

ECFA Higgs/Top/EW Workshops

Dirk Zerwas (DMLab)

ESPPU Session at the IRN Terascale Meeting

November 13, 2024

- Introduction
- Physics Analysis Tools
- Physics
- Summary/Outlook



Introduction

2020: ECFA recognizes the need for the experimental and theoretical communities involved in physics studies, experiment designs and detector technologies at **future Higgs (*added top and EW*) factories** to gather. ECFA supports **a series of workshops** with the aim to share challenges and expertise, to **explore synergies in their efforts** and to respond coherently to this priority in the European Strategy for Particle Physics (ESPP).

WG1: Physics Potential

- Juan Alcaraz/Patrick Koppenburg
- James Wells/Jorge de Blas
- Jenny List
- Fabio Maltoni

WG2: Physics Analysis Tools

- Patrizia Azzi
- Fulvio Piccinini
- Dirk Zerwas

WG3: Detector R&D (set up post DRD)

- Mary-Cruz Fouz
- Giovanni Marchiori
- Felix Sefkow

Workshops:

- 2021: [Kickoff in ZOOM](#)
- 2022: [1st workshop in DESY](#)
- 2023: [2nd workshop in Paestum](#)
- 2024: [3rd workshop in Paris](#)

Activities:

- WG3 interface and relationship with DRD (talk in its own right, not covered here)
- WG2 Topical and focus meetings
- WG1 (and all): ECFA topics
- WG1-2-3: A Report

Circular:

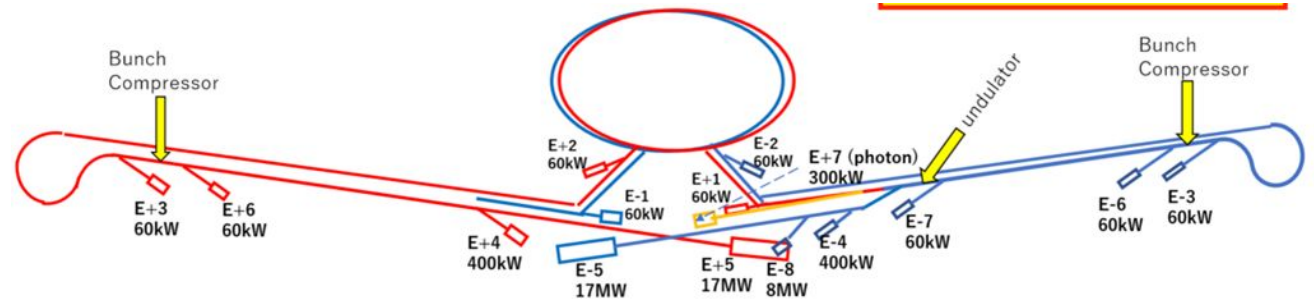
- 90km (FCC), 100km (CEPC)
- $\sqrt{s}=90\text{-}365\text{GeV}$
- **Tera-Z**

Machines/Proposals by derivative

Linear

- 27 km
- $\sqrt{s}=90\text{-}550\text{GeV}$
- **Giga-Z**

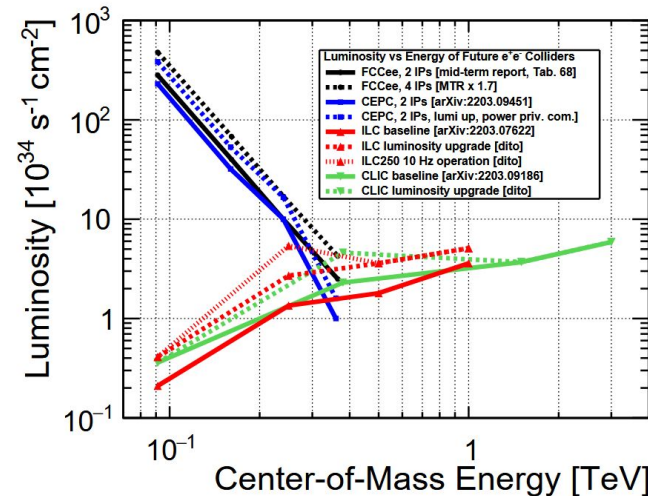
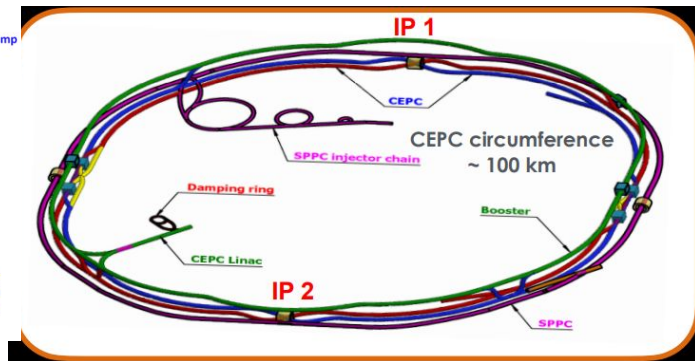
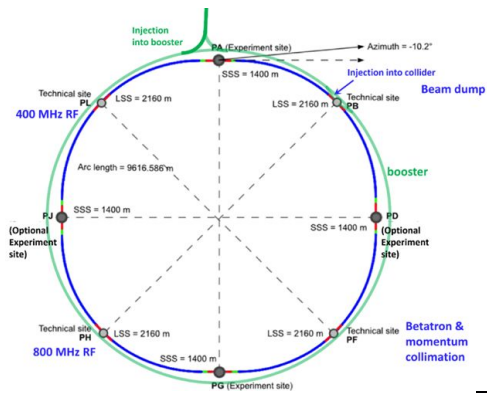
Parameter	Z	WW	H (ZH)	ttbar
beam energy [GeV]	45.6	80	120	182.5
beam current [mA]	1270	137	26.7	4.9
number bunches/beam	11200	1780	440	60
bunch intensity [10^{11}]	2.14	1.45	1.15	1.55
SR energy loss / turn [GeV]	0.0394	0.374	1.89	10.4
total RF voltage 400/800 MHz [GV]	0.120/0	1.0/0	2.1/0	2.1/9.4
long. damping time [turns]	1158	215	64	18
horizontal beta* [m]	0.11	0.2	0.24	1.0
vertical beta* [mm]	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.6
horizontal geometric emittance [nm]	0.71	2.17	0.71	1.59
vertical geom. emittance [pm]	1.9	2.2	1.4	1.6
vertical rms IP spot size [nm]	36	47	40	51
beam-beam parameter x_x / x_y	0.002/0.0973	0.013/0.128	0.010/0.088	0.073/0.134
rms bunch length with SR / BS [mm]	5.6 / 15.5	3.5 / 5.4	3.4 / 4.7	1.8 / 2.2
luminosity per IP [$10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]	140	20	≥ 5.0	1.25
total integrated luminosity / IP / year [ab^{-1}/yr]	17	2.4	0.6	0.15
beam lifetime rad Bhabha + BS [min]	15	12	12	11



Central messages:

- Strength of circular low(er) E lumi
- Strength of linear high(er) E lumi
- Luminosity != Luminosity (polarisation)
- **2nd gen Attobarn machines**
- \sqrt{s} is \sqrt{s} (to first order)

Quantity	Symbol	Unit	Initial	\mathcal{L} Upgrade
Centre of mass energy	\sqrt{s}	GeV	250	250
Luminosity	\mathcal{L}	$10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	1.35	2.7
Polarization for e^-/e^+	$P_-(P_+)$	%	80(30)	80(30)
Repetition frequency	f_{rep}	Hz	5	5
Bunches per pulse	n_{bunch}	1	1312	2625
Bunch population	N_e	10^{10}	2	2
Linac bunch interval	Δt_b	ns	554	366
Beam current in pulse	I_{pulse}	mA	5.8	8.8
Beam pulse duration	t_{pulse}	μs	727	961
Average beam power	P_{ave}	MW	5.3	10.5
RMS bunch length	σ_z^*	mm	0.3	0.3
Norm. hor. emitt. at IP	$\gamma\epsilon_x$	μm	5	5
Norm. vert. emitt. at IP	$\gamma\epsilon_y$	nm	35	35
RMS hor. beam size at IP	σ_x^*	nm	516	516
RMS vert. beam size at IP	σ_y^*	nm	7.7	7.7
Luminosity in top 1%	$\mathcal{L}_{0.01}/\mathcal{L}$		73%	73%
Beamstrahlung energy loss	δ_{BS}		2.6%	2.6%
Site AC power	P_{site}	MW	111	128
Site length	L_{site}	km	20.5	20.5

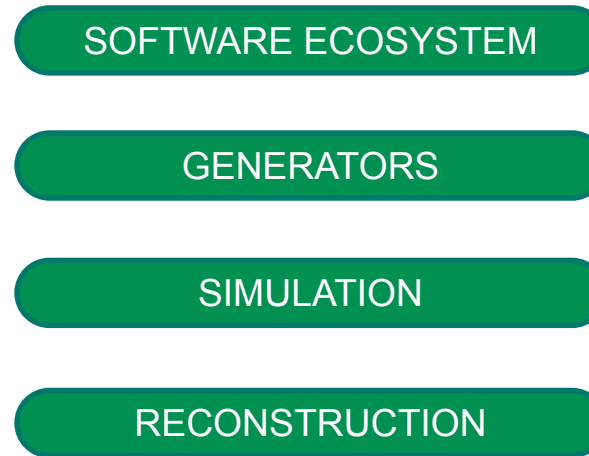
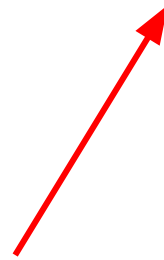


