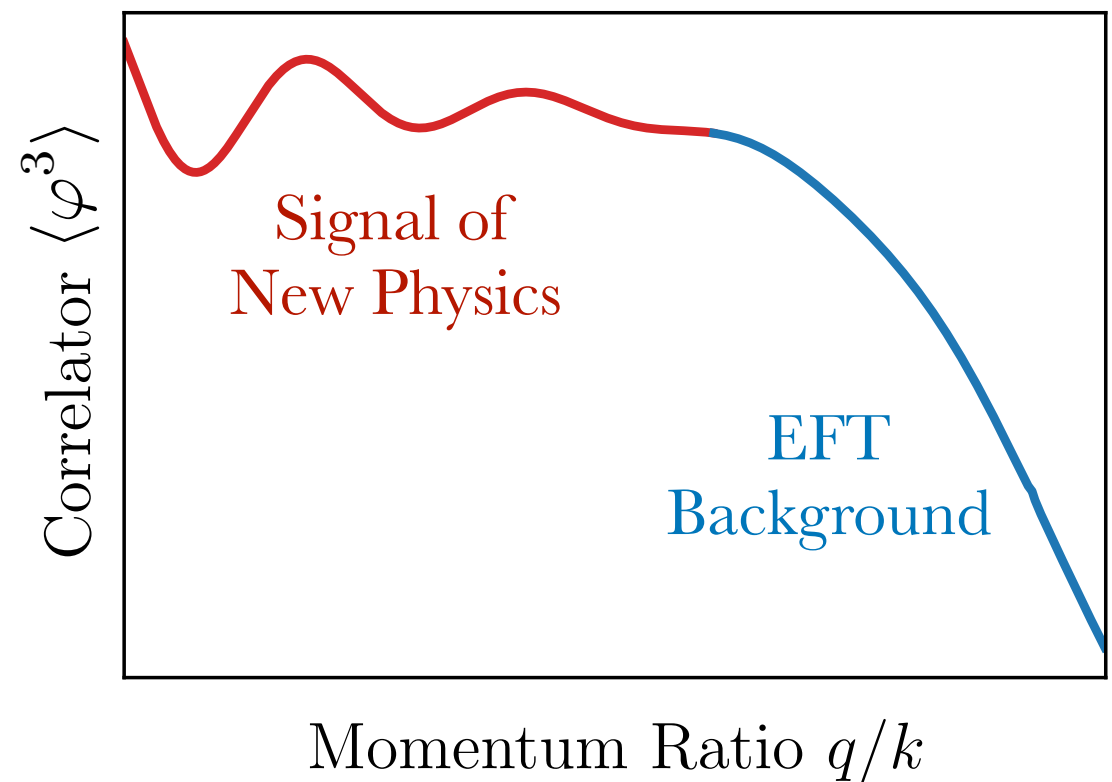
Flat-Space Particle Physics

High Energy $\sqrt{s} \sim 10 \text{ TeV}$



Cosmology

Very High Energy $H \lesssim 10^{13} \text{ TeV}$



Cosmological Correlators and Perturbative Diagrammatics

Cosmological correlators are analogous to flat-space **cross sections** and can in principle be computed perturbatively using “**Feynman**” diagrams

Space
↑
Time →

$$\mathcal{A}_4 = \text{[Feynman diagram: a horizontal line with two vertices, each having two external lines]} = \frac{-g^2}{\mathcal{S} - m^2}$$

Flatspace

Cosmology

Time
↑
Space →

$$\langle \varphi^4 \rangle = \text{[Feynman diagram: a horizontal line with four vertices, two internal lines forming a loop, and a green curved line connecting two vertices]} = g^2 \int_{-\infty + i\epsilon}^0 d\tau d\tau' \mathcal{K}_1 \mathcal{K}_2 \mathcal{G}(\tau, \tau') \mathcal{K}_3 \mathcal{K}_4$$

Nested time integrals (pointing down to the integral)

↑ iε prescription (pointing up to the lower limit)

↑ Complicated special functions (pointing up to the function G)

Arkani-Hamed, Baumann, Lee, Pimentel [2018]
Sleight [2018]

[Arkani-Hamed, Baumann, Chen, Jazayeri, Joyce, Noumi, Maldacena, Lee, Pajer, Pimentel, Qin, Renaux-Petel, Sleight, Taronna, Wang, Wang, Xianyu, Yamaguchi, Yokohama and many others]

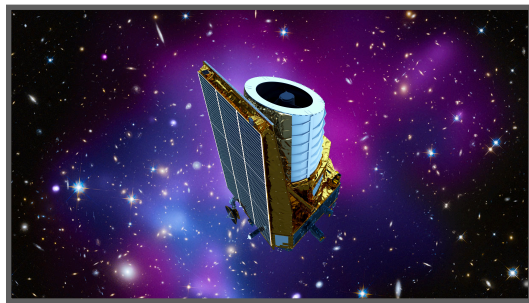
Prospects for Cosmological Surveys

Cosmological correlators (and tensor modes) are the **main targets** for current and future cosmological surveys

Large-scale structures



DESI

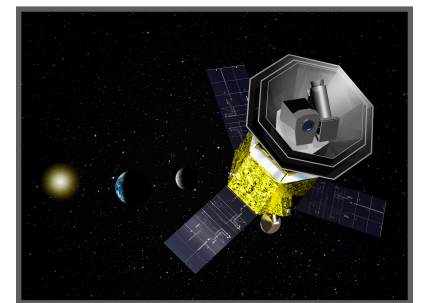


Euclid

Cosmic microwave background

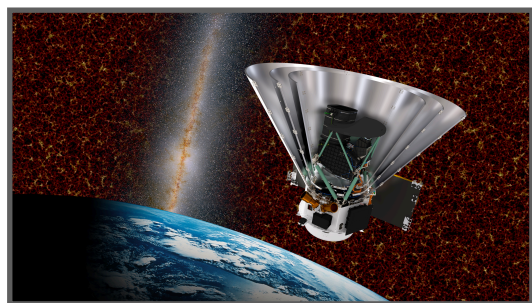


CMB S4



LiteBIRD

Scale-dependent bias



SphereX



Simons Observatory

See e.g. [ArXiv:2203.08128] for a review

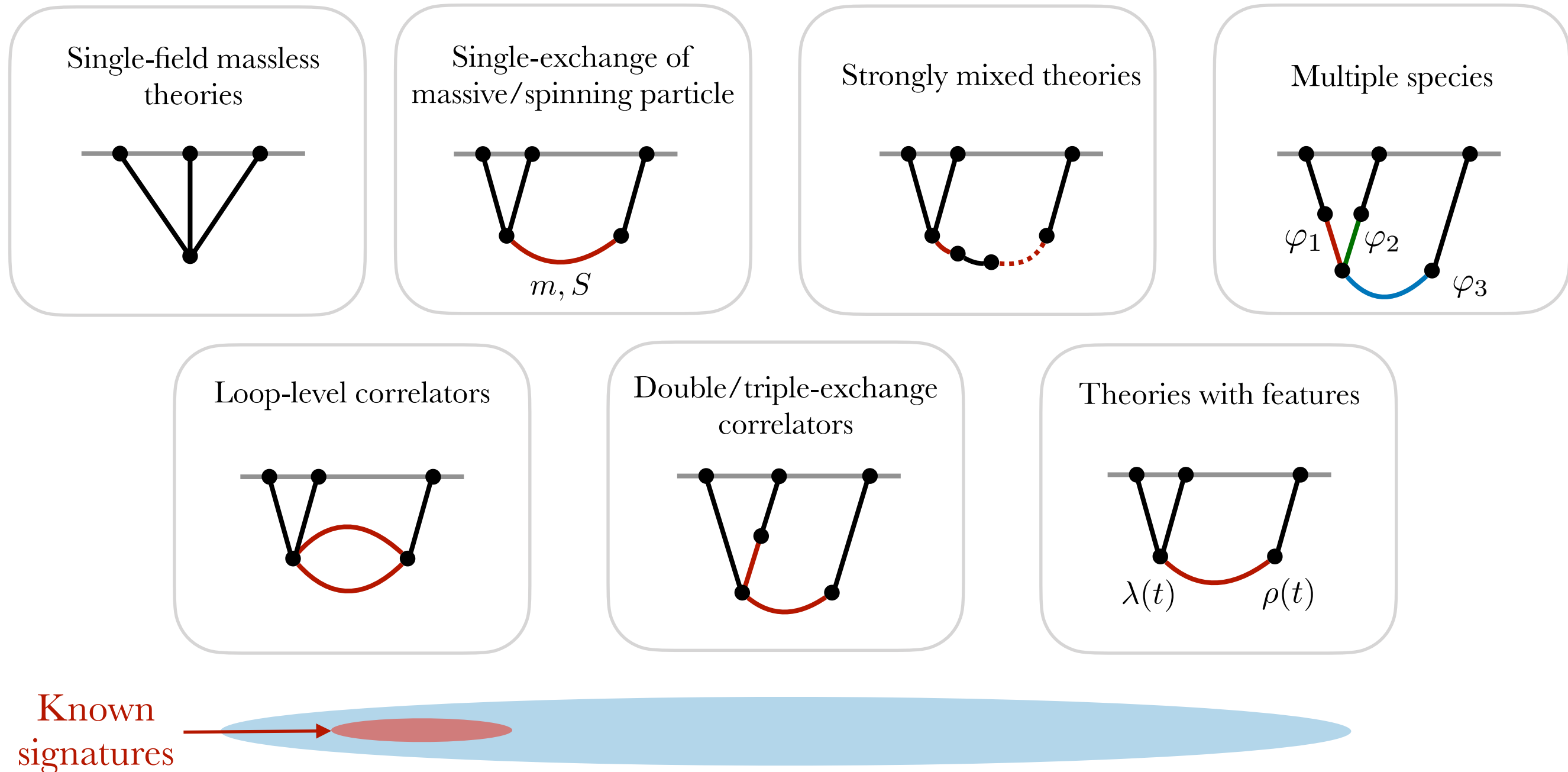
Observations will be numerous, independent, and precise. Is **theory** at the same precision level?

The Cosmological Flow

Art of Integrating by Differentiating

Landscape of Cosmological Correlators

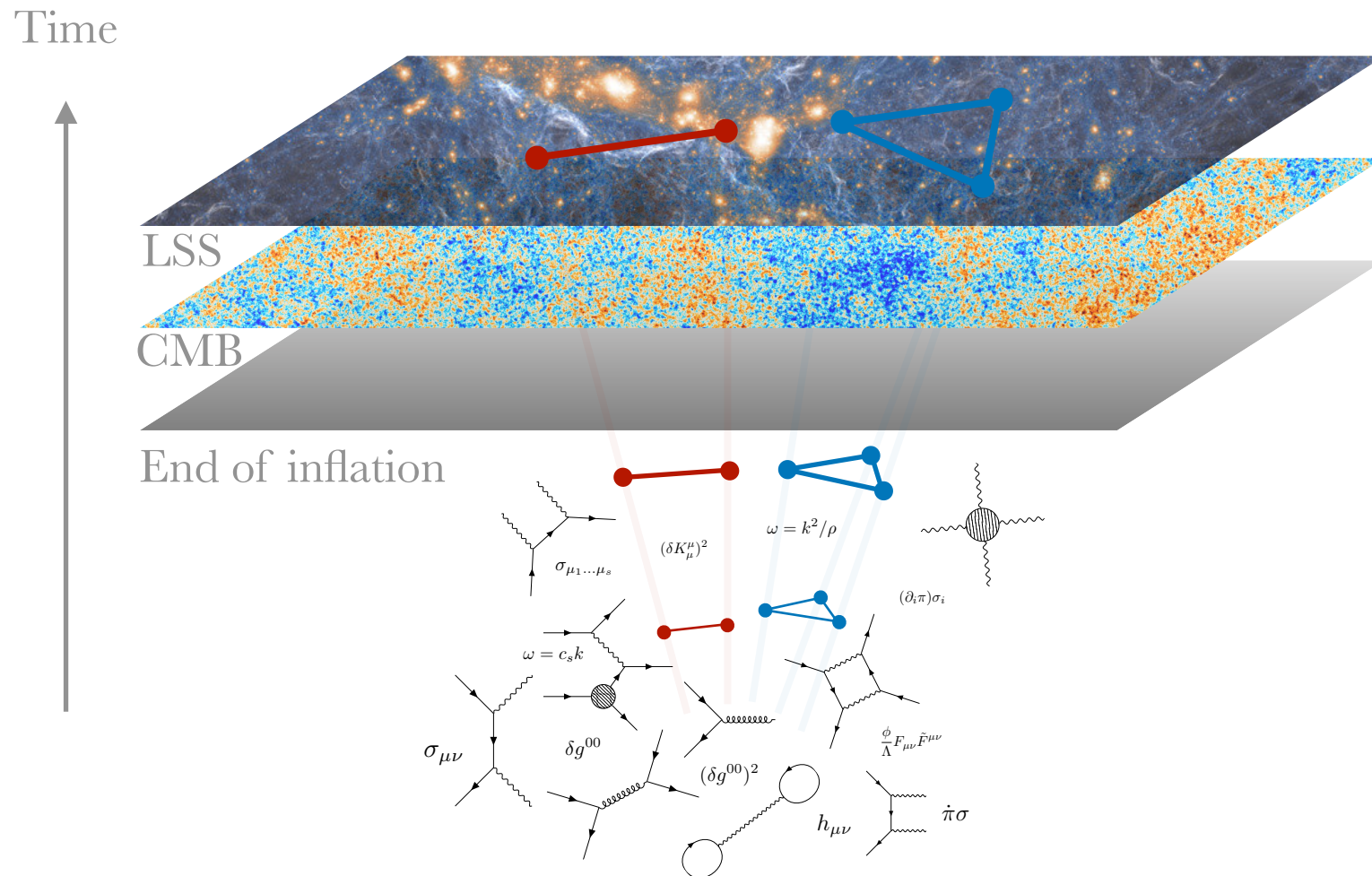
Computations are **complicated** and a **complete dictionary** between theories and observables is **not yet available**



Current technics/predictions do not cover the entire space of cosmological correlators

Cosmological Flow Philosophy

The physics is encoded in the **time evolution** of fluctuations



Transfer function

$$\langle X^2(\mathbf{k}, t) \rangle = \mathbf{T}^2(\mathbf{k}; t, t_0) \langle X^2(\mathbf{k}, t_0) \rangle$$

- ⊙ Linear clustering
- ⊙ Dark matter, photons, baryons
- ⊙ ...