Technologies

- ILC
- CLIC
- C³
- HALHF

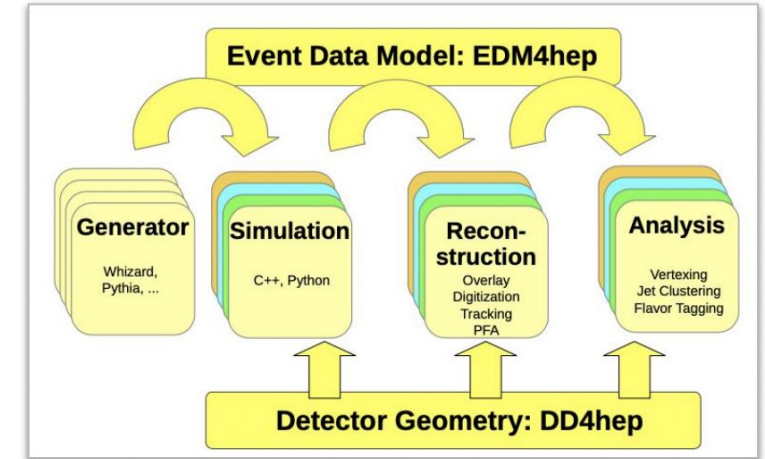
Physics Analysis Tools

- Monte Carlo generators for e+e- precision EW, Flavour, Higgs, and top physics,
- Luminosity measurements
- Software framework
- Fast simulation and the limitations of such techniques
- Full Simulation
- Track and vertex reconstruction algorithms
- Jet algorithms / jet reconstruction
- Particle-flow reconstruction and global event description
- Requirements on particle identification
- Flavour tagging algorithms
- Importance of timing information
- Constrained fit
- *Coffee*
- *Tea*
- *Donuts*
- *eclair au chocolat*



KEY4HEP Ecosystem:

- EDM4HEP
- Geometry DD4HEP
- Gaudi
- DIRAC
- ILCSoft
- FCC
- CEPCSW
- ACTS....



Adopted by ECFA(well...), CEPC, C³, FCC, ILC :

- Interoperability of algorithms
- comparisons and improvements

Generators

LEP era generators:

- Pythia
- Herwig
- KKMC
- Babayaga, BHLUMI (specialized)

LHC era generators (automation):

- Madgraph
- Sherpa

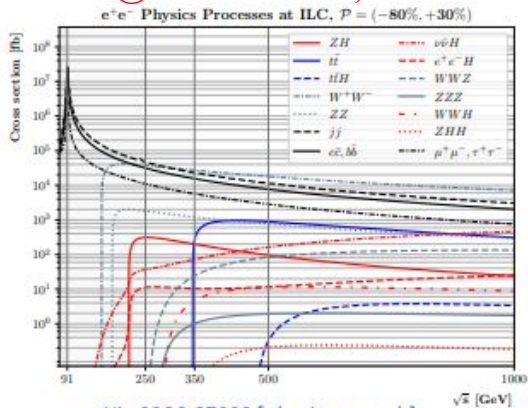
Modern e+e- era generators:

- Whizard
- CIRCE (specialized)

Goal:

- Update and extend

Whizard e+e- (talk by Reuter@LCWS2024)



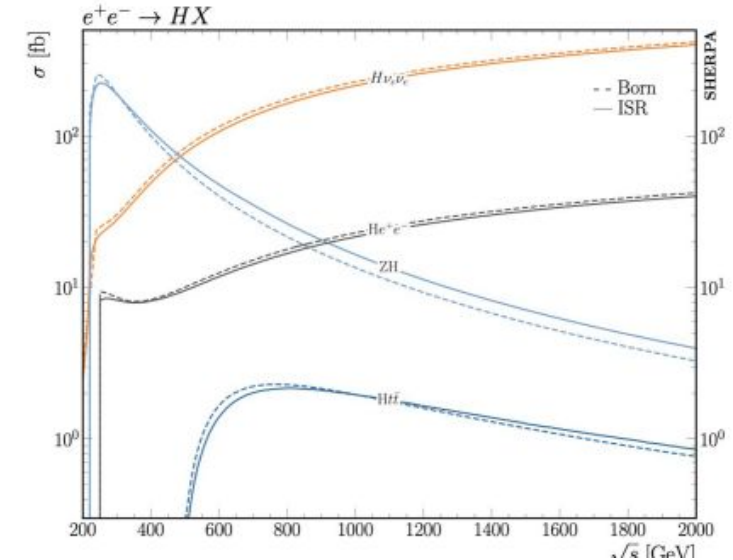
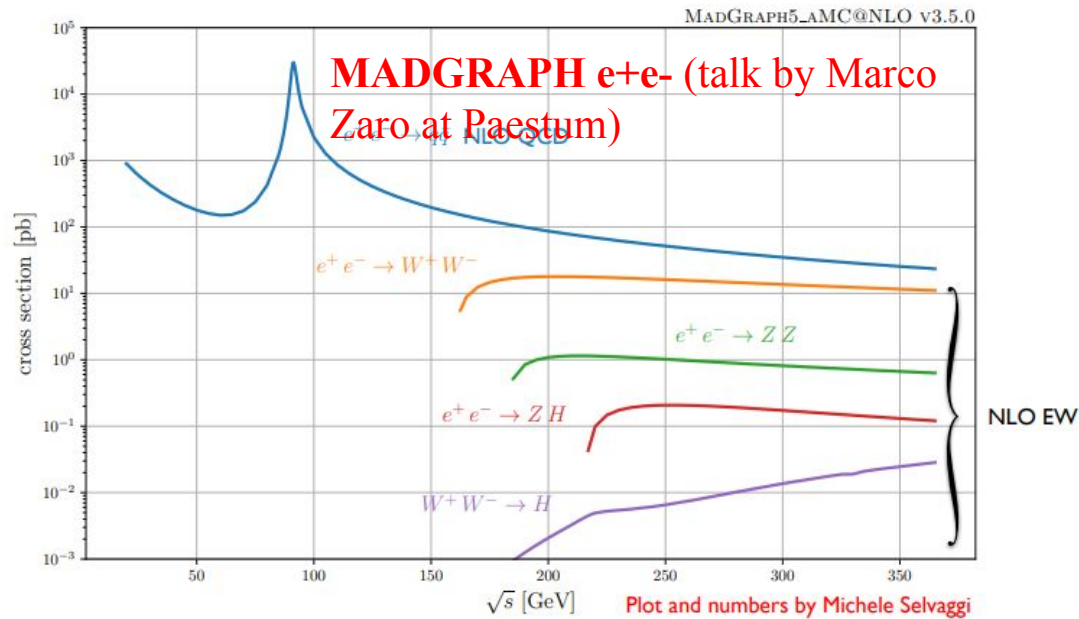
Beamstrahlung:

- high density of bunches leads to strong fields
- machine dependent (Guinea Pig)
- Input to Generators (MADGRAPH, Whizard)
- Provide a consistent set for all machines

QED:

- ePDF, QED Parton Shower and Yennie-Frautchi-Suura resummation
- Some generators use ePDF (thought we got rid of this, but no....)

SHERPA e+e- (talk by Daniel Reichelt at Paris)



Generators: Configuration

Attobarn data with N^n LO under control:

- many generators claim the same precision (differing approaches)
- needs high precision in generation
- first step: **cross section**
- second step: **differential distributions**
- **Technical Benchmarks**

```

Generators:
- Sherpa
- Whizard
- Madgraph
- KKMC
- Pythia

OutputFormat: hepmc3
OutDir: Run-Cards
Events: 10000
EventMode: unweighted

SqrtS: 91.2
Model: SM
ISRMode: 0

Processes:
  Muon:
    Final: [13, -13]
    Order: [2, 0]

  Tau:
    Final: [15, -15]
    Order: [2, 0]

Sherpa:
  Run:
    EW_SCHEME: 3

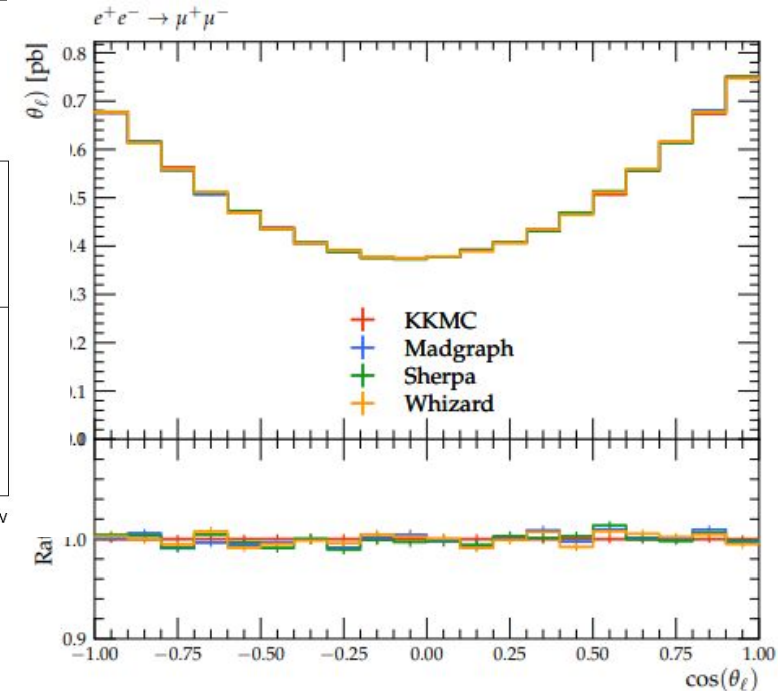
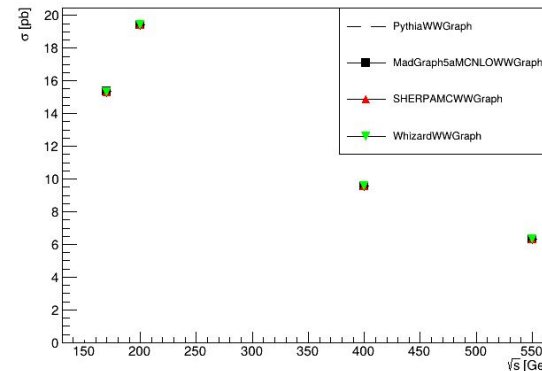
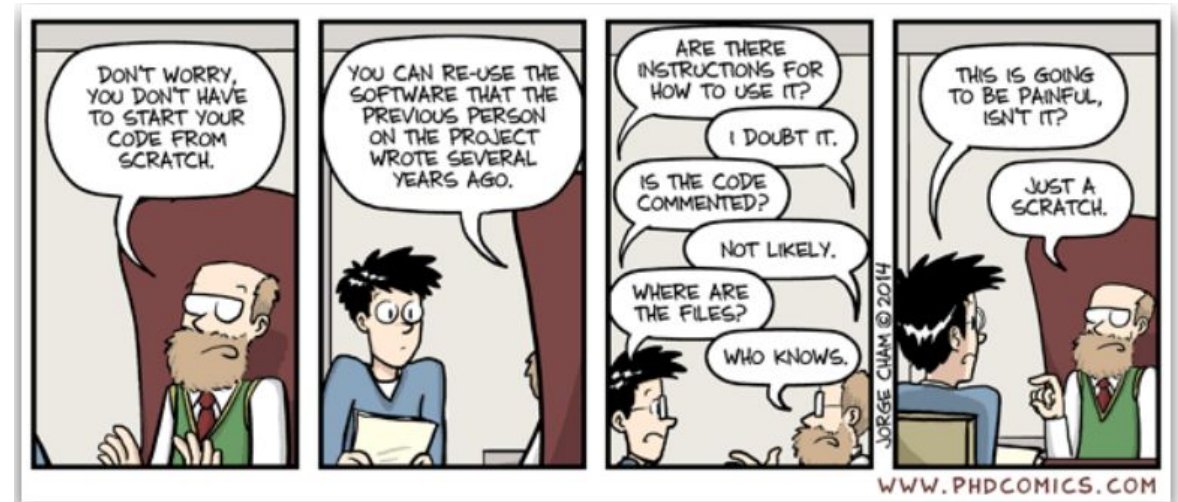
ParticleData:
  23:
    mass: 91.1876
    width: 2.4952
    
```

k4GeneratorsConfig in KEY4HEP:

- define process
- define generators
- generates datacards for the generators
- generates run script in KEY4HEP

behind the scenes:

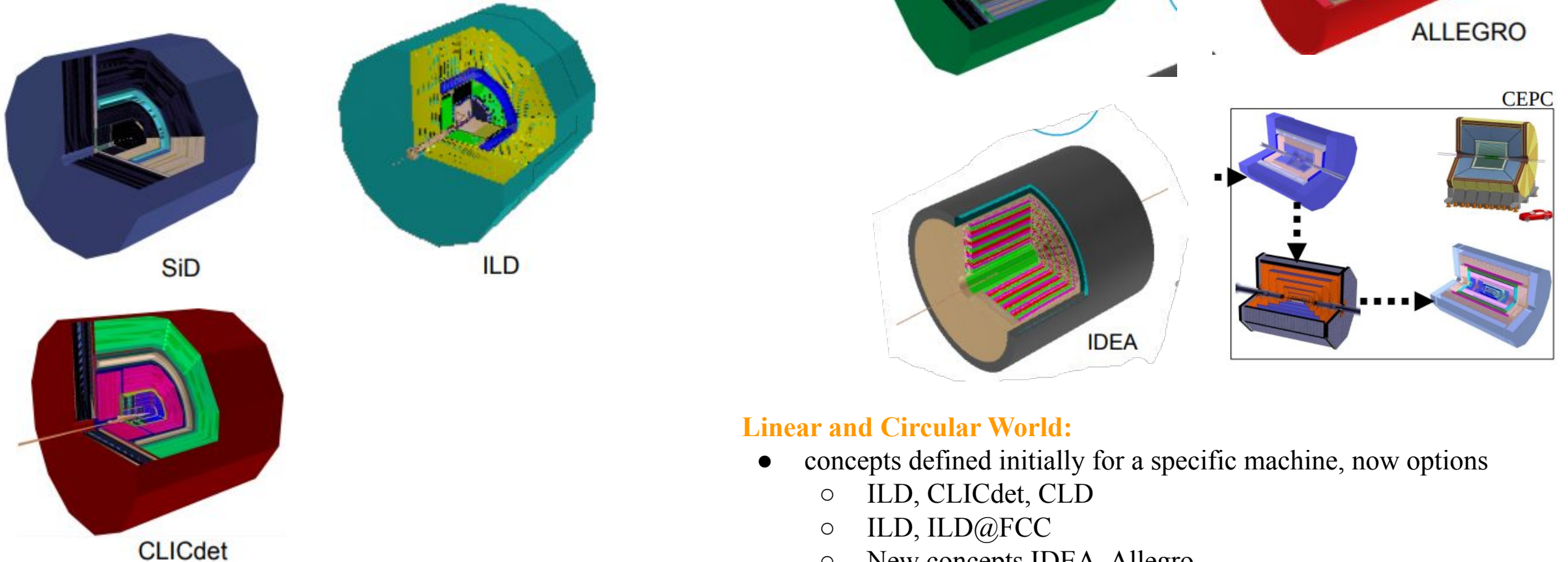
- converter HEPMC/LHE to EDM4HEP
- interface to Pythia for MADGRAPH
- PythiaRunner with PhaseSpace cuts
- lots of subtle effects (started with 10% deviations!!)



Physics Analysis Tools: Concepts

KEY4HEP contains DD4HEP:

- geometry definitions of detectors
- residing in the same framework
- enabling assembly of via detector exchange



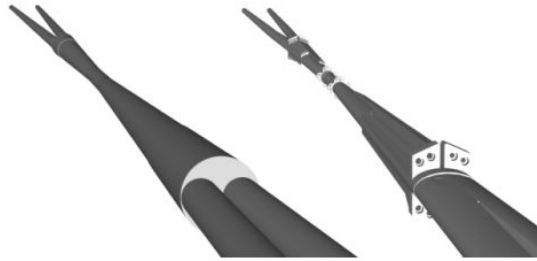
Linear and Circular World:

- concepts defined initially for a specific machine, now options
 - ILD, CLICdet, CLD
 - ILD, ILD@FCC
 - New concepts IDEA, Allegro

Physics Analysis Tools: Simulation Geometry

Shared MachineDetectorInterface (MDI):

- FCC
- ILD@FCC



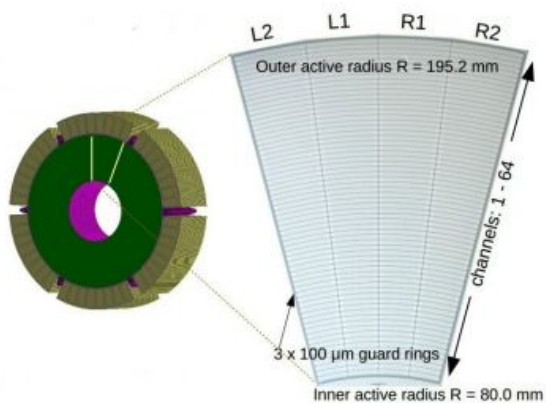
Tracking:

- Si+Gaseous (TPC or Drift Chamber IDEA)
- Si+Si

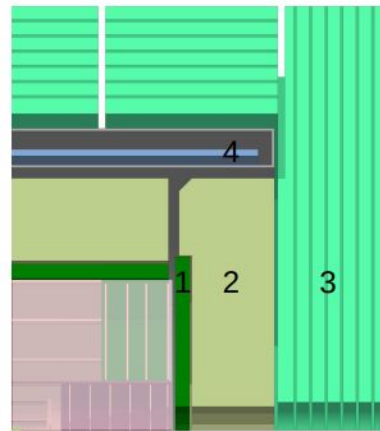
Calo:

- Calo Type 1: SiW with concurrent simulation of two HCALs
- Calo Type 2: Noble Liquid+TileCal
- Calo Type 3: Dual readout (scintillation+cerenkov)