Theories

$$\mathcal{L}(\varphi^\alpha)$$

Cosmological Flow

$$\frac{d}{dt} \langle \varphi^\alpha \varphi^\beta \varphi^\gamma \rangle$$

Correlators

$$\langle \varphi^\alpha \varphi^\beta \varphi^\gamma \rangle$$

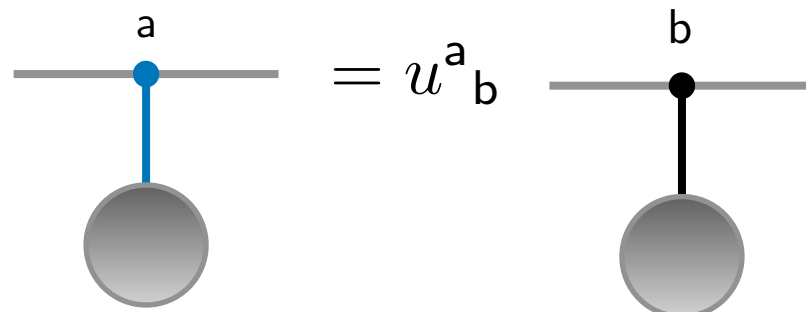
Following the **time evolution** of cosmological correlators from their origin as **quantum vacuum fluctuations** to the end of inflation

Diagrammatic Representation of Flow Equations

From first principles, tree-level cosmological correlators satisfy **universal differential equations in time** that follow simple graphical rules

External operators

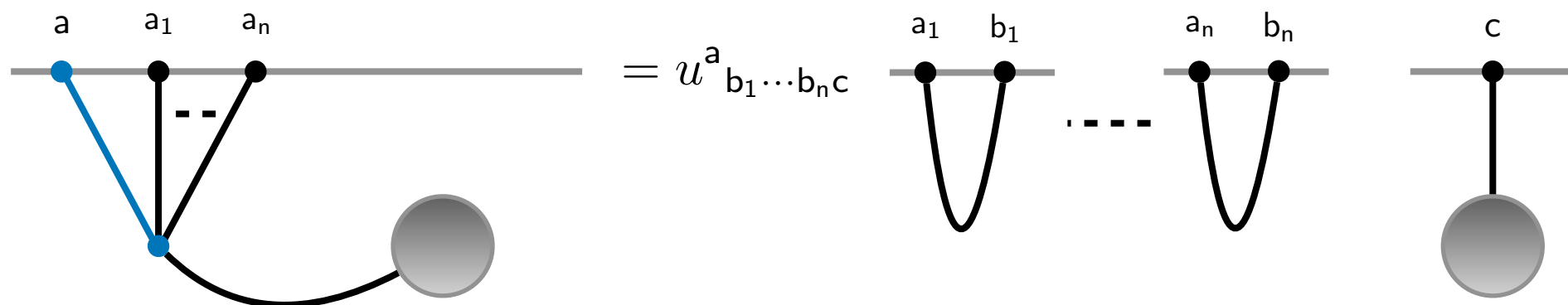
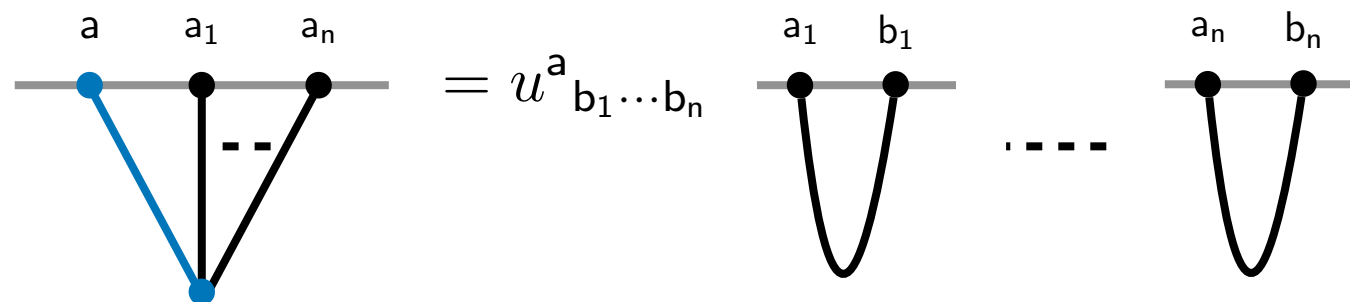
$$\frac{d}{dt} = \blacksquare$$



Phase-space variables

$$\begin{aligned} X^a &= (\varphi^\alpha, p^\beta) \\ [X^a, X^b] &= i\epsilon^{ab} \\ H &= \sum \frac{1}{n!} H_{a_1 \dots a_n} X^{a_1} \dots X^{a_n} \\ u^a_{a_1 \dots a_n} &= \epsilon^{ab} H_{ba_1 \dots a_n} \end{aligned}$$

Internal vertices



Flow of Tree-Level Two- and Three-Point Correlators

$$\frac{d}{dt} \text{ (vortex with legs } a, b) = \text{ (vortex with leg } a \text{ blue)} + \text{ (vortex with leg } b \text{ blue)} = u^a_c \text{ (vortex with legs } c, b) + u^b_c \text{ (vortex with legs } a, c)$$

2pt correlators

3pt correlators

$$\frac{d}{dt} \text{ (triangle with legs } a, b, c) = \text{ (triangle with leg } a \text{ blue)} + \text{ perms} + \text{ (triangle with leg } b \text{ blue)} + \text{ perms}$$

$$= u^a_d \text{ (triangle with legs } d, b, c) + \text{ perms} + u^a_{de} \text{ (vortex with legs } d, b) + \text{ (vortex with legs } e, c) + \text{ perms}$$

Flow of Tree-Level Two- and Three-Point Correlators

$$\frac{d}{dt} \text{ (vortex)} = \text{ (blue vortex)} + \text{ (black vortex)} = u^a_c \text{ (vortex)} + u^b_c \text{ (vortex)}$$

2pt correlators

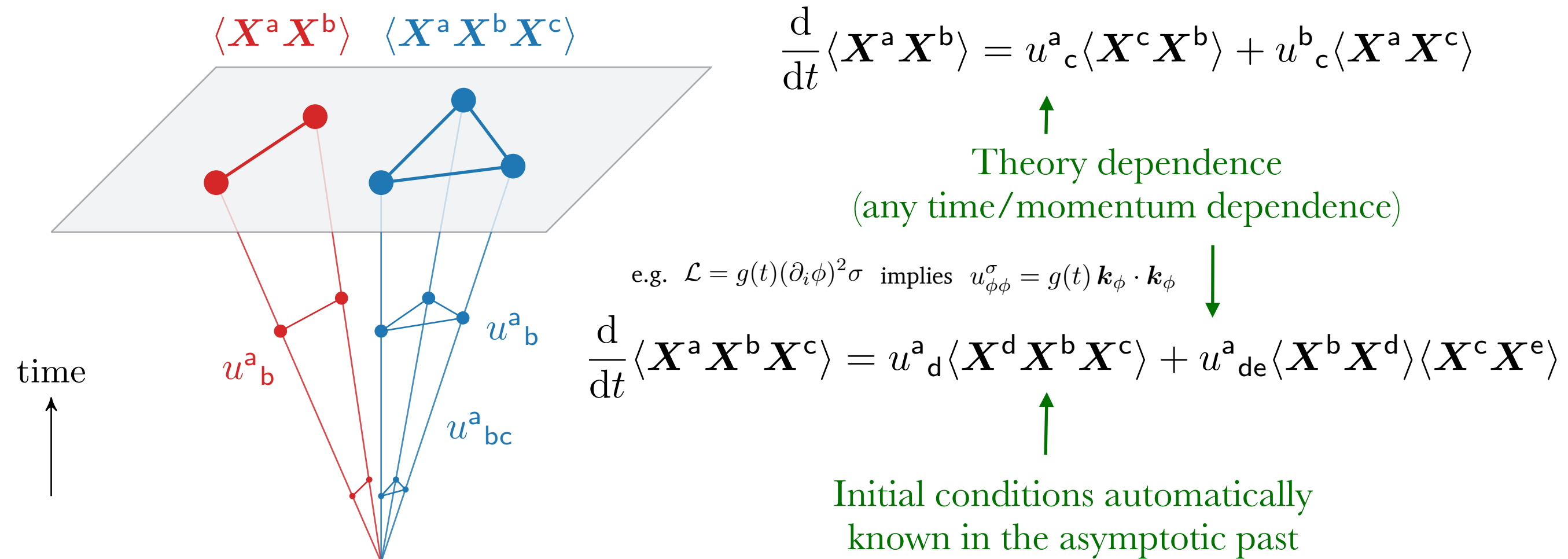
3pt correlators

$$\frac{d}{dt} \text{ (triangle)} = \text{ (blue triangle)} + \text{ perms} + \text{ (blue triangle)} + \text{ perms} = u^a_d \text{ (red triangle)} + \text{ perms} + u^a_{de} \text{ (vortex)} + \text{ (vortex)} + \text{ perms}$$

Resummed
linear mixings

$$\text{ (red line)} = \text{ (black line)} + \text{ (red line)} + \text{ (dotted line)}$$

Cosmological Flow



Conceptual advantages

- ☉ Unified approach \rightarrow no case-specific diagrams
- ☉ Focuses directly on observables \rightarrow no propagators

Practical advantages

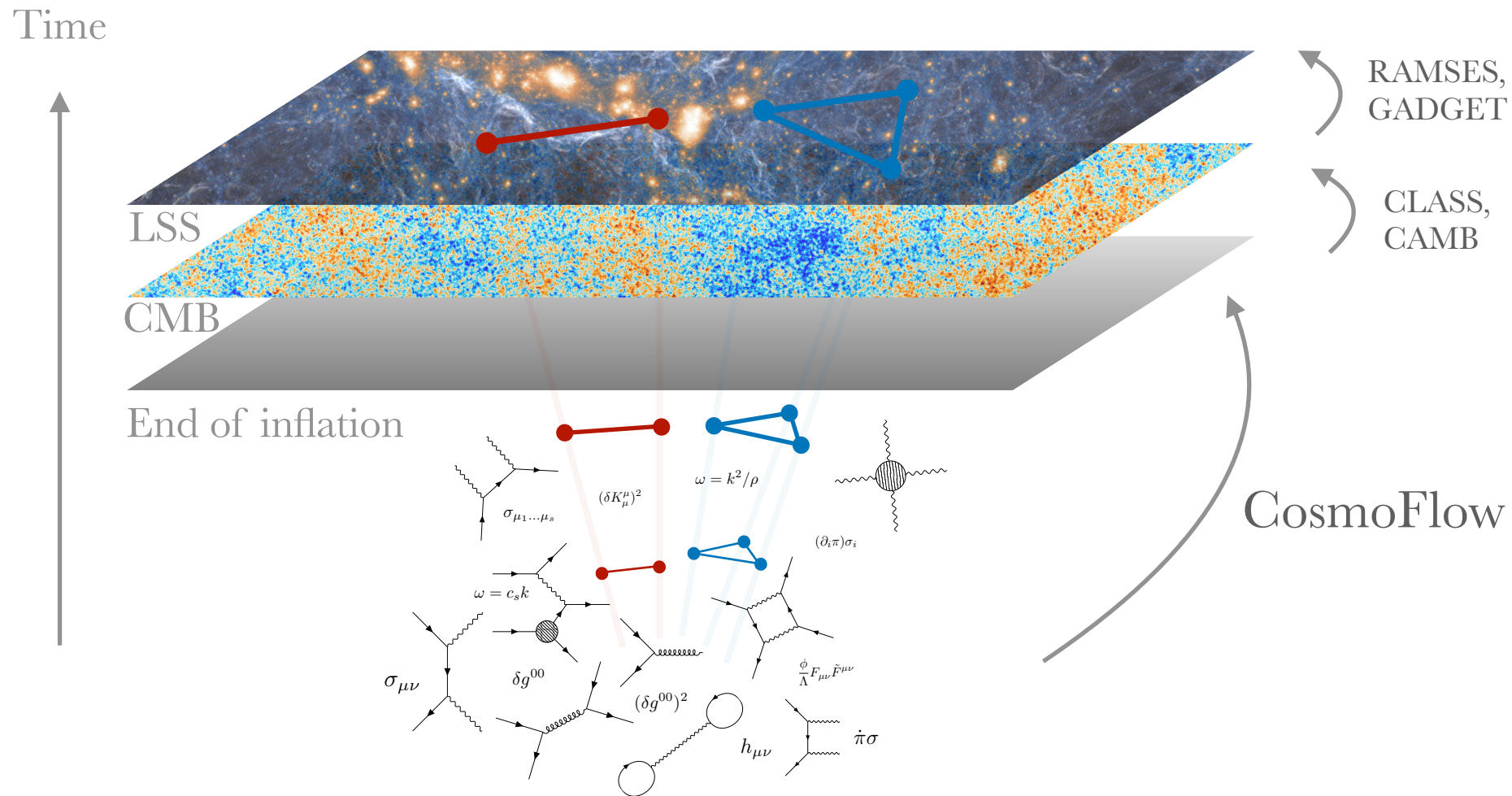
- ☉ Universal equations \rightarrow automatic procedure
- ☉ Real-time axis evolution \rightarrow no UV regulator

Exploring Cosmological Correlators

From CosmoFlow to New Shapes

CosmoFlow: Python Package for Cosmological Correlators

Automatically generate accurate theoretical data for an unbiased interpretation of future observational data



<https://github.com/deniswerth/CosmoFlow>

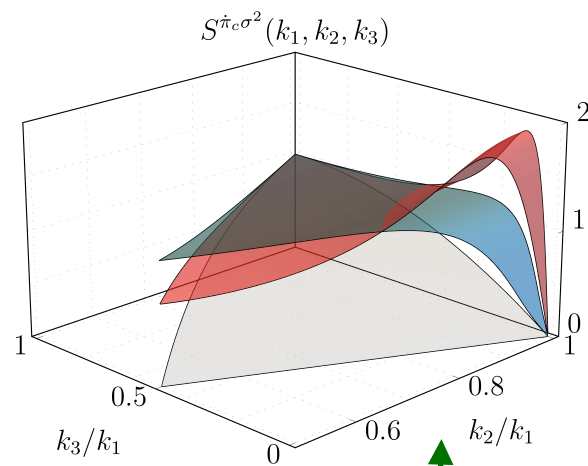
Numerical code CosmoFlow publicly available



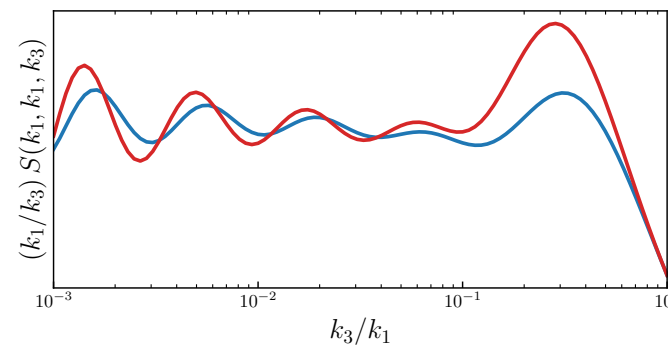
Probing High-Energy Aspects of Inflation

The Cosmological Flow offers new possibilities for **studying**, **exploring** and **understanding** inflationary physics **without technical difficulties**