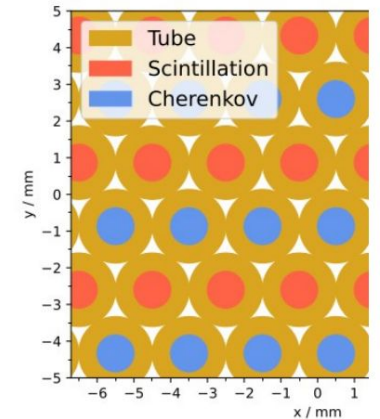
SiW Lumimeter for ILC, FCC and CEPC:



Lumimeter geometry



Muon chambers RPC
ParticleID ARCH (before Calo)



General move to full simulation:

- tremendous effort by all groups
- necessary for detailed understanding of performance
- enabled by exchangeability of subdetectors (devil is in the details)

Physics Analysis Tools: Reconstruction

Tracking reconstruction:

- ILD (cellular automata+kalman extrapolation)
- Conformal (CLIC)
- ACTS (in progress)

Clustering:

- CLUE alg (energy density based from HGAL)

Particle Flow:

- ARBOR (LLR and CEPC)
- Pandora aka new CERN DG
- ML/AI (on simplified events)
- **changes the optimization from single detector to concept**

High Level:

- Particle ID
- Vertexing
- Flavour tagging
- jet reconstruction (Fastjet)

Hopfield Model inside

Tracking in iLCSoft

pattern recognition and Kalman-Filter

Chupatru LCIO DDRec MarlinKalTest DDKalTest

Particle Flow Algorithms

High Level Reconstruction

analysing the Particle Flow Objects

- **High-Level reconstruction** algorithms are crucial to achieve the ultimate physics reach of detectors
- vertex finding and flavor tagging: **LCFIPlus**
- PID tools: dE/dx, TOF, shower shapes, ...
- Jet clustering: Durham, Valencia, ...

- very active field of development
 - already good set of tools available
 - further improvement in HLR tools often directly impacts the final physics performance

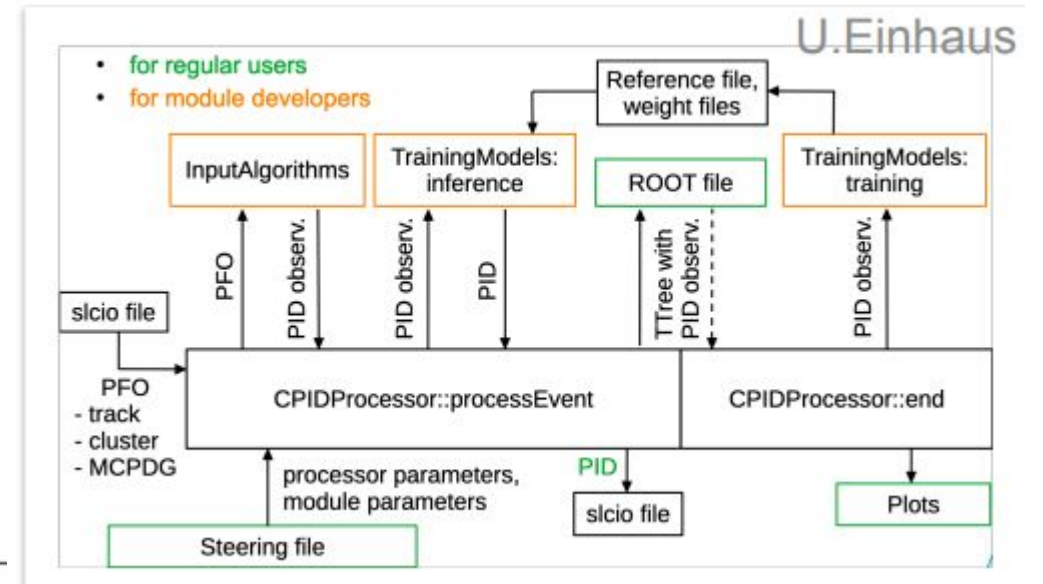
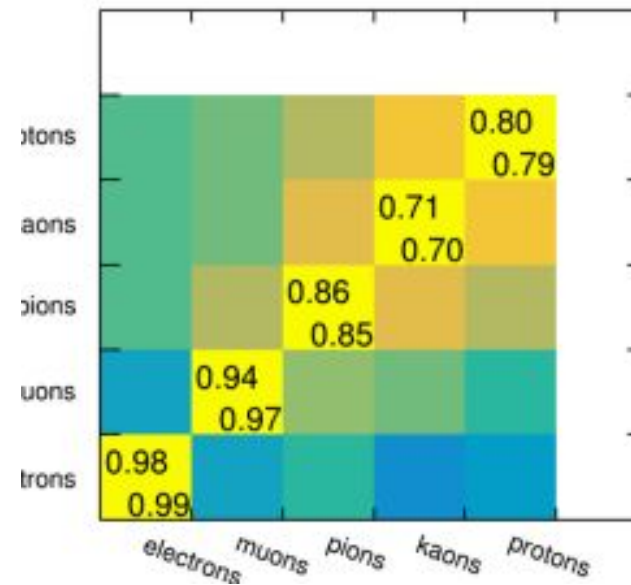
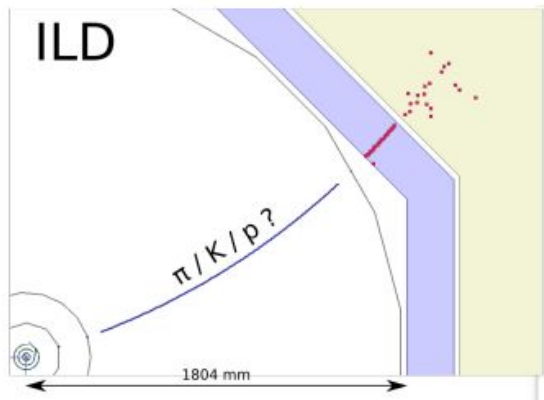
δΛ_{HHH} improves by 40% w/ perfect jet clustering

DESY, Frank Gaede, LCWS 2021, 17.03.21

Charged Particle ID

Comprehensive charged particle identification:

- ParticleFlowID
- Dedicated Lepton ID
- dE/dx (TPC)
- TimeOfFlight
- Cluster Counting (drift chamber)



Allows for use:

- use as is
- new training
- adding algorithms etc
- interface to be moved to EDM4HEP

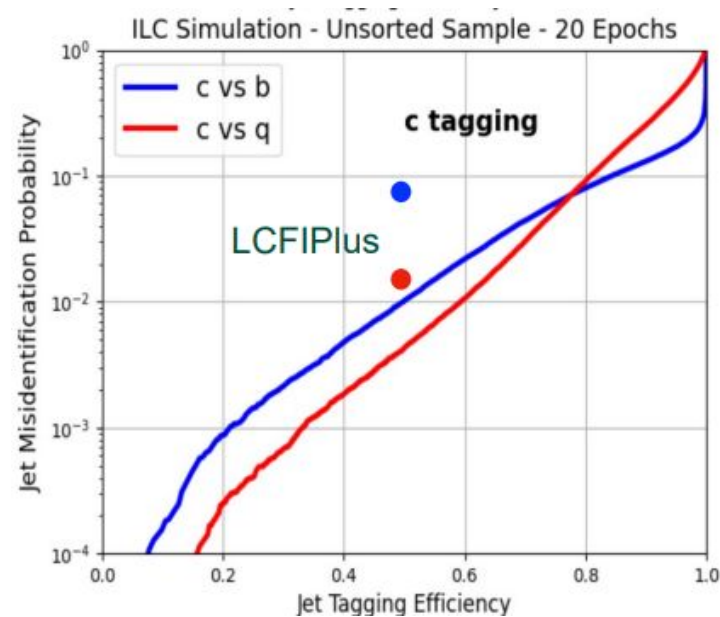
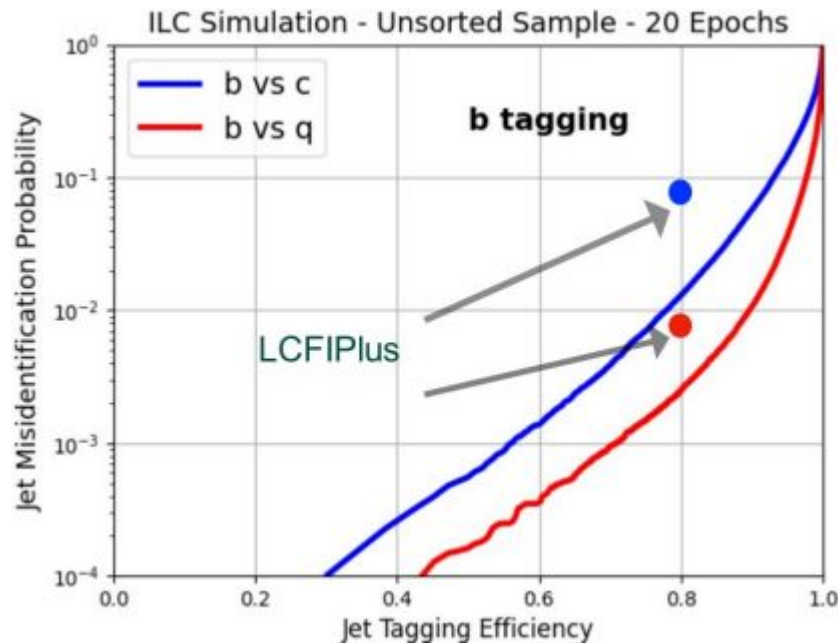
Tagging

Particle Transformer (a nice example of cross project collaboration):

- developed for FCC (circular) based on ParticleNet
- discussions on input variables, training etc
- moved to newer and more performant ParticleTransformer
- clear improvement on the old standard (DNN etc) LCFIPlus

Combining with CPID:

- strange tagging



	s-tag 80% eff.	
Method	g-bkg acceptance (%)	d-bkg acceptance (%)
ILD full sim. CPID	25.7	42.7
ILD full sim. Truth PID	23.2	38.0
FCC 1M (PID+tof)	20.3	29.6

Some questions under study:

- performance improves “limitless” with statistics....TBC

Many algorithms being tested and developed in various degrees of maturity

Physics

Higgs Factories all study:

- Higgs: mass, branching ratios, couplings, angular distributions
- top quark: mass, couplings
- electroweak: Z boson, W boson
- All together via EFT
- with varying “emphasis”=luminosity/polarisation...

ECFA Topics:

- Bring together circular, linear and LHC
- choose topics where joint work is useful

- HtoSS: $e^+e^- \rightarrow Zh: h \rightarrow ss$
- ZH ang: ZH angular distributions and CP studies
- Hself: Determination of the Higgs self-coupling
- Wmass: Mass and width of the W boson
- WWdiff: Full studies of WW and evW
- TTthresh: Top threshold - detector-level studies of $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
- LUMI: Precision luminosity measurement
- EXscalar: New exotic scalars
- LLPs: Long-lived particles
- EXtt: Exotic top decays
- CKMWW: CKM matrix elements with on-shell and boosted W decays
- BKtautau: $B^0 \rightarrow K^{0*} \tau^+ \tau^-$
- TwoF: EW precision - 2-fermion final states
- BCfrag/Gsplit: Measurement of b - and c -fragmentation functions and hadronisation rates and measurement of gluon splitting to $b\bar{b} / c\bar{c}$

Physics: Luminosity

Motivation:

- Precise absolute measurements need precise luminosity measurements

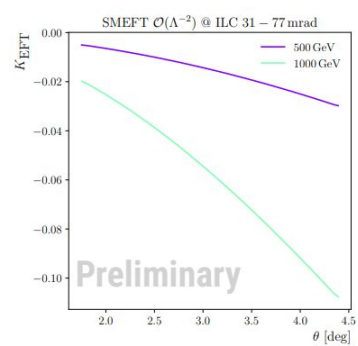
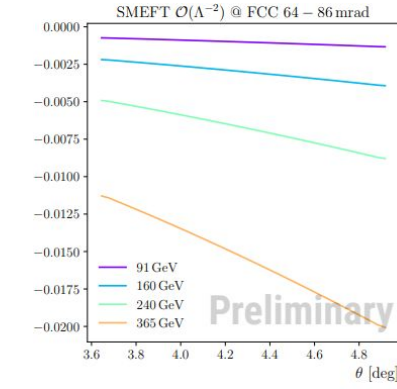
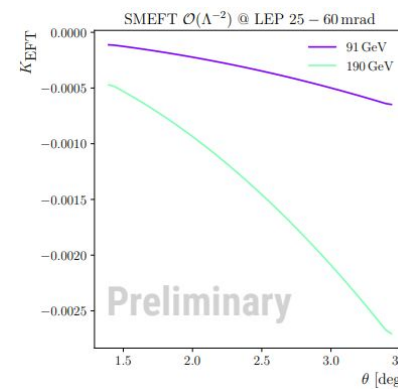
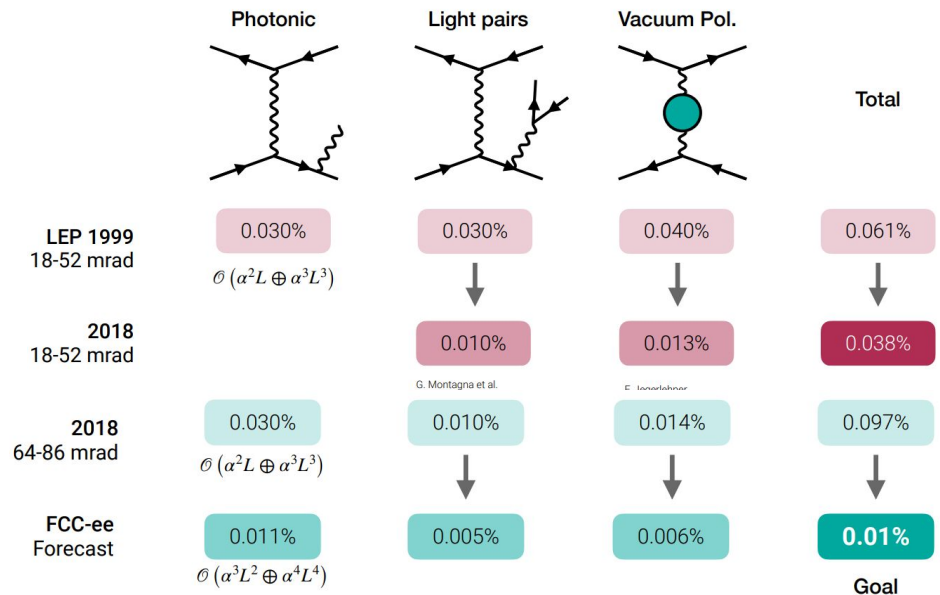
Small Angle Bhabha Scattering (SABS):

- Advantages: large rate, well-understood (LEP)
- Challenges: metrology requirements (μm scale), beam–beam and beam–final-state particle interactions, beam energy systematics, hadronic vacuum polarization uncertainty in theory calculation
- Recent work: (updated) metrology requirements for ILC and CEPC
- Generators and calculation precision (lots of fun)
- Estimate the impact of new physics: yes we can

$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta}\right)_{SM+new} = \left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta}\right)_{SM} \left[1 + \frac{c_8 s^2}{8\pi\alpha\Lambda^4} \sin^2\theta\right]$$

Two Photon Production:

- Advantages: smaller non-perturbative theory effects, no deflection of outgoing photon
- Challenges: smaller rate, large SABS background, few existing MC generators
- high-granularity calorimeter and/or mini-tracker for improvement e^+/e^- angle measurements and e/γ separation
- Effect of new physics, can be “measured”

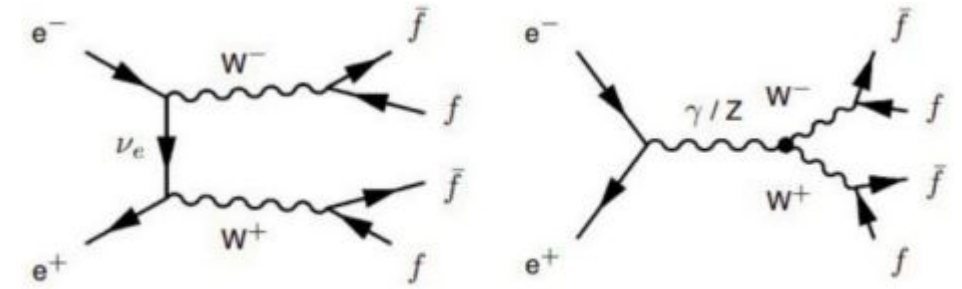
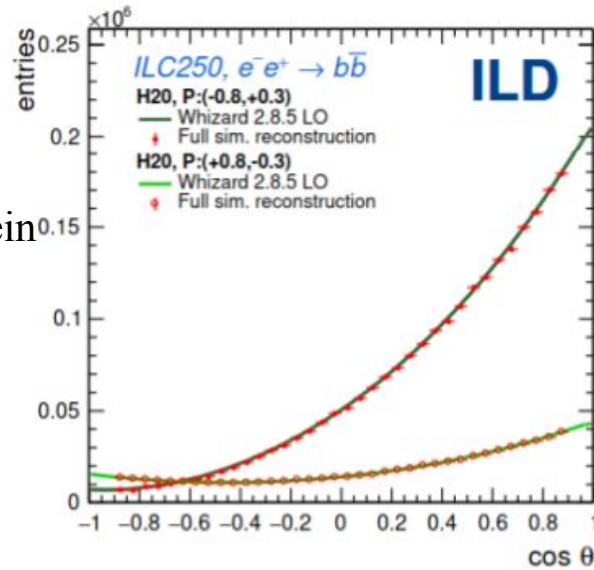
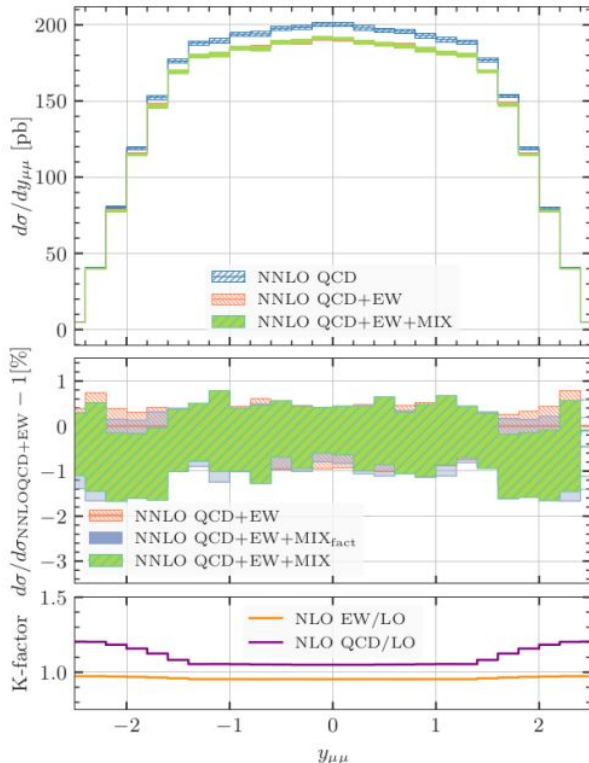