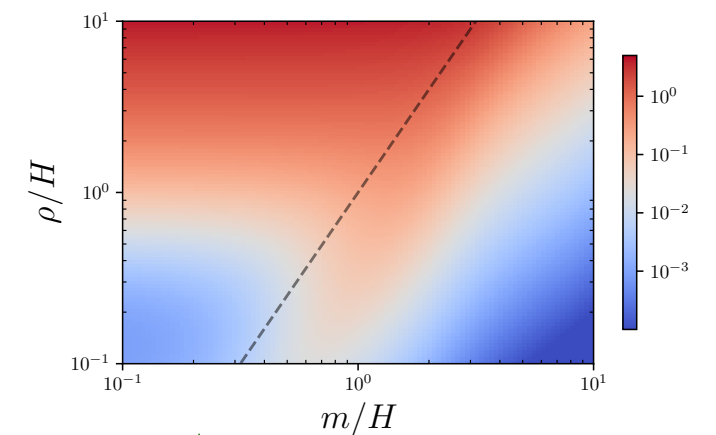
Shapes of non-Gaussianities



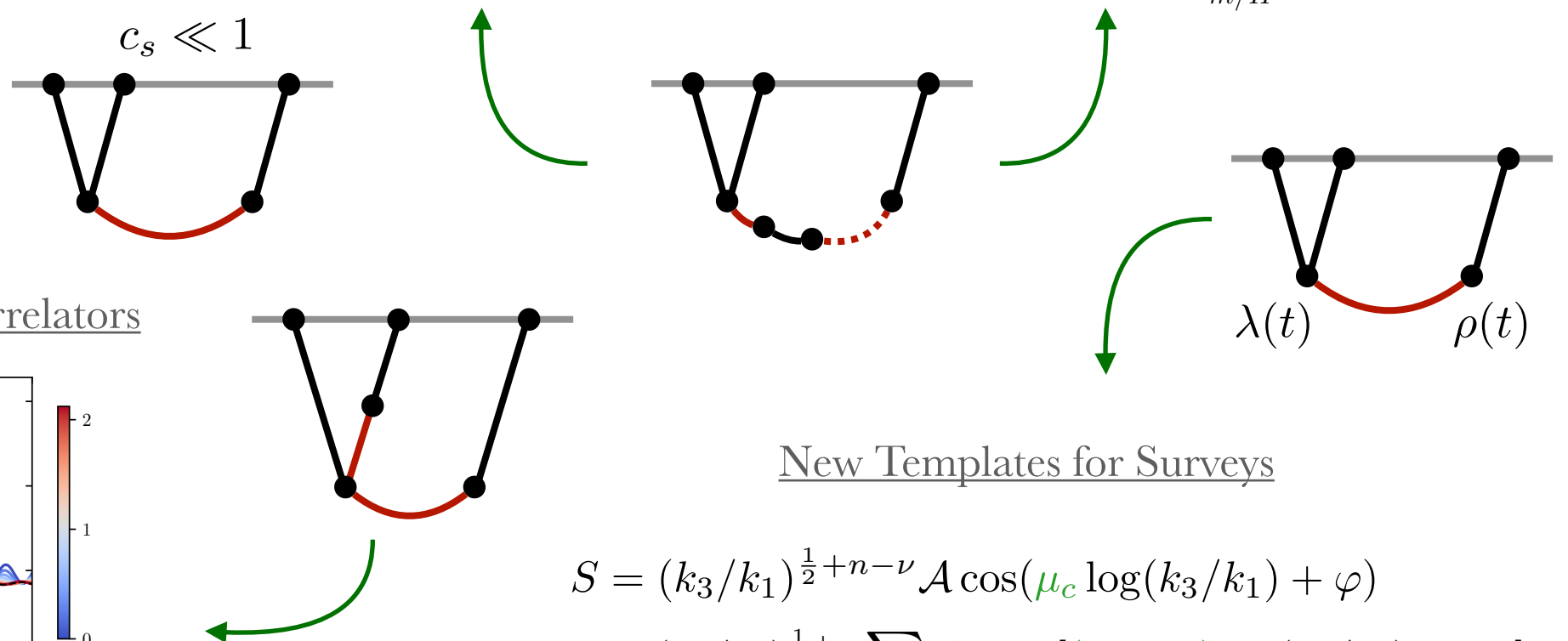
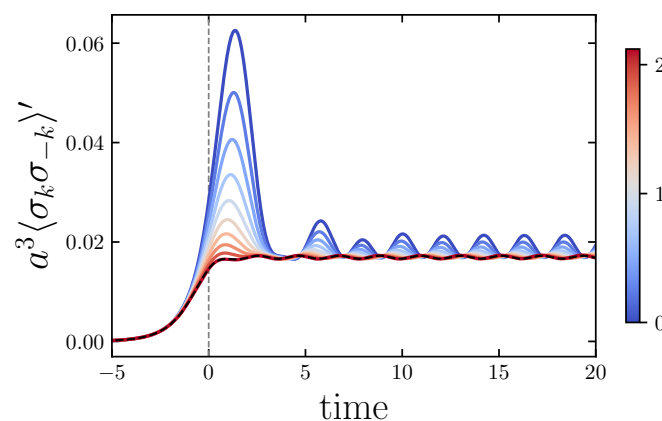
Cosmological Collider Physics



Size of non-Gaussianities



Dynamical Aspects of Correlators



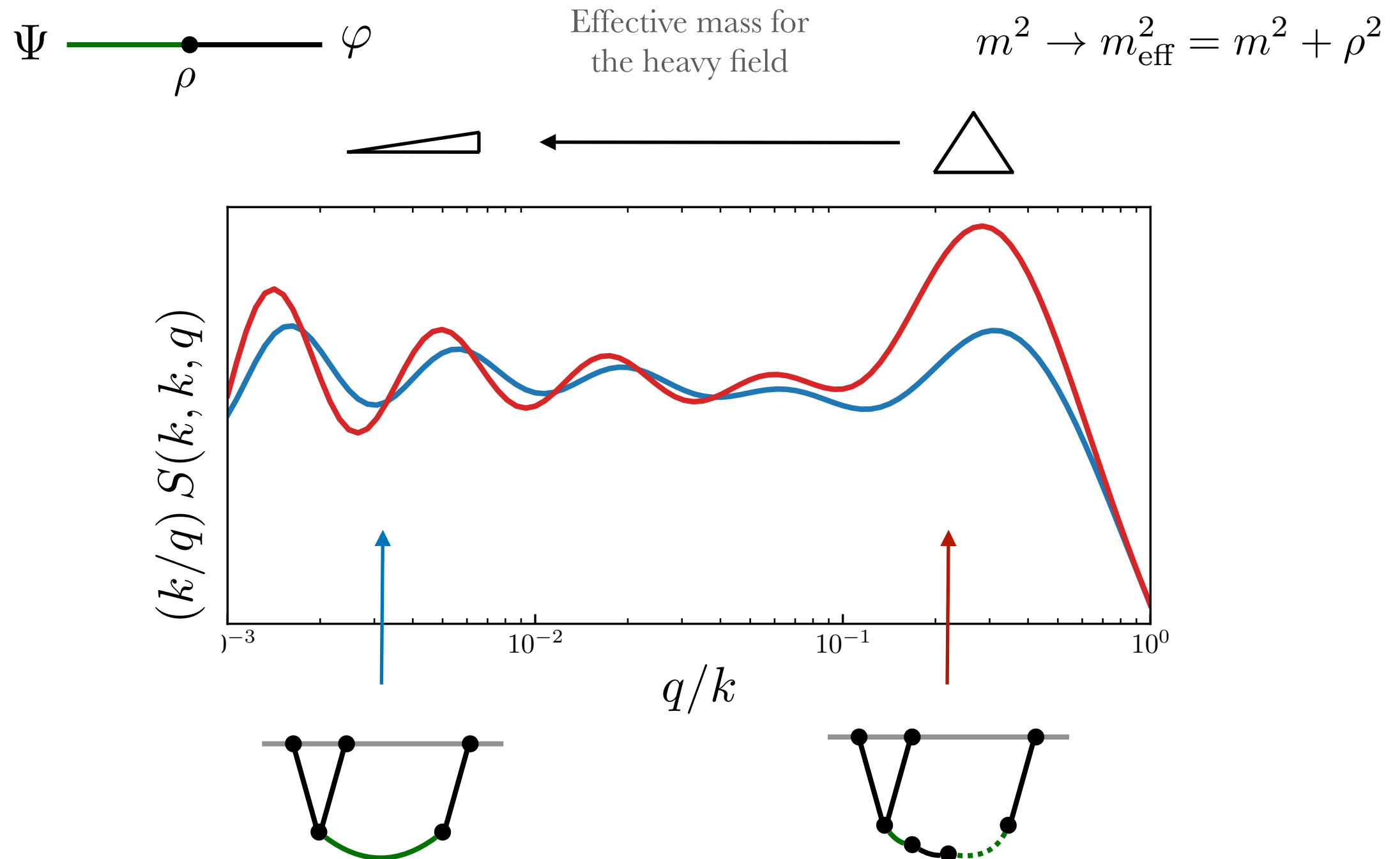
New Templates for Surveys

$$S = (k_3/k_1)^{\frac{1}{2}+n-\nu} \mathcal{A} \cos(\mu_c \log(k_3/k_1) + \varphi)$$

$$S = (k_3/k_1)^{\frac{1}{2}+n} \sum_{\pm} \mathcal{A}_{\pm} \cos[(\mu \pm \mu_c) \log(k_3/k_1) + \varphi_{\pm}]$$