P.Ucci in Paris (Babayaga)

Physics: Electroweak

Two fermion measurements:

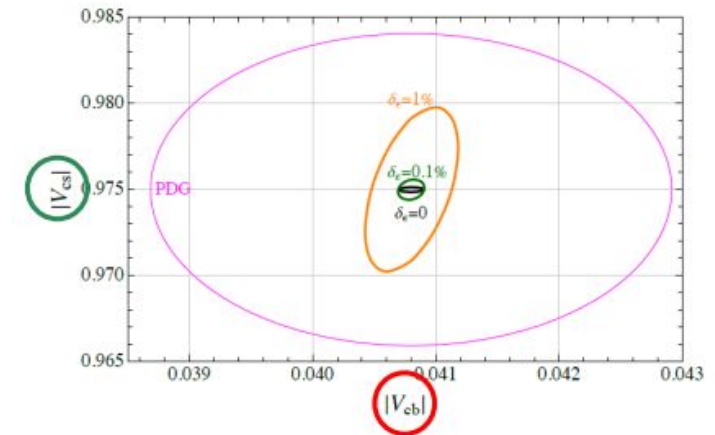
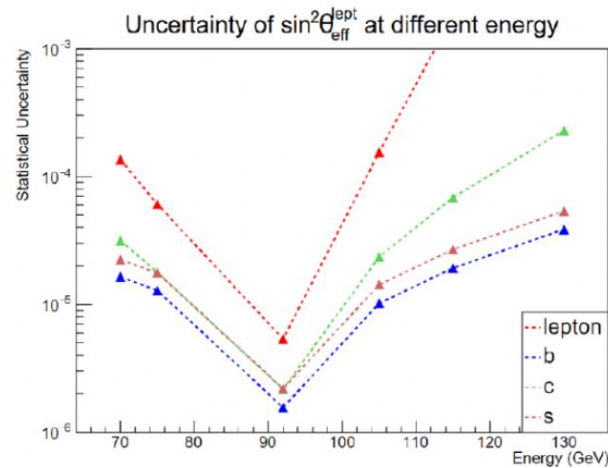
- simple
- high statistics
- difficult
- super playground for loopVerein
- needs extremely good tagging
- $\sin^2\theta_{\text{stat}} \sim 10^{-6}$!

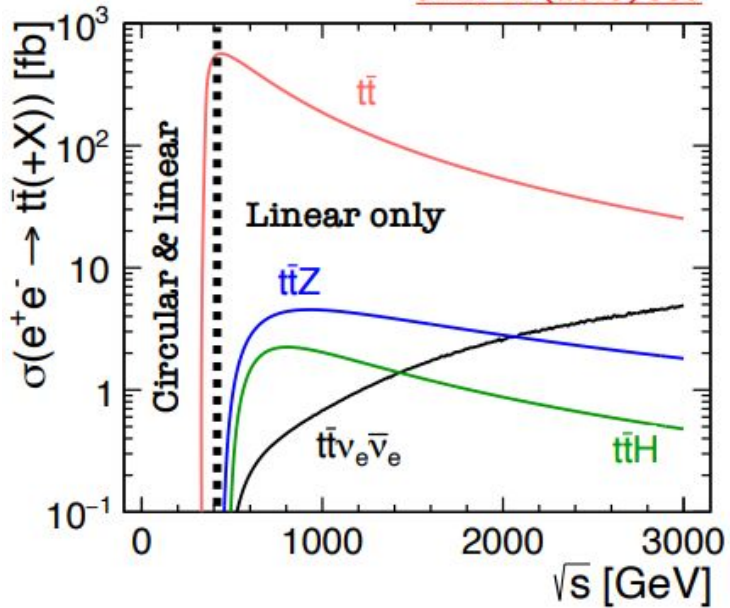


W access to CKM matrix element:

- access to V_{cb} and V_{cs}
- high statistics: 100 M events at any collider
- difficult: needs extremely good tagging

$W^- \rightarrow$	$\bar{u}d$	$\bar{u}s$	$\bar{u}b$	$\bar{c}d$	$\bar{c}s$	$\bar{c}b$
BR	31.8%	1.7%	4.5×10^{-6}	1.7%	31.7%	5.9×10^{-4}
N_{ev}	64×10^6	3.4×10^6	900	3.4×10^6	63×10^6	118×10^3
$\delta_{V_{ij}}^{\text{th}}$	0.0063 %	0.027 %	1.7 %	0.027 %	0.0063 %	0.15 %





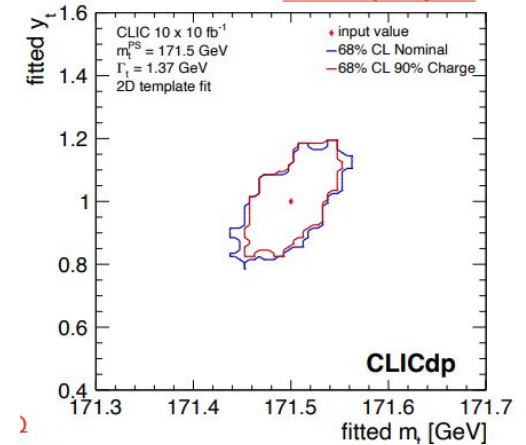
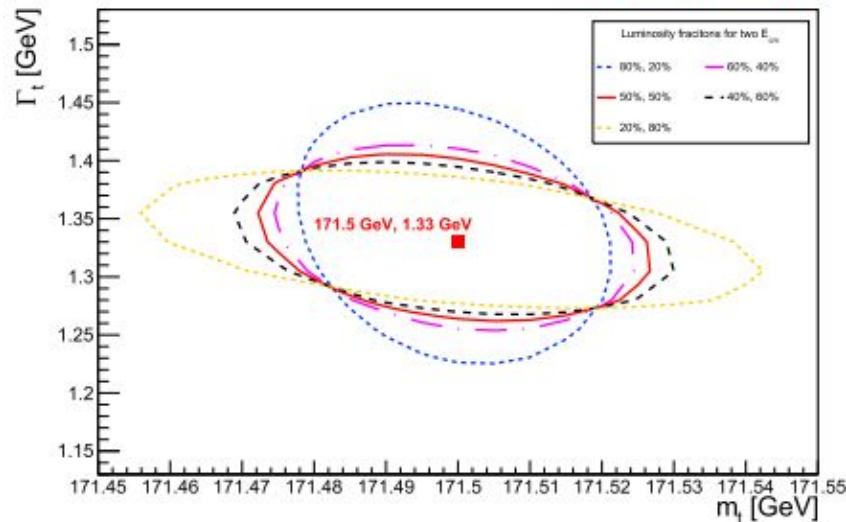
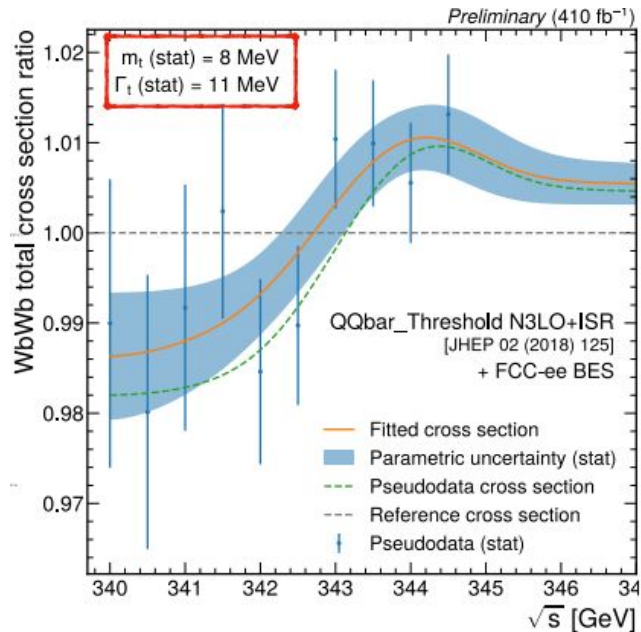
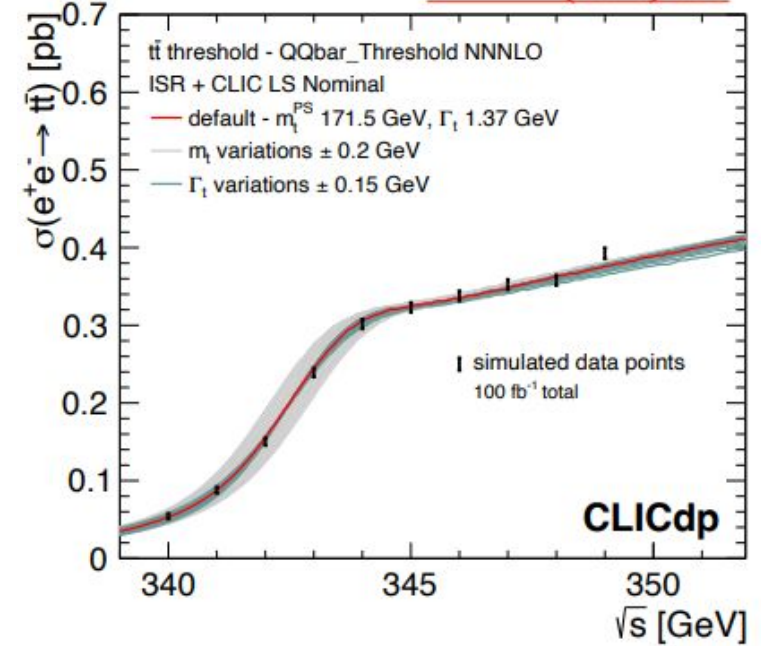
Physics: Top

Physics motivation:

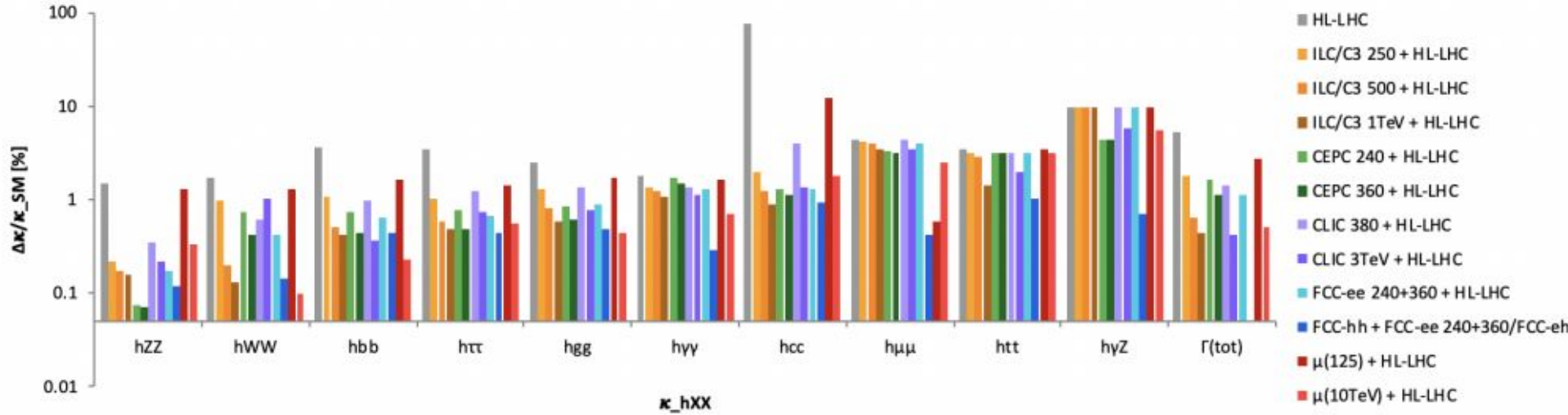
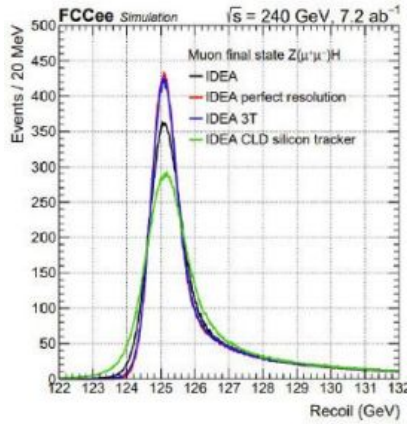
- Internal consistency of the SM with Higgs mass and W boson mass
- Stability of the Electroweak vacuum at the Planck scale

Measuring the top quark mass:

- Turn-on curve at threshold
- cross section measurement
- depends on width, yukawa (direct or indirect), αS , scales.....
- expect 10 MeV (stat) to ~ 100 MeV including scheme translation error



Physics: Higgs



Measurement of the mass:

- high precision with recoil mass (Z to electrons and muons) $\sim 3\text{MeV}$
- Implications for detectors... (Tracking resolution, B-field,...)

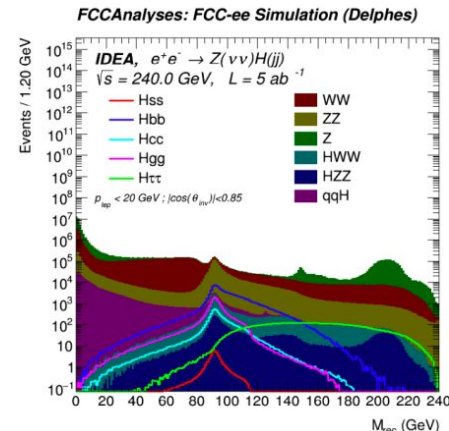
	Final state	Muon	Electron	Combination
Nominal configuration	Nominal	3.92(4.74)	4.95(5.68)	3.07(3.97)
Crystal ECAL to Dual Readout	Categorized	3.92(4.74)	4.95(5.68)	3.10(3.97)
	Degradation electron resolution			3.24(4.12)
Nominal 2 T → field 3 T	Magnetic field 3T	3.22(4.14)	4.11(4.83)	2.54(3.52)
IDEA drift chamber → CLD Si tracker	Silicon tracker	5.11(5.73)	5.89(6.42)	3.86(4.55)
Impact of Beam Energy Spread	BES 6% uncertainty	3.92(4.79)	4.95(5.92)	3.07(3.98)
	Disable BES	2.11(3.31)	2.93(3.88)	1.71(2.92)
Perfect (=gen-level) momentum resolution	Ideal resolution	3.12(3.95)	3.58(4.52)	2.42(3.40)
	Freeze backgrounds	3.91(4.74)	4.95(5.67)	3.07(3.96)
	Remove backgrounds	3.08(4.13)	3.51(4.58)	2.31(3.45)

Physics motivation:

- detect hints for BSM

Measurement of BRs:

- complete picture: HWW, HZZ, Hgg, Hbb, Hcc,...
- Htt (depends on \sqrt{s})

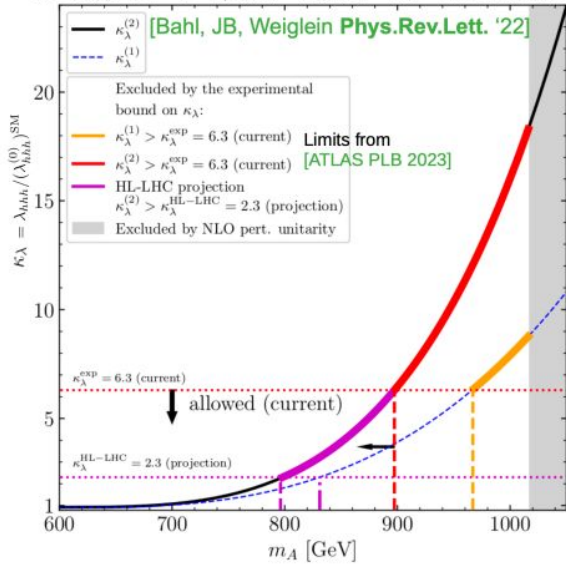


BR Higgs to strange:

- strangeness taggers
- definition (theory Dalitz)
- it's tough but with ab-1 colliders....

Physics: Higgs self coupling

2HDM type I, $\alpha = \beta - \pi/2$, $m_A = m_{H^\pm}$, $M = m_H = 600$ GeV, $\tan \beta = 2$