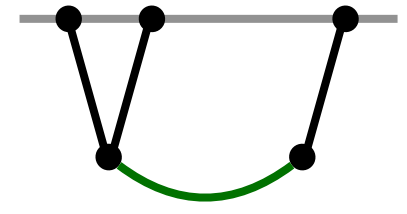
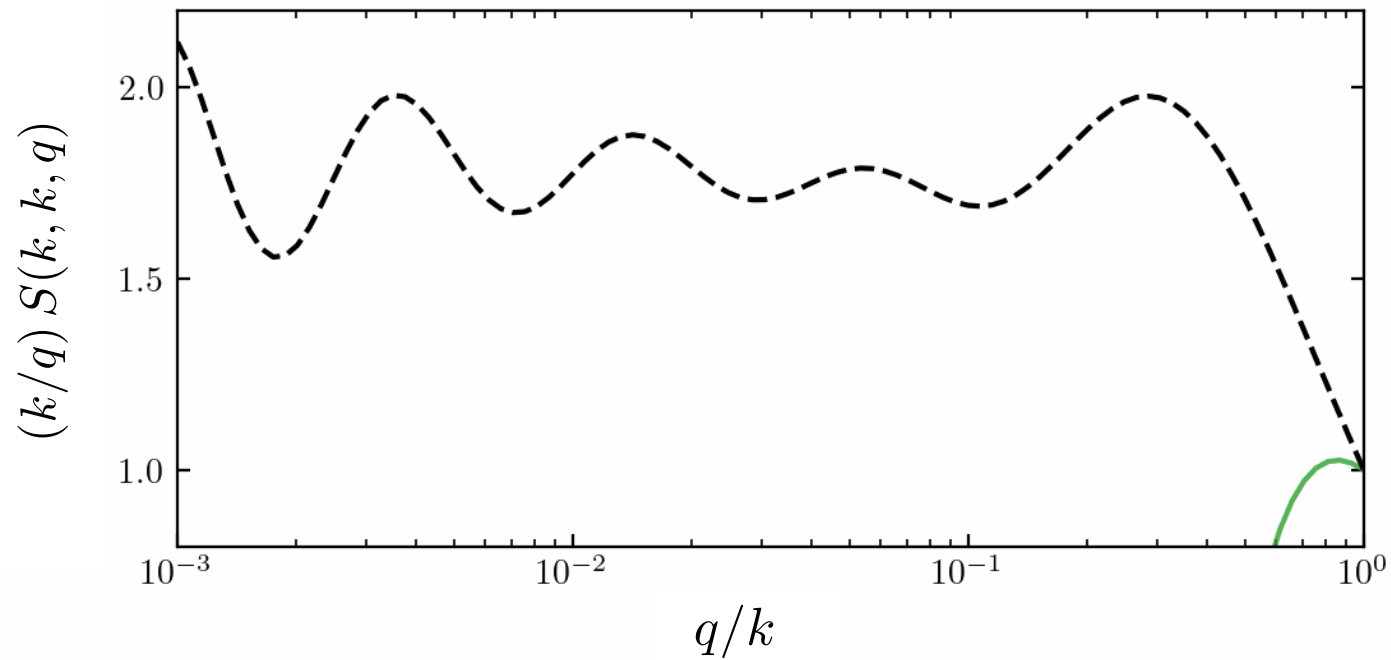
Resumming Cosmological Collider Signals

The cosmological collider signal of **heavy but weakly mixed** particle oscillates at the same frequency than that of a **light but strongly mixed** particle

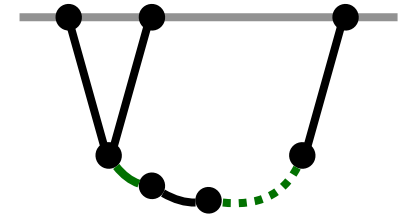
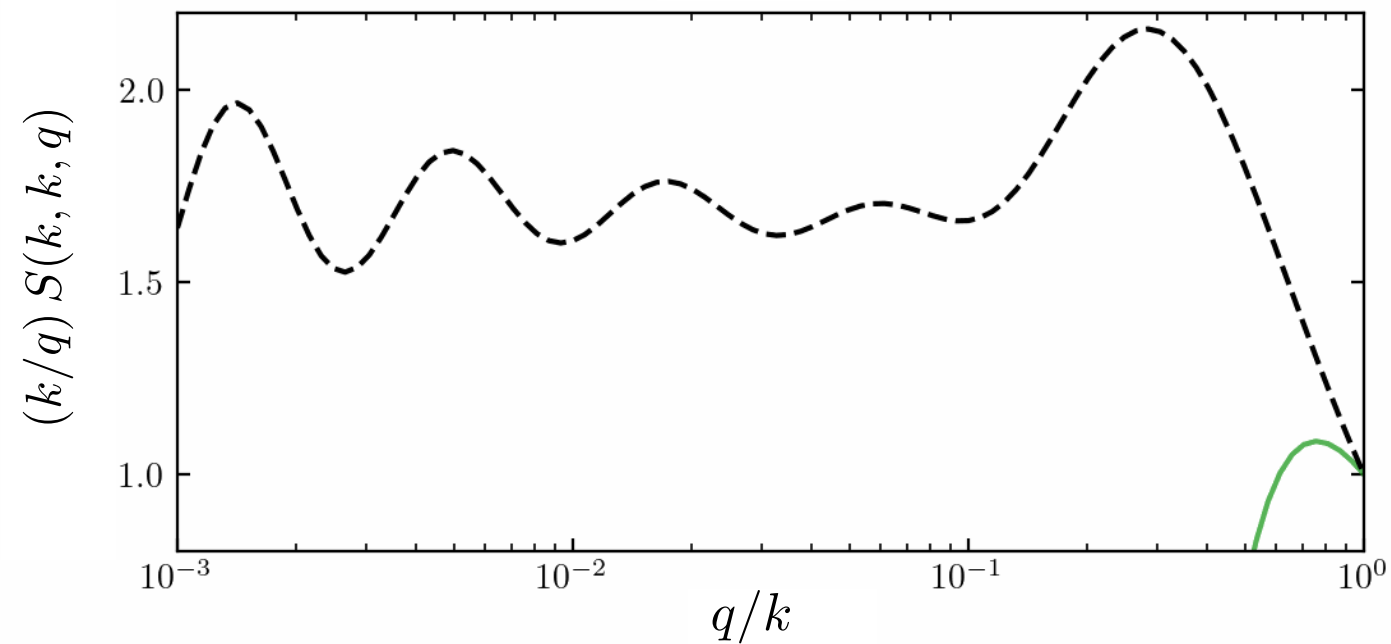


Mass resummation analogous to electron self-energy correction in QED

Cosmological Collider Flow



Weak mixing

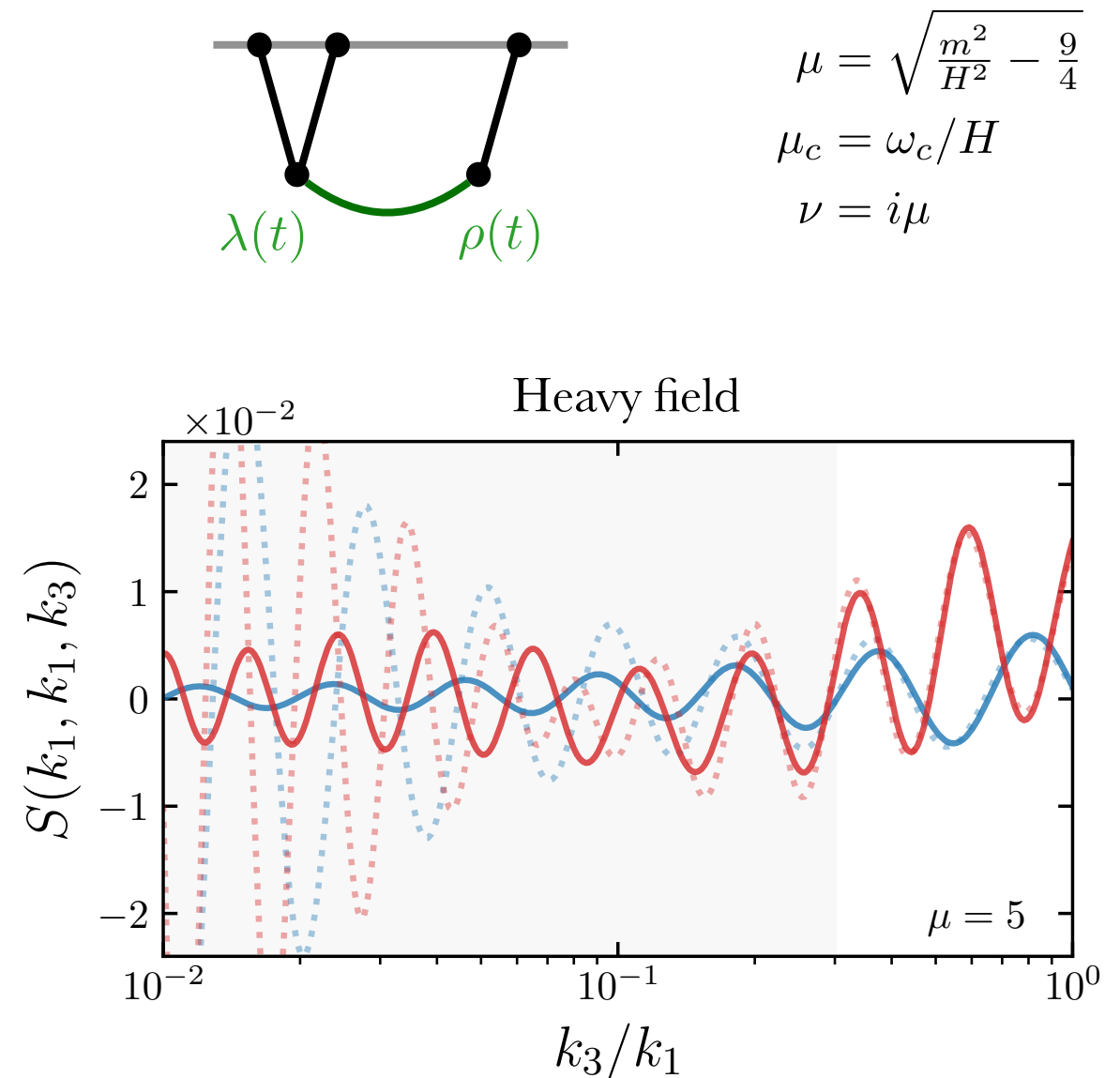
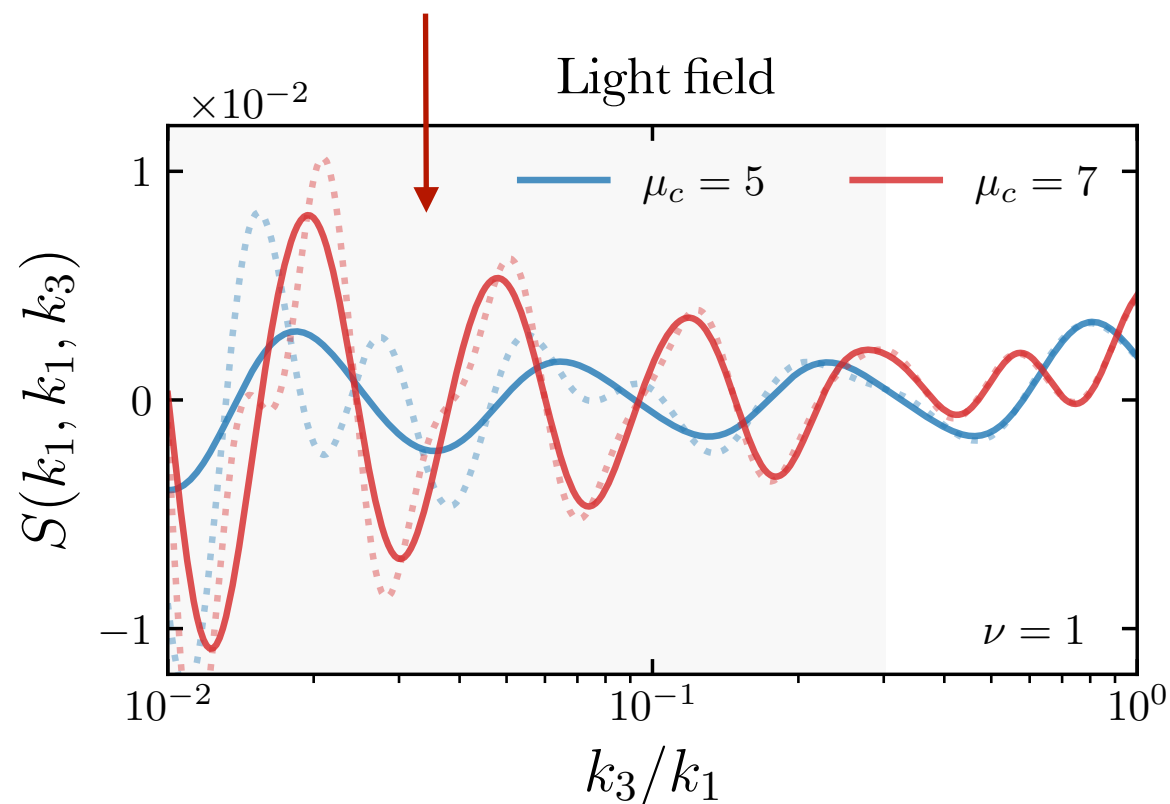


Strong mixing

Cosmological Collider with Features

The cosmological collider signal of an **oscillating linear mixing** exhibits new features