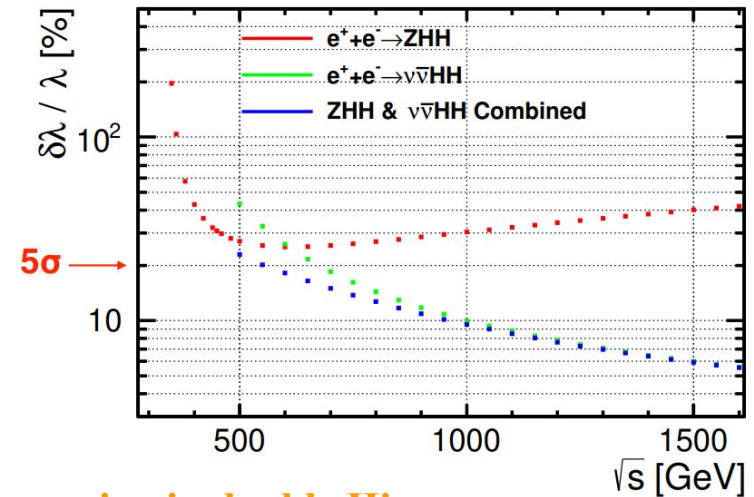
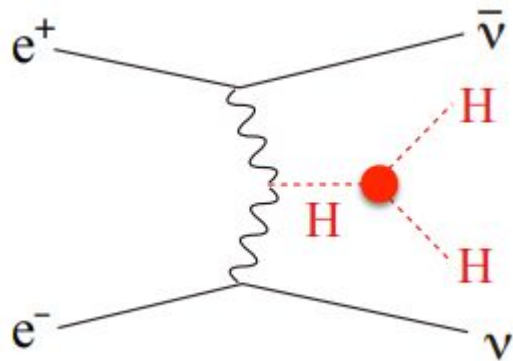
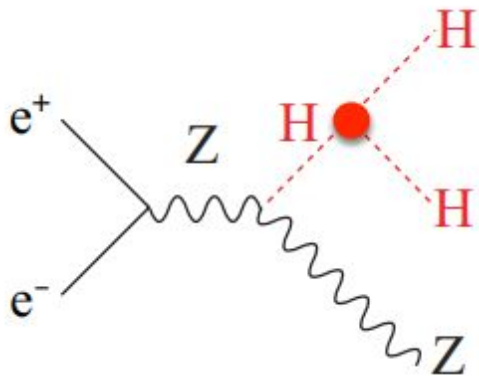
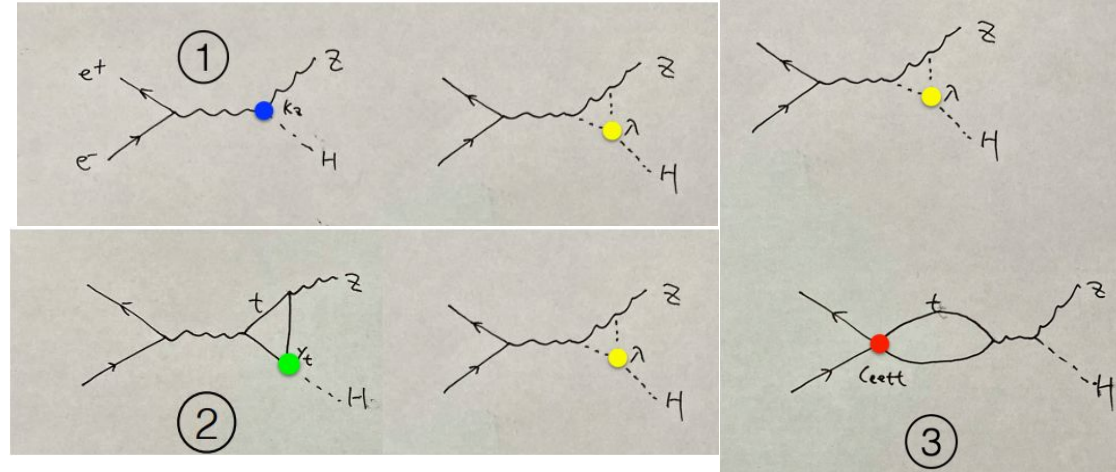


Measuring the HHH coupling:

- understand the form of the Higgs potential
- information UV complete models

Measuring via RCs in single Higgs:

- ZH coupling
- top Yukawa
- four fermions
- new operators calculated
- needs a complete description at (N)LO



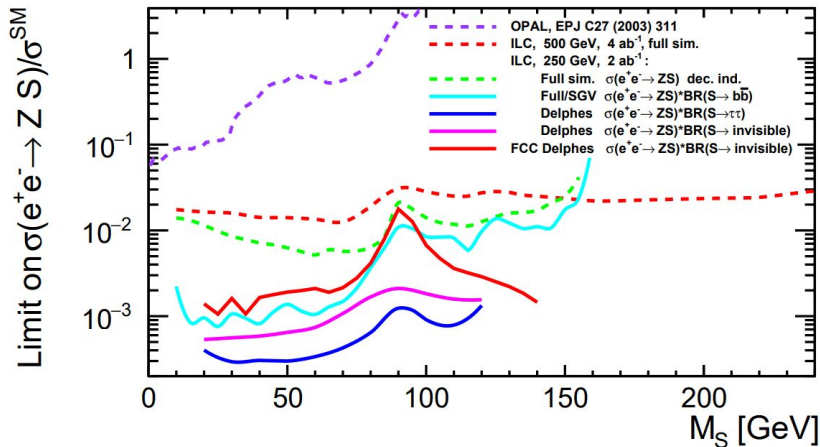
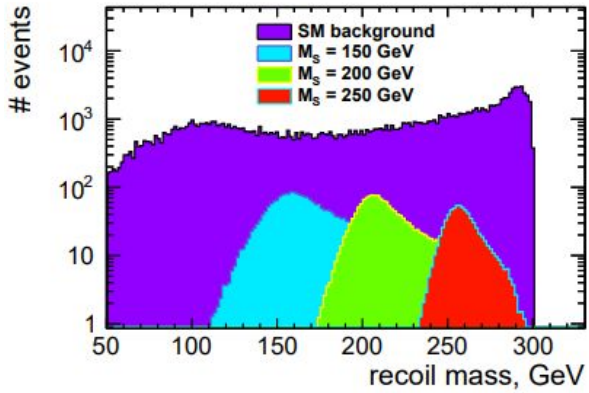
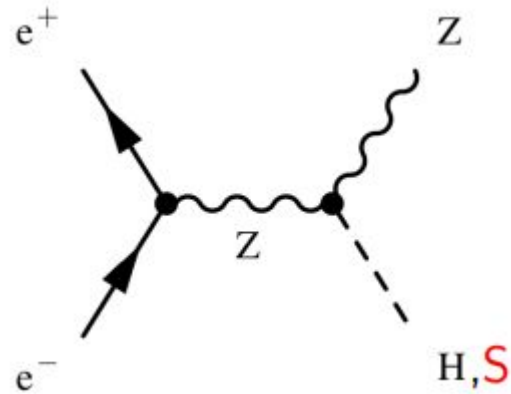
Measuring in double Higgs:

- analysis improvements
- two processes instead of 1 (important at 550GeV)

Physics: Searches

New Scalars

- 380 GeV eg $\mu\mu+S$
- initial state fully known
- recoil mass
- best at rest

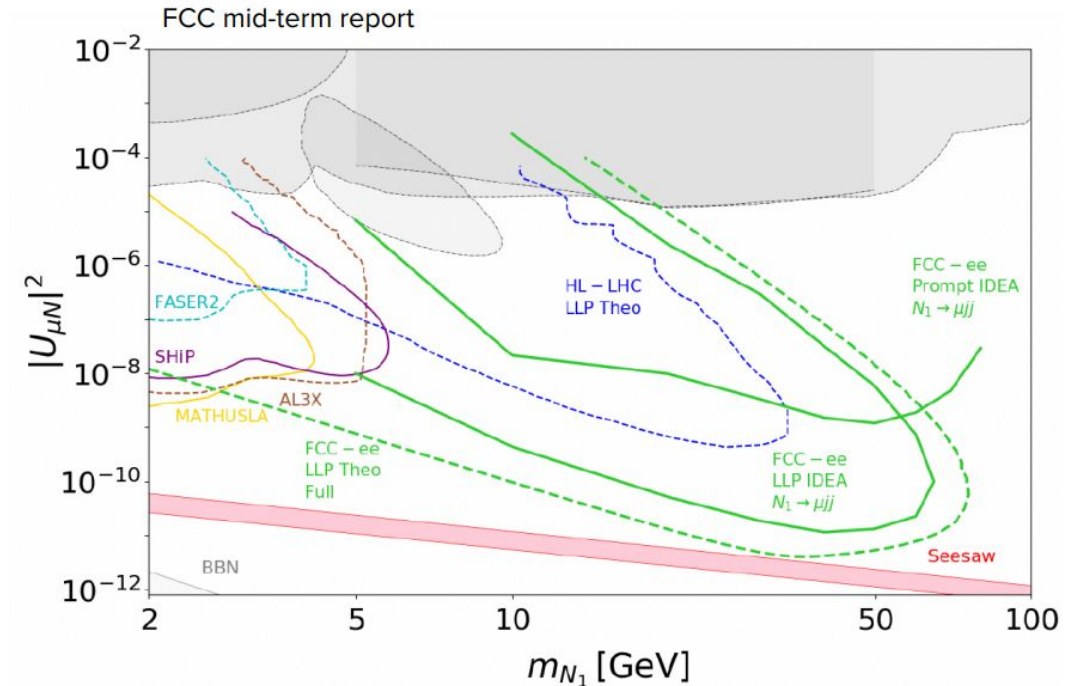


Expected limits

- several channels studied
- improves on LEP
- with full sim
- with SGV
- with fast sim

Long Lived Particles (LLP):

- Heavy Neutral Lepton
- $Z \rightarrow \text{HNL} + \text{charged lepton}$
- $\text{HNL} \rightarrow jj$
- Prompt Decay (IDEA)
- LLP (IDEA)



Sensitivity (FCCee)

- masses $< m_Z$
- large stat allows to probe weak couplings

Summary/Outlook

Summary:

- **Exciting prospects for electron-positron Higgs/Top/EW factories:**
 - **Developing SW**
 - **Developing algorithms**
 - **Physics studies**
- **Good collaboration across projects enabled by the KEY4HEP Eco-system**
- **Intense discussions and exchange on Higgs/Top/Electroweak topics**
- **Did not come as far as we wanted due to the schedule change (-9months)**

Outlook:

- Full draft end of November
- Iterations until December/January
- Approval by PECFA Q1/2025
- EOA: March 31, 2025

Thank you:

- **ECFA chair Karl Jakobs for the support**
- **WG coordinators for collaboration and help in putting together the presentation**
- **the speakers at the DESY/Paestum/Paris workshops from whose slides I compiled the talk :)**