Expected distinctive oscillations in the
scale-dependent galaxy bias



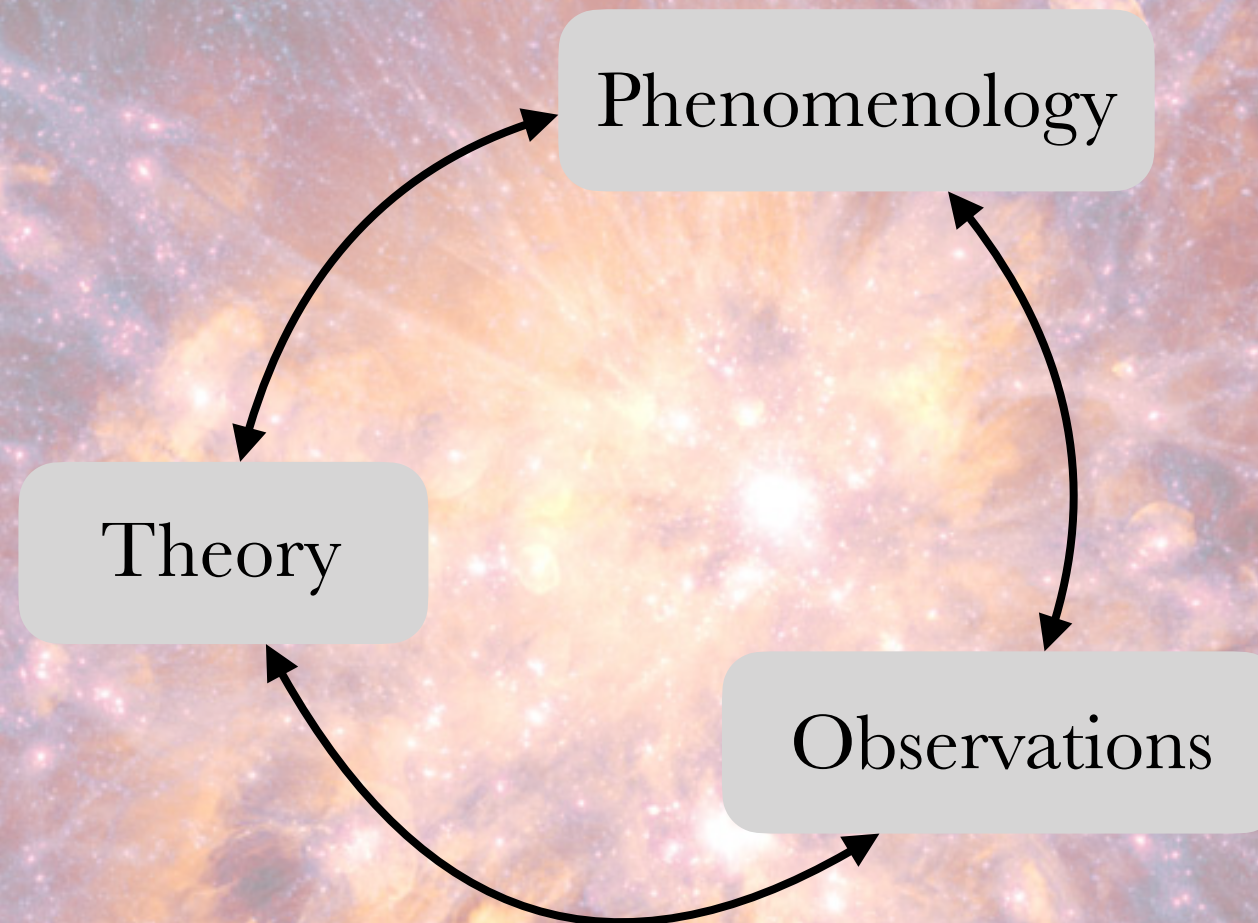
New templates

$$S = (k_3/k_1)^{\frac{1}{2}+n-\nu} \mathcal{A} \cos(\mu_c \log(k_3/k_1) + \varphi)$$

$$S = (k_3/k_1)^{\frac{1}{2}+n} \sum_{\pm} \mathcal{A}_{\pm} \cos[(\mu \pm \mu_c) \log(k_3/k_1) + \varphi_{\pm}]$$

Conclusion

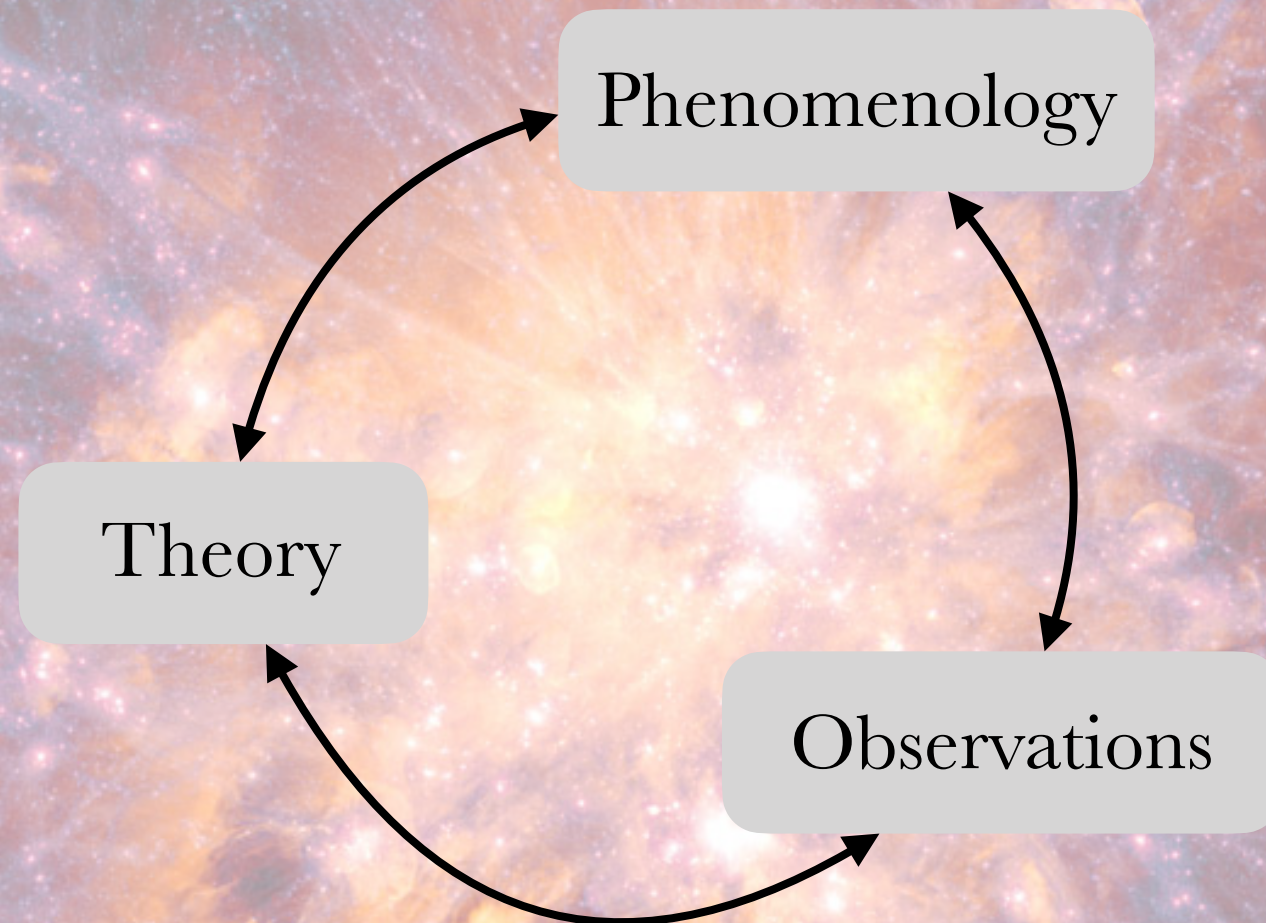
- ◎ Explore the space of observational signatures
- ◎ Build a complete theory/observable dictionary



- ◎ Explore/construct the space of theories
- ◎ Develop new technics to compute cosmological correlators

- ◎ Numerous/precise future cosmological data
- ◎ Need accurate templates

- ◎ Towards a complete theory/observable dictionary
- ◎ New cosmological collider signals



- ◎ Flow equations
- ◎ The Cosmological Flow

- ◎ Upcoming cosmological surveys
(CMB, LSS, 21cm, scale-dependent bias)
- ◎ New templates

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Email : werth@iap.fr
Website : www.iap.fr/useriap/werth

Thank you

